


30 July 1951<br>Temporary Correction T-1<br>to Instruction Book for<br>Models RBB-5/6 and RBC-5/6 Radio Receiving Equipment

TABLE 8-3

```
Page 8-1 Add, after Group Symbols 401-499
Rack Mounting Cabinet, CRV-10350-A, RBB-6, RBC-6, quantity
l each
```

TABIE 8-4
Page 8-2 After deacription Receiver, Radio NT \#46296 add -
CABINET: for rack mtg RBB/RBC Padio Recefvers; aluminum; Navy gray enamel finish; empty; $17-9 / 16^{\prime \prime} 18 \times 13-31 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ wd $x 19^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{h} o / a$; front has 8 standard mtg slots, 4 in ea end, slots are $1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ wd $x 1 / 2^{17} d$ and are spaced $4^{\prime \prime}, 3^{n \prime}$, $4^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{c}$ to c , open ends of slots $19^{\prime \prime}$ apart; marked w/ NT \#10350-A

Delete complete description Power Supply NT \#20130-B (Rack Type)
Change nomenclature Power Supply NT \#20130-B (Cabinet type)
to Rectifier Power Unit NT \#20130-B
After description Rectifier Fower Unit NT \#20130-B add -
SHEIF, MOUNTING: for rack mtg Rectifier Power Unit NT \#20130-B (when that unit is used to power RBB-6/RBC -6 Receivers); aluminum, Navy gray enamel finish; 17-1/8" 18 $x 13-31 / 32$ " wd $\times 19^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{h}$ o/a; "L" shelf shaped; bottom has 4 cutout slots $7 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ wd $\times 1-3 / 16^{\text {i }} 18$ on $10-5 / 16^{\text {if }} \times 6-3 / 16^{n}$ mtg/c for securing power supply; front has 8 standard mtg slots, 4 in ea end, slots are $1 / 4^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{wd} \times 1 / 2^{\prime \prime} d$ and are spaced $4^{\prime \prime}, 3^{\prime \prime}, 4^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{c}$ to c , open ends of alots $19^{\prime \prime}$ apart; RSW; marked w/ NT \#10348-A

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA - RCA VICTOR DIVISTON
Camden, New Jersey U.oSoA.

Page 8-3 After deacription Receiver, Radio NT \#46297-A add -
CABINET: for rack mtg $\mathrm{RBB} / \mathrm{RBC}$ Radio Receivers; aluminum; Navy gray enamel finish; empty; $17-9 / 16^{\prime \prime} 18 x 13-31 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ wd $x 19^{\circ} \mathrm{h} o / \mathrm{a}$; front has 8 standard mtg slots, 4 in ea end, slots are $1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ wd $\times 1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ d and are spaced $4^{\prime \prime}, 3^{\prime \prime}, 4^{\prime \prime}$ c to c, open ends of slots 19" spart; marked w/ NT \#10350A

Delete complete deecription Power Supply NT \#20130-B
(Rack Type)
Change nomenclature Power Supply NT \#20130-B (Cabinet Type) to Rectifier Power Unit NT \#20130-B

After description Rectifier Power Unit NT \#20130-B add -
SHELF, MOUNTING: for rack mtg Rectifler Power Unit NT \#20130-B (when that unit is used to power RBB-6/RBC-6 Receivers); aluminum, Navy gray enamel finish; 17-1/8" lg $x 13-31 / 32^{\text {n7 }}$ wd $\times 19^{\text {" }} \mathrm{h}$ o/a; " $\mathrm{L}^{\text {" }}$ shelf shaped; bottom has 4 cutout slots $7 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ wd $x 1-3 / 16^{\prime \prime} 1 g$ on $10-5 / 16^{n} \times 6-3 / 16^{\text {n }}$ $\mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$ for securing power supply; front has 8 standard mtg slots, 4 in ea end, slots are $1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ wd $x 1 / 2^{\prime \prime} d$ and are spaced $4^{n \prime}, 3^{n}, 4^{n \prime} c$ to $c$, open ends of slots $19^{\prime \prime}$ apart; RSW ; marked w/ NT \# 10348-A

1 September 1951 Temporary Correction T-2 to Instruction Book for Models RBB-5/6 and RBC-5/6 Radio Receiving Equipment

## TABLE 1-5

# Page 1-7 Change o/a dimensions Equipment Spares, RBB or RBC to 6-1/4" $\mathrm{h} x$ $19-1 / 4^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{w} \times 13-3 / 8^{n} \mathrm{~d}$; change volume to 0.93 cu 。 $\mathrm{f}^{\prime} \mathrm{t}$., and add weight 32 lb. 

TABLE 1-6
Change o/a dimensions Equipment Spares, RBB or RBC to $8-1 / 2^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{h} \times 23^{n}$ w $\times 16-3 / 4^{n} \mathrm{~d}$; change volume to 2.3 cu . ft. and add weight 52 lb .

TABLE 8-1
Page 8-1 Change o/a dimensions Equipment Spares, RBB or RBC to 6-1/4" h x $19-1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ w x 13-3/8" d; change volume to 0.93 cu 。 $\mathrm{f}^{\mathrm{n}}$., and add weight 321 l.

TABLE 8-2
Add weight, shipping box, RBB or $\mathrm{RBC}, 52 \mathrm{lb}$.
Page 8-32 M-302 - Desc. delete JAN type \#MR25Yl20DCVV.
Page 8-40 In description CASE: spare parts box; change dimensions to 19-1/4" Ig $\times 13-3 / 8^{\prime \prime} w^{\prime} \times 6-1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ d o/a and change RCA part/dwg to $T-618947-508$.


NAVSHIPS 91469

# INSTRUCTION BOOK for <br> <br> RADIO RECEIVING EQUIPMENT <br> <br> RADIO RECEIVING EQUIPMENT <br> NAVY MODELS <br> RBB-5, RBB-6, RBC-5 and RBC-6 

RCA VICTOR DIVISION
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA
Camden, New Jersey, U. S. A.

IB-39558
BUREAU OF SHIPS NAVY DEPARTMENT

## LIST OF EFFECTIVE PAGES

| PACE NUMBERS | CHANGE IN EFFECT | PAGE NUMBERS | CHANGE IN EFFECT |
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## DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY

BUREAU OF SHIPS
WASHINGTON 25, D. C. in meply merer to
Code 993-100
16 Ju1y 1952

From: Chief, Bureau of Ships To: All Holders of NAVSHIPS 91265(A)

Subj: Change I to the Instruction Book for NAVSHIPS 91469

1. This change is in effect upon receipt, superseding Temporary Corrections $T-3$ and $T-4$. Insert revised pages in their numerical order and record the action on the "Record of Corrections Made" page of the instruction book. Destroy all superseded pages of Temporary Corrections $T-3$ and $T-4$ when book has keen checked against List of Effective Fages.
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H. N. WALEIN

Chief of Bureau


## DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY

## BUREAU OF SHIPS

WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

From: Chief, Bureau of Ships
To: All Activities Concerned with the Installation, Operation and Maintenance of the subject Equipment

Subj: Instruction Book for Radio Receiving Equipment, Navy Models RBB-5, RBC-5, RBB-6 and RBC-6, NAVSHIPS 91469

1. This publication is the instruction book for the subject equipment and is in effect upon receipt.
2. When superseded by a later edition, this publication shall be destroyed.
3. Extracts from this publication may be made to facilitate the preparation of other Department of Defense Publications.
4. N1I requests for NAVSHIFS Electronics Publications should be directed to the nearest District Publications and Printing office. When changes or revised books are distributed, notice will be included in the applicable maintenance bulletin and the BUSHIPS ELECTRON.
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## GUARANTEE

The equipment, including all parts and spare parts, except vacuum tubes, batteries, rubber and material normally consumed in operation, is guaranteed for a period of one year from the date of delivery of the equipment to and acceptance by the Government with the understanding that all such items found to be defective as to material, workmanship or manufacture will be repaired or replaced, f.o.b. any point within the continental limits of the United States designated by the Government, without delay and at no expense to the Government; provided that such guarantee will not obligate the Contractor to make repair or replacement of any such defective items unless the defect appears within the aforementioned period and the Contractor is notified thereof in writing within a reasonable time and the defect is not the result of normal expected shelf life deterioration.

To the extent the equipment, including all parts and spare parts, as defined above, is of the Contractor's design or is of a design selected by the Contractor, it is also guaranteed, subject to the foregoing conditions, against defects in design with the understanding that if ten percent ( $10 \%$ ) or more of any such said item, but not less than two of any such item, of the total quantity comprising such item furnished under the contract, are found to be defective as to design, such item will be conclusively presumed to be of defective design and subject to one hundred percent ( $100 \%$ ) correction or replacement by a suitably redesigned item.

All such defective items will be subject to ultimate return to the Contractor. In view of the fact that normal activities of the Naval Service may result in the use of equipment in such remote portions of the world or under such conditions as to preclude the return of the defective items for repair or replacement without jeopardizing the integrity of Naval communications, the exigencies of the Service, therefore, may necessitate expeditious repair of such items in order to prevent extended interruption of communications. In such cases the return of the defective items for examination by the Contractor prior to repair or replacement will not be mandatory. The report of a responsible authority, including details of the conditions surrounding the failure, will be acceptable as a basis for effecting expeditious adjustment under the provisions of this contractual guarantee.

The above one-year period will not include any portion of time the equipment fails to perform satisfactorily due to any such defects, and any items repaired or replaced by the Contractor will be guaranteed anew under this provision.

## INSTALLATION RECORD

Contract Number NObsr-52028
Date of Contract, 25 September 1950
Serial Number of equipment
Date of acceptance by the Navy
Date of delivery to contract destination
Date of completion of installation
Date placed in service

$$
\text { I- of Contae, } 23 \text { septemioex } 1930
$$

Blank spaces on this page shall be filled in at time of installation. Operating personnel shall also mark the "date placed in service" on the date of acceptance plate located below the model nameplate on the equipment, using suitable methods and care to avoid damaging the equipment.

## REPORT OF FAILURE

Report of failure of any part of this equipment, during its entire service life, shall be made to the Bureau of Ships in accordance with current regulations using form NAVSHIPS NBS 383 (revised). The report shall cover all details of the failure and give the date of installation of the equipment. For procedure in reporting failures see Chapter 67 of the Bureau of Ships Manual or superseding instructions.

## ORDERING PARTS

All requests or requisitions for replacement material should include the following data:

1. Federal stock number or, when ordering from a Marine Corps or Signal Corps supply depot, the Signal Corps stack number.
2. Name and short description of part.

If the appropriate stock number is not available the following shall be specified:

1. Equipment model or type designation, circuit symbol, and item number.
2. Name of part and complete description.
3. Manufacturer's designation.
4. Contractor's drawing and part number.
5. JAN or Navy type number.

## SAFETY NOTICE

The attention of officers and operating personnel is directed to 'hapter 67 of the Bureau of Ships Manual or supersec,ing instructions on the subject of radiosafety precautions to be observed.

This equipment employs voltages which are dangerous and may be fatal if contacted by operating personnel. Extreme caution should be exercised when working with the equipment.
While every practicable safety precaution has been incorporated in this equipment, the following rules must be strictly observed:

## KEEP AWAY FROM LIVE CIRCUITS:

Operating personnel must at all time observe all safety regulations. Do not change tubes or make adjustments inside equipment with high voltage supply on. Under certain conditions dangerous potentials may exist in circuits with power controls in the off position due to charges retained by capacitors. To
avoid casualties always remove power and discharge and ground circuits prior to touching them.

## DON'T SERVICE OR ADJUST ALONE:

Under no circumstances should any person reach within or enter the enclosure for the purpose of servicing or adjusting the equipment without the immediate presence or assistance of another person capable of rendering aid.

## DON'T TAMPER WITH INTERLOCKS:

Do not depend upon door switches or interlocks for protection but always shut down motor generators or other power equipment. Under no circumstances should any access gate, door, or safety interlock switch be removed, short-circuited, or tampered with in any way, by other than authorized maintenance personnel, nor should reliance be placed upon the interlock switches for removing voltages from the equipment.

## RESUSCITATION

> AN APPROVED POSTER ILLUSTRATING THE RULES FOR RESUSCITATION BY THE PRONE PRESSURE METHOD SHALL BE PROMINENTLY DISPLAYED IN EACH RADIO, RADAR, OR SONAR ENCLOSURE. POSTERS MAY BE OBTAINED UPON REQUEST TO THE BUREAU OF MEDICINE AND SURGERY.


Figure 1-1. Model RBB-5 or RBC-5 Radio Receiver and Rectifier Power Unit, CRV-46147-D, CRV-46148-D, and CRV-20130-B, respectively

## SECTION 1

## GENERAL DESCRIPTION

## 1. GENERAL.

The Navy Models RBB-5/RBC-5 and RBB-6/RBC-6 Radio Receiving Equipments are designed for voice, mcw , and cw reception in the medium-frequency and high-frequency bands. Utilizing a four-position switch to cover the frequency range, the RBB receivers tune from 0.5 to 4 megacycles while the RBC units receive signals in the 4 to 27 megacycle band. The RBB and RBC equipments are identical in external appearance and each is supplied complete with a Navy type CRV-20130-B Rectifier Power Unit and interconnecting cable as shown in Figure 1-1. A power source of $115-125$ volts, $55-65$ cycles, single phase, ac is required for the Rectifier Power Unit. Although not furnished on this contract, Navy Model CV-57 URR Frequency Shift Converter or RBU/RBV Panoramic Adapter Units may be coupled to the RBB/RBC equipments through a jack mounted externally on each receiver.

TABLE 1-1. RECEIVER TUNING RANGES

| BAND | RBB | RBC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | $0.50-0.84 \mathrm{mc}$ | 4.00 .6 .45 mc |
| 2 | $0.84-1.41 \mathrm{mc}$ | 6.45 .10 .30 mc |
| 3 | 1.41 .2 .37 mc | $10.30-16.50 \mathrm{mc}$ |
| 4 | 2.37 .4 .00 mc | 16.50 .27 .00 mc |

The RBB/RBC unit is an 18 -tube superheterodynetype receiver which includes cw , automatic-gaincontrol (agc), silencer, and noise limiter circuits. Ranges of the four tuning bands are listed in Table 1-1. When operated together, the RBB and RBC units provide unbroken coverage from 0.5 to 27 megacycles.

Each receiver is capable of furnishing a maximum undistorted power output of not less than 15 milliwatts to each of one to twenty pairs of 600 -ohm (impedance) telephone receivers connected in parallel or equivalent load.

In addition to the electrical differences between the RBB and RBC units, occasioned by the two tuning ranges, the model numbers are used to designate mounting differences. Thus, the RBB-5 and RBC-5 units are intended for table top or shelf mounting and include the necessary shock mounts. The RBB-6 and RBC- 6 receivers are supplied with mounting ears for rack mounting. Figure $1-2$ illustrates the RBB-6/RBC-6 unit. Shock mounts are not furnished for the Rectifier Power Unit which is also supplied for the two mounting conditions. Tables 1-2 and 1-3 list the equipment and accessories supplied.

TABLE 1-2. LIST OF UNITS

| QUANTITY PER EQUIPMENT |  | NAME OF UNIT | NAVY TYPE DESIGNATION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RBB | RBC |  |  |
| 1 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RBB Radio Receiver: } \\ & \text { RBB-5 or } \\ & \text { RBB-6 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CRV-46147-D } \\ & \text { CRV-46296-A } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | 1 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RBC Radio Receiver: } \\ & \text { RBC-5 or } \\ & \text { RBC-6 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CRV-46148-D } \\ & \text { CRV-46297-A } \end{aligned}$ |
| 1 | 1 | Rectifier Power Unit* | CRV-20130-B |
| 1 | 1 | Equipment Spares |  |

* Some units supplied with CRV-10348-A rack-mounting assembly in place.

TABLE 1-3. EQUIPMENT ACCESSORIES

| QUANTITY PER EQUIPMENT |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| RBB-5 | RBC-5 | RBB-6 | RBC-6 | RECT, PWR. |  |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | - | UNIT |



Figure 1-2. Model RBB-6, CRV-46296-A, or RBC-6, CRV-46297-A, Receiver fon Rack Mounting

## 2. DESCRIPTION.

The RBB/RBC chassis, shown in Figure 1-3, is divided into two sub-assemblies which are bolted together and housed in a single cabinet. One subassembly, the preselector section, contains the r-f input circuits. The other sub-assembly houses the intermediate frequency/audio frequency (if/af) section which includes a cw oscillator, agc, limiter, silencer, and a cathode-follower stage for coupling to a frequency shift converter or panoramic adapter (not furnished).

The $\mathrm{RBB} / \mathrm{RBC}$ preselector sections are similar in construction, employing the same front panel arrangement except for frequency calibration. The two preselector units, however, because of their frequency coverages, differ as to tube arrangement, r-f coil boxes, coil box connections, and antenna connections.

Component parts of the RBB preselector section have been assigned symbol designations in the 100-199 group and the RBC preselector symbol designations in the 200-299 group. Two symbol groups, 300-399 and 500599 , have been assigned to the if/af section which is identical for both equipments.
a. PRESELECTOR SECTION.-The preselector section incorporates six tubes, including an Amperite regulator and r-f limiter tube. Figures 1-4 and 1-5 are the top and bottom views of the RBB preselector. The RBC preselector, being virtually identical except on close inspection of wiring, is not illustrated at this point for simplicity and clarity.

Two r-f stages, a first detector, and a heterodyne oscillator are utilized in the preselector section. An Amperite regulator tube controls the oscillator filament voltage, while a type 6-8B, two-element gasfilled tube, protects the equipment by providing a path to ground for excessively-high incoming r-f currents. Four removable r-f coil "box" units, indicated on Figure 1-5, and removable cover plates facilitate servicing.

The tuning knob operates the five-gang variable capacitor through a split-gear reducing mechanism, and drives an indicating dial which is calibrated directly in frequency as well as in an arbitrary $0-1000$ division scale. The band switch drive, incorporated with the tuning mechanism, drives the band switch through a reducing gear.


Figure 1-3. RBB/RBC Chassis, Top View


Figure 1-4. RBB (or RBC) Preselector Section Chassis Top View

The tuning capacitor, with its enclosing shield, is mounted on the upper surface of the chassis. Openings with snap covers are provided on the sides of the shield for inspection.

Indicated on Figure 1.5, the coil unit mounted at the rear of the preselector unit contains inductances, trimmers, band switches, and other circuit elements associated with the antenna and link-tuned circuits.

A shielded compartment on the preselector, shown on Figure 1-4, encloses the input circuits and first r-f tube. A small terminal board located in this compartment provides a means for changing the input circuit
connections as required for antenna input, line input, or common operation of more than one receiver on an antenna or line. This terminal board is accessible through the left side of the preselector unit by removal of the small cover plate.

The r-f output of the preselector section is connected to the if/af amplifier section by means of a terminal located on the top of the preselector chassis. Power connections to the r-f unit are made through a cable permanently connected to the preselector unit and terminating at a terminal board on the bottom of the if/af chassis.
b. IF/AF SECTION.-The if/af units are identical for the KBB and RBC equipments except for the audio filter unit. Figures $1-6$ and $1-7$ are the top and bottom chassis views of this section. The if/af unit contains a three-stage variable selectivity i-f amplifier, second detector, noise limiter, audio band-pass filter, cw oscillator, automatic gain control, silencer circuit, and an audio amplifier.

A cathode follower stage coupled to the output of the second i-f tube provides a means for connecting a


Figure 1-6. RBB/RBC IF/AF Section Chassis, Top View
frequency shift converter or a panoramic adaptor to the RBB/RBC receivers. This stage, shown on Figure 1-6, contains a filament switch for controlling its output.

Outstanding feature of this section is the use of multiple coils in the i-f stages. A panel-operated. three-position ganged switch enables the i-f response to be varied from broad to sharp by connecting the proper i-f transformer coils. The sharp position facilitates $\mathbf{c w}$ reception under adverse conditions.


Figure 1-7. RBB/RBC IF/AF Section Chassis, Bottom View


Figure 1-8. Rectifier Power Unit Chassis, Top View

## c. RECTIFIER POWER UNIT.-The Rectifier

 Power Supply utilizes a type 5U4G tube in a fullwave rectifying circuit for supplying the $R B B / R B C$ plate and screen voltages. Shown in Figures $1-1$ and $1-8$, the unit includes a type OC3 tube for regulation of the heterodyne oscillator plate and screen voltage. An input source of $110-120$ volts, 55-65 cycles, single phase ac is required for the power unit. One hundred watts input is required when either an RBB or RBC receiver is powered.Although one power unit is intended to be used with each RBB or RBC receiver, it is possible in emergencies to operate two receivers from one power supply. For this reason two cables are furnished with each power unit. Complete current and voltage variation data for one and two-receiver operation is sup-
plied under paragraph 4, "Reference Data," in this secrion.

## 3. MISCELLANEOUS.

Two crystal control adaptors, CRV-35047 and CRV35048 , not furnished, are designed to provide two crystal-controlled operating frequencies in RBB and RBC receivers, respectively. See NAVSHIPS 900,530 for installation instructions.

## TABLE 1.4. CONTRACT REFERENCE DATA



TABLE 1-5. EQUIPMENT SUPPLIED
(UNCRATED)

| QUAN. PER EQUIP. |  | NAME OF UNIT | NAVY TYPE DESIGNATION | OVERALL DIMENSIONS |  |  | VOLUME (CU. FT.) | WEIGHT (LBS.) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RBB | RBC |  |  | HEIGHT (IN.) | WIDTH <br> (IN.) | DEPTH <br> (IN.) |  |  |
| 1 |  | RBB Radio Receiver: RBB- 5 or RBB-6 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CRV-46147-D } \\ & \text { CRV-46296-A } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1411 / 16 \\ & 143 / 16 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 181 / 8 \\ & 19 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 207 / 8 \\ 2078 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3.3 \\ 3.3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 85 \\ & 88 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | I | RBC Radio Receiver: RBC-5 or RBC-6 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CRV-46148-D } \\ & \text { CRV-46297-A } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1411 / 16 \\ & 143 / 16 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 181 / 8 \\ & 19 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 207 / 8 \\ & 2078 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3.3 \\ 3.3 \end{array}$ | 85 88 |
| 1 | 1 | Rectifier Power Unit: <br> Without mounting assy. or With CRV-10348-A mounting assy. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CRV-20130-B } \\ & \text { CRV-20130-B } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 135 / 16 \\ & 14 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 15 \\ & 19 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 91 / 2 \\ & 913 / 16 \end{aligned}$ | 1.1 | 55 59 |
| 1 | 1 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Equipment Spares: } \\ & \text { RBB } \\ & \text { RBC } \end{aligned}$ | - | 6 | 18 18 | 12 | 0.75 0.75 | 47 52 |

TABLE 1-6. SHIPPING DATA
(CRATED)

| SHIPPING BOX NO. |  | CONTENTS |  | OVERALL DIMENSIONS |  |  | VOLUME <br> (CU. FT.) | WEIGHT <br> (LBS.) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | NAME OF UNIT | NAVY TYPE DESIGNATION | HEIGHT <br> (IN.) | WIDTH (IN.) | DEPTH <br> (IN.) |  |  |
| RBB | RBC |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | 1 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RBB Radio Receiver: } \\ & \text { RBB-5 or } \\ & \text { RBB-6 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CRV-46147-D } \\ & \text { CRV-46296-A } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 291 / 2 \\ & 313 / 4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 233 / 4 \\ & 223 / 4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 32 \\ & 291 / 2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 13 \\ & 12.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 185 \\ & 175 \end{aligned}$ |
| 1 | 1 | RBC Radio Receiver: <br> RBC. 5 or RBC. 6 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CRV-46148-D } \\ & \text { CRV-46297-A } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 291 / 2 \\ & 313 / 4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 233 / 4 \\ & 225 / 4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 32 \\ & 291 / 2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 13 \\ & 12.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 185 \\ & 175 \end{aligned}$ |
| 1 | 1 | Rectifier Power Unit: Without mounting assy. or With CRV-10348-A mounting assy. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CRV-20130-B } \\ & \text { CRV-20130-B } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 25^{1 / 2} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 231 / 2 \\ & 271 / 2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 211 / 2 \\ & 221 / 2 \end{aligned}$ | 7.2 10.4 | 122 |
| 1 | 1 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Equipment Spares: } \\ & \text { RBB } \\ & \text { RBC } \end{aligned}$ | 二 | $81 / 2$ $81 / 2$ | 23 23 | 163/4 | 2 | 72 73 |

TABLE 1-7. TECHNICAL SUMMARY RBB/RBC RADIO RECEIVING EQUIPMENTS


TABLE 1-8. RECTIFIER POWER UNIT CHARACTERISTICS

NAVY TYPE CRV-20130-B

| CHARACTERISTICS | NORMAL LOAD RBB OR RBC | EMERGENCY RBB AND RBC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Input Voltage | 110-120 volts, $55-65$ cycles, single phase, ac |  |
| Input Power | 100 watts | 160 watts |
| Power Factor | 96\% | 97\% |
| Output: |  |  |
| 6.3 volts, ac | 5.4 amps | 10.4 amps |
| 17 volts, ac | 0.6 amps | 1.2 amps |
| 105 volts, dc | 5 ma , regulated | 10 ma , regulated |
| 200 volts, dc | 78 ma | 133 ma |

## TABLE 1-9. BASIC SIMILARITIES IN MODEL RBB/RBC SERIES EQUIPMENT

| MODEL | TYPE RECTIFIER POWER UNIT | DIFFERENCES | REMARKS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RBB/RBC | CRV-20130 | C301 above chassis |  |
| RBB-1/RBC-1 | CRV-20130 | C301 above chassis | Serial Nos. 1-1000. |
| RBB-1/RBC-1 | CRV-20130 | C301 below chassis | Serial Nos. 1001 and up. |
| RBB.2/RBC. 2 | CRV-20130 |  | Same as RBB-1/RBC-1 bearing serial Nos. 1001 and up. |
| RBB-3/RBC. 3 | CRV-20130-B | Minor electrical | For shelf mounting. |
| RBB-4/RBC-4 | CRV-20130-B | Minor electrical | For rack mounting. |
| RBB.5/RBC. 5 | CRV.20130-B | Type CLP-10335 kit incorporated . | For shelf mounting. Type CLP10335 kit provides for coupling to CV.57URR Frequency Shift Converter or RBU/RBV Panoramic Adapter Unit. |
| RBB-6/RBC-6 | CRV-20130-B | Type CLP-10335 kit incorporated | For rack mounting. Type CLP. 10335 kit provides for coupling to CV-57URR Frequency Shift Converter or RBU/RBV Panoramic Adapter Unit. |
| RBB-2a/RBC-3a | CRV.20130-A, -B <br> "Modified" |  | Units and power supply modified for operation from 110 volts, 400 cycles instead of from 110 volts, 60 cycles. |

NOTE: Rectifier Power Units CRV-20130-A and -B are interchangeable, differences being minor electrical.

TABLE 1-10. ELECTRON TUBE COMPLEMENT

| UNIT | NUMBER OF TUBES OF TYPE INDICATED |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | total NO. OF TUBES |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | SU4-G | 6AB7 | 6H6 | 6K6-GT | 6SK7 | $\text { (AMPERITE) } \underset{6-8 B}{ }$ | 991 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { OC3/ } \\ & \text { VR1O5 } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| RBB or RBC Receiver |  | 5 | 3 | 1 | 7 | 1 | 1 |  | 18 |
| Rectifier Power Unit | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 2 |
| Total Number of Each Type | 1 | 5 | 3 | 1 | 7 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 20 |

## SECTION 2

## THEORY OF OPERATION

## 1. GENERAL THEORY.

The $\mathrm{RBB} / \mathrm{RBC}$ receiver is an 18 -tube superheterodyne designed for reception in the medium-frequency and high-frequency bands. The RBB and RBC models, respectively, tune from 0.5 to 4 megacycles and 4 to 27 megacycles. Three basic types of transmission are received in the $\mathrm{RBB} / \mathrm{RBC}$ units-voice, mcw, and cw . Refinements in these types of operation provide for various combinations of agc, silencer action, noise limiting, and output level or "gain," as selected by panel controls. In addition, the selectivity of the i-f stages may be varied, and the audio output response switched from broad to sharp. A separate circuit enables a frequency shift converter or a panoramic adapter to be coupled to the receiver.
Functionally and physically the RBB/RBC chassis is divided into two sections: the preselector section, and the if/af section. R-f circuits up to and including the first detector are in the preselector section; remainder of the circuits are in the if/af section. One terminal board and a shielded r-f lead provide for all chassis interconnections.

In the following discussion component parts of the Model RBB preselector have been assigned symbol designations in the $100-199$ group. Model RBC preselector symbols fall in the 200-299 group. When discussing the preselector sections, therefore, where corresponding items are used in both sections, the symbol group 100.199 will indicate an item from the RBB preselector, and the 200-299 symbols in parentheses will designate an item from the RBC preselector. Since the if/af section is the same in both equipments, symbols in the group $300-399$ and $500-599$ have been assigned to that section. The audio filter is the sole point of difference in the $\mathrm{RBB} / \mathrm{RBC}$ if/af section.

For complete treatment of the various circuit arrangements resulting from panel switching, it is necessary to include five overall functional block diagrams, Figures 2-1 to 2-5. This condition is chiefly the result of the five variations of speech, mcw, and $\mathbf{c w}$ reception, as selected by the panel RECEPTION transfer switch. Hence, the block diagrams are identified
by designating them in accordance with the positions of the RECEPTION switch. Since this switch and most circuits are located in the if/af section, full circuit discussion will be made under the heading, "3. IF/AF Circuits," in this section.

Unless specifically noted otherwise, all material in this section will apply to both RBB and RBC units.

## 2. PRESELECTOR CIRCUITS.

Two r-f stages, a heterodyne oscillator, and the first detector comprise the preselector section. A six-gang, four-position switch provides choice of coil connections for full band coverage. Tuning is accomplished with a five-section shielded variable capacitor. Figures 7-64 and 7-65 are the preselector schematic diagrams for the RBB and RBC, respectively. As shown at the extreme right on the diagrams, operating voltage enters this section at terminal board E301.
a. R-F INPUT CIRCUITS.-Jack J101 (J201), the r-f input connection, is connected to terminal board E105 (E209) carrying link connectors for adapting the input circuit to various operating conditions. The link arrangement provides for the following types of operation from either an antenna or a transmission line:

Single receiver (RBB or RBC)
Single receiver with one or more companion receivers ( RBB or RBC )

Multiple receivers ( RBB or RBC)
Detailed procedure for setting the links is shown on Figures 3-11 and 3-12 in Section 3.

The RBB receiver connected for transmission line operation employs capacitor C 107 to shunt the unused antenna input system in order to maintain alignment of the circuit. For common operation of more than one RBB equipment on the same antenna, decoupling resistor R101 is inserted in series with the input to each equipment. For operation of the RBB equipment in common with other low-frequency receivers from a transmission line input, decoupling capacitor C150 is employed. For common operation
of the RBC and RBB equipments from a single antenna, decoupling capacitor C217 is employed in series with the RBC input circuit.

Setting the links for the operating condition serves to connect the proper set of coupling coils for antenna or transmission line input. These coupling coils are part of transformers T101 to T104 (T201 to T204) and are the two vertical rows of coils at the extreme left on the preselector schematic diagram, Figures 7-64 or 7-65.

For transmission line input, the coupling system for the RBB/RBC equipments consists of separate coils for each band, coupled to the low-potential side of the respective tuned circuit. This method of coupling acts to minimize capacitance coupling. Proper coils for transmission line input are designed to match the receiver input to an average of 70 ohms resistance over each frequency band. The coil for a particular band is selected by a section of the band switch, S101 (S201).

For antenna input, the RBB coupling coils are designed to resonate in conjunction with the antenna at a frequency below the low limit of the particular band, and to match the receiver input to impedances varying from approximately 300 ohms resistance at the high-frequency end of the equipment range to 1,500 ohms reactance at the low-frequency end. The RBC antenna input coupling system is similar to the line input systems, except that the coupling coils are designed to match the receiver input to an average of 300 ohms resistance at the high-frequency end.

The input circuit is coupled to the first r-f tube through two tuned circuits for each band. These two circuits consist of coils " $A$ " and " $B$ " and the associated trimmer capacitors of transformers T101 to T104 (T201 to T204). An additional trimmer capacitor, C128 (C236), marked ANT. COMP., is employed for the first circuit. This capacitor permits tuning the circuit to resonance for antennas varying from 80 to 500 mmf capacity.

The type 991 gaseous discharge tube, V105 (V205), protects the input circuit from damage by high r-f voltages induced by local transmitters. Ionization in this tube bypasses excessive r-f currents to ground.
b. R-F STAGES.-The four tuning bands are selected by the ganged switches, S101 to S105 (S201 to S 205 ). These switches not only select the appropriate transformers, T101 to T116 (T201 to T216), but also short out unused circuits which would otherwise in-
troduce spurious resonance effects or "dead spots." Switches S101 to S105 (S201 to S205) operate to switch transformer coils in the two r-f amplifier stages and the oscillator stage.

In two positions of the RECEPTION transfer switch, S304, agc bias is applied to the control grids of the two r-f stages. Exactly how and when the bias is applied will be covered under "3. IF/AF Circuits" in this section. Similarly, the panel GAIN control enables the cathode voltage on the r-f stages to be varied in certain positions of S304. This feature will also be discussed under the same heading.

To expedite circuit tracing, the transformers and switch contacts associated with each band are listed in Table 2-1.

TABLE 2-1. PRESELECTOR RBB/RBC-TRANSFORMERS AND SWITCH CONTACTS UTILIZED IN EACH TUNING BAND

| BANDS <br> (SEE TABLE 1-1) | TRANSFORMERS | SWITCH CONTACTS \$101 TO $\$ 105$ ( $\$ 201$ TO $\mathbf{5 2 0 5}$ ) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { T101, T105, T109, T113 } \\ & \text { (T201, T205; T209, T213) } \end{aligned}$ | 1, 2, 7, 13 |
| 2 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { T102, T106, T110, T114 } \\ & \text { (T202, T206, T210, T214) } \end{aligned}$ | 1, 6, 12, 18 |
| 3 | T103, T107, T111, T115 (T203, T207, T21, T215) | 5, 11, 17, 18 |
| 4 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { T104, T108, T112, T116 } \\ & \text { (T204, T208, T212, T216) } \end{aligned}$ | 4, 10, 16, 17 |

Five-section capacitor C149 (C257) serves as the tuning control for all bands.
(1) R-F AMPLIFIER, RBB.-The transformers in the RBB preselector employ loosely-coupled primaries, resonant at frequencies considerably higher than the high limit of their respective bands. This design limits the r-f gain to a value just sufficient to insure a desirable high signal-to-noise ratio. The tubes are, accordingly, permitted to operate at the optimum for maximum signal-to-noise ratio and minimum crossmodulation. Each tuned circuit is supplied with separate trimmer capacitors for each band.

The two r-f amplifier stages in the RBB equipment employ two type 6SK7 tubes, V101 and V102. In this equipment, where the r-f selectivity appreciably affects the overall weak signal selectivity, degeneration is introduced in the cathode circuits of V101 and V102 by resistors R124 and R125. These resistors tend to neutralize variations in tube input capacities and thus minimize changes in overall selectivity resulting from gain control variation.

Resistors R102 and R103 are cathode bias resistors while capacitors C115 and C118 are the cathode bypass capacitors.

A trap circuit, L101-C106, in the screen grid circuit of V101 reduces interference from signals on the i-f amplifier frequency. Resistors R113-R122 and R114-R123 are screen-grid voltage-divider networks for V101 and V102, respectively. Items C116 and C119 are the screen grid bypass capacitors. Resistors R105 and R106 act as plate voltage filters while C117 and C120 are plate bypass capacitors. The combination of R110-C113 forms a control-grid filter network for V102.
(2) R-F AMPLIFIER, RBC.-Unlike the lowfrequency receivers, the transformers in the RBC preselector employ primaries which resonate in conjunction with the tube plate capacitance at frequencies BELOW the low limits of their respective bands. This insures optimum performance over the operating range.

Capacitor C210 couples the RBC r-f input circuits to the first r-f amplifier stage which employs a type 6AB7 tube, V201. This type tube, by virtue of its high transconductance characteristic, permits better signal-to-noise ratio in the higher-frequency bands. (It should be noted at this point that the RBB unit utilizes a type 6SK7 tube for the first r-f stage-one of the chief differences in the two preselector sections.) The second r-f stage, V202, employs a type 6SK7 tube. Items R216 and R217 are grid leak resistors for V201 and V202, respectively. The control grid filter networks include R209-C222, and R210-C223. Bias on the control grids of V201 and V202 is set at the proper value by action of cathode resistors R201 and R202. Capacitors C225 and C228 are cathode bypass capacitors. Components C226 and C229 are the screen bypass capacitors. Resistors R205 and R206 are plate filters for V201 and V202 while C227 and C230 are plate bypass capacitors.

Tube V201 is coupled to V202 by C211: V202, in turn, is coupled to the first detector stage by C212.
(3) OSCILLATOR.-A type 6AB7 tube, V103 (V203), is used in the heterodyning oscillator stage. Operating as an electron-coupled oscillator, the screen grid of the oscillator tube functions as the plate of the oscillator circuit and operates at r-f ground potential because of the low-impedance connection of capacitor C123 (C233). Hence, any coupling between the oscillator circuit and the plate circuit, other than electron coupling, is minimized. Stray coupling occurring at the higher frequencies of the RBC equipment range is eliminated by the neutralizing circuit consisting of
coil L201 and capacitor C216, connected from plate to filament of V203.

Instability at high frequencies resulting from cathode-heater capacity variations is eliminated by operation of the heater and cathode at the same r-f potential through the use of choke coil L201 and capacitor C259. At the high-frequency ends of the tuning bands the circuit temperature variations are compensated for by negative coefficient capacitors C101 to C104 (C206 to C209). The oscillator circuits are adjusted to track at 400 kilocycles higher than the radio-frequency and tuned-input circuits. This is accomplished by the use of fixed series capacitors C108 to C111 (C218 to C221) and adjustment of the inductance cores. Parallel trimmer capacitors C145 to C148 (C253 to C256) are provided for service alignment.

Oscillator supply voltages are stabilized by the use of an Amperite heater voltage regulator, V106 (V206), and a plate voltage regulator tube, V402, located in the rectifier power unit. The latter tube is of the OC3/VR105 type, which fixes the oscillator plate-screen supply at 105 volts.
(4) FIRST DETECTOR.-The output from oscillator V103 (V203) is coupled to the first detector or mixer tube V104 (V204). In the RBB units the output of the oscillator is fed to the cathode of V104 through C124, while the second r-f stage is coupled to the control grid of V104, a type 6AB7 tube. RBC units feed the combined signal from the second r-f and oscillator stages through C212 to the control grid of V204, a type 6SK7. The 400 -kilocycle differencefrequency output from the plate of V104 (V204) is coupled to the if/af section by means of a coaxial conductor. (Attention is called to the difference in tube types used in RBB and RBC first detector stage.)

## 3. IF/AF CIRCUITS.

The IF/AF section includes the i-f, second detector, agc, and a-f circuits in addition to the silencer and noise limiter stages. Three i-f stages as well as three a-f stages are utilized. Figure $7-67$ is the schematic diagram for the if/af section.

Major switching in the IF/AF section is accomplished by RECEPTION transfer switch S304 which controls the choice of voice, mcw , or cw reception, as well as of variations such as agc, silencer, and output level control. Therefore, for proper understanding of circuits involved, reference should be made to Table 2-2 and the five block diagrams, Figures 2-1 to 2-5, which summarize circuit operation.

## ORIGINAL



To aid circuit tracing, the association of S304 panel settings and switch contacts is as follows:

| MOD-AVC-SIL | S304, contacts 6, 12 |
| :--- | :--- |
| MOD-AVC | S304, contacts 5, 11 |
| MOD | S304, contacts 4, 10 |
| CW | S304, contacts 3, 9 |
| CW-OL | S304, contacts 2,8 |

Since the RADIO SELECTIVITY switches, S306, S 307 , and S308, are shown in the BROAD position, as noted on Figure 7.67, no further identification is required.

To simplify circuit description and eliminate repetition, all circuits involved in each position of RECEP. TION transfer switch S304 will be discussed briefly under the various switch position headings. Detailed analysis of the circuits will be given separately under headings such as "i-f," "silencer," etc.
a. "MOD" POSITION, S304.-Figure 2-1 is the block diagram for MOD reception. In the MOD position of $\$ 304$, the $400-\mathrm{kc}$ signal from the first detector is amplified in the three i-f stages, V301, V302, and V303, and coupled to the second detector, elements $5-8$ of V305.

Output of V305 follows the optional path through

S303 to the noise limiter stage, elements 5-8 of V306, or is fed directly to the a-f stages.

Tubes V307, V310, and V311 comprise the three a-f amplifying stages which are coupled through output transformer T301 to the phone jack, J303, or to the three-prong receptacle, J302.

Manual r-f sensitivity control, R361-A, -B, is connected through S304 and is identified as the GAIN control on the panel.

Although the MOD setting is generally intended for the reception of mow signals, the position may also be used for voice reception.

Cathode follower stage, V501, coupled to the output of the second i.f stage, V302, enables a Frequency Shift Converter or a Panoramic Adapter to be connected to the RBB/RBC unit through J501.
b. "MOD-AVC" POSITION, S304.-Intended for voice reception, the MOD-AVC setting of S304 differs in only two particulars from the MOD position circuit operation described under the preceding heading. These two points, shown on Figure 2-2, are use of agc control and substitution of the a-f volume level control, OUTPUT LEVEL, for the GAIN control. AIthough the panel designation is "AVC," this position of S304 energizes the automatic gain control circuit (agc).

TABLE 2-2. SUMMARY-IF/AF CIRCUITS (RBB/RBC)

| CIRCUITS AND CONTROLS | POSITIONS "RECEPTION" SWITCH, 5304 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | MOD-AVC-SIL | MOD-AVC | MOD | cw | CW-OL |
|  | x | x | $\underset{\times}{ } \times$ | \% | x |
| AGC Circuit Energized . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | $\times$ | x |  |  |  |
| OUTPUT LEVEL Control Connected | $\times$ | x |  |  | x |
| GAIN Control Connected |  |  | x | $\times$ | $x$ |
| Silencer Circuit Energized . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | $\times$ |  |  |  | $\times$ |
| SILENCER Control Connected . . . . . . . . . . . . | $\mathbf{x}$ |  |  |  |  |
| NOISE LIMITER Switch (Optional) ........... | x | x | x | x | x |
|  | $\underset{\mathbf{x}}{\mathbf{x}}$ | $\underset{\mathbf{x}}{\mathbf{x}}$ | $\underset{\mathbf{x}}{\mathbf{x}}$ | $\underset{x}{ }$ | $\times$ |
| CW Oscillator Energized . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  | x | x |
| Output Limiter Circuit Energized . . . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  | x |
| Output to Frequency Shift Converter or Panoramic Adapter Available | $x$ | $\times$ | x | x | x |
|  | x $\mathbf{x}$ $\mathbf{x}$ | $\mathbf{x}$ $\mathbf{x}$ $\mathbf{x}$ | $\mathbf{x}$ $\times$ $\times$ $\times$ | $\underset{\times}{\mathbf{x}}$ | $\underset{\times}{\mathbf{x}}$ |




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Elements 3-4 of V305 constitute the agc stage which receives the $400-\mathrm{kc}$ output from the third i-f tube, V303. Rectified cutput of the agc stage is utilized to control the bias on the first two r-f stages, V101, V102 (V201, V202), the first i-f stage, V301, and the first a-f tube, V307.

Using agc bias to control the r-f level of sensitivity makes unnecessary the use of GAIN control R361-A, -B. Hence, for MOD-AVC operation, OUTPUT LEVEL control R363-A is connected for regulating the a-f level in first a-f stage V307. The GAIN control is disconnected through contacts of S304.
c. "MOD-AVC-SIL" POSITION, S304.-As the designation "MOD-AVC-SIL" suggests, this position of S304 further expands the scope of the preceding MOD-AVC operation by including a silencing action. The silencer stages, V308 and elements $5-8$ of V309, function to silence all signals above the level set by SILENCER control R369. The silencer stages are inserted between the output of second detector V305 and the first a-f stage, V307, as shown on Figure 2-3.

This switch setting is also intended for voice reception.
d. "CW" POSITION, S304.-The block diagram for the CW setting of S 304 is shown in Figure 2-4. This type operation is intended for reception of $\mathbf{c w}$ telegraph signals.

For cw operation, the $400-\mathrm{kc}$ signal from the first detector is amplified in the i-f stages, V301, V302, and V303, and is fed to the second detector, elements 5.8 of V305. Cw oscillator tube V304 generates an r-f signal which, with the i-f frequency, is mixed in the second detector stage.

The 1,000 -cycle "beat" or difference frequency output of the second detector may be switched through the noise limiter, elements 5-8 of V306, or coupled directly to the a-f stages.

Output of the three a-f stages, V307, V310, and V311, is coupled through transformer T301 to jack J303 or receptacle J302. Audio band-pass filter L301, located between the first and second a-f stages, is designed for sharp attenuation of frequencies above and below the 1,000 -cycle cw note.

GAIN control R361-A, -B controls the r-f sensitivity level for cw operation.
e. "CW-OL" POSITION, S304.-Operation in the

CW-OL position of S304 involves the same circuits as in the preceding $C W$ discussion, with the addition of output-limiter stages. The output limiter provides a substitute for agc action on cw signals, by limiting noise peaks which exceed the signal level. The action is useful in cases of severe fading.

After passing through the audio band-pass filter, L301, the 1,000 -cycle cw signal is amplified in V308 which functions as an additional a-f stage-required for efficient limiting action. From V308 the signal is coupled to two output limiter diodes, elements 3-4 of V306 and 3-4 of V309. Bias on the output limiter diodes is set by R363-B, OUTPUT LEVEL control. Thus, by varying the setting of $\mathrm{R} 363 \cdot \mathrm{~B}$, the limiting action may be adjusted to operate on very weak signals or delayed for action on strong inputs.

