NAVSHIPS 94841(A)

VOLUME I

TECHNICAL MANUAL for RADIO RECEIVER R-1051/URR

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY BUREAU OF SHIPS

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Note

Official nomenclature of this equipment is ''Radio Receiver R-1051/URR''. In this publication, the nomenclature has been abbreviated to ''Receiver R-1051/URR''. This abbreviated nomenclature shall, in all cases, be construed as equivalent in meaning to the official nomenclature.

R-1051/URR GENERAL INFORMATION

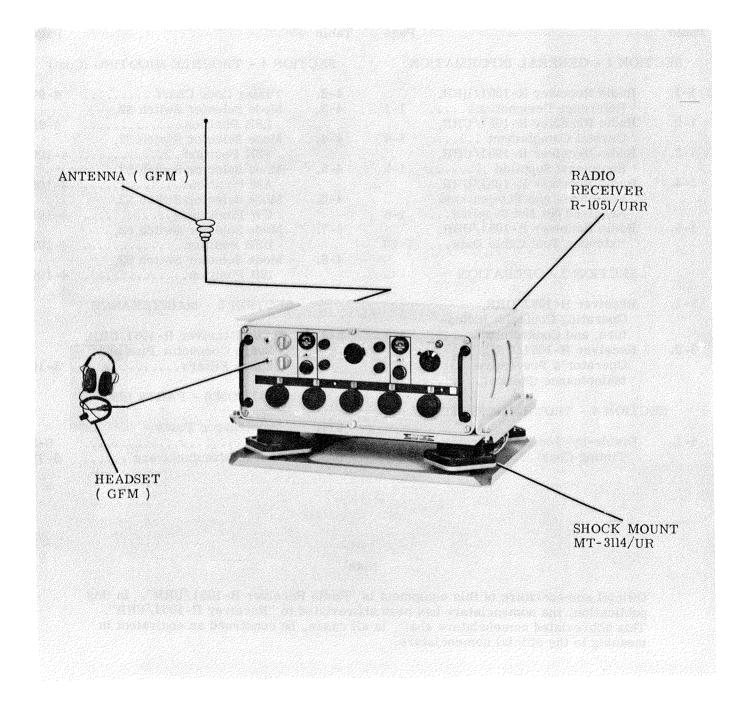


Figure 1-1. Radio Receiver R-1051/URR, Typical Relationship of Units

SECTION 1

GENERAL INFORMATION

1-1. SCOPE.

1-2. This Technical Manual is in effect upon receipt and supersedes NAVSHIPS 94841. Extracts from this publication may be made to facilitate the preparation of other Department of Defense publications.

1-3. Volume I of this Technical Manual describes Radio Receiver R-1051/URR (R-1051/URR) and covers installation, trouble-shooting procedures, maintenance procedures and a parts list for this unit. Operating procedures for the R-1051/URR are contained in Volume II of this Technical Manual.

1-4. GENERAL DESCRIPTION.

1-5. The R-1051/URR is a digitally tuned, superheterodyne receiver capable of receiving lower sideband (LSB), upper sideband (USB), independent sideband (ISB), frequency shift keyed (FSK), amplitude modulated (AM), and continuous wave (CW) transmissions in the 2.0to 30.0 megacycle frequency range. The ISB mode of operation allows two different types of intelligence to be received simultaneously, one on the LSB channel and one on the USB channel. FSK reception is obtained by using suitable ancillary equipment, such as Teletype Converter-Comparator AN/URA-17 or AN/ URA-8. The R-1051/URR may also receive tone-modulated continuous wave (MCW), compatible amplitude modulated (compatible AM), and facsimile (through the use of suitable ancillary equipment) transmissions. The R-1051/ URR may be operated in conjunction with a transmitter, as a transmitter-receiver in systems such as Radio Set AN/WRC-1. In this application either simplex or duplex operation is possible. The R-1051/URR may also be used as a separate, self-contained receiver requiring only a headset, antenna, and a nominal 115-vac primary power source for full operation. The functional relationship of the R-1051/URR to accessory equipment is illustrated in figure 1-1. The R-1051/URR is intended for ship and shore installations. For either type of installation, the R-1051/URR

may be mounted in a standard 19-inch rack, or may be mounted to the supplied shock mount.

1-6. REFERENCE DESIGNATIONS.

1-7. Reference designations of the electronic assemblies and subassemblies of the R-1051/URR are listed in table 1-1. See figure 1-2 for location of electronic assemblies and subassemblies in the R-1051/URR.

TABLE 1-1. RADIO RECEIVER R-1051/URR, REFERENCE DESIGNATIONS

ASSEMBLY OR	REFERENCE
SUBASSEMBLY	DESIGNATION
Receiver Main Frame Receiver Mode Selector Receiver IF. /Audio Amplifier RF Amplifier Frequency Standard Translator/Synthesizer 1 MC Synthesizer 100 KC Synthesizer 1 and 10 KC Synthesizer 500 CPS Synthesizer Spectrum Generator RF Translator Code Generator Power Supply	A2 A2A1 A2A2 and A2A3 A2A4 A2A5 A2A6 A2A6A1 A2A6A2 A2A6A3 A2A6A3 A2A6A4 A2A6A5 A2A6A5 A2A6A6 A2A7 A2A8

1-8. FUNCTION.

1-9. The function of the R-1051/URR is to extract the intelligence from any USB, LSB, ISB, CW or AM transmissions in the 2.0 to 30.0 megacycle frequency range. The R-1051/URR is also capable of receiving MCW, compatible AM, facsimile, and FSK signals, using suitable ancillary equipment.

1-10. PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS.

1-11. The R-1051/URR is housed in a metal case. The chassis is mounted on roller-type

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R-1051/URR GENERAL INFORMATION

Paragraph 1-11

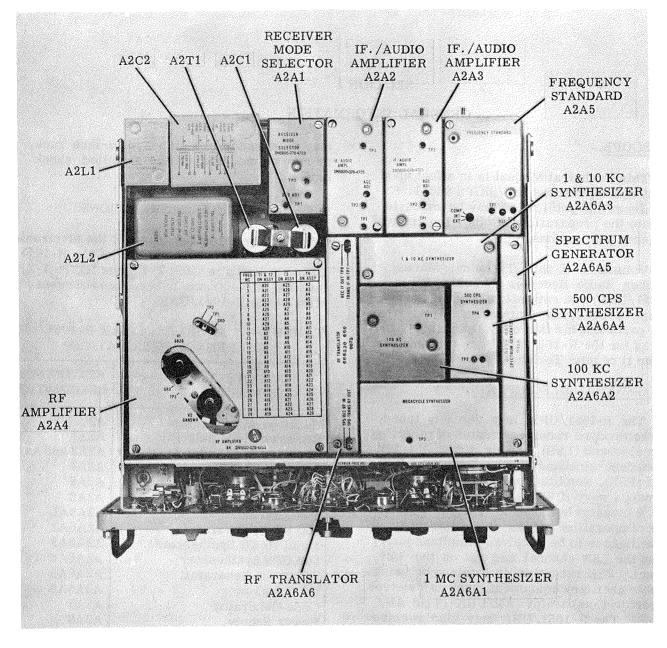


Figure 1-2. Radio Receiver R-1051/URR, Top View, Case Removed

slides (one on each side) and is secured to the case by six (6) captive screws through the front panel. When fully extended from the case, the chassis may be tilted on the slides at 90 degree angles to expose the bottom for servicing. All operating controls and indicators are located on the front panel, and all power and signal input connections are made on the rear of the case. Handles are secured to the front panel to facilitate withdrawal of the chassis and transporting the unit. The chassis contains the chain drive mechanism for tuning, the receptacles for the plug-in elecronic assemblies, and a power supply.

1-12. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS.

1-13. The R-1051/URR employs a digital tuning scheme for automatically tuning to any one of 56,000 operating channels. Additional vernier tuning provides continuous tuning throughout the frequency range. All circuits (except

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R-1051/URR GENERAL INFORMATION

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Table 1-2

REF. DESIG.	TYPE OF CUT	CRYSTAL OSC. FREQ. (MC)	OPERATING TEMP. RANGE	TOLERANCE (PERCENT)
A2A5A3Y1	AT	5.000000	84.5°C to 85.5°C	0.001
A2A6A1Y1	AT	2.498850	0°C to 75°C	0.003
A2A6A1Y2	AT	3.499720	0°C to 75°C	0.003
A2A6A1Y3	AT	4.499640	0°C to 75°C	0.003
A2A6A1Y4	AT	5.499640	0°C to 75°C	0.003
A2A6A1Y5	AT	7.499400	0°C to 75°C	0.003
A2A6A1Y6	AT	8.499320	0°C to 75°C	0.003
A2A6A1Y7	AT	9.499160	0°C to 75°C	0.003
A2A6A1Y8	AT	10.499160	0°C to 75°C	0.003
A2A6A1Y9	AT	11.499080	0°C to 75°C	0.003
A2A6A1Y10	AT	12.499000	0°C to 75°C	0.003
A2A6A1Y11	AT	14.498840	0°C to 75°C	0.003
A2A6A1Y12	AT	15.498760	0°C to 75°C	0.003
A2A6A1Y13	AT	16.498680	0°C to 75°C	0.003
A2A6A1Y14	AT	17.498600	0°C to 75°C	0.003
A2A6A1Y15	AT	18.498440	0°C to 75°C	0.003
A2A6A1Y16	AT	20.498360	0°C to 75°C	0.003
A2A6A1Y17	AT	23.498120	0°C to 75°C	0.003
A2A6A2Y1	AT	4. 553	0°C to 75°C	0.003
A2A6A2Y2	AT	4.653	0°C to 75°C	0.003
A2A6A2Y3	AT	4.753	0°C to 75°C	0.003
A2A6A2Y4	AT	4.853	0°C to 75°C	0.003
A2A6A2Y5	AT	4.953	0°C to 75°C	0.003
A2A6A2Y6	AT	5.053	0°C to 75°C	0.003
A2A6A2Y7	AT	5.153	0°C to 75°C	0.003
A2A6A2Y8	AT	5.253	0°C to 75°C	0.003
A2A6A2Y9	AT	5.353	0°C to 75°C	0.003
A2A6A2Y10	AT	5.453	0°C to 75°C	0.003
A2A6A3Y1	AT	5.250	0°C to 75°C	0.003
A2A6A3Y2	AT	5.240	0°C to 75°C	0.003
A2A6A3Y3	AT	5,230	0°C to 75°C	0.003
A2A6A3Y4	AT	5.220	0°C to 75°C	0.003
A2A6A3Y5	AT	5.210	0°C to 75°C	0.003
A2A6A3Y6	AT	5.200	0°C to 75°C	0.003
A2A6A3Y7	AT	5.190	0°C to 75°C	0.003
A2A6A3Y8	AT	5.180	0°C to 75°C	0.003
A2A6A3Y9	AT	5.170	0°C to 75°C	0.003
A2A6A3Y10	\mathbf{AT}	5.160	0°C to 75°C	0.003
A2A6A3Y11	AT	1.850	0°C to 75°C	0.003
A2A6A3Y12	AT	1.851	0°C to 75°C	0.003
A2A6A3Y13	\mathbf{AT}	1.852	0°C to 75°C	0.003
A2A6A3Y14	AT	1.853	0°C to 75°C	0.003
A2A6A3Y15	\mathbf{AT}	1.854	0°C to 75°C	0.003
A2A6A3Y16	AT	1.855	0°C to 75°C	0.003
A2A6A3Y17	AT	1.856	0°C to 75°C	0.003
A2A6A3Y18	AT	1.857	0°C to 75°C	0.003
A2A6A3Y19	AT	1.858	0°C to 75°C	0.003
A2A6A3Y20	AT	1.859	0°C to 75°C	0.003
	_			

TABLE 1-2. RADIO RECEIVER R-1051/URR, CRYSTAL COMPLEMENT

Paragraph 1-13

two rf amplification stages) utilize solid-state devices. These circuits are assembled into plug-in electronic assemblies. The frequency generation circuits, which are referenced to an ultra-stable frequency standard, provide a stability of 1 part in 10^8 per day.

1-14. <u>REFERENCE DATA.</u>

1-15. The following performance data provide a summary of the electrical characteristics of the R-1051/URR:

a. Frequency range: 2 to 29.9995 mc in 0.5-kc increments or 2.0 to 30.0 mc with continuous vernier tuning between 1kc increments.

b. Receiver type: superheterodyne.

c. Frequency stability: 1 part in 10^8 per day.

d. Type of frequency control: crystal controlled synthesizer referenced to a 5-megacycle internal or external standard.

e. Modes of operation: LSB, USB, ISB, AM, CW, and FSK.

f. Sensitivity: 1 microvolt for 10 db $\frac{S+N}{N}$

in SSB mode; 2 microvolts for CW and FSK modes; and 4 microvolts in compatible AM mode.

g. Receiver if.: first, 20 or 30 mc; second 2.85 mc; third, 500 kc.

h. Bandwidth: SSB, 3.2 kc; AM and CW, 7 kc.

i. Recommended antenna: 50-ohm impedance.

j. Ambient temperature limitations: $0^{\circ}C$ to $+50^{\circ}C$.

k. Power consumption: 55 watts.

1. Primary power requirements: 115 vac ± 10 per cent, single phase, 48 to 450 cps.

m. IF. rejection: -75 db.

n. Image rejection: -80 db.

o. Audio output: 60 mw (minimum) into 600-ohms balanced or unbalanced remote output load; 15 mw (minimum) into 600-ohms unbalanced load (local headset).

p. Audio distortion: less than 3 per cent.

1-16. CRYSTAL COMPLEMENT.

1-17. The crystal complement of the R-1051/ URR is lised in table 1-2.

1-18. EQUIPMENT SUPPLIED.

1-19. Equipment supplied with the R-1051/URR is listed in table 1-3.

1-20. <u>EQUIPMENT AND PUBLICATIONS</u> REQUIRED BUT NOT SUPPLIED.

1-21. Accessory and test equipment and publications required but not supplied with the R-1051/URR are listed in table 1-4.

1-22. EXTENDER TEST CABLE DATA.

1-23. Table 1-5 lists pertinent extender test cable data for the R-1051/URR.

1-24. PREPARATION FOR RESHIPMENT.

1-25. To prepare the R-1051/URR for reshipment, proceed as follows:

a. Ensure that all electronic assemblies are fastened securely. Check that tubes V1 and V2 in RF Amplifier Electronic Assembly A2A4 are mounted properly, using vibrationproof shields provided.

b. Set Mode Selector switch at OFF.

c. For reshipment, use containers and packing material similar to those originally used to ship the R-1051/URR.

R-1051/URR GENERAL INFORMATION

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Table 1-4

QTY PER	NOMENCLATURE		UNIT		OVER-ALI INSIONS (I		VOLUME	WEIGHT
EQUIP	NAME	DESCRIPTION	NO.	HEIGHT	WIDTH	DEPTH	(CU FT)	(LB)
1	Radio Receiver	R-1051/URR	1	7	17.38	18.9	1.33	70

TABLE 1-3. RADIO RECEIVER R-1051/URR, EQUIPMENT SUPPLIED (Continued)

1	Shock Mount	MT-3114/UR	4.25	19.71	16.66	0.81	16
1	Kit, Bracket Mounting						
1	Kit, Connector Mating						
1	Kit, Extender Test Cable	W1,W2, and W3					
1	Technical Manual for Radio Receiver R-1051/URR	NAVSHIPS 94841(A)					
1	Maintenance Standards Book for Radio Receiver R-1051/URR	NAVSHIPS 94841.42					
1	Performance Standards Sheet for Radio Receiver R-1051/URR	NAVSHIPS 94841.32					
*Inclu	ides mounting ma	aterials					

TABLE 1-4. RADIO RECEIVER R-1051/URR, EQUIPMENT AND PUBLICATIONS REQUIRED BUT NOT SUPPLIED

QTY PER		ENCLATURE		EQUIPMENT CHARACTERISTICS
EQUIP	NAME	DESIGNATION	REQUIRED USE	CHARACTERISTICS
1	Antenna		Reception of rf signals	
1	Cable Set		Interconnection	
1	Headset		General operation	
1	Teletype Converter- Comparator	AN/URA-8 or AN/URA-17 (or equiv.)	FSK operation	
1	Audio Amplifier	AM-215/U (or equiv.)	Speaker amplifier	

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Table 1-4

QTY PER	NOMENCLATURE			EQUIPMENT
EQUIP	NAME	DESIGNATION	REQUIRED USE	CHARACTERISTICS
1	Speaker	LS-474/U (or equiv.)	Audio monitoring	
1	Multimeter	AN/PSM-4 (or equiv.)	Trouble-shooting and maintenance procedures	Ranges: 0 to 100 vdc, 9 ranges, 20,000 ohms/volt
				0 to 250 vac, 8 ranges, 5,000 ohms/volt
				0 to 20 mego, 5 ranges
				Accuracy: ± 2 per cent
1	Multimeter, Electronic	CCVO-91CA (or equiv.)	Trouble-shooting and maintenance procedures	Input impedance: 20,000 ohms/volt at 500 kc
				Ranges:
				0 to 1 mv 0 to 10 mv 0 to 100 mv 0 to 300 mv 0 to 1000 mv 0 to 3000 mv
1	Multimeter,	ME-6()/U	Trouble-shooting	Frequency:
	Electronic	(or equiv.)	and maintenance procedures	20 cps to 5 kc
			1	Input impedance:
				100,000 ohms/volt
				Ranges:
				0 to 0. 1 v 0 to 0. 3 v
1	Oscilloscope	AN/USM-105A	Trouble-shooting	Frequency:
		(or equiv.)	and maintenance procedures	DC to 15 mc
				Frequency response:
				100 kc
				Ranges:
				0.5 v peak-to-peak 3 v peak-to-peak 10 v peak-to-peak 2500 v peak-to-peak
				Sensitivity: 2 to 10 vdc

TABLE 1-4. RADIO RECEIVER R-1051/URR, EQUIPMENT AND PUBLICATIONSREQUIRED BUT NOT SUPPLIED (Continued)

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QTY PER	NOMENCLATURE			EQUIPMENT
EQUIP	NAME	DESIGNATION	REQUIRED USE	CHARACTERISTICS
1	Frequency Meter	CAQI-524D (or equiv.)	Trouble-shooting and maintenance procedures	Frequency range: 0 to 30 mc Accuracy: ±0.1 cps
1	RF Signæl Generator	CAQI-606A (or equiv.)	Trouble-shooting and maintenance procedures	Output impedance: 50 ohms Frequency range: 2 to 30 mc
1	Frequency Standard	AN/URQ-9 (or equiv.)	Trouble-shooting and maintenance procedures	Output: 0 to 3 volts Outputs: 100 kc, 500 kc, and 5 mc Stability: 1 part in 10 ⁸ Output: 0.5 volt
1	Audio Signal Generator	An/URM-127 (or equiv.)	Trouble-shooting and maintenance procedures	Frequency range: 20 cps to 5 kc Output: 0 to 10 volts Output impedance: 600 ohms
1	Test Set, Amplifier	TS-2132/WRC-1	Testing RF Ampli- fier Electronic Assembly	Simulates actual opera- ting conditions
1	Test Set, Translator/ Synthesizer	TS-2133/WRC-1	Testing Translator/ Synthesizer Electronic Assembly	Simulates actual opera- ting conditions
1	Test Set, Frequency Standard	TS-2134/WRC-1	Testing Frequency Standard Electronic Assembly	Simulates actual opera- ting conditions
1	Test Set, Electronic Circuit Plug- In Unit	TS-2135/WRC-1	Testing Common Electronic Assemblies	Simulates actual opera- ting conditions
1	Coaxial T Connector		Trouble-shooting and maintenance procedures	50 ohms
1	AN/PSM-4 Technical Manual	NAVSHIPS 91583	Trouble-shooting and maintenance procedures	

TABLE 1-4.RADIO RECEIVER R-1051/URR, EQUIPMENT AND PUBLICATIONS
REQUIRED BUT NOT SUPPLIED (Continued)

Table 1-4

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R-1051/URR GENERAL INFORMATION

TABLE 1-4. RADIO RECEIVER R-1051/URR, EQUIPMENT AND PUBLICATIONS REQUIRED BUT NOT SUPPLIED (Continued)

QTY	NOMEN	CLATURE		EQUIPMENT
PER EQUIP	NAME	DESIGNATION	REQUIRED USE	CHARACTERISTICS
1 1	CCVO-91CA Technical Manual		Trouble-shooting and maintenance procedures	
1	ME-6()/U Technical Manual	NAVSHIPS 92423	Trouble-shooting and maintenance procedures	
1	AN/USM-105A Technical Manual		Trouble-shooting and maintenance procedures	
1	CAQI-606A Technical Manual		Trouble-shooting and maintenance procedures	
1	AN/URQ-9 Technical Manual		Trouble-shooting and maintenance procedures	
1	CAQI-524D Technical Manual		Trouble-shooting and maintenance procedures	
1	AN/URM-127 Technical Manual		Trouble-shooting and maintenance procedures	
1	Resistor	RC42GF510J	Trouble-shooting and maintenance procedures	
1	Repair Book for AN/WRC-1 And R-1051/URR 2N Modules	NAVSHIPS 95700	Trouble-shooting and maintenance procedures	
1	TS-2132/WRC-1 Test Data Booklet		Testing RF Ampli- fier Electronic Assembly	
1	TS-2133/WRC-1 Test Data Booklet		Testing Translator/ Synthesizer Electronic Assembly	
1	TS-2134/WRC-1 Test Data Booklet		Testing Frequency Standard Electronic Assembly	
1	TS-2135/WRC-1 Test Data Booklet		Testing Common Electronic Assemblies	-

Table 1-5

TABLE 1-5. RADIO RECEIVER R-1051/URR, EXTENDER TEST CABLE DATA

REF. DESIG.	NAME	MATES WITH
W1	Cable Assembly	P4 on Receiver IF./Audio Amplifier Electronic Assembly A2A2 or A2A3
W2	Cable Assembly	P1 on Receiver Mode Selector Electronic Assembly A2A1
W3	Cable Assembly	P2 on Receiver Mode Selector Electronic Assembly A2A1

i. N

SECTION 2

INSTALLATION

2-1. UNPACKING AND HANDLING.

2-2. Special procedures need not be followed when unpacking Radio Receiver R-1051/URR (R-1051/URR). Since the R-1051/URR is an accurately calibrated precision equipment, rough handling should be avoided. Handles are provided on the front panel for lifting or carrying the equipment. Extreme caution must be exercised when removing the unit from the packing container to prevent damage to the and connectors.

2-3. POWER REQUIREMENTS.

2-4. The R-1051/URR is designed to operate from a nominal 115 vac, single phase, 48 to 450 cps.

2-5. SITE SELECTION.

2-6. In selecting a shipboard installation site, adequate consideration must be given to space requirements (figure 2-1). This requirement includes space for servicing the slide-mounted equipment when extended from the cases, for shockmount deflection, and for cable bends. For best results, the antenna should be mounted as high as possible above the ship's superstructure.

2-7. In selecting a shore installation site, similar considerations must be given to the space requirements. The antenna should be mounted high enough to clear any surrounding hills, woods, or buildings. In addition, the antenna should be located as far as possible from any high power transmission lines or hospitals to prevent interference.

2-8. INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS.

2-9. CONSIDERATIONS.

2-10. The following factors should be considered when determining the proper location for the R-1051/URR:

a. Best operating conditions.

b. Ease of maintenance, adjustment of equipment, and replacement and repair of defective parts.

c. Possibility of interaction between the R-1051/URR and other electronic equipment in the vicinity.

d. Critical and minimum cable length requirements.

- e. Adequate heat dissipation.
- f. Availability of a good system ground.
- 2-11. INSTALLATION.

2-12. The R-1051/URR may be installed independently in any convenient location, using shock mount MT-3114/UR aboard ship. The R-1051/URR may be mounted in a standard 19-inch rack. Adapter plates are used to install the R-1051/URR in a standard 19-inch wide rack. For all required installation dimensions, see figure 2-1. Figure 2-2 illustrates the mounting bracket used for rack mounting the R-1051/URR in a standard rack. Figure 2-3 illustrates mounting of the R-1051/URR to the shock mount.

2-13. If the R-1051/URR is to be installed as part of a system such as Radio Set AN/WRC-1, see Section 2 of NAVSHIPS 94840(A) for instructions.

WARNING

To avoid injury to personnel, do not over-stress mounting bolts, since shock may cause them to shear.

2-14. INTERCONNECTION.

2-15. All connections are made at the rear of the unit (figure 2-4), with the exception of

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the receiver headset. An rf input is obtained by mating a type UG-941B/U connector and the necessary length of RG-215/U coaxial cable with connector J23, when the R-1051/URR is installed separately.

2-16. When the R-1051/URR is to be operated as a remote unit, connection is made to the remote audio lines and the power source as follows:

a. Connect the receiver switchboard remote audio lines to connectors J5 (USB) and J6 (LSB) on the rear of the R-1051/URR using type MS-3106J165-5S connectors.

b. Connect the power source to connector J3 (AUX AC PWR IN) on the rear of the R-1051/URR.

c. Loosen front panel screws and slide the R-1051/URR chassis from the case.

d. Set switch S7 (AUX/NORM) at AUX. This switch is located just behind the front panel on the left.

e. Slide chassis back into case and secure it.

2-17. When the R-1051/URR is to be operated as an independent unit, connect all cables as shown in figure 2-5. When the R-1051/URR is to be operated as part of a system, refer to Section 2 of NAVSHIPS 94840(A) for instructions.

2-18. If it is required to use an external frequency standard for operation of the R-1051/URR, proceed as follows:

a. Connect the output from the external frequency standard to connector J25 (EXT 5MC IN) on the rear of the R-1051/URR.

b. Loosen front panel screws and slide the R-1051/URR chassis out from the case.

c. Set switch S1 (COMP/INT/EXT) on top of the Frequency Standard Electronic Assembly at EXT. This electronic assembly is located at the right rear of the chassis.

d. Slide the chassis back into the case and secure it.

2-19. If it is required to use the output from the Frequency Standard Electronic Assembly to operate another unit, proceed as follows: a. Loosen the front panel screws and slide the R-1051/URR chassis out from the case.

b. Set switch S1 (COMP/INT/EXT) on top of the Frequency Standard Electronic Assembly at COMP. This electronic assembly is located at the right rear of the chassis.

c. Slide chassis back into case and secure it.

d. Connect cable between connector J24 (INT 5MC OUT) on the rear of the R-1051/URR and the frequency standard input connector on the other unit.

2-20. If it is required to use an external frequency standard for calibration, proceed as follows:

a. Connect the output from the external frequency standard to connector J25 (EXT 5MC IN) on the rear of the R-1051/URR.

b. Loosen front panel screws and slide R-1051/URR chassis out from case.

c. Set switch S1 (COMP/INT/EXT) on top of the Frequency Standard Electronic Assembly at COMP. This electronic assembly is located at the right rear of the chassis.

d. After performing required calibration, set switch S1 back to required position. Slide chassis back into case and secure it.

2-21. If the internal frequency standard is to be used for operation, ensure that switch S1 (COMP/INT/EXT) on top of the Frequency Standard Electronic Assembly is set at INT. This electronic assembly is located at the right rear of the chassis.