Although the GAIN control, R361-A, -B, is also operative for CW-OL reception, this control sets the volume level for weak signals. The OUTPUT LEVEL control, R363-B, regulates the level at which limiting action occurs.
f. I-F CIRCUITS.-The $400-\mathrm{kc}$ difference frequency from the first detector, V104 (V204), is inductively coupled through T302 to the three i-f stages, shown in simplified schematic diagram Figure 2-6. These three stages, V301, V302, and V303, utilize i-f transformers with tapped secondaries to provide three degrees of selectivity. Selection of BROAD, MEDIUM, or SHARP operation is made through switches S306, S307, and S308 which are connected to the tapped windings of i-f transformers T302 to T305.

Transformers T302 to T305 are of the per-meability-tuned type, with two adjustable cores. Variable trimmers, mounted inside each transformer case, provide further circuit adjustments.
g. SECOND DETECTOR.-Diode section $5-8$ of V305 acts as the second detector, being coupled to the i-f stages through T305. Audio voltage from this stage is developed across R338 and is fed to the a-f stages or through the noise limiter via S303. Direct-current output of the second detector diode is available for test purposes through the link connector tied to plate 5 of V305. Opening of this link enables a microammeter to be inserted in series with the plate lead to ground.

01-6


Combinations R345-C320 and R363A-C328 are a-c load impedance networks designed to minimize distortion during deep modulation. Figure 2-7 includes a simplified schematic diagram of the second detector.
b. NOISE LIMITER.-The noise limiter stage is connected between the second detector and the following a-f stages. NOISE LIMITER switch S303 enables this circuit to be energized when desired.

Referring to the simplified schematic diagram, Figure 2-7, elements 5 and 8 of V306 comprise the limiter diode. When a loud noise impulse is received, the noise limiter diode acts as a switch to open the circuit between the diode load resistor, R348, and the a-f input coupling capacitor, C328. The noise limiter diode normally acts as a low resistance in series with the a-f input circuit, since its cathode is kept at a negative potential with respect to the plate because of the voltage drop across resistor R347. Electrical interference, representing noise, causes an immediate increase in potential on the plate of the noise limiter diode. Voltage to the cathode, however, is delayed by the length of time required to charge capacitor C320 through resistor R345. Thus, for a short interval, the
plate is more negative than the cathode, and during this time, the diode acts as an open circuit. This momentary delay is usually sufficient to eliminate the noise pulse, preventing its amplification in the a-f stages.
i. A-F CIRCUITS.-Tubes V307, V310, and V311 are used in the three resistance-coupled, a-f amplifying stages. Switch S303 couples the first a-f tube, V307, to the output of either the second detector or the noise limiter. Figure 2-7 includes V307 while the other two a-f stages are shown on Figure 2-8.

Output to the a-f circuits is controlled by R363-A, OUTPUT LEVEL control, for three of the five types of operation, as listed in Table 2-2. This control varies the input level, through coupling capacitor C222, to the grid of V307.

Tube V307 is a conventional amplifier, employing R356 as the grid leak resistor. Bias for V307 is obtained by action of cathode resistor R314. Operating voltage for the screen grid of V307 is supplied through series resistor R349. The decoupling circuit R324-C348 is intended for reduction of power-supply hum.


Figure 2-6. Simplified Schematic Diagram, I-F Circuits


Figure 2-7. Simplitied Schematic Diagram, Noise Limiter Circuits

For CW operation band-pass filter L301 is switched between V307 and V310, the first two a-f stages, through operation of AUDIO SELECTIVITY switch S305. Filter L301 actually consists of two different units, L301-1 and L301-2. The RBB receiver uses L301-1 which has a band-pass width of 200 cycles at 6 db attenuation. In the RBC receiver the band-pass width is 300 cycles. The wider band in the RBC equipment facilitates tuning at the higher frequencies. Both filters are designed to pass 1,000 cycles and have 0.1 -megohm input impedances. The output resistance load is incorporated in the filter unit and in the case of L301-2 serves also as an attenuator so that the two units are interchangeable with respect to insertion loss.

When L301 is switched out of the a-f circuit by S305, potentiometer R364 is connected. Use of R364 permits the audio level to be adjusted to a value three to five db below that obtained when L 301 is connected.

Circuits in the second a-f stage, V310, and the a-f output stage, V311, are similar to the a-f input circuits of V307. Cathode resistors R312 and R313 supply the bias for V310 and V311. Inverse feedback from output


Figure 2-8. Simplified Schematic Diagram, Last Two A-F Stages



Figure 2-10. Simplified Schematic Diagram, Silencer Circuits
transformer T301 is applied through R367 to the second a-f stage, V310. Through coupling resistor R343, connected between the plates of V310 and V311, the degeneration produced serves to hold the output constant for wide variations in plate loading. Thus, the output winding of output transformer T301 will supply from one to twenty pairs of $600 \cdot \mathrm{ohm}$ headphones connected in parallel, with not more than three db change in output.

Transformer T301 is provided with an output winding having a grounded center tap suitable for feeding a balanced 600 -ohm line. The output winding is connected in parallel to a headphone jack, J303, located on the front panel and to an output receptacle, J302, mounted at the rear of the if/af unit. Both output connections are suitably filtered to minimize pickup from local transmitters.

A separate secondary winding on the output transformer is connected to meter M303 through OUTPUT switch S302.
j. AGC CIRCUIT.-Although "AVC" is the panel designation used in two positions of S304, the reference is to the agc, or automatic gain control circuit. The plate of the third i-f tube, V303, is coupled through C306 to the agc diode, elements 3 and 4 of

V305. Delay voltage or bias obtained from bleeder network R321-R325-R327-R328 is applied to the cathode of the agc diode. Adjustment of potentiometer R321, therefore, enables the agc action to be set at a predetermined input signal level. Figure $2-9$ includes the agc circuit.

The agc bias developed acrośs load resistors R338R355 is fed through filter resistor R354 to the two r-f stages, the first two i-f stages, and the first a-f stage. The age time-constant, determined largely by C242-A, is kept at a low value so that serious distortion will not be introduced in the a-f stage at low modulation frequencies. It will be noted that the final i-f stage is not controlled by agc, since this stage is operated at its optimum output capabilities.
k. SILENCER AND O. L. CIRCUITS.-The silencer circuits are used only in the MOD-AVC-SIL and CW-OL positions of S304. The CW-OL position uses the output limiter circuit in addition to silencer action.

As shown in Figure 2-10, tube V308 and elements 5.8 of V309 comprise the silencer stages. Tube V308 acts as an additional a-f amplitier stage which raises the audio level for more efficient silencing action. The silencer diode, V309, functions as a limiter to pass only signals above a predetermined level.

The silencer circuits follow the second detector or noise limiter-the silencer input being coupled through filter resistor R358 to the grid of V308. When the signal voltage falls below a preset level the control grid bias on $V 308$ is reduced. This action increases the plate current, causing greater voltage to be developed across plate resistor R351. This, in turn, biases the silencer diode V309 so that it becomes nonconductive and cuts off the input to the audio stages.

The silencer diode is, thus, made conductive or non-conductive by the variation in voltage across resistors R340 and R341. Operating level of the silencer circuit is set by SILENCER potentiometer R369 which varies the potential on the screen grid of V308. Through variation of R369 the circuit may be adjusted to operate on any carrier input level in the range of 5 to 10,000 microvolts. To prevent noise pulses from being received when the receiver is operating in the silenced condition, the resistancecapacity combinations R358-C372 and R351-C373-A, -B are used to introduce a time constant which holds the plate current of tube V308 relatively uniform for noise pulses considerably above the desired signal level.

The output limiter, when energized by setting

S304 to the CW-OL position, receives the silencer circuit output and passes it through two diodes so as to limit both sides of the $\mathbf{c w}$ signal. Elements 3-4 of V306 and V309 constitute the limiter diodes, as shown on Figure 2-11. These two diodes are connected as a full-wave rectifier in shunt with the plate load, R350, of silencer amplifier V308.

Bias control of the limiting level is set by OUTPUT LEVEL control, R363-B. The setting of R363-B determines the value of bias on cathode 4 of V306 and, hence, the operating level of this tube. A signal must be strong enough to override the bias before V306 will conduct.

Output from cathode 4 of V309 is coupled through C324 and R362 to the second a-f stage, V310. Setting of R362 controls the gain of the second a-f stage.

The general action of the output limiter on the audio wave is similar to that of the noise limiter effect on r-f waves. Major difference is that the noise limiter is slow in action and cuts off all signals completely during a noise peak of short duration. The output limiter, however, is rapid in action, and exerts a continuous control on the audio wave peaks as long as they exceed the preset value.


Figure 2-11. Simplified Schematic Diagram, Output Limiter Circuits


Figure 2-12. Simplified Schematic Diagram, CW Oscillator Circuit


Figure 2-13. Simplified Schematic Diagram, Cathode Follower Circuit
l. CW OSCILLATOR.-For CW reception an oscillator stage, V304, provides a heterodyning frequency of 401 kilocycles, or 1,000 cycles higher than the intermediate frequency. A Hartley oscillator circuit is utilized for this stage, the plate output being electroncoupled to the screen grid. Output of V304 is fed through capacitor C303 to the cathode of the second detector, V305. The tuned circuit consists of transformer T306 and capacitor C318. Variable capacitor C301 provides for a variation of approximately 1,500 cycles from the oscillator frequency. Figure 2-12 is the simplified schematic diagram of the cw oscillator circuit.
m. METER CIRCUITS.-Three meters are included in the if-af section. Meter M301 is used to measure the plate voltage, M302 indicates the agc level, while M303 is an output meter.

When RECEPTION switch S304 is in either the MOD-AVC or MOD-AVC-SIL position, the INPUT meter M302 is connected. This meter, being shunted across cathode resistor R309 of V301, enables the input signal level to be determined in the first i-f tube. The meter is calibrated in decibels above one microvolt, up to a value of 120 decibels for one volt input. Two adjustments, potentiometers R368 and R321, are provided for calibration of the meter. Potentiometer R321 is the front panel ZERO SET control and is used to set the meter to zero for no signal input. The other potentiometer, R368, is a screwdriver adjustment located on the chassis, and is used for setting the maximum deflection to compensate for conditions of variation in overall gain, tube replacement, etc.

OUTPUT meter M303 is connected through switch S302 to secondary winding $3-4$ of output transformer T301. Use of switch S302 and associated resistors enables output measurements to be made at varying levels.
n. CATHODE FOLLOWER.-The cathode follower circuit, employing tube V501, is utilized simply as a means for coupling a Frequency Shift Converter or a Panoramic Adapter to an $\mathrm{RBB} / \mathrm{RBC}$ receiver. Essentially an impedance transfer device for connecting a low-impedance load to a high-impedance source, the cathode-follower stage is coupled to the output of the second i-f stage through capacitor C501. Figure 2-13 is the schematic diagram of this circuit.

Although the $400-\mathrm{kc}$ i-f signal is amplified in V501, tying the output to the cathode results in no amplitude gain over the input signal level. Output receptacle J 501 is connected to the cathode of V501 through capacitor C502 and filter Z501. Filter Z501 is a low-pass, two-section filter designed to pass frequen-
cies below 550 kc , while attenuating those above 550 kc .

Filament switch 5501 enables this stage to be energized only when required.

## 4. POWER UNIT CIRCUITS.

The Rectifier Power Unit utilizes a single 5U4-G tube in a full-wave rectifier circuit, as shown in Figure 2-14. A type $\mathrm{OC} 3 /$ VR 105 tube is used for regulation of part of the d-c output. The unit operates from a power source of $110-120$ volts, $55-65$ cycles, single phase ac.

Input to the power unit, through receptacle J401, is passed through an r-f filter consisting of capacitors C401 to C404 and chokes L401 to L404. This filter, in conjunction with the power transformer shielding, provides attenuation between either a-c input terminal and any d-c or a-c output terminal of at least 80 decibels to r-f interference in the range of 0.5 and 27 megacycles. The filter also offers some protection against r-f interference at lower frequencies.

The POWER switch, S301, located on the receiver panel, is in series with the primary winding of power transformer T401.

Terminal board E405 serves as a tie-in point for the a-c input and the power transformer primary winding. An adjustable link on E405 provides means for selecting the 110,115 , or 120 -volt transformer tap.

Four secondary windings are used in T401. Winding $11-12$ supplies 5 volts for tube V401; winding $13-15$ supplies 6.3 volts for all receiver tubes except oscillator tube V103 (V203); while 5-7 is the highvoltage winding. The remaining winding, $9-10$, furnishes 17 volts ac for the filament circuit of V103 (V203).

Output of rectifier tube V401 is fed to a choke input, two-stage ripple filter L405-C406 and L406-C407. Although capacitor C 405 is at the filter input, this capacitor is employed for r-f filtering and is of low capacity so as to have a negligible effect on regulation. The first stage of the filter employs tapped choke L405, the tapped portion being in series resonance with C406 at the ripple frequency. D-c output, approximately 200 volts, is connected to output receptacles J402 and J403.

Regulator tube V 402 is connected through the series-dropping resistors R401, R402, and R403 to the 105 -volt d-c output. This circuit provides a regulated d-c supply for oscillator V103 (V203).

Fuses F401 and F402 protect both sides of the power input to the rectifier unit.
$\stackrel{N}{1}$


$\left.\begin{array}{l}\mathrm{L} 403 \\ \mathrm{~L} 404\end{array}\right\}$


$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { FUSE RATINGS } \\
& \text { F4OI } 3 \text { AMP } \\
& \text { F402\} } 250 \text { VOLTS }
\end{aligned}
$$

110-120 VOLTS
55-65 CYCLES
SINGLE PHASE
=- =-
EACH
$647 \mu h$



## SECTION 3

## INSTALLATION

## 1. UNPACKING.

To unpack the RBB/RBC receiver or the power unit, first cut the iron strapping around the wooden case.

Remove the wooden top cover and the excelsior around the inner carton.

Lift out the inner carton, and remove the waterproof outer wrappings from the carton.

Open the top of the carton and take out the various cardboard pads surrounding the unit. Then lift out the unit.

Inspect the unit for visible evidence of external damage.

## 2. INSTALLATION.

The RBB-5 and RBC- 5 units are supplied with shock mounts attached and are intended for table-top installations. The RBB-6 and RBC-6 units, however, are not furnished with shock mounts but include mounting ears for rack mounting.

Similarly, the Rectifier Power Unit is furnished for the two types of mounting. Although shock mounts are not required for table-top installations, the addition of a type CRV-10348-A mounting shelf adapts the power unit for rack mounting. External marking on the shipping case denotes whether the CRV-10348-A mounting shelf is attached to the power unit. The difference in crated sizes will also serve to indicate a unit intended for rack mounting. The power unit itself is identical for both types of installations.
a. RACK MOUNTING.-Rack mounting of the RBB-6/RBC-6 receiver and the Rectifier Power Unit requires only that the units be fastened to the rack with suitable nuts and bolts, which are not supplied. Figure 3-1 shows the receiver rack-mounting dimensions, and Figure 3-2 the power unit mounting details.
b. SHELF MOUNTING.-The RBB-5/RBC-5 receiver is intended for mounting on a shelf or table
top, as shown on Figure 3-3. Although also designed for shelf mounting, the power unit may be suspended from the underside of a table top as illustrated on Figure 3-3.

Figures $3-3$ to $3-5$ give the equipment outline dimensions and the space required for two receivers and associated power supplies. Five inches minimum clearance, for cable removal, should be provided at the rear of the receiver as shown on Figure 3-3.
(1) RECEIVER.-Remove the receiver chassis from its cabinet. This may be accomplished by disengaging the captive thumbscrews located around the edge of the panel. Take hold of the round pull-knobs provided on the front panel and withdraw the chassis. Note that the chassis strikes a pair of stops when partially withdrawn. These stops may be released by pressing on the stop arms, through holes on each side of the chassis.

Determine the receiver mounting area, then drill four mounting holes for each receiver as shown on Figure 3-5.

Next, mount the cabinet in place, using the hardware provided. As shown on Figures 3-5 and 3-6, insert the cap screws through the shock mounts, using one washer, lock washer, and nut on each screw.
(2) POWER UNIT.-If the power unit is to be mounted on a shelf or table top, drill four mounting holes in the shelf, as indicated on Figure 3-7.

If the unit is to be suspended from the underside of a shelf, use Figure 3-8 and drill four mounting holes in the top of the cabinet. Location of the holes is indicated on the shelf drilling plan, Figure 3-9. Remove the chassis from the case before drilling.

Mount the cabinet on the table, using the four cap screws, washers, lockwashers, and nuts supplied. Figure 3-10, showing the section for under-shelf mounting, illustrates placement of the mounting hardware. The cap screws should be inserted from the top for above-shelf mounting.


ORIGINAL

$\square$


RECTIFIER
POWER UNIT


Figure 3-4. RBB-5/RBC-5 Shelf-Mounting Dimensions and Outline


Figure 3-5. RBB/RBC Drilling Plan


Figure 3-6. Sectioned Mounting Details, from Sections AA and BB on Figure 3-5


Figure 3-7. Power Unit Drilling Plan, Bottom View


Figure 3-8. Power Unit Drilling Plan, Top View


Figure 3-9. Shelf-Drilling Plan for Power Unit


Figure 3-10. Sectioned Mounting Details from Section AA on Figure 3-9
c. LINK CONNECTIONS.-While the power unit and receiver chassis are out of the cases, link connections should be set on the antenna link board in the receiver and on the power unit voltage-tap terminal board.

Referring to Figures $3-11$ and 3-12, set the links on receiver terminal board E105 (E209) for the installation conditions. This terminal board is located on the


Figure 3-11. RBB Antenna Link Board Connections


Figure 3-12. RBC Antenna Link Board Connections
left side of the unit, facing the front, and is accessible by removal of the small cover ( $21 / 4^{\prime \prime} \times 21 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ ) over the board.

Now measure the incoming power supply voltage and set the link on power unit terminal board E405 to the tap value nearest the measured voltage. This terminal board is situated above the chassis at the left, and carries tap designations of 110,115 , and 120 volts.

After setting the links, press each tube firmly in its socker. Place switch 5501 in the ON position if a Frequency Shift Converter or Panoramic Adapter is to be operated in conjunction with the receiver. This switch is shown on Figure 3-13. Replace the chassis in their cabinets. Tighten the panel screws to insure proper shielding.


Figure 3-13. Switch S501 for Cathode Follower Stage


Figure 3-14. Cable Connections at Receiver
d. CABLE CONNECTIONS.-Only one cable type is supplied with the equipment. This cable, CRV-49162-A, interconnects the receiver and power unit, and carries symbol W401 as shown on Figure 3-3. Connectors supplied and cables required are listed in Table 3-1: Figures 3-3 and 3-14 contain cable identification details.

After all cable connections have been made, ground the shelf or table with a copper strap approximately two inches wide. Then ground all cable shields to the table. These grounding details are shown on Figure 3-14. Any paint on the table must be removed at the grounding points.

TABLE 3-1. CABLE CONNECTIONS REQUIRED

| CABLE REQUIRED | FURNISHED | REMARKS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Interconnecting cable from receiver to power unit, $J 301$ to J403. | Yes | Cable W401, type CRV. 49162-A used. Second cable furnished is for emergency operation of additional receiver from J 402. <br> Clamp the cable in place as indicated on Figure 3-14. Be sure to clean paint off table so as to secure a good ground. $C$ able clamp screw, lockwasher, and nut are supplied with the power unit. <br> Cover unused receptacle with cover supplied. |
| Antenna Cable from receptacle Jlol (J201). | No | Connect antenna to the receiver by means of con. centric line plug P101 (P201). <br> If a single wire feed-type antenna is used, antenna adapter P102 (P202), Navy type 49152, should be inserted into J101 (J201) and the antenna lead-in termi- nated at the binding post of the adapter. |
| Input power cable from power source to $J 401$. | No | Plug P401 supplied. Cable should be Navy type MCOS-2. The cable must run to a grounded junction box (not supplied) located Do not insert power plug P401 into J401 until the installation is complete. See Figure 3 -17 for cable details. |
| Optional cable from phone receptacle J302 to jack box. | No | Plug P301 supplied. Connect J302 to the jack box where used. Jack box and cable are not furnished. When armored phone When able Navy type TTHFWA-1, is used, adapter P301A is required with phone plug P301. See Figure 3.15 for cable de- tails. |
| Optional cable from $J 501$ to Frequency Shift Converter or Panoramic Adapter. | No | Plugs P501 and P502 supplied: cable is not furnished. Install angle plug P502 on receiver end coaxial cable; PSO1 on other end. Cable type will be governed by auxiliary unit connected. |



Figure 3-15. Details, Armored Cable Connections to Jack Box

Installation having been completed, make sure the receiver POWER switch is OFF then connect the power input plug to the power source. Figure $3-16$ is the primary power distribution diagram for the RBB/RBC equipment.


Figure 3-16. Primary Power Distribution Diagram

## 3. INITIAL ADJUSTMENTS.

Plug a pair of headphones in the PHONES jack. Rotate the following controls to the positions indicated:

| CONTROL | POSITION |
| :--- | :--- |
| ADD DECIBELS | OFF |
| RADIO SELECTIVITY | BROAD |
| OUTPUT LEVEL | Zero |
| SILENCER | Zero |
| NOISE LIMITER | ON |
| GAIN | Zero |
| RECEPTION | MOD-AVC |
| AUDIO SELECTIVITY | BROAD |
| Band Switch | Band selected |
| Tuning Dial | Frequency of station |

Throw the POWER switch to the ON position. The dial lights should glow. If the power unit is operat-
ing, the D.C. VOLTS meter should indicate approximately 200 volts.

To receive the station selected, turn the OUTPUT LEVEL knob until background noise is heard. Readjust the tuning knob for the desired station, then adjust the OUTPUT LEVEL control for a comfortable noise level.

Rotate the RADIO SELECTIVITY control to MEDIUM. A decrease in noise level should result. Turning the tuning knob to either side of a station's frequency should result in a decrease in the reading on the INPUT meter.

To adjust the INPUT meter so that it will indicate the approximate signal input in decibels above one microvolt, operate the RADIO SELECTIVITY knob to SHARP. Tune the receiver until it is past a station, so that no signal is heard. Ad;ust the ZERO SET control for zero meter reading. The INPUT METER will now indicate as desired.

Place the RADIO SELECTIVITY switch in the BROAD position. In succession pick up stations on each of the tuning bands, to check that operation on all four tuning bands is satisfactory. The OUTPUT meter should indicate the signal level when the ADD DECIBELS switch is rotated.

When a station is being received where intermittent noise bursts are audible, keeping the NOISE LIMITER switch in the ON position should serve to limit the noise peaks.

Turn the RECEPTION switch to MOD-AVC-SIL. This position will be used to check operation of the receiver when receiving distant stations, as well as functioning of the silencer circuits.

Tune the receiver to a station whose signal can hardly be heard above the noise level. Rotate the SILENCER knob slowly clockwise. Noise should gradually decrease, until only the signal is heard. For a station operating intermittently, the noise level should not rise when the station ceases transmission.

To check operation for mow signal reception, turn the RECEPTION switch to MOD, and tune in an appropriate station. Noise level should be reduced when the AUDIO SELECTIVITY switch is thrown
to SHARP. Further improvement should be noted when the RADIO SELECTIVITY control is turned to MEDIUM or SHARP. Finally place the latter two switches at BROAD.
$C W$ reception is checked when the RECEPTION switch is turned to $C W$. Tune in a cw station and adjust the' GAIN control for a satisfactory level of reception.

Rotate the FREQUENCY VERNIER knob, noting whether the pitch of the note is varied, as it should be.

Throw the AUDIO SELECTIVITY switch to SHARP. Noticeable improvement in signal quality should be apparent.

Where operation of a Frequency Shift Converter or a Panoramic Adapter is contemplated from the RBB/RBC equipment, the RADIO SELECTIVITY control should be set to the BROAD position. Check the cathode follower stage in the RBB/RBC unit by operating the converter or adapter unit.

If the preceding tests have been satisfactory, throw the POWER switch to OFF. The receiver may now be placed in operation. Any deviation from normal response requires correction as detailed in Sertion 7, Corrective Maintenance.


TO JUNCTION
BOX

To assemble MCOS-2 cable to P401, proceed as follows:

1. Remove end cap from P401, then remove two screws from sides of P401 body and disassemble.
2. Insert end of MCOS-2 cable through end cap of P401.
3. Strip approximately two inches of outer sheath from cable end.
4. Using short length of No. 18 flexible wire, wrap two or three turns around exposed copper braid near body of cable and solder to the braid.
5. Strip copper braid from end of cable, to point where wire is soldered to it then remove rubber insulation from end of separate conductors.
[^0]Figure 3-17. Details, MCOS-2 Cable Assembly


Figure 4-1. RBB/RBC Receivers, Front View

## SECTION 4 OPERATION

## 1. ROUTINE OPERATION.

Four tuning bands in the RBB and RBC units cover frequency ranges as follows:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { RBB- } 0.50 \text { to } 4 \text { megacycles } \\
& \text { RBC }-4 \text { to } 27 \text { megacycles }
\end{aligned}
$$

With the exception of the frequency range, operation is identical for both models.

Features in the RBB/RBC unit include control of overall sensitivity and selectivity, choice of agc, silencer and noise limiter circuits, and control of audio response. These featuers are utilized in varying combinations and degrees depending on local conditions and whether voice, mcw , or cw transmission is being received. In general, the RECEPTION switch controls selection of the specialized circuits. The various panel components and their purpose are listed in Table 4-1. Numbers in Table 4-1 refer to items similarly numbered on the RBB/RBC panel view, Figure 4-1.

For proper operation of the RBB/RBC receiver the significance of each panel component in Table 4-1 should be clearly understood. Of the items listed, only five controls are operative in (or have functions applicable to) certain receiving conditions as selected by the RECEPTION switch. Particular note should be made of these five controls; items $9,12,17,18$, and 19 in Table 4-1.

In any emergency, where one Rectifier Power Unit fails as part of a two-unit arrangement, it is possible to operate two receivers from the one operative power unit. To effect the emergency arrangement, disconnect the output cable from the disabled power unit. Remove the receptacle cap from the unused output

TABLE 4-1. RBB/RBC PANEL COMPONENT IDENTIFICATION

| NO. <br> (FIG. 4-1) | COMPONENT | FUNCTION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | ANT COMP capacitor | Facilitates reception of distant stations. Should be readjusted on each band for difficult receiving conditions, as specified in operating instructions. |
| 2 | Band change switch | Selects choice of bands as follows: $\begin{array}{cc} R B B & R B C \\ \text { 1. } 0.50 .0 .84 \mathrm{mc} & 4.00-6.45 \mathrm{mc} \\ \text { 2. } 0.84-1.41 \mathrm{mc} & 6.45 \cdot 10.30 \mathrm{mc} \\ \text { 3. } 1.41-2.37 \mathrm{mc} & 10.30 .16 .50 \mathrm{mc} \\ \text { 4. } 2.37 .4 .00 \mathrm{mc} & 16.50 \cdot 27.00 \mathrm{mc} \end{array}$ |
| 3 | Tuning control | Selects frequency desired. |
| 4 | INPUT meter | Facilitates tuning by indicating input signal strength, but only when agc is selected. |
| 5 | ZERO SET control | Requires no adjustment during operation. Setting specified in Section 3, paragraph 3. |

TABLE 4-1.-(Continued)

| NO. <br> (FIG. 4-1) | COMPONENT | FUNCTION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6 | RADIO SELEC. TIVITY switch | Controls selectivity in i-f stages. Setting should be at BROAD unless excessive noise requires MEDIUM or SHARP position. Operation of auxiliary equipment such as Frequency Shift Converter requires BROAD setting. |
| 7 | OUTPUT meter | Indicates output in decibels. Not required during operation. |
| 8 | $\underset{\text { switch }}{\text { ADD }} \text { DECIBELS }$ | Connects OUTPUT meter and adjusts for varying levels during test and maintenance. |
| 9 | OUTPUT LEVEL control | Functions to control audio level when agc is selected and when output limiting (O. L.) is used during $\mathbf{c w}$ reception. Inoperative under other conditions. Substitures for GAIN control. |
| 10 | D.C. VOLTS meter | Indicates presence of plate voltage, approximately 200 volts, and thus whether power unit is operating. |
| 11 | Panel light | Illumination, and indirectly as indication of tube heater ,voltage. |
| 12 | SILENCER control | Adjusts silencer circuit to quiet receiver during intermittent transmission by cutting off all signals below the level selected. Operative only in MOD.AVC. SIL position of RECEPTION switch. |
| 13 | NOISE LIMITER switch | Limits noise by blocking reception during noise peaks. |
| 14 | PHONES jack | For connecting headphones. |
| 15 | POWER switch | Controls inpur power to Rectifier Power Unit. |
| 16 | RECEPTION switch |  |
| 17 | FREQUENCY VER. NIER control | Adjusts pitch of cw note. |
| 18 | AUDIO SELECTIVITY | Used in SHARP position for restricted cw or mcw audio response. Otherwise used in BROAD position. |
| 19 | GAIN | Controls sensitivity when age is not used; otherwise inopera. tive. Substitutes for OUTPUT LEVEL control. |

TABLE 4-2. OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

| SEQUENCE | CONTROL AND POSITION | VOICE | MCW | cw | REMARKS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| STARṪING THE EQUIPMENT |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | ADD DECIBELS to OFF | $\times$ | $x$ | $x$ |  |
| 2 | RADIO SELECTIVITY to BROAD | $\times$ | x | x |  |
| 3 | OUTPUT LEVEL to xero | $x$ |  | x |  |
| 4 | SILENCER to zero | x |  | $x$ |  |
| 5 | NOISE LIMITER to ON | x | x | $x$ |  |
| 6 | GAIN to zero |  | x | $x$ |  |
| 7 | AUDIO SELECTIVITY to BROAD | x | x | $\times$ |  |
| 8 | RECEPTION: MOD-AVC-SIL <br>  MOD-AVC <br>  MOD <br>  $C W$ <br>  $C W . O L$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{x} \\ & \mathbf{x} \end{aligned}$ | x | $\frac{x}{x}$ | For excessive interference or for intermittent reception. <br> For local reception. <br> Voice reception also possible. <br> For excessive interference. |
| 9 | Band Switch to proper band | $x$ | $x$ | x |  |
| 10 | POWER switch to ON | x | $\times$ | $\times$ |  |

OPERATING THE EQUIPMENT

| 11 | OUTPUT LEVEL | x |  |  | Rotate until background noise is heard. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 12 | Tuning knob to station | x |  |  | INPUT meter deflection should be maximum. |
| 13 | OUTPUT LEVEL | x |  |  | Readjust for desired level. <br> For excessive noise, furn RADIO SELECTIVITY switch to MEDIUM. Retune as necessary. <br> For distant stations use MOD-AVC-SIL setting of RECEPTION switch. After station is tuned in, turn up SILENCER control until noise disappears. Retune as necessary. Serting of the SILENCER control is critical: a division or two on the dial may cause loss of reception. |
| 14 | GAIN control |  | x |  | Rotate until background noise is heard. |
| 15 | Tuning knob to station |  | x |  |  |
| 16 | GAIN control |  | x |  | Readjust for desired level. <br> For excessive interference turn RADIO SELECTIVITY knob to MEDIUM or SHARP. Retune as necessary. <br> for excessive noise, throw AUDIO SELECTIVITY switch to SHARP. |
| 17 | GAIN control |  |  | x | Rotate until background noise is heard. |
| 18 | Tuning knob to station |  |  | $\pm$ |  |
| 19 | GAIN control |  |  | $\mathbf{x}$ | Readjust for desired level. |
| 20 | FREQUENCY VERNIER |  |  | $\times$ | Adjust for loudest signal. |
| 21 | AUDIO SELECTIVITY to SHARP |  |  | $\times$ |  |
| 22 | FREQUENCY VERNIER |  |  | x | Readjust for loudest signal. <br> For excessive fading, use CW-OL setting of RECEPTION switch. Set OUTPUT LEVEL control to 100 . Turn up GAIN until weak signal is heard. Decrease OUTPUT LEVEL setting uncil volume of signal begins to decrease. Leave control in that position. |
| 23 | ANT. COMP | x | x | x | For best distance reception on each band, tune in a signal at the extreme high-frequency end of the band and adjust the ANT. COMP. knob for greatest volume. If no signal is available, set the tuning dial at 860 for the RBB or at 870 for the RBC, and adjust for maximum noise output. |

STOPPING THE EQUIPMENT

converter or adapter, it is advisable to open the heater circuit of the cathode follower stage. To accomplish this, open the POWER switch. Loosen the captive thumbscrews located around the edge of the panel. Take hold of the round pull-knobs provided on the front panel and partially withdraw the chassis until it strikes the stops on the sides of the chassis. Referring to Figure 3-13 in Section 3, operate S501 to the OFF position. Slide the chassis back into its case and tighten the panel screws.

## SECTION 5

## OPERATOR'S MAINTENANCE

## 1. ROUTINE CHECK CHARTS.

TABLE 5-1. ROUTINE CHECK CHART-DAILY

| WHAT TO CHECK | HOW TO CHECK | COMMENTS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Heater voltage from Rectifier Power Unit. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Operate POWER } \\ & \text { switch to ON. } \end{aligned}$ | Glowing of pilot light indicates presence of tube heater voltage. If none, check fuses as described under paragraph 2, "Emergency Maintenance," in this section. |
| Plate voltage. | Read voltage on D.C. <br> VOLTS meter. | Reading of approximately 200 volts is normal. If other than this value, refer to maintenance notes in Section 7. If no reading, check tubes and fuses as described under paragraph 2, "Emergency Maintenance," in this section. |
| Voice, cw, and mow reception. | In succession, rotate RECEPTION switch to each of the five positions. | Check operation by background noise or station reception. INPUT meter should indicate signal level in MOD-AVC and MOD-AVC.SIL positions. |
| Silencer circuit. | Rotate RECEPTION switch to MOD-AVC-SIL. Vary position of SILENCER control. | Effect of silencer circuit on reception should be apparent. If no response, check tubes V308 and V309. |
| Noise limiter circuit. | Operate NOISE LIM. ITER switch to OFF, then ON. | Noise reduction should be apparent. If not, check V306. |
| Output limiter circuit. | Operate RECEPTION switch to CW-O.L. then back to CW. | Signal stability should be good in CW-O. L. position. If no difference is noted check V306, V308, and V309. |
| $\xrightarrow[\text { circuit. }]{\text { CW }}$ osillator | Operate RECEPTION switch to CW position. | If no cw note can be received, check V304. |
| Cathode follower circuit. | Operate Frequency Shift Converter or Panoramic Adapter if part of installation. | If switch S 501 is ON and Converter or Adapter are not operating, check V501. |

## 2. EMERGENCY MAINTENANCE.

a. NOTICE TO OPERATORS.

## Notice to Operators

Operators shall not perform any of the following emergency maintenance procedures without proper authorization.
b. REPLACEMENT OF TUBES AND FUSES. (1) PROBABLE FUSE FAILURE.

## WARNING

Never replace a fuse with one of higher rating unless continued operation is more important than probable damage. If a fuse burns out immediately after replacement, do not replace it a second time until the cause has been corrected.

If the power unit is not operating, as evidenced by failure in the first two steps of Table 5-1, check both fuses in the power unit. These fuses are accessible on the front panel of the power unit. Both fuses, F401 and F402, have a 3 -ampere, 250 -volt rating.
(2) TUBE LOCATIONS.-Locations of the tubes in the RBB and RBC receivers are indicated and identified on Figures 5-1 and 5-2, respectively. Tubes in the Rectifier Power Unit are identified on Figure 5-3.
(3) REPLACING ELECTRON TUBES.-Only two tubes require special removal instructions due to inaccessibility. Tube V101 (or V201) can be removed by taking off the shield on the first r-f compartment. The gas-filled type 991 tube, V105 (or V205), is located inside the shield indicated. To remove this tube, pull off the shield cover. The 991 tube can then be removed by the usual method employed for bayonettype bases.


Figure 5-1. Tube Locations, RBB


Figure 5-2. Tube Locations, RBC


Figure 5-3. Tube Locations, Power Unit

# SECTION 6 <br> PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE 

## 1. ROUTINE MAINTENANCE CHECK CHART.

 NoteThe attention of maintenance personnel is invited to the requirements of Chapter 67 of the Bureau of Ships Manual, of the latest issue.

## 2. LUBRICATION

The shaft of the ganged tuning capacitor, C149 (C257), should be lubricated annually, and is the only point requiring periodic lubrication as shown on Figure 6-1.

TABLE 6-1. ROUTINE MAINTENANCE CHECK CHART

| WHAT TO CHECK | HOW TO CHECK | COMMENTS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| M-O-N-T-H-L-Y |  |  |
| Cables and connectors. | Inspect. | Note any damage that might cause trouble, particularly damage to coaxial leads. Check connectors for broken or loose pins. Remove any foreign matter between connector pins or holes, using air blast, carbon tetrachloride, or small brush. |
| Terminal board connections. | Inspect. | Tighten any loose connections or mounting screws. |
| Knobs. | Inspect. | Tighten any loose set-screws. |
| Chassis. | Inspect for charred insulation or an area of discolored metal. | Check circuit or adjacent components for cause. |
| Resistors and capacitors. | Inspect for spots, discoloration, or leakage. | Check component value and circuit involved. |
| Q-U.A.R-T-E.R-L.Y |  |  |
| Tubes. | Check in transconducrance tester if possible. | Replace any tube registering below normal. Remove tubes one at a time when testing to insure replacement in same socket. This will avoid possibility of discurbing circuit alignment. |
| Spare tubes. | Check condition. | Replace if defective. |
| Spare parts. | Check quantity. | Order as necessary to bring stock to proper level. |



「igure 6-1. Lubrication Data, RBB/RBC

## FAILURE REPORTS

AFAILURE REPORT must be filled out for the failure of any part of the equipment whether caused by defective or worn parts, improper operation, or external influences. It should be made on Failure Report, form NBS383, which has been designed to simplify this requirement. The card must be filled out and forwarded to BUSHIPS in the franked envelope which is provided. Full instructions are to be found on each card.

Use great care in filling the card out to make certain it carries adequate information. For example, under "Circuit Symbol" use the proper circuit identification taken from the schematic drawings, such as T-803, in the case of a transformer, or R-207, for a resistor. Do not substitute brevity for clarity. Use the back of the card to completely describe the cause
of failure and attach an extra piece of paper if necessary.
The purpose of this report is to inform BUSHIPS of the cause and rate of failures. The information is used by the Bureau in the design of future equipment and in the maintenance of adequate supplies to keep the present equipment going. The cards you send in, together with those from hundreds of other ships, furnish a store of information permitting the Bureau to keep in touch with the performance of the equipment of your ship and all other ships of the Navy.
This report is not a requisition. You must request the replacement of parts through your Officer-in-Charge in the usual manner.
Make certain you have a supply of Failure Report cards and envelopes on board. They may be obtained from any Electronics Officer.


Figure 7-1. Failure Report

## SECTION 7

## CORRECTIVE MAINTENANCE

## 1. TROUBLE SYMPTOMS AND CIRCUIT ANALYSIS.

First step in servicing of the RBB/RBC equipment should be to check the power unit fuses and make a visual inspection of the unit chassis. This inspection may reveal charred insulation or other evidence of abnormal operation. Resistors and capacitors should be inspected for discoloration or leakage. If components appear normal, tubes should be checked as specified in Section 6. When testing tubes remove them one at a time to insure replacement in the same socket.

This procedure will avoid the possibility of disturbing circuit alignment.

A fault in some part of the equipment may usually be associated with abnormal receiver output conditions, control settings, control operation, or operation of meters and pilot lamp. Any visible deviation from normal operation of the equipment usually will assist in localizing the source of trouble. Possible causes of troubles which might develop, and the symptoms by which they may be recognized, are described in Table 7-1.

TABLE 7-1. SYMPTOMS AND CAUSES

| SYMPTOMS | CAUSES |
| :---: | :---: |
| No Signal or Noise Output. | See that all knob settings are correct. <br> Defect in rectifier power supply. <br> If pilot lamps do not light check input to power supply. <br> If no indication on "D-C VOLTS" meter is obrained check rectifier tube V401 in Rectifier Power Unit. <br> Check headphones and associated equipment. <br> Check to see if receiver is totally inoperative in other positions of the band switch. <br> If receiver is inoperative in one band switch position only, refer to Figures $7-64$ and $7-65$, and check components in inoperative band switch position. <br> Defective tubes (starting at audio end, check each tube). <br> Check tube socket voltages and compare readings obtained with those given in Tables $\mathbf{7 . 2}$ to $\mathbf{7 . 8}$. |
| Low Sensitivity. | See that all knob settings are correct. <br> Check for normal noise output readings on OUTPUT meter. If normal indications are obtained, refer to Figures 7.64 and $7-65$, and check components of antenna input stage. <br> Defective tubes (aging tubes will cause a reduction in sensitivity). <br> Measure inputs to various stages of receiver and compare results with those given in Paragraph 3. <br> Check to see if a condition of low sensitivity exists on all positions of band switch. If sensitivity is low on one band switch position only, check components in band switch position where low sensitivity is evident. |
| Low Maximum Noise Output and No Signal Outpur. | Defect in heterodyne oscillator circuit. Replace oscillator tube V103 (or V203) with one of known condition. Refer to Figures 7.64 and 7.65 , and check components of this circuit. Refer to Tables 7.9 and 7.10 and check to see that resistance measurements obtained agree with those given. |

(Continued)

TABLE 7-1.-(Continued)

| SYMPTOMS | Causes |
| :---: | :---: |
| Low Signal-to-Noise Ratio is Obtained with Normal Output Readings (see Paragraph 3). | Check the ANT COMP. knob setting. <br> Check the antenna circuits. <br> Check the external transmission line connections. <br> Check the connections of other receivers to the same antenna. <br> Check the receiver circuits preceding the grid of the first r-f tube V101 (or V201). <br> Check that the condition is not due to external noise pick-up, or interference from local transmitters or other electrical equipment. <br> Check the antenna link connertions as shown in Figures 3-11 and 3-12. <br> NOTE <br> A condition of poor signal-to-noise ratio may be caused also by a noisy condition in the receiver circuits or failure of the r-f amplifier tubes and circuit. These conditions, however, may be detected usually by the use of Tables 7-13 and 7-14. |
| No Output or Low Sensitivity for Particular Control Settings. | Defect in circuit affected by particular control setting. Refer to Figures 7.64 and 7.65 , and check components associated with the control. <br> If faulty operation is obtained with the RECEPTION knob on CW or CW-OL, and the equipment operates normally on the MOD position of the switch, check the cw oscillator tube, V304, and its associated circuit. Normal operation of the cw oscillator is indicated by reception of cw signals, and by an increase in receiver noise outpur of approximately 6 db , when the RECEPTION knob is changed from MOD to the "CW" position. <br> Check the contacts of the band switch by switching back and forth through affected band several times. If intermittent operation is evident check band switch contacts. <br> If trouble is experienced with RADIO SELECTIVITY switch check inpur to various stages with the values given in Tables 7.15 to 7.18 . <br> Abnormal operation when the NOISE LIMITER switch is placed in the ON position, may be due to defective noise limiter tube $\mathbf{V} 306$ or other components of the circuit. <br> Normal operation of the a.g.c. system is indicated by the INPUT meter operation and by an essentially constant output from signals of widely different intensity, except the output of very weak signals. Faulty operation of the a.g.c. system may be evidenced by distortion of strong signals. Make certain that the OUTPUT LEVEL control is sufficiently retarded. Failure of the INPUT meter to operate indicaces crouble in the meter circuit, first i-f grid circuit V301 or a.g.c. diode tube V30s and associated circuits. If the INPUT meter operates, but trouble is still evident in the a.g.c. system the grid circuits of the first a-f stage, second i.f stage, or first and second r-f stages should be investigated. <br> Normal operation of the silencer circuic is indicated, if with the RECEPTION transfer switch in the MOD-AVC-SIL position, a high background noise is obtained with the SILENCER control at minimum and the OUTPUT LEVEL control sufficiently advanced. The noise output should remain constant as the SILENCER control is advanced to a setting of approximately 30. At this setting the noise output should be reduced approximately 20 db and remain cur of as the SILENCER control is further advanced to maximum. A fault in the silencer circuit is indicated by failure of the silencing action, abnormal hum output in the silenced condition, and by wide deviations of the control setting at which silencing action occurs. Check the circuir by reference to Paragraph 2. <br> Normal operation of the output limiter circuit (RECEPTION transfer switch in the CW.OL position) is indicated if this circuit holds the receiver output essentially constant for wide variations in signal level or GAJN control setting except for very weak signals. If faulty operation is obrained, the output limiter circuit should be analyzed by reference to Paragraph 2. <br> Difficulty with operation of the AUDIO SELECTIVITY switch in the SHARP position would indicate a fault in the audio band-pass filter unit and associated circait. |
| Selectivity Low and Interference High. | A faulty condition of selectivity or signal interference is difficult to recognize since the strength of the interfering signal is usually unknown. An approximate measure of selectivity may be made, by noting approximate signal and interference input levels as indicated on the INPUT meter, and the frequency separation indicated by receiver tuning dial readings. Reduction in selectivity will be accompanied nozmally by reduction in sensitivity, and the trouble may be analyzed in the manner described for low sensitivity conditions. Interference conditions from local transmitters may be ateributed usually to faulty shielding, poor ground connections, or line fiter defects. The panel thumb. screws should be tightened and all ground connections examined. Refer to Paragraph 5. |

(Continued)

TABLE 7-1.-(Continued)

| SYMPTOMS | CAUSES |
| :---: | :---: |
| Noisy Operation. | Should a condition of noisy operation arise, check the effect of removing the antenna connection, to determine whether the noise originates within the equipment. The rouble may be located in some cases by measurement of noise outputs with successive tubes removed (Paragraph 3). Loose connections, imperfect shielding, or noisy tubes may be located by tapping various suspected parts. |

As a further aid in locating difficulties, Figure 7.2 is provided. Switch positions on this trouble-shooting chart are supplied as a guide only: circuits associated with a particular switch setting should be checked. Table 2-1 in Section 2 lists the band switch positions and contacts. RECEPTION switch S304 panel settings and contacts are as follows:

| MOD-AVC-SIL | S304, contacts $6-12$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| MOD-AVC | S304, contacts $5-11$ |
| MOD | S304, contacts $4-10$ |
| CW | S304, contacts $3-9$ |
| CW-OL | S304, contacts $2-8$ |

The RADIO SELECTIVITY switches, S306, S307, and S308, are shown in the BROAD position on the if/af section schematic diagram, Figure 7-67.

In locating trouble, the servicing block diagram, Figure 7-63, should also be utilized.

## CAUTION

To avoid shock due to charging current in the a-c line filter capacitors, the equipment should never be operated while ground connections are removed from the rectifier power or receiver unit cabinets. When a unit is operated out of its cabinet, an additional ground should be connected to the chassis.

Due to the many circuits involved in the five positions of S304, the servicing block diagram, Figure $7-63$, should be utilized when localizing trouble. Figure 3-16, Section 3, is the primary power distribution diagram.

Only interconnection cable $W 401$, between receiver and power unit, is supplied with the equipment. Details for cable W401 are shown on Figure 7-59. Other cables are shown on Figures 3-3 and 3-14 in Section 3.

## 2. VOLTAGES AND RESISTANCES.

Localizing a circuit fault is facilitated by checking the resistances and operating voltages throughout the equipment. A 20,000 ohms-per-volt meter such as Multimeter TS-352/U series is required for this purpose.
a. POWER UNIT.-Measurement of the power unit load voltages may be made at terminal board E301 or at the rear of receptacle J 301 . Values should be as listed in Table 7-2.

TABLE 7-2. RECTIFIER POWER UNIT, OUTPUT VOLTAGES

| MEASUREMENTS AT E301 | MEASUREMENTS AT | VOLTAGES |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { LOAD-I RBE OR I RBC } \\ \text { RECEIVER } \end{gathered}$ |
| 2 to 5 | $A$ to $B$ | 17 v. ac |
| 7 to 8 | $C$ to D | 6.3 v. ac |
| 1 to 5 | $E$ to $F$ | 105 v . dc |
| 3 to 5 | $F$ to $G$ | 200 v. dc. |
| -- | P to S | 115 v ac |

Voltage tolerance, $20 \%$.
No-load voltages from the power unit may be measured at the receiver end of cable $W 401$ by connecting a jumper between pins $S$ and $P$ on the plug. These voltages are tabulated in Table 7-3. Before connecting the jumper remove input supply plug $P 401$ from receptacle J401. Do not operate the power unit without load for more than a few minutes.

TABLE 7-3. RECTIFIER POWER UNIT, NO-LOAD OUTPUT VOLTAGES

| MEASUREMENTS |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| AT | YOLTAGES |
| W401 | 18 v ac |
| A to B | 7.3 v ac |
| C to D | 108 v ac |
| E to F | 240 v dc |
| F to G |  |

Voltage tolerance, $20 \%$.
Resistances in the power unit are listed in Table 7-4. As an additional check, Figure $7-3$ lists the tube socket resistances. Power unit components are identified on Figures 7-4 and 7-5.


Figure 7-2. Trouble-Shooting Chart


| TUBE SYMBOL NO. | PIN NUMBERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { V401 } \\ & \text { V402 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{NC} \\ & \mathrm{NC} \end{aligned}$ | open open | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{NC} \\ & \mathrm{NC} \end{aligned}$ | open NC | NC open | $\begin{aligned} & \text { open } \\ & \text { NC } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{NC} \\ & \mathrm{NC} \end{aligned}$ | open $\mathrm{NC}$ |

All external cables disconnected.
All tubes in sockets.
All measurements made to ground.
Figure 7-3. Power Unit, Tube Socket Resistances

TABLE 7-4. RECTIFIER POWER UNIT, RESISTANCE MEASUREMENTS

| MEASUREMENT POINTS | RESISTANCE |
| :---: | :---: |
| J401-2 to J403-S | 1.63 |
| J401.1 to T401-1 | 1.61 |
| J401-1 to T401-2 | 2.68 |
| J401-1 to T401.3 | 2.72 |
| J401-1 to T401-4 | 2.75 |
| J403-P to J401-1 (link on 115 v.) | 2.75 |
| V401-2 to V401-8 (tube out) | 0.07 |
| J403-F to V401.4 or T401-7 | 43.6 |
| J403.F to V401-6 or T401-5 | 43.6 |
| J403-A to J403.B | 0.52 |
| $\mathrm{J} 403 \cdot \mathrm{C}$ to J403.D | 0.11 |
| J403.G to T401-12 | 200 |
| J 403 G to J403-E | 3600 |

All external cables disconnected.
All tubes in sockets unless otherwise noted.
All resistances in ohms.
Tolerance $20 \%$.

Figures 7-58 and 7-59 are the power unit connection and schematic diagrams, respectively.
b. RBB/RBC RECEIVER.-Tube layout and identification for the RBB/RBC units are indicated on Figure $7-6$.

## CAUTION

When removing first heterodyne oscillator tube V103 (or V203), turn off power or remove regulator tube V106 (or V206), to avoid overload of the heater-shunt potentiometer, R116 (or R219) .

Table 7-5 lists the tube operating characteristics.


Figure 7-4. Power Unit Component Identification, Above Chassis


Figure 7-5. Power Unit Component Identification, Below Chassis


Figure 7-6. RBB/RBC, Tube Socket Layout and Identification


Figure 7-7. $\operatorname{kBB} /$ RBC Panel Component Identification


Figure 7-8. RBB/RBC Receptacle Identification, Rear View

## Note

All tubes of a given type supplied with the equipment shall be consumed prior to employment of tubes from general stock.

To facilitate voltage and resistance measurements, the preselector section is shown separately from the if/af section. Tube socket voltages and resistances are given in the following tables:

Table 7-6-RBB preselector section, voltages
Table 7-7-RBC preselector section, voltages
Table 7-8-RBB/RBC if/af section, voltages
Table 7-9-RBB resistances
Table 7-10-RBC resistances
Resistances at receptacles J301 and J302 are supplied in Tables 7-11 and 7-12, respectively. Tube operating currents are supplied along with the socket voltages.

TABLE 7-5. RATED TUBE CHARACTERISTICS

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { FILA- } \\ & \text { MENT } \\ & \text { VOLT- } \\ & \text { AGE } \\ & (V) \end{aligned}$ | FILAMENT CURRENT (A) | PLATE VOLTAGE (V) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { GRID } \\ & \text { B\|AS } \\ & \text { (V) } \end{aligned}$ | SCREEN VOLTAGE (V) | Plate CUR(MA) | SCREEN CUR(MA) | A-C PLATE RESISTANCE (OHMS) | VOLTAGE <br> AMPLI-FICATION FACTOR (MU) | TRANSCONDUCTANCE (MICROMHOS) |  | EMISSION |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TUBE TYPE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | NORMAL | MINIMUM | $\underset{\left(\text { MA }^{\prime}\right)}{ }$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { TEST } \\ & \text { VOLTS } \end{aligned}$ |
| 5U4-G | 5.0 | 3.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 225 | 75 |
| 6AB7 | 6.3 | 0.45 | 300 | -3 | 200 | 12.5 | 3.2 | 700,000 | 3,500 | 5,000 | 4,000 | 20 | 65 |
| $6 \mathrm{H6}$ | 6.3 | 0.3 | 117 |  |  | 8 |  |  |  |  |  | 15 | 20 |
| 6K6.GT | 6.3 | 0.4 | 250 | -18 | 250 | 33 | 10 | 90,000 | 207 | 2,300 | 1,800 | 40 | 30 |
| 6SK7 | 6.3 | 0.3 | 250 | -3 | 100 | 9.2 | 2.6 | 800,000 | 1,600 | 2,000 | 1,600 | 65 | 30 |
| $6-8 \mathrm{~B} \dagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 991 |  |  | 59* |  |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| OC3/VR10S |  |  | 105** |  |  | 5-40 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

$\dagger$ Amperite regulating tube, $6-8$ volts, 0.5 ampere capacity.

* 67.87 volts starting.
** 115 volts starting.

TABLE 7-6. TUBE SOCKET VOLTACES——RBB PRESELECTOR

| TUBE <br> SYMBOL | $\begin{aligned} & \text { TUBE } \\ & \text { TYPE } \end{aligned}$ | UNIT |  |  | PIN NUMBER |  |  |  |  |  | GAIN CONTROL SETTING |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |  |
| V101 | 6SK7 | volts ma volts ma | 0 0 0 0 | 6.1 ac <br> 6.1 ac | $\begin{gathered} 0.76 \\ 0 \\ 18 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | 0 0 0 0 | $\begin{array}{r} 2.1 \\ 6.0 \\ 18 \\ 0.5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 66 \\ 1.4 \\ 85 \\ 0.1 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 180 \\ 5.0 \\ 208 \\ 0.4 \end{gathered}$ | $*_{\text {max }}$. <br> *max. $\min$. min. |
| V102 | 6SK7 | volts ma volts ma | 0 $\mathbf{0}$ $\mathbf{0}$ $\mathbf{0}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6.1 \mathrm{ac} \\ & 6.1 \mathrm{ac} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.7 \\ 0 \\ 13.5 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | 0 0 0 0 | $\begin{gathered} 2.0 \\ 5.7 \\ 13.5 \\ 0.34 \end{gathered}$ | 66 1.3 85 0.06 | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 180 \\ 4.6 \\ 208 \\ 0.3 \end{gathered}$ | * max. <br> *max. min. min. |
| V103 | 6AB7 | volts ma | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | 6.3 ac | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 \\ 14 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 90 \\ & 3.7 \end{aligned}$ | 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 40 \\ & 11 \end{aligned}$ | *max. <br> *max. |
| V104 | $6 \mathrm{AB7}$ | volts <br> ma | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7.8 \\ & 1.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 160 \\ 0.2 \end{gathered}$ | 6.1 ac | $\begin{aligned} & 195 \\ & 1.1 \end{aligned}$ | max. <br> max. |
| V106 | 6.8B | volts | $6.3 \dagger$ |  |  | 17 act |  |  |  |  |  |

All voltages measured to ground.
All voltages dc unless otherwise noted. Variation $20 \%$.
All measurements made on 20,000 ohms-per-volt meter, scale used having maximum range not more than three times value given.

* Grid must be grounded while measuring.
$\dagger 10$ volts ac between pins 1.4 of V106.
RECEPTION switch S 304 at CW setting.

TABLE 7－7．TUBE SOCKET VOLTAGES－RBC PRESELECTOR

| TUBE SYMBOL | TUBE TYPE | UNIT | PIN NUMBER |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | GAIN CONTROL SETTING |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |  |
| V201 | 6AB7 | volts ma volts ma | 0 0 0 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 6.1 \mathrm{ac} \\ & 6.1 \mathrm{ac} \end{aligned}$ | 1.3 0 23 0 | 0 0 0 0 | $\begin{gathered} 1.3 \\ 5.6 \\ 23 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 73 \\ 1.1 \\ 208 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | $0$ | $\begin{gathered} 182 \\ 4.7 \\ 211 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | ＊max． <br> ＊max． min． min． |
| V202 | 6SK7 | volts ma volts ma | 0 0 0 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 6.1 \mathrm{ac} \\ & 6.1 \mathrm{ac} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1.25 \\ 0 \\ 23.5 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | 0 0 0 0 | $\begin{gathered} 1.25 \\ 5.5 \\ 23.5 \\ 1.55 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 55 \\ 1.2 \\ 155 \\ 0.34 \end{gathered}$ | $0$ | $\begin{array}{r} 182 \\ 4.3 \\ 206 \\ 1.2 \end{array}$ | ＊max． <br> ＊max． min． $\min$ ． |
| V203 | 6AB7 | volts ma | 0 0 | 6.3 ac | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 8.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 85 \\ 2.15 \end{gathered}$ | 0 | ${ }_{8}^{66}$ | $\begin{gathered} *_{\max } \\ *_{\max } \end{gathered}$ |
| V204 | 6SK7 | volts ma | 0 0 | 0 0 | 13 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }^{13} 2.8$ | $\begin{gathered} 140 \\ 0.64 \end{gathered}$ | 6.1 ac | $\begin{gathered} 194 \\ 2.2 \end{gathered}$ | max． $\max$ ． |
| V206 | 6．8B | volts | 6.3 act |  |  | $17 \mathrm{act} \dagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |

All voltages measured to ground．
All measurements made on 20,000 ohms－per－volt meter，scale used having maximum range not more than three times value given．
＊Grid must be grounded while measuring
$\dagger 10$ volts ac between pins $1-4$ of V2

TABLE 7－8．TUBE SOCKET VOLTAGES—RBB／RBC IF／AF SECTION

| TVBESYMBOL | $\begin{aligned} & \text { TUBE } \\ & \text { TYPE } \end{aligned}$ | UNIT | PIN NUMBER |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | CONTROL SETTINGS |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | GAIN | RECEPTION | SILENCER | OUTPUT LEVEL |
| V301 | 6SK7 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { volts } \\ & \text { ma } \\ & \text { volts } \\ & \text { ma } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 0 0 0 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4.5 \\ 0.5 \\ 23.5 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4.5 \\ 5.8 \\ 23.5 \\ 0.24 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 95.0 \\ 1.35 \\ 120.0 \\ 0.04 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6.1 \mathrm{ac} \\ & 6.1 \mathrm{ac} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 202 \\ 41.8 \\ 0.2 \end{gathered}$ | ＊max． <br> ${ }^{*}$ max． <br> ＊min． <br> ＊min． | CW |  |  |
| V302 | 6SK7 | volts ma volts ma | 0 0 0 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3.5 \\ 03.5 \\ 0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3.5 \\ 5.8 \\ 23.5 \\ 0.27 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 80.0 \\ 1.27 \\ 120.0 \\ 0.05 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6.1 \mathrm{ac} \\ & 6.1 \mathrm{ac} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 182 \\ 4.8 \\ 212 \\ 0.22 \end{gathered}$ | ＊max． <br> ＊max． <br> ＊min． <br> ＊min． | CW |  |  |
| V303 | 6SK7 | volts ma volts ma | 0 0 0 0 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2.9 \\ 0.9 \\ 24.5 \\ 0 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 0 0 0 0 0 | 2.9 5.6 24.5 1.8 | $\begin{gathered} 70.0 \\ 1.25 \\ 170 \\ 0.35 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6.1 \mathrm{ac} \\ & 6.1 \mathrm{ac} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 180 \\ 4.4 \\ 205 \\ 1.5 \end{gathered}$ | max． min． min． max． | CW |  |  |
| V304 | 6AB7 | volts ma | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | 0 | $\begin{gathered} 125 \\ 0.08 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4.2 \\ & 1.85 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 125 \\ 0.34 \end{gathered}$ | 6.1 ac | $\begin{gathered} 145 \\ 1.5 \end{gathered}$ | max． max． | CW |  |  |
| V305 | 6H6 | volts <br> ma | 0 | $\underset{0}{6.1 \mathrm{ac}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 30 \\ 0 \end{array}$ | $\underset{0}{-0.3}$ |  | 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.02 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | max． max． | $\begin{aligned} & \text { MOD } \\ & \text { MOD } \end{aligned}$ | max． max． | max． max． |
| V306 | 6H6 | volts ma volts ma | 0 0 0 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.4 \\ & 0.03 \\ & 0 \\ & 0.11 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 60.0 \\ 0.03 \\ 0 \\ 0.11 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} -4.61 \\ 0 \\ -4.6 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 6.1 \mathrm{ac} \\ & 6.1 \mathrm{ac} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.2 \\ & 0 \\ & 0.2 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | min． <br> min． <br> max． <br> max． | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CW.OL } \\ & \text { CW.OL } \\ & \text { CW.OL } \\ & \text { CW-OL } \end{aligned}$ | $\ldots$ $\ldots$ $\ldots$ | max． <br> max． <br> min． <br> min． |
| V307 | 6SK7 | volts <br> ma | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 1.55 \\ & 1.45 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 28.0 \\ 0.36 \end{gathered}$ | 6.1 ac | $\begin{array}{r} 68.0 \\ 1.1 \end{array}$ | max． max． | $\begin{aligned} & \text { MOD } \\ & \text { MOD } \end{aligned}$ | max． max． | $\ldots$ |
| V308 | 6SK7 | volrs ma volts ma volts ma | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0.06 \\ -0.2 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.4 \\ & 0.32 \\ & 3.4 \\ & 0.7 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 15.0 \\ & 0.08 \\ & 55.0 \\ & 0.34 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6.1 \mathrm{ac} \\ & 6.1 \mathrm{ac} \\ & 6.1 \mathrm{ac} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 60 \\ 0.25 \\ 7 \\ 0.38 \\ 180 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | min． <br> min <br> $\max$ ． <br> max． <br> max． <br> max． | CW－OL CW－OL MOD－AVC－SIL MOD－AVC．SIL MOD．AVC．SIL MOD－AVC．SIL | max． <br> max． max． max． min． min． |  |

（Continued）

TABLE 7-8. TUBE SOCKET VOLTAGES—RBB/RBC IF/AF SECTION-Continued

| $\begin{gathered} \text { TUBE } \\ \text { SYMBOL } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { TUBE } \\ & \text { TYPE } \end{aligned}$ | UNIT | PIN NUMBER |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | CONTROL SETTINGS |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\dagger$ | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | GAIN | RECEPTION | SILENCER | OUTPUT LEVEL |
| V309 | 6H6 | volts ma volts ma volts ma volts ma | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 0 \\ & 0.03 \\ & 0 \\ & 1.2 \\ & 0.2 \\ & 0.02 \\ & 00 \\ & 0.02 \end{aligned}$ | 0.4 0.03 0 1.2 0.4 0.02 0.4 0.02 | $\begin{gathered} \hline 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0.2 \\ 0 \\ 156 \\ 0.02 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 6.1 \mathrm{ac} \\ & 6.1 \mathrm{ac} \\ & 6.1 \mathrm{ac} \\ & 6.1 \mathrm{ac} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 130 \\ 0 \\ 160 \\ 0.02 \end{gathered}$ | min. min. max. max. max. max. max. | CW.OL CW.OL CW.OL CW.OL MOD.AVC-SIL MOD.AVC-SL MOD-AVC-SIL MOD-AVC-SIL |  | max. max. mana, max. max. max. min. min. |
| - V310 | 6AB7 | volts <br> ma | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.35 \\ & 1.56 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 47.0 \\ 0.32 \end{gathered}$ | 6.1 ac | $\begin{gathered} 68.0 \\ 1.25 \end{gathered}$ | $\max _{\max .}$ | MOD MOD | max. max. |  |
| V311 | 6K6.GT | volts <br> ma |  | 0 | $\begin{gathered} 192 \\ 18.5 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 200 \\ 2.8 \end{array}$ |  |  | 6.1 ac | $13.5$ | $\begin{aligned} & \max . \\ & \max . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { MOD } \\ & \text { MOD } \end{aligned}$ | max. max. | $\ldots$ |
| V501 | 6AB7 | volis <br> ma | 0 0 | 0 0 | 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | 5.75 | $\begin{aligned} & 135 \\ & 5.75 \end{aligned}$ | 6.1 ac | ${ }^{135} 5.75$ | $\cdots$ | ............ | $\ldots$ |  |

All voltages measured to ground. voltages dc unless otherwise noted. Variation $20 \%$.

* All measurements made on 20,000 ohms-per-volt meter, scale used having maximum range not more than three times value given
* Grid grounded of tube being checked.

TABLE 7-9. TUBE SOCKET RESISTANCES_-RBB
(PRESELECTOR AND IF/AF SECTIONS)

| TUBESYMBOL | TYPE | PIN NUMBER |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | RECEPTION SWITCH SETTING |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |  |
| V101 | 6SK7 | 0 | 0.3 | 120 | 300,000 | 340 | 15,000 | 0 | 15,000 | MOD |
| V102 | 6SK7 | 0 | 0.3 | 120 | 300,000 | 340 | 15,000 | 0 | 15,000 | MOD |
| V103* | 6AB7 | 0 | 40 | 0 | 47.000 | 0 | open* | 0 | open* | MOD |
| V104 | 6AB7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100,000 | 6,000 | 110,000 | 0.3 | 15,000 | MOD |
| V106 | 6.8 B | open* | no cona. | no conn. | 4.5 |  |  |  |  | . . . |
| V301 | 6SK7 | 0 | 0 | 680 | 220,000 | 680 | 8,000 | 0.3 | 10,000 | MOD |
| V302 | ¢SK7 | 0 | 0 | 470 | 100,000 | 470 | 18,000 | 0.3 | 15,000 | MOD |
| V303 | 6SK7 | 0 | 0 | 470 | 1.500,000 | 470 | 110,000 | 0.3 | 15,000 | MOD |
| V304 | 6AB7 | 0 | 0 | 140,000 | 68,000 | 1.950 | 140,000 | 0.3 | 47,000 | CW |
| V305 | $6 \mathrm{H6}$ | 0 | 0.3 | 700,000 | 7,800 | 540,000 | no conn. | 0 | 15.000 | MOD |
| V306 | 6H6 | 0 | 0 | \%pen | 25.000 | 270,000 | no conn. | 0.3 | .2,300,000 | MOD |
| V307 | 6SK7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3,200,000 | 1,000 | 480,000 | 0.3 | 120,000 | MOD |
| V308 | 6SK7 | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 50.000 \\ & 50,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3,900 \\ 950 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,200,000 \\ 500,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.3 \\ & 0.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 500,000 \\ & 120,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CWOL } \\ & \text { MOD } \end{aligned}$ |
| V309 | 6H6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | open | 1,600,000 | no conn. | 0.3 | 1,100,000 | MOD |
| V310 | $6 \mathrm{AB7}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2,700,000 | 3.900 | 250.000 | 0.3 | 500,000 | MOD-AVC.SIL |
| V311 | 6K6-GT | no conn. | 0 | 10,000 | 10,000 | 1,000,000 | no conn. | 0.3 | 680 | MOD |
| V501 | 6AB7 | . 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,000,000 | 470 | 20,000 | 0.3 | 20,000 | .... |

* Open only when power unit is disconñected

All resistances in ohms. Variation $20 \%$.
All resistances measured
Tube removed from socket under test; all other tubes in place.

TABLE 7-10. TUBE SOCKET RESISTANCES-RBC (PRESELECTOR AND IF/AF SECTIONS)

| TUBE SYMBOL | TUBE | PIN NUMBER |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | RECEPTION SWITCH SETTING |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |  |
| V201 | 6AB7 | 0 | 0.3 | 220 | 1,300,000 | 220 | 140,000 | 0 | 20,000 | MOD |
| V202 | 6SK7 | 0 | 0.3 | 220 | 1,300,000 | 220 | 140,000 | 0 | 20,000 | MOD |
| V203 | 6AB7 | 0 | 40 | 0 | 47,000 | 0.1 | open* | 0.15 | open* | MOD |
| V204 | 6SK7 | 0 | 0 | 4,700 | 1,000,000 | 4,700 | 120,000 | 0.3 | 20.000 | MOD |
| V206 | 6.8B | 4.5 | no conn. | no conn. | open* |  |  |  |  | $\ldots$ |
| V301 | $65 K 7$ | 0 | 0 | 680 | 220,000 | 680 | 11,000 | 0.3 | 15,000 | MOD |
| V302 | 6SK7 | 0 | 0 | 470 | 100,000 | 470 | 21,000 | 0.3 | 20,000 | MOD |
| V303 | 6SK7 | 0 | 0 | 470 | 1,500,000 | 470 | 115,000 | 0.3 | 20,000 | MOD |
| V304 | 6AB7 | 0 | 0 | 140,000 | 68,000 | 1,950 | 140,000 | 0.3 | 52.000 | Cw |
| V305 | 6H6 | 0 | 0.3 | 700,000 | 7,800 | 540,000 | no conn. | 0 | 15,000 | MOD |
| V306 | 6H6 | 0 | 0 | open | 25,000 | 270,000 | no conn. | 0.3 | 2,300,000 | MOD |
| V307 | $6 \mathrm{SK7}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3,200,000 | 1,000 | 480,000 | 0.3 | 125,000 | MOD |
| V308 | 6SK7 | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 50,000 \\ 2,700,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,900 \\ & 3,900 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,200,000 \\ 250,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.3 \\ & 0.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 500,000 \\ & 500,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { CW-OL } \\ \text { MOD-AVC-SIL } \end{gathered}$ |
| V309 | 6H6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | open | 1,600,000 | no conn. | 0.3 | 1,100,000 | MOD |
| V310 | 6AB7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 50,000 | 950 | 500,000 | 0.3 | 125,000 | MOD |
| V311 | GK6.GT | no conn. | 0 | 15,000 | 15,000 | 1,000,000 | no conn. | 0.3 | 680 | MOD |
| V501 | 6AB7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,000.000 | 470 | 20,000 | 0.3 | 20,000 | .... |

* Open only when power unit is disconnected.

All resistances in ohms. Variation $20 \%$.
All resistances measured to ground.
All cables disconnecred.
Tube removed from socket under test; all other tubes in place.

TABLE 7-11. RESISTANCES, J301

| TERMINAL <br> 3301 | RESISTANCES |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | RBB | RBC |
| A | 7 | 7 |
| B | 0 | 0 |
| C | 0 | 0 |
| D | 0.3 | 0.3 |
| E | open | open |
| F | 0 | 0 |
| G | 10,000 | 15,000 |
| S | open | open |
| $\mathbf{P}$ | open | open |

All resistances in ohms. Variations $20 \%$
All resistances measured to ground

TABLE 7-12. RESISTANCES, J302

| TERMINAL <br> $\mathbf{J 3 0 2}$ | RESISTANCES <br> RBB/RBC |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 0 |
| 2 | 1.3 |
| 3 | 1.3 |

All resistances in ohms. Variations $20 \%$
All resistances measured to ground

Where servicing requires separation of the two receiver sections or where disassembly operations are required, reference should be made to paragraph 5, "Mechanical Maintenance," in this section.

Components on the $\mathrm{RBB} / \mathrm{RBC}$ chassis are identified on Figures 7-9 to 7-16.

Figures 7-60 and 7-61 are the RBB and RBC preselector connection diagrams while Figures $7-64$ and $7-65$ are the corresponding schematic diagrams.

The RBB/RBC if/af section connection and schematic diagrams are supplied on Figures 7-66 and 7.67

## 3. RBB/RBC NOISE LEVEL AND SENSITIVITY.

Curves on operation of the RBB/RBC are supplied as follows:

Figure 7-38 - Dial calibration, RBB/RBC
Figure 7-39 - Cw sensitivity, RBB/RBC
Figures $7-40$ to $7-43$ - Selectivity, bands 1-4, RBB
Figures 7-44 to 7-47 - Selectivity, bands 1-4, RBC
Figure 7-48 - I-f selectivity, RBB/RBC
Figure 7-49 - Image selectivity, RBB/RBC
Figure 7.50
Figure 7.51
Figure 7.52
Figure 7.53
Figure 7.54
Figure 7.55
Figure 7.56
Figure 7.57

- Audio fidelity, RBB
- Audio fidelity, RBC
— Resonant overload, RBB
—Resonant overload, RBC
- Agc, RBB
- Agc, RBC
- Output limiter, RBB
- Output limiter, RBC
a. NOISE LEVEL.-To locate the source of excessive receiver noise, first disconnect the antenna. If noise is not reduced, tap suspected parts to check for loose connections, imperfect shielding, or noisy tubes. Power supply line filters may also be defective.

Normal receiver noise values are tabulated in Tables 7-13 and 7-14 for the RBB and RBC units, respectively. Values shown are indicated on the OUTPUT meter and require that the receiver input be disconnected from the antenna and terminated in a standard dummy antenna, such as Antenna Simulator SM-35/URM-25 unit furnished with RF Signal Generator Set AN/URM-25. The GAIN control knob should be at maximum, the RADIO SELECTIVITY control knob in the BROAD position, and the RECEPTION knob in the MOD position. Considerable variation may be expected in the values given due to normal tube and circuit variations.

TABLE 7-13. NOISE OUTPUT VOLTAGES—RBB Noise Output in DB (Zero Level=60 Microwatts)

| BAND | SEIAL | overall NOISE | $\begin{aligned} & \text { V101 } \\ & \text { RE- } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { V102 } \\ \text { RE- } \\ \text { MOVED } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { V203 PLATE } \\ \text { VOLTAGE } \\ \text { REMOVED } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.5 \mathrm{mc} \\ & 0.84 \mathrm{mc} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 22 \\ & 30 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 16 \\ & 24 \end{aligned}$ | $11$ | 0 |
| 2 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.84 \mathrm{mc} \\ & 1.41 \mathrm{mc} \end{aligned}$ | 20 26 | $\begin{aligned} & 16 \\ & 20 \end{aligned}$ | 14 | 0 |
| 3 | $\begin{aligned} & 1.41 \mathrm{mc} \\ & 2,37 \mathrm{mc} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 22 \\ & 29 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 15 \\ & 21 \end{aligned}$ | $11$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{0} \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |
| 4 | $\begin{aligned} & 2,37 \mathrm{mc} \\ & 4.00 \mathrm{mc} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 23 \\ & 31 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 16 \\ & 23 \end{aligned}$ | $12$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |

TABLE 7-14. NOISE OUTPUT VOLTAGES-RBC Noise Output in DB (Zero Level=60 Microwatts)

| BAND | SEIAL | overall NOISE | $\begin{gathered} \text { V2OI } \\ \text { ROE } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { V202 } \\ & \text { MOE RED } \end{aligned}$ | V203 PLATE VOLTAGE VOLTAGE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | $\begin{aligned} & 4.0 \mathrm{mc} \\ & 6.45 \mathrm{mc} \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{28}^{26}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 18 \\ & 22 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 13 \\ & 20 \end{aligned}$ | 1 |
| 2 | $\begin{gathered} 6.45 \mathrm{mc} \\ 10.3 \mathrm{mc} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 25 \\ & 28 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 16 \\ & 24 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 11 \\ & 20 \end{aligned}$ | 1 |
| 3 | 10.3 mc 16.5 mc | $\begin{aligned} & 14 \\ & 27 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 11 \\ & 20 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{17}^{6}$ | 1 |
| 4 | 16.5 mc | $\begin{aligned} & 16 \\ & 21 \end{aligned}$ | $16$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4 \\ 16 \end{array}$ | 1 |

b. A-F, I-F, AND R-F SENSITIVITY.-Standard RBB/RBC output or sensitivity is obtained when, with a 600 -ohm non-inductive load connected to J 302 and the ADD DECIBELS switch in the +20 position, the OUTPUT meter indicates zero db . This reading is equivalent to 6 milliwatts signal input. Noise output must have previously been checked to insure the proper signal-to-noise ratio.

To check the response in the a-f, i-f, and r-f portions of the receiver, the following equipment is required:
R.F. Signal Generator Set AN/URM-25 or Navy Model LP.

Navy Model LAJ series Audio Oscillator Equipment.

Navy type 60107 DC Microammeter.
Multimeter ME-25/U series.
Signal application points and values are listed in Tables $7-15$ to $7-18$. In all four tabulations the standard output, defined in the preceding paragraph, must be obtained or the equipment is not operating satisfactorily.

## TABLE 7-15. A-F INPUTS FOR STANDARD OUTPUT——RB/RBC

|  | GENERATOR |
| :---: | :---: |
| GENERATOR | OUTPUT |
| CONNECTION POINT | AT 1,000 CYCLES |
| V307, pin 4 | 0.15 volts |
| V310, pin 4 | 0.8 volts |
| V311, pin 5 | 1.5 volts |

Conditions:
RECEPTION switch at MOD.
AUDIO SELECTIVITY switch at BROAD

$s I-L$


TABLE 7-16. I-F INPUTS FOR STANDARD OUTPUT-RBB/RBC

| GENERATOR CONNECTION POINT | 400 KC GENERATOR OUTPUT, MODULATED $30 \%$ AT 1,000 CYCLES |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | RADIO SELECT. SWITCH AT BROAD | RADIO SELECT. SWITCH AT MED. | RADIO SELECT. SWITCH AT SHARP |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { V104, (V204), pin } 4 \\ & \text { V301, pin } 4 \\ & \text { V302, pin } 4 \\ & \text { V303, pin } 4 \end{aligned}$ | 38 microvolts 190 microvolts 4,800 microvolts 115,000 microvolts | 40 microvolts 290 microvolts 10,300 microvolts 90,000 microvolts | 25 microvolts 220 microvolts 9,200 microvolts 84,000 microvolts |

Conditions:
RECEPTION switch at MOD.
GAIN control at maximum.
Plate voltage removed from V103 (V203). Refer to Figure 7-11 or 7-14.

TABLE 7-17. R-F INPUTS FOR STANDARD OUTPUT—RBB

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { DIAL } \\ & \text { SET- } \\ & \text { TING } \end{aligned}$ | GENERATOR OUTPUT FREQUENCY MODULATED 30\% AT <br> 1,000 CYCLES | generator output value and connection points |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BAND |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { VIN4, }^{\text {PIN }} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { V102, } \\ & \text { PIN } 4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Vit, } \\ & \text { PiN } \end{aligned}$ | *DUMMY ANTENNA |
| 1 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.5 \\ & 0.84 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.5 \mathrm{mc} \\ & 0.84 \mathrm{mc} \end{aligned}$ | 320 microvolts 1100 microvolts | 100 microvolts <br> 150 microvolts | 24 microvolts <br> 28 microvolts | 2.3 microvolts <br> 3.2 microvolts |
| 2 | $\begin{gathered} 0.84 \\ 1.41 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.84 \mathrm{mc} \\ & 1.41 \mathrm{mc} \end{aligned}$ | 290 microvolts 670 microvolts | 100 microvolts 100 microvolts | 25 microvolts <br> 28 microvolts | 2.5 microvolts <br> 3.1 microvolts |
| 3 | 1.41 2.37 | $\begin{aligned} & 1.41 \mathrm{mc} \\ & 2.37 \mathrm{mc} \end{aligned}$ | 360 microvolts 1000 microvolts | 104 microvolts 130 microvolts | 26 microvolts <br> 37 microvolts | 2.4 microvolts <br> 4.9 microvolts |
| 4 | $\begin{aligned} & 2.37 \\ & 4.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.37 \mathrm{mc} \\ & 4.0 \mathrm{mc} \end{aligned}$ | 460 microvolts 1200 microvolts | 110 microvolts <br> 120 microvolts | 26 microvolts 28 microvolts | 3.9 microvolts <br> 5.3 microvolts |

* 70 ohms shunt resistance. Signal applied through dummy antenna.

Conditions:
RECEPTION switch at MOD.
RADIO SELECTIVITY switch at BROAD.
GAIN control set to produce 60 microwatts noise output. (In the DIRECT position of the ADD DECIBELS switch, zero db on the OUTPUT meter is equal to 60 microwatts.)

TABLE 7-18. R-F INPUTS FOR STANDARD OUTPUT-RBC

| BAND | $\begin{aligned} & \text { DIAL } \\ & \text { SET- } \\ & \text { TING } \end{aligned}$ | GENERATOR | GENERATOR OUTPUT VALUE AND CONNECTION POINTS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { V202, }_{4} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { V201, } \\ & \text { PiN } \end{aligned}$ | *DUMMY ANTENNA |
| 1 | 4.0 6.45 | $4.0 \mathrm{mc}$ | 111 microvolts 140 microvolts | 15 microvolts <br> 20 microvolts | 6.8 microvolts <br> 7.0 microvolts |
| 2 | ${ }_{10.45}^{6.45}$ | 6.45 mc 10.3 mc | 110 microvolts 160 microvolts | 10 microvolts <br> 15 microvolts | 7.2 microvolts <br> 7.4 microvolts |
| 3 | 10.3 | $\begin{array}{ll} 10.3 & \mathrm{mc} \\ 16.5 & \mathrm{mc} \end{array}$ | 100 microvolts 150 microvolts | 9.5 microvolts 13 microvolis | 8.8 microvolts <br> 6.8 microvolts |
| 4 | ${ }_{27}^{16.5}$ | ${ }_{27}^{16.5} \mathrm{mc}$ | 130 microvolts 95 microvolts | 12 microvolts <br> 12 microvolts | 8.4 microvolts 8.0 microvolts |

* Signal applied through dummy antenna.

Conditions:
RECEPTION switch at MOD.
RADIO SELECTIVITY switch at BROAD.
GAIN control set to produce 60 microwatts noise output, (In the DIRECT position of the ADD DECIBELS switch, zero db on the OUTPUT meter is equal to 60 microwatts.)

## Note

Inputs to the first detector grid have been omitted from Table $7-18$ since the oscillator excitation is fed into the first detector grid
circuit. If a low-impedance generator output is applied to the first detector grid, the oscillator excitation is so reduced as to preclude measurement.


## 4. CIRCUIT ALIGNMENT.

Under normal operating conditions the RBB/RBC equipments will maintain adjustment over long periods of time. A periodic check, however, is advisable to insure realization of full-performance capabilities of the equipment. A recheck of circuit alignment and adjustment is advisable after replacements have been made in components or wiring. In most cases it will be necessary to readjust only the particular portions of the circuit affected by the replacements.

In general, the same alignment procedure is used for both the RBB and RBC preselector sections, variations occurring only in frequencies and components. However, in addition, a neutralizing step is necessary following adjustment of the RBC heterodyning oscillator, while the RBB unit requires bandspread and i-f rejection adjustments.

## a. IF/AF SECTION ALIGNMENT, RBB/RBC.

(1) I-F ALIGNMENT.-An r-f signal generator capable of an unmodulated 400 kc output is required for alignment of the i-f stages. R-F Signal Generator Set AN/URM-25 or Navy Model LP is satisfactory. A 50 -microampere meter such as Navy Type 60107 or an electronic voltmeter such as Multimeter ME-25/U is also required.

| Controls and switches should be set as follows: |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| POWER | - OFF |
| AUDIO SELECTIVITY | - BROAD |
| NOISE LIMITER | - OFF |
| FREQUENCY VERNIER | - zero |
| OUTPUT LEVEL | - zero |
| ANT. COMP. | - zero |
| SILENCER | - zero |
| ADD DECIBELS | - OFF |
| RADIO SELECTIVITY | - SHARP |
| GAIN | -95 (approx.) |
| RECEPTION | - MOD |

Refer to Figure $7-11$ or $7-14$, whichever is appropriate, and disconnect the oscillator plate supply lead, white wire with red-and-green tracer.

If using Navy Type 60107 microammeter, remove the link connector on terminal board E308 located between V310 and V311, and connect the microammeter in place of the link.

If using Multimeter M-25/U connect it between the junction of R347-R348 and the chassis (ground).

Connect the output of the signal generator to pin 4 of V104 (or V204). Adjust the generator for a signal output of $400 \mathrm{kc} \pm 0.1$ per cent.

Operate the receiver POWER switch to ON, and adjust the generator for a reading of seven microamperes on the microammeter or 2.1 volts on the multimeter.

In the order listed, adjust the top and bottom cores of T305, T304, T303, and T302 for maximum output, reducing the generator output as necessary to keep the meter reading at seven microamperes or 2.1 volts.

This completes the i-f alignment. Adjustment of the i-f transformers, in the MEDIUM and BROAD positions of the RADIO SELECTIVITY switch, is not required.
(2) CW OSCILLATOR ALIGNMENT. - To align the cw oscillator stage, V304, set all controls as specified for the i-f alignment in the preceding paragraph, except place the RECEPTION switch at CW. Only the r-f signal generator, as used for i-f alignment, is required for the cw oscillator adjustment.

Connect the signal generator to pin 4 of V104 (or V204). Adjust the generator for a signal output of $400 \mathrm{kc} \pm 0.1$ per cent.

Operate the POWER switch to ON.
Advance the generator output slightly and adjust the screw at the top of transformer T306 until an audible beat note of approximately 1000 cycles is heard.

When the note is audible, turn the inductance adjustment screw of T306 in whichever direction is necessary to obtain zero beat. Zero beat is the setting from which an audible note will be heard when the adjustment screw is turned in either direction.

Now turn the adjusting screw clockwise until a note of approximately 1000 cycles is heard. When near 1000 cycles, throw the AUDIO SELECTIVITY switch to SHARP and turn the adjustment screw until the loudest signal is heard in the headphones.

This completes alignment of the cw oscillator.
If an accurate source of 400 kc input signal is not available, the input signal should first be accurately tuned to the center of the SHARP i-f band, with the AUDIO SELECTIVITY switch in the BROAD position. Then use the SHARP position of the AUDIO SELECTIVITY switch to determine the correct adjustment of T306 for a 1000 cycle output, as previously described.
(3) ADJUSTMENT OF BAND-PASS FILTER PAD R364.-Band-pass filter potentiometer, R364, is situated on the side of the if/af section, below the chassis. Location of R364 is indicated on Figures 7-15 and 7-17. An r-f signal generator is required capable
of supplying an unmodulated signal at any reception frequency.

Set the panel controls and switches as follows:

| RECEPTION | - CW |
| :--- | :--- |
| AUDIO SELECTIVITY | - SHARP |
| NOISE LIMITER | - OFF |
| OUTPUT LEVEL | - zero |
| ANT. COMP. | - zero |
| FREQUENCY VERNIER | - zero |
| RADIO SELECTIVITY | - BROAD |

Operate the POWER switch to ON. Holding the ADD DECIBELS switch in the DIRECT position, adjust the GAIN control for a zero reading on the OUTPUT meter.

Place the ADD DECIBELS switch in the +20 position.

Connect a signal generator to the receiver input receptacle, and apply an unmodulated r-f signal. Signal should be of a level sufficient to produce zero reading on the OUTPU'T meter.

Throw the AUDIO SELECTIVITY switch to BROAD.

Loosen the lock nut on R364 and, with a screwdriver, adjust R364 for a reading 4 DB lower than that obtained under the SHARP condition.

Tighten the lock nut on R364.
(4) ADJUSTMENT OF OUTPUT LIMITER PAD R362.-Potentiometer R362, which sets the level to the output limiter circuit, may be adjusted as follows. This control is shown on Figures 7-14 and 7-16. A generator is required capable of supplying an unmodulated r-f signal, at any input frequency.

Adjust the panel controls to the following positions:
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { RECEPTION } & \text { - } \mathrm{CW} \\ \text { OUTPUT LEVEL } & \text { - maximum }\end{array}$
Operate the POWER switch to ON. Hold the ADD DECIBELS switch in the DIRECT position and adjust the GAIN knob for zero reading on the OUTPUT meter.

Set the ADD DECIBELS switch to +20 .
Apply an unmodulated signal to the receiver input receptacle. Any frequency in the reception band is satisfactory. Signal level should be sufficient to produce a reading of +16 db on the OUTPUT meter.

Now operate the RECEPTION switch to CWOL. Loosen the lock nut on R362 and adjust the shaft for a reading four db higher than that obtained in the preceding paragraph.

Tighten the lock nut on R362.

## b. PRESELECTOR SECTION ALIGNMENT,

 RBB/RBC.-The following instructions apply to both the RBB and RBC units except for band-spread, neutralization, and i-f rejection adjustments which are indicated as being applicable to a particular unit.(1) HETERODYNE OSCILLATOR HEATER ADJUSTMENT, RBB/RBC.-Potentiometer R116 (or R219) adjusts the voltage through regulator tube V106 (or V206) and thus functions to regulate the
heater voltage on oscillator tube V103 (or V203). Location of R116 (R219) is indicated on Figure $7-10$ or 7-13. An a-c voltmeter is required for adjustment.

Connect the a-c voltmeter across the heater terminals of oscillator tube V103 (or V203). These terminals are numbers one and two of the terminal board on the oscillator coil box, shown on Figure $7-11$ or 7-14. Apply power to the receiver and adjust R116 (or $\mathbf{R} 219$ ) to obtain a 6.3 volt $\pm 5$ per cent meter reading. Then vary the a-c line voltage plus and minus ten per cent by varying the link connections with Rectifier Power Unit and note the readings. Allow about five minutes for stabilization after each change, before taking readings.

Now vary the adjustment of R116 (or R219) to obtain as constant heater voltage as possible for the variations in the a-c supply voltage, keeping the heater voltage within the limits of 6.3 volts, $\pm 5$ per cent.

If the line voltage variation was accomplished by changing the rectifier power unit link position, be sure to return it to its proper position.
(2) HETERODYNE OSCILLATOR ALIGN. MENT, RBB/RBC.-An r-f signal generaior capable of $30 \%$ modulation at 1,000 cycles is required for alignment of the heterodyne oscillator stage, V103 (V203). Generator frequencies are listed in Tables 7-19 and 7-20.

Panel controls should be adjusted as follows, after first placing the receiver so that it rests on the if/af side:

| RECEPTION | - MOD |
| :--- | :--- |
| RADIO SELECTIVITY | - SHARP |
| GAIN | -95 (approx.) |
| ANT. COMP. | -zero |
| OUTPUT LEVEL | - zero |
| SILENCER | - zero |
| FREQUENCY VERNIER - zero |  |
| NOISE LIMITER | - OFF |
| AUDIO SELECTIVITY | - BROAD |
| ADD DECIBELS | -+20 |

Throw the POWER switch to ON.
In the following procedure, each band should be aligned in succession, first at the high-frequency (HF) end, then at the low-frequency (LF) end, followed by a final adjustment at the high-frequency end.



Figure 7-13. RBC Component Identification, Below Chassis


Figure 7-14. RBC Terminal Board Identification, Left Side—Shield Covers Removed

## TABLE 7-19. HETERODYNE OSCILLATOR ALIGNMENT DATA-RBB

| 8AND |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { REC. DIAL } \\ & \text { GENERDTOR } \\ & \text { FREQ. } \end{aligned}$ | item adjusted |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | ( HF | 0.84 mc 0.5 mc | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{C} 145 \\ & \mathrm{~T} 113 \end{aligned}$ |
| 2 | \{ HF | $\begin{aligned} & 1.41 \mathrm{mc} \\ & 0.84 \mathrm{mc} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { C146 } \\ & \text { T114 } \end{aligned}$ |
| 3 | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { HF } \\ \text { LF }\end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.37 \mathrm{mc} \\ & 1.41 \mathrm{mc} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { C147 } \\ & \text { T115 } \end{aligned}$ |
| 4 | \{ HF | $\underset{2.37 \mathrm{mc}}{4.0}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{C}_{1} 48 \\ & \mathrm{~T} 116 \end{aligned}$ |

TABLE 7-20. HETERODYNE OSCILLATOR ALICNMENT DATA—RBC

| BAND |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { REC. DIAL } \\ & \text { GENERD } \\ & \text { EREQ. } \end{aligned}$ |  | ITEM ADJUSTED |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | \{ HF |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{me} \\ & \mathrm{me} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{C} 253 \\ & \mathrm{~T} 213 \end{aligned}$ |
| 2 | \{ $\mathbf{H F}_{\text {LF }}$ | $\begin{gathered} 10.3 \\ 6.45 \end{gathered}$ | $\mathrm{mc}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{C} 254 \\ & \mathrm{~T} 214 \end{aligned}$ |
| 3 | \{ HF | 16.5 10.3 | $\mathrm{mc}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{C} 255 \\ & \mathrm{~T} 215 \end{aligned}$ |
| 4 | (HF | 27.0 16.5 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{mc} \\ & \mathrm{mc} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{C} 256 \\ & \mathrm{~T} 216 \end{aligned}$ |

It will be noted on Tables $7-19$ and $7-20$ that the capacitor adjustments (HF) are above the chassis while the transformer core adjustments (LF) are below the chassis. Figures $7-9,7-10,7-12$, and $7-13$ indicate location of the components referenced.