2-22. If the R-1051/URR is to be used in simplex operation, connect all cables as shown in figure 2-5. Then, proceed as follows:

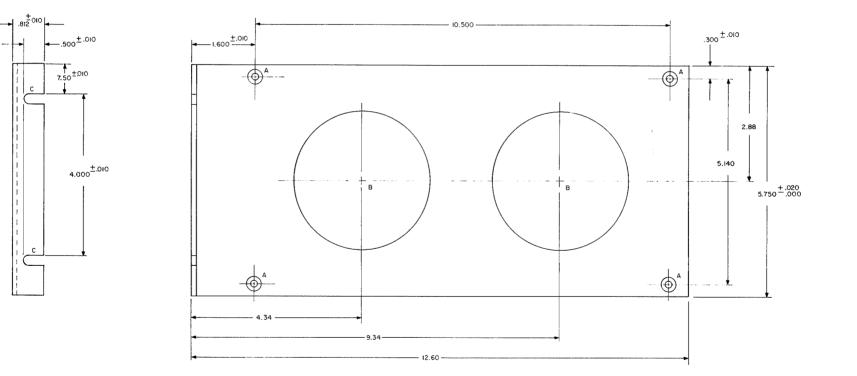
a. Loosen front panel screws and slide the R-1051/URR chassis out from the case.

b. Set switch S9 (SIMPLEX/DUPLEX) at SIMPLEX. This switch is located just behing the front panel on the left.

c. Slide chassis back into case and secure it.

2-23. If the R-1051/URR is to be used in duplex operation, proceed as follows:





NOTES:

1. FINISH: IRIDITE NO. 14 PER MIL-C-5541
 PAINT PER MIL-E-15090 ENAMEL
 EQUIPMENT, LIGHT GRAY (FORMULA NO II)

 2. MATERIAL 125" THICK ALUMINUM ALLOY
 5052-H32 PER QQ-A-318

 3. NOT SUPPLIED. IF REQUIRED, INSTALLATION
 ACTIVITY MUST FABRICATE

Figure 2-2

Figures 2–3 and 2–4 NAVSHIPS 94841(A)

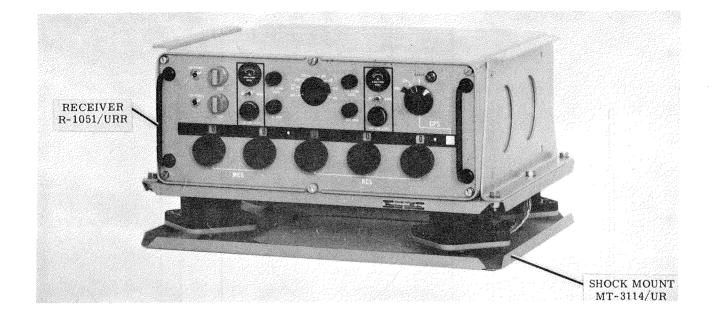


Figure 2-3. Radio Receiver R-1051/URR, Installation Diagram

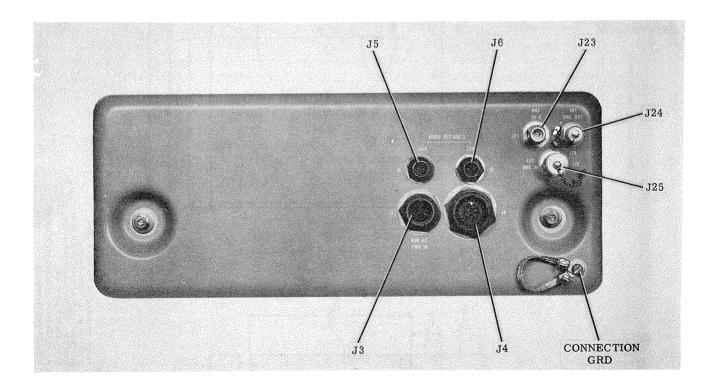


Figure 2-4. Radio Receiver R-1051/URR, Rear View

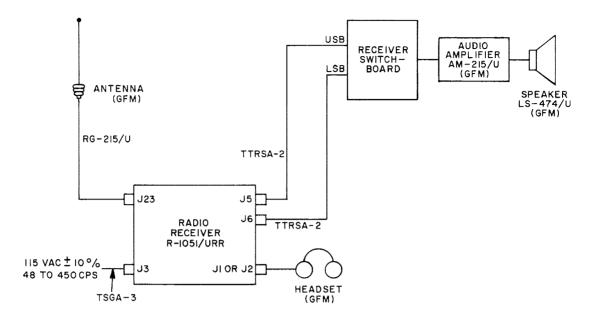


Figure 2-5. Radio Receiver R-1051/URR, Typical Interconnection Diagram

a. Ensure that connector J23 (ANT 50 Ω) on the rear of the R-1051/URR is connected to an antenna different from the one connected to the antenna coupler.

b. Loosen the front panel screws and slide the R-1051/URR chassis out from the case.

c. Set switch S9 (SIMPLEX/DUPLEX) at DUPLEX. This switch is located just behind the front panel on the left.

d. Slide the chassis back into the case and secure it.

2-24. The audio transformer in the R-1051/ URR (located in the Receiver IF. /Audio Electronic Assemblies) do not have grounded center taps as supplied. If it is required that these transformers work into a balanced circenter tap grounded circuit, proceed as follows:

CAUTION

Do not ground center taps if working into an unbalanced circuit.

a. Loosen front panel screws and slide chassis out from the case.

b. Tilt chassis up 90 degrees to expose bottom. Refer to figure 5-16 and locate J18 and J19.

c. Refer to figure 5-1 and perform the steps outlined in Note 3 on that schematic.

d. Tilt the chassis back to horizontal, release slide locks, slide chassis back into case and secure it.

2-25. INSPECTION AND ADJUSTMENT.

2-26. INSPECTION. Because of the design and construction of the R-1051/URR, relocation should have little or no effect on adjustment. Since the R-1051/URR is in an operational condition when packed, inspect for the following before applying power:

a. External damage to indicators, switches, lamps, and connectors.

b. Verify that tubes V1 and V2 in RF Amplifier Electronic Assembly A2A4 are secure in their respective sockets.

2-27. ADJUSTMENT. After installation, refer to Maintenance Standards Book NAVSHIPS 94841.42(A) and use the procedures therein outlined to check out the R-1051/URR. Before

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applying power, ensure that all cables are properly connected and that all fuses are in place. Also, ensure that the following switches are in the proper positions, according to the type of operation required:

- a. S9 (SIMPLEX/DUPLEX).
- b. S7 (AUX/NORM).
- c. A5S1 (COMP/INT/EXT).

2-28. PERFORMANCE CHECKS. Refer to Section 3 and perform the applicable operating procedures to ensure proper installation.

2-29. INTERFERENCE REDUCTION.

2-30. As a precaution against possible interference, operate the R-1051/URR with drawer fully closed and with front panel mounting screws tightened. Verify that the R-1051/URR is properly grounded. R-1051/URR OPERATION NAVSHIPS 94841(A)

SECTION 3

OPERATION

Note

This section is bound as volume II. Refer to volume II, Operator's Handbook, for Radio Receiver R-1051/URR, NAVSHIPS 94841(A), for operation of this equipment.

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SECTION 4

TROUBLE SHOOTING

4-1. LOGICAL TROUBLE SHOOTING.

4-2. The following six logical steps should be followed when trouble shooting Radio Receiver R-1051/URR (R-1051/URR).

4-3. SYMPTOM RECOGNITION.

4-4. Symptom recognition is the first step in the trouble-shooting procedure and is based on a complete knowledge and understanding of equipment operating characteristics. All equipment troubles are not the direct result of component failure. Therefore, a trouble in an equipment is not always easy to recognize since all conditions of less than peak performance are not always apparent. This type of equipment trouble is usually discovered while accomplishing preventive maintenance procedures, such as the POMSEE checks. It is important that the "not so apparent" troubles, as well as the apparent troubles, be recognized.

4-5. SYMPTOM ELABORATION.

4-6. After an equipment trouble has been "recognized", all the available aids designed into the equipment should be used to further elaborate on the original trouble symptom. Use of front panel controls and other built-in indicating or testing aids should provide better identification of the original trouble symptom. Also, checking or otherwise manipulating the operating controls may eliminate the trouble.

4-7. LISTING PROBABLE FAULTY FUNCTION.

4-8. The next step in logical trouble shooting is to formulate a number of "logical choices" as to the cause and likely location (functional section) of the trouble. The "logical choices" are decisions based on knowledge of the equipment operation, a full identification of the trouble symptom, and information contained in this manual. The overall functional description and associated block diagram should be referred to when selecting possible faulty functional sections.

4-9. LOCALIZING THE FAULTY FUNCTION.

4-10. For the greatest efficiency in localizing trouble, the functional sections which have been selected by the "logical choice" method should be tested in an order that will require the least time. This requires a selection to determine which section to test first. The selection should be based on the validity of the "logical choice" and the difficulties in making the necessary tests. If the tests do not prove one functional section to be at fault, the next selection should be tested, and so on until the faulty functional section is located. As aids in this process, this manual contains a functional description and an over-all block diagram of each functional section. Waveforms (or other pertinent indications) are included at significant check points on servicing block diagrams to aid in isolating the faulty section. Also, test data (such as information on control settings, critical adjustments, and required test equipment) are supplied to augment the functional description and servicing block diagram for each functional section.

4-11. LOCALIZING TROUBLE TO THE CIRCUIT.

4-12. After the faulty functional section has been isolated, it is often necessary to make additional "logical choices" as to which group of circuits or circuit (within the functional section) is at fault. Servicing block diagrams for each functional section and individual functional circuit groups (where required) provide the signal flow and test location information needed to bracket and then isolate the faulty circuit. Functional descriptions, simplified schematics, and pertinent test data for individual circuits or groups of circuits comprising the functional section are placed together in one area of the manual. Insofar as is practicable, this information is contained on facing pages. Information that is too lengthy in nature to be included in this arrangement is readily referenced from the test data portion of the trouble-shooting information.

Paragraph 4-13

4-13. FAILURE ANALYSIS.

4-14. After the trouble (faulty component, misalignment, etc.) has been located (but prior to performing corrective action), the procedures followed up to this point should be reviewed to determine exactly why the fault affected the equipment in the manner it did. This review is usually necessary to make certain that the fault discovered is actually the cause of the malfunction, and not just the result of the malfunction.

4-15. <u>RADIO RECEIVER R-1051/URR</u>, FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION.

4-16. Radio Receiver R-1051/URR is a tripleconversion superheterodyne receiver, tunable over the high frequency range from 2 to 30-mc. Tuning of the R-1051/URR is accomplished digitally by five controls (MCS and KCS) and a switch (CPS) located on the front panel. A display window directly above each control provides a digital readout of the digits to which the controls are set. The displayed frequency can be changed in 1 kc increments. The front panel switch allows the operating frequency to be changed in 500-cps increments. This tuning provides 56,000 discrete frequencies in which the receiver is locked to a very accurate frequency standard. Each 1-kc increment can be continuously tuned through by selecting the VERNIER position of the CPS switch. When using the vernier, the full accuracy of the frequency standard is sacrificed. The R-1051/ URR demodulates and provides audio outputs for the following types of received signals: LSB, USB, ISB, CW, FSK, and AM. Over the frequency range, the input sensitivity for an audio output signal-plus-noise to noise ratio of 10 db is better than 1 microvolt for ISB, LSB, USB, and FSK, 2 microvolts for CW, and 4 microvolts for AM. Figure 4-1 illustrates the functional groups of circuits comprising the electronic assemblies and subassemblies of the R-1051/URR.

4-17. MAIN SIGNAL FLOW.

4-18. A received signal from the antenna passes through closed relay contacts in the antenna overload circuit to the rf amplifiers. Should a signal in excess of 15 volts appear at the receiver input, the antenna overload circuit will open the relay contacts. The excessive voltage is thereby prevented from being applied to the rf amplifiers, which form a part of RF Amplifier Electronic Assembly A2A4. Within the rf amplifiers, the

signal passes through a double-tuned input circuit, two rf amplifier stages, a single-tuned interstage circuit, and output circuits. All of the resonant tuned circuits are tuned by the MCS, 100 kc (KCS), and 10 kc (KCS) frequency controls on the front panel. The MCS controls operate a code generator, which activates a motor-driven turret containing 28 strips. Each strip contains a tuned transformer and a portion of the capacitance required by each of the four tuned circuits. For each megacycle increment, a different tuned transformer and capacitor are switched into place. The remaining tuned circuit capacitance is mechanically switched into the four tuned circuits by the 100 kc (KCS) and 10 kc (KCS) controls on the front panel. These capacitors are located on circular boards stacked in the center of the turret. The tuned circuits provide the frequency selectivity required to prevent undesired off-channel signals from distorting the desired signal by crossmodulating or overloading the rf amplifier stages. The gain of the rf amplifier stages ensures that the weak-signal sensitivity of the R-1051/URR is maintained. The gain of both rf amplifier stages is controlled by the application of an agc voltage from the step agc circuit.

4-19. The output from the rf amplifiers is applied to the mixers, which form a part of RF Translator Electronic Subassembly A2A6A6 located in Translator/Synthesizer Electronic Assembly A2A6. The mixers consist of three transistor mixer stages, with interstage coupling provided by selective filters. The first mixer receives the injection frequencies from MC Synthesizer Subassembly A2A6A1. The injection frequency is determined by the megacycle band selected by the MCS controls on the front panel. The desired output frequency from the first mixer always falls within two frequency bands, either 19.5 to 20.5 mc or 29.5 to 30.5 mc. The high or low band is also determined by the megacycle band to which the R-1051/URR is tuned. The output from the first mixer is gated through the appropriate 20 or 30-mc filter. This signal is mixed in the second mixer stage with the injection frequencies supplied from 100 KC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly A2A6A2. The desired frequency band from the second mixer is 2.8 to 2.9 mc. This signal is coupled through a 2.85 mc filter to the third mixer. The injection frequencies for the third mixer are supplied from 1 and 10 KC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly A2A6A3. The output from the third mixer is a 500-kc if. signal. (Refer to paragraph 4-37.)

R-1051/URR TROUBLE SHOOTING

Signal flow from the antenna input through the output of the third mixer is identical, regardless of the selected mode of operation.

4-20. The 500-kc if. output from the third mixer is applied to the mode gates. Three parallel paths are presented to the signal. The path that passes through the LSB mechanical filter (also used in ISB) is not gated since it has an independent output from the Mode Selector Electronic Assembly. Because the outputs from the USB mechanical filter (also used in FSK and ISB) and the AM mechanical filter (also used in CW) are paralleled for a common output, the input paths to these two filters must be gated so that only one path is open at any given time. Application of the correct gating potentials is determined by the mode of operation selected at the front panel.

4-21. The output from the LSB filter is applied to the if. amplifiers in IF. Audio Amplifier Electronic Assembly A2A3. The common output of the USB and AM filters is also applied to the if. amplifiers in IF. /Audio Electronic Assembly A2A2. The operating dc voltage is applied to the proper electronic assembly according to the mode of operation selected at the front panel. In the ISB mode of operation, a dc operating voltage is applied to both if. amplifiers. Agc voltage from the step agc circuit controls the overall gain of the if. amplifiers by varying the attenuation of the input and the gain of the second if. amplifier stage. The input to the step agc circuit is derived from the output from the second if. amplifier stage.

4-22. The output from the if. amplifiers is applied to the detector circuits, consisting of a product detector and an AM detector. Depending on the mode of operation selected at the front panel, either the balanced product detector or the AM detector is powered by dc operating voltage. The product detector demodulates the USB, LSB, FSK, and ISB signals. In these modes of operation, a 500-kc injection, originating at a multiplier-divider in Frequency Standard Electronic Assembly A2A5, is applied to the product detector for carrier re-insertion. This 500-kc injection passes through the 500kc gate in Mode Selector Electronic Assembly A2A1 with little attenuation in these modes of operation. In AM and CW modes, this gate presents a high attenuation, since no carrier re-insertion is required by the AM detector. In the CW mode of operation, the BFO assembly in Mode Selector Electronic Assembly A2A1 is turned on, and a variable 500-kc output 4-23. The audio derived from the detector circuits in assembly A2A2 is applied to the USB LINE LEVEL control on the front panel which controls the audio level prior to its application to the audio amplifiers. The LSB LINE LEVEL control sets the audio level from the product detector in assembly A2A3. Each Receiver IF. /Audio Amplifier Electronic Assembly has two outputs. One is a 600-ohm remote output, which is applied to a connector at the rear of the case. The second output is to the PHONES jacks on the front panel. The PHONES output passes through a PHONE LEVEL control on the front panel, which adjusts the phone signal amplitude without altering the level of the remote output. Each remote output is monitored at the front panel by a LINE LEVEL meter, which has two scale ranges controlled by the LINE LEVEL switch on the front panel.

4-24. STEP AGC SIGNAL FLOW.

4-25. The step agc circuit, which forms a part of the Receiver IF. /Audio Amplifier Electronic Assemblies A2A2 and A2A3, controls the gain of the rf amplifiers and if. amplifiers according to the received rf signal strength. The output from the if. amplifiers is applied to the step agc circuits, where it is converted to a dc voltage that is applied to both the rf and if. amplifiers. The gain of the rf and if. amplifiers may be manually controlled by applying a dc voltage on the agc lines with the RF GAIN control. This manual action over-rides the normal agc voltages.

4-26. FREQUENCY STANDARD.

4-27. The 5-mc frequency standard produces an accurate, stable reference frequency upon which all frequencies used in the R-1051/URR are based. The circuit is housed in an oven assembly maintained at a nearly constant temperature of 85°C by the oven control circuit. The accurate output from the 5 mc frequency standard is applied to a switching and compare circuit. An external 5-mc frequency may also be applied to this circuit. The switching and compare circuit routes the internal or external 5-mc signal to the multiplier-divider circuits or to the compare circuit. The compare circuit compares the internal 5-mc frequency with the external 5-mc frequency for an indication

Paragraph 4-19

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R-1051/URR TROUBLE SHOOTING

of the accuracy of the internal frequency standard. The 5-mc output from the switching and compare circuit is applied to the multiplierdivider circuit, where it is converted to frequencies of 500 kc, 1 mc, and 10 mc. These three outputs are used in the mixing processes required to produce the injection frequencies used in the rf conversion process. The 500-kc output is also applied to the 500-kc gate circuit for insertion into the product detector for demodulation. The 5 mc frequency standard, oven control, multiplier-divider, and switching and compare circuits comprise Frequency Standard Electronic Assembly A2A5.

4-28. FREQUENCY GENERATION.

4-29. The injection frequencies used in the first frequency conversion in the mixers circuit are generated within the Mc Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly A2A6A1. This circuit consists of a phase-locked crystal oscillator that is automatically tuned to produce one of seventeen frequencies between 2.5 mc and 23.5 mc. The output is applied to the high frequency mixer. The output frequency depends on the setting of the front panel MCS controls.

4-30. The injection frequencies used in the second frequency conversion in the mixers circuit are generated within the 100 KC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly A2A6A2. This circuit consists of a crystal oscillator, the output from which is one of ten frequencies spaced at 100 kc intervals between 4.553 and 5.453 mc. The output frequency is determined by the setting of the front panel 100 kc (KCS) control. If a loband injection frequency is required (see paragraph 4-37) the 17.847 mc output from the 17.847 mc mixer is additively mixed in the loband mixer with the output from the 100 kc oscillator (4.553 mc to 5.453 mc, in 100 kc steps) to provide a frequency in the 22.4 to 23.3 mc range. If a hi-band injection frequency is required (see paragraph 4-37) the 27.847 mc output from the 27.847 mc mixer is additively mixed in the hi-band mixer with the output from the 100 kc oscillator (4.553 mc to 5.453 mc, in 100 kc steps) to provide a frequency in the 32.4 to 33.3 mc range. In either case, the resultant frequency is applied to the mid frequency mixer.

4-31. The injection frequencies used in the third frequency conversion in the mixers circuit are generated within the 1 and 10 KC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly A2A6A3. This

circuit consists of two crystal oscillators, each of which has ten possible output frequencies. The output from the 1 kc oscillator (1.850 mc to 1.859 mc, in 1 kc steps) is determined by the setting of the front panel 1 kc (KCS) control, and the output from the 10 kc oscillator (5.25 mc to 5.16 mc, in 10 kc steps) is determined by the setting of the front panel 10 kc (KCS) control. The outputs from the two oscillators are subtractively mixed to provide one of 100 possible output frequencies spaced at 1 kc intervals between 3.301 mc and 3.400 mc. The output is applied to the low frequency mixer.

4-32. ERROR CANCELLATION.

4-33. A combination of error cancelling loops and phase-locked loops is used in the frequency synthesizer circuits of the R-1051/URR to ensure that the injection frequencies applied to the mixers are correct. The MC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly (A2A6A1) employs a phase-locked loop to ensure the accuracy of the mc injection frequencies. The 1 mc output from the multiplier-divider in the Frequency Standard Electronic Assembly (A2A5) is applied to the spectrum generator to produce a spectrum of frequencies spaced at 1 mc intervals between 1 mc and 25 mc. The output from the spectrum generator and the output from the mc oscillator are mixed. Any error in output from the mc oscillator is detected and an error voltage is produced. This error signal is applied to the mc oscillator to lock it to the correct frequency. The accuracy of the oscillator output is the same as that of the 5-mc frequency standard.

4-34. The 100 KC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly (A2A6A2) employs an error cancelling loop to ensure the accuracy of the 100 kc injection frequencies. The 500 kc output from the multiplier-divider is applied to the 100 kc spectrum generator to produce a spectrum of frequencies spaced at 100 kc intervals between 15.3 mc and 16.2 mc. The output from the 100 kc oscillator (4.553 mc to 5.453 mc, in 100 kc steps) is applied to the 10.747 mc mixer, where it is mixed with that spectrum point of the 100 kc spectrum which will result in an output of 10.747 mc. The 10.747 mc signal is additively mixed with the 7.1 mc output from the 7.1 mc mixer to produce the 17.847 mc signal, which is used in one of two mixing processes. It is mixed with the 100 kc oscillator output to cancel any oscillator frequency error and produce the lo-band injection frequencies, or it is mixed with the 10 mc output from the

multiplier-divider. This mixing produces a 27.847 mc signal, which is mixed with the 100 kc oscillator output to cancel any oscillator frequency error and produce the hi-band injection frequencies. The hi or lo band of injection frequencies is determined by the voltage level on the hi/lo band control line output from the code generator. If an error were present in the 100 kc oscillator output, it would be cancelled in this mixing scheme. This is accomplished as follows. Assume that the output from the oscillator should be 4.553 mc, but is 200 cycles high (4.5532 mc), and that the desired frequency output is 22.4 mc (in the lo band). The subtractive mixing of the oscillator output with whichever 100 kc spectrum point will produce an output as close as possible to 10.747 mc, results in a 10.7468 mc output (15.3 mc - 4.5532 mc = 10.7468 mc). This signal is then additively mixed with the 7.1 mc signal, producing a 17.8468 mc output. The 17.8468 mc signal is then additively mixed with the oscillator output (17.8468 mc + 4.5532 mc)= 22.4 mc), resulting in the desired 22.4 mc output. Assume that the output from the oscillator should be 4.953 mc, but is 300 cycles low (4.9527 mc), and that the desired frequency output should be 32.8 mc (in the hi-band). Subtractively mixing the 100 kc spectrum point (15.7 mc) with the 4.9527 mc signal results in an output of 10.7473 mc. This signal is then mixed with the 7.1 mc signal, resulting in a frequency of 17.8473 mc. The 17.8473 mc signal is further mixed with the 10 mc signal to obtain a frequency of 27.8473 mc, which is additively mixed with the 4.9527 mc output from the oscillator to obtain the required 32.8 mc output. Therefore, it can be seen that any error existing in the output from the 100 kc oscillator will be cancelled, resulting in the exact 100 kc injection frequency required.

4-35. Any error existing in the 1 and 10 kc oscillators is cancelled in the following manner. The 100 kc pulses from the 100 kc spectrum generator are applied to the 10 kc spectrum generator producing an output from 3.82 to 3.91 mc in 10 kc increments. The 10 kc spectrum generator also produces 10 kc pulses which are applied to the 1 kc spectrum generator to produce a spectrum of frequencies spaced at 1 kc intervals between 0.122 mc and 0.131 mc. The output from the 10 kc oscillator (5.25 mc to 5.16 mc, in 10 kc steps) is additively mixed with whichever spectrum point of the 10 kc spectrum will result in a frequency of 9.07 mc. The output from the 1 kc oscillator (1.850 mc

to 1.859 mc, in 1 kc steps) is additively mixed with whichever spectrum point of the 1 kc spectrum will result in a frequency of 1.981 mc. The 1.981 mc and the 9.07 mc signals are then subtractively mixed, producing the 7.089 mc signal, which contains the errors of both oscillators. The 1 kc spectrum generator also produces 5 kc pulses, which are applied to the 5 kc spectrum generator to produce an output consisting of two spectrum points, 110 kc and 115 kc. These spectrum points are used to lock the output frequency of the 500 cps phaselocked oscillator to 110 kc or 115 kc when desired. With the front panel CPS switch in the 000 position, the output from the phase-locked oscillator is 110 kc and is locked to that exact frequency by the 110 kc spectrum point applied to the phase detector. This 110 kc signal is divided by ten and applied to the 7.1 mc mixer, where it is additively mixed with the 7.089 mc output from the 7.089 mc mixer. The resulting 7.1 mc signal is then applied to the error loop of the 100 KC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly (A2A6A2). Therefore, if an error exists in the 1 or 10 kc oscillators, the same error will exist in the 100 kc injection frequencies. This error is then cancelled in the low and mid frequency mixers of the mixers circuit in the following manner. Assume that the output from the 10 kc oscillator should be 5.25 mc, but is actually 5.2502. Also assume that the output from the 1 kc oscillator should be 1.852 mc but is actually 1.8521 mc. Subtractively mixing these two frequencies results in an injection frequency to the low frequency mixer of 3.3981 mc, rather than the desired 3.3980 mc. Therefore, a 100 cycle error exists in the injection signal. The additive mixing of the 5.2502 mc signal and the 10 kc spectrum point (3.82 mc) results in a frequency of 9.0702 mc. The additive mixing of the 1.8521 mc signal and the 1 kc spectrum point (0.129 mc) results in a frequency of 1.9811 mc. Subtractively mixing the 9.0702 mc and the 1.9811 mc signals results in a frequency of 7.0891 mc. The 7.0891 mc signal is mixed with the 11 kc signal from the divide-by-tencircuit resulting in a frequency of 7.1001 mc, which is mixed with the 10.747 mc signal to produce a frequency of 17.8471 mc. If the output from the 100 kc oscillator is assumed to be 4.553 mc, then the 100 kc injection frequency would be 22.4001 mc. The 100 kc injection is then also 100 cycles high. Therefore, when the 1 and 10 kc injection frequency of 3.3981 mc (which is 100 cycles high) is subtractively mixed in the low frequency mixer with the out-

Paragraph 4-35

put from the mid frequency mixer (which is 100 cycles high), the error will be cancelled. Therefore, since any error that existed in the 1 and 10 kc injection also exists in the 100 kc injection, the error is cancelled during the translation process.

4-36. The R-1051/URR can be tuned to 0.5-kc increments using the 000 and the 500 positions of the CPS switch as well as any frequency inbetween, using the VERNIER position of the CPS switch and the VERNIER control, both located on the front panel. When the CPS switch is in the 000 position, the phase-locked oscillator output in the 500 cps oscillator circuit is locked to 110 kc. Therefore, when the 11.0kc signal (after division by ten) is mixed with the 7.089-mc error frequency, a frequency of 7.1000 mc is obtained. When the CPS switch is in the 500 position, the output from the phase-locked oscillator is locked to 115 kc. Therefore, when the 11.5 kc (after division by ten) is mixed with the 7.089 mc error frequency, a frequency of 7.1005 mc is obtained. Therefore, the 100-kc injection frequency will be 500 cps greater. Thus, the output from the mid frequency mixer may be varied in 500 cps increments. When the CPS switch is in the vernier position, the output from the phaselocked oscillator can be varied between 108 and 122 kc. As a result, the 7.1000 mc error frequency can be varied between 7.0998 and 7.1012 mc. Thus, the output from the mid-frequency may be varied continuously between any two 1 kc increments.