Referring to Table $7-19$ or $7-20$, set the signal generator and the receiver dial to the high-frequency $(0.84 \mathrm{mc}$ or 6.45 mc$)$ for Band I. Adjust the generator for 1000 -cycle modulation and conncet the output to the antenna terminal. If the r-f system is misaligned it may be necessary to connect the generator output to the second r-f box input terminal. This terminal is located above the chassis, adjacent to V102 (V202), and is the ceramic-mounted terminal nearest to the ANT. COMP. shaft.

Adjust the output of the signal generator until the OUTPUT meter indicates zero db .

Adjust capacitor C145 (or C253) until the OUTPUT meter reading starts to rise. If the reading starts to fall, reverse the rotation of the adjustment screw.

Readjust the output of the signal generator until the OUTPUT meter again indicates zero db .

Repeat the two preceding steps until the OUTPUT meter indication fails to rise. Leave the indicator at zero db .

Set the signal generator and receiver tuning dial to the LF for Band 1, 0.5 megacycles (RBB) or 4.0 megacycles (RBC).

Adjust transformer T113 (or T213) until the OUTPUT meter reading starts to rise. If the reading starts to fall, reverse the rotation of the adjustment screw.

Readjust the output of the signal generator until the receiver OUTPUT meter again indicates zero db .

Repeat the two preceding steps until the OUTPUT meter indicator no longer rises.

Recheck alignment at the HF end of the band. This completes alignment of Band 1 in the oscillator stage.

In a similar manner align bands 2,3 , and 4 , referring to the previously-mentioned illustrations and Tables $7-19$ and $7-20$. While aligning the oscillator, note that two responses are obtainable, corresponding to oscillator frequency settings either 400 kc above or below the signal frequency. The higher frequency setting is correct and may be checked in the following manner: After setting the oscillator, increase the input signal level and vary the input frequency 800 kc above and below the alignment frequency to obtain the image response. If the oscillator setting is correct, the image should be found at 800 kc above the alignment frequency.
(3) NEUTRALIZATION, HETERODYNE OSCILLATOR, RBC.-After aligning Band 4 in the RBC oscillator stage, a neutralizing adjustment is required. Panel control settings are the same as for oscillator alignment, except that the RECEPTION knob should be turned to CW and the RADIO SELECTIVITY switch to BROAD.

Throw the "POWER" switch to the ON position.

Apply an unmodulated, $\mathrm{cw}, 27 \mathrm{mc}$ signal to the receiver antenna connection, of sufficient level to produce zero reading on the OUTPUT meter.

In the second r-f box, tune capacitor C252 through resonance, observing the output beat note variation.

Adjust L201 for minimum beat note variation. The core-adjusting screw of L201 is located on the side of the chassis, adjacent to terminal board E219, and is identified on Figure 7-14.

After completing this adjustment, realign the heterodyne oscillator for Band 4 , as described in the preceding instructions for oscillator alignment.


(4) R-F AMPLIFIER ALIGNMENT, RBB/ RBC.-The following notes cover instructions for alignment of the antenna input components and the r-f amplifier stages. Components to be adjusted are located in the antenna box and the first and second r-f boxes. A d-c voltmeter and an r-f signal generator are required, the generator capable of 1,000 -cycle modulation at the frequencies specified in Tables 7-21 and 7-22.

Panel control settings for r-f amplifier alignment are as follows:

| RECEPTION | - MOD |
| :--- | :--- |
| RADIO SELECTIVITY | - SHARP |
| FREQUENCY VERNIER | - zero |
| OUTPUT LEVEL | - zero |
| SILENCER | - zero |
| NOISE LIMITER | - OFF |
| AUDIO SELECTIVITY | - BROAD or |
|  |  |
|  | SHARP |

ANT. COMP. - zero
Set the RBB and RBC antenna link board connections for single receiver operation from an antenna, as specified on Figure 3-11 or 3-12, in Section 3.

Operate the POWER switch to ON and, holding the ADD DECIBELS switch in the DIRECT position, adjust the GAIN control for zero reading on the OUTPUT meter. The GAIN setting should be approximately 95.

Now turn the ADD DECIBELS knob to +20 .
Apply an r-f signal, at 1,000 -cycle modulation, to the receiver input through a standard dummy antenna.

Adjust the generator output for zero reading on the OUTPUT meter.

Refer to Tables $7-21$ and 7.22 and make the alignment adjustments listed. Location of items to be adjusted is shown on Figures 7-9 to 7-14.
(5) BAND-SPREAD ADJUSTMENTS, RBB.After aligning Band 1 in the RBB, set the generator output and the tuning dial to 0.5 mc .

Turn the adjusting screw of T105 clockwise until the receiver output is decreased 1 db .

Turn the adjustment screw T109 counterclockwise until the receiver output is decreased 1 db .

Realign capacitors C137 and C141 at 0.84 mc .
This procedure supplies the necessary band spread in the RBB.
(6) I-F REJECTION ADJUSTMENT, RBB.After the adjustments in preceding paragraphs (4) and (5) have been completed, the RBB i-f rejection adjustment should be made.

TABLE 7-21. R-F AMPLIFIER ALICNMENT DATA-RBB
(Make HF odjustment first, then LF, ond final adjustment at HF)

| BAND |  | REC. DIAL AND GENER ATOR FREQ. | ITEM ADJUSTED |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | ANTENNA BOX | $\begin{gathered} \text { IST R-F } \\ \text { BOX } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 2ND R-F } \\ & \text { BOX } \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | FANTENNA |  |  | \%*LINK |
| 1 | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\mathrm{HF} \\ \mathrm{LF}\end{array}\right.$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.84 \mathrm{mc} \\ & 0.5 \mathrm{mc} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { C129 } \\ & \text { T101A } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { C133 } \\ & \text { T101B } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { C137 } \\ & \text { T10s } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { C141 } \\ & \text { T109 } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { HF } \\ \text { LF }\end{array}\right.$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1.41 \mathrm{mc} \\ & 0.84 \mathrm{mc} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { C130 } \\ & \text { T102A } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { C134 } \\ & \text { T102B } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { C138 } \\ & \text { T106 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { C142 } \\ & \text { T110 } \end{aligned}$ |
| 3 | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { HF } \\ \text { LF }\end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.37 \mathrm{mc} \\ & 1.41 \mathrm{mc} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { C131 } \\ & \text { T103A } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Cl35 } \\ & \text { T103B } \end{aligned}$ | C139 $\mathbf{T 1 0 7}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { C143 } \\ & \text { T111 } \end{aligned}$ |
| 4 | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { HF } \\ \text { LF }\end{array}\right.$ | 4.0 mc 2.37 mc | $\begin{aligned} & \text { C132 } \\ & \text { T104A } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { C136 } \\ & \text { T104B } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { C140 } \\ & \text { T108 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{Cl} 44 \\ \mathrm{~T} 112 \end{gathered}$ |

* Connect a 1,000 -ohm resistor in parallel with C149.B while making the "Antenna" adjustments. (Section " $A$ " of C149 is furthest from panel.)
** Connect a $1,000 \cdot$ ohm resistor in parallel with C149.A while making the "Link" adjustments.
$\dagger$ After aligning Band 1, and before aligning Band 2, perform the adjustmenrs in the following notes, paragraph (5), "Band-Spread Adjustments, RBB."


## TABLE 7-22. R-F AMPLIFIER ALIGNMENT DATA-RBC

(Make HF adjustment first, then LF, and final adjustment at HF)

| BAND | REC. DIAL AND GENERATOR FREQ. | ITEM ADJUSTED |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | ANTENNA BOX |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { IST R-F } \\ & \text { BOX } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 2ND R-F } \\ & \text { BOX } \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | ANTENNA | LINK |  |  |
| $1\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { HF } \\ \text { LF }\end{array}\right.$ | 6.45 mc 4.0 mc | $\begin{aligned} & \text { C237 } \\ & \mathrm{T} 201 \mathrm{~A} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{C} 241 \\ \mathrm{~T} 201 \mathrm{~B} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{C} 245 \\ & \mathrm{~T} 205 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \mathrm{C} 249 \\ \mathrm{~T} 209 \end{array}$ |
| $2\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { HF } \\ \text { LF }\end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{array}{r} 10.3 \mathrm{mc} \\ 6.45 \mathrm{mc} \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{C} 238 \\ & \mathrm{~T} 202 \mathrm{~A} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{C} 242 \\ & \mathrm{~T} 202 \mathrm{~B} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{C} 246 \\ & \mathrm{~T} 206 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{C} 250 \\ & \mathrm{~T} 210 \end{aligned}$ |
| $3\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { HF } \\ \text { LF }\end{array}\right.$ | 16.5 mc 10.3 mc | $\begin{aligned} & \text { C239 } \\ & \text { T203A } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{C} 243 \\ & \mathrm{~T} 203 \mathrm{~B} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{C} 247 \\ & \mathrm{~T} 207 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{C} 251 \\ & \mathrm{~T} 211 \end{aligned}$ |
| 4 \{ HF | $\begin{aligned} & 27.0 \mathrm{mc} \\ & 16.5 \mathrm{mc} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{C} 240 \\ & \mathrm{~T} 204 \mathrm{~A} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{C} 244 \\ & \mathrm{~T} 204 \mathrm{~B} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{C} 248 \\ & \mathrm{~T} 208 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} * \mathrm{C} 252 \\ \mathrm{~T} 212 \end{array}$ |

* For accurate alignment of C252, a d-c voltmeter should be connecred from pin 5 of V204 to ground. Referring to Figure 7-14, remove the oscillator plate voltage. Apply a sufficient generator input to obrain C252 until maximum indication is obtained on the voltmeter.

After checking that the panel control settings are as specified in paragraph (4), reset the receiver dial to 0.5 mc .

Apply a $400-\mathrm{kc}$ generator output, modulated $30 \%$ at 1000 cycles, to the receiver antenna input, through the dummy antenna. Generator output level should be approximately two volts.

Adjust the core of L101 for minimum output. Coil L101 is identified on Figure 7-11.

This completes the r-f amplifier alignment.
c. INPUT METER ADJUSTMENTS.-When the INPUT meter is used to measure signal input voltages, the meter adjustments should be checked frequently. Potentiometer R368, indicated on Figures 7.17 and $7-18$, is used to set the operating level of the meter. An unmodulated r-f signal, at any reception frequency, is required for meter adjustment.

Controls and switches on the panel should be set as follows:


Figure 7-17. RBB/RBC Component Identification, Right Side

| RADIO SELECTIVITY | - SHARP |
| :--- | :--- |
| RECEPTION | - MOD-AVC |
| ANT. COMP. | - zero |
| FREQUENCY VERNIER - zero |  |
| GAIN | - zero |
| SILENCER | - zero |
| OUTPUT LEVEL | zero |
| NOISE LIMITER | - OFF |
| ADD DECIBELS | - OFF |

Operate the POWER switch to ON.
Without a signal input, adjust the ZERO SET
knob (R321) for zero reading on the INPUT meter.
Connect an r-f signal generator to the antenna terminal, through a dummy antenna. Adjust the generator for a 10,000 -microvolt output at any reception frequency.

After unlocking the shaft nut on R368, Figure $7-17$, rotate the shaft for a deflection of 80 db on the INPUT meter. Tighten the lock nut.

Repeat the two preceding adjustments until the meter reading is correct at both points.


Figure 7-18. RBB/RBC Potentiometers R362, R364, and R368
d. WINDING DATA.--See Table 7-23.

## 5. MECHANICAL MAINTENANCE.

a. SEPARATION OF PRESELECTOR AND IF/AF SECTIONS.-To separate the preselector and if/af sections, remove the chassis from its case and proceed as follows:

Remove the two shields from the preselector side of the chassis.

Disconnect the power leads from terminal board E301, identified on Figure 7-15.

Turn the receiver so that the right side is up.
Referring to Figure $7-19$, disconnect the lead located on top of the receiver.

Disconnect the link connecting the two units, Figure 7-19.

Remove the two screws from each of the two support brackets.

Remove the five screws located on the left-hand side of the if/af front panel.

Remove the four screws located on the rear center of the receiver, Figure $7-20$. This will allow the two sections to be separated. The intermediate partition will remain on the preselector section.

This separation procedure, which may be necessary for extensive servicing, is not required for the removal steps which follow.
b. PARTS REMOVAL, PRESELECTOR, RBB/ RBC.
(1) REMOVAL OF R-F BOXES, RBB/RBC.To remove any or all of the r-f boxes, proceed as follows:

Place the chassis on its right side, with the if/af section on the bettom.

Remove the bottom shield plate on the preselector section.

Turn the band switch to Band 2.
Loosen the band switch coupling set-screw.
Pull out the square band switch shaft located at the rear of the receiver chassis, Figure 7-20. Use a No. 6-32 screw in the end of the shaft, to expedite removal.

## CAUTION

Do not twist or turn the shaft while removing it.

Remove the large shield on the side of the preselector section. It is necessary to take off this cover when removing the r-f boxes on the Model RBC receiver and when removing the r-f boxes or antenna box on the RBB equipment.

Loosen the terminal board screws on the left side of the chassis, to allow removal of the spade terminals. Refer to Figure $7-11$ or $7-14$ for the boards referred to.


Figure 7-19. RBB/RBC Disassembly, Top View -Center Rear


Figure 7-20. RBB/RBC Disassembly, Rear View

Remove the screws connecting gang capacitor C149 (C257) and interbox straps to the box posts. There are from three to six screws per box.

The preceding steps do not necessarily have to be followed in the order given, but the four screws holding each box to the chassis should be removed last. This will allow the box to be removed from the bottom of the unit.

The RBB r-f boxes and related connection diagrams are shown on Figures 7-22 to 7-29; those for the RBC are illustrated on Figures 7-30 to 7-37.
(2) REPLACEMENT OF R-F BOXES, RBB/ RBC.-To replace an r-f box, first make sure that the dial mechanism is set on Band 2 and that the switch rotor is in the Band 2 position as shown on Figure 7-21. Switches must be properly oriented in accordance with the above instructions before removing or inserting the switch shaft.

Place the box against the bottom of the chassis. Insert the four mounting screws from the top, but do not tighten them completely.

Carefully insert the switch shaft through the boxes. It may be necessary to rotate the shaft a few degrees or an amount sufficient for the shaft to go through the wafers in the boxes and enter the cou-
pling in the dial mechanism. It may also be necessary to shift a box sidewise slightly, to allow free movement of the shaft. After the shaft is in place, tighten the four mounting screws and coupling set-screw.

Remainder of the box installation procedure is the reverse of the removal instructions in the preceding paragraph.
(3) WAFER REPLACEMENT IN BAND SWITCH, RBB/RBC.-To replace or repair a wafer in band switches S101 to S105 (S201 to S205), it is necessary to remove the affected box as outlined in preceding paragraph $5 b(1)$, then to remove the screws which hold the cover on the box.

The number of wafers per box varies - one per box for the r-f boxes, two per box for the oscillator and RBB antenna box, or three per box for the RBC antenna box.

Most switch rotor repairs may best be accomplished by taking out the mounting screws and removing the component parts completely wired. This requires unsoldering only a few wires such as those connected to the r-f terminal screws which go through the top of the box.

Switch rotors may then be removed by pushing the " $C$ " washer from the rotor hub. Twisted rotor contact arms should be reformed and bent in such a
manner that the contact face of the silver button is between $1 / 4$ and $9 / 32$ of an inch from the mounting surface the contact arm. This insures sufficient contact pressure when the rotor is replaced. Silver contacts on the rotor arms must seat near the center of the stator contact.

If the switch wafer is replaced as a unit, unsolder all connections to the wafer, noting the position of the wires so that they may be replaced in the same positions.

When reassembling a switch, check to see that the double-contact rotor section is on the stator segment having five contact buttons. The longer contact arm contact should be on the center stator contact. In this position, Band 2, the square shaft hole in the rotor center has the diagonals or corners of the square holes parallel to or at right angles to the top of the wafer.

Reassemble all the component parts, leaving the mounting screws loose in order to permit alignment of the switch wafer or wafers with those in the rest of the set. The wafer mounting screws should be just tight enough to hold the wafers.

Place the box in the receiver chassis, fastening it with two screws. Insert the shaft through the boxes,
shifting the wafer or box as necessary to align the wafer rotor.

Remove the shaft and box carefully. Tighten the wafer screws and those for the remainder of the components. If an entire wafer is replaced, this procedure should be followed before the leads are resoldered.
(4) REMOVAL OF TUNING CAPACITOR ASSEMBLY, RBB/RBC.-The gang tuning capacitor, C149 (C251), is constructed of low-temperature-coefficient material and is rigidly mounted at the front end, with an expansion or spring-tension mounting at the rear.

## CAUTION

Do not remove the external shield cover from the tuning capacitor assembly. This cover cannot be removed without disturbing the alignment.

To remove the capacitor assembly, set the tuning dial at zero and loosen the coupling set-screws. Remove the screw connections to the r-f boxes and the three mounting screws. Loosen the screws holding the spring contact at the top rear. Lift the assemblv out of the chassis.


Figure 7-21. RBB/RBC, R-F Box Removal-Board Switch in No. 2 Position

Extreme care must be exercised in handling the tuning capacitor assembly so as not to disturb its precision alignment. Inspection openings fitted with snap covers are provided along the sides of the unit.

To replace the gang capacitor, set it carefully in place. Insert the mounting screws, leaving the front two loose. Mount the front of the capacitor in such a manner that the coupling will slide from the dial shaft to the capacitor shaft without binding. Be sure to replace shims if any were used.

To reset the coupling, tighten the set-screws on the capacitor shaft, so that approximately half of the coupling is over the end of each shaft. Set the dial mechanism against the zero stop.

Rotate the capacitor shaft slowly clockwise until it stops. Do not rotate the dial mechanism far enough to force it beyond this stop.

Lift the dial mechanism stop-arm roller from the lower outside edge of the large dial and set the linear dial two divisions beyond the stop point. With the dial mechanism in this position, hold the gang capacitor against its stop and tighten the coupling setscrews. In this position, the dial mechanism should engage the stops located at both ends of the linear scale, before the limits of the gang capacitor travel are reached. Indication on the calibrated scales should be correct. Turn back the dial mechanism beyond zero to re-engage the stop.
(5) REMOVAL OF DIAL MECHANISM, RBB/ RBC.-Removal of the tuning dial mechanism requires first that the preselector and if/af sections be separated as described in paragraph 5a. Next, the mechanism and front panel must be removed from the chassis.

To remove the front panel, loosen the set-screws on the antenna trimmer shaft coupling, on the main tuning capacitor, and on the band switch shaft coupling.

Remove the three screws that secure the dial support casting to the chassis. Remove the dial lamps from their brackets, and the resistor board from the front panel, allowing them both to be supported by the wiring only. If it is necessary to reach the screw that mounts the resistor board, remove the nameplate.

Remove the six screws and the pull-knob. After the panel has been removed from the chassis, detach the dial mechanism from the panel as follows:

Remove the dial escutcheon, the band-switch knob, the tuning-shaft knob, and the four mounting screws.

Set the linear scale at zero, and mark the meshing teeth with a pencil line.

Remove the two screws that hold the thin plate on each side of the tuning knob shaft, and remove the taper pin from the mask hub.

Detach the mask from its shaft.
Lay the index line and plate over the top of the housing, or remove it entirely. This will protect the wire from possible damage.

Pull out the center dial and gear assembly, which will expose all the gears and mechanism.

To reassemble the center gears and dials, reset the split gear tensions by compressing the gear springs approximately one tooth. Carefully remesh the teeth at the former setting. This will cause the stop to operate at zero on the linear scale.

Reassemble the index plate, making sure that the mounting hole clears the hub bushing.

Adjust the wire tension taut, and repin the dial mask.

Assemble the dial mechanism to the front panel with all the screws left loose; the panel should be assembled to the chassis.

The switch and capacitor shafts must then be lined up. This may be accomplished by moving the mechanism slightly until the gang capacitor coupling slides readily over the shafts, and the square switch shaft slides directly into its coupling. After tightening all mounting screws, both the dial drive and band switch drive should turn without evidence of binding.
c. PARTS REMOVAL, IF/AF SECTION, RBB/ RBC.
(1) CW OSCILLATOR REMOVAL, RBB/RBC. -The cw oscillator is mounced on a separate sub-assembly on top of the if/af section. To remove the oscillator, unsolder the two connections and a shield ground from a small terminal board, and the single connection from the lower, inner terminal of the re-sistor-capacitor board. Then loosen the set-screws in the insulating coupling, and take out the four chassis screws.

Replace the sub-assembly in the reverse order, tightening the coupling set-screw, and turning the control knob to insure line-up before tightening the four mounting screws. With the FREQUENCY VERNIER knob set to 10 in the counterclockwise position, the plates of capacitor C301 should be fully meshed.
(2) CATHODE FOLLOWER REMOVAL, RBB/ RBC.-The cathode follower stage is also installed on a separate sub-assembly. To remove this assembly, take out tube V501. Remove the four screws and lockwashers fastening the assembly to the chassis. Disconnect all connections at the chassis, labeling the wires as removed. The assembly can now be lifted out of the chassis.

| $\begin{gathered} \text { RCA } \\ \text { PART } \\ \text { NA. } \end{gathered}$ | diagram | WINDING | $\underset{\substack{\text { WIRE } \\ \text { SIZE }}}{\text { 2 }}$ | turns |  | REMARKS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{K} \cdot 856759 . \\ 501 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Three sections, each } \\ & \text { section universal } \\ & \text { wound, } 4 \text { crosses per } \\ & \text { section } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{ll}30 \text { strands } \\ \text { Litzendraht } & \text { NS. }\end{array} 44$ | 50, each section |  | Hipot ac volts: 3,000 |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { K-865480. } \\ 501 \end{gathered}$ |  | Three windings: \#1, single layer, right-hand, close wound <br> \#2, siugle layer, right-hand, close wound +3 , clo <br> \$3, close wound | No. 30 SSE <br> No. 24 SSE <br> No. 24 SSE | $\begin{aligned} & 12 \pm 1 / 2 \\ & 291 / 2 \\ & 291 / 2 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { K-901008. } \\ & 501 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | Coils: <br> \#1, No. 38 enamel- <br> $\underset{\text { ed }}{\# 2}$, No. 40 enamel- <br> \$3, No. 37 enamel- <br> 4. No. 40 enamel <br> ed\#5, <br> ed <br> No. <br> \#G, No. 40 enamel- <br> $\underset{\text { ed }}{\substack{\text { ed } \\ \text { ed }}}$ No. 38 enamel- | $\begin{aligned} & 3,500 \\ & 5,400 \\ & 2,700 \text { tapped at } \\ & 9,00 \\ & 5,400 \\ & 2,700 \\ & 5,400 \\ & 3,500 \text { tapped at } \\ & 1,170 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 450 \\ 1,170 \\ 275 \\ 1,170 \\ 275 \\ 1,170 \\ 450 \end{array}$ | Hipot ac volts: 1,500 <br> Coil Inductances: <br> 4.72 henries <br> 11.4 henries <br> 2.42 hemries <br> 11.9 henries <br> 2.68 hearies <br> 11.9 henries <br> 4.63 henries |



TABLE 7-23. WINDING DATA, RBB/RBC AND RECTIFIER POWER UNIT-(Continued)

| SYMBOL DESIGNA. TION | $\begin{gathered} \text { RCA } \\ \text { RART } \\ \text { PAOT. } \end{gathered}$ | diagram | winding | $\underset{\text { SIRE }}{\text { SIRE }}$ | turns |  | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1.306, \\ & 2307 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { K.900676. } \\ 504 \end{gathered}$ |  | Four layers | No. 16 enameled | 231/2 | 0.019 |  |
| L308 | $\begin{gathered} \text { K-865458. } \\ 502 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Two coils, both } \\ & \text { single layer, right. } \\ & \text { hand, close wound } \end{aligned}$ | No. 28 DC |  |  | Hipot ac volss: 3,000 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { L401, } \\ & \text { L40, } \\ & 140, \\ & 1404, \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{K} .826863 . \\ 502 \end{gathered}$ |  | Two windings: <br> \#1, 3 sections, unicersal wound, crosses per turn \#2, single layer, close wound | No. 22, SS each | 50 each section <br> 40 |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 2405, \\ & \$ 406 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { B. } 900934- \\ 502 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{ll} 30 & \frac{a}{3} \\ 10 & a_{4} \\ 20 \end{array}$ | Single | No. 27 | $\underset{3,081}{3,150}$ tapped at <br> 3,081 | 106 | Hipot ac volts: 1,500 Inductance 10 henries. Current rating 170 ma |

TABLE 7-23. WINDING DATA, RBB/RBC AND RECTIFIER POWER UNIT-(Continued)



TABLE 7-23. WINDING DATA, RBB/RBC AND RECTIFIER POWER UNIT-(Continued)

| SYMBOL DESIGNA TION |  | diagram | winding | $\underset{\text { SIRE }}{\underset{\text { WIRE }}{ }}$ | TURNS |  | remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| T106, | $\begin{gathered} \text { M. } 420939 . \\ 502 \end{gathered}$ | ( | Two coils: <br> \#I, single layer, <br> $\%_{32} 2^{\prime \prime}$ wide <br> $\stackrel{2}{2}, 3$ sections, uni- <br> versal wound, 6 crosses per turn | No. 30 DSE <br> 30 strands, No. 44 Litzendraht SS | $\begin{aligned} & 20 \\ & 33 \text { turns per } \\ & \text { section } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| T107. | $\underset{503}{\mathrm{M}-420939-1}$ |  | Two coils: <br> "1 single layer, <br> F2, progressive <br> wound, 100 turns <br> throw | No. 30 DSE <br> 30 strands, No. 44 Litzendraht SS | $\begin{aligned} & 20 \\ & 70 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| T. 108 | $\underset{504}{M-420939-}$ |  | Two coils: <br> -1 single layer, <br> -2 , progressive <br> wound, 100 turns per inch, 0.188 <br> throw | No. 30 DSE <br> 30 strands, No. 44 Litzendraht ss | $\begin{aligned} & 20 \\ & 40 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |

TABLE 7-23. WINDING DATA, RBB/RBC AND RECTIFIER POWER UNIT - (Continued)

| SYMBOL TION | $\begin{gathered} \text { RCA } \\ \text { RART } \\ \text { PAR. } \end{gathered}$ | diagram | winding | $\underset{\text { WIZE }}{\text { WIRE }}$ | TURNS |  | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| T113 | $\underset{501}{\mathrm{M} \cdot 420951-}$ |  | Two coils: <br> \#1, 3 sections, universal wound, 4 crosses per turn <br> I2, universal wound, <br> 4 crosses per rurn |  | each section 31 turns; section 1 <br> tapped at 10 turns, section 3 <br> tapped at 10 <br> turns <br> $\$ 2,30$ turns |  |  |
| T114 | $\underset{502}{\mathrm{M}-420951 .}$ | Same as T113 | Two coils: <br> \#1, 3 sections, uni- <br> versal wound, 4 <br> \#2, universal wound, <br> 4 crosses per turn | \#1 and \#2, 30 strands. No. Litzendraht SS | each section 20 turns; section 1 tapped at 6 turns, section 3 tapped at 8 turns <br> 42, 22 turns |  |  |
| T115 | $\begin{gathered} \text { M-420951- } \\ 503 \end{gathered}$ | Same as T113 | Two coils: <br> \#1, 3 sections, uni- <br> versal wound, 4 crosses per turn <br> crosses per turn <br> 4 crosses per turn |  strands. No. Litrendraht ${ }^{44}$ ss | each section 13 turns; section turns; sectio 3 tapped at <br> turns <br> $\$ 2,15$ turns |  |  |
| T116 | $\underset{504}{\mathrm{M}-420951 .}$ |  |  | 30 strands, Litzendraht SS | 32 turns, tapped at turns and 16 |  |  |





TABLE 7-23. WINDING DATA, RBB/RBC AND RECTIFIER POWER UNIT—(Continued)

| $\underset{\text { SYMBOL }}{\text { DESIGNA- }}$ TION | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RCA } \\ & \text { RART } \\ & \text { PAR. } \end{aligned}$ | DIAGRAM | WINDING | SIZE | turns |  | REMARKS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| T213 | $\begin{gathered} \text { M.420957 } \\ 501 \end{gathered}$ |  | Single layer, $1 \% / 32$ | No. 28 DC | 29. tapped at <br> $73 / 4$ and $173 / 4$ |  |  |
| T214 | $\underset{502}{M-42095}$ |  | Single layer, $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ wide | No. 24 DC | $151 / 2$, tapped at $33 / 4$ and $83 / 4$ |  |  |
| T215 | $\underset{503}{\mathrm{M} \cdot \mathbf{4}_{2} 20957-}$ |  | Single layer, $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ wide | No. 18 DC | $91 / 2$, tapped at $23 / 4$ and $63 / 4$ |  |  |



TABLE 7-23. WINDING DATA, RBB/RBC AND RECTIFIER POWER UNIT-(Continued)

| SYMBOL DESIGNA, | $\begin{gathered} \text { RCA } \\ \substack{\text { PART } \\ \text { Po. }} \end{gathered}$ | diagram | winding | $\underset{\substack{\text { WIRE } \\ \text { ITE }}}{ }$ | turns |  | remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| T305 | $\underset{503}{\text { P. } 720561 .}$ |  | Six coils: $\# 1,2$ sections, universal wound, 4 \#2, universal wound, \#3, \#4, \#5, universal wound, 6 crosses \#6, 3 sections, unicrosses per rurn | 30 strands No. 44 Litzendrahr SS <br> 30 strands No. 44 Litzendraht SS No. 30 SSE <br> 30 strands No. 44 Litzendraht SS | 50 curns each section <br> 50 <br> \#3 and \#4, 14 turns <br> \#5, 13 <br> 50 turns each section |  |  |
| T306 | $\underset{502}{\text { P. } 720561 .}$ |  | Two coils: <br> \#1, 3 sections, universal wound, ${ }^{4}$, crosses per $\$ 2$, universal wound, 4 crosses per turn |  | $\begin{aligned} & 44 \text { turns each } \\ & \text { section } \\ & 54 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| T401 | $\text { B. } 901013 \text {. }$ |  | Primary, term 1-4 <br> Plate, term 5.7 <br> Fil. \#1, 13-15 <br> Fil. \#2, 9.10 <br> Fil. $\# 3,1112$ | No. 39 enameled <br> No. 30 enameled <br> Two No. 15 enameled <br> No. 20 enameled <br> No. 16 enameled | 263, tapped at <br> 242 and 252 <br> at 635 tapped <br> 15, tapped at <br> 39 12 | $\begin{aligned} & 1.33 \\ & 100 \\ & 0.033 \\ & 0.385 \\ & 0.065 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Z301 | $\begin{gathered} \text { M-421251- } \\ 501 \end{gathered}$ | Same as L304 | Same as L304 | Same as L304 | Same as L304 |  |  |
| Z302 | $\underset{501}{\text { K-865456. }}$ | Same as L305 | Same as L305 | Same as L305 | Same as L305 |  |  |



Figure 7-22. RBB-Antenna Box, Component Identification


Figure 7-23. RBB-Antenna Box, Connection Diagram


Figure 7-24. RBB-First R-F Box, Component Identification


Figure 7-25. RBB-First R-F Box Connection Diagram


Figure 7-26. RBB-Second R-F Box, Component Identification


ORIGINAL


Figure 7-28. RBB-Oscillator Box, Component Identification


Figure 7-29. RBB-Oscillator Box, Connection Diagram


Figure 7-30. RBC-Antenna Box, Component Identification


Figure 7-31. RBC-Antenna Box, Connection Diagram


Figure 7-32. RBC-First R-F Box, Component Identification


Figure 7-33. RBC-First R-F Box, Connection Diagram


Figure 7-34. RBC-Second R-F Box, Component Identification


Figure 7-35. RBC-Second R-F Box, Connection Diagram


Figure 7-36. RBC-Oscillator Box, Component Identification


Figure 7-37. RBC-Oscillator Box, Connection Diagram



Figure 7-39. RBB/RBC, CW Sensitivity-Average Curves


Figure 7-40. RBB, Over-all Selectivity, Band 1-Average Curves


Figure 7-41. RBB, Over-all Selectivity, Band 2—Average Curves


Figure 7-42. RBB, Over-all Selectivity, Band 3—Average Curves


Figure 7-43. RBB, Over-all Selectivity, Band 4-Average Curves


Figure 7-44. RBC, Over-all Selectivity, Band 1-Average Curves


Figure 7-45. RBC, Over-all Selectivity, Band 2-Average Curves


Figure 7-46. RBC, Over-all Selectivity, Band 3-Average Curves


Figure 7-47. RBC, Over-all Selectivity, Band 4-Average Curves


Figure 7-48. RBB/RBC, I-F Selectivity—Average Curves


Figure 7-49. RBB/RBC, Image Selectivity-Average Curves


Figure 7-50. RBB, Over-all Audio Fidelity-Average Curves


Figure 7-51. RBC, Over-all Audio Fidelity-Average Curves


Figure 7-52. RBB, Resonant Overload-Average Curves


Figure 7-53. RBC, Resonant Overload-Average Curves


Figure 7-54. RBB, Automatic Gain Control-Average Curves


Figure 7-55. RBC, Automatic Gain Control-Average Curves


Figure 7-56. RBB, Output Limiter-Average Curves


Figure 7-57. RBC, Output Limiter-Average Curves
7-64
7VNIפIצO


99-L


$7-68$

3JNVNGLNIVW
3AILכヨУУOD
ORIGINAL







## SECTION 8 <br> PARTS LIST

TABLE 8-1. WEIGHTS AND DIMENSIONS OF SPARE PARTS BOXES

| EQUIPMENT SPARES |  |  |  |  |  | STOCK SPARES |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SPARE PARTS BOXES | OVERALL DIMENSIONS (INCHES) |  |  | VOLUME (CU. FT.) | WEIGHT (LBS.) | SPARE <br> PARTS <br> BOXES | OVERALL DIMENSIONS (INCHES) |  |  | VOLUME <br> (CU. FT.) | WEICHT (LBS.) |
|  | HEICHT | WIDTH | DEPTH |  |  |  | HEICHT | WIDTH | DEPTH |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { RBB } \\ & \text { RBC } \end{aligned}$ | 6 | $\begin{aligned} & 18 \\ & 18 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12 \\ & 12 \end{aligned}$ | 0.75 0.75 | 47 52 |  | Packed in suitable containers as items of a kind in bulk |  |  |  |  |

TABLE 8-2. SHIPPING WEIGHTS AND DIMENSIONS OF SPARE PARTS BOXES

| EQUIPMENT SPARES |  |  |  |  |  | STOCK SPARES |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SPARE <br> PARTS <br> BOXES | OVERALL DIMENSIONS (INCHES) |  |  | volume <br> (CU. FT.) | WEIGHT (LBS.) | SPARE PARTS BOXES | OVERALL DIMENSIONS (INCHES) |  |  | VOLUME <br> (CU. FT.) | WEICHT (LBS.) |
|  | HEICHT | WIDTH | DEPTH |  |  |  | HEIGHT | WIDTH | DEPTH |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { RBB } \\ & \text { RBC } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 81 / 2 \\ & 81 / 2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 23 \\ & 23 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 163 / 4 \\ & 163 / 4 \end{aligned}$ | 2 2 | $\begin{aligned} & 72 \\ & 73 \end{aligned}$ |  | Packed in suitable containers as items of a kind in bulk |  |  |  |  |

TABLE 8-3. LIST OF MAJOR UNITS

|  | SYMBOL GROUP | QUANTITY |  | NAME OF MAJOR UNIT | NAVY TYPE DESIGNATION | $\begin{aligned} & \sim \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | RBB | RBC |  |  |  |
|  | 101-199 <br> 301-399 <br> 501-599 | 1 |  | Radio Receiver: RBB-5 <br> RBB-6 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CRV-46147-D } \\ & \text { CRV-46296-A } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7 \\ & \mathbf{u} \\ & \mathbf{0} \\ & \underline{x} \end{aligned}$ |
|  | 201-299 301-399 501-599 |  | 1 | Radio Receiver: RBC-5 <br> RBC-6 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CRV-46148-D } \\ & \text { CRV-46297-A } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \ddot{2} \\ & 3 \end{aligned}$ |
| $\infty$ | 401-499 | 1 | 1 | Rectifier Power Unit | CRV-20130-B | $\begin{array}{r} 0 \\ 90 \\ \hline \mathbf{0} \end{array}$ |
|  |  | 1 | 1 | Rack Mounting Cabinet for RBB-6, RBC-6 | CRV-10350-A | 花 |

TABLE 8-4. TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS FOR MODELS RBB-5/6 AND RBC-5/6 RADIO RECEIVING EQUIPMENT


N16-R-32122-7523

N16-R-32122-7513

RECEIVER, RADIO: NT \#46148-D; AM, CW, MCW, and freq shift signals; for communications; frea range 4.0 to 27.0 mc in 6 bands ; input power: $6.3 \mathrm{v} \mathrm{AC} \mathrm{at} 5.4 \mathrm{amps}, 17.0 \mathrm{v} \mathrm{AC}$ at $0.6 \mathrm{amp}, 105.0 \mathrm{v}$ $14-11 / 16^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{h}$ incl shock mts; 15 tube superheterodyne ckt; has BFO same as NT \#46148-C Radio Re ceiver, except rack mtg has cathode follower stage and low pass filter (NT CLP-10335) permanently mtd as part of rec and wired into third IF circuit for take out of freq shift keyed signals for their use in Frequency Shift Converter CV-57/URR and Frequency Shift Converter Comparator Group AN/URA-7 and AN/URA-8, output impedance 70 ohms; on inside cover is a toggle sw used for disconnecting cathode follower if desired; RCA part/dwg MI-8603-D (Outline dwg 629880-2)
RECEIVER, RADIO: NT \#46297-A; AM, CW, MCW, and freq shift signals; for communications; frec range 4.0 to 27 mc in 6 bands; input power: 6.3 Y AC at $5.4 \mathrm{amps}, 17.0 \mathrm{v} \mathrm{AC}$ at $0.6 \mathrm{amp}, 105.0 \mathrm{v} \mathrm{DC}$ sions incl NT \#10350-A cabinet: 15 tube superheterodyne ckt; has BFO; same as NT \#46148-D Radio Receiver, except for rack mtg has cathode follower stage and low pass filnen (NT \#CLP-10335) permanently mitd as part of rec and wired into third IF circuit for take out of freq shift keyed signals for their use in Frequency Shift Converter CV-57/URR and Frequency Shift Converter Comparator Group AN/ URA-7 and AN/URA-8, output impedance 70 ohms; on inside cover is a toggle sw used for disconnect ing cathode follower if desired; RCA part/dwg MI-8603-E (Outline dwg 738471-2)

TUNER, ANTENNA: c/o 8 var capacitors RCA part/dwg P-720536-4, 1 ea of ant coils RCA part/dwg P-720559-501, 502, 503, 504, and 1 sw RCA part/dwg p-740465-501; freq 500 kc to $4 \mathrm{mc} ; 7-1 / 2^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg}$ $\times 8-1 / 8^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{h} \times 3^{\prime \prime}$ thk $0 / \mathrm{a}$; mts by four $\# 6-32$ tapped holes on $4.625^{\prime \prime} \times 2.500^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$; marked $620192-501$ RBB ant, caution notice, C-129, C-130, C-131, C-132, T-101B, T-102B, T-103B, T-104B, T-101A T-102A, T-103A, T-104A; RCA part/dwg T-620192-501

RECEIVER, SUB-ASSEMBLY: 1st RF coil box; c/o 1 cover assem RCA part/dwg P-720464-502, 1 socket assem RCA part/dwg M-421395-501, 1 term board assem RCA part/dwg K-856342-501, 1 RF coil assem RCA part/dwg M-420939-501, 1 RF coil assem RCA part/dwg M-420939-502, 1 RF coil assem RCA part/dwg M-420939-503, 1 RF coil assem RCA part/dwg M-420939-504, 1 term board assem RCA part/dwg P-721107-502, 1 box assem RCA part/dwg P-720467-502, 1 wave trap assem RCA part/dwg K-856759-501, 1.sw assem RCA part/dwg M-420882-1, 4 var capacitors RCA part/dwg p-720536-4; freq range 0.5 to 4.0 megacycles; rectangular box; $8-1 / 4^{\prime \prime} \lg$ approx $\times 7-1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ wd approx $s w$ wafers must be held to tol indicated $w /$ respect to diagonals of sq shaft hole, also wafers to be oriented so rotor cont are ctr $w /$ respect to the stator cont ctr within $\mathrm{p} / \mathrm{m} 0.008 \mathrm{w} /$ diagonal in po sition indicated; RCA part/dwg T-620193-501

TUNER ASSEMBLY, RF: 2nd RF coil box; c/o 1 socket assem RCA part/dwg M-421395-501, 4 var ca pacitors RCA part/dug P-720536-4, 1 RF coil assem RCA part/dwg M-420939-501, 1 RF coil assem RCA part/dwg M-420939-502, 1 RF coil assem RCA part/dwg M-420939-503, 1 RF coil assem RCA part/dwg M-420939-504, term board assem RCA part/dwg K-856342-502, term board assem RCA part/dwg P-721107 507; freq range 0.5 to 4.0 mc ; rectangular box; $8,250^{\prime \prime} 1 \mathrm{~g}$ approx x $7.5^{\prime \prime}$ wd approx $\times 3^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{h}$ approx o/a; mts by 4 holes on $4-9 / 64^{\prime \prime} \times 2-1 / 2^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}, 2$ holes $\mathbf{w} / \# 6-32$ elastic stop nut, sw or ron ctr $w /$ respect to the stator cont within $p / m 0.008 \mathrm{w} /$ diagonal in position indi cated; RCA part/dwg T-620193-503

SUB-ASSEMBLY: used for heterodyne ose ckt; c/o 1 box assem RCA part/dwg P-720466-501, 1 cover assem RCA part/dwg P-720464-504, 1 osc coil assem RCA part/dwg M-420951-501, 1 osc coil assem RCA part/dwg M-420951-502, 1 osc coll assem RCA part/dwg M-420951-503, 1 osc coil assem RCA part/dwg M-420951-504, 1 term board assem RCA part/dwg K-856341-501, 1 term board assem RCA part/dwg P-721107-504, 2 sw assem RCA part/dwg M-420882-1, 4 var capacitors RCA part/dwg P-720536-4; rectangular'box; $8-1 / 4^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 7.5^{\prime \prime}$ wd $\times 3^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{h} 0 / \mathrm{a}$ approx; mts by 4 holes on $4-5 / 8^{\prime \prime} \times 2-1 / 2$ $\mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}, 2$ holes $\mathrm{w} /$ elastic stop nuts; sw wafers must be held to tol indicated $w /$ respect to diagonals at sq shaft hole also wafers to be oriented so rotor cont are ctr w/respect to the stator cont ctr within $\mathrm{p} / \mathrm{m} 0.008 \mathrm{w} /$ diagonal in position indicated; RCA part/dwg T-620194-501
MOUNT, VIBRATION: sq mtg; 15 lb load rating; $2-1 / 4^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{sq} \times 1^{\prime \prime}$ thk o/a; rubber cushion $2^{\prime \prime}$ diam $\times 1^{\prime \prime}$ thk, plate motd; monel metal sleeve $\mathrm{w} / 25 / 64^{\prime \prime}$ diam hole; monel metal mtg plate; four $0.196^{\prime \prime}$ diam mtg thk, plate mtd; monel metal sleeve $\mathrm{w} / 25 / 64^{\prime \prime}$ diam hole; monel metal m
holes on $1-3 / 4^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$; Lord type 200P15; RCA part/dwg K-856017-12

TABLE 8-4. TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS FOR MODELS RBB-5/6 AND RBC-5/6 RADIO RECEIVING EQUIPMENT

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { REF. } \\ & \text { SYMBOL } \end{aligned}$ | STOCK NUMBERS <br> SIGNAL CORPS AR FORCE | NAME OF PART -AND DESCRIPTION | LOCATING FUNCTION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A-106 | N17-M-75103-3501 | MOUNT, VIBRATION: sq mtg; 20 lb load rating; $2-1 / 4^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{sq} \times 1^{\prime \prime}$ thk $o / a ;$ rubber cushion $2^{\prime \prime}$ diam $\times 1^{\prime \prime}$ thk, plate mtd; monel metal sleeve $\mathrm{w} / 25 / 6^{\prime \prime}$ diam hole; monel metal mtg plate; four $0.196^{\prime \prime}$ diam mtg holes on $1-3 / 4^{\prime \prime} \times 1-3 / 4^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$; Lord type 200P20; RCA part/dwg K-856017-13 | For Rec Cabinet Mtg |
| A-201 | N16-T-98049-4991 | TUNER, ANTENNA: c/o 8 var capacitors RCA part/dwg P-720536-4, 1 ea of ant coil assem RCA part/ dwg P-720560-501, 502, 503, 504, and 3 of sw RCA part/dwg M-420882-1; freq 4 mc to $27 \mathrm{mc} ; 7-5 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ $\lg \times 8-1 / 8^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{h} \times 3-9 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ thk $\mathrm{o} / \mathrm{a}$; mts by four \#6-32 tapped holes on $4.625^{\prime \prime} \times 2.937^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$; marked 620198-501, RBC ant, T-201A, T-203A, T-204A, C-237, C-238, C-239, C-240; RCA part/dwg T-620198-501 | Ant Box |
| A-202 | N16-R-33591-1032 | RECEIVER, SUB-ASSEMBLY: 1st RF coil box; c/o 1 RF coil assem RCA part/dwg M-420940-501, 1 RF coil assem RCA part/dwg M-420940-502, 1 RF coil assem RCA part/dwg M-420940-503, 1 RF coil assem RCA part/dwg M-420940-504, 4 var capacitors RCA part/dwg P-720536-4, 1 box assem RCA part/dwg P-720610-501, 1 cover assem RCA part/dwg P-720612-501, 1 term board assem RCA part/ dwg K-856342-501, 1 term board assem RCA part/dwg P-721107-501; aluminum box and cover; rectangular shape; $8-3 / 16^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg}$ approx $\times 7-1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ wd $\times 2-5 / 8^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{h}$ o/a approx; RCA part/dwg T-620326-501 | 1st RF Box |
| A-203 | N16-R-33591-1030 | TUNER, RF: c/o 4 var capacitors RCA part/dwg P-720536-4, 1 ea of rf coil assem RCA part/dwg M-420940-501, 502. 503, 505, 1 sw RCA part/dwg M-420882-1, mtd in box assem RCA part/dwg P-720628-501; 500 kc to $4 \mathrm{mc} ; 7-7 / 16^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg} \times 8-1 / 8^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{h} \times 3^{\prime \prime}$ thk o/a; mts by four $\# 6-32$ tapped holes on 4. $625^{\prime \prime} \times 2.500^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$; marked RBB, 2nd RF, $620193-502$, T-109, T-110, T-111, T-112, caution notice, $1,2,3,4 ;$ two $\# 6-32$ tapped terms are on standoff ins and one $\# 6-32$ tapped gnd term are on top 15/16" c to c ; RCA part/dwg T-620193-502 | 2nd RF Box |
| A-204 | N16-R-35591-1031 | SUB-ASSEMBLY: used for heterodyne osc ckt; c/o 1 box assem RCA part/dwg P-720735-501, 1 osc coil assem RCA part/dwg M-420957-501, 1 osc coil assem RCA part/dwg M-420957-502, 1 osc coil assem RCA part/dwg M-420957-503, 1 osc coil assem RCA part/dwg M-420957-504; 1 term board assem RCA part/dwg K-856341-501, 1 socket assem RCA part/dwg M-421395-501, 4 var capacitors RCA part/dwg P-720536-4, 1 term board assem RCA part/dwg P-721107-509, 1 coil assem RCA part/ dwg K-865480-501, 1 cover assem RCA part/dwg P-720468-506; rectangular box; $7-31 / 32$ " $\mathrm{lg} \times 7-21 / 64$ $\mathrm{wd}^{\mathrm{w}} \times 3^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{h}$ o/a approx; mts by 4 holes $4-5 / 8^{\prime \prime} \times 2-1 / 2^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$, two $\mathrm{w} / \# 6-32$ elastic stop nut; sw wafers rotor cont, $\operatorname{are} \operatorname{ctr} w /$ respect to the stator cont ctr within $\mathrm{p} / \mathrm{m} 0.008 \mathrm{w} /$ diagonal in position indicated; RCA | Osc Box |
| A-205 |  | Same as A-105 | For Rec Cabinets Mtg |
| A-206 |  | Same as A-106 | For Rec Cabinets Mtg |
| A. 501 | N16-R-33591-1236 | RECEIVER, SUB-ASSEMBLY: cathode follower for IF input; c/o 1 shelf assem RCA part/dwg 430359501, 1 socket RCA part/dwg 456824-501, 1 standoff ins RCA part/dwg 426765-5, 2 capacitors JAN CM40E103K RCA part/dwg 722041-563, 1 capacit or JAN CM20C101K RCA part/dwg 722003-573, 1 resistor JAN RC20BF471K RCA part/dwg 722318-58, 1 resistor JAN RC20BF105K RCA part/dwg 72231898, 1 resistor JAN RC20BF103K RCA part/dwg 722318-74; "L" shaped shelf; 2" lg approx x 4-1/4" h approx $\times 3-1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ wd approx $o / a ; 4 \mathrm{mtg}$ posts ea having one $\# 6-32$ thd $\times 5 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ d tapped hole, holes located at corners of a guadriateral $w /$ sides of $1-1 / 2^{\prime \prime}, 2^{\prime \prime}, 1-1 / 16^{\prime \prime}, 2-9 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ respectively; RCA part/ dwg P-717888-502 | Cathode Follower for IF Input |
| C-101 | N16-C-15988-5272 | CAPACITOR, FIXED: NT \#484765-5; ceramic dielectric; 15 mmf p/m 5\%; neg temp coef 470 (tol +47 ) $\mathrm{mmf} / \mathrm{mf} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; $500 \mathrm{vdcw} ; 0.25^{\prime \prime}$ diam $0.562^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg} ; 2$ axial wire lead term; phenolic ins; marked $\mathrm{w} / \mathrm{mfr}$ name, type \#, cap, and tol; Erie type N470K15 $\pm 0.75 \mathrm{mmf}$; RCA part/dwg K-874805-6 | Osc Temp Compensation Capacitor Band No. 1 |
| C-102 | N16-C-15917-1938 | CAPACITOR, FIXED: NT \#481692-A5; ceramic dielectric; 10 mmf p/m 0.5 mmf ; neg temp coef 750 (tol $\pm 75$ ) $\mathrm{mmf} / \mathrm{mi} /{ }^{\circ} \mathbf{C}$; $500 \mathrm{vdcw} ; 0.25^{\prime \prime}$ diam $\times 0.562^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg} ; 2$ axial wire lead term; phenolic ins; marked w/ mir name, type \#, cap, and tol; Erie type \#N750K10 $\pm 0.5 \mathrm{mmf}$; RCA part/dwg K-874805-7 | Osc Temp Compensation Capacitor Band No. 2 |


| $\bigcirc$ | C-103 |  | Same as C-102 | Osc Temp Compensation Capacitor Band No. 3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\frac{\overline{\mathbf{Q}}}{\mathbf{\Sigma}}$ | C-104 | N16-C-15956-5594 | CAPACITOR, FIXED: NT *484766-5; ceramic dielectric; $12 \mathrm{mmi} p / \mathrm{m} 5 \%$; neg temp coef 470 (tol $+15 \%$ ) $\mathrm{mmi} / \mathrm{mf}^{\prime} / \mathrm{C}^{\mathrm{C}}$; $500 \mathrm{vdcw} ; 0.25^{\prime \prime}$ diam $\times 0.562^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg} ; 2$ axial wire lead term; ceramic ins; marked $\mathbf{w} 7 \mathrm{mfr}$ name, type \#, cap, and tol; Erie type N470K12 $\pm 0.6 \mathrm{mmf}$; RCA part/dwg K-874805-8 | Osc Temp Compensation Capacitor Band No. 4 |
|  | C-105 | N16-C-27629-8211 | CAPACITOR, FIXED: NT \#48895-E5; mica; 50 mmf p/m 5\%; 500 vdcw ; temp coef ltr E; 25/32" lg x <br> $7 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ wd x $13 / 64^{\prime \prime}$ thk o/a max; molded low loss comp grade BM 262 case; 2 axial wire term; marked <br> w/ Navy type \#, RMA color coded; wax impr; Aerovox type \#1469; RCA part/dwg P-721133-10 | Ose Grid |
|  | C-106 | N16-C-30167-2086 | CAPACITOR, FIXED: NT \#48691-D10; mica; 500 mmf p/m 10\%; 500 vdcw ; temp coef itr D; 25/32" lg $\times 7 / 16^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{wd} \times 13 / 64^{\prime \prime}$ thk $o /$ a max; molded low loss comp grade BM 262 case; 2 axial wire lead term; marked w/ Navy type \#, RMA color coded, wax impr; Aerovox type \#1469; RCA part/dwg P-720473-8 | 1st RF Wave Trap |
|  | C-107 | N18-C-30182-1806 | CAPACITOR, FDXED; NT \#48691-D5; mica; $500 \mathrm{mmf} p / \mathrm{m} \mathrm{5} \mathrm{\%}$; 500 vdcw ; temp coef ltr D; 25/32" ig x $7 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ wd x $13 / 64^{\prime \prime}$ thk o/a max; molded low loss comp grade BM 262 case; 2 axial wire term; marked w/ Navy type \#, RMA color coded, wax impr; Aerovox type \#1469; RCA part/dwg P-720538-47 | Ant Dummy |
|  | C-108 | N16-C-29523-1820 | CAPACITOR, FIXED: NT \#481433-F1; mica; 260 mmf p/m 1\%; 500 vdcw ; temp coef 0 to $+0.005 \%$; $1-1 / 32^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 7 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ wd $\times 13 / 64^{\prime \prime}$ thk $0 /$ a max; molded low loss comp grade BM 262 case; 2 axial wire leads; RMA color coded, wax impr; Erie type \#M2-J-260; RCA part/dwg P-721081-14 | Osc Series Padding <br> Capacitor Band No. 1 |
|  | C-109 | N16-C-29945-2020 |  $x 7 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ wd $\times 13 / 64^{\prime \prime}$ thk $0 /$ a max; molded low loss comp grade BM 262 case; 2 axial wire term; RMA color coded, wax impr; Erie type "M3J-415; RCA part/dwg P-721081-15 | Osc Series Padding Capacitor Band No. 2 |
|  | c. 110 | N16-C-30420-7527 | CAPACITOR, FIXED: NT \#481435-E2; mica; $630 \mathrm{mmf} \mathrm{p} / \mathrm{m} 2 \% ; 500 \mathrm{vdcw} ;$ temp coef 0 to $+0.01 \% ; 1-1 / 32{ }^{\prime \prime}$ $\lg \times 7 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ wd $\times 13 / 64^{\prime \prime}$ thk o/a max; molded low loss comp grade BM. 262 case; 2 axial wire term; RMA color coded, wax Impr; Erte type \#M5J-630; RCA part/dwg P-721081-16 | Osc Series Padding Capacitor Band No. 3 |
|  | C-111 | N16-C-31053-8122 | CAPACITOR, FIXED: NT \#481436-E2; mica; $980 \mathrm{mmf} p / \mathrm{m} 2 \% ; 500 \mathrm{vdcw}$; temp coef 0 to $+0.01 \% ; 1-1 / 32$ " $\lg \times 7 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ wd x $13 / 64^{\prime \prime}$ thk o/a max; molded low loss comp grade BM 262 case; 2 axial wire term; RMA color coded, wax impr; Erie type \#M7J-980; RCA part/dwg P-721081-17 | Osc Series Padding Capacitor Band No. 4 |
|  | C-112 | N16-C-32699-3467 | CAPACITOR, FIXED: NT \#481425-B10; mica; 5000 mmf p/m $10 \%$; 300 vdcw ; temp coef ltr $\mathrm{B} ; \mathrm{l}^{1 "} \mathrm{lg} \mathrm{x}$ $5 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ wd x $11 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ thk o/a; molded low loss comp grade BM 262 case; 2 axial wire term; marked w/ Navy type \#, RMA color coded, wax impr; Aerovox *1441W; RCA part/dwg P-720592-5 | 1st RF Grid Filter |
|  | C-113 |  | Same as C-112 | 2nd RF Grid Filter |
|  | C-114 |  | Same as C-112 | 1st Detector Grid |
|  | C-115 | N18-C-33822-5588 |  5/8" wd x $11 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ thk o/a; molded low loss comp grade BM 262 case; 2 axial wire term; marked w/ Navy type \#. RMA color coded, wax impr; Aerovox \#1441W; RCA part/dwg P-720592-6 | 1st RF Cathode Bypass |
|  | C-116 |  | Same as C-115 | 1st RF Screen Bypass |
|  | C-117 |  | Same as C-115 | 1st RF Plate Bypass |
|  | C-118 |  | Same as C-115 | 2nd RF Cathode Bypass |
|  | C-119 |  | Same as C-115 | 2nd RF Screen Bypass |
|  | C-120 |  | Same as C-115 | 2nd RF Plate Bypass |
|  | C-121 |  | Same as C-115 | Osc Heater Bypass |
|  | C-122 |  | Same as C-115 | Ose Plate Bypass |
|  | C-123 | N18-C-33622-5223 | CAPACITOR, FIXED: NT *48848-B10; mica; $10,000 \mathrm{mmf}$ p/m 10\%; 300 vdcw ; temp coef ltr B; 25/32 1g $\times 25 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ wd $\times 9 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ thk o/a; molded low loss comp grade BM 262 case; 2 axial wire term; markec w/ Navy type \#, RMA color coded, wax impr; Aerovox \#1467LS; RCA part/dwg P-720592-7 | Osc Screen Bypass |
|  | C-124 |  | Same as C-115 | 1st Detector Cathode Coupling |
|  | C-125 |  | Same as C-115 | 1st Detector Screen Bypass |
| 1 | C-128 |  | Same as C-115 | 1st Detector Cathode Brpass |

## CONTRACT NObsr-52028

TABLE 8-4. TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS FOR MODELS RBB-5/6 AND RBC-5/6 RADIO RECEIVING EQUIPMENT

| REF. SYMBOL | stock numbers SIGNAL CORPS AIR FORCE | name of part and description | locating function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C. 127 |  | Same as C-115 | Osc Screen Filter |
| C-128 | N16-C-58467-4427 | CAPACITOR, VARIABLE: air dielectric; plate meshing type; single sect; max cap $15 \mathrm{mmf} / \mathrm{m} 10 \%$; SLC characteristics; 500 v RMS test v; $1^{\prime \prime}$ lg excluding shatt and bushing $x{ }^{15 / 16^{\prime \prime}} \mathrm{wd} \times 1-7 / 32^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{h}$; shaft $1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ diam x $15.32^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg}$; bushing $9.32^{\prime \prime \prime}$ diam x $5 / 16^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg}$; extension shaft adj; 5 SLC brass silver pl plates; 360 deg clockwise rotation; ceramic ins; solder lug term; two \#4-40 mtg holes in mig posts on front on $2132^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{mtg} \mathrm{c}$; RSW, marked $\mathrm{w} / \mathrm{NT}$ \# and Mfr prefix letters beryllium copper cont spring silver pl; Hammarlund similar type APC; RCA part/dwg P-720536-5; Navy spec RE13A317 | Ant Compensator |
| C-129 | N16-C-59255-6334 | CAPACITOR, VARIABLE: NT \#481378 air dielectric; plate meshing type, single sect; max cap 2.7 mmf pim 10\%: SLC characteristics; 500 v RMS test $v: 7 / 8^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg}$ excluding shaft and bushing $\times 15 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ wd x $1-732^{\prime \prime}$ ho a; shaft $0.249^{\prime \prime}$ diam x $15,32^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg}$; bushing $9 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ diam x $5 / 16^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg}$; scdr adj; 9 SLC brass silver pl plates; 360 deg clockwise rotation; ceramic ins; solder lug term; two \#4-40 mtg holes in mtg posts on front on $21 / 32^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$; RSW, marked $\mathbf{w} / \mathrm{NT}$ \# and mir prefix letters; berylium copper cont spring: min torque 200 gm in ; Hammarlund similar type APC; RCA part/dwg P-720536-4; Navy spec RE13A317 | Ant Link Trimmer Capacitor Band No. |
| C-130 |  | Same as C-129 | Ant Link Trimmer Capacitor Band No. 2 |
| C-131 |  | Same as C-129 | Ant Link Trimmer Capacitor Band No. 3 |
| C-132 |  | Same as C-129 | Ant Link Trimmer Capacitor Band No. 4 |
| C-133 |  | Same as C-129 | 1st RF Grid Trimmer Capacitor Band No. 1 |
| C-134 |  | Same as C-129 | 1st RF Grid Trimmer Capacitor Band No. 2 |
| C-135 |  | Same as C-129 | 1st RF Grid Trimmer Capacitor Band No. 3 |
| C-136 |  | Same as C-129 | 1st RF Grid Trimmer Capacitor Band No. |
| C-137 |  | Same as C-129 | 2nd RF Grid Trimmer Capacitor Band No. 1 |
| C-138 |  | Same as C-129 | 2nd RF Grid Trimmer Capacitor Band No. 2 |
| C-139 |  | Same as C-129 | 2nd RF Grid Trimmer Capacitor Band No. 3 |
| C-140 |  | Same as C-129 | 2nd RF Grid Trimmer Capacitor Band No. 4 |
| C-141 |  | Same as C-129 | 1st Detector Grid Trimmer Capacitor Band No. 1 |
| C-142 |  | Same as C-129 | 1st Detector Grid Trimmer Capacitor Band No. 2 |
| C-143 |  | Same as C-129 | 1st Detector Grid Trimmer Capacitor Band No. 3 |

C-145
C-146

N16-C-31090-4076

N16-C-25102-6281

N16-C-26447-8686

N16-C-26025-8281

N16-C-16084-5272

N16-C-16180-7408

N16-C-15956-9803

Same as C-129

Same as C-129

Same as C-129
Same as C-129

CAPACITOR, VARIABLE: NT \#484717; air dielectric; plate meshing type; $\mathbf{5}$ sect; 13 mmf max to 142.2 $\mathrm{mmf} \mathrm{p} / \mathrm{m}$ 1\% per sect; SLW characteristic; $0.012^{\prime \prime}$ air gap min except $0.010^{\prime \prime}$ air gap min between outside rotor plate and adjacent stator plate; $11-1 / 4^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg} \times 3-5 / 8^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{wd} \times 3-33 / 64^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{h}$ approx excluding shaft
shaft $3 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ diam $\times 1-1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ approx lg; extension shaft adj; 13 invar plates silver pl per sect. 182.5 deg min counterclockwise rotation; ceramic ins; lug term; two $0.218^{\prime \prime}$ diam mtg holes on $1.625^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$ in bkt at base on front end, one $0.255^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{wd} \times 3 / 8^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg}$ slot in bkt at base on rear end and spaced $10-23 / 32^{\prime \prime}$
c to c from ctr line of front end mtg holes; temp coef limits are +30 to +90 ; completely shielded externally; shielding between ea sect; silver faced grounding wiper per ea sect, salt spray resistant; shield covers, cad pl; temp coef and serial \# stamped on front end plate; RCA part/dwg P-720545-2

CAPACITOR, FIXED: NT \#481657-B10; mica; 1000 mmf p/m 10\%; 500 vdcw temp coef 1 tr B; 25/32" lg
 w/ Navy type \#, RMA color coded; wax impr; Aerovox \#1468LS; RCA part/dwg P-720592-19

CAPACITOR, FIXED: NT \#48771-C10; mica; $5 \mathrm{mmf} \mathrm{p} / \mathrm{m} \mathrm{10} \mathrm{\% ;} 500 \mathrm{vdcw}$; temp coef $1 \mathrm{tr} \mathrm{C} ; 25 / 32^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg} \mathrm{x}$ $7 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ wd x $13 / 64^{\prime \prime}$ thk o/a max; molded low loss comp grade BM 262 case; 2 axial wire lead term; marked w/ Navy type \#, RMA color coded, wax impr; Aerovox type \#1469; RCA part/dwg P-720473-1

CAPACITOR, FIXED: NT \#48840-D10; mica; 15 mmf p/m 10\%; 500 vdcw ; temp coef $\pm 0.01 \%$; 25/32" lg x $7 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ wd x $13 / 64^{\prime \prime}$ thi o/a max; molded low loss comp grade BM 262 case; 2 axial wire term; marked w/ Navy type \#, RMA color coded, wax impr; Aerovox \#1469; RCA part/dwg P-720592-20

Same as C-201
CAPACITOR, FIXED: NT \#48710-C10; mica; 10 mmf p/m 10\%; 500 vdcw ; temp coef ltr C; 25/32" $\lg \mathrm{x}$ $7 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ wd x $13 / 64^{\prime \prime}$ thk o/a max; molded low loss comp grade BM 262 case; 2 axial wire lead term $7 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ wd x $13 / 64^{\prime \prime}$ thk o/a max; molded low loss comp grade BM 262 case; 2 axial wire lead term
marked w/ Navy type \#, RMA color coded, wax impr; Aerovox type \#1469; RCA part/dwg P-720473-2

Same as C-201
CAPACITOR, FIXED: NT \#482926-5; ceramic dielectric; 16 mmf p/m 5\%; neg temp coef 330 (tol +49.5) $\mathrm{mmi} / \mathrm{mf} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; $500 \mathrm{vdcw} ; 0.25^{\prime \prime}$ diam $\times 0.562^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg} ; 2$ axial wire lead term; phenolic ins; marked $\mathrm{w} / \mathrm{mir}$ name, part \#, cap, and tol; Erie type \#N330K16 $\pm 0.8$ mmf; RCA part/dwg K-874805-1

CAPACITOR, FIXED: NT \#484782-5; ceramic dielectric; 20 mmf p/m $5 \%$; neg temp coef 470 (tol +47 ) $\mathrm{mmf} / \mathrm{mf} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; $500 \mathrm{vdcw} ; 0.25^{\prime \prime}$ diam x $0.562^{\prime \prime}$ Ig; 2 axial wire lead term; phenolicins; marked $\mathrm{w} / \mathrm{mfr}$ name, part \#, cap, and tol; Erie type N470K20 +1 mmf ; RCA part/dwg K-874805-2
CAPACITOR, FIXED: NT $\# 482927-5$; ceramic dielectric; $24 \mathrm{mmf} \mathrm{p} / \mathrm{m} 5 \%$; neg temp coef 560 (tol $\pm 10 \%$ ) $\mathrm{mmf} / \mathrm{mf} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; 500 \mathrm{vdcw} ; 0.250^{\circ}$ max diam $\times 0.562^{\prime \prime}$ max $\mathrm{lg} ; 2$ axial wire lead term; ceramic ins; marked $\mathrm{w} / \mathrm{mfr}$ name, type $\#$, cap, and tol; Erie type $\mathrm{N} 560 \mathrm{~K} 24+1.2 \mathrm{mmf}$; RCA part/dwg K-874805-11

CAPACITOR, FIXED: NT \#484764-5; ceramic dielectric; $12 \mathrm{mmf} \mathrm{p} / \mathrm{m} 5 \%$; neg temp coef 750 (tol $\pm 75$ ) $\mathrm{mmf} / \mathrm{mf} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; 500 \mathrm{vdcw} ; 0.25^{\prime \prime}$ diam x $0.562^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg} ; 2$ axial wire lead term; phenolic ins; marked w 7 mfr name, tgpe \#, cap, and tol; Erie type N750K12 $\pm 0.6 \mathrm{mmf}$; RCA part/dwg K-874805-4

CAPACITOR, FIXED: NT *48895-D10; mica; 50 mmf p/m 10\%; 500 vdcw ; temp coef ltr D; $25 / 32$ " lg x $7 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ wd x $13 / 64^{\prime \prime}$ thk o/a max; molded low loss comp grade BM 262 case; 2 axial wire lead term; marked w/ Navy type \#, RMA color coded, wax impr; Aerovox type \#1469; RCA part/dwg P-720473-4
Same as C-210
Same as C-210
Same as C-210

## st Detector Grid Trimmer Capacitor Band No. 4

Osc Parallel Trimmer Capacitor Band No. 1

Osc Parallel Trimmer
Capacitor Band No. 2
Osc Parallel Trimmer
Capacitor Band No. 3
Osc Parallel Trimmer Capacitor Band No. 4

Main Tuning

Ant Decoupling

1st RF Coupling

Ant Link Circuit Padding

## 2nd RF Coupling

2nd RF Circuit Padding

1st Detector Circuit Padding
Osc Temp Compensation
Capacitor Band No. 1

Osc Temp Compensatio
Capacitor Band No. 2

Osc Temp Compensation
Capacitor Band No. 3

Osc Temp Compensation
Capacitor Band No. 4

1st RF Coupling

2nd RF Voltage Divider Circuit
1st Detector Voltage Divider Circuit
Osc Grid

TABLE 8-4. TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS FOR MODELS RBB-5/6 AND RBC-5/6 RADIO RECEIVING EQUIPMENT


Same as C-129

Same as C-129
Same as C-129

Same as C-129

Same as C-129
Same as C-129

Same as C-129

Same as C-129
Same as $\mathrm{C}-129$
Same as C-129

Same as C-129
Same as C-129

Same as C-129

Same as C-129

Same as C-129
Same as C-129

CAPACITOR, VARIABLE: NT\#482925; air dielectric; plate meshing type, 5 sect; 13 mmf max to 142.2 mmf $\mathrm{m}^{18}$ per 142.2 $\mathrm{mmf} \mathrm{p} / \mathrm{m} \mathrm{1} \mathrm{\%}$ per sect; SLW characteristic; $0.112^{\prime \prime}$ air gap min except $0.010^{\prime \prime}$ air gap min between out-
side rotor plate and adjacent stator plate; $11-1 / 4^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 3-5 / 8^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{h} \times 3-33 / 64^{\prime \prime}$ wd approx excluding shaft side rotor plate and adjacent stator plate; $11-1 / 4^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 3-5 / 8^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{h} \times 3-33 / 64^{\prime \prime}$ wd approx excluding shaft
adj, shaft $3 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ diam x $1-1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ approx $\lg$; extension shaft adj; 13 invar plates silver pl per sect; 182.5 deg min clockwise rotation, ceramic ins; Iug term; two $0.218^{\prime \prime}$ diam mtg holes on $1.625^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$ in bkt at base on front end, one $0.255^{\prime \prime}$ wd x $3 / 8^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg}$ slot in bkt at base on rear end and spaced 10-23/32" c to c from ctr line of front end matg holes; temp coef limits are -10 to +50 ; completely shielded externally; shielding between ea sect; shield covers cad pl; temp coef and serial \# stamped on front end plate; RCA part/dwg P-720545-1

CAPACITOR, FIXED: NT \#481814; mica; $10,000 \mathrm{mmf} \mathrm{p} / \mathrm{m} \mathrm{10} \mathrm{\% ;} \mathrm{300} \mathrm{vdcw;} \mathrm{temp} \mathrm{coef} \mathrm{ltr} \mathrm{B;} 1$ " lg x $5 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ wd x $11 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ thk o/a max; molded low loss grade BM 262 comp case; 2 axial wire lead terms marked w/ Navv type \#, RMA color coded, wax impr; Aerovox \#1441w; RCA part/dwg P-721747-4

Ant Link Trimmer Capacitor Band No.

Ant Link Trimmer Capacitor Band No. 3
Ant Link Trimmer Capacitor Band No. 4

1st RF Grid Trimmer Capacitor Band No. 1

1st RF Grid Trimmer Capacitor Band No. 2
1st RF Grid Trimmer Capacitor Band No. 3

1st RF Grid Trimmer Capacitor Band No. 4

2nd RF Grid Trimme Capacitor Band No.

2nd RF Grid Trimmer Capacitor Band No. 2

2nd RF Grid Trimmer Capacitor Band No. 3

2nd RF Grid Trimmer Capacitor Band No. 4
1st Detector Grid Trimmer Capacitor Band No. 1

1st Detector Grid Trimmer Capacitor Band No. 2

1st Detector Grid Trimmer Capacitor Band No. 3

1st Detector Grid Trimmer Capacitor Band No. 4

Osc Parallel Trimmer Capacitor Band No. 1

Osc Parallel Trimmer
Capacitor Band No. 2
Osc Parallel Trimme
Capacitor Band No. 3
Osc Parallel Trimme Osc Parallel Trimine

Osc Plate Bypass

TABLE 8-4. TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS
FOR MODELS RBB-5/6 AND RBC-5/6 RADIO RECEIVING EQUIPMENT


| O | C-320 |  | Same as C-123 | Noise Limiter Bypass |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\bar{\square}$ | C-321 |  | Not Used |  |
| $\underset{\text { z }}{ }$ | C-322 |  | Same as C-115 | 1st AF Plate Coupling |
|  | C-323 | N16-C-31797-5484 | CAPACITOR, FIXED: NT \#48856-B5; mica; $2000 \mathrm{mmi} p / \mathrm{m} 5 \% ; 500 \mathrm{vdcw}$; temp coef 1 tr $\mathrm{B} ; 25 / 32$ " sq x 9/32" thk o/a max; molded low loss comp grade BM 262 case; 2 axial wire term; marked w/ Navy type \#, RMA color coded, wax impr; Aerovox type \#1467 L.S; RCA part/dwg p-720538-45 | 1st AF Plate Coupling |
|  | C-324 |  | Same as C-112 | Output Limiter Coupling |
|  | C-325 |  | Same as C-112 | Output Tube Grid Coupling |
|  | C-326 |  | Same as C-112 | 1st IF Grid Futer |
|  | C-327 |  | Same as C-112 | 2nd IF Grid Filter |
|  | C-328 |  | Same as C-115 | Diode Output Coupling |
|  | C-329 |  | Same as C-112 | AVC Filter |
|  | C. 330 |  | Same as C-115 | ${ }^{2 n d}$ IF Cathode Bypass |
|  | C-331 |  | Same as C-115 | ${ }^{2 n d}$ IF Screen Bypass |
|  | C-332 |  | Same as C-115 | 2nd IF Plate Bypass |
|  | C-333 |  | Same as C-115 | 3rd IF Cathode Bypass |
|  | C-334 |  | Same as C-115 | ${ }^{3} \mathrm{rd}$ IF Screen Bypass |
|  | C-335 |  | Same as C-115 | 3rd IF Plate Bypass |
|  | C-336 |  | Same as C-115 | CW Osc Plate Bypass |
|  | C-337 |  | Same as C-115 | CW Osc Screen Filter |
|  | C-338 |  | Same as C-115 | 1st IF Cathode Bypass |
|  | C-339 |  | Same as C-123 | Detector Plate Bypass |
|  | C-340 |  | Same as C-259 | AvC Filter AF |
|  | C-341 | N16-C-45773-7716 | CAPACITOR, FIXED: NT \#481379-10; paper dielectric; 2 sect; $100,000 \mathrm{mmf} ; 400 \mathrm{vdcw}$; hS metal case; $1-11 / 32^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 23 / 32^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{wd} \times 1-1 / 16^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{h}$; castor oil impr and filled; 2 solder lug term 13/16" h located on top spaced $5 / 8^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{c}$ to c on ins pillars; no int gnd; recommended mtg dimen are two $0.173^{\prime \prime}$ diam holes on $1-15 / 16^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$ for inverted mtg add one hole $9 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ wd $\times 1-3 / 6^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg} \mathrm{w} / 9 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ rad ends equant spaced and ctr $/$ wother holes; case finish gray lacquer; marked w/ Navy type $\#$, cap, vdcw, and mfr spaced and ctr/w other holes; case finish gray acquer; dwg ref; RCA part/dwg P-720555-57; Navy spec RE13A488 | Output Limiter Coupling |
|  | C-342 | N16-C-52972-9972 | CAPACITOR, FIXED: NT \#481380-10; paper dielectric; 2 sect; $50,000 \mathrm{mmf}$ p/m $10 \%$ one sect; 125,000 $\mathrm{mmf} \mathrm{p} / \mathrm{m} 10 \%$ other sect; 120 vacw both sect; $400 \mathrm{vdcw} ;$ HS metal case; $1-11 / 32^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 23 / 32^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{wd} \times 1$ $1 / 16^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{h}$; castor oil impr and filled; 2 solder lug term $13 / 16^{\prime \prime \prime}$ h located on top, spaced $5 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ c to con <br>  case finish gray lacquer; mark w/ Navy type \#, cap, vdew, and mfr dwg ref; RCA part/dwg P-72055559; Navy spec RE13A488 |  |
|  | C-342A |  | Part of C-342 | AvC Filter |
|  | C-342B |  | Part of C-342 | 2nd AF Screen Bypass |
| $\infty$ | c-343 | N16-C-53227-3460 | CAPACITOR, FIXED: NT \#481167-10; paper dielectric; 2 sect; $125,000 \mathrm{mmf} \mathrm{p} / \mathrm{m} 10 \%$ ea sect; 400 vdcw; 120 vacw ea sect; HS metal case; $1-11 / 32^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 23 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ wd $\times 1-1 / 16^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{h}$; castor oil filled and impr; 2 solder lug term $13 / 6^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{h}$ located on top, spaced $5 / 8^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{c}$ to c on ins pillars; int gnd; recommended mtg, dimen are two 0.173" diam holes on $1-15 / 16^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$, for inverted mtg add one hole 9/16" wd $\times 1-3 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ <br>  type \#481167-10. cap, vdcw, and mfr dwg ref; RCA part/dwg P-720555-55; Navy spec RE13A488 |  |

table 8-4. TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS


TABLE 8-4. TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS
FOR MODELS RBB-5/6 AND RBC-5/6 RADIO RECEIVING EQUIPMENT

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { REF } \\ & \text { SYMBOL } \end{aligned}$ | STOCK NUMBERS <br> SIGNAL CORPS AIR FORCE | NAME OF PART AND DESCRIPTION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| E-107 | * | RECEIVER, SUB-ASSEMBLY: mtg provisions for misc components; c/o 1 term board assem RCA part/dwg K-866365-501, 1 fixed resistor JAN RC20BF472K, 1 fixed resistor JAN RC20BF333K, 1 fixed resistor JAN RC20BF104K, 2 fixed resistor WW 15 ohms p/m $10 \%$ RCA part/dwg K-867972-340, 1 fixed capacitor RCA part/dwg P-720592-6; rectangular shape; $3-1 / 8^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 1-3 / 4^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{wd} \times 49 / 64^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{h}$ approx; two $0.173^{\prime \prime}$ diam mtg holes on $2-5 / 8^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$; RCA part/dwg P-721107-503 |
| E-107A E-108 | N17-B-77984-9201 | BOARD, TERMINAL: general binding post; 12 solder lug term; term $3 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ between ctr; $3 / 32^{\prime \prime \prime}$ thk lam phenolic board; type PBE per Navy Spec $17-\mathrm{P}-5 ; 3-1 / 8^{\prime \prime} \lg x 1-3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$; two $0.173^{\prime \prime}$ mtg holes on 2-5/8' $\mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$, term in 2 parallel rows of 6 term ea, 27/64" lg approx; RCA part/dwg K-866365-501 Same as E-306A |
| E-109 |  | Not Used |
| E-110 | * | BOARD, TERMINAL: general purpose binding post; 1 term w/ solder lug and \#8-32 thd screw connection; lam phenolic board; $2-1 / 8^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 7 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ wd $\mathrm{x} 5 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ thk approx o/a; two $0.154^{\prime \prime}$ diam mtg holes on $1.687^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$; RCA part/dwg K-856344-501 |
| E-111 | N17-I-48694-8701 | INSULATOR, BUSHING: NT \#61260; ring shape; white, isolantite, glazed; $0.425^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{h}$ o/a; $1 / 2^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{OD} \mathrm{x}$ $0.173^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{ID} \mathrm{w} / 3^{\prime \prime} 8^{\prime \prime}$ OD x $0.050^{\prime \prime}$ wd fl one end, $1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ wd fl one end, $1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ wd cham other end; wax impr, stamped w/ Navy type \#; RCA part/dwg K-818952-13; Navy Spec RE13A317 |
| E-112 | * | RECEIVER, SUB-ASSEMBLY: mtg provisions for misc components; c/o 1 term board assem RCA part/dwg K-856671-501, 1 fixed resistor JAN RC20BF104J, 1 fixed capacitor RCA part/dwg P-720592-5; rectangular shape; $1-3 / 4^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 1-9 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ wd $\times 23 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ h o/a; two $0.173^{\prime \prime}$ diam mtg holes on 1-1/16" mtg/c; RCA part/dwg P-721107-505 |
| E-112A | * | BOARD, TERMINAL: general purpose binding post; 4 solder lug term; term $3 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ between ctrs; lam phenolic board; $1-3 / 4^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 1-9 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ wd $\times 15 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ thk approx $0 / \mathrm{a}$; two $0.173^{\prime \prime}$ diam mtg holes on $1-1 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ $\mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$; term on 2 parallel rows of 2 term ea; RCA part/dwg K-856671-501 |
| E-113 | * | BOARD, TERMINAL: general purpose binding post 5 term $w /$ solder lug and \#8-32 screw connection; term holes $9 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ c to c no barriers; lam phenolic board; $4^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 1-1 / 8^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{wd} \times 5 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ thk approx o/a; two $0.173^{\prime \prime}$ diam mtg holes on $3-1 / 2^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$; end of terminal screw staked to prevent removal; RCA part/ dwg K-856342-501 |
| E-114 |  | RECEIVER, SUB-ASSEMBLY: mtg provisions for misc components; c/o 1 term board assem RCA part/ dwg K-864544-501, 1 fixed resistor JAN RC20BF472K, 1 fixed resistor JAN RC20BF104K, 1 fixed resistor RCA part/dwg K-99080-51, 1 fixed resistor WW 220 ohms $1 / 2 \mathrm{w}$ RCA part/dwg K-867970-354, 1 fixed resistor JAN RC30BF333K, 1 fixed resistor JAN RC30BF223K, 3 fixed capacitors RCA part/ dwg P-720592-6, 1 fixed capacitor RCA part/dwg P-720592-5; rectangular shape; 3-9/16" $\lg \times 1-3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ wd x $1-7 / 32^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{h}$ o/a excluding term; two $0.173^{\prime \prime}$ diam mtg holes on $3-3 / 16^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$; RCA part/dwg P-721107-502 |
| E-114A | * | BOARD, TERMINAL: general purpose binding post; 16 brass solder lug term, cad pl; 2 rows term $3 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ between term, $1-3 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ between rows; lam phenolic board; $3-9 / 6^{\prime \prime} 1 \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{x} \mathrm{1-3/4"} \mathrm{wd} \times 15 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ thk approx o/a; 2 mtg holes $0.173^{\prime \prime}$ diam on $3.187 \mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$; RCA part/dwg K-864544-501 |
| E-115 |  | Same as E-111 |
| E-116 |  | Same as E-111 |



TABLE 8-4. TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS FOR MODELS RBB-5/6 AND RBC-5/6 RADIO RECEIVING EQUIPMENT


| E-219 |  | Same as E-119 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| E-220 |  | Same as E-111 |
| E-221 | N17-I-69172-6201 | NNSULATOR, STANDOFF: round post shape; white steatite ceramic; $1 / 2^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{h} \times 1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ diam o/a; one *6-32 x 7/32" max d tapped hole ctr ea end; $3 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ min depth; Isolantite cat $\# 397-\mathrm{L}-1 / 2 ;$ RCA part/dwg K-802900-20 |
| E-222 |  | Same as E-122 |
| E-223 | --- | RECEIVER, SUB-ASSEMBLY: mtg provisions for misc components; c/o 1 term board assem RCA part /dwg K-866599-501, 1 fixed resistor JAN RC20BF103K, rectangular shape; 2-1/2" $\lg \times 3 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ wd $\times 1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ h approx o/a; two 0.173" diam mitg holes on 2" mtg/c; RCA part/dwg P-721107-509 |
| E-223A | * | BOARD, TERMINAL: general purpose binding post; 2 solder lug term; term $1^{\prime \prime}$ between ctr; lam phenolic board; 2-1/2" $\lg \times 3 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ wd $\times 7 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ thk $o / a ;$ two $0.173^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{mtg}$ holes on $2^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$; RCA part/dwg K-866599-501 |
| E-224 | N17-1-49509-1582 | INSULATOR, BUSHING: ring w/f shape; polystyrene bakelite grade XMS-10023; $3 / \mathbf{B}^{\prime \prime} \lg ; 1 / \mathbf{2}^{\prime \prime}$ OD x $1 / 16^{\prime \prime} \lg \mathrm{fl}$ one end $\mathbf{w} /$ neck $0.377^{\prime \prime}$ OD $\times 5 / 18^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg}$; one $1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ diam axial hole; RCA part/dwg K-865431-1 |
| E-225 | N17-1-69202-3301 | INSULATOR, STANDOFF: cylindrical pillar; polystyrene bakelite XMS-10023; 3/4" ig; 5/8" diam, \#632 tap $\times 3 / 8^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{d}$ mtg hole; one end, three $3 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ sq slot, other end $3 / 16^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{c}$ to c symmetrical; RCA part/ dwg K-865431-2 |
| E-226 | N17-I-48996-5547 | INSULATOR, BUSHING: cylindrical sleeve; polystyrene bakelite XMS-10023; 1/4" h; $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ OD 0.378" ID; may be made from RCA part/dwg M-417525, K-855470 and K-854730, RCA part/dwg K-865431-3 |
| $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{E}-227 \\ \text { to } \\ \mathrm{E}-233 \end{gathered}$ |  | Not Used |
| E-234 |  | Same as E-136 |
| E-235 |  | Same as E-129 |
| E-301 | * | BOARD, TERMINAL: general purpose binding post; 9 term $w /$ solder lug and $\# 6-32$ screw type connections; term $5 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ between ctr; lam phenolic board; $6-5 / 8^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 1-9 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ wd $\times 3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ thk approx o/a; two $0.173^{\prime \prime}$ diam mtg holes on 6-1/4" mtg/c; RCA part/dwg K-866349-501 |
| E-302 | * | SUB-ASSEMBLY: mtg for capacitors; c/o 6 capacitors RCA part/dwg P-720592-6; 1 term board assem RCA part/dwg K-865237-501; will mt 6 capacitors; rectangular shape; $4-3 / 4^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 1-7 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ wd $\times 5 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ thk $0 / \mathrm{a}$; one $0.173^{\prime \prime}$ diam hole for mtg; RCA part/dwg K-871166-501 |
| E-302A | * | BOARD, TERMNAL: general purpose binding post; 14 solder lug term; term $5 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ between holes; lam phenolic board; $4-3 / 4^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 1-7 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ wd $\times 5 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ thk $0 / a ;$ one $0.173^{\prime \prime}$ diam mtg holes; RCA part/dwg K-865237-501 |
| E-303 | * | SUB-ASSEMBLY: mtg for resistors and capacitors on term board; c/o 1 term board assem RCA part/ dwg K-864544-501, 1 resistor JAN RC20BF472K RCA part/dwg p-722318-70, 1 resistor JAN RC20BF223K RCA part/dwg P-722318-78, 1 resistor JAN RC20BF104K RCA part/dwg P-722318-86, 1 resistor JAN RC20BF471K RCA part/dwg P-722318-58, 3 capacitors RCA part/dwg P-720592-6; rectangular shape; $3-1 / 16^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 1-3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ wd $\times 3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ thk approx $0 /$; two $0.173^{\prime \prime}$ diam mtg holes on $3.187^{\prime \prime}$ $\mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$; all tubing to be dressed straight avoiding direct contact $\mathrm{w} /$ soldered term; RCA part/dwg p-721101-505 |
| E-303A |  | Same as E-114A |
| E-304 | N16-K-700346-101 | KNOB: round knob $w / 8$ indents at 45 deg apart; black molded compound; for $1 / 4$ " diam shaft; double \#8-32 set screw; grooved pointer fill $w /$ white lacquer; $1-5 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ diam $\times 7 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ h $o / a$; brass insert; ctb; RCA part/dwg M-421027-502 |
| E-305 |  | Same as E-104 |

## Terminal Board TB- for Osc Box A-204

Ins Bushing for A-204
Osc Box Term Screws
tandoff ins Between X-203 and Chassis in Ose Box A-204
Terminal Board TB-2
for Osc Box A-204
Terminal Board TB-1
for Ose Box A-204
Terminal Board for E-223
Feed Through Ins
Ins for Ose Box A-204
Ins for Osc Box A-204
Contact for Octal Sockets
X-201 to X-206
Spring and Bracket
Terminal Board TB-
Terminal Board TB-311
for Output Plug Filter L-30 ark J 202 Back Wall IF/AF Unit Above Chassis
Terminal Board TB-307
Power Supply Bypass Capacitors
On Side Wall of IF/AF Unit
Next To J-301
Terminal Board for E-302
Terminal Board TB-305 for 3rd IF (X-303) Rear Unst Partition Wall Chassis
Against Partition Wall Near X-303
Terminal Board for E-303
Radio Selectivity Output Leve Gain, Reception Silencer, Noise Limiter Knobs
Zero Set - Add Decibels Frequency Vernier Knobs

[^1]TABLE 8-4. TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS FOR MODELS RBB-5/6 AND RBC-5/6 RADIO RECEIVING EQUIPMENT

| REF. STMEBCL | STOCK Numbens <br> staml conps Alr porce | name or part and discrretion | LOCATING Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| E-306 | * |  <br>  <br>  <br>  | Teemminai manaid Tvo-301 for Siliemcer (T-30\%, $\mathbf{T}-309$ ) Frumit Wimdersside IF $/ / \mathrm{AF}$ Chassis $x$ Agminst Partition wall niear $x-305, x-364$ |
| E-306s | * |  <br>  <br>  |  |
| E-300 | * |  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  | Tremitman Buardice-30e Cemeral Purpose. Ceuter Whatersibitle IF/AF'Clusssis Eixterutimy |
| E-3074 | * |  <br>  <br>  | Terminal Board for E -307 |
| E-3008 | * |  <br>  <br>  | Terminal Brard TB-305 Diante Liuk for Hiscruammeter Camectiom Top Side WF/AT Chassums Eetween $\mathbf{x - 3 1 0 , ~ X - 3 1 1 ~}$ |
| E-300 | * |  <br>  RC20BF3gsk, RCA part/dag P-722318-81; 1 ressistor RCA part/digg P-T23353-74n, 2 capmeitors RCA <br>  <br>  <br>  | Terminal Board TB-303 AVC Filter and Wollage Piwider Hact Whall doderstide IY/ATC Chassis |
| E-3004 | * |  <br>  metide: RCA part/dwe K-8ce590-501 | Termbal fordifor E -309 |
| 1-310 |  | same as E-111 | Uns Bushing for Terim Screus |
| E-311 | * |  <br>  <br>  1 resistor JAN RC2UBF22HK RCA part/dug P-72231E-90, 1 capacitor RCA part/dwg P-720533-44; <br>  mate/c; an | Termimal Board TB-393 Cemeral Purpose Winderside IF//AF Chassis Agairst Outside Wail |
| E-311 |  | Same as E-107A | Terminal Poard for E-311 |
| E-312 |  | mot Dised |  |


| *-313 | N17-1-50070-5581 |
| :---: | :---: |
| E-314 | * |
| E-314A | * |
| E-315 | * |
| E-315A |  |
| E-316 | * |
| E-316A | * |
| E-317 | - * |
| E-318 |  |
| E-319 | * |
| E-320 | * |
| E-321 | * |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { E-322 } \\ \text { to } \\ \text { E- } 326 \end{gathered}$ |  |
| E-327 | * |
| E-328 | * |
|  |  |



 on $13 / 16^{\prime \prime} \times 1-1 / 1 \sigma^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$; mitg holes localed diagonally frome e other; fCA part/dwg K-871328-50
board, TEAMMAL: mits 0.01 mf capacitor; 3 solder lug term; term $1-1 / \mathbf{K}^{\prime}$ between ctr; lamp phemoly
 mtg/c; RCA part/durg E-871328-1
SUB-ASSEMBLI Y: ms resistors and capacitors on term brard; c/o 1 term hoard RCA part/dwg 420895-501, 2 resistors JAN RC20BF105K RCA part/dwE P-722318-98, 2 resistors JAN RCC20BF274K JAN RC20BF394K RCA part/dwg P-722318-98; 1 resistor JAN RC20BF474K RECA part/dwg P-72231894. 1 resistor JAN RCZOBF184K RCA part/dwg P-722318-89, 1 capacitor RCA part/dwg P-720473-40;
 all tubing to be dressed straight avoiding direct contact w/ soldered term; RCA part/dwg P-721101-50 Same as E-30\%a