4-37. The rf signal from the antenna is converted to the 500-kc if. as follows: Assume that the front panel controls are set for a frequency of $13, \overline{492}, 500$ cps (figure 4-2 for the frequency translation of the R-1051/URR). The 1-mc injection corresponding to the selected mc digits (13) is 16.5 mc in the hi-band. The 16.5-mc is additively mixed in the high frequency mixer with 13, 492, 500 cps producing 29,992,500 cps which is filtered and applied to the mid frequency mixer. Since the mc digits (13) are in the hi-band and the CPS switch is in the 500 position, the 100-kc injection frequency corresponding to the 100-kc digit (4) will be 32.8005 mc, as shown in figure 4-2. The mid frequency mixer subtractively mixes the 29,992,500 cps and the 32.8005 mc thereby producing a frequency of 2, 808,000 cps, which is filtered and applied to the low frequency mixer. The 1- and 10-kc injection is that frequency of the 10 kc oscillator corresponding to the 10-kc digit (9) minus that frequency of the 1 kc oscillator corresponding to the 1-kc digit

R-1051/URR TROUBLE SHOOTING

(2). As shown on figure 4-2, this results in an injection frequency (5.16 mc minus 1.852 mc) of 3.308 mc. The 3.308 mc is subtractively mixed with the 2,808,000 cps producing the 500-kc if. Similarly, any frequency between 2 and 30 mc may be translated into the 500-kc if.

4-38. POWER SUPPLIES.

4-39. The operating voltages for all circuits in the R-1051/URR are produced by Power Supply Electronic Assembly A2A8. The 105 to 125vac primary power is converted to dc voltages of 110 volts (rf amplifier tubes plate and screen supply) -30 volts (rf amplifier tubes bias), and 28 volts (general use). The 28 vdc is also regulated to 20 vdc for use in all semiconductor circuits of the R-1051/URR.

4-40. RADIO RECEIVER R-1051/URR, TEST DATA.

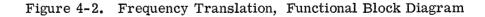
4-41. Pertinent references and applicable test data for the R-1051/URR are as follows:

a. Radio Receiver R-1051/URR, Main Frame, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-1.

b. Radio Receiver R-1051/URR, Servicing Block Diagram, Figure 4-51.

- c. Required Test Equipment:
 - (1) Oscilloscope, AN/USM-105A.
 - (2) RF Signal Generator, CAQI-606A.
 - (3) Electronic Multimeter, ME-6()/U.
 - (4) Electronic Multimeter, CCVO-91CA.
 - (5) Multimeter, AN/PSM-4.
 - (6) Audio Signal Generator, AN/URM-127.
 - (7) Frequency Meter, CAQI-524D.
 - (8) Frequency Standard, AN/URQ-9.
 - (9) Amplifier Test Set, TS-2132/WRC-1.
 - (10) Translator/Synthesizer, Test Set TS-2133/WRC-1.
 - (11) Frequency Standard Test Set, TS-2134/WRC-1.
 - (12) Common Electronic Circuit Test Set, TS-2135/WRC-1.
 - (13) Heterodyne Voltmeter, Bruel and Kjaer, 2005.
 - (14) Resistor, 600-ohms, 2-watts.

RF INPL	т. Т. Т.	FR,		CY	LO HI	HI-B		FF		FILTE	R	•	LOW FREQUENCY MIXER		500 KC I.F. OUTPUT
MCS	LO	н	100	100 KC	LO	LO	LO	н	Н	н	10	10 KC	1 and 10 KC	1	1 KC
			KCS	OSC	000 CPS	500 CPS	VERNIER	000 CP S	500 CPS	VERNIER	KCS	OSC	INJ.	KCS	OSC
2	17.5 16.5		0	4.553	22.4000	22.4005	22. 3998 to 22. 4012	32.4000	32.4005	32. 3998 to 32. 4012	0	5.25	3. 400 to 3. 391	0	1.850
4	15.5		2	4.653 4.753	22.5000 22.6000	22.5005 22.6005	22. 4998 to 22. 5012	32.5000	32.5005	32. 4998 to 32. 5012	1	5.24	3. 390 to 3. 381	1	1.851
5	14.5		3	4.853	22.7000	22.0005	22.5998 to 22.6012 22.6998 to 22.7012	32.6000 32.7000	32.6005	32.5998 to 32.6012	2	5.23	3.380 to 3.371	2	1.852
6		23.5	4	4.953	22,8000	22.8005	22.7998 to 22.8012	32.7000	32.7005 32.8005	32.6998 to 32.7012	3	5.22	3.370 to 3.361	3	1.853
7	12.5		5	5,053	22.9000	22,9000	22.8998 to 22.9012	32,9000	32.9005	32.7998 to 32.8012 32.8998 to 32.9012	4	5.21 5.20	3.360 to 3.351 3.350 to 3.341	4	1.854
8	11.5		6	5.153	23.0000	23.0005	22.9998 to 23.0012	33.0000	33.0005	32.9998 to 33.0012	6	5.19	3.340 to 3.331	5	1.855
9		20.5	7	5.253	23.1000	23.1005	23.0998 to 23.1012	33.1000	33. 1005	33.0998 to 33.1012	7	5.18	3. 330 to 3. 321	7	1.856 1.857
10		19.5	8	5.353	23.2000	23.2005	23. 1998 to 23. 2012	33.2000	33.2005	33. 1998 to 33. 2012	8	5.17	3.320 to 3.311	8	1.858
11	8.5		9	5.453	23.3000	23.3005	23.2998 to 23.3012	33.3000	33.3005	33.2998 to 33.3012	9	5.16	3.310 to 3.301	9	1.859
12	7.5														
13		16.5								1 1					
14	5.5														
15	4.5														
16	3.5	10 F													
17		12.5													
18 19		11.5 10.5													
20		9.5													
20		8.5													
22	2.5	0.7													
23	3.5														
24		5.5													
25		4.5													
26		3.5													
27	7.5														
28	8.5	8													
29	9.5														



- d. Power Supply A2A8 voltages:
 - (1) +19.9 to +20.1 vdc.
 - (2) +27 to +32 vdc.
 - (3) -28.5 to -31.5 vdc.
 - (4) +103 to +117 vdc.

e. Sensitivity: 1 uv for 10 db $\frac{S+N}{N}$ (SSB);

- 2 uv (CW, FSK); 4 uv (AM)
 - f. Bandwidth: 3.2 kc (SSB); 7 kc (AM, CW)
 - g. Adjustments:
 - (1) 20-volt Regulator (paragraph 5-4).

- (2) 5 MC Oscillator (paragraph 5-9).
- (3) 500 CPS Lock (paragraph 5-14).
- (4) BFO (paragraph 5-19).
- (5) AGC Voltage (paragraph 5-24 and 5-29).
- 4-42. RADIO RECEIVER R-1051/URR, CIRCUIT DESCRIPTIONS.
- 4-43. ANTENNA OVERLOAD, FUNCTIONAL CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION.

4-44. The antenna overload circuit (figure 4-3) consists of a diode (CR1), a relay driver (Q1), and a relay (K1). This circuit, which forms a part of Receiver Main Frame A2, protects the receiver from high level input signals which could cause damage to the input circuit of RF Amplifier Electronic Assembly A2A4. The following paragraphs describe the operation of this circuit in detail.

4-45. The rf signal from the antenna passes through closed contacts E9 and E5 of overload relay K1 to rf amplifier V1. The rf signal is also coupled through capacitor C1 and applied to voltage divider R1, R2. The signal, which is rectified by diode CR1 and filtered by capacitor Q1, becomes a negative voltage that is applied to the base of relay driver Q1. Capacitor C2 is a frequency compensating capacitor to ensure a more nearly constant voltage at the cathode of detector CR1 over the operating frequency range. Capacitor C3 is an rf bypass capacitor. Capacitor C4 functions as an rf bypass. Resistor R4 and R5 develop the emitter voltage for relay driver Q1. Resistor R3 is the base return resistor. If the dc voltage is of sufficient amplitude, the base-emitter junction will be forward-biased, and collector current from the 28-vdc supply will flow through the overload relay. The relay energizes, thereby interrupting the rf signal flow from the antenna to rf amplifier V1.

4-46. ANTENNA OVERLOAD, TEST DATA.

4-47. Pertinent references and applicable test data for the antenna overload circuit are as follows:

a. Radio Receiver R-1051/URR, Main Frame, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-1.

b. Required Test Equipment: Multimeter, AN/PSM-4.

c. Antenna Overload, Component Location, Figure 5-21.

4-48. RF AMPLIFIER V1, FUNCTIONAL CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION.

4-49. RF amplifier V1 circuit (figure 4-4), which forms a part of RF Amplifier Electronic Assembly A2A4, amplifies the rf input signal from the antenna for application to rf amplifier V2. The following paragraphs describe the operation of this circuit in detail.

4-50. The signal from the antenna overload circuit passes through contacts 6 and 8 of relay A38K1 and is applied to the primary of trans-

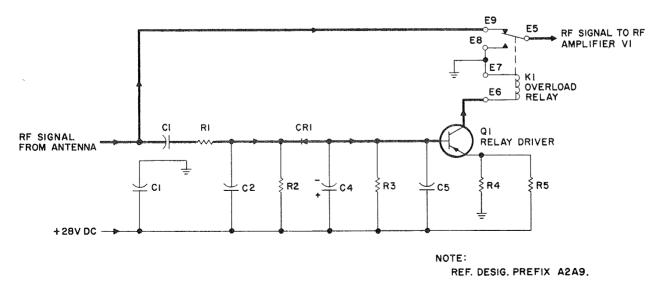


Figure 4-3. Antenna Overload, Simplified Schematic Diagram

former T1 in the megacycle assembly. The megacycle assembly is composed of a doubletuned circuit with capacity coupling. The secondary of transformer T1 forms a paralleltuned circuit with capacitor C2 in series with a capacitance network comprised of capacitors C19, C20 and the capacitors on circuit board assemblies A30 and A31. The signal is coupled from transformer T1 to transformer T2 by capacitor C1. Transformer T2 forms a parallel-tuned circuit with capacitor C3 in series with a capacitance network comprised of capacitors C8, C9 and the capacitors on circuit board assemblies A32 and A33 (crystal Y1 is not used).

4-51. A separate megacycle assembly (A2 through A29) is automatically switched into the circuit for each setting of the MCS controls (2 through 29 mc). The values of the components on these assemblies are shown in chart C on figure 5-4. For each of the ten settings of the 100 kc (KCS) control, different combina. tions of capacitors on the A30 and A33 assemblies (C1 through C9 and C10 through C19) are switched into the circuit. The values of these components are shown in chart B on figure 5-4. For each of the ten settings of the 10 kc (KCS) control, different capacitors on the A31 and A32 assemblies (C1 through C9) are switched into the circuit. The values of these components are shown in Chart A on figure 5-4.

4-52. The signal from the megacycle assembly is applied through parasitic suppressor FL1 and coupled by capacitor C1 to the control grid of rf amplifier V1. Screen voltage (110 vdc) for rf amplifier V1 is applied through decoupling resistor A1R4. Plate voltage (110 vdc) for rf amplifier V1 is applied through decoupling resistor A1R4 and transformer T3. The agc for rf amplifier V1 is applied to voltage divider A1R1, A1R2 from step agc circuit in Receiver IF. /Audio Amplifier Electronic Assembly A2A2 and/or A2A3. From the voltage divider, the agc is applied through resistor R1 to the control grid of rf amplifier V1 to vary the gain of the stage according to the strength of the received signal. The cathode bias for rf amplifier V1 is developed across resistors R2 and A1R3. Capacitors C2, C3, C4, A2C1, and A2C2 are rf bypass capacitors.

4-53. The output circuit of rf amplifier V1 consists of transformer T3, which forms a parallel-tuned circuit with capacitor C4 in series with a capacitance network comprised of capacitors C11, C12 and the capacitors on circuit board assemblies A34 and A35. The same discussion as in paragraph 4-51 holds ORIGINAL true for this tuned circuit except that the 100kc capacitors are located on the A34 assembly and the 10-kc capacitors are located on the A35 assembly.

4-54. The rf input signal is amplified by rf amplifier V1, for application to rf amplifier V2.

4-55. RF AMPLIFIER V1, TEST DATA.

4-56. Pertinent references and applicable test data for rf amplifier V1 circuit are as follows:

a. Radio Receiver R-1051/URR, Main Frame, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-1.

b. RF Amplifier Electronic Assembly, Servicing Block Diagram, Figure 4-52.

c. RF Amplifier Electronic Assembly, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-4.

d. RF Amplifier Bias Circuit Board, Component Location, Figure 5-52.

e. Megacycle Assemblies, Component Location, Figures 5-34 through 5-50.

f. 100 KC Rotor Assemblies, Component Location, Figures 5-55, 5-57, and 5-58.

g. 10 KC Rotor Assemblies, Component Location, Figures 5-56 and 5-59.

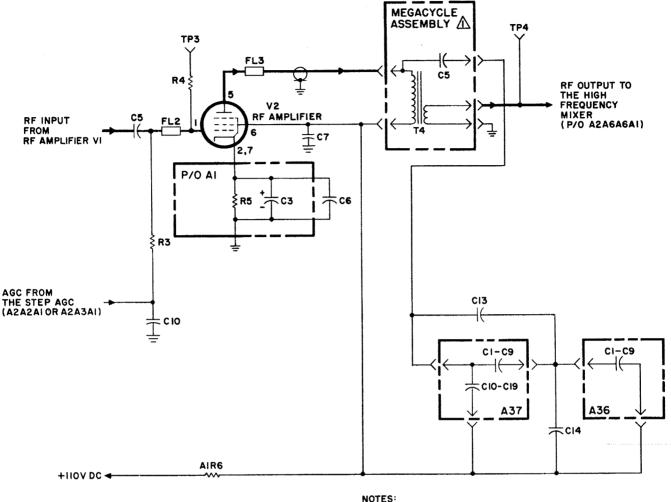
h. Required Test Equipment:

- (1) RF Signal Generator, CAQI-606A.
- (2) Electronic Multimeter, CCVO-91CA.
- (3) Amplifier Test Set, TS-2132/WRC-1.
- (4) Electronic Multimeter, AN/USM-116.
- (5) Multimeter, AN/PSM-4.

i. Refer to paragraph 1-17 in Technical Manual for Repair of AN/WRC-1 and R-1051/ URR 2N Modules, NAVSHIPS 95700, for rf amplifier V1 megacycle assembly adjustments.

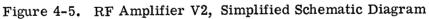
4-57. RF AMPLIFIER V2, FUNCTIONAL CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION.

4-58. Rf amplifier V2 (figure 4-5), which forms a part of RF Amplifier Electronic Assembly A2A4, amplifies the signal from rf amplifier V1 for application to the high frequency mixer in RF Translator Electronic Subassembly A2A6A6. The following paragraphs describe the operation of this circuit in detail.



I. REF. DESIG. PREFIX A2A4.

2. A SEE FIGURE 5-4 FOR PART VALUES AND REFERENCE DESIGNATIONS NOT SHOWN.



4-59. The signal from rf amplifier V1 is coupled through capacitor C5 and parasitic suppressor FL2, and is applied to the control grid of rf amplifier V2. Screen voltage (110 vdc) for rf amplifier V2 is applied through decoupling resistor A1R6. Plate voltage (110 vdc) for rf amplifier V2 is applied through decoupling resistor A1R6, the primary rf transformer T4, and parasitic suppressor FL3. Capacitor C7 is an rf bypass capacitor. The agc for rf amplifier V2 is applied to the control grid through resistor R3 from the step agc circuit in Receiver IF. /Audio Amplifier Electronic Assembly A2A2 and/or A2A3. The

agc varies the gain of the stage according to the strength of the received signal. The cathode bias for rf amplifier V2 is developed across resistor A1R5. The output circuit for rf amplifier V2 consists of transformer T4, which forms a parallel-tuned circuit with capacitor C5 in series with a capacitance network comprised of capacitors C13, C14 and the capacitors on circuit board assemblies A37 and A36. The circuit description in paragraph 4-51 holds true for this tuned circuit except that the 100-kc capacitors are located on the A37 assembly and the 10-kc capacitors are located on the A36 assembly.



4-60. The amplified signal from rf amplifier V2 is applied to the high frequency mixer in RF Translator Electronic Subassembly A2A6A6.

4-61. RF AMPLIFIER V2, TEST DATA.

4-62. Pertinent references and applicable test data for rf amplifier V2 are as follows:

a. Radio Receiver R-1051/URR, Main Frame, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-1.

b. RF Amplifier Electronic Assembly, Servicing Block Diagram, Figure 5-52.

c. RF Amplifier Electronic Assembly, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-4.

d. RF Amplifier Bias Circuit Board, Component Location, Figure 5-52.

e. Megacycles Assemblies, Component Location, Figures 5-34 through 5-50.

f. 10 KC Rotor Assembly, Component Location, Figure 5-59.

g. 100 KC Rotor Assembly, Component Location, Figure 5-60.

h. Required Test Equipment:

(1) RF Signal Generator, CAQI-606A.

(2) Electronic Multimeter, CCVO-91CA.

(3) Amplifier Test Set, TS-2132/WRC-1.

(4) Electronic Multimeter, AN/USM-116.

(5) Multimeter, AN/PSM-4.

i. Refer to paragraph 1-17 in Technical Manual for Repair of AN/WRC-1 and R-1051/ URR 2N Modules, NAVSHIPS 95700, for rf amplifier V2 megacycle assembly adjustments.

4-63. HIGH FREQUENCY MIXER, FUNCTIONAL CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION.

4-64. The high frequency mixer (figure 4-6) consists of first receiver mixer (Q2) and an emitter follower (Q8). These circuits, which form a part of RF Translator Electronic Subassembly A2A6A6, mix the signal from rf amplifier V2 circuit in RF Amplifier Electronic Assembly A2A4 with the mc injection frequency from the mc oscillator circuit in 1 MC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly A2A6A1. The following paragraphs describe the operation of this circuit in detail.

4-65. The mc injection signal is coupled through capacitor C21 to the base of emitter follower Q8. The base bias is provided by 20 vdc applied to voltage divider R10, R11, R13. Resistor R55 provides the termination impedance for the mc injection frequencies. Resistor R10 and capacitor C6 provide decoupling for emitter follower Q8. The emitter follower isolates the mc oscillator from first receiver mixer Q2 and provides a low-impedance source for the mixer. The mc injection signal is a frequency in the 2.5 to 23.5-mc range. The output from emitter follower Q8 is developed across resistor R12 and is coupled through capacitor C8 and isolating resistor R8 to the emitter of first receiver mixer Q2. The rf input signal from rf amplifier V2 (2 to 30 mc) is applied to limiters CR9 and CR10, which prevent strong signals from overloading the following stages. Resistor R52 and potentiometer R4 provide the termination impedance for the rf input signal. Potentiometer R4 is adjusted after assembly of the unit and during periodic maintenance to ensure that all units will have the same overall gain. A portion of the signal across potentiometer R4 is coupled through capacitor C5 to the base of first receiver mixer Q2. The base bias is provided by 20 vdc applied to voltage divider R5, R9. Resistor R7 is the emitter resistor. Resistor R6 and capacitor C4 provide decoupling for first receiver mixer Q2. The output circuit for first receiver mixer Q2 consists of 20-mc filter FL1 and 30-mc filter FL2, each of which has a bandwidth of 1 mc. When the hi/lo band control line is at ground potential (as determined by the code generator), diode CR2 is forward-biased by 10 vdc applied through inductor L2, diode CR2, and resistor R49. Diode CR7 is forward-biased by 10 vdc applied through inductor L3, diode CR7, and resistor R50. Therefore, in this condition, the output from first receiver mixer Q2 is coupled through capacitor C10 to 30-mc filter FL2. All mixing products except the required mixing product are rejected in this filter, resulting in a first if. between 29.5 and 30.5 mc. Since diode CR5 is forward-biased, the output from 30-mc filter FL2 is coupled through capacitors C12 and C19 to the mid frequency mixer circuit. Diode CR5 is forward-biased by 10 vdc applied through inductor L3, diode



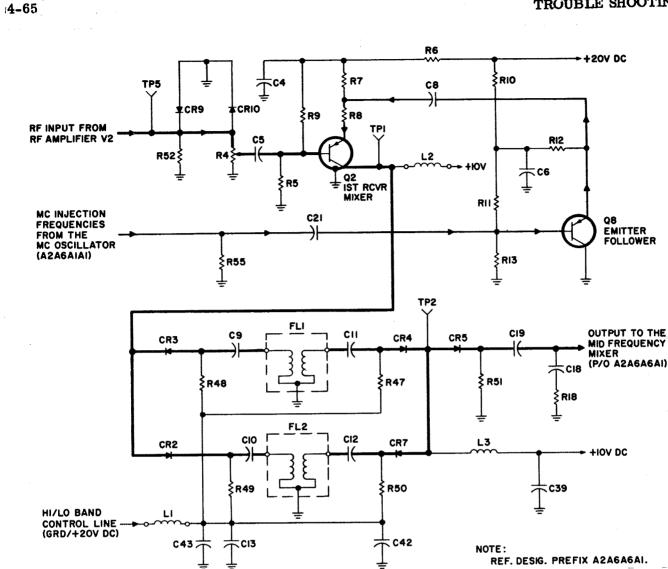


Figure 4-6. High Frequency Mixer, Simplified Schematic Diagram

CR5, and resistor R51. When the hi/lo band control line is at 20 vdc, diodes CR3 and CR4 are forward-biased by 20 vdc applied through inductor L1, and resistors R47 and R48. (The cathode of diode CR3 has 10 vdc applied to it through inductor L2, and the cathode of diode CR4 has 10 vdc applied to it through inductor L3.) Therefore, in this condition, the output from first receiver mixer Q2 is coupled through capacitor C9 to 20-mc filter FL1. All the mixing products except the required mixing product are rejected in this filter, resulting in a first if. between 19.5 and 20.5 mc. Since CR5 is forward-biased, the output from 20-mc filter FL1 is coupled through capacitors C11 and C19 to the mid frequency mixer circuit. Resistor R18 provides the required ac load for

filters FL1 and FL2. Capacitor C18 provides d-c isolation for resistor R18.

4-66. HIGH FREQUENCY MIXER, TEST DATA.

4-67. Pertinent references and applicable test data for the high frequency mixer are as follows:

a. Radio Receiver R-1051/URR, Main Frame, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-1.

b. RF Translator Electronic Subassembly, Servicing Block Diagram, Figure 4-53.

c. RF Translator Electronic Subassembly, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-11.

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d. RF Translator, Component and Test-Point Location, Figure 5-101.

- e. Required Test Equipment:
 - (1) RF Signal Generator, CAQI-606A.
 - (2) Translator/Synthesizer Test Set, TS-2134/WRC-1.
 - (3) Heterodyne Voltmeter, Bruel and Kjaer, 2005.
 - (4) Multimeter, AN/PSM-4.

f. Refer to paragraph 3-36 in Technical Manual for Repair of AN/WRC-1 and R-1051/ URR 2N Modules, NAVSHIPS 95700, for high frequency mixer adjustment procedures.

4-68. MID FREQUENCY MIXER, FUNC-TIONAL CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION.

4-69. The mid frequency mixer (figure 4-7) consists of second receiver mixer (Q3) and an emitter follower (Q9). These circuits, which

form a part of RF Translator Electronic Subassembly A2A6A6, mix the first if. signal from the high frequency mixer with the 100 kc injection frequency from the hi-band/lo-band mixer/ amplifier circuit in 100 KC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly A2A6A2 to produce a second if. between 2.8 and 2.9 mc. The following paragraph describes the operation of this circuit in detail.

4-70. The 100 kc injection frequency is coupled through capacitor C23 to the base of emitter follower Q9. The base bias is provided by 20 vdc applied to voltage divider R15. R17. Resistor R53 provides the termination impedance for the 100 kc injection frequencies. Resistor R14 and capacitor C22 provide decoupling for emitter follower Q9. The emitter follower isolates the hi-band/lo-band mixer amplifier circuit from second receiver mixer Q3 and provides a low-impedance source for the emitter circuit of the mixer. The 100 kc injection frequency provides a signal in 100-kc increments between 22.4 and 23.3 mc or between 32.4 and 33.3 mc. The output from emitter follower Q9 is developed across resis-

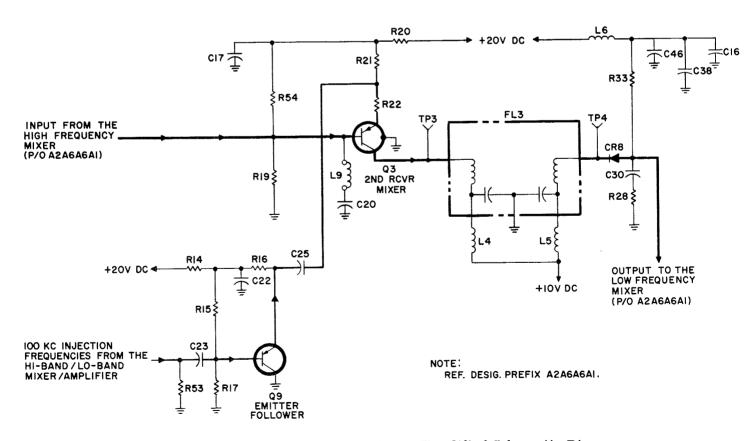


Figure 4-7. Mid Frequency Mixer, Simplified Schematic Diagram

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tor R16 and is coupled through capacitor C25 and isolating resistor R22 to the emitter of second receiver mixer Q3. The first if. input from the high frequency mixer (19.5 to 20.5mc or 29.5 to 30.5 mc) is applied to the base of second receiver mixer Q3. The base bias is provided by 20 vdc applied to voltage divider R54, R19. Resistor R20 and capacitor C17 provide decoupling for second receiver mixer Q3. Inductor L9 and capacitor C20 form a series resonant circuits to eliminate (trap) the second harmonic of the 29.5 to 30.5 mc output from the high frequency mixer. The output circuit of second receiver mixer Q3 consists of filter FL3, which has a bandwidth from 2.8 to 2.9 mc. Therefore, this filter will reject all the products from the mixer except the desired difference frequency. Inductors L4 and L5 decouple the 10 vdc line. Diode CR8 is forward-biased by 20 vdc applied to the anode through inductor L6 and resistor R33 and by 10 vdc applied to the cathode through inductor L5 and filter FL3. Therefore, the output from filter FL3 will pass through diode CR8 to the low frequency mixer. Resistor R28 provides the required ac load for filter FL3. Capacitor C30 provides dc isolation for resistor R28.

4-71. MID FREQUENCY MIXER, TEST DATA.

4-72. Pertinent references and applicable test data for the mid frequency mixer are as follows:

a. Radio Receiver R-1051/URR, Main Frame, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-1.

b. RF Translator Electronic Subassembly, Servicing Block Diagram, Figure 4-53.

c. RF Translator Electronic Subassembly, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-11.

d. RF Translator, Component and Test Point Location, Figure 5-101.

e. Required Test Equipment:

- (1) RF Signal Generator, CAQI-606A.
- (2) Translator/Synthesizer Test Set, TS-2134/WRC-1.
- (3) Multimeter, AN/PSM-4.

4-73. LOW FREQUENCY MIXER, FUNCTIONAL CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION.