UB-ASSEMBLI: motg resistors and capacitors; c/o 1 term board RCA part/dwg E-834821-2, 1 resistor JAN RCZOBFI03K RCA part/dwg P-72.318-14, I resistor IAN RC2 $25 / 6^{\circ}$ RCA part/dwg $P$



BOARD. TERMINAL" general purpose binding post; 3 solder lug term in two parallel rows four ea;


OARD, TERMinal: general purpose binding post; 3 solder lug termi; term $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ between ctr; ban phenolic board; $1-1 / 2^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 7 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ wd $\times 1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ thk $0 / 2 ;$ two $0.173^{\prime \prime}$ mbg holes 0 n $1^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{C}$; RCA part/dwe K-874319-501
Same as E-224
OARD, TERMINAL: mig board for IF coil; 6 cad pl brass term protruding thru both sides of board term marked $A, C, D_{0}$ and $F$ on $5 / 8^{\circ \prime} \times 3 / 4^{\circ \prime} m t g / c$; term marked $B$ and $E$ on mtg/c, 29/32" $c$ to $c$ bakelite XMS-10023 board; $1.281^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 1.281^{\prime \prime}$ wd $\times 1-3 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ thl $\mathrm{o} / \mathrm{a}$; one $0.437^{\prime \prime}$ diam hole in etr; RCA part/dmg M-429650-505
BOARD, TERMINAL: mtg board for IF coil; 4 cad pl brass term protruding thru both sides of board $5 / 8^{\prime \prime} \times 3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ between ctrs of term; bakelite KMS-10023 board; $1.281^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 1.281^{\prime \prime}$ wd x $1-3 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ thk o/a: $5 / 8^{\prime \prime} \times 3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ between ctrs of term; bakelite KMS-10023 board; $1.281^{\prime \prime} \operatorname{lg~x~} 1.281^{\prime \prime}$ wd x $1-3 / 1$
one $0.437^{\prime \prime}$ diam mtg hole in ctrr; terms marked A, C, $\mathrm{D}, \mathrm{F}$; RCA part/dwg M-429650-501

EESISTOR ASSEMBLY, VARIABLE: c/o 1 blt RCA part/dwg M-421555-9, 1 pot RCA part/dwg P-721104-2, 1 pot RCA part/dwg p-721104-4, 1 pot RCA part/dwg P-721104-5; rectangular shap $5-7 / 16^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 2-1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ wd $\times 1-7 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ d approx $o / a^{\prime} ;$ two $0.173^{\prime \prime}$ diam mtg holes on $3-11 / 16^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}_{\text {; }}$ RC part/dwg M-421555-502

Not Used

BOARD, TERMINAL: for filter coil 3 brass cad pl solder lug term; term spaced $0.55^{\prime \prime} \times 11 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ between ctrs; lam phenolic board $1 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ thk; $1.32^{\prime \prime}$ sq $\times 15 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ thk o/a; mtg bushing in ctr of board 0.380 420380-521

BOARD, TERMINAL: for output pluy filter; 2 brass cad pl solder lug term; term $5 / \mathrm{s}^{\circ} \mathrm{c}$ to c and ea $3 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ ctr to one edge of board; lam thermosetting board $1 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ thk; $1-1 / 8^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 1-1 / 16^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{wd} \times 5 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ th impr tumidy resistant, 1 hole $0.128^{\prime \prime}$ diam ctr batween orm for wire-was 1 nickel pa brass $m$ bushing staked in ctr, bushing $0.380^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{OD} \times 3 / 16^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{h} w /$ side knurled for engaging filter coil inner surface; RCA part/dwg M-421256-505

Tinsfor terniler Capacitor C -

Terminal Board TB-310
for C-574 Bact Exd of Receptio Switch S- 304 Mowestige

Terminal Board for E-314

## Terminal Board TE-30e for Detector and silencer $\mathrm{Z}-305$

 Against Partitio X-305, T-305Terminal Board for $\mathbf{E}-300$
Ter minal Board TE-1 for CW Ose op Side CW Os Chassi Against T-30f

Terminal Board for $\mathbf{E}$ - ${ }^{\text {3 }}$

Terminal Board TB-2 for CW Ose Underside CW Ose Chassis Under T-306
Ins for CW Ose (Part of E-333)
Terminal Board for 1st F Transi T-302

Terminal Board for CW Os Transt T-306
Z. Bracket Mounting

R-362 Output Limiter Gain Set Pot, R-364 Bandpass Filter Padding Adj Pot, R-368 Tuning Meter Under Chassis

Terminal Board for TB-311 for Output Plug Filter L-304

Terminal Board TB-31 For Output Plug Filter L-30

TABLE 8-4. TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS FOR MODELS RBB-5/6 AND RBC-5/6 RADIO RECEIVINC EQUIPMENT

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { REF. } \\ & \text { SYMBOL } \end{aligned}$ | stock numbers SIGNAL CORPS AIR FORCE | NAME OF PART AND DESCRIPTION | LOCATING FUNCTION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| E-329 | * | BOARD, TERMINAL: for phone lead filter; 2 brass cad pl solder lug term; term $13 / 16^{\circ} \mathrm{c}$ to c and $3 / 16^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{ctr}$ to edge of board; lam phenolic board $1 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ thk; $1-1 / 4^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 1^{\prime \prime}$ wd $\times 11 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ thk approx o/a; one $0.187^{\prime \prime}$ diam mtg hole $5 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ c to $\mathrm{c} w /$ RH term; 1 brass mtg bushing staked in ctr, bushing $0.380^{\prime \prime}$ OD $\times 3 / 16^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{h} w /$ side knurled for engaging filter coil form inner surface, board wax impr, humidity resistant; RCA part/dwg K-871374-501 | Terminal Board for Phone Lead Filter L-303 |
| E-330 | * | BOARD, TERMINAL; for phone lead filter; 2 brass cad pl solder lug term; term $13 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ c to c and $3 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ ctr to edge of board; lam phenolic board $1 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ thk; $1-1 / 4^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 1^{\prime \prime}$ wd $\times 14 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ thk approx o/a; one $0.187^{\prime \prime}$ diam mitg hole $5 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ c to c w/ LH term; 1 brass mtg bushing staked in ctr, bushing $0.380^{\prime \prime}$ OD $\times 3 / 16^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{h} w /$ side knurled for engaging filter coil form inner surface, board wax impr, humidity resistant; RCA part/dwg K-871374-502 | Terminal Soard for Phone Lead Filter L-303 |
| E-331 | * | BOARD, TERMINAL: for RF choke; 4 brass cad pl solder lug term; term on $5 / 8^{\prime \prime} \times 7 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ ctr; lam phenolic board $1 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ thk; $1-1 / 4^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 1^{\prime \prime}$ wd $\times 7 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ thk approx $0 / a ; 1$ white nickel pl brass mig bushing staked in ctr; bushing $0.380^{\circ \prime}$ OD $\times 3 / 16^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{h} w /$ side knurled for engaging inner surface of coil form, board wax impr, humidity resistant; RCA part/dwg M-421256-503 | Terminal Board for Input Filter Choke L-308 |
| E-332 |  | Not Used |  |
| E-333 | N16-0-55015-7776 | OSCILLATOR, RF: freq range 399.5 to $402.5 \mathrm{kc} ; 217 \mathrm{mw}$ approx output; $3-5 / \mathrm{g}^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg} \times 3-1 / \mathrm{A}^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{wd} \times 3$ 7/8" h approx o/a; integral coil; receives power for rec power rect unit; spacer motd on top of LF/AF unit chassis; osc coil tuned to $401 \mathrm{kc} \mathbf{w} /$ adj powdered iron core, $1.5 \mathrm{kc} \mathrm{p} / \mathrm{m}$ from 401 kc tuning by ext var capacitor; RCA part/dwg P-721038-501 | CW Ose |
| E-334 |  | Not Used |  |
| E-335 |  | Same as E-136 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Contacts for Octal Sockets } \\ & \mathrm{X}-301 \text { to } \times-311 \end{aligned}$ |
| E-336 |  | Same as E-103 | Pull Knobs on Front Panel For Removal of Chassis |
| H-101 | G41-W-2446 | WRENCH: double end hex, Allen type; $5 / 64^{\prime \prime}$ across flats; $2-3 / 64^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 25 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ wd $x 5 / 64^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{do}$ o; a; steel cad pl; "L" shape 90 deg angle off-set; hex rod; for \#8 set screw; Allen Mfg short series; RCA part/ dwg K-828505-31 | On Partition Wall in Preselector Section for All Set Screws Except H-103 |
| H-102 | N41-W-2449-15 | WRENCH: double end hex, Allen type; $3 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ across flats; $2-3 / 16^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 27 / 32^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{wd} \times 3 / 32^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{d}$ o/a; steel, cad pl; 90 deg off-set; "L" shape hex rod; for \#10 and \#12 Allen set screw; Allen Mrg short series; RCA part/dwg K-828505-20 | On Partition Wall in Preselector Section for H-103 |
| H-103 | N43-S-19023-3350 | SCREW, SET: Allen drive; chrome molybdenum steel; \#10-32; 3/8" Ig; cuppoint; 0.0942"across flats hex socket: RCA part/dwg K-8888539-185 | For Tuning Knob E-101 and Band Change E-102 |
| F-104 | N43-S-13503 | SCREW, MACHINE: slot drive; Fil Bind H; SS passivating dip finish; *8-32 thd; $7 / 16^{\prime \prime} \lg 0 / \mathrm{a}$; thd portion $0.11625^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg} ; 3 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ diam $\times 1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ h head; shoulder under head $1 / 8^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ diam; undercut below shoulder $0.040^{\prime \prime}$ wd xd of thd, thd type C, class "2 fit ASA, end cham $1 / 32$ " x 45 deg, head slot $0.057^{\prime \prime}$ wd $\times 3 / 32^{\prime \prime} d_{i}$ RCA part/ $/ \mathrm{dwg}$ K-837861-1 | For Tuning Capacitor C-149 |
| H-201 |  | Same as H-101 | On Partition Wall in Preselector Section For All Set Screws Except $\mathrm{H}-203$ |
| H-202 |  | Same as H -102 | On Partition Wall in Preselector Section for H-203 |
| H-203 |  | Same as H-103 | For Tuning Knob E-201 and Band Change Knob E-202 |



CONTRACT NObsr-52028

TABLE 8-4. TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS FOR MODELS RBB-5/6 AND RBC-5/6 RADIO RECEIVING EQUIPMENT

| $\begin{gathered} \text { REF. } \\ \text { SYMBOL } \end{gathered}$ | stock numbers <br> signal corps AIR FORCE | name of part and description | Locating function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| L-201 | N16-C-76925-5850 | COIL, RF: NT \#47941; osc; 3 wnd single layer wid; unshielded; $2.357^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 1-3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ wd $\times 1-5 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ d o/a; anode coil 12 turns \#30 AWG, 2 heater coils ea 29-1/2 turns \#24 AWG, polystyrene bakelite form, powdered iron core slug; form $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ OD $\times 1-11 / 16^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg}$; adj powdered iron core slug; scdr adj at ctr base end; two 0.154" diam holes on $1.312^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c} ; 6$ solder lug term on base end; wax impr; RCA part;' dwg K-865480-501 | Osc Heater Choke |
| L-301-1 | N16-F-32088-9978 | FILTER, BAND PASS: NT $\# 53090 ; 1000$ cyc peak $p / m 5 \%, 200$ cyc min band wd at 6 db below peak, 450 cyc max band wd at 40 db below peak, response below " 725 cyc and above $1275 \mathrm{cyc}-40 \mathrm{do}$ min below peak; $5-1 / 9^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{h} \times 4^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{sq} 0 / \mathrm{a} ; 100,000$ ohms output impedance; rectangular HS metal case; four 0. $180^{\circ}$ diam holes in fl on 3-3/8" mtg/c; 3 solder lug and screw type term; impr and potted, marked w/ Navy type 解 and mir part/dwg \#; RCA part/dwg K-901008-501 | Band Pass Filter for ReB |
| L-301-2 | N16-F-32088-9901 | FILTER, BAND PASS: NT $\# 53091 ; 1000 \mathrm{cyc} \mathrm{p} / \mathrm{m} 5 \% .300$ cyc min band wd at 6 db below peak, 1000 cyc max band wd at 40 db below peak, response below 450 cyc and above 1550 cyc -40 db min below peak; $5-1 / 8^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{h} \times 4^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{sq} \mathrm{o} / \mathrm{a} ; 100,000$ ohms input impedance. 82,000 ohms output; rectangular HS metal case; four 0. $180^{\prime \prime}$ diam mtg holes on $3-3 / 8^{\prime \prime} \times 3-3 / 8^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$ in f ; 3 solder lug and screw type term; impr and potted, marked w/ Navy type $\%$ and mir pari/dwg \#; RCA part/dwg K-901009-501 | Band Pass Filter for RBC |
| L-302 |  | Not Used |  |
| L-303 | N18-C- $22955-5501$ | COLL, RF: NT *47939, choke; 2 wnd bifilar single layer RH close wnd; unshielded; 30 turns $\mathbf{2 8}$ AWG ea wnd; $1.843^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 1-1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ wd $\times 1^{\prime \prime} d \mathrm{o} / \mathrm{a}$; phenolic form, air core; form $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ OD $\times 1-5 / 8^{\prime \prime} 1 \mathrm{lg} ; 2 \mathrm{mtg}$ holes $0.187^{\prime \prime}$ diam. 1 ea end in line on $3 / 16^{\prime \prime} \times 7 / 32^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$; 4 solder lug term, 2 on ea end; wax impr; Nary type to be marked on containing package; RCA part/dwg K-865413-501 |  |
| L-303A |  | Part of L-303 | Phone Lead Piter |
| L-3038 |  | Part of L-303 | Pbone Lead Filter |
| L-304 | N16-C-72665-4959 | COLL, RF: NT \#472156; choke; 2 wnd, bifilar single layer RH close wad; unshieded; 25 turns 828 AWG ea end, $2-5 / 8^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 1.320^{\prime \prime}$ wd $\times 1.320^{\prime \prime} d \mathrm{do} / \mathrm{a} ;$ lam phenolic form, air core; form $1 / 2^{\prime \prime} 0 \mathrm{OD} \times 2^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{Ig} ;$ two <br>  |  |
| L-304A |  | Part of L-304 | Output Plus Filter |
| L-304B |  | Part of L-304 | Output Plag Filter |
| L-305 | N16-C-73023-9303 |  $\times 1-1 / 4^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{wd} \mathrm{x} 1^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{do}$ o/a; lam phenolic form, air core; form $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ OD $\times 1-3 / 8^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg}$; mtd $\mathrm{hy} 3 / \mathrm{g}^{\prime \prime}$ LD of form at end opposite term; 2 solder lug term on term board end; wax impr, Navy type ${ }^{\text {it }}$ to be marked on containing package; RCA part/dwg K-865458-501 | Volimeter Fiter Choke |
| L-306 | N16-C-73232-2872 | COIL, RF: NT 447926; choke; single wid, 4 layer wad; cylindrical bakelite shield; 0.019 ohm resistance, 14. 95 uh inductance, $0.6 \mathrm{amp} ; 23-1 / 2$ turns $\$ 16$ AWG; $1.377^{*}$ max diam $\times 1.087{ }^{2}$ nomn $h$, excluding term and mtg attachments; tapped core form powdered iron core; one $16-32 \times 3 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ daxial mtg hole in ctr of hex brass post on bottom; 2 solder lag term on top; stencil mifg prefix letters CRY and $\operatorname{NT}$ 47926; wax impr, encased in metal shield can; $\mathbf{~ C C A}$ part/dwg $\mathbb{K}$-900676-504 | 17 V Supply Filter Choke |
| L-307 |  | Same as L-306 | 17.1 Supply Filter Choke |
| L-308 | N16-C-75849-5144 |  <br>  <br>  |  |
| L-308A |  | Part of L-308 | Inpat Meter Filter Choke |

L-308B

Part of L-308
COIL, RF: low pass filter; single wnd, space wnd; unshielded; $22 \mathrm{uh} \mathrm{p} / \mathrm{m} 10 \%$ at $1000^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 55$ turns, $0.010^{\prime \prime}$ diam wire; $0.520^{\prime \prime}$ diam $\times 1.187^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg}$; phenolic lam core; form $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ diam $\times 1.187^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg}$; mtg by 0.010 diam wire; $0.520^{\prime \prime}$ diam $\times 1.187^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg} ;$ phenolic lam core; form $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ diam $\times 1.187$
ends of core pressed in bushings; 2 leads $1-1 / 2^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg}$ terms; RCA part/dwg K-890737-501

Same as L-501
METER, VOLTMETER: DC; JAN type \#MR25Y300DCVV; 0-300 v ; round plastic flush mtg case; 2.695" $\max$ diam fl $\times 0.38^{\prime \prime}$ thk, $2.21^{\prime \prime}$ max diam body $\times 1.60^{\prime \prime} \max d$ behind $\mathrm{fl} ; 2 \%$ accuracy full scale; D'Arsonval movement; $^{\prime} 000$ ohms per v; calibrated for non-magnetic panel; black markings and pointer, 2 stud term $1 / 4^{\prime \prime}-28$ thd $\times 0.69^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg}$; non-glare cover glass, special scale markings; Westinghouse BX-33; RCA part/dwg K-883928-2; spec JAN-I-6

METER, INPUT: DC; 0-120 db; round, plastic, flush mtg case; 2.695" max diam fl x $0.38^{\prime \prime}$ thk, $2.21^{\prime \prime}$ max diam body x $1.60^{\prime \prime}$ max d behind fl; accuracy $\mathrm{p} / \mathrm{m} 2 \%$ full scale reading; $\mathrm{D}^{\prime}$ Arsonval movement; 1.0 v basic movement, 1000 ohms per v sensitivity; calibrated for non-magnetic panel; 12 scale division; black markings and pointer, buff background; self-contained; 3 mtg holes $1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ diam on rad of $1.22^{\prime \prime}$ spaced 120 deg apart of fl; 2 stud term $1 / 4^{\prime \prime}-28$ thd $\times 0.69^{\prime \prime}$ max $1 \mathrm{~g} ;$ non-glare cover glass,
special scale markings; Westinghouse Elec BX-33; RCA part/dwg M-427798-1; spec JAN-1-6

METER, OUTPUT: DC; JAN type \#MR25Y126; -10 to +5 db ; round plastic flush mtg case; 2. 695" max diam flx $0.38^{\prime \prime}$ thk, $2.21^{\prime \prime}$ max diam body $\times 1.60^{\prime \prime}$ max $d$ behind $f 1 ; 2 \%$ accuracy for full scale reading; D'Arsonval movement; zero power level in 600 ohms is 0.06 mw , v at 0 on scale is 0.6 v , resistance when indicating 0 on scale is $5000 / 5500$ ohms, damping factor at zero mark is $16-200$, pointer over swing is $0.5-6 \%$, response time at 0 mark is $0.25-0.35 \mathrm{sec}$, deflection time to $99 \%$ reading on first
swing is $0.12-020$ sec; calibrated for non-magnetic; black markings and pointer, buff background; selfcontained; 3 mtg holes $1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ diam on rad of $1.22^{\prime \prime}$, spaced 120 deg apart on fl; 2 stud term $1 / 4^{\prime \prime}-28$ thd $\mathrm{x} 0.69^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg}$; non-glare cover glass, special scale markings; Westinghouse Electric Co BX-33; RCA part/dwg K-883928-1; spec JAN-I-6

DIAL ASSEMBLY: dial and mask; c/o 1 mask and dial housing assem RCA part/dwg P-721592-501, 1 dial mask assem RCA part/dwg M-420902-501, 1 dial and gear assem RCA part/dwg P-720542-501, 1 gear assem RCA part/dwg K-876563-501, 1 index plate assem RCA part/dwg K-856515-501, 1 idler gear assem RCA part/dwg K-856479-501, 1 stop arm assem RCA part/dwg K-856471-501, 1 mtg plate assem RCA part/dwg K-854150-502, 2 guide assem RCA part/dwg K-856779-501, 1 detent wheel and parked $/$ requr $3-7 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ thk o/a; 4 holes $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ d tapped \#6-32 $\times 3 / 8^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{d}$ on $8-3 / 8^{\prime \prime} \times 3-5 / 8^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$; freq indication on one band only visible at one time; arbitrary scale, range $0-1000 \mathrm{w} /$ only one indication visible at one time RCA part/divg W-303058-501

GLASS: dial glass for dial and mask; glass, non-glare; $4^{\prime \prime}$ wd at top tapered to $2^{\prime \prime}$ wd at bottom $\times 2-3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ $\mathrm{h} \mathrm{o} / \mathrm{a}$; top edge curved on 4-3/16" rad; RCA part/dwg K-856440-1
DIAL ASSEMBLY: dial and mask; c/o 1 mask and dial housing assem RCA part/dwg p-721592-501, dial and mask assem RCA part/dwg M-420902-502, 1 dial and gear assem RCA part/dwg P-720542 502, 1 gear assem RCA part/dwg K-876563-501, 1 index plate assem RCA part/dwg K-856515-501, plate assem RCA part/dwg K-854150-502, 2 guide assem RCA part/dwg K-856779-501, 1 detent wheel plate assem RCA part/dwg K-8wion assem RCA part/dwg K-856475-501, 1 insulated coupling assem RCA part/dwg K-865613501; freq range from 4.0 mc to 27.0 mc in 4 bands; rectangular shape; $9-5 / 16^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{h} \times 4-11 / 16^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{wd} \mathrm{x}$ $3-7^{\prime \prime} 8^{\prime \prime}$ thk ofa; four $1 / 2^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{d}$ tapped $\# 6-32 \times 3 / 8^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{d}$ on $8-3 / 8^{\prime \prime} \times 3-5 / 8^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$; freq indication on one band only visible at one time; arbitrary scale range $0-1000 \mathrm{w} /$ only one indication visible at one time; RCA part/dwg W-303058-502
Same as N -102
COUPLING, FLEXIBLE: shaft ins; c/o 1 bushing assem RCA part/dwg K-875997-501, 1 bushing assem RCA part/dwg K-875997-502, 1 coupling ring RCA part/dwg K-875993-1, 4 spacer RCA part/dwg K-875990-1, 4 spacer RCA part/dwg K-875990-2, 1 insulator RCA part/dwg K-875991-1, 1 arm RCA part/dwg K-875995-1; all metal parts white nickel pl; wheel shape: $2-1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ OD x $1-9 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ lg o/a; two $0.3775^{\prime \prime}$ axial holes for $3 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ shafts, one ctr ea bushing, 4 radial $\# 8-32$ tapped set screw holes, 2 in ea bushing; RCA part/dwg/M-422864-501

Input

Output

Dial and Mask

Dial Glass for $\mathrm{N}-101$

Dial and Mask

## Dial Glass for N -201

Coupling for Tuning
Capacitor C-149

Safety Spring for Rec Chassis

SP RING: flat type; for rec safety spring; \#14 ga band S phosphor bronze sheet; $3^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 5 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ wd $\times 0.064^{\prime \prime}$ thk o/a; two $0.128^{\prime \prime}$ diam mtg holes equally spaced on $5 / 16^{\prime \prime} \operatorname{ctr} 3 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ from one end to ctr and two $0.173^{\prime \prime}$ diam mtg holes similarly spaced at other end; RCA part/dwg K-850922-1

TABLE 8-4. TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS
FOR MODELS RBB-5/6 AND RBC-5/6 RADIO RECEIVING EQUIPMENT

| REF. SYMBOL | STOCK NUMBERS <br> SIGNAL CORPS AIR FORCE | NAME OF PART AND DESCRIPTION | LOCATING FUNCTION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C-103 | N16-P-403081-104 | SPRING: flat type; for ant jack; phosphor bronze sheet nickel pl; 2-17/32" $\lg \times 1-27 / 32^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{wd} \times 1 / 4^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{d} \mathrm{o} / \mathrm{a}$; four $0.173^{\prime \prime}$ diam mtg holes on $1-3 / 4^{\prime \prime} \times 1-1 / 16^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$; rectangular disk shaped $\mathrm{w} /$ serrated edges; RCA part/dwg K-865428-1 | Grounding Spring for Ant Jack J-101A |
| 0-104 | N17-S-46788-6001 | SPRING: flat type; for cont spring; phosphor bronze sheet white nickel pl; 5-9/32" $\lg \times 1 / 4^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{h} \times 1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ wd approx o/a; five $0.154^{\prime \prime}$ diam mtg holes equally spaced on $1-1 / 8^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c} ; 105 \mathrm{deg}$ angle strip $\mathbf{w} /$ one side serrated; RCA part/dwg K-865594-1 | Contact Spring <br> for Strip Near C-149 |
| 0-105 | N16-H-76701-1022 | HOLDER, TOOL: torsion type; for Allen wrench; $0.020^{\prime \prime}$ diam steel music wire, cad pl; $3 / 16^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{h} \times 5 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ wd x $1-25 / 64^{\prime \prime}$ lg o/a; 16 turns; RH turns; eye term parallel on same side of coil; term $5 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ DD on $1-3 / 16^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$; RCA part/dwg K-844671-9 | Retaining Spring for Allen Wrenches |
| $\begin{gathered} 0-106 \\ \text { to } \\ 0-108 \end{gathered}$ |  | Not Used |  |
| 0-109 | N17-S-46730-4605 | SPRING: helical extension type; for dial movement; $0.020^{\prime \prime}$ diam phosphor bronze spring wire finish "100; $11 / 16^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 3 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ wd x $3 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ d o/a; $3 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ body diam; 19-1/2 turns; RH turns; hook term one end, other end 90 deg bend $9 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ from ctr spring; RCA part/dwg K-856508-2 | Spring for Dial and Mask $\mathrm{N}-101$ |
| 0-110 | N17-S-46667-5101 | SPRING: helical extension type; for dial and mask movement; $0.054^{\prime \prime}$ diam music wire, cad pl finish; $1-29 / 64^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 0.467^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{OD}$, o/a; 8 turns; LH; parallel hook term; term bent on $0.180^{\prime \prime}$ rad; located on 1-3/64" mtg/c; RCA part/dwg K-854194-5 | Spring for Dial and Mask N-101 |
| 0-111 |  | Not Used |  |
| 0-201 |  | Same as O-102 | Safety Spring for Rec Chassis |
| --202 |  | Same as O-103 | Grounding Spring for Ant Jack J-201A |
| 0-203 | N17-C-77417-3687 | SPRING: flat type; for cont spring; phosphor bronze, white nickel pl; 4-27/32" $\lg \times 1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ wd $\times 19 / 64^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{d}$ o/a; three 0.154 " diam mtg holes equally spaced on $1-3 / 4^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$; trough shape strip approx $1 / 4^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{wd}$ at bottom $\times 1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ wd at top $\mathbf{w} /$ both edges serrated; RCA part/dwg K-865606-1 | Contact Spring Located Near V-202 |
| 0-204 |  | Not Used |  |
| 0-205 |  | Same as 0-104 | Contact Spring for Strip Near C-257 |
| 0-206 |  | Same as 0-105 | Spring for Allen Wrenches |
| $\begin{gathered} 0-207 \\ \text { to } \\ 0-209 \end{gathered}$ |  | Not Used |  |
| 0-210 |  | Same as 0-109 | Spring for Dial and Mask N-201 |
| O-211 |  | Same as 0-110 | Spring for Dial and Mask $\mathrm{N}-201$ |
| 0-212 |  | Not Used |  |
| 0-213 |  | Same as 0-101 | Coupling for Tuning Capacitor C-257 |
| O-301 | N16-P-403081-103 | SPRING: flat type; for power receptacle; $0.10^{\prime \prime}$ thk phosphor bronze sheet, extra hard white nickel pl ; $2-13 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ sq $\times 1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ d o/a; four $0.173^{\prime \prime}$ diam mtg holes on $1-9 / 16^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$; sq shape $\mathbf{w} /$ serrated edges w/ one hole 1-11/16" diam in ctr; RCA part/dwg K-866512-1 | Grounding Spring for Power Receptacle J-301 |


| $\begin{aligned} & \frac{O}{\mathbb{I}} \\ & \frac{\bar{Z}}{Z} \\ & \underset{z}{2} \end{aligned}$ | O-302 | * | SHAFT: for tuning knob; SS; round rod w/ one end flat; 1-13/16'lg x $0.249^{\prime \prime}+0.0005^{\prime \prime}-0.001^{\prime \prime}$ diam o/a; $u / w^{\prime \prime}$ knob and coupling $w / 1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ diam shaft holes and set screw mtg; flat $5 / 16^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 0.216^{\prime \prime}$ thk; RCA part/dwg K-866625-1 | Shaft Connecting Knob E-305 to Coupling $\mathrm{O}-305$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | O-303 | N16-P-403081-105 | SPRING: flat type; for output receptacle; $0.0159^{\prime \prime}$ thk phosphor bronze sheet, extra hard white nickel $\mathrm{pl} ; 1-5 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ diam x $1 / 4^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{do} o / \mathrm{a} ; 27 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ diam hole in ctr; round disk shape w/ serrated edges; RCA part/ dwg K-866544-1 | Grounding Spring for Output Receptacle J-302 |
|  | O-304 |  | Same as O-102 | Safety Spring for Rec Chassis |
|  | O-305 | N17-C-98378-3901 | COUPLING, FLEXIBLE: for insulation of $1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ diam shaft; brass, nickel pl and phenolic ins wax impr; wheel shape; $1-1 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ diam $\times 11 / 16^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg}$ o/a; 2 radial mtg holes tapped $\# 8-32$, one in ea hub; ins disk $0.022^{\prime \prime}$ thk x $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ ID lam bakelite; RCA part/dwg K-866618-2 | Coupling for Shaft O-307 <br> w/ C-301 and O-302 |
|  | 0-306 | $\begin{aligned} & 223273-129 \\ & \text { N16-C-92551-5501 } \end{aligned}$ | COUPLING, RIGID: sleeve type; $1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ shaft opening at ea end; 2 set screw holes tapped \#8-32 on $5 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ $\mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c} ; 1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ diam $\times 1^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg}$ o/a; SS passivating finish; RCA part/dwg K-866658-1 | Coupling for Shaft Connecting Sw-308 |
|  | 0-307 | * | SHAFT: for var capacitor; SS; round rod w/ ea end flat; 7-3/8" $\lg \times 0.249^{\prime \prime}+0.0005^{\prime \prime}-0.001^{\prime \prime}$ diam o/a; $\mathrm{u} / \mathrm{w}$ capacitor and coupling $\mathrm{w} / 1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ shaft holes and set screw mtg; flat ea end $3 / 8^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg} \times 0.216^{\prime \prime}$ thk; RCA part/dwg K-866625-3 | Shaft Connectinge C-301 to Coupling O-305 |
|  | P-101 | N17-C-71120-4869 | CONNECTOR, PLUG: NT \#49121-A; female cont; one round female cont; straight type; 13/16" diam x $2-7 / 8^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg} \mathrm{o} / \mathrm{a}$; cylindrical metal body; mtd by insertion of cont end into coax jack Navy type \#49120; incl knurled cable nut; RCA part/dwg K-866698-2; Navy dwg \#RA49F216G | Ant Input Plug for J-101A |
|  | P-102 | N17-C-71107-8086 | ADAPTER, ANTENNA: NT \#49152; for adapting coax plug receptacle to binding post; c/o 1 CR type \#138-X binding post axially mtd on cylindrical ins body $\mathrm{w} /$ axial round female cont protruding from other end; round; $11 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ approx diam $\times 1-23 / 32^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg} o / a ;$ mts by insertion of cont end into coax jack NT \#49120; marked w/ NT \#49152 on containing package; RCA part/dwg K-868940-1; Navy dwg \#RA49AA225A | Ant Input Adapter for Use w/J-101A |
|  | P-201 |  | Same as P-101 | Ant Input Plug for J-201A |
|  | P-202 |  | Same as P-102 | Ant Input Plug for J-201A |
|  | P-301 | N17-C-71464-5859 | CONNECTOR, PLUG: NT \#49160; male cont; 3 round female cont pol; straight type; 2-5/16" $\mathrm{lg} \times 7 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ diam; cylindrical metal body; cable opening $0.281^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{ID}$; mts by coupling nut; incl cable guard; Amphenol their type \#MC3M; RCA part/dwg K-871681-1 | Output Plug Used w/ J-302 |
|  | P-301A | N17-A-27451-1012 | ADAPTER, CONNECTOR: NT \#49509; female both ends; 90 deg angle type; adapts cable to NT \#49160 connector at 90 deg angle; $1-5 / 8^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 7 / 8^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{d} \times 1-3 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ wd approx $0 /$; ; brass white nickel pl L shape, locking; lam phenolic, wax impr insert; $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ diam cable opening; captive coupling nut $w / 5 / 8^{\prime \prime}-27$ female thd one end; cable clamp other end; RCA part/dwg MX-247930-501 | Output Plug Adapter Interchangeable $\mathbf{w} / \mathrm{P}-301$ |
|  | R-101 | N16-R-68357-7426 | RESISTOR, FIXED: NT \#63678-101; WW; 100 ohms $\mathrm{p} / \mathrm{m} \mathrm{10} \mathrm{\% ;} 1 / 2 \mathrm{w}$ at $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ max continuous oper temp; $15 / 64^{\prime \prime}$ diam $\times 21 / 32^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg}$; bakelite coated, humidity, and fungus resistant; 2 axial wire lead term; RMA color coded; IRC type \#BW-1/2; RCA part/dwg K-867970-350 | Ant Series |
|  | R-102 | N16-R-49598-811 | RESISTOR, FIXED: comp; 120 ohms p/m $10 \%$; $1 / 2 \mathrm{w}$; characteristic $F ; 21 / 32^{\prime \prime} \max \mathrm{lg} \times 7 / 32$ " diam max; bakelite coated, humidity, and fungus resistance; axial wire lead term; RMA color coded; $A B$ type EB; RCA part/dwg K-99080-51 | 1st RF Cathode Bias |
|  | R-103 |  | Same as R-102 | 2nd RF Cathode Bias |
|  | R-104 | N16-R-49922-811 | RESISTOR, FIXED: comp; JAN type \#RC20BF102K; 1000 ohms p/m 10\%; $1 / 2$ w; characteristic $F$; $0.406^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 0.175^{\prime \prime}$ diam; ins, RSW, and humidity; 2 axial wire leads \#21 AWG 1-1/2" lg; RCA part/ dwg P-722318-62; spec JAN-R-11 | 1st Detector Cathode Bias |
|  | R-105 | N16-R-50129-811 | RESISTOR, FIXED: comp; JAN type \#RC20BF472K; 4700 ohms p/m $10 \% ; 1 / 2$ w; characteristic $F$; $0.406^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 0.175^{\prime \prime}$ diam; ins, RSW, and humidity; 2 axial wire leads \#21 AWG $1-1 / 2^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg}$; RCA part/ dwg P-722318-70; spec JAN-R-11 | 1st RF Plate Filter |
|  | R-106 |  | Same as R-105 | 2nd RF Plate Filter |
|  | R-107 |  | Same as R-105 | Osc Plate |
| 00 | R-108 | N16-R-50480-811 | RESISTOR, FIXED: comp; JAN type \#RC20BF473K; 47, 000 ohms p/m 10\%; $1 / 2$ w; characteristic F; $0.406^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 0.175^{\prime \prime}$ diam; ins, RSW, and humidity; 2 axial wire leads \#21 AWG $1-1 / 2^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg}$; RCA part/ dwg P-722318-82; spec JAN-R-11 | Osc Grid Leak |
| 10 | CONTRA | -52028 |  |  |

TABLE 8-4. TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS FOR MODELS RBB-5/6 AND RBC-5/6 RADIO RECEIVING EQUIPMENT


RESISTOR, FIXED: comp; JAN type \#RC20BF383K; 33, 000 ohms p/m $10 \% ; 1 / 2 \mathrm{w}$; characteristic F; $0.406^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 0.175^{\prime \prime}$ diam; ins, RSW, and humidity; 2 axial wire leads \#21 AWG 1-1/2" lg ; RCA part/ dwg P-722318-80; spec JAN-R-11
Same as R-102
Same as R-124
Same as R-124
Same as R -105
RESISTOR, FIXED: comp; JAN type \#RC20BF562K; 5600 ohms $\mathrm{p} / \mathrm{m} 10 \% ; 1 / 2 \mathrm{w}$; characteristic F ; $0.406^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg} \times 0.175^{\prime \prime}$ diam $0 / a$; ins, RSW, and humidity; 2 axial wire leads; RCA part/dwg p-722313-71; spec JAN-R-11

Same as R-105
Same as R-105
Same as R-105
Same as R-108
Same as R-109
Same as $\mathbf{R - 1 0 9}$
Same as R-128

Same as R-109

RESISTOR, FIXED; comp; JAN type \#RC20BFI24K; 120,000 ohms $p / \mathrm{m} 10 \% ; 1 / 2$ w; characteristic F $0.406^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 0.175^{\prime \prime}$ diam; ins, RSW, and humidity; 2 axial wire leads \#21 AWG $1-1 / 2^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg}$; RCA part/ dwg P-722318-87; spec JAN-R-11
Same as R-213
RESISTOR, FIXED: comp; JAN type \#RC20BF103K; 10, 000 ohms $\rho / \mathrm{m} 10 \% ; 1 / 2 \mathrm{w}$; characteristic F ; $0.406^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg} \times 0.175^{\prime \prime}$ diam; ins, RSW, and humidity; 2 axial wire leads \#21 AWG $1-1 / 2^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg}$; RCA part; dwg P-722318-74; spec JAN-R-11

RESISTOR, FIXED: comp; JAN type \#RC20BF105K; $1 \mathrm{meg} \mathrm{p} / \mathrm{m} 10 \% ; 1 / 2$ w: characteristic F; $0.406^{\circ}$ $\times 0.175^{\prime \prime}$ diam; ins, moisture resistant; 2 axial wire lead term; color coded; RCA part/dwg P-722318x ; spec JAN-R-11
98 ,

Same as R-216
Same as R-216
Same as R-116
Not Used
Same as R-118
Same as R-118
RESISTOR, FIXED: NT \#63678-100; WW; 10 ohms p/m 10\%; $1 / 2 \mathrm{w}$ at $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ambient temp rise 0 to $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; 21 / 32^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 15 / 64^{\prime \prime}$ diam $\mathrm{p} / \mathrm{m} 1 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ tol; bakelite ins, waxed, humidity, and fungus resistant 2 axial wire lead term; RMA color coded, temp coef $0.017 \%$ deg C; IRC type \#BW-1/2; RCA part/dwg K-867970-338

Same as R-301
Same as R-301

Gain Control Bleeder

## Osc Cathode

1st RF Cathode (Part of E-213) 2nd RF Cathode (Part of E-218)

1st Detector Cathode Bias
RF Plate Shunt

1st RF Plate Filter
2nd RF Plate Filter
Osc Plate Filter
Osc Grid Leak
1st RF Grid Filter
2nd RF Grid Filter
RF Sensitivity Control Plate

1st Detector Screen
ist RF Screen

## 2nd RF Screen

Osc Screen

1st RF Grid Leak

2nd RF Grid Leak
1st Detector Grid Leak
Osc Heater Shunt Potentiometer

Osc Heater Shunt
Osc Heater Shunt
1st IF Medium Damping

2nd IF Medium Damping
3rd IF Medium Damping

TABLE 8-4. TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS FOR MODELS RBB-5/6 AND RBC-5/6 RADIO RECEIVING EQUIPMENT

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { REF. } \\ & \text { SYMBOL } \end{aligned}$ | sTOCK NUMBERS <br> SIGNAL CORPS AR FORCE | name of part and description | LOCATING FUNCTION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| R-304 |  | Same as R-301 | Diode Medium Damping |
| R-305 | N16-R-68325-6006 | RESISTOR, FIXED: NT \#63678-220; WW; 22 ohms p/m 10\%; $1 / 2 \mathrm{w}$ at $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ max continuous oper temp; $15 / 64^{\prime \prime}$ diam $\times 21 / 32^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg}$; bakelite coated, humidity, and fungus resistant; 2 axial wire lead term; RMA color coded; IRC type \#BW-1/2; RCA part/dwg K-867970-342 | 1st IF Broad Damping |
| R-306 |  | Same as R-305 | 2nd IF Broad Damping |
| R-307 |  | Same as R-305 | 3rd IF Broad Damping |
| R-308 |  | Same as R-305 | Diode Broad Damping |
| R-309 | N16-R-49841-811 | RESISTOR, FIXED: comp; JAN type \#RC20BF681K; 680 ohms $\mathrm{p} / \mathrm{m} 10 \% ; 1 / 2 \mathrm{w}$; characteristic $\mathbf{F} ; \mathbf{0 . 4 6 8 "}$ $\max \lg \times 0.249^{\prime \prime} \max$ diam; ins, RSW, and humidity; 2 axial wire lead term \#21 AWG 1-1/2" lg; RCA part/dwg P-722318-60; spec JAN-R-11 | 1st IF Cathode Bias |
| R-310 | N16-R-49769-811 | RESISTOR, FIXED: comp; JAN type \#RC20BF471K; 470 ohms p/m 10\%; $1 / 2$ w; characteristic F; $0.406^{\prime \prime}$ $\lg \times 0.175^{\prime \prime}$ diam; ins, moisture resistant; 2 axial wire lead term; color coded; RCA part/dwg p-72231858; spec JAN-R-11 | 2nd IF Cathode Bias |
| R-311 |  | Same as R-310 | 3rd IF Cathode Bias |
| - $\mathbf{- 3 1 2}$ |  | Same as R-309 | Output Cathode Bias |
| R-313 |  | Same as R-104 | 2nd AF Cathode Bias |
| R-314 |  | Same as R-104 | 1st AF Cathode Bias |
| R-315 | N16-R-50093-811 | RESISTOR, FIXED: comp; JAN type \#RC20BF392K; 3900 ohms p/m $10 \% ; 1 / 2 \mathrm{w}$; characteristic F; $0.468^{\prime \prime}$ $\max \lg \times 0.249^{\prime \prime}$ max diam; ins, RSW, and humidity; 2 axial wire lead term \#21 AWG 1-1/2" $\lg$ RCA part/dwg P-722318-69; spec JAN-R-11 | Output Limiter Amplr Cathode Bias |
| R-316 |  | Same as R-105 | 1st Detector Plate |
| R-317 |  | Same as R-216 | AVC Filter AF |
| R-318 |  | Same as R-105 | 2nd IF Plate |
| R-319 |  | Same as R-105 | 3rd IF Plate |
| R-320 | N16-R-50444-811 | RESISTOR, FIXED: comp; JAN type \#RC20BF393K; 39,000 ohms $\mathrm{p} / \mathrm{m} 10 \% ; 1 / 2 \mathrm{w}$; characteristic $\mathbf{F}$; $0.406^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 0.175^{\prime \prime}$ diam; ins, RSW, and humidity; 2 axial wire leads *21 AWG 1-1/2" lg; RCA part/ dwg P-722318-81; spec JAN-R-11 | 1st and 2nd IF Screen Dropping |
| R-321 | N16-R-87440-6910 | RESISTOR, VARIABLE: NT \#631094-15; comp; 3000 ohms $\mathrm{p} / \mathrm{m} \mathrm{15} \mathrm{\% ;} 1 / 2 \mathrm{w} ; 3$ solder lug term; encl metal case $1-1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ diam $\times 9 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ d; rounded SS shaft $1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ diam $\times 3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ lg from mtg surface; linear taper; ins cont arm; normal torque; bushing mtg $3 / 8^{\prime \prime}-32 \times 5 / 16^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg}$, non-turn device located on $17 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ rad at 9 o' clock; marked w/ Navy type \#, salt water spray resistant; IRC type CSM-sealed 280 deg; RCA part/ dwg P-721104-1 | Tuning Meter Shunt Potentiometer |
| R-322 |  | Same as R-109 | 3rdif Screen |
| R-323 |  | Same as R-215 | CW Osc Plate Supply |
| R-324 |  | Same as R-215 | 1st AF Plate Supply |


| R-325 | N16-R-50201-811 |
| :---: | :---: |
| R-326 |  |
| R-327 | N16-R-50283-551 |
| R-328 | N16-R-50372-811 |
| R-329 | N16-R-49930-431 |
| R-330 | N16-R-50083-431 |
| R-331 |  |
| R-332 | N16-R-50552-811 |
| R-333 | N16-R-50308-431 |
| R-334 |  |
| R-335 | N16-R-50714-811 |
| R-336 |  |
| R-337 | N16-R-51020-811 |
| R-338 | N16-R-50696-811 |
| R-339 |  |
| R-340 |  |
| R-341 |  |
| R-342 | N16-R-49804-431 |
| R-343 |  |
| R-344 |  |
| R-345 |  |
| R-346 | N16-R-50650-431 |
| R-347 | N16-R-50741-811 |

RESISTOR, FIXED: comp; JAN type \#RC20BF682K; 6800 ohms p/m 10\%; $1 / 2 \mathrm{w}$; characteristic F; $0.406^{\prime \prime}$ lg x $0.175^{\prime \prime}$ diam; ins, RSW, and humidity; 2 axial wire lead term \#21 AWG $1-1 / 2^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg} ;$ RCA part/dwg
P. $722318-72$; spec JAN-R-11

Same as R-215
RESISTOR, FIXED: comp; JAN type \#RC40BF103K; 10,000 ohms $p / m 10 \% ; 2$ w; characteristic F; 1. 41' $\max \lg \times 0.405^{\prime \prime}$ max diam; ins; 2 axial wire lead term; color coded; RCA part/dwg P-722353-74
RESISTOR, FIXED: comp; JAN type \#RC20BF223K; 22,000 ohms p/m $10 \% ; 1 / 2 \mathrm{w}$; characteristic F


RESISTOR, FIXED: comp; JAN type \#RC20BF112J; 1100 ohms p/m $5 \% ; 1 / 2$ w; characteristic F; 0.406 " $\lg \times 0.175^{\prime \prime}$ diam; ins, RSW, and humidity; 2 axial wire lead term \#21 AWG 1-1/2" $\lg$; RCA part/dwg P-722318-160; spec JAN-R-11

RESISTOR, FLXED: comp; JAN type \#RC20BF362J; 3600 ohms p/m $5 \%$; $1 / 2$ w; characteristic F; 0.406 $\lg \times 0.175^{\prime \prime}$ diam; ins, RSW, and humidity; 2 axial wire lead term \#21 AWG 1-1/2" lg; RCA part/dwg P-722318-172; spec JAN-R-11

Same as R-128
RESISTOR, FIXED: comp; JAN type \#RC20BF683K; 68,000 ohms $\mathrm{p} / \mathrm{m} 10 \% ; 1 / 2$ w; characteristic F $0.406^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 0.175^{\prime \prime}$ diam; ins, RSW, and humidity; 2 axial wire leads \#21 AWG $1-1 / 2^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg} ;$ RCA part dwg P-722318-84; spec JAN-R-11
RESISTOR, FIXED: comp; JAN type \#RC20BF123J; 12,000 ohms p/m $5 \% ; 1 / 2 \mathrm{w}$; characteristic F; $0.406^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 0.175^{\prime \prime}$ diam; ins, RSW, and humidity; 2 axial wire lead term \#21 AWG $1-1 / 2^{\prime \prime} \lg$; RCA part/dwg P-722318-185; spec JAN-R-11

Same as R-328
RESISTOR, FIXED: comp; JAN type \#RC20BF224K; 220, 000 ohms p/m 10\%; $1 / 2$ w; characteristic F $0.406^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 0.175^{\prime \prime}$ diam; ins, RSW, and humidity; 2 axial wire leads \#21 AWG 1-1/2" lg; RCA part/ dwg P-722318-90; spec JAN-R-11

Same as R-109
RESISTOR, FIXED: comp; JAN type \#RC20BF155K; $1.5 \mathrm{meg} \mathrm{p} / \mathrm{m} 10 \% ; 1 / 2 \mathrm{w}$; characteristic F; $0.406^{\prime \prime}$ lg $\times 0.175^{\prime \prime}$ diam; ins, RSW, and humidity; 2 axial wire lead term \#21 AWG 1-1/2" lg; RCA part/dwg P-722318-100; spec JAN-H-11

RESISTOR, FIXED: comp; JAN type \#RC20BF184K; $180,000 \mathrm{ohms} \mathrm{p} / \mathrm{m} 10 \% ; 1 / 2 \mathrm{w}$; characteristic F; $0.406^{\prime \prime} \max 1 \mathrm{~g} \times 0.175^{\prime \prime} \max$ diam; ins, RSW, and humidity; 2 axial wire lead term \#21 AWG $1-1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ lg ; RCA part/dwg P-722318-89; spec JAN-R-11

Same as R-109
Same as R-216
Same as R-216
RESISTOR, FIXED: comp; JAN type \#RC20BF561J; $560 \mathrm{ohms} p / \mathrm{m} 5 \% ; 1 / 2 \mathrm{w}$; characteristic F; $0.406^{\prime \prime}$ $\lg \times 0.175$ "diam; ins, RSW, and humidity; 2 axial wire lead term \#21 AWG 1-1/2" lg; RCA part/dwg p-722318-153; spec JAN-R-11

Same as R-335

Same as R-335
Same as R-216
RESISTOR, FLXED: comp; JAN type \#RC20BF124J; 120,000 ohms p/m 5\%; $1 / 2$ w; characteristic $\mathbf{F}$ $0.406^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 0.175^{\prime \prime}$ diam; ins, RSW, and humidity; 2 axial wire lead term \#21 AWG $1-1 / 2^{\prime \prime} \lg$; RCA part/dwg P-722318-209; spec JAN-R-11

RESISTOR, FIXED; comp; JAN type \#RC20BF274K; 270,000 ohms p/m 10\%; $1 / 2 \mathrm{w}$; characteristic F $0.406^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg} \times 0.175^{\prime \prime}$ diam; ins, RSW, and humidity; 2 axial wire lead term \#21 AWG 1-1/2" lg; RCA part/dwg P-722318-91; spec JAN-R-11

Voltage Divider

2nd IF Screen
Voltage Divider

Voltage Divider

Output Meter Divider

Output Meter Divider

Output Limiter Voltage Divider
CW Osc Grid

Output Meter Divider

Silencer Voltage Divider
st IF Grid

2nd IF Grid
3rd IF Grid

AVC Voltage Divider

1st AF Plate
Silencer Cathode
Silencer Plate
Output Meter Divider

Inverse Feedback Resistor from Output to 2nd AF Plate

## 2nd AF Plate

Noise Limiter Divider
1st RF Grid Filter

Detector Filter

TABLE 8-4. TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { REF. } \\ & \text { SYMBOL } \end{aligned}$ | STOCK NUMBERS SIGNAL CORPS AIR FORCE | NAME OF PART AND DESCRIPTION | LOCATING FUNCTION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| R-348 |  | Same as R-347 | Detector Loading |
| R-349 | N16-R-50822-811 | RESISTOR, FIXED: comp; JAN type \#RC20BF474K; 470, 000 ohms $\mathrm{p} / \mathrm{m} 10 \% ; 1 / 2$ w; characteristic F ; $0.406^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 0.175^{\prime \prime}$ diam; ins, RSW, and humidity; 2 axial wire leads \#21 AWG 1-1/2" lg; RCA part/ dwg P-722318-94, spec JAN-R-11 | 1st AF Screen |
| R-350 |  | Same as R-349 | Output Limiter Amplr Plate |
| R-351 |  | Same as R-349 | Silencer Amplr Plate |
| R-352 |  | Same as R-349 | 2nd AF Screen |
| R-353 | N16-R-50398-431 | RESISTOR, FIXED: comp; JAN type \#RC20BF273J; 27,000 ohms $\mathrm{p} / \mathrm{m} 5 \% ; 1 / 2 \mathrm{w}$; characteristic F; $0.406^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 0.175^{\prime \prime}$ diam; ins, RSW, and humidity; 2 axial wire lead term \#21 AWG 1-1/2" lg; RCA part/dwg P-722318-193; spec JAN-R-11 | CW Osc Plate |
| R-354 | N16-R-50786-811 | RESISTOR, FIXED: comp; JAN type \#RC20BF394K; 390,000 ohms $\mathrm{p} / \mathrm{m} 10 \%$; $1 / 2 \mathrm{w}$; characteristic $\mathbf{F}$; $0.406^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 0.175^{\prime \prime}$ diam; ins, RSW, and humidity; 2 axial wire leads \#21 AWG 1-1/2" lg; RCA part/ dwg P-722318-93; spec JAN-R-11 | AVC Filter |
| R-355 |  | Same as R-349 | AVC Load |
| R-356 | N16-R-51065-811 | RESISTOR, FIXED: comp; JAN type \#RC20BF225K; $2.2 \mathrm{meg} ; 1 / 2 \mathrm{w}$; characteristic $\mathrm{F} ; 0.406^{\prime \prime} \max \mathrm{lg} \mathrm{x}$ $0.175^{\prime \prime}$ max diam less term; ins, RSW, and humidity; 2 axial wire lead term \#21 AWG 1-1/2" lg; RCA part/dwg P-722318-102; spec JAN-R-11 | 1st AF Grid |
| R-357 | N16-R-50930-811 | RESISTOR, FIXED; comp; JAN type \#RC20BF824K; 820, 000 ohms p/m $10 \% ; 1 / 2 \mathrm{w}$; characteristic F; $0.406^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg} \times 0.175^{\prime \prime}$ diam; ins, RSW, and humidity; 2 axial wire lead term \#21 AWG 1-1/2" lg ; RCA part/dwg P-722318-97; spec JAN-R-11 | Noise Limiter Divides |
| R-358 |  | Same as R-356 | Silencer Grid |
| R-359 |  | Same as R-216 | Output Amplr Grid |
| R-360 |  | Same as R-356 | Output Limiter Amplr Screen |
| R-361 | N16-R-92567-1312 | RESISTOR, VARIABLE: NT \#631092-10; WW; 5000 ohms $\mathrm{p} / \mathrm{m} 10 \%$ ea sect; 0.015 amp max front sect, 0.020 amp max rear sect normal current rating; 3 solder lug term ea sect; encl brass cases nickel pl, $1-17 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ diam $\times 1-5 / 8^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{d}, \mathrm{o} / \mathrm{a}$; round metal shaft $1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ diam $\times 7 / 8^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg}$ from mtg surface; linear taper over 2000 ohms to $63 \% \mathrm{RH}$ rotation and linear taper over 3000 ohms between $63 \%$ and 295 deg RH rotation front sect; linear taper over 5000 ohms to $63 \%$ RH rotation, 0 ohms $63 \%$ to 295 deg RH rotation rear sect; ins cont arms; normal torque; bushing $3 / 8^{\prime \prime}-32$ thd $\times 3 / 8^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg}$, non-turn device on $17 / 32^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{rad}$ at $9 o^{\prime}$ clock; bushing brass nickel pl, C washer gad pl, moving parts and wnd petrolatum coated, brass term silver pl w/hot solder dipped ends, hop off resistance $100 \%$ rotation rear sect; non-magnetic SS shaft; lower case; RCA part/dwg K-866669-1; Navy spee \#RE13A492̄ |  |
| R-361A |  | Part of R-361 | Manual Gain Control <br> Potentiometer (Front Unit) |
| R-361B |  | Part of R-361 | Manual Gain Control <br> Potentiometer (Rear Unit) |
| R-362 | N16-R-88180-6810 | RESISTOR, VARIABLE: NT \#636674-L15; comp; 500,000 ohms p/m $15 \% ; 1 / 2 w ; 3$ solder lug term; encl metal case $1-5 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ diam $\times 25 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ d; slotted SS shaft $1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ diam $\times 5 / 8^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg}$ from mtg surface; curve A taper; ins cont arm; normal torque; bushing $3 / 8^{\prime \prime}-32$ thd $x 1 / 4^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg}$, non-turn device located on 17/32" rad at 9 o'clock; sedr slotted shaft and parallel w/arm, marked w/ NT \#, salt spray resistant; IRC type CSM-sealed 280 deg; RCA part/dwg P-721104-4 | Output Limiter Gain Set Control Potentiometer |

N16-R-88937-8843
R-363

RESISTOR, VARIABLE: NT \#631098-15; comp; 25, 000 ohms p/m $15 \%$ front sect, 1 meg p/m 15\% rear sect; normal cur 0.003 amp front sect, 0.2 ma rear sect; 3 solder lug term ea sect; encl metal cases
$1-1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ diam $\times 1-3^{\prime \prime} / 6^{\prime \prime} d^{\prime \prime}$ rounded non-magnetic SS shaft $1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ diam $\times 15 / 16^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg}$ from mtg surface;
 $3 / 8^{\prime \prime}-32$ thd $\times 7 / 16^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg}$, non-turn device on $17 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ rad at $90^{\circ}$ clock; salt water spray resistant; marked w/ Navy type \# and mfr prefix letters; RCA part/dwg K-864364-1
Part of R-363
Part of R-363

RESISTOR, VARIABLE: NT \#631142-15; comp; 100, 000 ohms p/m 15\%; $1 / 2 \mathrm{w}$; 3 solder lug term; encl metal case $1-5 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ diam $\times 25 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ d; slotted SS shaft $1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ diam $\times 5 / 8^{\prime \prime} 1 \mathrm{lg}$ from mtg surface; hinear taper; ins cont arm; normal torque; bushing $3 / 8^{\prime \prime}-32$ thd $\times 1 / 4^{\prime \prime} 1 \mathrm{~g}$, non-turn device located on $17 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ rad at 9 o'clock; scdr slot in shaft end paralle 1 w/ arm, marked w/ Navy type \#, salt water resistant IRC type CSM-sealed 280 deg ; RCA part/dwg P-721104-5

RESISTOR, FIXED: comp; JAN type \#RC20BF153J; 15,000 ohms $\mathrm{p} / \mathrm{m} 5 \% ; 1 / 2 \mathrm{w} ;$ characteristic F ; $0.406^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 0.175^{\prime \prime}$ diam; ins, RSW; and humidity; 2 axial wire lead term \#21 AWG 1-1/2" lg; RCA part/dwg P-722318-187; spec JAN-R-11

Same as R-335
Same as R-328
RESISTOR, VARIABLE: NT \#636581-L-15; comp; $25,000 \mathrm{ohms} \rho / \mathrm{m} \mathrm{15} \mathrm{\%} ; 1 / 2 \mathrm{w} ; 3$ solder lug term; encl metal case $1-5 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ diam $\times 25 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ d max dimen; slotted SS shaft $1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ diam x $5 / 8^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg}$ from mtg surface; linear taper; ins cont arm; normal torque; bushing mtg $3 / 8^{\prime \prime}-32 \times 1 / 4^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg}$; non-turn device surface; linear taper; ins cont arm; normal torque, $17 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ rad at 9 a $^{\prime}$ clock, scdr slot in shaft end parallel $\mathrm{w} / \mathrm{arm}$, marked $\mathrm{w} /$ Navy type \#, salt water spray resistant; IRC type CSM-280 deg; RCA part/dwg P-721104-2
RESISTOR, VARIABLE: NT \#631096-15; comp; 100,000 ohms p/m 15\%; $1 / 2 \mathrm{w} ; 3$ solder lug term; encl metal case $1-5 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ diam $\times 25 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ d max dimen; round SS shaft $1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ diam $\times 15 / 16^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg}$ from mtg surface; linear taper; ins cont arm; normal torque, $n$ gang $3 / 82$, ice deg. RCA part/dwg P-721104-3

Same as R-335
Same as R-216
RESISTOR, FIXED: comp; JAN type \#RC20BF242J; 2400 ohms p/m $5 \% ; 1 / 2 \mathrm{w}$; characteristic $\mathbf{F} ; 0.406^{\prime \prime}$
 P-722318-168; spec JAN-R-11

Same as R-101
Same as R-215
Same as R-310
Same as R-215
Same as R-216
SWITCH, ROTARY: 3 pole 4 position; silver pl nickel silver cont; ceramic body; 2-5/8 $1 \lg \times 2-3 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ wd $x 55 / 64^{\prime \prime}$ thk; shorting type conts; detent action; solder lug term; four $0.173^{\prime \prime}$ diam holes on $1-7 / 8^{\prime \prime \prime} \times$ $2-1 / 8^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$; ceramic is wax impr, silver pl phosphor bronze cont springs, rotor cont of silver, drive shaft to fit in 0.253" square hole; RCA part/dwg M-420882-1

Same as S-101
Same as S-i01
Same as S-101
Same as S-101

Output Level Control
Potentiometer
Output Limiter
Band Pass Filter Padding Adj. Potentiometer

2nd Detector Cathode

AVC Filter
2nd AF Feedback
Tuning Circuit Potentiometer

Silencer Control Potentiometer

Silencer Screen
AF AVC Filter
CW Osc Cathode

Cw Ose Grid
CW Osc Cathode
Cathode
Plate Filter
Grid Resistor
Ant Stage Band Selector

Ant Stage Band Selector
1st RF Stage Band Selector 2nd RF Stage Band Selector

Osc Stage Band Selector

TABLE 8-4. TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS
FOR MODELS RBB-5/6 AND RBC-5/6 RADIO RECEIVING EQUIPMENT

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { REF. } \\ & \text { SYMBOL } \end{aligned}$ | STOCK NUMBERS SIGNAL CORPS AIR FORCE | NAME OF PART AND DESCRIPTION | LOCATING FUNCTION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| S-106 |  | Same as S-101 | Osc Stage Band Selector |
| S-201 |  | Same as S-101 | Ant Coupling Band Selector |
| S-202 |  | Same as S-101 | Ant Circuit Band Selector |
| S-203. |  | Same as S-101 | 1st RF Circuit Band Selector |
| S-204 |  | Same as S-101 | 2nd RF Circuit Band Selector |
| S-205 |  | Same as S-101 | Osc Circuit Band Selector |
| S-206 |  | Same as S-101 | Osc Circuit Band Selector |
| \$-207 |  | Same as S-101 | Link Circuit Band Selector |
| S-301 | N17-S-70598-1802 | SWITCH, TOGGLE: NT \#24000; SPST; $1 \mathrm{amp}, 250 \mathrm{v}$ DC and $3 \mathrm{amp}, 125 \mathrm{v}$ DC; phenolic body w/metal shell; $1-3 / 16^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ wd $\times 9 / 16^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{d} ; 19 / 32^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{Ig}$ bat type handle; locking action; solder lug term; single hole mtg bushing $15 / 32^{\prime \prime}-32$ thd $\times 15 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ lg; black handle, black nickel pl bushing, silver pl cont, hot tin dipped term; AH and H cat \#20994-ET; RCA part/dwg M-420278-1 | Power ON OFF |
| S-302 | N17-S-61497-2081 | SWITCH, ROTARY: 2 circuits, 5 position; single deck; silver conts; ceramic wafer wax impr; 15/16" lg excluding shaft and mtg bushing, shaft and mtg bushing $3 / 4^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg}, 1-7 / 8^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{wd} \times 1-5 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ diam; sharting type conts; spring return from first to second position; solder lug terms; mts by $3 / 8^{\prime \prime}-32$ bushing $5 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ $\lg \mathrm{w} / 1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ wd key $17 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ from center; shaft $1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ diam $3 / 4^{\prime \prime} \lg$ FMS flatted to $0.216^{\prime \prime} \times 3 / 8^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg}$, w/ detent, brass parts nickel pl; Oak Mfg Co type \#22174-QH; RCA part/dwg M-421042-1 | Output Meter |
| S-303 | N17-S-59673-8341 | SWITCH, ROTARY: SPDT: single deck; silver cont; wax impr ceramic wafer; $15 / 16^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 1-7 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ wd x $1-5 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ d excluding shaft, shaft $1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ diam $\times 13 / 16^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg}$ flatted; shorting type cont; solder lug term; mtg bushing $3 / 8^{\prime \prime}-32$ thd $\times 13 / 32^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg}$; w/detent, all brass parts nickel pl; Oak Mfg type HC; RCA part/dwg M-421955-1 | Noise Limiter CN OFF |
| S-304 | N17-S-67040-3865 | SWITCH, ROTARY: 2 pole, 5 position each deck; 7 decks; silver conts; wax impr ceramic wafer; $4-19 / 32^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 1-7 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ wd $\times 1-5 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ d excluding shaft, shaft $1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ diam x $13 / 16^{\prime \prime} \lg$ flatted; shorting type conts; solder lug term: $3 / 8^{\prime \prime}-32$ thd $\times 3 / 8^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg}$ mtg bushing; w/ detent, all brass parts nickel pl; Oak Mfg Co type HC; RCA part/dwg M-421956-1 | Reception Transfer |
| S-305 | N17-S-74049-5902 | SWITCH, TOGGLE: NT \#24003; DPDT; 1 amp, 250 v DC and $3 \mathrm{amp}, 125 \mathrm{v}$ DC; phenolic body $\mathrm{w} /$ metal shell; $1-9 / 16^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 21 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ wd $\times 29 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ d; $^{26} / 32^{\prime \prime} \lg$ bat type handle; locking action; solder lug term; single hole mtg bushing $15 / 32^{\prime \prime}-32$ thd $\times 15 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ lg; black handle, black nickel pl bushing, silver pl cont; hot tin dipped term; Arrow, Hart and Hegeman cat \#20905-EP; RCA part/dwg M-420278-4 | Audio Selectivity |
| S-306 | N17-S-91897-8782 | SWITCH SECTION, ROTARY: wax impr ceramic; \#1 rear section, silver cont, 8 solder lug term, 2 pole 3 position; flat, oval shape; $1-7 / 8^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 1-5 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ wd $\times 7 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ thk; two $0.047^{\prime \prime}$ mtg holes for \#5 screw on $1-9 / 16^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$; Oak Mfg type HC; RCA part/dwg M-421/22-1 | Radio Selectivity |
| S-37 |  | Same as S-306 | Radio Selectivity |
| S-308 | N17-S-91671-1051 | SWITCH SECTION, ROTAFII: wax impr ceramic; front section, silver cont, 9 solder lug term, 2 pole 3 position; flat oval shape; $1-7 / 8^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 1-5 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ wd $\times 7 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ thk; 2 mtg holes for \#5 screw on $1-9 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ $\mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$; Oak Mfg Co type HC; RCA part/dwg M-421722-4 | Radio Selectivity |
| S-501 |  | Same as S-301 | Filament |
| T-101 | N17-T-82437-8733 | TRANSFORMER, RF: ant; four wnd, 1 single layer wnd, 1 universal pie wnd, 2 universal wnd of 3 pies ea; unshielded; $5-13 / 16^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 1-3 / 4^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{wd} \times 1-5 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ thk o/a; approx $4-1 / 2^{\prime \prime} \lg$ excl term; 2 ceramic (glass bonded, mica) form joined by ceramic insert, air core; forms $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ OD x $2-21 / 64^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg}$ ea; 2 adj powdered iron core slugs; scdr adj ctr ea end; two $0.154^{\prime \prime}$ dia mitg holes ea end are in line on $1.312^{\prime \prime}$ $\mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$; 6 solder lug term in bases at ea end; wax impr; RCA part/dwg P-720559-501 | Ant Transf Band No. 1 |

TRANSFORMER, RF: ant; 4 wnd, 1 single layer wnd, 1 universal pie wnd, 2 universal wnd of 3 pies
 forms joined by ceramic insert, air core; forms $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ OD $\times 2-21 / 6^{\prime \prime} \lg$ ea; 2 adj powdered iron core slugs; scdr adj ctr ea end; 2 mtg holes $0.154^{\prime \prime}$ diam on $1.312^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$ in form bases ea end, mtg holes ea end are in line; 6 solder lug term in bases at ea end; wax impr; RCA part/dwg P-720559-502

TRANSFCRMER, RF: ant; 4 wnd, 1 single layer wnd, 1 universal pie wnd, 2 progressive wnd; unshielded; $5-13 / 16^{\prime \prime} \operatorname{lg~x~} 1-3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ wd $\times 1-5 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ thk o/a; approx $4-1 / 2^{\prime \prime} \lg$ excl term; 2 polystyrene forms joined w/ ceramic insert, air cores; 2 adj powdered iron core slugs; scdr adj ctr ea end; 2 mtg holes $0.154^{\prime \prime}$ diam on $1.312^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$ in form base ea end, motd holes ea end are in line; 6 solder lug term in bases at ea end; wax impr; RCA part/dwg P-720559-503

TRANSFORMER, RF: ant; 4 wnd, 3 single layer wnd, 1 universal pie wnù; unshielded; 5-13/16" $1 \mathrm{~g} x$ $1-3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ wd $\times 1-5 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ thk $o / a$; approx $4-1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ lg excl term; 2 ceramic bakelite forms joined $\mathbf{w} /$ ceramic insert, air core; forms $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ OD x $2-21 / 64^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg}$ ea; two adj powdered iron core slugs; scdr adj ctr ea end; 2 mtg holes $0.154^{\prime \prime}$ diam on $1.312^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$ in form bases at ea end, mtg holes ea end are in line;

COIL, RF: NT \#471032; RF transf; two wnd, one single layer wnd, other 3 pie universal wnd; unshielded; $4^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 1-3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ wd x $1.312^{\prime \prime}$ thk o/a; polystyrene bakelite form, air core; form $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ OD x $2-27 / 32^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg}$ approx; adj powdered iron core slug; scdr adj ctr end opposite mtg end; 2 mtg holes $0.154^{\prime \prime}$ diam on $1.312^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$ in form base; 6 solder lug term in base; wax impr; KCA part/dwg M-420939-501
COIL, RF; NT \#471031; RF transf; two wnd, one single layer wnd, other 3 pie universal wnd; unshielded; $4^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 1-3 / 4^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{wd} \times 1.312^{\prime \prime}$ thk o/a; polystyrene bakelite form, air core; form $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ od x $2-27 / 32^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg}$
 $1.312^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$ in form base; 6 solder lug term in base; wax impr; RCA part/ dwg M-420939-502

COIL, RF: NT \#471030; RF transf; two wnds, one single layer wnd, other progressive wnd; unshielded; $4^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 1-3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ wd x $1.312^{\prime \prime}$ thk $\alpha / \mathrm{a}$; polystyrene bakelite form, air core; form $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ OD $\times 2-27 / 32^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg}$ approx; adj powdered iron core slug; scdr adj ctr end opposite mtg end; 2 mtg holes $0.154^{\prime \prime}$ diam on
$1.312^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$ in form base; 6 solder lug term in base; wax impr; RCA part/dwg M-420939-503

COIL, RF: NT \#471029; RF transf; two wnds, single layer wrid; unshielded; $4^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg} \times 1-3 / 4^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{wd} \times 1.312^{\prime \prime}$ thk o/a; polystyrene bakelite form, air core; form $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ OD $\times 2-27 / 32^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg}$ approx; adj powdered iron core slug; scdr adj ctr end opposite mtg end; 2 mtg holes $0.154^{\prime \prime}$ diam on $1.312^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$ in form base; 6 solder lug term in base; wax impr; RCA part/dwg M-420939-504

Same as T-105
Same as T-106
Same as T-107
Same as T-108
COIL, RF: NT \#472129; osc; 1 wnd, 1 universal wnd, 1 universal whd in 3 pies; unshielded, 267 uh; 123 turns; $4^{\prime \prime} \lg$ approx $\times 1-3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ wd approx x 1-5/16" thk approx o/a; polystyrene form, air core; form $5 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ OD x $2-27 / 32^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg}$; adj powdered iron core slug; scdr adj c end opposite mtg end; 2 mtg holes $0.154^{\prime \prime}$ diam on $1.312^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$ in form base; 6 solder lug term in base; wax impr, w/ one 260 mm mica capacitor, tapped at 10 and 70 turns; RCA part/dwg M-420951-501
COIL, RF: NT \#472130; ose; 1 wnd, 4 pie universal; unshielded; 82 turns; $4^{\prime \prime} \lg$ approx x $1-3 / 4^{\prime \prime} \quad$ wd approx x 1-5/16" thk approx o/a; polystyrene form, air core; form $5 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ OD x $2-27 / 32^{\prime \prime} \lg$; adj powdered iron core slug; scdr adj c end opposite mtg end; 2 mtg holes $0.154^{\prime \prime}$ diam on $1.312^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$ in form base; 6 solder lug term in base; wax impr; $w /$ one 415 mmf mica capacitor, tapped at 6 and 48

COIL, RF: NT \#472131, osc; 2 wnd, 1 universal wnd, 1 universal wnd in 3 pies; unshielded; 4" lg approx x $1-3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ wd approx x $1-5 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ thk approx $\mathrm{o} / \mathrm{a}$; polystyrene form, air core; form $5 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ OD x $2-27 / 32^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg}$; adj powdered iron core slug; scdr adj ctr end opposite mtg end; 2 mtg holes $0.154^{\prime \prime}$ diam on $1.312^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$ in form base; 6 solder lug term in base; wax impr, $\mathbf{w} /$ one 630 mmf mica capacitor; RCA part/dwg M-420951-503

COIL, RF: NT \#472132, osc: single layer wnd; unshielded; $4^{\prime \prime}$ lg approx x $1-3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ wd approx $\times 1-5 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ thk approx o/a; polystyrene form, air core; form $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ OD x $2-27 / 32^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg}$; adj powdered iron core slug; scdr adj ctr end opposite mtg end; 2 mtg holes $0.154^{\prime \prime}$ diam on $1.312^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$ in form base; 6 solder lug term in base; wax impr, $w /$ one 980 mmf capacitor; RCA part/dwg M-420951-504

Ant Transf Band No. 3

Ant Transf Band No.

1st RF Transf Band No. 1

1st RF Transf Band No. 2

1st RF Transf Band No. 3

1st RF Transf Band No. 4

2nd RF Transf Band No. 1
2nd RF Transf Band No. 2
2nd RF Transf Band No. 3
2nd RF Transf Band No. 4
Ose Transf Band No. 1

Osc Transf Band No. 2

Ose Transf Band No. 3

Osc Transf Band No. 4

TABLE 8-4. TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { REF. } \\ & \text { SYMBBL } \end{aligned}$ | sTOCK NUMBERS <br> SIGNAL CORPS AIR FORCE | Name of part and description | LOCATING FUNCTION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | T-201 | N17-T-82189-3155 | TRANSFORMER, RF: ant; 4 wnd, 4 single layer wnd; unshielded; $5-13 / 16^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 1-3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ wd $\times 1-5 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ thk o/a; approx 4-1/2" lg excl term; 2 ceramic forms joined $\mathrm{w} /$ ceramic insert, air core; forms 5/8" OD x 2-21/64" lg ea; 2 adj powdered iron core slugs; scdr adj ctr ea end; 2 mtg holes $0.154^{\prime \prime}$ diam on $1.312^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$ in form bases'ea end, mtg holes ea end are in line; 6 solder lug term in bases at ea end; wax impr; RCA part/dwg P-720560-501 | Ant Transf Band No. 1 |
|  | T-202 | N17-T-82196-5353 | TRANSFORMER, RF: ant; 4 wnd, 4 single layer wnd; unshielded; $5-13 / 16^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 1-3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ wd $\times 1-5 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ thk o/a; approx $4-1 / 2^{\prime \prime} \lg$ excl term; 2 ceramic forms joined w/ceramic insert, air core; forms $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ OD x 2-21/64" Ig ea; 2 adj powdered iron core slugs; scdr adj ctr ea end; 2 mtg holes $0.154^{\circ}$ diam in $1.312^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$ in form bases ea end, mtg holes ea end are in line; 6 solder lug term in bases at ea end; wax impr; RCA part/dwg P-720560-502 | Ant Transf Band No. 2 |
|  | T-203 | N17-T-82436-6939 | TRANSFORMER, RF: ant; 4 wnd, 2 single layer wnd, 2 single layer space wnd; unshielded; 5-13/16" $\lg \times 1-3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ wd x $1-5 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ thk o/a; approx $4-1 / 2^{\prime \prime} \lg$ excl term; 2 ceramic forms joined w/ceramic insert; air cores; forms $5 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ ODx $2-21 / 64^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg}$ w/ thd portion $1-21 / 64^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg} \times 12$ thd perinch; 2 adj pwd iron core slugs; scdr adj ctr ea end; 2 mtg holes $0.154^{\prime \prime}$ diam on $1.312^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$ in form bases ea end, mtg holes ea end are in line; 6 solder lug term in bases at ea end; wax impr; RCA part/dwg p-720560-503 | Ant Transf Band No. 3 |
|  | T-204 | N17-T-82209-1878 | TRANSFORMER, RF: ant; 4 wnd, 2 single layer wnd, 2 single layer space wnd; unshielded; $5-13 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ $\lg \times 1-3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ wd $\times 1-5 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ thk $o / a$; approx $4-1 / 2^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg}$ excl term; two ceramic forms joined $w /$ ceramic insert, air core; forms $5 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ OD x 2-21/64" $\lg$ w/ thd portion 1-3/64" $\lg \times 12$ thd perinch; 2 adj pwd iron core slugs; scdr adj ctr ea end; 2 mtg holes $0.154^{\prime \prime}$ diam on $1.312^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$ in form bases ea end, mtg holes ea end are in line; 6 solder lug term in bases ea end; wax impr; RCA part/dwg p-720560-504 | Ant Transf Band No. 4 |
|  | T-205 | N17-T-82189-1853 | TRANSFORMER, RF: NT \#47988; two wnd, one single layer wnd, one universal wnd; unshielded; 4-1/64" $\lg \times 1-3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ wd $\times 1-5 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ thk o/a; polystyrene bakelite form, air core; form $5 / 8^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{OD} \times 2-27 / 32^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{Ig}$; adj powdered iron core slug; scdr adj ctr end opposite mtg end; 2 ritg holes $0.154^{\prime \prime}$ diam on $1.312^{\prime \prime}$ $\mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$ in form base; 6 solder lug term in base; wax impr; RCA part/dwg M-420940-501 | 1st RF Transf Band No. 1 |
|  | T-206 | N17-T-82196-5311 | TRANSFORMER, RF: NT \#47989; two wnd, one single layer wnd, one progressive wnd; unshielded; $3-53 / 64^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 1-3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ wd $\times 1.312^{\prime \prime}$ thk $o / a ;$ polystyrene bakelite form, air core; form $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ OD $\times 2-27 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ lg approx; adj powdered iron core slug; scdr adj ctr end opposite mtg end; 2 mtg holes $0.154^{\prime \prime}$ diam on $1.312^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$ in form base; 6 solder lug term in base; wax impr; RCA part/dwg M-420940-502 | 1st RF Transf Band No. 2 |
|  | T-207 | N17-T-82207-3426 | TRANSFORMER, RF: NT \#47990; two wnd, one single layer space wnd, one progressive wnd; unshielded; 3-61/64" $\lg \times 1-3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ wd $\times 1-5 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ thk o/a; polystyrene bakelite form, air core; form $1 / 2^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{OD} \times$ $2-27 / 32^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg}$ approx, w/ thd wnd spaced from base $1-17 / 32^{\prime \prime} \times 16$ thd per inch; adj powdered iron core slug; scdr adj ctr end opposite mtg end; 2 mtg holes $0.154^{\prime \prime}$ diam on $1.312^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{e}$ in form base; 6 solder lug term in base; wax impr; RCA part/dwg M-420940-503 | 1st RF Transf Band No. 3 |
|  | T-208 | N17-T-82209-1719 | TRANSFORMER, RF: NT \#47991; two wnd one single layer wnd, one single layer spaced wnd; unshielded; 3-61/64" $\lg \times 1-3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ wd x 1-5/16" thk o/a; polystyrene bakelite form, air core; form $5 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ OD x $2-27 / 32^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg}$ approx w/ thd wnd spaced from base 1-17/32"-8 thd per inch; adj powdered iron core slug; scdr adj ctr end opposite mtg end; 2 mtg holes $0.154^{\prime \prime}$ diam on $1.312^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$ in form base; 6 solder lug term in base; wax impr; RCA part/dwg M-420940-504 | 1st RF Transf Band No. 4 |
|  | T-209 |  | Same as T-205 | 2nd RF Transf Band No. 1 |
| 7 | T-210 |  | Same as T-206 | 2nd RF Transf Band No. 2 |
| Z | T-211 |  | Same as T-207 | 2nd RF Transf Band No. 3 |
| $\xrightarrow{+}$ | T-212 | N17-T-82209-1721 | TRANSFORMER, RF: NT \#471024; two wnd, one single layer wnd, one single layer space wnd; unshielded; $3-61 / 64^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 1-3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ wd $\times 1-5 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ thk $o /$ a; polystyrene bakelite form, air core; form $5 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ OD $\times 2-27 / 32^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg}$ approx $\mathrm{w} /$ thd wnd spaced from base $1-17 / 32^{\prime \prime} \times 8$ thd per inch, adj powdered iron core slug; scdr adj ctr end opposite mtg end; 2 mtg holes $0.154^{\prime \prime}$ diam on $1.312^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$ in form base; 6 solder lug term in base; wax impr; RCA part/dwg M-420940-505 | 2nd RF Transf Band No. 4 |

## FOR MODELS RBB-5/6 AND RBC-5/6 RADIO RECEIVING EQUIPMENT

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 음 } \\ & \underline{\square} \end{aligned}$ | T-213 | N16-C-78607-5661 | COIL, RF: NT \#472133; osc; single layer wnd; unshielded; $3-33 / 64^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 1-3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ wd $\times 1-5 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ thk o/a; polystyrene form air core; form $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ OD x 2-27/32" 1 g ; adj powdered iron core slug; scdr adj ctr end opposite mtg end; 2 mtg holes $0.154^{\prime \prime}$ diam on $1.312^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$ in form base; 6 solder lug termin base; wax impr, w/ one 2000 mmf mica capacitor; RCA part/dwg M-420957-501 | Ose Transf Band No. 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\underset{\sim}{\Sigma}$ | T-214 | N16-C-76565-8135 | COIL, RF: NT \#472134; osc; single layer wnd; unshielded; $3-33 / 64^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 1-3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ wd $\times 1-5 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ thk o/a; polystyrene form, air core; form $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ OD $\times 2-27 / 32^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg}$; adj powdered iron core slug; scdr adj ctr end opposite mtg end; 2 mtg holes $0.154^{\prime \prime}$ diam on $1.312^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$ in form base; 6 solder lug term in base; wax impr, w/ one 2700 mmf mica capacitor; RCA part/dwg M-420957-502 | Osc Transf Band No. 2 |
|  | T-215 | N16-C-76532-3585 | COIL, RF: NT \#472135, osc; single layer wnd; unshielded; $3-33 / 64^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 1-3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ wd $\times 1-5 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ thk o/a; polystyrene form. air core; form $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ OD $\times 2-27 / 32^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg}$; adj powdered iron core slug; scdr adj ctr end opposite mtg end; 2 mtg holes $0.154^{\prime \prime}$ diam on $1.312^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$ in form base; 6 solder lug term in base; wax impr, w/ one 3000 mmf mica capacitor; RCA part/dwg M-420957-503 | Osc Transf Band No. 3 |
|  | T-216 | N16-C-76520-6390 | COIL, RF: NT \#472136; osc; single layer wnd; unshielded; $3-33 / 64^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 1-3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ wd $\times 1-1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ thk o/a; polystyrene form, air core; form $5^{\prime / 8^{\prime \prime}}$ OD $\times 2-27 / 32^{\prime \prime}$. 1 g ; adj powdered iron core slug; scdr adj ctr end opposite mtg end; 2 mtg holes $0.154^{\prime \prime}$ diam on $1.312^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$ in form base; 6 solder lug term in base; wax impr, w/ one 2000 mmf mica capacitor; RCA part/dwg M-420957-504 | Osc Transf Band No. 4 |
|  | T-301 | N17-T-66807-1001 | TRANSFORMER, AF: NT \#30789; plate coupling type; pri 5000 ohms impedance secd \#1-5000 ohms impedance, secd \#2 and \#3-30-600 ohms impedance, 1500 v RMS test; upright HS steel case, lam iron core; $2-13 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ sq $\times 3-1 / 4^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{h}$; turns ratio of pri to secd \#1 8:1, pri to secd \#2 and \#3 together 25. 3: 1; freq response from +1 db at 300 cycle to $\pm 1 \mathrm{db}$ at 4000 cycle; \#1 electrostatic shield between secd \#1 and pri, \#2 electrostätic shield between pri and secd \#2 and \#3; 8 solder lug term on bottom; 4 mtg holes $0.180^{\prime \prime}$ diam on $2-7 / 16^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$; oil impr, potted, output level wnd; RCA part/dwg K-901010-501 | AF Output |
|  | T-302 | N17-T-67570-2327 | TRANSFORMER, IF: NT \#47978; 400 ke peak freq; interstage, 1 st IF; shielded; $4^{\prime \prime} \lg$ approx $\times 1-3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ wd approx x $1-5 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ thk approx less mtg studs and term; 2 powdered iron cores; tuned pri and tuned secd; adj iron core scdr tuning; 2 mtg studs on $1.312^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c} ; 6$ solder lug type term; wax impr, mtg studs \#6-32 thd x $15 / 16^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg}$, can stamped RCA part/dwg \#720561-504, C-310, C-311, R-301, R-305, contains two capacitors 500 mmf p/m $5 \%$, one $10-$ ohm resistor, one 22 -ohm resistor; RCA part/dwg P-720561-504 | 1st IF |
|  | T-303 | N17-T-67570-2327 | TRANSFORMER, IF: NT \#47978; 400 kc peak freq; interstage, 2nd IF; shielded; 1-3/4" $\lg \times 1-3 / 8^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{wd}$ x $4^{\prime \prime}$ h less mtg studs and term; 2 powdered iron cores;tuned secd; adj iron core scdr tuning; 2 mtd studs on $1.312^{\prime \prime}$ mtg $\mathrm{c} ; 6$ solder lug term; wax impr mtg studs \#6-32 thd $\mathrm{x} 15 / 32^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg}$, shield can stamped RCA part/dwg 720561-505, C-312, C-313, R-302, R-306; contains two capacitors 500 mmf p/m 5\%; one resistor 10 ohms, one resistor 22 ohms; RCA part/dwg P-720561-505 | 2nd IF |
|  | T-304 | N17-T-67570-2327 | TRANSFORMER, IF: NT \#47978; 400 kc peak freq; interstage, 3 rd IF; shielded; $4.469^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 1.410^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{sq}$ less mtg studs and term; 2 powdered iron cores; tuned pri and secd; adj iron core sedr tuning; 2 mtg studs on $1.312^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{mtg} \mathrm{c}$; 6 solder lug term; wax impr, $\operatorname{mtg}$ studs $\# 6-32$ thd $\times 15 / 32^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg}$, shield can stamped RCA part dwg \#720561-506. C-314, C-315, R-303, R-307, contains two capacitors 500 mmf $\mathrm{p} / \mathrm{m} 5 \mathrm{q}$; one resistor 10 ohms, one resistor 22 ohms; RCA part/dwg P-720561-506 | 3 rd IF |
|  | T-305 | N17-T-67569-9453 | TRANSFORMER, IF: NT \#47982; 400 kc peak freq; output; shielded; 4.649" h x $1.410^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{sq} 0 / \mathrm{a}$; powdered iron core slugs; double tuned; adj cores; two \#6-32 mtg studs on $1.32^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$; 6 solder lug term, 2 wire lead term; wax impr incl one 10 -ohm and one 22 -ohm resistor, two 500 mmf fixed mica capacitors; RCA part/dwg P-720561-503 | Output Coupling to 2nd Detector |
|  | T-306 | N16-O-66302-6751 | OSCILLATOR SUB-ASSEMBLY: NT \#47983, 400 kc peak freq; CW osc; shielded; 3-1/16" approx x $1-$ $3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ approx wd $\times 1-5 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ approx thk less mtg studs and term; polystyrene coil form; 1 powdered iron core secd tuned; scdr tuning; 2 brass mtg studs \#6-32 thd $15 / 32^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 1.312^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c} ; 4$ solder lug term; wax impr, can stamped RCA part/dwg P-720561-502, C-303, C-305, C-318, R-332, R-353, contains one capacitor $50 \mathrm{mmf} \mathrm{p} / \mathrm{m} 0.005 \%$, one capacitor 100 mmf , one capacitor $500 \mathrm{mmf} \mathrm{p} / \mathrm{m} 2 \mathrm{Z}$, one resistor 68,000 ohms $p$ in 10 为, one resistor 27,000 ohms p/m $5 \%$, RCA part/dwg P-720561-502 | CW Ose |
|  | V-101 | N16-T-56670 | TUBE, ELECTRON: JAN type 6SK7; triple grid, super control RF or if amplr | 1st RF |
|  | V-102 |  | Same as V-101 | 2nd RF |
|  | V-103 | N16-T-56127 | TUBE, ELECTRON: JAN type 6AB7; television amplr pent | Osc |
|  | V-104 |  | Same as V-103 | 1st Detector |
| $\begin{gathered} \infty \\ 1 \end{gathered}$ | V-105 | N17-L-6811 | TUBE. ELECTRON: JAN type 991; voltage regulator | Voltage Regulator |
| $\omega$ |  |  |  |  |