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4-74. The low frequency mixer (figure 4-8) consists of third receiver mixer (Q6) and an emitter follower (Q7). This circuit, which forms a part of RF Translator Electronic Subassembly A2A6A6, mixes the second if. signal from the mid frequency mixer with the 1 and 10 kc injection frequency from the 1 and 10 kc output mixer circuit in 1 and 10 KC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly A2A6A3, producing a third if. of 500 kc. The following paragraph describes the operation of this circuit in detail.

4-75. The 1 and 10 kc injection frequency is coupled through capacitor C26 to the base of emitter follower Q7. The base bias is provided by 20 vdc applied to voltage divider R23. R24. Resistor R56 provides the termination impedance for the 1 and 10kc injection frequencies. Resistor R25 and capacitor C27 provide decoupling for emitter follower Q7. The emitter follower isolates the 1 and 10 kc output mixer circuit from third receiver mixer Q6 and provides a low-impedance source for the emitter circuit of the mixer. The 1 and 10 kc injection signal is a frequency between 3.301 and 3.400 mc in 1-kc increments. The output from emitter follower Q7 is developed across resistor R26 and is coupled through capacitor C29 and isolating resistor R30 to the emitter of third receiver mixer Q6. The input from the mid frequency mixer (2.8 to 2.9 mc) is coupled by capacitor C31 to the base of third receiver mixer Q6. The base bias is provided by 20 vdc applied to voltage divider R32, R29. Resistor R31 is the emitter resistor. The output circuit of third receiver mixer Q6 is a 500-kc parallel-tuned circuit consisting of capacitor C32 and the primary of transformer T1. Therefore, this circuit will reject all products from the mixer except the desired 500-kc difference frequency. The 500 kc if, output signal is coupled through transformer T1 and is applied to the mode gates circuit in Receiver Mode Selector Electronic Assembly A2A1.

4-76. LOW FREQUENCY MIXER, TEST DATA.

4-77. Pertinent references and applicable test data for the low frequency mixer are as follows:

a. Radio Receiver R-1051/URR, Main Frame, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-1.



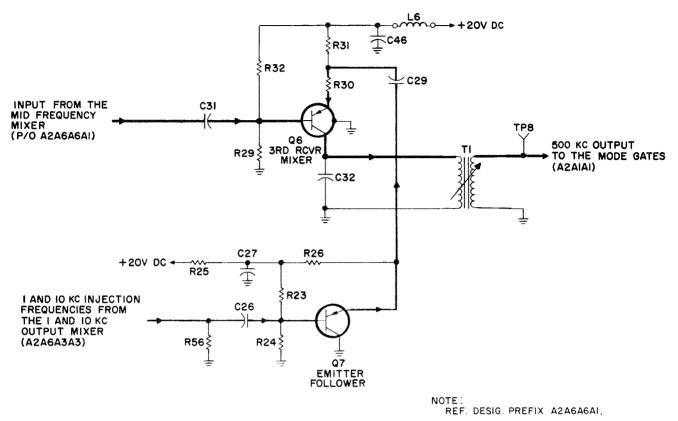


Figure 4-8. Low Frequency Mixer, Simplified Schematic Diagram

b. RF Translator Electronic Subassembly, Servicing Block Diagram, Figure 4-53.

c. RF Translator Electronic Subassembly, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-11.

d. RF Translator, Component and Test-Point Location, Figure 5-101.

e. Required Test Equipment:

(1) RF Signal Generator, CAQI-606A.

(2) Translator/Synthesizer Test Set, TS-2134/WRC-1.

(3) Heterodyne Voltmeter, Bruel and Kjaer, 2005.

(4) Multimeter, AN/PSM-4.

f. Refer to paragraph 3-36 in Technical Manual for Repair of AN/WRC-1 and R-1051/URF 2N Modules, NAVSHIPS 95700, for low frequency mixer adjustment procedures.

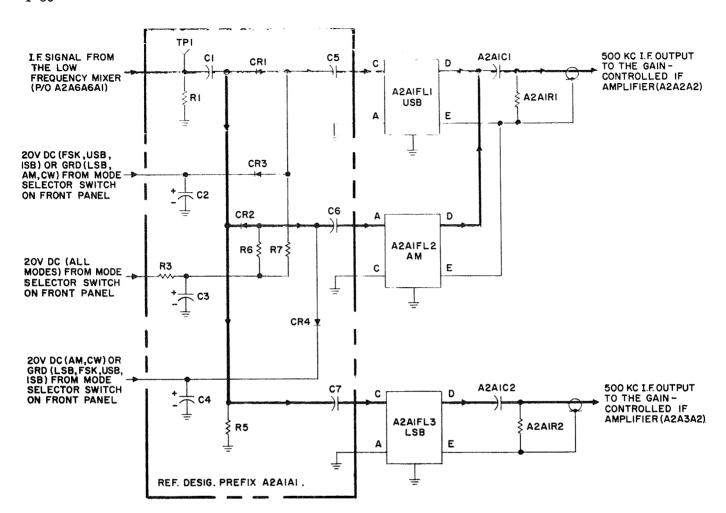
4-78. LSB FILTER, FUNCTIONAL CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION.

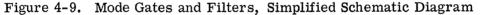
4-79. LSB filter A2A1FL3 (figure 4-9), which forms a part of Receiver Mode Selector Electronic Assembly A2A1, filters the 500 kc LSB if. signal from the low frequency mixer in RF Translator Electronic Subassembly A2A6A6 and applies it to gain-controlled if. amplifier A2A3A2. The LSB filter circuit is used only during the LSB and ISB modes of operation. The following paragraphs describe the operation of this circuit for each of the indicated modes of operation.

4-80. LSB OPERATION. The 500 kc if. signal is coupled by capacitor C1 to the cathodes of gating diodes CR1 and CR2 and to coupling capacitor C7. In LSB mode, 20 vdc is applied through resistors R3 and R7 to the anodes of diodes CR1 and CR3 and through resistors R3 and R6 to the anodes of diodes CR2 and CR4. A ground is applied to the cathodes of diodes CR3 and CR4, producing forward bias and effectively placing the ground on the anode of diodes CR1, CR2, CR3, and CR4. Therefore, any portion of the if. signal passing through diodes CR1 and CR2 will be shorted to

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ground. The if. signal is coupled through capacitor C7 to LSB filter A2A1FL3. The LSB filter is a mechanical filter which suppresses undesired signals, allowing only the desired LSB signal to pass. Coupling capacitor C7 is selected to provide an input to the filter that is series resonant at 500 kc. Coupling capacitor A2A1C2 provides an output circuit for the filter that is series resonant at 500 kc. Resistor R5 is part of the biasing network for gates CR1 and CR2 and also is part of the input circuit to the filters. Resistor A2A1R2 is the output termination for filter A2A1FL3.

4-81. ISB OPERATION. The lower sideband portion of the ISB signal passes through the LSB filter in the same manner as the LSB signal. (Refer to paragraph 4-80.)

4-82. LSB FILTER, TEST DATA.

4-83. Pertinent references and applicable test data for the LSB filter circuit are as follows:

a. Radio Receiver R-1051/URR, Main Frame, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-1.

b. Receiver Mode Selector Electronic Assembly, Servicing Block Diagram, Figure 4-54.

c. Receiver Mode Selector Electronic Assembly, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-2.

- d. Required Test Equipment:
 - (1) Multimeter, AN/PSM-4.
 - (2) RF Signal Generator, CAQI-606A.
 - (3) Electronic Multimeter, CCVO-91CA.
 - (4) Cable Assemblies, W2 and W3.

(5) Common Electronic Circuit Test Set, TS-2135/WRC-1.

e. Mode Gates, Component and Test-Point Location, Figure 5-23.

f. Receiver Mode Selector Electronic Assembly, Left Side View, Component Location, Figure 5-22.

4-84. USB MODE GATE AND FILTER, FUNCTIONAL CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION.

4-85. The USB mode gate and filter (figure 4-9) consists of a gating diode (CR1) and a USB filter (A2A1FL1). This circuit, which forms a part of Receiver Mode Selector Electronic Assembly A2A1, gates the 500 kc USB if. signal from the low frequency mixer in RF Translator Electronic Subassembly A2A6A6 through the USB filter to gain-controlled if. amplifier A2A2A2. The USB mode gate and filter circuit is used only during the USB, ISB, or FSK modes of operation. The following paragraphs describe the operation of this circuit for each of the indicated modes of operation.

4-86. USB OPERATION. The 500 kc if. signal applied to the mode gates is coupled by capacitor C1 to the cathodes of gating diodes CR1 and CR2. In USB, ISB, and FSK modes, gating diode CR1 is forward-biased by 20 vdc applied through resistors R3 and R7 to its anode and by the ground applied through resistor R5 to its cathode. The 20 vdc is also applied through resistors R3 and R6 to the anodes of diodes CR2 and CR4. A ground is applied to the cathode of diode CR4, producing forward bias and effectively placing the ground on the anodes of diodes CR2 and CR4. Diode CR2 is reversebiased due to the ground on its anode and approximately 7. $\overline{3}$ vdc on its cathode (figure 5-2). The if. signal will pass through forwardbiased diode CR1 and be rejected by reversebiased diode CR2. The if. signal is then coupled through capacitor C5 to USB filter A2A1FL1. The USB filter is a mechanical filter that suppresses undesired signals, allowing only the desired signal to pass. Coupling capacitor C5 is selected to provide an input circuit for the filter that is series resonant at 500 kc. Coupling capacitor A2A1C1 provides an output circuit for the filter that is series resonant at 500 kc. Resistor A2A1R1 is the terminating resistor for filter A2A1FL1.

4-87. ISB OPERATION. The upper-sideband portion of the ISB signal passes through the USB mode gate and filter in the same manner as the USB signal (refer to paragraph 4-86).

4-88. FSK OPERATION. The FSK signal passes through the USB mode gate and filter in the same manner as the USB signal (refer to paragraph 4-86).

4-89. USB MODE GATE AND FILTER, TEST DATA.

4-90. Pertinent references and applicable test data for the USB mode gate and filter circuit are as follows:

a. Radio Receiver R-1051/URR, Main Frame, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-1.

b. Receiver Mode Selector Electronic Assembly, Servicing Block Diagram, Figure 4-54.

c. Receiver Mode Selector Electronic Assembly, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-2.

d. Required Test Equipment:

(1) Multimeter, AN/PSM-4.

- (2) RF Signal Generator, CAQI-606A.
- (3) Electronic Multimeter, CCVO-91CA.
- (4) Cable Assemblies, W2 and W3.

(5) Common Electronic Circuit Test Set, TS-2135/WRC-1.

e. Mode Gates, Component and Test-Point Location, Figure 5-23.

f. Receiver Mode Selector Electronic Assembly, Left Side View, Component Location, Figure 5-22.

4-91. AM MODE GATE AND FILTER, FUNC-TIONAL CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION.

4-92. The AM mode gate and filter (figure 4-9) consists of a gating diode (CR2) and an AM filter (A2A1FL2). This circuit, which forms a part of Receiver Mode Selector Electronic Assembly A2A1, gates the 500 kc AM if. signal from the low frequency mixer in RF Translator Electronic Subassembly A2A6A6, through the AM filter to gain-controlled if. amplifier A2A2A2. The AM mode gate and filter circuit is used only during the AM and CW modes of operation. The following paragraphs describe the operation of this circuit for each of the indicated modes of operation.

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4-93. AM OPERATION. The 500 kc if. signal applied to the mode gates is coupled by capacitor C1 to the cathode of gating diodes CR1 and CR2. In the AM and CW modes, gating diode CR2 is forward-biased by 20 vdc applied through resistor R3 and R6 to its anode and by ground applied through resistor R5 to its cathode. The 20 vdc is also applied through resistors R3 and R7 to the anodes of diodes CR1 and CR3. A ground is applied to the cathode of diode CR3, producing forward bias and effectively placing the ground on the anodes of diodes CR1 and CR3. Diode CR1 is reversebiased by the ground on its anode and approximately 7.3 vdc on its cathode (figure 5-2). The if. signal will pass through forward-biased diode CR2 and be rejected by reverse-biased diode CR1. The if. signal is then coupled through capacitor C6 to AM filter A2A1FL2. The AM filter is a mechanical filter which suppresses the undesired signals, allowing only the desired signal to pass. Coupling capacitor C6 is selected to provide an input circuit for the filter that is resonant at 500 kc. Coupling capacitor A2A1C1 provides an output circuit for the filter that is series resonant at 500 kc.

4-94. CW OPERATION. The CW signal passes through the AM mode gate and filter in the same manner as the AM signal (refer to paragraph 4-93).

4-95. AM MODE GATE AND FILTER, TEST DATA.

4-96. Pertinent references and applicable test data for the AM mode gate and filter circuit are as follows:

a. Radio Receiver R-1051/URR, Main Frame, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-1.

b. Receiver Mode Selector Electronic Assembly, Servicing Block Diagram, Figure 4-54.

c. Receiver Mode Selector Electronic Assembly, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-2.

d. Required Test Equipment:

- (1) Multimeter, AN/PSM-4.
- (2) RF Signal Generator, CAQI-606A.
- (3) Electronic Multimeter, CCVO-91CA.

(4) Cable Assemblies, W2 and W3.

(5) Common Electronic Circuit Test Set, TS-2135/WRC-1.

e. Mode Gates, Component and Test Point Location, Figure 5-23.

f. Receiver Mode Selector Electronic Assembly, Left Side View, Component Location, Figure 5-22.

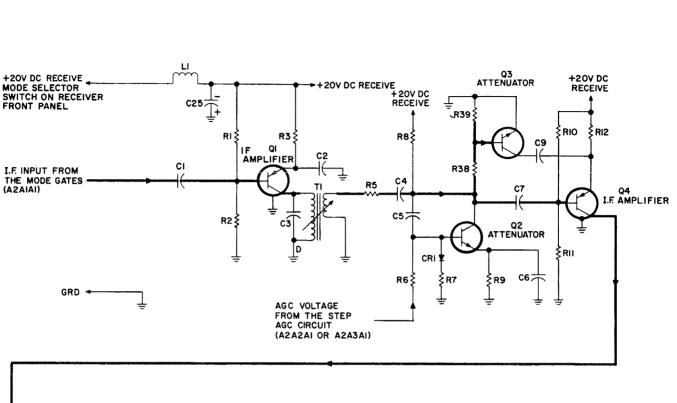
4-97. GAIN-CONTROLLED IF. AMPLIFIER, FUNCTIONAL CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION.

4-98. The gain-controlled if. amplifier (figure 4-10) consists of four stages of if. amplification (Q1, Q4, Q5, and Q6), the gain of which is controlled by two variable attentuators (Q2 and Q3). These circuits, which form a part of Receiver IF. / Audio Amplifier Electronic Assembly A2A2 and A2A3, amplify the 500 kc if. signal from mode gates A2A1 to a level suitable for use in the product or AM detector circuits. The gain-controlled if. amplifier in assembly A2A2 is used during the USB, FSK, AM, and CW modes of operation. The gain-controlled if, amplifier in assembly A2A3 is used during the LSB mode of operation. Both circuits are used during the ISB mode of operation. The following paragraphs describe the operation of the gain-controlled if. amplifier circuit in detail.

4-99. The 500-kc if. signal from the mode gates circuit, is coupled to the base of amplifier Q1 by capacitor C1. Operating voltages for amplifier Q1 are developed from the positive 20 vdc applied to voltage divider R1, R2, and emitter resistor R3. The amplified output from amplifier Q1 is developed across the tune circuit consisting of capacitor C3 and the primary of transformer T1. Transformer T1 couples the amplified if. signal to a voltage divider network consisting of resistor R5 and attenuator Q2. The action of the agc voltage upon the combined circuits of attenuators Q2 and Q3 results in a nearly constant output from if. amplifier Q4. Agc-controlled attenuator Q2 acts as a variable shunt resistance to control the if. signal input level to amplifier Q4. Attenuator Q3 acts as a variable resistor in series with emitter bypass capacitor C9 to control the amount of degeneration in the circuit of amplifier Q4. The agc voltage is applied to the base of attenuator Q2 through voltage divider R6, CR1, and R7. Diode CR1 is a silicon diode used for temperature compensation. An increase in temperature that would normally increase the rate of conduction of attenuator Q2

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R-1051/URR TROUBLE SHOOTING



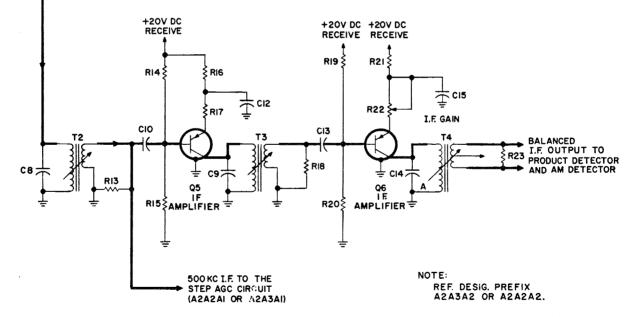


Figure 4-10. Gain Controlled IF. Amplifier, Simplified Schematic Diagram

Figure **4**-10 will also lower the forward resistance of diode CR1. This results in a lower voltage at the base of attenuator Q2, thereby compensating for the temperature change. The collectoremitter circuit of attenuator Q2 acts as a variable shunt resistor with the resistance that varies inversely with the if. signal strength. A strong if. signal causes an increase in the agc voltage, which is applied to the base of attenuator Q2. This results in a larger forward bias on attenuator Q2, causing a higher rate of conduction. This causes a reduction in the level of the 500-kc if. signal that is coupled to the base of amplifier Q4 by capacitor C7.

4-100. The voltage dropped across resistor R8 varies with the rate of conduction of attenuator Q2. Therefore, increased conduction increases the voltage drop and decreases the voltage across voltage divider R38, R39. This results in a reduced forward bias, a reduced rate of conduction, and an increased collectoremitter resistance for attenuator Q3. These actions increase the degeneration in the circuit of amplifier Q4. When the if. signal disappears, the level of the agc voltage drops, biasing attenuator Q2 to cutoff. This causes a reduced voltage drop across resistor R8, and an increased voltage across divider network R38, R39. The resulting increase in forward bias on attenuator Q3 will increase its rate of conduction. resulting in a decreased collectoremitter resistance and a decrease in the degeneration in the circuit of amplifier Q4.

4-101. The output from voltage divider R5, Q2 is coupled to the base of amplifier Q4 by capacitor C7. Operating voltage for amplifier Q4 is developed from the positive 20 vdc applied to voltage divider R10, R11, and emitter resistor R12. The amplified output from amplifier Q4 is developed across the tuned circuit consisting of capacitor C8 and the primary of transformer T2.

4-102. The output from transformer T2 is coupled to the base of amplifier Q5 by capacitor C10 and is applied to the step agc circuit. Resistor R13 serves as the load resistor for transformer T2 and increases the bandwidth of the circuit. Operating voltage for amplifier Q5 is developed from the positive 20 vdc applied to voltage divider R14, R15, and emitter resistor network R16 and R17. A small amount of degeneration (developed by resistor R17) is used to increase the stability of amplifier Q5. The amplified output from transistor Q5 is developed across the tuned circuit consisting of capacitor C11 and the primary of transformer T3.

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4-103. The amplified if. signal at the secondary of transformer T3 is coupled to the base of Q6 by capacitor C13. Resistor R18 serves as the load resistor for transformer T3 and increases the bandwidth of the circuit. Operating voltage for Q6 is developed from the positive 20 vdc applied to voltage divider R19, R20 and emitter resistors R21 and R22. Amplifier Q6 is the last stage of amplication in the gaincontrolled if, amplifier. The gain of amplifier Q6 is controlled by the amount of degenerative feedback developed by potentiometer R22. The output from amplifier Q6 is developed across the tuned circuit consisting of capacitor C14 and the primary of transformer T4. The center-tapped secondary of transformer T4 develops a balanced output across load resistor R23. Transformer T4 couples the if. output to the product and AM detector circuits.

4-104. GAIN-CONTROLLED IF. AMPLIFIER, TEST DATA.

4-105. Pertinent references and applicable test data for the gain-controlled if. amplifiers are as follows:

a. Radio Receiver R-1051/URR, Main Frame, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-1.

b. Receiver IF./Audio Amplifier Electronic Assembly, Servicing Block Diagram, Figure 4-55.

d. Gain-Controlled IF. / Audio Amplifier, Component and Test-Point Location, Figure 5-31.

- f. Required Test Equipment:
 - (1) RF Signal Generator, CAQI-606A.
 - (2) Electronic Multimeter, ME-6()/U.
 - (3) Oscilloscope, AN/USM-105A.
 - (4) Multimeter, AN/PSM-4.
 - (5) Cable Assembly, W1.

(6) Common Electronic Circuit Test Set, TS-2135/WRC-1.

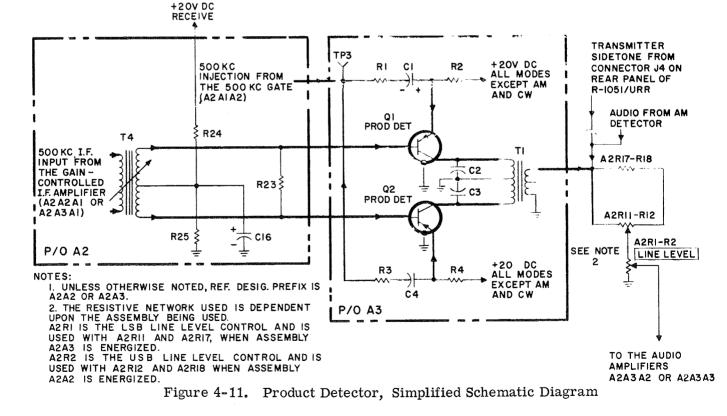
g. Gain-Controlled IF. Amplifiers, Adjustments, Paragraph 5-47.

4-106. PRODUCT DETECTOR, FUNCTIONAL CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION.

4-107. Product detector (figure 4-11) consists of two transistor stages (A3Q1 and A3Q2) connected in a balanced mixer configuration. This circuit, which forms a part of Receiver IF./ Audio Amplifier Electronic Assembly A2A2 and A2A3, extracts intelligence from the USB, LSB, ISB, or FSK 500 kc-if. signals. The product detector in assembly A2A2 is used during the USB and FSK modes of operation. The product detector in assembly A2A3 is used during the LSB mode of operation. Both product detectors are used during the ISB mode of operation. Neither product detector is used during the AM or CW modes of operation. The following paragraphs describe the operation of the product detector circuits in detail.

4-108. The base operating voltage for transistors A3Q1 and A3Q2 (developed by voltage divider A2R24, A2R25 from the positive 20 vdc applied to it from relay A2K3 on the main frame) is applied through the secondary of transformer A2T4. Resistor A2R23 is the load resistor for transformer A2T4. The emitter operating voltage is applied to transistors A3Q1 and A3Q2 through bias resistors A3R2 and A3R4 from the Mode Selector switch on the front panel. (The emitter operating voltage for the product detector in assembly A2A2 is present only during the USB, FSK, and ISB modes of operation. The emitter operating voltage for the product detector in A2A3 is present only during the LSB and ISB modes of operation.) Because of the center tap (ac ground) on the secondary of transformer A2T4, the 500-kc if. signals coupled to the bases of the product detector transistors are of equal magnitude, but 180 degrees out of phase with each other.

4-109. A 500-kc injection signal from 500 kc gate A2A1A2 is coupled to the emitters of transistors A3Q1 and A3Q2 by capacitors A3C1 and A3C4, respectively. Resistors A3R1 and A3R3 provide isolation between the emitters of transistors A3Q1 and A3Q2. The 500-kc injection and 500-kc if. signals are mixed in the two stages, resulting in an output consisting of the sum of the two signals, the difference of the two signals, and the two individual signals. Capacitors A3C2 and A3C3 bypass the sum of the two signals to ground. Since the circuit is balanced, the outputs from transistors A3Q1 and A3Q2 that are developed across transformer A3T1 are 180 degrees out of phase with each other. This results in cancelling of the 500-kc carrier and 500-kc if. signals. Transformer A3T1 has an audio fre-



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quency response that will attenuate (into the noise region) any of the rf signals not previously cancelled. The difference of the two signals is the desired intelligence, and it is developed across the primary of transformer A3T1. The detected intelligence is coupled to the LINE LEVEL control on the front panel by transformer A3T1.

4-110. PRODUCT DETECTOR, TEST DATA.

4-111. Pertinent references and applicable test data for the product detector circuit are as follows:

a. Radio Receiver R-1051/URR, Main Frame, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-1.

b. Receiver IF./Audio Amplifier Electronic Assembly, Servicing Block Diagram, Figure 4-55.

c. Receiver IF./Audio Amplifier Electronic Assembly, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-3.

- d. Required Test Equipment:
 - (1) RF Signal Generator, CAQI-606A.
 - (2) Electronic Multimeter, ME-6()/U.

(3) Multimeter, AN/PSM-4.

(4) Cable Assembly, W1.

(5) Common Electronic Circuit Test Set, TS-2135/WRC-1.

e. Product/AM Detectors, Component Location, Figure 5-29.

4-112. AM DETECTOR, FUNCTIONAL CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION.

4-113. The AM detector (figure 4-12) consists of an if. amplifier (A3Q3), a diode detector (A3CR2), and an audio amplifier (A1Q9). These circuits, which form a part of Receiver IF./ Audio Amplifier Electronic Assembly A2A2 and A2A3, extract the intelligence from the 500-kc if. signals in the CW and AM modes of operation. The AM detector circuit in A2A2 is used during the CW and AM modes of operation. The AM detector circuit in A2A3 is not used in any mode of operation. The following paragraphs describe the operation of the AM detector circuit in detail.

4-114. The 500-kc if. signal is coupled to the base of transistor A3Q3 by transformer A2T4. The base operating voltage for transistor

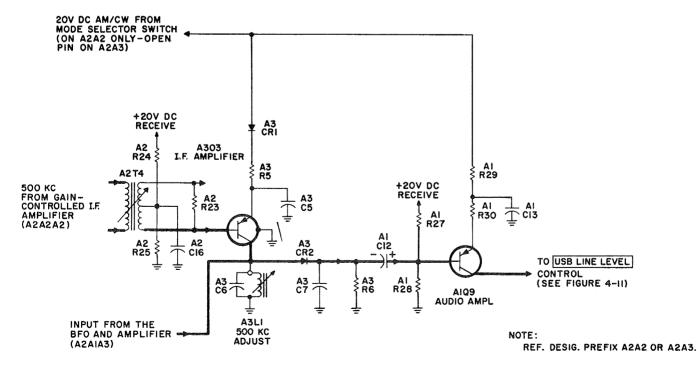


Figure 4-12. AM Detector, Simplified Schematic Diagram

A3Q3 (developed by voltage divider A2R24, A2R25 from the 20 vdc applied to it from relay A2K3 on the main frame) is applied through the secondary of transformer A2T4. The emitter operating voltage for amplifier A3Q3 is the 20 vdc applied through diode A3CR1 and resistor A3R5 from the Mode Selector switch on the front panel. Diode A3CR1 prevents any incidental base currents in amplifier A3Q3 from affecting the operating voltage for the product detector when operating in any mode other than AM or CW. The amplified output from amplifier A3Q3 is developed across the tuned circuit consisting of capacitor A3C6 and inductor A3L1. In the CW mode of operation, the BFO signal from Receiver Mode Selector Electronic Assembly A2A1 is mixed with the 500-kc if. signal in the tuned circuit. The output from the tuned circuit is detected by diode A3CR2. Capacitor A3C7 bypasses any rf passed by diode A3CR2 to ground. This ensures that the ac voltages developed across A3R36 will be the voice signals extracted from the AM signal or the audio difference between the 500-kc if. and the BFO frequency during the CW mode of operation.