TABLE 8-4. TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS FOR MODELS RBB-5/6 AND RBC-5/6 RADIO RECEIVING EQUIPMENT

| $\begin{gathered} \text { REF. } \\ \text { SYMBOL } \end{gathered}$ | stock numbers <br> SIGNAL CORPS AIR FORCE | name of part and description | locating function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| V-106 | N16-T-56092 | TUBE, BALLAST: for 6.3 v tube; glass; non-applied v of 18 v for 6.3 v at 0.60 amp ; st -12 bulb, 4 3/16" ho/a; 4-prong base; Amperite Corp \#6-8B; RCA part/dwg K-844958-1 | Osc Heater Ballast |
| V-201 |  | Same as V-103 | 1st RF |
| V-202 |  | Same as V-101 | 2nd RF |
| V-203 |  | Same as V-103 | Osc |
| V-204 |  | Not Used |  |
| V-205 |  | Same as V-105 | Voltage Regulator |
| V-206 |  | Same as V-106 | Osc Heater Ballast |
| v-301 |  | Same as V-101 | 1st IF |
| v-302 |  | Same as V-101 | 2nd IF |
| v-303 |  | Same as V-101 | 3rdif |
| v-304 |  | Same as V-103 | cw ose |
| v-305 | N16-T-56346 | tube, electron: Jan type 6h6; twin diode | Detector AVC |
| v-306 |  | Same as V-305 | Noise Limiter Output Limiter |
| v-307 |  | Same as V-101 | 1st AF |
| V-308 |  | Same as V-101 | Output Limiter Amplr Silencer Amplr |
| V-309 |  | Same as V-305 | Output Limiter Silencer |
| v-310 |  | Same as v-103 | 2nd AF |
| v-311 | N16-T-56410 | TUBE, ELECTRON: JAN type 6K6GT; pent power amplr | Output |
| v-501 |  | Same as V-103 | Cathode Follower |
| W-101 | N16-T-25301-1239 | TRANSMISSION LINE SECTION: coax; $3 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ OD of tube, $5 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ ID copper tubing cad pl; $11-1 / 4^{\prime \prime} \lg$ excluding ter minations; $12-33 / 64^{\prime \prime} \lg 0 /$ a; one end terminatedw/ring type term RCA part/dwg $\mathrm{K}-818337-14$ other end terminated $w / 2^{\prime \prime}$ lead extension of ctr cond; line bent on $2^{\prime \prime}$ rad to form 90 deg bend, one <br>  | Transmission Line 1st Detector to 1st IF Detector |
| W-201 x-101 |  | Same as W-101 | Transmission Line 1st Detector to 1st IF Detector |
| x-101 | N16-S-63462-8201 | SOCKET, TUBE: NT \#49373; 8 cont med; retaining ring and saddie mtg; two \#6-32 mtg holes on $1-5 / 8^{8}$ <br>  pl, keyway in line w/mtg holes; Amphenol type SS-8 m; RCA part/dwg M-421395-501; Navy dwg \#RE49AA313A | 1st RF Tube Socket for V -101 |
| X-101A | N17-L-51627-1909 | LAMPHOLDER: miniature bayonet type; shell and clip brass nickel pl; $6.8 \mathrm{v}, 0.25 \mathrm{amp} ; 1-7 / 16^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg} \mathrm{x}$ $7 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ wd $\times 1^{\prime \prime}$ thk incl mtg clip integral $w /$ base and ins from base, no switch; mtd by spring clip on bkt that is parallel to axis of socket 2 solder lug term 90 deg apart, edges of ins washers bkt that is parallel to axis of socket; 2 solder lug term 90 deg apart, edges of ins washers glypta! varnished; Dial Light Co cat \#704; RCA part/dwg K-866682-1 | Socket for Dial Lamp I-101 |


| $\begin{aligned} & \frac{O}{x} \\ & \frac{0}{n} \\ & \frac{Z}{Z} \\ & i \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{X}-102 \\ & \mathrm{X}-102 \mathrm{~A} \end{aligned}$ | N16-S-63524-6475 | Same as X-101 | 2nd RF Tube Socket for V-102 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Same as $\mathrm{X}-101 \mathrm{~A}$ | Socket for Dial Lamp I-102 |
|  | X-103 |  | Same as X-101 | Osc Tube Socket for V-103 |
|  | X-104 |  | SOCKET, TUBE: NT \#49373; 8 cont med; retainer ring, saddle mtg; two \#6-32 mtg holes on 1-5/8' $\mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$; round steatite ceramic body $1-1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ diam $\times 1 / 2^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{h}$ excluding term; SS saddle $2^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 1-3 / 8^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{wd}$; phosphor bronze, silver pl cont w/ ends hot tin dipped; steel retainer ring copper then nickel pl; keyway 90 deg angle $w / \mathrm{mtg}$ holes 12 o'clock (keyway rotatable) RCA part/dwg M-421395-502; Navy dwg $^{\circ}$ \#RE49AA313A | 1st Detector Tube Socket |
|  | X-105 | N17-L-51709-8664 | LAMPHOLDER: intermediate bayonet type; brass base and shell, polystyrene ins; 75 w 125 v ; base, $1-13 / 16^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 1-1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ wd x $1-5 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ thk $0 / \mathrm{a}$; no switch; 2 holes for $\# 6$ screw, $1.187^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c} ; 2$ solder lug term 7/16" lg , base and shell nickel pl; RCA part/dwg K-837884-3 | Gaseous V Limiter Tube Socket for V-105 |
|  | X-106 | N16-S-60841-4251 | SOCKET, TUBE: NT \#49368; 4 cont med; saddle mtg retainer ring; two \#6-32 mtg holes on 1-5/8" $\mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$; round steatite ceramic body $1-1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ diam $\times 27 / 64^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{h}$ less term; SS saddle $2^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 1-3 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ wd; phosphor bronze, silver pl cont $\mathbf{w}$ / ends hot tin dipped; $\mathrm{w} / \mathrm{SS} \mathrm{mtg} \mathrm{pl}$ and nickel pl steel retainer ring ; RCA part/dwg M-421385-504; Navy dwg \#RE49AA313A | Osc Heater Regulator Tube Socket for V-106 |
|  | X-201 |  | Same as X-101 | 1st RF Tube Socket for V-201 |
|  | X-201A |  | Same as $\mathbf{X}-101 \mathrm{~A}$ | Socket for Dial Lamp I-201 |
|  | X-202 |  | Same as X-101 | 2nd RF Tube Socket for V-202 |
|  | X-202A |  | Same as X-101A | Socket for Dial Lamp 1-202 |
|  | X-203 |  | Same as X-101 | Osc Tube Socket for V-203 |
|  | X-204 |  | Same as X-104 | 1st Detector Tube Socket for V-204 |
|  | X-205 |  | Same as X-105 | Gaseous V Limiter Tube Socket for V-205 |
|  | X-206 |  | Same as X-106 | Osc Heater Reguiator Tube Socket for V-206 |
|  | X-301 | N16-S-63524-6475 | SOCKET, TUBE: NT \#49373; octal med; saddle and retainer ring mtg; two \#6-32 mtg holes on 1-5/8" $\mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$; round steatite ceramic body $1-1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ diam $\times 27 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ h less term; SS saddle $2^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 1-3 / 8^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{wd}$; phosphor bronze silver pl cont $\mathrm{w} / \mathrm{ends}$ hot tin dipped; $\mathrm{w} / \mathrm{SS}$ mtg pl and nickel pl steel retainer ring keyway 45 deg angle with mtg holes 7 o'clock; RCA part/dwg M-421395-505; Navy dwg \#RE49AA313A | 1st IF Tube Socket for V-301 |
|  | x-301A | N17-L-76854-3936 | LIGHT, indicator: w/lens; $1 / 2^{\text {" }}$ diam ruby smooth glass jewel lens; miniature bayonet base, T-3-1/4 or G-3-1/2 bulb; open frame; brass black nickel pl frame and bezel; $2^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 15 / 6^{\prime \prime}$ diam $\times 1-1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ wd o/a; 11/16" diam mtg hole required, $1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ max panel thk; horizontal mtg, replace lamp from front; thd type jewel; 2 solder lug term located on opposite sides of base of socket; Drake Mfg Type \#50 ruby; RCA part/dwg K-856863-5 | Socket for Dial Lamp I-301 |
|  | X-302 |  | Same as X-301 | 2nd IF Tube Socket for V-302 |
|  | X-303 |  | Same as X-301 | 3rd IF Tube Socket for V-303 |
|  | X-304 |  | Same as X-104 | CW Osc Tube Socket for $\mathbf{V - 3 0 4}$ |
|  | X-305 |  | Same as X-301 | Detector AVC Tube Socket for V-305 |
|  | X-306 |  | Same as X-301 | Noise Limiter - Output Limiter Tube Socket for V-306 |
|  | X-307 |  | Same as X-301 | 1st AF Tube Socket for V-307 |
|  | X-308 |  | Same as X-301 | Output Limiter Amplr Silencer Amplr Tube Socket for V-308 |
| $\infty$ | X-309 |  | Same as X-301 | Output Limiter - Silencer Tube Socket for V-309 |
| 1 | X-310 |  | Same as X-301 | 2nd AF Tube Socket for V-310 |

TABLE 8-4. TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { REF. } \\ & \text { SYMBOL } \end{aligned}$ | STOCK NUMBERS signal corps AIR FORCE | Name of part and description | locating function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| X-311 X-501 | N16-S-63524-6480 | Same as $\mathbf{X - 3 0 1}$ <br> SOCKET, TUBE: 8 cont med; one piece saddle mtg; 2 holes $0.156^{\prime \prime}$ diam on $1.625^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$; socket material ceramic adapter plate SS, oval shape $2^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 1-3 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ wd x $31 / 64^{\prime \prime}$ thk excluding term; phosphor bronze heavy silver pl and ends hot soldered dipped; unmarked; ceramic material to Navy spec RE13A317 Grade " $G$ " with glazed top and rim, body to be wax impr, socket furnished w/ retaining ring; RCA part/dwg M-456824-501; Navy dwg RE49AA313A except for 2 holes $0.156^{\prime \prime}$ diam for mtg | Output Tube Socket for V-311 <br> Socket for Cathode Follower Tube |
| z-301 | N16-F-44300-6106 | FILTER, LOW PASS: NT \#53278; 400 kc peak, 500 kc cutoff; $3-15 / 32^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 1-5 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ thk less term; oper in 70 ohm impedance line; uncased; flush panel mid w/ connector sleeve $13 / 16^{\prime \prime}-27$ thd $\times 1-3 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ lg to lock nut mtg surfase; 3 female cont connector insert at mtg end, and 3 solder lug term at other end; wax impr humidity resistant incl 2 fixed mica capacitors; RCA part/dwg M-421251-501 | Output Filter for J-302 |
| z-302 | * | METER FILTER, SUB-ASSEMBLY: meter filter; c/o 1 plate assem RCA part/dwg K-865457-501, 1 coil assem RCA part/dwg K-865458-501, 1 coil assem RCA part/dwg K-865458-502, 5 capacitors RCA part/dwg P-720592-6; rectangular shape; $5-1 / 4^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 1^{\prime \prime}$ wd $\times 1-15 / 1^{\prime \prime}$ h o/a; mis by two \#6-32 thd elastic stop nuts on $3-5 / 8^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$; RCA part/dwg K-865456-501 | Meter Filter |
| z-501 | N16-F-44295-1002 | FILTER, LOW PASS: low pass filter unit, coil assem; c/o 1 term board assem RCA part/dwg 8893694501, 2 coil assem RCA part/dwg 890737-501, 1 term board assem RCA part/dwg 890727-501, 1 term board assem RCA part/dwg 421256-505, 2 capacitors JAN CM35E512J RCA part/dwg 722033-506, 1 capacitor JAN CM35E103K RCA part/dwg 72032-563, 1 bkt RCA part/dwg 890715-1, 1 cable RCA part/dwg 890722-501; will pass 400 kc receiver IF freq p/m 100 kc with little attenuation; rectangular shape; approx o/a $7-3 / 8^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{h}$ x 1-11/32" sq; RCA part/dwg M-430372-501 | Low Pass Filter for Cathode Follower |
| C-401 |  | Same as C-115 | Line Filter Capacitor |
| c-402 |  | Same as C-115 | Line Filter Capacitor |
| C-403 |  | Same as C-343 |  |
| C-403A |  | Part of C-403 | Line Filter Capacitor |
| C-403B |  | Part of C-403 | Line Filter Capacitor |
| C-404 |  | Same as C-343 |  |
| C-404A |  | Part of C-404 | Line Filter Capacitor |
| C-404B |  | Part of C-404 | Line Filter Capacitor |
| C-405 | N16-C-45780-5957 | CAPACITOR, FIXED: paper dielectric; JAN type \#CP63B1FG104K; single sect; $100,000 \mathrm{mmf} \mathrm{p} / \mathrm{m} \mathrm{10} \mathrm{\%}$; 1000 vdcw; HS metal case, non-magnetic; $1-5 / 16^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 49 / 64^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{wd} \times 1-3 / 8^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{h}$ less term; pyranol filled; 2 solder lug term $3 / 4^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{h}$ located on top spaced $5 / 8^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{c}$ to c ; no int gnd connections; two $0.156^{\prime \prime}$ slots in channel bkt mtg on $1-15 / \mathbf{1 6 " ~}^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$; characteristic $\mathbf{F}$; RCA part/dwg K-984656-12; spec JAN-C-25 | HV Filter |
| C-406 | N16-C-51837-2615 | CAPACITOR, FIXED: NT \#48721; paper dielectric; $10 \mathrm{mf}+10 \%-3 \%$; 600 vdcw ; HS metal case; 3-7/8" $\mathrm{gg} \times 1-1 / 4^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{wd} \times 4-3 / 4^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{h}$ less term; pyranol filled and impr; 2 stud term $1-3 / 16^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{h}$, located on top, spaced $2^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{c}$ to c on por standoff ins; no int gnd sect; four $0.213^{\prime \prime}$ diam mtg holes on $13 / 32^{\prime \prime} \times 4-3 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ $\mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$ in inverted foot type mtg; GE Cat \#9CE5A87; RCA part/dwg K-860217-2; Navy spec RE13A488 | HV Filter |
| C-407 |  | Same as C-406 | AVC Filter AF Capacitor |
| E-401 |  | Sanee as E-103 | Pull Knobs on Front Panel for Removal of Chassis |


| E-402 | N17-F-74266-9101 |
| :---: | :---: |
| E-403 |  |
| E-404 |  |
| E-405 | * |
| E-406 | * |
| E-407 | * |
| F-401 | N17-F-16302-120 |
| F-402 |  |
| J-401 | N17-C-73471-2904 |
| J-402 | N17-C-72266-5711 |
| J-403 |  |
| L-401 | N16-C-76504-5350 |
| L-402 |  |
| L-403 |  |
| L-4J4 |  |
| L-405 | N16-R-29688-8121 |
| L-406 |  |

HOLDER, FUSE: extractor post type; 1 cartridge type, glass body $1-1 / 4^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ diam fuse 3 amp 250 v ; bakelite body w/ steel cad plate and phosphor bronze conts; $2-3 / 8^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 1-13 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ wd $55 / 64^{\prime \prime}$ thk o/a; through panel mtg $w /$ two $0.136^{\prime \prime}$ diam holes on $1-3 / 8^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c} ; 2$ solder lug term; one $0.700^{\prime \prime}$ diam body clearance hole ctr between mtg holes; scdr slotted cover plug and fuse ejecting spring; Alden Products, cat \#440 FH; RCA part/dwg K-866666-1
Same as E-136

Same as E-103

SUB-ASSEMBLY: mtg for resistors on term board; c/o 1 board RCA part/dwg M-420911-501, 12 term RCA part/dwg K-8888186-3, 4 term RCA part/dwg K-823061-3, 3 resistors RCA part/dwg P-72235363; rectangular shape; $3-3 / 8^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 2-7 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ wd $\times 1-1 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ thk approx o/a; four $0.173^{\prime \prime}$ diam mtg holes on $2.875^{\prime \prime} \times 2.375^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$; stencil $1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ high standard characters $110,115,120$ on board above screw term; RCA part/dwg M-420911-501

SHIELD ASSEMBLY, FILTER COIL: RF coil; c/o 1 shield RCA part/dwg M-420912-2; 1 ins RCA part/ dwg M-421729-3; aluminum sand blast grey tinted syn; for 3 line filter capacitors; $5-1 / 4^{\prime \prime} 1 \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{x} 4-1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$
 $\mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c} ; 1 / 8^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{h}$ characters, C-404, L-402, L-404, inside shield, put on top per dwg M-420912, lam phenolic ins around lead opening $1-1 / 4^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 5 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ wd $\times 3 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ thk; RCA part/dwg M-421728-501
BOARD, TERMINAL: general purpose binding post strip; 3 post type term; $3 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ between ctr; lam phenolic board; $1-3 / 8^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 1-1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ wd x $3 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ thk; two $0.173^{\prime \prime}$ diam mtg holes on $3 / 4^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$; RCA part/ olic board; $1-3 / 8$ ig x $1-1 / 4-$ wd
dwg K-864125-501; spec JAN-p-13

FUSE, CARTRIDGE: NT \#28032-3; rated current 3 amp blowing time for $110 \%$ of load is operating life for $135 \%$ of load is $0-1$ hour, for $200 \%$ of load is 0 to 2 minutes; rated voltage $250 v$; one time; glass body; ferrule term; $1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ diam x 1-1/4" lg o/a; RCA part/dwg K-54544-4

Same as F-401
CONNECTOR, RECEPTACLE: NT \#49126; 3 round female cont; straight type; $1-11 / 16^{\prime \prime} \lg$ approx $x$ $2-1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ wd x 1-9/16' d o/a: 250 v DC, 440 v AC; $20 \mathrm{amps}, 125 \mathrm{v}$ DC; black molded bakelite body, locking; two $0.190^{\prime \prime}$ diam mtg holes on 1-13/16" $\mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c} ; 3$ screw type term; cont silver $\mathrm{pl} ; \mathrm{R}$ and S Ever-lok type; RCA part/dwg K-864222-1

CONNECTOR, RECEPTACLE: 9 round female cont; straight type; $1-7 / 8^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{h} \times 2^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{wd} \times 2^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg} \mathrm{o} / \mathrm{a}$; cylindrical aluminum body $w^{\prime}$ 'sq matg fl; molded black bakelite insert natural finish; four $0.147^{\prime}$ diam mtg holes on $1-9 / 16^{\prime \prime} \times 1-9 / 16^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$; cable end of body thd $1-3 / 4^{\prime \prime}-18$ thd $\times 13 / 16^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg}$; tropicalized insert; AN-3102A-28-4S; RCA part/dwE K-866555-1. spec MIL-C-5015

Same as J-402

COIL, RF: NT \#47943; line filter choke; 2 wnd, 1 single layer wnd, 1 universal wnd in 3 pies; enshielded; 647 uh at 1000 cyc test freq, $1.4 \mathrm{amps}, 0.78$ ohm DC resistance; $5-11 / 32^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg} \times 1-3 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ OD approx $o^{\prime}$ a; black lam phenolic form $w /$ adj powdered iron core slug in universal wnd end; form 4-1/2" $\lg \times 3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ OD; adj powdered iron core slug; scdr adj at top ctr; mtg stud \#8-32 $\times 5 / 16^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg}$ bottom ctr; 2 wire leads $3^{\prime \prime} \lg$ near top, 2 solder lug term near bottom; varnished and baked; RCA part/dwg K-826863-502

Same as L-401
Same as L-401
Same as L-401
REACTOR: NT \#30788; filter choke; $10 \mathrm{hy}, 170 \mathrm{ma} ; 106$ ohms DC resistance; 1500 v RMS 15 sec test HS metal case; $4^{\prime \prime}$ Sq x $4-1 / 2^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{h}$ o/a; four $0.180^{\prime \prime}$ diam mtg holes on $3-3 / 8^{\prime \prime} \times 3-3 / 8^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$; 3 solde lug cerm on bottom; one top on wnd, marked w/ mfg part/dwg \# and Navy type \#; RCA part/dwg K-900934-502

Same as L-405

Extractor Fuse Post for
F-401, F-402 on Front Panel

## Contacts for Octal Sockets <br> -401, X-402

Pull Knobs on Front Panel
for Removal of Chassis
Bleeder Resistor Term Board Top Side of Chassis Left Front

Filter Coil Shield

Terminal Board TB-1
Under Side of Chassis Right Front

Line Fuse on Front Pane

Line Fuse on Front Panel
Power Input Receptacle Used w' P-401 on Front Panel

Power Output Receptacle on Front Panel Used w/ P-403

Power Output Receptacle
on Front Panel
Line Filter Choke

Line Filter Choke
Line Filter Choke
Line Filter Choke
Filter

Filter

TABLE 8-4. TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { REF. } \\ & \text { SYMBOL } \end{aligned}$ | STOCK NUMBERS SIGNAL CORPS AIR FORCE | NAME Of PART AND DESCRIPTION | locating function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0-401 | N17-S-46783-6610 | SPRING: flat type; power unit safety spring; 0.064" thk phosphor bronze sheet, extra hard white nickel $\mathrm{pl} ; 5-15 / 16^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 5 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ wd o/a; two $0.147^{\prime \prime}$ diam mtg holes, ea $3 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ ctr to end and two $0.173^{\prime \prime}$ diam mtg holes on $5 / 16^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{ctr}$, ea $3-11 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ c to $\mathrm{c} w /$ other holes; end $\mathbf{w} /$ holes curved flatwise on $12^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{rad}$ starting $2^{\prime \prime}$ from end; RCA part/dwg K-856568-1 | Safety Spring for Power Unit Chassis |
| O-402 | N17-S-46773-5551 | SPRING: corrugated flat ring type; for output connector; $0.010^{\prime \prime}$ thk phosphor bronze spring temper, nickel pl; $1-7 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ OD x $1-19 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ ID $\times 1 / 8^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{ho}$ o/a; corrugated $w / 8$ opposing bends spaced at 45 deg ; RCA part/dwg K-871667-1 | Spring for Output Plugs <br> P-402, P-403 |
| P-401 | N17-C-71476-9103 | CONNECTOR, PLUG: NT \#49125; 3 round male cont pol; straight type; $1-3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ OD $\times 3-1 / 8^{\prime \prime} \lg o / a ;$ 10 amp at 440 v AC or 250 v DC and 20 amp at 125 v DC; cylindrical steel locking body cad pl; molded bakelite insert; cable opening $3 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ diam max; mts on cable; incl watertight rubber insert, cable grip bushing, and compression nut; R\&S their type \#8153; RCA part/dwg K-864221-1 | 110 V Line Input Plug Used w/ J-401 |
| P-402 | N17-C-70196-8806 | CONNECTOR, PLUG: 9 round male cont pol; 90 deg angle type; $1-31 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ OD $\times 3-3 / 8^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 2-1 / 2^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{d}$ o/a; cylindrical aluminum locking body, sand blasted; molded phenolic comp insert; coupling nut $1-3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ -18 tha $\times 23 / 32^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg}$ female mtg insert end, $1-7 / 8^{\prime \prime}-18$ thd $\times 3 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ Ig male conduit thd other end; AN-3108B-28-4P; Cannonelec \#2101-7; RCA part/dwg P-737857-1 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Output Plug (Part of W-401) } \\ & \text { Used } \mathbf{w}^{\prime} J-301 \end{aligned}$ |
| P-403 |  | Same as P-402 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Output Plug (Part of W-401) } \\ & \text { Used } w / \mathrm{J}-402 \end{aligned}$ |
| R-401 | N16-R-49941-551 | RESISTOR, FIXED: comp; JAN type \#RC40BF122K; 1200 ohms p/m 10\%; $2 \mathbf{w}$; characteristic $\mathbf{F} ; 1.41$ " $\max \lg x 0.405^{\prime \prime}$ max diam; ins; 2 axial wire lead term; color coded; RCA part/dwg P-722353-63 | Bleeder (Part of E-405) |
| R-402 |  | Same as R-401 | Bleeder (Part of E-405) |
| R-403 |  | Same as R-401 | Bleeder (Part of E-405) |
| T-401 | N17-T-74017-4133 | TRANSFORMER POWER: NT \#30790; fil and plate type; input $110 / 115 / 120 \mathrm{v}, 60 \mathrm{cyc}$, single ph; 4 output whd; secd \#1-550 v at 0.120 amp CT, secd \#2-6.3vat 11.1 amp CT, secd \#3-17 vat 1.2 amp , secd \#4-5 v at $3 \mathrm{amp} ; 2500 \mathrm{v}$ ins; castor oil impr, asphalt base compound potted; HS metal case; $5-5 / 32^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{h} \times 4-3 / 4^{\prime \prime} w d \times 4-3 / 16^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{d} ; 15$ solder lug term steatite bushing mtd, $5 / 8^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{h}$ on bottom of case; 4 mtg holes $0.199^{\prime \prime}$ diam on 2-1/4" x 4-3/8' $\mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$; RCA part/dwg K-901013-501 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Power - Top of Chassis } \\ & \text { Right Rear } \end{aligned}$ |
| V-401 | N16-T-55464 | tube electron: Jan type 5U4G; high vacuum, full wave rectifier | HV Rectifier |
| v-402 | N16-T-53050 | tube electron: Jan type OC3vR105; voltage regulator | Voltage Regulator |
| W-401 | N17-C-48409-2146 | CABLE ASSEMBLY, POWER: NT \#49162-A: 9 conds two \#18 AWG tinned copper cond, Vinyl ins, glass braid, flame, fungus, and moisture resistant lacquer coating, twisted and covered w/tinned copper tinned copper cond, five \#18 AWG tinned copper 19 strands $0.0092^{\prime \prime}$ diam cond, Vinyl ins glass braid, flame, fungus, and moisture resistant lacquer coating, 1000 v working o/a, per spec JAN-C-76 o/a, all encased in $5 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ ID flex shielding conduit, inner tubing of pl brass or bronze strip, spirally wnd and interlocking $\mathrm{w} /$ tinned bronze wire braid $\mathrm{o} / \mathrm{a} ; 72^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{lg} \mathrm{o} / \mathrm{a}$ cond length; conduit terminated ea end w / cad pl brass ferrule and $1-7 / 16^{\prime \prime}-18$ thd female coupling nut; cond terminated ea end in type AN3108-28-4P female connector; RCA part/dwg P-721090-501 | Power Supply To Receiver |
| X-401 | N16-S-33524-6475 | SOCKET, TUBE: NT \#49373; octal med cont; retainer ring saddle mtg; two \#6-32 tapped mtg holes on $1-5 / 8^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{mtg} / \mathrm{c}$; round steatite ceramic body $1-1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ diam $\times 1 / 2^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{h}$ less term; SS saddle $2^{\prime \prime} \lg \times 1-3 / 8^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{wd}$; phosphor bronze, silver pl cont w/ ends hot tin dipped; socket marked w/ NT \#49373; w/ SS mtg plate and nickel pl, steel retainer rings keyway 45 deg angle $w / \mathrm{mtg}$ holes $4 \mathrm{o}^{\prime}$ clock; (keyway rotatable); RCA part/dwg M-421395-503; Navy dwg \#RE49AA313A | HV Rect Tube Socket for V-401 |
| x-402 |  | Same as X -401 | V Regulator Tube Socket for V-402 |
|  |  | CASE: spare parts box; steel w/ smoky gray finish; empty; $6^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{h} \times 18^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{wd} \times 12^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{d}$ o/a; w/o compartments, trays or lining; 2 folding type handles, 1 on ea end; hasp and stapies for padlock; RCA part/ dwg T-618947-508 | For Spares |

## TABLE 8-5. MAINTENANCE PARTS KIT

FOR MODELS RBB-5/6 AND RBC-5/6 RADIO RECEIVINC EQUIPMENT


TABLE 8-6. CROSS REFERENCE PARTS LIST
FOR MODELS RBB-5/6 AND RBC-5/6 RADIO RECEIVING EQUIPMENT

| JAN (OR AWS) DESIGNATION | $\begin{gathered} \text { KEY } \\ \text { SYMBOL } \end{gathered}$ | NAVY TYPE | $\begin{gathered} \text { KEY } \\ \text { SYMBOL } \end{gathered}$ | NAVY TYPE | $\begin{gathered} \text { KEY } \\ \text { SYMBOL } \end{gathered}$ | STANDARD NAVY STOCK NO. | $\begin{gathered} \text { KEY } \\ \text { SYMBOL } \end{gathered}$ | STANDARD NAVY STOCK NO. | $\begin{gathered} \text { KEY } \\ \text { SYMBOL } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5U4G | V-401 | 24000 | S-301 | 482927-5 | C-208 | N16-C-15431-4880 | C-216 | N16-C-76504-1503 | L-101 |
| $6 \mathrm{AB7}$ | V-103 | 24003 | S-305 | 484717 | C-149 | N16-C-15531-9155 | C-302 | N16-C-76504-5350 | L-401 |
| 6 H 6 | V-305 | 28032-3 | F-401 | 484764-5 | C-209 | N16-C-15758-2916 | C-304 | N16-C-76520-6390 | T-216 |
| 6K6GT | V-311 | 30788 | L-405 | 484765-5 | C-101 | N16-C-15917-1938 | C-102 | N16-C-76532-3585 | T-215 |
| 6SK7 | V-101 | 30789 | T-301 | 484766-5 | C-104 | N16-C-15956-5594 | C-104 | N16-C-76565-8135 | T-214 |
| 991 | V-105 | 30790 | T-401 | 484768-10 | C-216 | N16-C-15956-9803 | C-209 | N16-C-76607-5661 | T-213 |
| CM20C101K | C-501 | 47926 | L-306 | 484782-5 | C-207 | N16-C-15988-5272 | C-101 | N16-C-76634-3481 | T-116 |
| CM35E103K | C-505 | 47939 | L-303 | 48595-A10 | C-344 | N16-C-16020-1082 | C-206 | N16-C-76678-6516 | T-113 |
| CM35E512J | C-504 | 47940 | L-305 | 48674-B10 | C-217 | N16-C-16084-5272 | C-207 | N16-C-76925-5850 | L-201 |
| CM40E103K | C-502 | 47941 | L-201 | 48691-D5 | C-107 | N16-C-16180-7408 N16-C-25102-6281 | C-208 | N16-C-92551-5501 N16-D-46592-9720 | $\mathrm{O}-306$ $\mathrm{~N}-201$ |
| CP63B1FG104K MR25Y126 | C-405 $\mathrm{M}-303$ | 47942 47943 | L-308 | 48691-D10 $48710-\mathrm{C} 10$ | C-106 $\mathrm{C}-204$ | N16-C-251025-6281 N16-C-2602-8281 | C-204 | N16-D-46592-9725 | N-101 |
| MR25Y300DCVV | M-301 | 47978 | T-302 | 48721 | c-406 | N16-C-26447-8686 | C-202 | N16-F-32088-9901 | L-301-2 |
| RC20BF102K | R-104 | 47978 | T-303 | 48771-C10 | C-201 | N16-C-26732-9606 | C-307 | N16-F-32088-9978 | L-301-1 |
| RC20BF103K | R-215 | 47978 | T-304 | 48788-D5 | C-307 | N16-C-27629-8211 | C-105 | N16-F-44295-1002 | Z-501 |
| RC20BF104K | R-109 | 47982 | T-305 | 48848-B10 | C-123 | N16-C-27634-8686 | C-210 | N16-F-44300-6106 | Z-301 |
| RC20BF105K | R-216 | 47983 | T-306 | 48856-B5 | C-323 | N16-C-28558-1676 | C-217 | N16-G-600001-144 | N-102 |
| RC20BF112J | R-329 | 47988 | T-205 | 48895-D10 | C-210 | N16-C-28558-1681 | C-501 | N16-H-150001-169 | E-103 |
| RC20BF123) | R-333 | 47989 | T-206 | 48895-E5 | C-105 | N16-C-29523-1620 | C-108 | N16-H-76701-1022 | O-105 |
| RC20BF124J | R-346 | 47990 | T-207 | 48938-B10 | C-115 | N16-C-29945-2020 | C-109 | N16-K-700310-987 | E-104 |
| RC20BF124K | R-213 | 47991 | T-208 | 49021-A | J-303 | N16-C-30156-9522 | C-318 | N16-K-700346-101 | E-304 |
| RC20BF152K | R-127 | 471024 | T-212 | 49120 | J-101A | N16-C-30162-1606 | C-107 | N16-K-700400-127 | E-102 |
| RC20BF153J | R-365 | 471029 | T-108 | 49121-A | P-101 | N16-C-30167-2086 | C-106 | N16-K-700408-516 | E-101 |
| RC20BF155K | R-337 | 471030 | T-107 | 49125 | P-401 | N16-C-30420-7527 N16-C-31053-8122 | C-110 | N16-O-55015-7776 | E-333 |
| RC20BF184K | R-338 | 471031 | T-106 | 49126 | J-401 | N16-C-31053-8122 N16-C-31090-4076 | C-111 | N16-0-66002-6751 | --301 |
| RC20BF222K | R-115 | 471032 | T-105 | 49152 | P-102 | N16-C-31090-4076 | C-150 | N16-P-403081-103 | O-103 |
| RC20BF223K | $\mathrm{R}-328$ $\mathrm{R}-335$ | 472129 472130 | T-113 $\mathrm{T}-114$ | 49160 49161 | P-301 | N16-C-31707-4084 | C-323 | N16-P-403081-105 | O-303 |
| RC20BF225K | R-356 | 472131 | T-115 | 49162 - A | W-401 | N16-C-31797-5499 | C-218 | N16-R-29688-8121 | L-405 |
| RC20BF242J | R-372 | 472132 | T-116 | 49194 | J-501 | N16-C-32140-4704 | C-219 | N16-R-33591-1030 | A-203 |
| RC20BF273J | R-353 | 472133 | T-213 | 49368 | X-106 | N16-C-32193-2501 | C-220 | N16-R-33591-1031 | A-204 |
| RC20BF274K | R-347 | 472134 | T-214 | 49373 | X-101 | N16-C-32699-3467 | C-112 | N16-R-33591-1032 | A-202 |
| RC20BF331K | R-120 | 472135 | T-215 | 49373 | X-104 | N16-C-32699-4608 | C-259 | N16-R-33591-1058 | A-102 |
| RC20BF333K | R-128 | 472136 | T-216 | 49373 | X-301 | N16-C-32720-7543 | C-504 | N16-R-33591-1126 | A-104 |
| RC20BF333K | R-211 | 472156 | L-101 | 49509 | P-301A | N16-C-33622-5237 | C-505 | N16-R-33591-1233 | E-105 |
| ${ }^{\text {RC20BF }}$ R 20 BF 32 K | R-315 | 481037-B10 | C-259 | 53090 | L-301-1 | N16-C-33622-5344 | C-258 | N16-R-33591-1236 | A-501 |
| RC20BF393K | R-320 | 481088-B5 | C-308 | 53091 | L-301-2 | N16-C-33622-5588 | C-115 | N16-R-33591-1254 | E-210 |
| RC20BF394K | R-354 | 481167-10 | C-343 | 53278 | Z-301 | N16-C-33622-5604 | C-502 | N16-R-49598-811 | R-102 |
| RC20BF471K | R-310 | 481378 | C-129 | 61172 | E-106 | N16-C-45773-7716 | C-341 | N16-R-49706-811 | R-120 |
| RC20BF472K | R-105 | 481379-10 | C-341 | 61260 | E-111 | N16-C-45780-5957 | C-405 | N16-R-49769-811 | R-342 |
| RC20BF473K | R-108 | 481380-10 | C-342 | 631092-10 | R-361 | N16-C-48813-7716 | C-344 | N16-R-49804-431 | R-30 |
| RC20BF474K | R-349 | 481425-B10 | C-112 | 631094-15 | R-321 | N16-C-51837-2615 | C-406 | N16-R-49922-811 | R-104 |
| RC20BF501J | R-342 | $481433-F 1$ $481434-F 1$ | C-108 | 631096-15 | R-369 | N16-C-52922-3460 | C-343 | N16-R-49930-431 | R-329 |
| RC20BF562K | R-204 $\mathrm{R}-309$ | 481434-F1 $481435-\mathrm{E} 2$ | C-110 | 631142-15 | R-364 | N16-C-58467-4427 | C-128 | N16-R-49941-551 | R-401 |
| RC20BF682K | R-325 | 481436-E2 | C-111 | 636080-L10 | R-116 | N16-C-59255-6334 | C-129 | N16-R-49967-811 | R-127 |
| RC20BF683K | R-332 | 481657-B10 | C-150 | 63678-100 | R-301 | N16-C-63652-2813 | C-257 | N16-R-50012-811 | R-115 |
| RC20BF824K | R-357 | 481676 | C-318 | 63678-101 | R-101 | N16-C-63653-2916 | C-149 | N16-R-50020-431 | R-372 |
| RC30BF233K | R-113 | 481692-A5 | C-102 | 63678-220 | R-305 | N16-C-72665-4959 | L-304 | N16-R-50083-431 | R-330 |
| RC30BF333K | R-122 | 481811 | C-218 | 63678-221 | R-124 | N16-C-72955-5501 | L-303 | N16-R-50093-811 | R-105 |
| RC40BF103K | R-327 | 481812 | C-219 | 636581-L15 | R-368 | N16-C-73023-9303 | L-305 | N16-R-50165-811 | R-204 |
| RC40BF122K | R-401 | 481814 | C-258 | 63705-10 | R-118 | N16-C-73329-3531 | L-501 | N16-R-50201-811 | R-325 |
|  |  | 482923-10 | C-304 | STANDARD | KEY | N16-C-75849-5144 | L-308 | N16-R-50282-811 | R-215 |
|  |  | 482925 | C-257 | NAVY STOCK NO. | SYMBOL | N16-C-76503-1475 | T-115 | N16-R-50283-551 | R-327 |
|  |  | 482926-5 | C-206 | G41-W-2446 | H-101 | N16-C-76503-4127 | T-114 | N16-R-50308-431 | $\mathrm{R}-365$ $\mathbf{R}-365$ |

TABLE 8-6. CROSS REFERENCE PARTS LIST (Cont.)

| STANDARD NAVY STOCK NO. | KEY <br> SYMBOL | STANDARD NAVY STOCK NO. | $\begin{gathered} \text { KEY } \\ \text { SYMBOL } \end{gathered}$ | STANDARD NAVY STOCK NO. | $\begin{gathered} \text { KEY } \\ \text { SYMBOL } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| N16-R-50372-811 | R-328 | N17-C-71120-4869 | P-101 | N17-T-82189-1853 | T-205 |  |  |
| N16-R-50373-231 | R-113 | N17-C-71464-5859 | P-301 | N17-T-82196-5311 | T-206 |  |  |
| N16-R-50398-431 | R-353 | N17-C-71476-9103 N17-C-7226-5711 | P-401 | N17-T-82196-5353 | T-202 |  |  |
| N16-R-50417-811 | R-128 | N17-C-73108-5890 | J-501 | N17-T-82207-3426 | T-207 |  |  |
| N16-R-50418-231 | R-122 | N17-C-73163-6117 | J-302 | N17-T-82209-1719 | T-208 |  |  |
| N16-R-50444-811 | R-320 | N17-C-73273-8163 | J-301 | N17-T-82209-1721 | T-204 |  |  |
| N16-R-50480-811 | R-108 | N17-C-73411-2793 | J-101A | N17-T-82436-6939 | T-203 |  |  |
| N16-R-50552-811 | R-332 | N17-C-73471-2904 | J-401 | N17-T-82437-6031 | T-102 |  |  |
| N16-R-50633-811 | R-109 | N17-C-77409-5501 | E-129 | N17-T-82437-6033 | T-103 |  |  |
| N16-R-50650-431 | R-346 | N17-C-77417-3687 | O-203 | N17-T-82437-8733 | T-101 |  |  |
| N16-R-50651-811 | R-213 | N17-C-79428-7259 N17-C-98378-3901 | E-136 | N17-T-82437-8735 | T-104 |  |  |
| N16-R-50714-811 | R-335 | N17-C-98379-2293 | --101 | N17-T-82442-1173 | T-108 |  |  |
| N16-R-50741-811 | R-347 | N17-F-16302-120 | F-401 | N17-T-82442-1177 | T-106 |  |  |
| N16-R-50786-811 | R-354 | N17-F-74266-9101 | E-402 | N17-T-82442-1179 | T-105 |  |  |
| N16-R-50822-811 | R-349 | N17-I-48694-8701 | E-111 | N41-W-2449-15 | H-102 |  |  |
| N16-R-50930-811 | R-357 | N17-I-48996-5547 | E-226 | N43-N-9699-330 | H-306 |  |  |
| N16-R-50975-0811 | R-216 | N17-I-49509-1582 | E-224 | N43-N-9699-350 | H-305 |  |  |
| N16-R-51020-811 | R-337 | N17-I-50070-5501 | E-313 | N43-S-13503 | H-104 |  |  |
| N16-R-51065-811 | R-356 | N17-1-69172-6201 | E-221 | N43-S-19021-3350 | H-103 |  |  |
| N16-R-68315-6186 | R-301 | N17-I-69174-6201 | E-106 |  |  |  |  |
| N16-R-68321-2361 | R-118 | N17-1-69202-3301 | E-225 | SIGNAL CORPS | KEY |  |  |
| N16-R-68325-6006 | R-305 | N17-J-39528-2090 | J-303 ${ }^{\text {x-101A }}$ | STOCK NO. | SMMBOL |  |  |
| N16-R-68357-7426 | R-124 | N17-L-51709-8664 | X-105 | 2Z3273-129 | O-306 |  |  |
| N16-R-87440-6910 | R-321 | N17-L-6305 | I-101 | 3RC20BF333K | R-128 |  |  |
| N16-R-87750-6700 | R-368 | N17-L-6811 | V-105 |  |  |  |  |
| N16-R-88010-6610 | R-364 | N17-L-76854-3936 | X-301A |  |  |  |  |
| N16-R-88010-6810 | R-369 | N17-M-22712-9201 | M-303 |  |  |  |  |
| N16-R-88180-6810 | R-362 | N17-M-22790-2301 | M-302 |  |  |  |  |
| N16-R-88937-8843 | R-363 | N17-M-35566-2026 | M-301 |  |  |  |  |
| N16-R-89891-9810 | R-116 | N17-M-75074-3501 | A-105 |  |  |  |  |
| N16-R-92567-1312 | R-361 | N17-M-75103-3501 | A-106 |  |  |  |  |
| N16-S-60841-4251 | X-106 | N17-S-250051-163 | ${ }^{\text {J-101B }}$ |  |  |  |  |
| N16-S-63462-8201 | X-101 | N17-S-46667-5101 | -110 |  |  |  |  |
| N16-S-63524-6475 | X-104 | N17-S-46730-4605 | -109 |  |  |  |  |
| N16-S-63524-6475 | X-301 | N17-S-46773-5351 | --4102 |  |  |  |  |
| N16-S-63524-6475 | X-401 | N17-S-46788-6001 | O-104 |  |  |  |  |
| N16-S-63524-6480 N16-T-25301-1239 | X-501 $\mathrm{W}-101$ | N17-S-46788-6610 | 0-401 |  |  |  |  |
| N16-T-55464 | V-401 | N17-S-59673-8341 | S-303 |  |  |  |  |
| N16-T-56092 | V-106 | N17-S-61497-2081 | S-302 |  |  |  |  |
| N16-T-56127 | V-103 | N17-S-62205-9901 | S-101 |  |  |  |  |
| N16-T-56346 | V-305 | N17-S-67040-3865 | S-304 |  |  |  |  |
| N16-T-56410 | V-311 | N17-S-70598-1802 | S-301 |  |  |  |  |
| N16-T-56670 | V-101 | N17-S-74049-5902 | S-305 |  |  |  |  |
| N16-T-98028-2001 | A-101 | N17-S-91671-1051 | S-308 |  |  |  |  |
| N16-T-98049-4991 | A-201 | N17-S-91897-8782 | S-306 |  |  |  |  |
| N17-A-27451-1012 | P-301A | N17-T-66807-1001 | T-301 |  |  |  |  |
| N17-B-77735-7499 | E-105A | N17-T-67569-9453 | T-305 |  |  |  |  |
| N17-B-77984-9201 | E-107A | N17-T-67570-2327 | T-302 |  |  |  |  |
| N17-C-48409-2146 | W-401 | N17-T-67570-2327 $\mathrm{N} 17-\mathrm{T}-67570-2327$ | T-303 |  |  |  |  |
| N17-C-70196-8806 N17-C-71107-8086 | P-402 P-102 | N17-T-6757-2327 | T-401 |  |  |  |  |
| N17-71107-8086 |  | N17-T-82189-3155 | T-801 |  |  |  |  |

CONTRACT NObSr-52028


## TABLE 8-8. LIST OF MANUFACTURERS

 FOR MODELS RBB-5/6 AND RBC-5/6 RADIO RECEIVING EQUIPMENT| $\begin{array}{\|c\|c\|c\|} \hline \text { NUMBER } \\ \text { NUM } \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { MFRR. } \\ \text { PREFIX } \end{gathered}$ | NAME | ADDRESS | $\begin{gathered} \text { CODE } \\ \text { NUMBER } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { MFR. } \\ \text { PREFIX } \end{array}$ | NAME | ADDRESS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | CRV | Radio Corp. of America Victor Livision | Front and Cooper Streets Camden, N. J. | 714 | CAW | Aerovox Wireless Corp. | 742 Bellville Avenue New Bedford, Mass. |
| 30 | CPH | American Phenolic Corp. | 1830 S. 54th Street Cicero, Ill. | 722 | CBZ | Allen Bradley Co. | 1326 S. 2nd Street Milwaukee, Wis. |
| 35 |  | Amperite Corp. | 561 Broadway New York, N. Y. | 731 769 |  | Allen Mfg. Co. <br> A. G. Redmond Co. | Hartford, Conn. <br> 201-311 Monroe Street |
| 114 | CED | Cannon Electric Development Co. | 3201 Humboldt Street Los Angeles, Calif. | 776 |  | Drake Mfg. $\mathbf{C o}$. | Owosso, Mich. 1713 Hubbard Street |
| 207 | CER | Erie Resistor Corp. | 644 W. 12th Street Erie, Pa |  |  | Dial Light Co of America, Inc | Chicago, III. 00 West Street |
| 246 | CG | General Electric Co. | Schenectady, N. Y |  |  | Dial Light Co. of America, Inc. | New York, N. Y. |
| 277 | CHC | Hammarlund Mfg. Co. | 460 W. 34th Street New York, N. Y. | 784 | CLF | Littelfuse Laboratories, Inc. | 4757 N. Ravenswood Avenue Chicago, III. |
| 321 | CIR | International Resistance Corp. | 401 N. Broad Street Philadelphia, Pa. | 787 |  | Alden Products Co. | 715 Center Street Brockton, Mass. |
| 323 | CBU | Isolantite, Inc. | 343 Courtland Street Belleville, N. J. | 825 | CSR | Russell and Stoll Co., Inc. | 125 Barclay Street New York, N. Y. |
| 371 |  | Lord Mfg. Co. | Erie, Pa. | 846 |  | Winchester Electronics | 6 E. 46th Street New York. 17, N. Y. |
| 429 |  | National Lock Co. | Rockford, III. | 1050 |  | General Electric Mazda Corp. |  |
| 451 | COC | Oak Mfg. Co. | 1200 N. Clybourne Avenue Chicago, Ill. |  |  |  |  |
| 516 | CRV | Radio Corp. of America Tube Division | 151 Westside Avenue Harrison, N. J. |  |  |  |  |
| 640 |  | Tinnerman Stove and Range Co. | Cleveland, 0. |  |  |  |  |
| 670 | CAY | Westinghouse Electric and Mfg. C $q$ | 3001 Walnut Street Philadelphia, Pa. |  |  |  |  |
| 684 | cWC | Wirt Co. | 5221 Greene Street Philadelphia, Pa |  |  |  |  |


[^0]:    6. Strip $1 / 2$-inch insulation from end of each conductor. Tin the exposed wires. Attach one of these wires to one small diameter contact in body of P401 by screw on that contact. Attach other wire to other small diameter contact.
    7. Leaving no slack, attach the third wire (soldered to braid in step 4) to large diameter contact. Cut off excess wire.
    8. Reassemble body of $\mathbf{P 4 0 1 , ~ r e p l a c e ~ s c r e w s ~ r e m o v e d ~ i n ~ s t e p ~ 1 , ~ t h e n ~ r e p l a c e ~ c a p ~ r e m o v e d ~ i n ~ s t e p ~} 1$.
[^1]:    CONTRACT NObsr-52028