4-115. The audio signals developed across resistor A3R6 are coupled to the base of amplifier A1Q9 by capacitor A1C12. The base operating voltage for amplifier A1Q9 is developed by voltage divider A1R27, A1R28 from the positive 20 vdc applied to it from relay A2K3 on the main frame. The emitter operating voltage is applied through emitter resistors A1R29 and A1R30 from the 20 vdc present at the Mode Selector switch on the front panel. Degeneration (developed by resistor A1R30)controls the gain and improve the distortion characteristics of amplifier A1Q9. The amplified output of amplifier A1Q9 is applied to the USB LINE LEVEL control on the front panel (see figure 4-11).

4-116. AM DETECTOR, TEST DATA.

4-117. Pertinent references and applicable test data for the AM detector circuit are as follows:

a. Radio Receiver R-1051/URR, Main Frame, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-1.

b. Receiver IF./Audio Amplifier Electronic Assembly, Servicing Block Diagram, Figure 4-55.

c. Receiver IF./Audio Electronic Assembly, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-3.

d. Receiver IF./Audio Electronic Assembly, Adjustments, Paragraph 5-47.

e. Product/AM Detectors, Component Location, Figure 5-29.

- f. Required Test Equipment:
 - (1) RF Signal Generator, CAQI-606A.
 - (2) Electronic Multimeter, ME-6()/U.
 - (3) Multimeter, AN/PSM-4.
 - (4) Cable Assembly, W1.

(5) Common Electronic Circuit Test Set, TS-2135/WRC-1.

g. AM Detector, Adjustments, Paragraph 5-47.

4-118. AUDIO AMPLIFIER, FUNCTIONAL CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION.

4-119. Audio amplifier (figure 4-13) consists of an audio amplifier (Q7), an emitter follower (Q8), and a push-pull amplifier (Q9, Q10). These circuits, which form a part of Receiver IF./Audio Amplifier Electronic Assembly A2A2 and A2A3, amplify the audio signals from the USB or LSB LINE LEVEL control to a level suitable for driving the headset and the remote audio output accessory. The audio amplifier portion of assembly A2A2 is used during the USB, FSK, AM, and CW modes of operation. The audio amplifier portion of assembly A2A3 is used during the LSB mode of operation. Both audio amplifiers are used during the ISB mode of operation. The audio amplifier circuits are energized during transmit operation to allow the operator to monitor the respective sidetones. The following paragraphs describe the operation of the audio amplifier circuit in detail.

4-120. The audio signals present at the USB or LSB LINE LEVEL control are coupled to the base of audio amplifier Q7 by capacitor C17. (The audio signals are applied from either the product detector, AM detector, or connector J4 on the rear of the R-1051/URR. The operating voltage for amplifier Q7 is developed by voltage divider R26, R27, R28 and emitter resistors R31 and R32 from the positive 20 vdc applied to them from the Mode Selector switch on the front panel. Capacitor C18 and resistor R26 perform a decoupling function to prevent

Paragraph 4-120

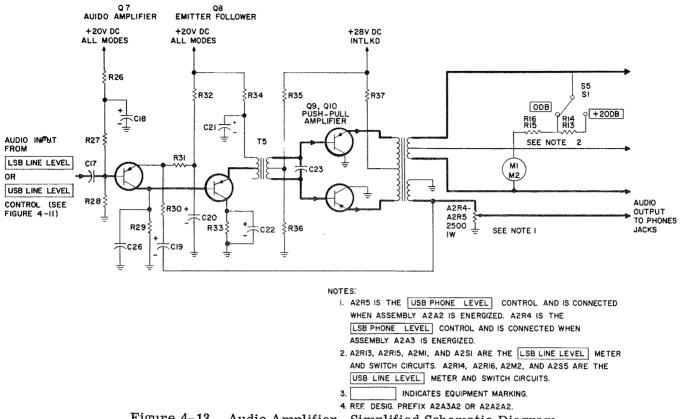


Figure 4-13. Audio Amplifier, Simplified Schematic Diagram

any fluctuations in line voltage from affecting the operation of amplifier Q7. Capacitor C20 is an emitter bypass capacitor. Negative feedback is produced by coupling the output from transformer T6 back to the emitter of amplifier Q7 through capacitor C19. Resistors R30 and R31 form a voltage divider for providing the desired amount of feedback to the emitter of amplifier Q7. The RC network consisting of capacitor C26 and resistor R29 provides high frequency suppression to maintain the frequency response of the circuit within the required limitations.

4-121. The amplified audio output from amplifier Q7 is developed across resistor R29 and is applied directly to the base of emitter follower Q8. Operating voltage for emitter follower Q8 is developed by emitter resistor R34 from the positive 20 vdc from the Mode Selector switch on the front panel. Emitter follower Q8 provides the necessary isolation and impedance matching between amplifier Q7 and the pushpull amplifier Q9, Q10. Resistor R33 is the collector resistor, which is bypassed by capacitor C22. The output from emitter follower Q8 is developed across the primary of transformer T5.

4-122. Transformer T5 couples the output from emitter follower Q8 to the bases of pushpull amplifiers Q9 and Q10. The base operating voltage for the push-pull amplifier is developed by voltage divider R35, R36 from the positive 28 vdc from tune relay A2K1 (located on the main frame). This operating voltage is applied through the secondary of transformer T5. Emitter operating voltage for the pushpull amplifier is the positive 28 vdc from tune relay A2K1 (on the main frame), which is applied through resistor R37 and the primary of transformer A2A2T1 or A2A3T1. The 28 vdc is interlocked through relay A2K1 to enable the audio output to be shut off when the R-1051/URR is being tuned. This prevents spurious feedback from affecting the tuning. The amplified output from push-pull amplifier Q9, Q10 is developed across the primary of transformer A2A2T1 or A2A3T1. Transformer A2A2T1 or A2A3T1 couples the audio signals to the PHONES jacks on the front panel for monitoring with the headset, and to the J-1265/U for driving a remote

speaker. The USB or LSB LINE LEVEL meter is connected across the remote audio output. This meter provides an indication of the level of audio on the remote output lines. The USB or LSB LINE LEVEL switches select the meter range to be used.

4-123. AUDIO AMPLIFIER, TEST DATA.

4-124. Pertinent references and applicable test data for the audio amplifier circuit are as follows:

a. Radio Receiver R-1051/URR, Main Frame, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-1.

b. Receiver IF./Audio Amplifier Electronic Assembly, Servicing Block Diagram, Figure 4-55.

c. Receiver IF./Audio Amplifier Electronic Assembly, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-3.

d. Gain-Controlled IF./Audio Amplifier, Component Location, Figure 5-31.

- e. Required Test Equipment:
 - (1) Audio Signal Generator, AN/URM-127.
 - (2) Electronic Multimeter, CCVO-91CA.
 - (3) Multimeter, AN/PSM-4.
 - (4) Cable Assembly, W1.

(5) Common Electronic Circuit Test Set, TS-2135/WRC-1.

4-125. 500 KC GATE, FUNCTIONAL CIR-CUIT DESCRIPTION.

4-126. The 500 kc gate (CR1, figure 4-14), which forms a part of Receiver Mode Selector Electronic Assembly A2A1, gates the 500-kc if. signal from the 1 mc divide-by-two circuit in Frequency Standard Electronic Assembly A2A5 to the product detector circuit in Receiver IF./ Audio Amplifier Electronic Assemblies A2A2 and/or A2A3. The 500 kc gate circuit is used only during the LSB, FSK, USB, or ISB modes of operation. The following paragraphs decribe the operation of this circuit for each of the indicated modes of operation in detail.

4-127. LSB, FSK, USB, and ISB OPERATION. The 500-kc local carrier signal from the 1 mc divide-by-two circuit is coupled by capacitor C2 to the anode of gating diode CR1. To explain the bias development for gate CR1, assume that gate CR1 is removed from the circuit. In LSB, FSK, USB, and ISB modes, 20 vdc is applied to voltage divider R1, R5, R6 and voltage divider R2, R3, R4. This produces a voltage of approximately 18.8 vdc at the junction of resistors R3 and R4 and approximately 6.7 vdc at the junction of resistors R5 and R6. Replacing the diode would result in forward biasing. Since the gate is forward-biased, the 500kc if. signal is allowed to pass and is coupled by capacitor C4 to the product detector to be used in demodulating.

4-128. AM and CW OPERATION. In AM and CW modes, gating diode CR1 is reverse-biased by removing the 20 vdc from voltage divider

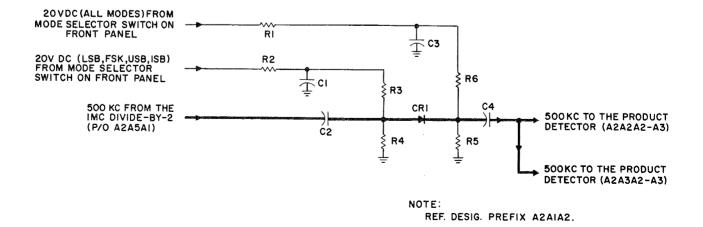


Figure 4-14. 500 KC Gate, Simplified Schematic Diagram

Paragraph 4-128

R-1051/URR TROUBLE SHOOTING

R2, R3, R4, thereby preventing the 500 kc from being passed.

4-129. 500 KC GATE, TEST DATA.

4-130. Pertinent references and applicable test data for the 500 kc gate circuit are as follows:

a. Radio Receiver R-1051/URR, Main Frame, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-1.

b. Receiver Mode Selector Electronic Assembly, Servicing Block Diagram, Figure 4-54.

c. Receiver Mode Selector Electronic Assembly, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-2.

- d. Required Test Equipment:
 - (1) Multimeter, AN/PSM-4.
 - (2) Cable Assemblies, W2 and W3.

(3) Common Electronic Circuit Test Set, TS-2135/WRC-1.

e. 500 KC Gate, Component and Test-Point Location, Figure 5-25.

4-131. STEP AGC, FUNCTIONAL CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION.

4-132. The step agc circuit (figure 4-15) consists of two if. amplifiers (Q7, Q8), a time detector (CR5), a hang detector (CR4), a coincidence detector (Q6), a switch (Q5), an emitter follower (Q4), and three dc amplifiers (Q1, Q2, Q3). These circuits, which form a part of Receiver IF/Audio Amplifier Electronic Assembly A2A2 and A2A3, produce the automatic gain control (agc) voltages, which are used in the gain-controlled if. amplifier circuits and the rf amplifier circuit. (Refer to paragraphs 4-59 and 4-99.) The step agc portion of assembly A2A2 is used during the USB, AM, FSK, and CW modes of operation. The step agc portion of assembly A2A3 is used during the LSB mode of operation. Both step agc circuits are used during the ISB mode of operation. The following paragraphs describe the operation of the step AGC circuit in detail.

4-133. The 500-kc if. output from gain-controlled if. amplifier A2Q4 (paragraph
4-102) is coupled to the base of if. amplifier
Q8 by capacitor C4. The operating voltage for

if. amplifier Q8 is developed by voltage divider R23, R26 and emitter resistor R22 from the positive 20 vdc applied to them from the Mode Selector switch on the front panel. The amplified output from amplifier if. Q8 is developed across the tuned circuit consisting of capacitor C10 and the primary of transformer T2. Resistors R24 and R25 function together to increase the bandwidth of the amplifier circuit. The gain of if. amplifier Q8 is controlled by potentiometer R25. Capacitor C11 is the emitter bypass capacitor.

4-134. The output from transformer T2 is coupled to the base of if. amplifier Q7 by capacitor C9. Resistor R21 serves as the load for transformer T2. The operating voltage for if. amplifier Q7 is developed by voltage divider R20, R21 and emitter resistor R18 from the 20 vdc applied from the Mode Selector switch on the front panel. The amplified output from if. amplifier Q7 is developed across the tuned circuit consisting of capacitor C8 and the primary of transformer T1. Capacitor C7 is the emitter bypass capacitor.

4-135. Two outputs, identical in frequency and polarity but differing in amplitude by 20 percent are taken from transformer T1. The smaller of the two outputs (designated by E) is applied to hang detector CR4, where it is rectified and used to charge capacitor C3. The resistive network consisting of resistors R16, R15, and thermistor RT1 compensates for variations in the input to hang detector CR4 that result from temperature changes. The charge on capacitor C3 is the emitter bias for coincidence detector Q6. The larger of the two outputs (designated 1.2E) is applied to time detector CR5, where it is rectified and used to charge capacitor C5. The dc voltage at capacitor C5 is the base bias for coincidence detector Q6.

4-136. When a signal is present, coincidence detector Q6 is back-biased, due to the voltage (1.2E) on the base and the voltage (E) on the emitter. When the antenna signal is removed, capacitor C5 discharges through resistor R19, and capacitor C3 discharges through the high input impedance of emitter follower Q4. After a discharge time of approximately 600 milliseconds duration, the voltage on capacitor C5 and capacitor C3 are equal, thereby forwardbiasing coincidence detector Q6, and causing it to conduct. Capacitors C3 and C5 then discharge very rapidly to ground, through the small emitter-to-collector resistance of coin-

cidence detector Q6. If, during this process, new signal information is received, the step agc circuit will immediately reset itself on the new information, as described above.

4-137. Due to the continuous nature of an FSK signal, a shorter hang time for the agc voltage is desired. This is accomplished by reducing the RC time constant in the time detector circuit. In the FSK mode of operation, a positive 20 vdc is applied to voltage divider R13, R14 from the Mode Selector switch on the front panel. Since the emitter of switch Q5 is at ground potential, the voltage applied to the base by voltage divider R13, R14 forward-biases switch Q5, causing it to conduct. This terminates resistor R17 at ground through the small collector-to-emitter resistance of switch Q5. Therefore, the discharge path for capacitor C5 is now through the parallel combination of resistors R17 and R19. Since the values of resistors R17 and R19 are identical, the discharge time for capacitor C5 is one-half of that given for the other modes of operation.

4-138. The strength of the input signal determines the level to which capacitor C3 charges and, thereby, determines the base bias on emitter follower Q4. The hang time of the hang detector and time detector circuits are of sufficient duration so that the charge across capacitor C3 remains relatively constant during the reception of intermittent voice signals. The collector voltage for emitter follower Q4 is applied directly from the Mode Selector switch on the front panel. The RF GAIN control is normally set at a maximum sensitivity position (ground). Therefore, when a signal is present, the charge on capacitor C3 will forward-bias emitter follower Q4, causing it to conduct. This results in a voltage across resistor R12, which is the base bias for dc amplifier Q3. The collector voltage for dc amplifier Q3 is developed across resistor R11 from the positive 20 vdc applied to it from the Mode Selector switch on the front panel. Since the emitter of dc amplifier Q3 is essentially at ground (through resistor R9), an output from emitter follower Q4 will forward-bias dc amplifier Q3, causing it to conduct. The resulting voltage developed across emitter resistor R9 is applied to the gain-controlled if. amplifiers as the required agc voltage. Resistor R9 and capacitor C2 constitute an RC network to filter any leakage (500-kc if.) signal from the agc voltage.

4-139. With no signal output, the collector of dc amplifier Q3 is biased at 20 vdc. This

Paragraph 4-136

same voltage is the base bias for dc amplifier Q2. Voltage divider R7, R8 develops a bias of approximately 17.1 vdc on the anode of diode CR2 from the positive 20 vdc applied to it from the Mode Selector switch on the front panel. The signal strength determines the rate of conduction of dc amplifier Q3 and the resulting voltage drop across resistor R11. Therefore, with an increase in signal strength, the voltage drop across resistor R11 will increase, and the base bias on dc amplifier Q2 will decrease. If diodes CR2 and CR3 were not in the emitter circuit of dc amplifier Q2, the signal strength would have to be of such magnitude as to cause a 3-volt drop across resistor R11 before dc amplifier Q2 would become forward-biased and conduct. Since the if. and rf agc voltages are both taken from the output from dc amplifier Q3, both circuits would have the same agc threshold. Since the rf circuits of a receiver determine its sensitivity to weak signal reception, and the application of an agc voltage to these circuits tends to decrease this weak signal capability, it is desirable to delay the application of agc to the rf amplifier circuits until the received signal strength has reached a sufficient signal-to-noise ratio. Therefore, diodes CR2 and CR3 are placed in the emitter circuit of dc amplifier Q2. Together, these diodes drop the emitter voltage of dc amplifier an additional 0.8 vdc. Therefore, the signal strength must be of sufficient magnitude to cause an additional 0.8-volt drop across resistor R11 before dc amplifier Q2 becomes forward-biased and conducts. Therefore, the agc threshold for the rf amplifier circuits is at a higher signal input level than that of the if. amplifier circuit. The RF GAIN control is used to desensitize the rf and if. amplifier circuits during strong signal receptions. When the RF GAIN control is varied, a dc voltage between 0 and 5 volts is applied to the base of dc amplifier Q2 through resistor R12, thus forcing dc amplifier Q2 to conduct even in the absence of if. signals. The conduction thus caused will be of sufficient magnitude to override the normal if. and rf agc thresholds, resulting in no delay in the application of the two agc voltages.

4-140. When dc amplifier Q2 conducts, the output voltage is developed across resistors R5 and R6. This voltage serves as the base bias for dc amplifier Q1 and may be varied by potentiometer R6. Capacitor C1 attenuates any 500-kc if. signal leakage. The operating voltage for dc amplifier Q1 is developed by voltage divider R3, R4 from the positive 20 vdc

Paragraph 4-140

applied to it from the Mode Selector switch on the front panel. With no agc voltage, the base of dc amplifier Q1 will be at ground potential. forward-biased, unless the RF GAIN control has been adjusted. This saturates dc amplifier Q1, resulting in zero or slightly positive voltage at the collector. Diode CR1 prevents any positive levels from being applied to the rf amplifier circuits. The voltage on the collector of dc amplifier Q1 is the agc voltage for the rf amplifier circuits. As the signal strength increases, the output from dc amplifier Q2 increases, decreasing the forward-biasing of dc amplifier Q1. The collector of dc amplifier Q1 goes more negative as the signal strength increases. When the signal strength is of sufficient magnitude to cut off dc amplifier Q1, the -30 vdc will be the agc voltage applied to the rf amplifier circuit. If the RF GAIN control is set to some position other than for maximum sensitivity, the conduction of dc amplifier Q1 will no longer be dependent only on the signal strength.

4-141. STEP AGC, TEST DATA.

4-142. Pertinent references and applicable test data for the step AGC circuit are as follows:

a. Radio Receiver R-1051/URR, Main Frame, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-1.

b. Receiver IF./Audio Amplifier Electronic Assembly, Servicing Block Diagram, Figure 4-55.

c. Receiver IF./Audio Electronic Assembly, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-3.

d. Step AGC, Adjustments, Paragraphs 5-24 and 5-29.

e. Step AGC, Component and Test-Point Location, Figure 5-28.

- f. Required Test Equipment:
 - (1) RF Signal Generator, CAQI-606A.
 - (2) Electronic Multimeter, ME-6 ()/U.
 - (3) Multimeter, AN/PSM-4.
 - (4) Cable Assembly, W1.

(5) Common Electronic Circuit Test Set, TS-2135/WRC-1.

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4-143. BFO AND AMPLIFIER, FUNCTIONAL CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION.

4-144. The BFO and amplifier (figure 4-16) consists of a modified Colpitts oscillator (Q1) and an amplifier (Q2). These circuits, which form a part of Receiver Mode Selector Electronic Assembly A2A1, generate and amplify a signal between 496.5 and 503.5 kc and apply it to the product detector in Receiver IF./Audio Amplifier Electronic Assembly A2A2. The BFO and amplifier circuit is used only for CW operation. The following paragraphs describe the operation of this circuit in detail.

4-145. The frequency of the BFO is determined by the setting of the BFO FREQ control on the front panel. The output voltage of this control can be varied between 0.2 and 20 vdc. This voltage is applied across voltage-variable capacitor CR1, producing a capacitance dependent upon the magnitude of the voltage. The output frequency of oscillator Q1 is determined by the tuned circuit consisting of voltagevariable capacitor CR1, inductor L1, and capacitors C2, C3, C4, C5, and C6. Emitterto-base feedback sustains oscillations in transistor Q1. The negative temperature coefficient characteristic of capacitor C3 compensates for variations in the operating parameters of transistor Q1 that result from ambient temperature changes.

4-146. Operating voltage for oscillator Q1 is developed from the positive 20 vdc applied to voltage divider R3, R4 and emitter resistor R5 from the Mode Selector switch on the front panel. The output from oscillator Q1 is coupled through capacitor C7 and isolating resistor R6 to the base of amplifier Q2. The operating voltage for amplifier Q2 is developed from the positive 20 vdc applied to voltage divider R7, R8 and emitter resistor R9 from the Mode Selector switch on the front panel. The output from amplifier Q2 is applied to limiters CR2 and CR3, where the signal is limited to approximately 150 mw, and applied to the tuned circuit consisting of capacitor C9 and inductance T1. The signal from the tuned circuit passes through isolating resistor R10 to the product detector circuit in Receiver IF. /Audio Amplifier Electronic Assembly A2A2.

4-147. BFO AND AMPLIFIER, TEST DATA.

4-148. Pertinent references and applicable test data for the BFO and amplifier circuit are as follows:

a. Radio Receiver R-1051/URR, Main Frame, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-1.

b. Receiver Mode Selector Electronic Assembly, Servicing Block Diagram, Figure 4-54.

c. Receiver Mode Selector Electronic Asembly, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-2.

- d. Required Test Equipment:
 - (1) Multimeter, AN/PSM-4.
 - (2) Oscilloscope, AN/USM-105A.
 - (3) Electronic Multimeter, CCVO-91CA.
 - (4) Extender Test Cables, W2 and W3.
 - (5) Frequency Meter, CAQI-524D

(6) Common Electronic Circuit Test Set, TS-21351 WRC-1.

e. BFO and Amplifier, Component and Test-Point Location, Figure 5-26.

f. BFO and Amplifier, Adjustment, Paragraph 5-23.

4-149. MC OSCILLATOR, FUNCTIONAL CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION.

4-150. MC oscillator (figure 4-17) consists of an oscillator (Q1), a wideband amplifier (Q2) and two emitter followers (Q3 and Q4). These circuits, which form a part of 1 MC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly A2A6A1, provide 17 discrete frequencies (2.5 to 23.5 mc) for use in the high frequency mixer. The following paragraphs describe the operation of the mc oscillator in detail.

4-151. Oscillator QI is a modified, crystalcontrolled Colpitts (Pierce) oscillator used with crystals A2A6A1Y1 through A2A6A1Y17 to cover a frequency range from 2.5 to 23.5 mc in 17 discrete steps. Due to the wide range of frequencies required, it is necessary to select a capacitor (A2A6A1C1 through A2A6A1C17) in the feedback network for each crystal and thus provide a uniform output level. The oscillator feedback network consists of capacitors C21, C24, and A2A6A1C1 to A2A6A1C17, voltage variable capacitor CR3 and crystal A2A6A1Y1 to A2A6A1Y17. Voltage-variable capacitor CR3 provides the necessary control for correcting

any error in the frequency of oscillator Q1. Resistor R2 references voltage-variable capacitor CR3 to 20 vdc. The error voltage from the error detector/amplifier passes through resistor R1 to voltage-variable capacitor CR3. where it changes the capacity and the resonant frequency of the circuit until the circuit is resonant at the correct frequency. Capacitor C21 is a temperature compensating capacitor, compensating for frequency variations of the oscillator resulting from temperature changes. Since capacitor C21 is in the oscillator feedback path, its temperature coefficient will affect the output amplitude of oscillator Q1. To compensate for this, a temperature compensating capacitor is used. Base bias for oscillator Q1 is developed by voltage divider L2, R7, R8. The output from oscillator Q1 is controlled by diodes CR1 and CR2. The positive-going limit for the signal is established by the cathode bias on diode CR1 (developed by voltage divider R3, R4) plus the drop of diode CR1. The negative-going limit for the signal is established by the anode bias on diode CR2 (developed by voltage divider R5, R6, RT1) minus the drop of diode CR2. Therefore, the peak-to-peak amplitude of the signal is limited by the established dc reference levels. As the temperature of the circuit varies, the forward drop of diodes CR1 and CR2 varies. Without compensation. this would result in variations in the signal amplitude. Thermistor RT1 varies the anode bias of diode CR2 according to the temperature changes. Therefore, the negative-going limit for the signal is shifted so that the limiting region is constant. This ensures that the amplitude of the signal does not vary with changes in temperature. Capacitors C19 and C23 are rf bypass capacitors. Resistor R10 provides degeneration to improve the stability of oscillator Q1. The output from oscillator Q1 is developed across emitter resistor R10 and inductor L3. The output from oscillator bandwidth and uniform gain for this stage. Emitter followers Q3 and Q4 are cascaded, direct-coupled emitter followers that provide the required low source impedance for driving the error loop and the high frequency mixer. Q1 is coupled to the base of wideband amplifier Q2 by capacitor C26.

4-152. The base bias for wideband amplifier Q2 is developed by voltage divider R11, R13 from the positive 20 vdc. Emitter resistor R14 is unbypassed to provide the necessary degeneration and thereby to produce a wide

Paragraph 4-148a Capacitor C28 couples the signal from emitter resistor R16 to the high frequency mixer. Resistors R17 and R18 are isolating resistors.

4-153. MC OSCILLATOR, TEST DATA.

4-154. Pertinent references and applicable test data for the mc oscillator are as follows:

a. Radio Receiver R-1051/URR, Main Frame, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-1.

b. 1 MC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly, Servicing Block Diagram, Figure 4-61.

c. 1 MC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-6.

d. MC Oscillator, Component Location, Figure 5-67.

e. Required Test Equipment:

(1) Frequency Meter, CAQI-524A.

(2) Electronic Multimeter, CCVO-91CH.

(3) Oscilloscope, AN/USM-105A.

(4) Heterodyne Voltmeter, Bruel and Kjaer, 2005.

(5) Translator/Synthesizer Test Set, TS-2133/WRC-1.

(6) Multimeter, AN/PSM-4.

4-155. 4.553 TO 5.453 MC OSCILLATOR, FUNCTIONAL CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION.

4-156. The 4.553 to 5.453 mc oscillator (figure 4-18) consists of a 100 kcs (KCS) crystal switch (A2A6A2S1), a limiter (CR1, CR2), an oscillator (Q1), and an emitter follower (Q2). These circuits, which form a part of 100 KC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly A2A6A2, produce one of ten outputs in 100 kc steps over the frequency range of 4.553 through 5.453 mc for use in the hi-band/lo-band mixer/amplifier (A2A6A2A4) and the 10.747 mc mixer (A2A6A2A2). These circuits are used in all modes of operation. The following paragraphs describe the operation of the 4.553 to 5.453 mc oscillator in detail.

4-157. The operating voltage for the 4,553 to 5.453 mc oscillator is derived from main frame power supply A2A8. Resistor R12 and capacitor C8 provide decoupling to prevent any interaction with other circuits connected to the positive 20 vdc supply line. Base bias for oscillator Q1 is developed by voltage divider R5, R7. The output frequency of oscillator Q1 is determined by the setting of the 100 kcs (KCS) switch on the front panel. Switch A2A6A2S1 connects the correct crystal (A2A6Y1 through A2A6Y10) into the circuit of oscillator Q1 according to the desired 100 kc digit of the operating frequency. The output of oscillator Q1 is controlled by diodes CR1 and CR2. The negative-going limit for the signal is established by the anode bias on diode CR1 (developed by voltage divider R1, R2, RT1)

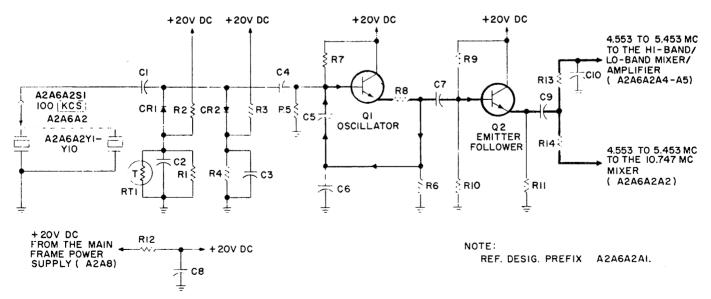


Figure 4-18. 4.553 to 5.453 MC Oscillator, Simplified Schematic Diagram

minus the drop of diode CR1. The positivegoing limit for the signal is established by the cathode bias on diode CR2 (developed by voltage divider R3, R4) plus the drop of diode CR2. Therefore, the peak-to-peak amplitude of the signal is limited by the established dc reference levels. As the temperature of the circuit varies, the forward drop of diodes CR1 and CR2 varies. Without compensation, this would result in variations in the signal amplitude. Thermistor RT1 varies the anode bias of diode CR1 according to the temperature changes. Therefore, the negative-going limit for the signal is shifted so that the limiting region is constant. This ensures that the amplitude of the signal does not vary with changes in temperature. Capacitors C2 and C3 are rf bypass capacitors. Capacitor C4 is used for dc blocking and is also used with capacitors C1, C5, and C6 to form the required feedback network. Resistor R8 provides degeneration to increase the stability of oscillator Q1. The output of oscillator Q1 is developed across emitter resistor R6, and is coupled to the base of emitter follower Q2 by capacitor C7.

4-158. The base-bias for emitter follower Q2 is developed by voltage divider R9, R10 from the positive 20 vdc. Emitter follower Q2 is used to isolate the oscillator from the succeeding circuits. The output of emitter follower Q2 is developed across emitter resistor R11 and is coupled to the hi-band/lo-band mixer/amplifier and to the 10.747 mc mixer by capacitor C9. Resistors R13 and R14 are isolating resistors. Capacitor C10 provides a low impedance to ground for the other signals used in the hi-band/lo-band mixer/amplifier, thus preventing them from being coupled into the 10.747 mc mixer.

4-159. 4.553 to 4.453 MC OSCILLATOR, TEST DATA.

4-160. Pertinent references and applicable test data for the 4.553 to 5.453 mc oscillator are as follows:

a. Radio Receiver R-1051/URR, Main Frame, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-1.

b. 100 KC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly, Servicing Block Diagram, Figure 4-60.

c. 100 KC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-7. d. 4.553 to 5.453 MC Oscillator, Component Location, Figure 5-74.

e. Required Test Equipment:

(1) Frequency Meter, CAQI-524D

(2) Electronic Multimeter, CCVO-91CA.

(3) Oscilloscope, AN/USM-105A.

(4) Heterodyne Voltmeter, Bruel and Kjaer, 2005.

(5) Translator/Synthesizer Test Set, TS-2133/WRC-1.

(6) Multimeter, AN/PSM-4.

4-161. HI-BAND/LO-BAND MIXER/AMPLI-FIER, FUNCTIONAL CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION.

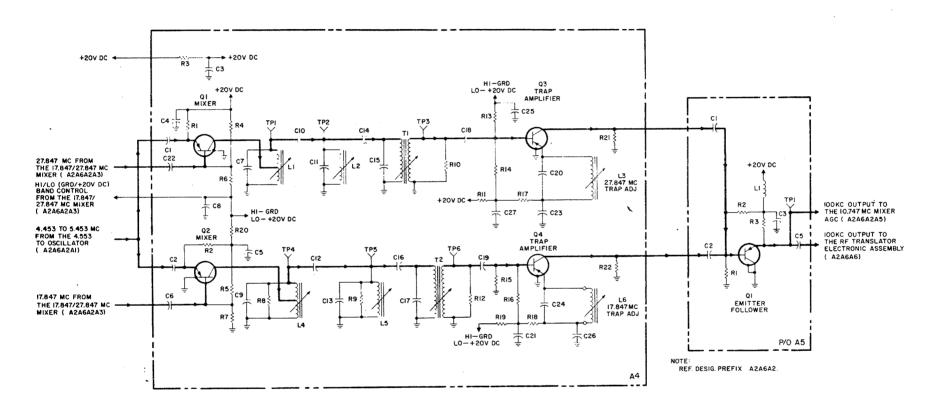
4-162. The hi-band/lo-band mixer/amplifier (figure 4-19) consists of two mixers (A4Q1 and A4Q2), two trap amplifiers (A4Q3 and A4Q4), and an emitter follower (A5Q1). These circuits, which form a part of 100 KC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly A2A6A2, produce either a high (hi) band of injection frequencies (32.4 to 33.3 mc) or a low (lo) band of injection frequencies (22.4 to 23.3 mc), which is used in the mid-frequency mixer of RF Translator Electronic Subassembly A2A6A6. The output of these circuits is also used in 10.747 mc mixer AGC circuit A2A6A2A5 to develop the agc voltage for controlling the gain of 10.747 mc mixer A2A6A2A2. These circuits are used in all modes of operation. The following paragraphs describe the operation of the hi-band/lo-band mixer/amplifier in detail.

4-163. Only one-half of the hi-band/lo-band mixer/amplifier circuits are on at any one time, depending on whether the hi (32.4 to 33.3 mc) or lo (22.4 to 23.3 mc) band is required for mixing in RF Translator Electronic Subassembly A2A6A6. The hi-band circuits will be discussed first. Unless otherwise noted, all components referenced are located on the A4 assembly.

4-164. The 27.847 mc output from the 17.847/27.847 mc mixer is coupled to the base of mixer Q1 by capacitor C22. The output from the 4.553 to 5.453 mc oscillator is coupled to

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the emitter of mixer Q1 by capacitor C1. When the hi/lo band control line is at ground potential, base-bias will be provided for mixer Q1 and trap amplifier Q3 by voltage divider R4, R6 and voltage divider R13, R14, respectively. Resistor R1 is the emitter resistor. Capacitor C4 is an rf bypass capacitor. At the same time, mixer Q2 and trap amplifier Q4 will be rendered inoperative by the ground potentials applied to the emitter-base bias circuits from the hi/lo band control line. The output from mixer Q1 is a frequency in the band from 32.4 mc to 33.3 mc. All other products of the mixer, except for a small amount of the 27.847 mc, are eliminated by the triple-tuned filter composed of inductors L1 and L2, transformer T1 and capacitors C7, C10, C11, C14 and C15. From the triple-tuned filter, the signal is coupled through capacitor C18 to the base of amplifier Q3. The emitter circuit of trap amplifier Q3 (capacitor C20 and inductor L3) is parallel-tuned to 27.847 mc. At 27.847 mc, the trap provides degeneration to eliminate effectively the 27.847 mc from the output signal. Resistor R11 and capacitor C27 provide decoupling for trap amplifier QB. Resistor R17 is the emitter bias resistor, which is rf bypassed by capacitor C23. The output of trap amplifier Q3 is developed across resistor R21 and is coupled by capacitor A5C1 to the base of emitter follower A5Q1. Base bias for emitter follower Q1 is provided by voltage divider A5R1, A5R2. Inductor A5L1 and A5C3 provide the necessary filtering for the 20 vdc line voltage. The output of emitter follower A5Q1 is developed across emitter resistor A5R3 and is coupled by capacitor A5C5 to the mid-frequency mixer of RF Translator Electronic Subassembly A2A6H6. The output of emitter follower A5Q1 is also applied to 10.747 mc mixer AGC A2A6A2A5.

4-165. The lo-band circuits are identical to the hi-band circuits. When the hi/lo band control line is at +20 vdc, operating voltages are applied to the emitter and bases of mixer Q2 and trap amplifier Q4. At the same time, the +20 vdc is applied to the bases of mixer Q1 and trap amplifier Q3, thereby providing back-bias for the transistors, since the emitters are at +20 vdc also. The 17.847 mc output from the 17.847 mc mixer is coupled to the base of mixer Q2 by capacitor C6. The output from the 4.553 to 5.453 mc oscillator is coupled to the emitter of mixer Q2 by capacitor C2. The output of mixer Q2 is a frequency in the band from 22.4 to 23.3 mc. All other products of the mixer, except for a small amount of 17.847 mc, are eliminated by the triple-tuned filter composed of inductors L4 and L5, transformer T2 and capacitors C9, C12, C13, and C16, and C17. From the triple-tuned filter, the signal is coupled by capacitor C19 to the base of trap amplifier Q4. The emitter circuit of trap amplifier Q4 is parallel-tuned to 17.847 mc to eliminate the 17.847 mc signal. The output of trap amplifier Q4 is coupled by capacitor A5C2 to the base of emitter follower A5Q1. The output of emitter follower A5Q1 is applied to 10.747 mc mixer AGC A2A6A2A5 and the mid-frequency mixer in the RF Translator Electronic Subassembly A2A6A6.

4-166. HI-BAND/LO-BAND MIXER/AMPLI-FIER, TEST DATA.

4-167. Pertinent references and applicable test data for the hi-band/lo-band mixer/amplifier circuit are as follows:

a. Radio Receiver R-1051/URR, Main Frame, Figure 5-1.

b. 100 KC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly, Servicing Block Diagram, Figure 4-60.

c. 100 KC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-7.

d. Hi-Band/Lo-Band Mixer/Amplifier, Component and Test-Point Location, Figure 5-76.

e. 10.747 MC Mixer AGC, Component and Test-Point Location, Figure 5-80.

f. Required Test Equipment:

(1) RF Signal Generator, CAQI-606A.

(2) Electronic Multimeter, CCVO-91CA.

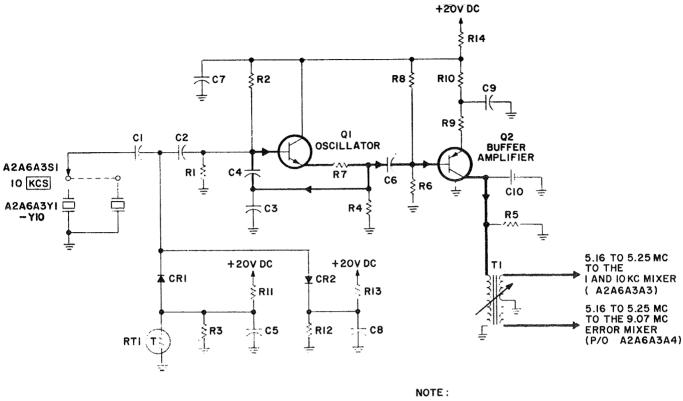
(3) Oscilloscope, AN/USM-105A.

(4) Heterodyne Voltmeter, Bruel and Kjaer, 2005.

(5) Translator/Synthesizer Test Set, TS-2133/WRC-1.

(6) Multimeter, AN/PSM-4.

g. Refer to paragraph 3-32 in Technical Manual for Repair of AN/WRC-1 and R-1051/



UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED, REF. DESIG. PREFIX IS A2A6A3AI.

Figure 4-20. 5.16 to 5.25 MC Oscillator, Simplified Schematic Diagram

URR 2N Modules, NAVSHIPS 95700, for hiband/lo-band mixer/amplifier adjustment procedures.

4-168. 5.16 TO 5.25 MC OSCILLATOR, FUNCTIONAL CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION.

4-169. The 5.16 to 5.25 mc oscillator (figure 4-20) consists of 10 kc (KCS) crystal switch A2A6A3S1, a limiter circuit (CR1, CR2), an oscillator (Q1), and a buffer amplifier (Q2). These circuits, which form a part of 1 and 10 KC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly A2A6A3, produce one of ten outputs in 10 kc steps over the frequency range of 5.16 through 5.25 mc for use in the 1 and 10 kc output mixer (A2A6A3A3), and the 9.07 mc error mixer (A2A6A3A4). These circuits function in all modes of operation. The following paragraphs describe the operation of the 5.16 to 5.25 mc oscillator in detail.

4-170. The operating frequency of the modified, crystal-controlled Colpitts (Pierce) oscillator (Q1) is determined by the selection of one of ten crystals (A2A6A3Y1 through Y10) by switch A2A6A3S1. Selection is accomplished by positioning the 10 kc (KCS) control located on the front panel. Operating voltage for the oscillator is derived from main frame power supply A2A8. Base bias for oscillator Q1 is developed by voltage divider R1, R2. The output of oscillator Q1 is controlled by diodes CR1 and CR2. The negative-going limit for the signal is established by the anode bias on diode CR1 (developed by voltage divider R3, R11, RT1) minus the drop of diode CR1. The positivegoing limit for the signal is established by the cathode bias on diode CR2 (developed by voltage divider R12, R13) plus the drop of diode CR2. Therefore, the peak-to-peak amplitude of the signal is limited by the established dc reference levels. As the temperature of the circuit varies, the forward drop of diodes CR1 and CR2 varies. Without compensation, this would result in variations in the signal amplitude. Thermistor RT1 varies the anode bias of CR1 according to the temperature changes. Therefore, the negative-going limit for the signal is shifted so that the limiting region is constant. This ensures that the amplitude of the signal does not vary with changes in temperature. Capacitors C5 and C8 are rf bypass capacitors. Capacitor C2 is used for dc blocking and is also used with capacitors C1, C3 and C4 to form the required feedback network. Resistor R7

provides degeneration to increase the stability of oscillator Q1. The output of oscillator Q1 is developed across emitter resistor R4 and is coupled to the base of buffer amplifier Q2 by capacitor C6.

4-171. The base bias for buffer amplifier Q2 is developed by voltage divider R6, R8 from the positive 20 vdc. A resonant circuit consisting of the primary of transformer T1 and capacitor C10 provides the collector load for the amplifier. Resistor R5 loads the tank circuit to provide uniform gain over the range of frequencies developed by the oscillator. Resistor R9 in the emitter circuit provides degenerative feedback to stabilize the gain and increase the input impedance of amplifier Q2, thereby, preventing loading of oscillator Q1. Resistor R10 is the emitter bias resistor, which is rf bypassed by capacitor C9. Resistor R14 and capacitor C7 provide decoupling for oscillator Q1 and buffer amplifier Q2. The output from amplifier Q2 is coupled to the 1 and 10 kc mixer circuit and to the 9.07 mc error mixer circuit by the secondary of transformer T1.

4-172. 5.16 TO 5.25 MC OSCILLATOR, TEST DATA.

4-173. Pertinent references and applicable test data for the 5.16 to 5.25 mc oscillator are as follows:

a. Radio Receiver R-1051/URR, Main Frame, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-1.

b. 1 and 10 KC Electronic Subassembly, Servicing Block Diagram, Figure 4-59.

c. 1 and 10 KC Electronic Subassembly, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-8.

d. 5.16 to 5.25 MC Oscillator, Component and Test-Point Location, Figure 5-82.

e. Required Test Equipment:

- (1) Frequency Meter, CAQI-524D.
- (2) Electronic Multimeter, CCVO-91CA.
- (3) Oscilloscope, AN/USM-105A.
- (4) Multimeter, AN/PSM-4

(5) Heterodyne Voltmeter, Bruel and Kjaer, 2005.

Paragraph 4-170

(6) Translator/Synthesizer Test Set, TS-2133/WRC-1.

f. Refer to paragraph 3-28 in Technical Manual for Repair of AN/WRC-1 and R-1051/ URR 2N Modules, NAVSHIPS 95700, for 5.16 to 5.25 mc oscillator adjustment procedures.

4-174. 1.850 TO 1.859 MC OSCILLATOR, FUNCTIONAL CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION.

4-175. The 1.850 to 1.859 mc oscillator (figure 4-21) consists of 1 kcs (KCS) crystal switch (A2A6A3S2), a limiter (CR1, CR2), an oscillator (Q1), and a buffer amplifier (Q2). These circuits, which form a part of 1 and 10 KC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly A2A6A3, produce 1 of 10 outputs in 1 kc steps over the frequency range of 1.850 through 1.859 mc for use in the 1 and 10 kc output mixer (A2A6A3A3) and the 9.07 mc error mixer (A2A6A3A4). These circuits function in all modes of operation. The operation of the 1.850 to 1.859 mc oscillator is identical to that of the 5.16 to 5.25 mc oscillator. (Refer to paragraphs 4-170 and 4-171 for a detailed description of circuit operation.)

4-176. 1.850 TO 1.859 MC OSCILLATOR, TEST DATA.

4-177. Pertinent references and applicable test data for the 1.850 to 1.859 mc oscillator are as follows:

a. Radio Receiver R-1051/URR, Main Frame, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-1.

b. 1 and 10 KC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly, Servicing Block Diagram, Figure 4-59.

c. 1 and 10 KC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-8.

d. 1.850 to 1.859 MC Oscillator, Component and Test-Point Location, Figure 5-83.

- e. Required Test Equipment:
 - (1) Frequency Meter, CAQI-524D.
 - (2) Electronic Multimeter, CCVO-91CA.
 - (3) Oscilloscope, AN/USM-105A.
 - (4) Multimeter, AN/PSM-4.



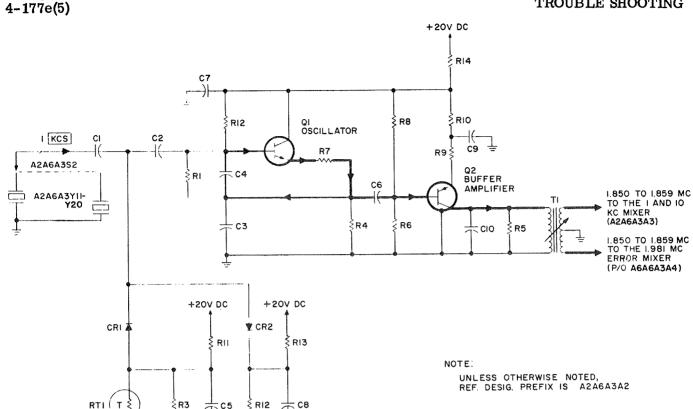


Figure 4-21. 1.850 to 1.859 MC Oscillator, Simplified Schematic Diagram

(5) Heterodyne Voltmeter, Bruel and Kjaer, 2005.

(6) Translator/Synthesizer Test Set, TS-2133/WRC-1.

f. Refer to paragraph 3-28 in Technical Manual for Repair of AN/WRC-1 and R-1051/ URR 2N Modules, NAVSHIPS 95700, for 1.850 to 1.859 mc oscillator adjustment procedures.

4-178. 1 AND 10 KC MIXER, FUNCTIONAL CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION.

4-179. The 1 and 10 kc mixer circuit (figure 4-22) consists of a mixer (Q11) and a four section filter (C48-L5, C49-L6, C51-L7, and C54 and the primary of transformer T3 with coupling capacitors C56, C50 and C52). A noise blanker control (Q12) is also included but is not used with the AN/WRC-1 system. These circuits, which form a part of 1 and 10 KC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly A2A6A3, subtractively mix the signal from the 1.850 to 1.859 mc oscillator with the signal from the 5.16 to 5.25 mc oscillator, producing the 1

Paragraph

and 10 kc injection signal (3.301 to 3.400 mc in 1 kc steps) for use in the low frequency mixer. The following paragraphs describe the operation of the circuits in detail.

4-180. The signal from the 1.850 to 1.859 mc oscillator is applied through resistor A2A6A3A2R16 to resistor A2A6A3A1R16. The signal from the 5.16 to 5.25 mc oscillator is also coupled to resistor A2A6A3A1R16 through capacitor A2A6A3A1C11. Capacitor A2A6A3A1C11 provides a low impedance to the 5.16 to 5.25 mc signal and a high impedance to the 1.850 to 1.859 mc signal. Therefore, the 5.16 to 5.25 mc oscillator will not load the 1.850 to 1.859 mc signal. The two input signals are coupled from resistor A2A6A3A1R16 through capacitor C55 to the base of mixer Q11. The base bias is provided by voltage divider R47. R54. Resistor R52 provides a small amount of degeneration to improve the stability of mixer Q11. Resistor R48 is the emitter bias resistor, which is rf bypassed by capacitor C47. Resistor R49 and capacitor C46 provide decoupling for mixer Q11. The output circuit of mixer Q11 is a four sec-

tion filter. The filter has a bandwidth of 100 kc (3.3 to 3.4 mc) and sufficient selectivity to attenuate any frequency outside this band. Capacitors C56, C50 and C52 are an integral part of the filter and couple the signal between sections of the filter. Therefore, the four section filter will pass only the difference of the 1.850 to 1.859 mc and 5.16 to 5.25 mc signals (3.301 to 3.400 mc in 1 kc steps). The signal from the four section filter is coupled through transformer T3 and applied to the low frequency mixer.

4-181. If used, noise blanker control Q12 functions as a switch that gates the output from the 1 and 10 kc mixer at a rate and for a duration determined by the pulse received at the input. During the absence of a pulse, diode CR7 references the primary of transformer T3 at a level of about 18.8 vdc. During this time, noise blanker control Q12 is not conducting; therefore, the emitter and collector will be at about 20 vdc and 18.8 vdc, respectively. When a negative pulse arrives at the base of noise blanker control Q12, the transistor is driven into saturation, thus creating a low impedance path from the junction of capacitors C52 and C54 to ac ground for the duration of the pulse. This means that the signal at the junction of capacitors C52 and C54 is essentially shorted to ac ground for the duration of the pulse.

4-182. 1 AND 10 KC MIXER, TEST DATA.

4-183. Pertinent references and applicable test data for the 1 and 10 kc mixer are as follows:

a. Radio Receiver R-1051/URR, Main Frame, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-1.

b. 1 and 10 KC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly, Servicing Block Diagram, Figure 4-59.

c. 1 and 10 KC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-8.

d. 1 and 10 KC Synthesizer Output, Component and Test-Point Location, Figure 5-86.

- e. Required Test Equipment:
 - (1) RF Signal Generator, CAQI-606A.
 - (2) Electronic Multimeter, CCVO-91CA.
 - (3) Oscilloscope, AN/USM-105A.

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(4) Heterodyne Voltmeter, Bruel and Kjaer, 2005.

(5) Multimeter, AN/PSM-4.

(6) Translator/Synthesizer Test Set, TS-2133/WRC-1.

f. Refer to paragraph 3-28 in Technical Manual for Repair of AN/WRC-1 and R-1051/ URR 2N Modules, NAVSHIPS 95700, for 1 and 10 kc mixer adjustment procedures.

4-184. MC SPECTRUM GENERATOR, FUNC-TIONAL CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION.

4-185. The mc spectrum generator (figure 4-23) consists of three shaper amplifiers (Q1, Q2 and Q3). These circuits, which form a part of 1 MC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly A2A6A1, provide a spectrum of frequencies from 1 to 25 mc in 1 mc steps for use in the mc error mixer. The following paragraphs describe the operation of the circuits in detail.

4-186. These circuits operate from the positive 10 vdc derived by zener diode CR1 and series resistor R1 from the positive 20 vdc. The 1 mc input is applied to inductor L2 through resistor R33. Resistor R33 prevents loading of the 5 mc divide-by-five circuit. Inductor L2 functions as an autotransformer, raising the level of the 1 mc signal and applying it to the diode clipper consisting of diode CR3 and resistor R5. Inductor L2 is tuned to 1 mc by capacitor C3. The diode clipper removes the positive portion of the 1 mc signal. The remaining negative portion is coupled through capacitor C2 to the base of shaper amplifier Q1, driving it into saturation. Diode CR2 protects shaper amplifier Q1 against excessive reverse bias on the base-emitter junction. When the base voltage attempts to go more positive than the emitter voltage, diode CR2 will be forward-biased, thereby clamping the base voltage. The emitter voltage is determined by voltage divider R3, R4, and by the average current drawn by the emitter of shaper amplifier Q1. The output of the shaper amplifier, which is a positive-going waveform with a fast rise time, is developed across collector resistor R6 and is applied through capacitor C5 to the base of shaper amplifier Q2. This positive-going waveform drives shaper amplifier Q2 into saturation, producing a negative going waveform at its collector. Capacitor C6

provides emitter peaking, which results in an overshoot on the output waveform. The output of shaper amplifier Q2 is coupled through capacitor C8 to the base of shaper amplifier Q3. Due to the time constant formed by the output impedance of shaper amplifier Q2, capacitor C8, and the input impedance of shaper amplifier Q3, the output of shaper amplifier Q2 is differentiated at the base of shaper amplifier Q3. The negative-going portion of this signal drives shaper amplifier Q3 into saturation. Diode CR4, like diode CR2, is used as a protective device and is also used to clamp the positive portion of the input signal. Resistor R15 is used to limit the collector current and to minimize the variations in the saturation characteristics of shaper amplifier Q3. The output of shaper amplifier Q3 is developed across an LR differentiating network consisting of resistor R15 and inductor L3. The output of shaper amplifier Q3 is taken across inductor L3. The network consisting of diode CR5, resistor R17 and resistor R22 form a diode clipper circuit eliminating the negative portion of the output across inductor L3. Resistors R17 and R22 also form an attenuator with the output taken across resistor R22. The output obtained is a positive pulse that provides a uniform spectrum from 1 mc to 25 mc. This output is applied to the mc error mixer.

4-187. MC SPECTRUM GENERATOR, TEST DATA.

4-188. Pertinent references and applicable test data for the mc spectrum generator are as follows:

a. Radio Receiver R-1051/URR, Main Frame, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-1.

b. 1 MC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly, Servicing Block Diagram, Figure 4-61.

c. 1 MC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-6.

d. Spectrum Generator/Mixer, Component and Test-Point Location, Figure 5-70.

e. Required Test Equipment:

- (1) RF Signal Generator, CAQI-606A.
- (2) Electronic Multimeter, CCVO-91CA.
- (3) Oscilloscope, AN/USM-105A.

(4) Multimeter, AN/PSM-4.

(5) Heterodyne Voltmeter, Bruel and Kjaer, 2005.

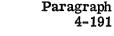
(6) Translator/Synthesizer Test Set, TS-2133/WRC-1.

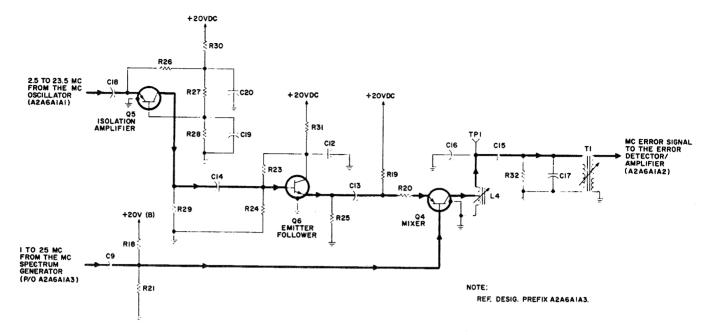
f. Refer to paragraph 3-34 in Technical Manual for Repair of AN/WRC-1 and R-1051/ URR 2N Modules, NAVSHIPS 95700, for mc spectrum generator adjustment procedures.

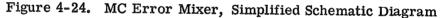
4-189. MC ERROR MIXER, FUNCTIONAL CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION.

4-190. The MC error mixer (figure 4-24) consists of an isolation amplifier (Q5), an emitter follower (Q6), and a mixer (Q4). These circuits, which form a part of 1 MC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly A2A6A1, mix the signal from the mc oscillator with the signal from the mc oscillator. This results in an error signal, which in the locked condition is proportional to the phase relationship between the spectrum and the oscillator. The following paragraphs describe the operation of the circuits in detail.

4-191. The input from the mc oscillator is coupled through capacitor C18 to the emitter of isolation amplifier Q5. Isolation amplifier Q5 is used in a grounded-base amplifier configuration, which provides a high reverse attenuation to the output products of mixer Q4, thereby preventing them from appearing in the output from the mc oscillator. Base bias for isolation amplifier Q5 is provided by voltage divider R27, R28. Resistor R30 and capacitor C20 are used for decoupling. The output of isolation amplifier Q5 is taken across collector resistor R29 and is coupled through capacitor C14 to the base of emitter follower Q6. Base bias for emitter follower Q6 is provided by voltage divider R23, R24. Resistor R31 and capacitor C12 are used for decoupling. Emit ter follower Q6 provides a low source impedance to mixer Q4 and prevents loading of isolation amplifier Q5. The output of emitter follower Q6 is coupled through capacitor C13 to the emitter of mixer Q4. The signal from the mc spectrum generator is coupled through capacitor C9 to the base of mixer Q4. Base bias for mixer Q4 is provided by voltage divider R18, R21. Resistor R20 provides a small amount of degeneration to stabilize mixer Q4. The output of mixer Q4 is a double-tuned cir-







cuit consisting of inductor L4, capacitors C16. C15, and C17, resistor R32, and transformer T1, which is tuned to 1.5 mc. When there is a frequency error, the signal from the mc oscillator is mixed with the two spectrum points that are within ± 1.5 mc of the oscillator frequency. The output of mixer Q4 consists of two frequencies (one less than 1.5 mc and one more than 1.5 mc), if the mc oscillator has an error. When the mc oscillator is locked, only one frequency is present, since the frequency of the oscillator \pm the spectrum points is 1.5 mc. To understand this more readily, assume that the mc oscillator frequency is 11.499 mc; therefore, the two closest spectrum points will be 10 and 13 mc, which when mixed will produce difference frequencies of 1.499 and 1.501 mc. It can be seen that when the mc oscillator frequency is exactly 11.5 mc, the two difference frequencies will be identical (1.5 mc). The double-tuned circuit attenuates all mixer products except the difference frequencies. The output of the double-tuned filter is coupled through transformer T1 to the error detector/ amplifier.

4-192. MC ERROR MIXER, TEST DATA.

4-193. Pertinent references and applicable test data for the mc error mixer are as follows:

a. Radio Receiver R-1051/URR, Main Frame, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-1.

b. 1 MC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly, Servicing Block Diagram, Figure 4-61.

c. 1 MC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-6.

d. Spectrum Generator/Mixer, Component and Test-Point Location, Figure 5-70.

e. Required Test Equipment:

(1) RF Signal Generator, CAQI-606A.

(2) Electronic Multimeter, CCVO-91CA.

(3) Oscilloscope, AN/USM-105A.

(4) Multimeter, AN/PSM-4.

(5) Heterodyne Voltmeter, Bruel and Kjaer, 2005.

(6) Translator/Synthesizer Test Set, TS-2133/WRC-1.

f. Refer to paragraph 3-34 in Technical Manual for Repair of AN/WRC-1 and R-1051/ URR 2N Modules, NAVSHIPS 95700, for mc error mixer adjustment procedures.

4-194. ERROR DETECTOR/AMPLIFIER, FUNCTIONAL CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION.

4-195. The error detector/amplifier (figure

4-25) consists of two if. amplifiers (Q1 and Q2)



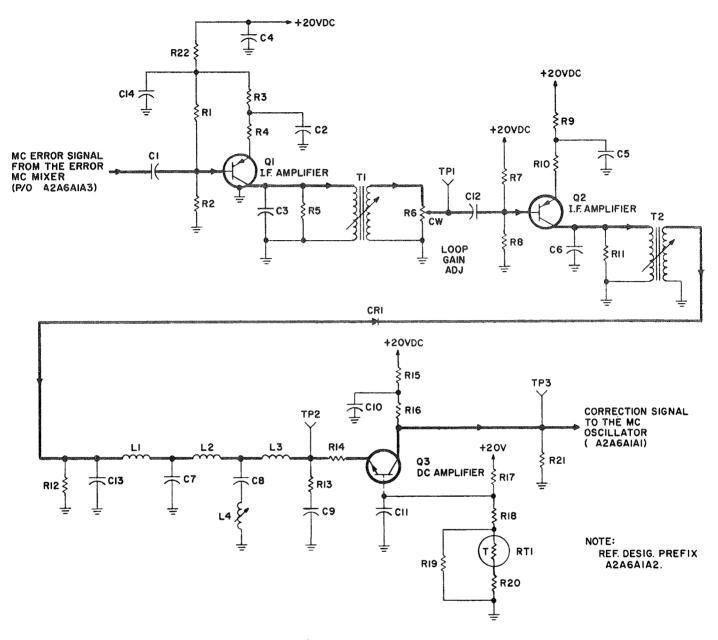


Figure 4-25. Error Detector/Amplifier, Simplified Schematic Diagram

and a dc amplifier (Q3). These circuits, which form a part of 1 MC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly A2A6A1, amplify and detect the mc error signal, resulting in a correction signal for application to the mc oscillator. The following paragraphs describe the operation of the error detector/amplifier circuit in detail.

4-196. The signal from the error mixer is coupled through capacitor C1 to the base of if. amplifier Q1. The base bias for if. amplifier Q1 is provided by voltage divider R1, R2. Resistor R22 and capacitor C14 are used for decoupling. Resistor R4 provides a small amount of degeneration to add to the stability of if. amplifier Q1. The output circuit of if. amplifier Q1 is a tuned circuit consisting of capacitor C3 and transformer T1, which is tuned to 1.5 mc. Resistor R5 is used to load the tank circuit sufficiently to ensure uniformity. The output signal of if. amplifier Q1 is coupled through transformer T1 to potentiometer R6, which is used to adjust the gain of the phase lock loop. The output from the wiper of this potentiometer is coupled through capacitor C12 to the base of if. amplifier Q2. The base bias for if. amplifier Q2 is provided by voltage divider R7, R8. Resistor R10 provides a small amount of degeneration to add to the stability of if. amplifier Q2. The output circuit of if. am-

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plifier Q2 is a tuned circuit consisting of capacitor C6 and transformer T2, which is tuned to 1.5 mc. Resistor R11 is used to load the tank circuit sufficiently to ensure uniformity. The output signal from error amplifier Q2 is coupled through transformer T2 and applied to a diode detector circuit. The diode detector circuit consists of diode CR1, resistor R12, and capacitor C13. The output of the diode detector is filtered by the network consisting of a composite of a constant-k section and an mderived section. The constant-k section consists of capacitor C7, inductor L1, and a portion of inductor L2. The m-derived section consists of inductors L3 and L4, capacitor C8, and the remaining portion of inductor L2. Inductor L4 is made variable to compensate for the tolerance of the components used in the mderived section. Resistor R13 and capacitor C9 form the termination of the filter. The output of this filter is applied to the emitter of dc amplifier Q3. Resistor R14 provides a small amount of degeneration to add to the stability of dc amplifier Q3. Base bias for dc amplifier Q3 is provided by voltage divider R17, R18, R19, R20, RT1. Thermistor RT1 varies the bias with temperature to compensate for changes in the base-emitter voltage of dc amplifier Q3 that result from temperature changes. Resistors R15 and R16, and capacitor C10 in the collector circuit of dc amplifier Q3 serve as the collector load and as a lag network for the phase-locked loop, which decreases the noise output and increases the loop stability. Resistor R21 prevents the collector voltage of dc amplifier Q3 from rising above 19 vdc and forward-biasing voltage variable capacitor A2A6A1A1CR3. The error voltage is taken from the collector of dc amplifier Q3 and applied to the mc oscillator.

4-197. ERROR DETECTOR/AMPLIFIER, TEST DATA.

4-198. Pertinent references and applicable test data for the error detector/amplifier are as follows:

a. Radio Receiver R-1051/URR, Main Frame, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-1.

b. 1MC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-6.

c. 1 MC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly, Servicing Block Diagram, Figure 4-61. Paragraph 4-196

d. Mc Oscillator AGC, Component and Test-Point Location, Figure 5-68.

e. Required Test Equipment:

(1) RF Signal Generator, CAQI-606A.

(2) Electronic Multimeter, CCVO-91CA.

(3) Oscilloscope, AN/USM-105A.

(4) Multimeter, AN/PSM-4.

(5) Heterodyne Voltmeter, Bruel and Kjaer, 2005.

(6) Translator/Synthesizer Test Set, TS-2133/WRC-1.

f. Refer to paragraph 3-34 for Repair of AN/WRC-1 and R-1051/URR 2N Modules, NAVSHIPS 95700, for error detector/amplifier adjustment procedures.

4-199. 5 MC FREQUENCY STANDARD, FUNCTIONAL CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION.

4-200. The 5 mc frequency standard (figure 4-26) consists of an oscillator (Q5) and a buffer amplifier (Q6). These circuits, which form a part of Frequency Standard Electronic Assembly A2A5, provide an accurate 5.000000-mc signal to be used as a standard throughout the R-1051/URR. The 5 mc frequency standard circuit is used during all modes of operation. Assembly A2A5A2 is housed in an oven, the temperature of which is maintained at a constant 85° C by the oven control circuit. The following paragraphs describe the operation of the circuits in detail.

4-201. The frequency of oscillator Q5 is 5.000000 mc as determined by the parallel resonant tuned circuit consisting of capacitor C7 and the primary of transformer T2 and controlled by the series resonant circuit consisting of parallel capacitors A2A5C1 and C10 and crystal Y1. To sustain oscillations, feedback for oscillator Q5 is obtained from a tap on the primary of transformer T2 and passed through trimmer capacitor A2A5C1, capacitors C9 and C10, and crystal Y1 to the emitter of oscillator Q5. The amplitude of the output from oscillator Q5 is limited by diodes CR5 and CR6. Crystal Y1 allows only a 5.000000-mc signal to

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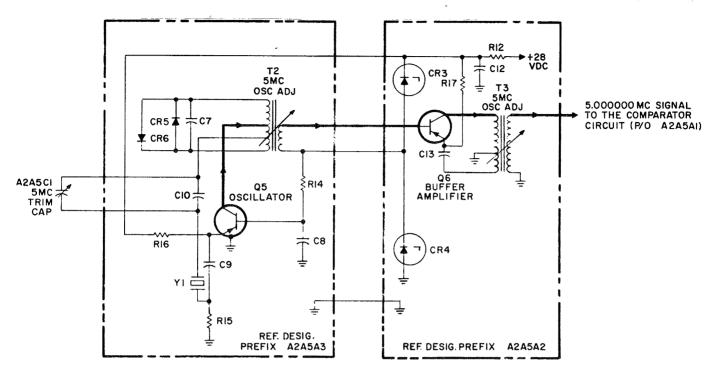


Figure 4-26. 5 MC Frequency Standard, Simplified Schematic Diagram

pass, which holds oscillator Q5 to oscillations at only 5 mc. Stable operating voltages of 15 vdc and 7.5 vdc are assured by resistor R12 and two 7.5-volt Zener diodes CR3 and CR4 in series across 28 vdc supply. Base bias for oscillator Q5 is taken from the junction of Zener diodes CR3 and CR4 and is applied through resistor R14 to the base of oscillator Q5. Capacitor C8 is a bypass capacitor. Resistor R16 is an emitter load resistor.

4-202. The output of oscillator Q5 is coupled by transformer T2 to the base of buffer amplifier Q6, where it is amplified. The output load of buffer amplifier Q6 is tuned transformer T3. A tap on the primary of transformer T3 supplies negative feedback to the emitter circuit of buffer amplifier Q6, assuring the stability of amplifier Q6.

4-203. 5 MC OSCILLATOR, TEST DATA.

4-204. Pertinent references and applicable test data for the 5 mc frequency standard circuit are as follows:

a. Radio Receiver R-1051/URR, Main Frame, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-1.

b. Frequency Standard Electronic Assembly, Servicing Block Diagram, Figure 4-56.

c. Frequency Standard Electronic Assembly, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-5.

d. Refer to paragraph 2-29 in Technical Manual for Repair of AN/WRC-1 and R-1051/ URR 2N Modules, NAVSHIPS 95700, for 5 mc oscillator adjustment procedures.

e. Required Test Equipment:

(1) Frequency Standard, AN/URQ-9.

(2) Electronic Multimeter, CCVO-91CA.

(3) Frequency Meter, CAQI-524D.

(4) Multimeter, AN/PSM-4.

(5) Frequency Standard Test Set, TS-2134/WRC-1.

f. 5 MC Frequency Standard, Component Location, Figure 5-64.

g. Oven Control and Buffer Amplifier, Component Location, Figure 5-63.

4-205. OVEN CONTROL, FUNCTIONAL CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION.

4-206. The oven control (figure 4-27) consists of an oscillator (Q1, Q2), an emitter follower

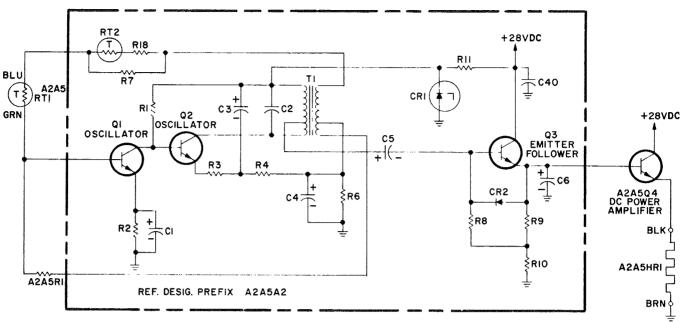


Figure 4-27. Oven Control, Simplified Schematic Diagram

(Q3), a dc power amplifier (A2A5Q4), and an oven heater (A2A5HR1). These circuits, which form a part of Frequency Standard Electronic Assembly A2A5, maintain the 5-mc crystal oven at a constant temperature of 85° C (185° F). The oven control circuit is used during all modes of operation. The following paragraphs describe the operation of the circuits in detail.

4-207. The frequency of oscillator Q1, Q2 is approximately 18 kc, as determined by the tuned circuit consisting of capacitor C2 and the primary of transformer T1. The feedback for oscillator Q1, Q2 is produced by a bridge circuit. The center-tapped secondary of transformer T1 acts as two of the legs of the bridge and resistor A2A5R1 and thermistor A2A5RT1, thermistor RT2, resistor R18, resistor R7 act as the other two legs. This bridge is designed to balance when thermistor A2A5RT1 is at a temperature of 85°C. Thermistor A2A5RT1 is physically mounted underneath heater A2A5HR1. Due to heat loss to its surroundings, the bridge will never become balanced; therefore, the oscillator will never stop oscillating. Emitter resistor R2 provides self-bias for oscillator Q1. Capacitor C1 functions as an emitter bypass capacitor. Emitter resistors R3, R4, and R6 provide self-bias for oscillator Q2. DC bias is also taken from the junction of resistors R4 and R6 and applied through the secondary of transformer T1 and resistor A2A5R1 to the base of oscillator Q1. Capacitors C3 and C4 function as emitter bypass capacitors.

4-208. The 18-kc signal is taken from a tap on the primary of transformer T1, and is coupled through capacitor C5 to the base of emitter follower Q3, where it is rectified. Capacitor C6 smoothes the rectified signal. The rectified signal is applied to the base of power amplifier A2A5Q4. This controls the amount of current through heater A2A5HR1 in the emitter circuit of power amplifier A2A5Q4 and consequently the temperature of the oven. The amount of current flow is directly proportional to the amount of unbalance caused in the bridge circuit, which determines the amplitude of the output signal from oscillator Q1, Q2. Diode CR2 protects emitter follower Q3 against excessive reverse-bias on the emitter-base junction. When the base voltage attempts to go more negative than the emitter voltage, diode CR2 will be forward-biased, thereby keeping the base voltage at the same level as the emitter voltage.

4-209. Stable operating voltages for oscillator Q1, Q2 are provided by resistor R11 and zener diode CR1.

4-210. OVEN CONTROL, TEST DATA.

4-211. Pertinent references and applicable test data for the oven control circuit are as follows:

a. Radio Receiver R-1051/URR, Main Frame, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-1.

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b. Frequency Standard Electronic Assembly, Servicing Block Diagram, Figure 4-56.

c. Frequency Standard Electronic Assembly, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-5.

d. Required Test Equipment:

(1) Electronic Multimeter, CCVO-91CA.

(2) Multimeter AN/PSM-4.

(3) Frequency Standard Test Set, TS-2134/WRC-1.

e. Oven Control and Buffer Amplifier, Component Location, Figure 5-63.

f. Refer to paragraph 2-27 in Technical Manual for Repair of AN/WRC-1 and R-1051/ URR 2N Modules, NAVSHIPS 95700, for oven control adjustment procedures.

4-212. COMPARATOR, FUNCTIONAL CIR-CUIT DESCRIPTION.

4-213. The comparator (figure 4-28) consists of a buffer amplifier (Q5), a comparator stage (Q7), and an amplifier (Q6). These circuits, which form a part of Frequency Standard Electronic Assembly A2A5, compare the 5.000000-mc signal received from the 5 mc frequency standard circuit with an accurate external 5-mc signal. This function is required to determine and maintain the accuracy of the applied internal 5-mc frequency standard signal. The following paragraphs describe the operation of this circuit in detail.

4-214. In the INT position of switch A2A5S1, the 5-mc signal from the 5 mc frequency standard is applied to buffer amplifier Q5 through 5 MC LEVEL ADJ potentiometer R22, contacts 2 and 4 of switch A2A5S1, and coupling capacitor C19. The amplified 5-mc signal output of

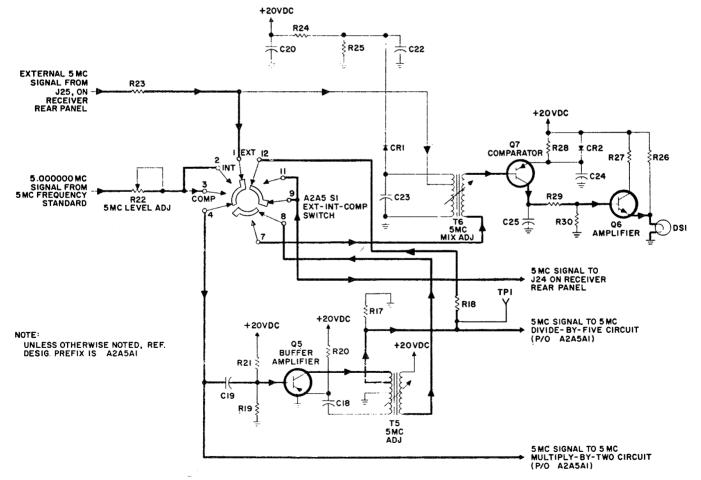


Figure 4-28. Comparator, Simplified Schematic Diagram

this stage is applied to the 5 mc divide-by-five circuit through a portion of the primary winding of 5 MC ADJ transformer T5. When switch A2A5S1 is in the INT position, the input 5-mc frequency standard signal is also applied to the 5 mc multiply-by-two circuit through 5 MC ADJ potentiometer R22 and switch A2A5S1. Base bias for buffer amplifier Q5 is provided by voltage divider R19 and R21. Negative feedback to the emitter of buffer amplifier Q5 is provided by transformer coupling of the amplifier's 5-mc output through the center-tapped primary winding of 5 MC ADJ transformer T5 and capacitor C18. This feedback provides frequency stability to this amplification stage. No internal 5 mc signal is applied to comparator Q7 and the subsequent amplifier Q6 when switch A2A5S1 is in the INT position since contacts 7-8 of that switch are open. Resistor R17 is the output load resistor for buffer amplifier Q5. Resistor R20 is the emitter resistor.

4-215. When switch A2A5S1 is in the EXT position, the externally-supplied 5-mc signal is amplified by buffer amplifier Q5 and applied to the 5 mc divide-by-five circuit in the same manner as described above for INT operation. Similarly, the signal is coupled directly to the 5 mc multiply-by-two circuit through contacts 1 and 4 of switch A2A5S1. Since contacts 7-8 are not closed, no internal 5 mc signal is applied to comparator Q7 and its associated amplifier Q6. Comparison of the internallygenerated 5-mc signal with an externallyapplied 5-mc standard is possible by placing switch A2A5S1 in the COMP position. In this condition, the 5-mc internal signal is applied to the secondary winding of transformer T6 through contacts 3 and 4 of switch A2A5S1, buffer amplifier Q5, transformer T5 and contacts 7-8 of switch A2A5S1. The 5-mc external signal is also applied to transformer T6 from connector J25, on the rear panel of the R-1051/URR, through isolating resistor R23. Comparator Q7 and associated amplifier Q6 operate since both the external and internal 5 mc signals are available to the circuit. The amplitude of externally-applied signals is limited to approximately 300 millivolts peak by means of the voltage divider network consisting of resistors R24 and R25 and diode CR1. In the event that the frequencies of the two signals are different, the resulting difference frequency is coupled to the base of comparator Q7. A portion of the output from comparator Q7 is dc coupled to the base of amplifier Q6 by voltage divider-collector load resistors R29 and R30. The output of amplifier Q6 is developed across lamp DS1 in

Paragraph 4-214

its emitter circuit, causing the lamp to flash at the difference frequency. Resistor R28 is the emitter bias resistor, which is rf bypassed by capacitor C24. Capacitor C25 is an rf bypass capacitor. Diode CR2 in the emitter circuit of comparator Q7 keeps the gain of the stage constant in spite of temperature variations. This control is effected since the resistance of diode CR2 varies with temperature change. Resistor R27 is the collector dropping resistor for amplifier Q6. Resistor R26 is a bleeder resistor for stabilizing the quiescent emitter bias for dc amplifier Q6.

4-216. COMPARATOR, TEST DATA.

4-217. Pertinent references and applicable test data for the comparator circuit are as follows:

a. Radio Receiver R-1051/URR, Main Frame, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-1.

b. Frequency Standard Electronic Assembly, Servicing Block Diagram, Figure 4-56.

c. Frequency Standard Electronic Assembly, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-5.

d. Refer to paragraph 2-25 and 2-29 in Technical Manual for Repair of AN/WRC-1 and R-1051/URR 2N Modules, NAVSHIPS 95700, for comparator adjustment procedures.

e. Required Test Equipment:

(1) Electronic Multimeter, CCVO-91CA.

(2) Multimeter, AN/PSM-4.

(3) RF Signal Generator, CAQI-606A.

(4) Frequency Standard Test Set, TS-2134/WRC-1.

f. 5 MC Multiplier, Dividers and Comparator, Component and Test-Point Location, Figure 5-62.

4-218. 5 MC DIVIDE-BY-FIVE, FUNCTION-AL CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION.

4-219. The 5 mc divide-by-five circuit (see figure 4-29) consists of a 4 mc amplifier (Q2) and a 1 mc amplifier (Q3). These circuits, which form a part of Frequency Standard Electronic Assembly A2A5, derive a 1 mc signal

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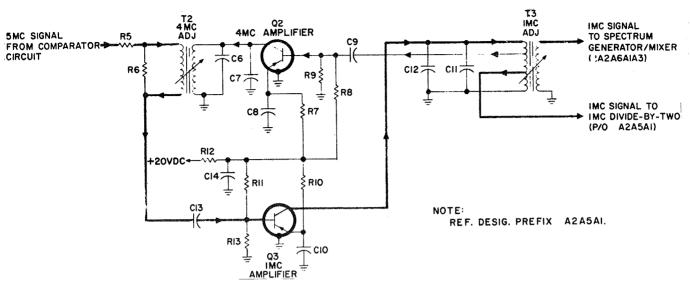


Figure 4-29. 5 MC Divide-By-Five, Simplified Schematic Diagram

for use in the 1 MC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly A2A6A1 from the 5 mc signal from the comparator circuit (see paragraph 4-212). The following paragraphs describe the operation of the circuits in detail.

4-220. Amplifiers Q2 and Q3 form a regenerative closed loop to provide a 1 mc output. At the instant that power is applied, circuit disturbance causes noise to be produced in the tuned outputs of amplifiers Q2 and Q3. The tuned output of amplifier Q3 allows only the 1 mc portion of the noise to pass. This low level 1-mc signal is applied to 4 mc amplifier Q2. Amplifier Q2 is biased in a non-linear condition so that the fourth harmonic of the 1 mc is amplified. The 4 mc is mixed with the 5 mc input, providing a 1 mc input to amplifier Q3. The 1 mc is amplified and applied to amplifier Q2. This resultant flywheel effect is repeated until a stable 1 mc output is produced, which is locked to the 5 mc frequency standard.

4-221. The 5 mc signal, applied to the primary of transformer T2, is mixed with the 4 mc signal from the secondary, producing a 1 mc difference frequency. The 1 mc signal is coupled by capacitor C13 to the base of 1 mc amplifier Q3. The base-bias for amplifier Q3 is provided by voltage divider R12, R11, R13. The output load for 1 mc amplifier Q3 consists of the primary of transformer T3 and capacitors C11 and C12. This output circuit is tuned to 1 mc. Capacitor C12 has a negative temperature coefficient and compensates for changes in the 1 mc amplifier caused by temperature changes. The 1 mc signal is taken from a tap on the primary of transformer T3 and coupled to the base of 4 mc amplifier Q2 by capacitor C9. Base bias for amplifier Q2 is provided by voltage divider R8, R9, R12. The output load for 4 mc amplifier Q2 consists of the primary of transformer T2 and capacitors C6 and C7. This output circuit is tuned to 4 mc. Capacitor C7 has a negative temperature coefficient and compensates for changes in the 4 mc amplifier output caused by temperature changes. Resistors R7 and R10 are emitter bias resistors, which are rf bypassed by capacitors C8 and C10, respectively. Resistor R12 and capacitor C14 provide decoupling for amplifiers Q2 and Q3. The two 1 mc outputs from the 5 mc divide-by-five circuits are taken from the primary and secondary of transformer T3 and applied to the 1 mc divide-by-two circuit and to the spectrum generator/mixer circuit in 1 MC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly A2A6A1.

4-222. 5 MC DIVIDE-BY-FIVE, TEST DATA.

4-223. Pertinent references and applicable test data for the 5 mc divide-by-five circuit are as follows:

a. Radio Receiver R-1051/URR, Main Frame, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-1.

b. Frequency Standard Electronic Assembly, Servicing Block Diagram, Figure 4-56.

c. Frequency Standard Electronic Assembly, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-5.

d. Refer to paragraph 2-25 in Technical Manual for Repair of AN/WRC-1 and R-1051/ URR 2N Modules, NAVSHIPS 95700, for 5 mc divide-by-five adjustment procedures.

- e. Required Test Equipment:
 - (1) Electronic Multimeter, CCVO-91CA.
 - (2) Multimeter, AN/PSM-4.
 - (3) RF Signal Generator, CAQI-606A.

(4) Frequency Standard Test Set, TS-2134/WRC-1.

f. 5 MC Multiplier, Divider and Comparator, Component and Test-Point Location, Figure 5-62.

4-224. 1 MC DIVIDE-BY-TWO, FUNCTIONAL CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION.

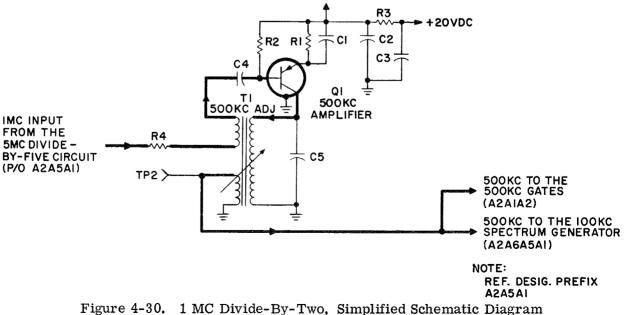
4-225. The 1 mc divide-by-two circuit, which consists of the 500 kc amplifier (Q1) in a regenerative oscillator configuration (figure 4-30) forms a part of Frequency Standard Electronic Assembly A2A5. This circuit derives a 500 kc signal from the 1 mc signal obtained from the 5 mc divide-by-five circuit. The 500 kc signal is used as the local carrier for reinsertion into the signal in the product detector and serves as the trigger for 100 KC spectrum generator A2A6A5A1. The following paragraph describes the operation of the circuit in detail.

4-226. With no 1 mc signal input, the 1 mc divide-by-two circuit will not oscillate. When the 1 mc signal is applied through isolating resistor R4, the feedback winding of transformer T1, and coupling capacitor C4 to the base of 500 kc oscillator Q1, the transistor will be biased on. At this time, turning on transistor causes noise to be produced. Since trans-former T1 is tuned to 500 kc, the 500 kc portion of this noise will pass through transformer T1 and mix with the 1 mc signal, producing a 500 kc difference frequency. This difference will be amplified by 500 kc amplifier Q1 and again applied to transformer T1, thereby sustaining oscillations. Resistor R2 is the base bias resistor. Resistor R1 is the emitter resistor, which is rf bypassed by capacitor C1. Resistor R3 and capacitors C2 and C3 provide decoupling for 500 kc amplifier Q1. The 500 kc output is taken from the secondary of transformer T1 and applied to the 500 kc gates in **Receiver Mode Selector Electronic Assembly** A2A1 and, 100 kc spectrum generator circuit A2A6A5A1.

4-227. 1 MC DIVIDE-BY-TWO, TEST DATA.

4-228. Pertinent references and applicable test data for the 1 mc divide-by-two circuit are as follows:

a. Radio Receiver R-1051/URR, Main Frame, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-1.



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b. Frequency Standard Electronic Assembly, Servicing Block Diagram, Figure 4-56.

c. Frequency Standard Electronic Assembly, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-5.

d. Refer to paragraph 2-25 in Technical Manual for Repair of AN/WRC-1 and R-1051/ URR 2N Modules, NAVSHIPS 95700, for 1 mc divide-by-two adjustment procedures.

e. Required Test Equipment:

(1) Electronic Multimeter, CCVO-91CA.

(2) Multimeter, AN/PSM-4.

(3) RF Signal Generator, CAQI-606A.

(4) Frequency Standard Test Set, TS-2134/WRC-1.

f. 5 MC Multiplier, Dividers and Comparator, Component and Test-Point Location, Figure 5-62.

4-229. 100 KC SPECTRUM GENERATOR, FUNCTIONAL CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION.

4-230. The 100 kc spectrum generator (figure 4-31) consists of a trigger amplifier (Q1), a divide-by-five multivibrator (Q2 and Q3), a gate amplifier (Q4), a keyed oscillator (Q5), an amplifier (Q6), and a double tuned filter (L5 and T2). This circuit, which forms a part of Spectrum Generator Electronic Subassembly A2A6A5, produces a spectrum of frequencies between 15.3 and 16.2 mc. These frequencies are applied to 10.747 mc mixer A2A6A2A2 to produce the 10.747 mc reference frequency used for error cancellation in the 100 kc mixing frequency scheme. This circuit also provides the 100 kc trigger pulses to 10 kc spectrum generator A2A6A5A2. The following paragraphs describe the operation of the 100 kc spectrum generator in detail.

4-231. The input to the 100 kc spectrum generator is the 500 kc sinusoidal output of 1 mc divide-by-two circuit A2A5A1. This signal is applied to auto-transformer L2, where it is stepped up and in turn coupled to the base of trigger amplifier Q1 by capacitor C3. A positive 20 vdc is applied to the 100 kc spectrum generator in all modes of operation from main frame power supply A2A8. The positive 20 vdc is regulated to 10 vdc by Zener diode CR1, which draws enough current, in addition to the

current drawn by the load, to maintain a 10 vdc drop across R1. This regulated 10 vdc is used to provide a stable supply for trigger amplifier Q1 and multivibrator Q2, Q3. The negative halves of the 500 kc signal applied to the base of trigger amplifier Q1 are of sufficient magnitude to drive it into saturation. Thus, the collector of trigger amplifier Q1 is switched between zero (non-conducting) and 9.0 vdc (saturated). The small drop (1 volt) is caused by the small forward resistance of the diode and the collector-to-emitter resistance of the transistor. Diode CR2 provides temperature compensation for trigger amplifier Q1 and aids in the shaping of the positive output triggers. Resistor R2 is the base-return resistor, providing a discharge path for coupling capacitor C3. The output pulses from trigger amplifier Q1 are developed across resistor R3 and are differentiated by capacitor C4 together with the input impedance of divide-by-five multivibrator Q2, Q3. This results in a series of positive and negative triggers to multivibrator Q2, Q3 at a 500 kc repetition rate.

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4-232. Divide-by-five multivibrator Q2, Q3 is an astable multivibrator, which is locked at a 500 kc rate. The following is a detailed discussion of multivibrator Q2, Q3 (see Timing Diagram, Figure 4-32). Multivibrator Q2, Q3 is free running until locked by the 500 kc input trigger pulses from trigger amplifier Q1. Assume that a positive trigger pulse is applied to the base of transistor Q2, and that transistors Q2 and Q3 are both cut off. The collector of transistor Q2 and the base of transistor Q3 are both at the voltage supply level (10 vdc) at this time. When the input pulse causes transistor Q2 to conduct, a voltage drop is developed across resistor R6, decreasing the voltage at the base of transistor Q3. Since the emitter of transistor Q3 is essentially at the supply voltage level (when it is cutoff), transistor Q3 becomes forward-biased and begins to conduct. Conduction causes the collector of transistor Q3 togo from 0 volts' (no conduction) to approximately 9 volts. The 1 volt drop from the 10 vdc supply voltage level is caused by the small forward drop of diode CR3 and the collector-to-emitter drop of transistor Q3. The base voltage divider for transistor Q2 (R4, R5, R7) now has the 9 vdc (collector voltage of transistor Q3) at one end and the 10 vdc supply voltage at the other end. This causes transistor Q2 to become saturated. Therefore, transistors Q2 and Q3 are now both in saturation. Capacitor C6 now charges through two paths. One path is through transistor Q2 and resistors R4,

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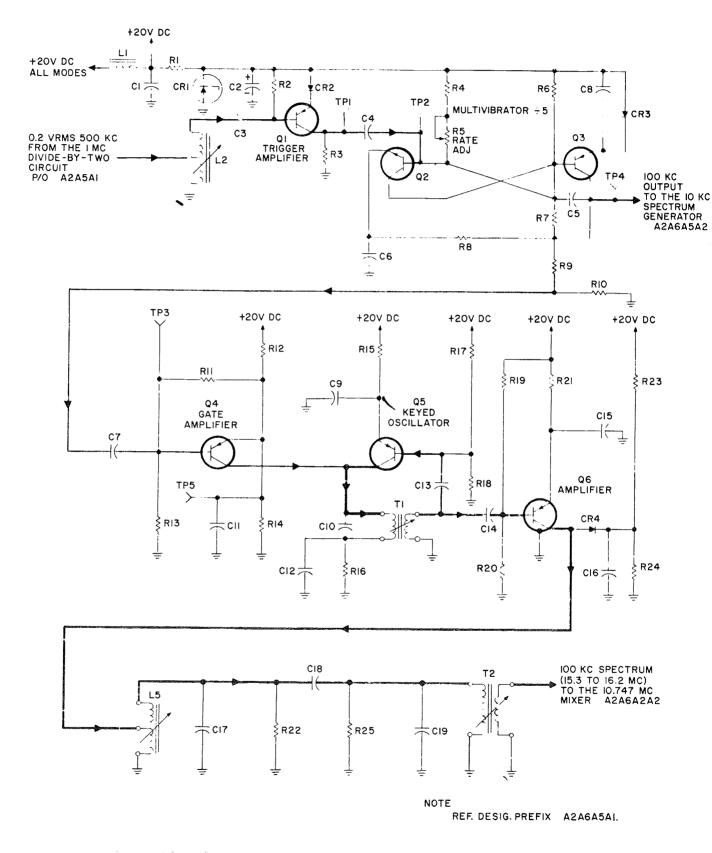


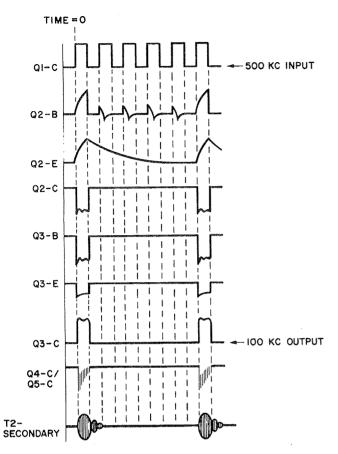
Figure 4-31. 100 KC Spectrum Generator, Simplified Schematic Diagram

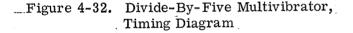
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R5, and R6. The other path is through resistor R8, transistor Q3, and diode CR3. As capacitor C6 charges, the emitter voltage of transistor Q2 increases, resulting in a decrease of forward-bias on transistor Q2. This reduces the collector current of transistor Q2, resulting in a decreased drop across resistor R6. Therefore, the base voltage on transistor Q3 will start to go positive, resulting in a decrease of its forward-bias. The collector current for transistor Q3 then begins to decrease as the forward-bias decreases. Therefore, the collector voltage of transistor Q3 begins to decrease, increasing the voltage across the base voltage divider of transistor Q2. This reduces the forward-bias of transistor Q2 even more. This regeneration brings transistors Q2 and Q3 out of saturation and continues until they are both cut off. Capacitor C6 now starts to discharge through resistors R10, R9, and R8. During this discharge period, the positive and negative trigger pulses are still applied to the base of transistor Q2, but are not of sufficient amplitude to forward-bias and turn on transistor $\bar{Q2}$. When transistors

sistor Q2 is determined by voltage divider R4, R5, R7, R9, R10. The emitter voltage of transistor Q2 is the charge on capacitor C6. Therefore, capacitor C6 must discharge to such a level that a positive trigger pulse applied to the base of transistor Q2 increases the base voltage beyond the emitter voltage, before transistor Q2 can again be forward-biased into conduction. The time constant of the RC network, C6, R8, R9, and R10, is fixed such that resistor R5 can adjust the bias on transistor Q2 to a level which allows every sixth positive trigger pulse, after the initial trigger pulse, to turn transistor Q2 on. When this occurs, the collector voltage on transistor Q2 will again drop, and the regeneration process described above will be repeated. Thus, the process of regeneration occurs before the natural period has been completed and is triggered by every sixth positive trigger pulse on the base of transistor Q2. This results in an output (collector of transistor Q3) that is exactly one-fifth of the input trigger pulse rate. The 100 kc signal present on the collector of transistor Q3 is applied to the 10 kc spectrum generator. Capacitor C8 prevents any degeneration that may be introduced by the small forward resistance of diode CR3. Capacitor C5 speeds up the application of the pulses from the collector of transistor Q3 to the base of transistor Q2. The 100 kc output signal from multivibrator Q2, Q3, which is developed across voltage divider R9, R10, is coupled to the base of gate amplifier Q4 by capacitor C7.

Q2 and Q3 are cut off, the base bias of tran-

4-233. During the off time of multivibrator Q2, Q3, gate amplifier Q4 is forward-biased to saturation. Forward-bias voltage for gate amplifier Q4 is developed by voltage dividers R12, R14 and R12, R11, R13 from the positive 20 vdc supplied. Capacitor C11 is the emitter by pass capacitor. When gate amplifier Q4 conducts, the base is at approximately 10.1 vdc and the emitter is at approximately 10.3 vdc: the drop is caused by the small emitter-tobase resistance. With gate amplifier Q4 in saturation, the tank circuit (capacitor C10 and the primary of transformer T1) of keyed oscillator Q5 will be heavily loaded by the small collectorto-emitter resistance of gate amplifier Q4, preventing regeneration. When a positive pulse is coupled to the base of gate amplifier Q4, the transistor is reverse-biased and cut off for the duration of the pulse. This removes the load from the tank circuit of keyed oscillator Q5, permitting it to oscillate at its natural frequency. Resistor R16 limits the current

flow through gate amplifier Q4 during saturation.

4-234. Bias voltage for oscillator Q5 is developed by voltage divider R17, R18 and emitter resistor R15 from the positive 20 vdc supplied. Capacitor C9 is the emitter bypass capacitor. When the load created by the conduction of gate amplifier Q4 is removed from the tank circuit of keyed oscillator Q5, the tank circuit will produce a sinusoidal burst of frequencies 0.8 microseconds in duration. This results in a spectrum of frequencies centered around the free running frequency of keyed oscillator Q5. The desired spectrum consists of ten spectrum points, which are below the free running (center) frequency of keyed oscillator Q5 and are separated by the 100 kc keying rate. The secondary of transformer T1 and capacitor C13 provide the required feedback path for keyed oscillator Q5, so that the necessary loop gain can be developed to sustain oscillations. Capacitor C12 is an rf bypass, for resistor R16, at the output frequency of keyed oscillator Q5.

4-235. The spectrum output from the tank circuit is coupled to the base of amplifier Q6 by capacitor C14. Operating voltage for amplifier Q6 is developed by voltage divider R19, R20 and emitter resistor R21 from the positive 20 vdc supplied. The output of amplifier Q6 is limited by diode CR4. The amount of limiting is adjusted by selecting the value of resistor R24. Resistor R23 and R24 form a voltage divider that develops the cathode bias on limiter CR4. Capacitors C15 and C16 are bypass capacitors. The output of amplifier Q6 is developed across a tuned circuit consisting of capacitor C17 and inductor L5. Resistor R22 increases the bandwidth of the tuned circuit and ensures uniformity. The output from tuned circuit L5, C17 is coupled by capacitor C18 to another tuned circuit consisting of capacitor C19 and the primary of transformer T2. Resistor R25 increases the bandwidth of this tuned circuit. The passband of these two tuned filters is sufficient to pass the desired 15.3 to 16.2 mc spectrum, but has sufficient selectivity to eliminate all the undesired harmonics and products produced by keyed oscillator Q5. The output from the 100 kc spectrum generator is coupled to 10.747 mc mixer A2A6A2A2.

4-236. 100 KC SPECTRUM GENERATOR, TEST DATA.

4-237. Pertinent references and applicable test data for the 100 kc spectrum generator are as follows:

a. Radio Receiver R-1051/URR, Main Frame, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-1.

b. Spectrum Generator Electronic Subassembly, Servicing Block Diagram, Figure 4-57.

c. Spectrum Generator Electronic Subassembly, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-10.

d. 100 KC Spectrum Generator, Component and Test-Point Location, Figure 5-96.

(e) Required Test Equipment:

(1) RF Signal Generator, CAQI-606A.

(2) Oscilloscope, AN/USM-105A.

(3) Electronic Multimeter, CCV0-91CA.

(4) Multimeter, AN/PSM-4.

(5) Translator/Synthesizer Test Set, TS-2133/WRC-1.

(f) Refer to paragraph 3-26 in Technical Manual for Repair of AN/WRC-1 and R-1051/ URR 2N Modules, NAVSHIPS 95700, for 100 kc spectrum generator adjustment procedures.

4-238. 10.747 MC MIXER, FUNCTIONAL CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION.

4-239. The 10.747 mc mixer (figure 4-33) consists of an isolation amplifier (Q2), a mixer (Q1), and a 10.747 mc crystal filter (FL1). These circuits, which form a part of 100 KC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly A2A6A2, produce a 10.747 mc output at a level suitable for use in 17.847/27.847 mc mixer A2A6A2A3. The following paragraphs describe the operation of the 10.747 mc mixer in detail.

4-240. The 4.553 to 5.453 mc output from the 4.553 to 5.453 mc oscillator is coupled to the emitter of isolation amplifier Q2 by capacitor C7. Operating voltage for isolation amplifier Q2 is developed by voltage divider R4, R5 and emitter resistor R7 from the positive 20 vdc supply line. Resistor R6 and capacitor C6 provide decoupling to prevent any interaction with other circuits connected to the positive 20 vdc supply line. Capacitor C3 is an rf bypass capacitor. Isolation amplifier Q2 is a groundedbase amplifier, which prevents the spectrum frequencies and mixer products of mixer Q1 from being fed back into the hi-band/lo-band

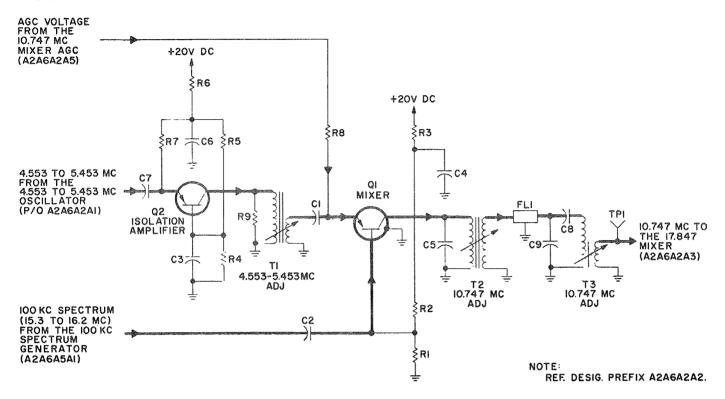


Figure 4-33. 10.747 MC Mixer, Simplified Schematic Diagram

mixer/amplifier circuits via the 4.553 to 5.453 mc oscillator circuits. The output of isolation amplifier Q2 is developed across the primary of transformer T1. Resistor R9 is used to ensure uniformity of the signal developed across transformer T1.

4-241. The 4.553 to 5.453 mc output from isolation amplifier Q2 is coupled to the emitter of mixer Q1 by capacitor C1. The 100 kc spectrum (15.3 to 16.2 mc) from the 100 kc spectrum generator is coupled to the base of mixer Q1 by capacitor C2. Base bias for mixer Q1 is developed by voltage divider R1, R2 from the positive 20 vdc supply line. Resistor R3 and capacitor C4 provide decoupling to prevent any interaction with the other circuits connected to the positive 20 vdc supply line. The emitter bias for mixer Q1 is developed from the output of the 10.747 mc mixer agc circuit by emitter resistor R8. The agc voltage is a variable voltage that controls the amount of forward-biasing, and thereby, the gain of mixer Q1. The output of the 4.553 to 5.453 mc oscillator is mixed with each of the ten spectrum points applied by the 100 kc spectrum generator. The resulting mixer products are developed across a tuned circuit consisting of capacitor C5 and the primary of transformer T2. This circuit is tuned to

10.747 mc, the desired mixer product. Transformer T2 couples the output from mixer Q1 to filter FL1. Filter FL1 is a crystal lattice filter tuned to 10.747 mc to eliminate all other mixing products. The 10.747 mc output from filter FL1 is developed across the tuned circuit consisting of capacitors C8 and C9 and the primary of transformer T3. The output from the 10.747 mc mixer circuit is coupled to 17.847/27.847 mc mixer A2A6A2A3 by transformer T3.

4-242. 10.747 MC MIXER, TEST DATA.

4-243. Pertinent references and applicable test data for the 10.747 mc mixer are as follows:

a. Radio Receiver R-1051/URR, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-1.

b. 100 KC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly, Servicing Block Diagram, Figure 4-60.

c. 100 KC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-7.

d. 10.747 MC Mixer, Component and Test-Point Location, Figure 5-78.

- e. Required Test Equipment:
 - (1) RF Signal Generator, CAQI-606A.
 - (2) Electronic Multimeter, CCV0-91CA.
 - (3) Oscilloscope, AN/USM-105A.
 - (4) Multimeter, AN/PSM-4

(5) Translator/Synthesizer Test Set, TS-2133/WRC-1.

f. Refer to paragraph 3-32 in Technical Manual for Repair of AN/WRC-1 and R-1051/ URR 2N Modules, NAVSHIPS 95700, for 10.747 mc mixer adjustment procedures.

4-244. 10.747 MC MIXER AGC, FUNCTION-AL CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION.

4-245. The 10.747 mc mixer agc circuit (figure 4-34) consists of two agc amplifiers (Q2 and Q3), and detector (Q4). These circuits, which form a part of 100 KC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly A2A6A2, produce an agc voltage which is used to control the gain of mixer Q1 in 10.747 mc mixer A2A6A2A2. These circuits are used in all modes of operation. The following paragraphs describe the operation of the 10.747 mc mixer agc circuit in detail.

4-246. The 22.4 to 23.3 mc or 32.4 to 33.3 mc output from the hi-band/lo-band mixer/ amplifier is coupled to the base of agc amplifier Q2 by capacitor C4. Bias voltage for agc amplifier Q2 is developed by voltage divider R4, R5 from the positive 20 vdc supply line. Inductor L2 is a peaking coil which compensates high frequency roll -off, and provides a uniform output for both the hi- and lo-band mixing frequencies. Resistor R7 develops enough degeneration to flatten the frequency response and provide stability. Resistor R8 is the emitter resistor, which is rf bypassed by capacitor C6. The output of agc amplifier Q2 is developed across resistor R6 and inductor L2, and is coupled to the base of agc amplifier Q3 by capacitor C7.

4-247. Bias voltage for agc amplifier Q3 is developed by voltage divider R9, R10 from the positive 20 vdc supply line. Resistors R12 and R13 develop degeneration for increased stability and for controlling the agc loop gain. The gain of agc amplifier Q3 is set by adjusting potentiometer R13. Resistor R14 is the emitter resistor, which is rf bypassed by capacitor C9. The output of agc amplifier Q3 is developed across resistor R11 and is coupled to the base of detector Q4 by capacitor C8.

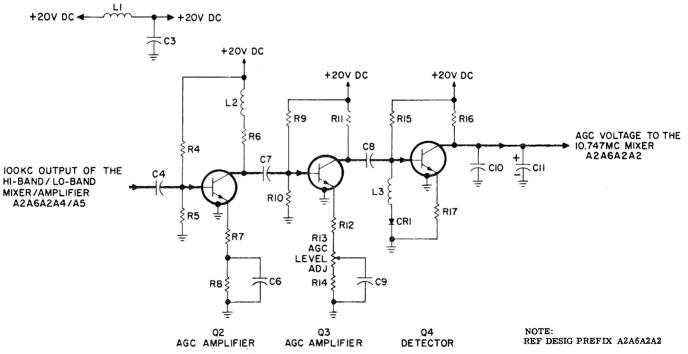


Figure 4-34. 10.747 MC Mixer AGC, Simplified Schematic Diagram

4-248. Bias voltage for detector Q4 is developed by resistor R15, inductor L3, and diode CR1 from the positive 20 vdc supply line. Inductor L3 provides a high input impedance and a low dc resistance to the ac signal. This prevents loading the output of agc amplifier Q3. Diode CR1 is used to compensate for temperature variations in the base-to-emitter circuit of detector Q4. Resistor R17 provides a small amount of degeneration to improve the stability of detector Q4. With no signal applied, detector Q4 is non-conducting. The positive portions of the applied signal forwardbias the base-to-emitter diode of detector Q4, causing current to flow. Capacitor C11 starts to charge to the 20 vdc when there is no collector current in detector Q4. When collector current starts to flow, the collector voltage drops, causing capacitors C10 and C11 to discharge through transistor Q4. Once the output of agc amplifier Q3 reaches a steady state, each input cycle sustains the charge on capacitors C10 and C11, preventing fluctuations in the dc output voltage. Since this circuit forms a closed loop with all the other circuits of the 100 KC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly, the gain of all circuits will reach a steady state condition, thus maintaining a constant output from detector Q4, and a constant output from the hi-band/lo-band mixer/amplifier A2A5A2A4/A5.

4-249. 10.747 MC MIXER AGC, TEST DATA.

4-250. Pertinent references and applicable test data for the 10.747 mc mixer are as follows:

a. Radio Receiver R-1051/URR, Main Frame, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-1.

b. 100 KC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly, Servicing Diagram, Figure 4-60.

c. 100 KC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-7.

d. 10.747 MC Mixer AGC, Component and Test-Point Location, Figure 5-80.

e. Required Test Equipment:

- (1) RF Signal Generator, CAQI-606A.
- (3) Multimeter, AN/PSM-4.
- (2) Oscilloscope, AN/USM-105A.

(4) Translator/Synthesizer Test Set, TS-2133/WRC-1.

f. Refer to paragraph 3-32 in Technical Manual for Repair of AN/WRC-1 and R-1051/ URR 2N Modules, NAVSHIPS 95700, for 10.747 mc mixer agc adjustment procedures.

4-251. 5 MC MULTIPLY-BY-TWO, FUNC-TIONAL CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION.

4-252. The 5 mc multiply-by-two circuit (figure 4-35) doubles the 5 mc input signal from switch A2A5S1 in the comparator circuit, for use in 17.847/27.847 mc mixer A2A6A2A3. This circuit consists of a 10 mc amplifier (Q4) and is part of Frequency Standard Electronic Assembly A2A5. The following paragraph describes the operation of this circuit in detail.

4-253. The 5 mc input signal, from the comparator circuit, is coupled to the base of 10 mc amplifier Q4 by capacitor C17. Bias for the base of 10 mc amplifier Q4 is provided by voltage divider R15, R16. Resistor R14 is the emitter resistor, which is rf bypassed by capacitor C15. The tuned output circuit, consisting of the primary of transformer T4 and capacitor C16, is tuned to 10 mc. Since this stage is biased so that the amplification is non-linear, the second harmonic (10 mc) of the 5 mc signal will be produced and amplified. The 10 mc signal is coupled through transformer T4 and applied to the 17.847/27.847 mc mixer.

4-254. 5 MC MULTIPLY-BY-TWO, TEST DATA.

4-255. Pertinent references and applicable test data for the 5 mc multiply-by-two circuit are as follows:

a. Radio Receiver R-1051/URR, Main Frame, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-1.

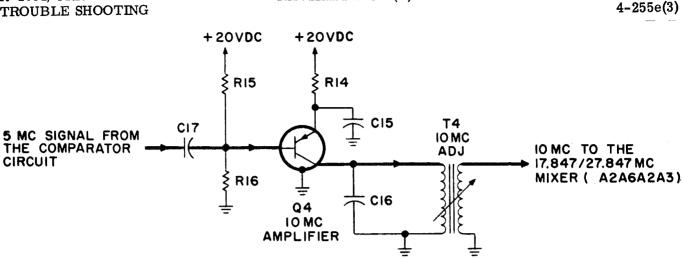
b. Frequency Standard Electronic Assembly, Servicing Block Diagram, Figure 4-56.

c. Frequency Standard Electronic Assembly, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-5.

d. Refer to paragraph 2-25 in Technical Manual for Repair of AN/WRC-1 and R-1051/ URR 2N Modules, NAVSHIPS 95700, for 5 mc multiply-by-two adjustment procedures.

e. Required Test Equipment:

- (1) Electronic Multimeter, CCVO-91CA.
- (2) Multimeter, AN/PSM-4.



NOTE: **REF. DESIG. PREFIX** A2A5A1.

Paragraph

Figure 4-35. 5 MC Multiply-By-Two, Simplified Schematic Diagram

(3) RF Signal Generator, CAQI-606A.

(4) Frequency Standard Test Set, TS-2134/WRC-1.

f. 5 MC Multiplier, Divider and Comparator, Component and Test-Point Location, Figure 5-61.

4-256. 17.847/27.847 MC MIXER, FUNC-TIONAL CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION.

4-257. The 17.847/27.847 mc mixer (figure 4-36) consists of two mixers (Q1 and Q2), a gating circuit (CR1, CR3), a 17.847 mc filter (Y1), and a 27.847 mc filter (Y2). These circuits, which form a part of 100 KC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly A2A6A2, produce either a 17.847 mc or 27.847 mc frequency for use in the mixing circuits of the hi-band/lo-band mixer/amplifier. These circuits are used in all modes of operation. The following paragraphs describe the operation of the 17.847/27.847 mc mixer in detail.

4-258. The 7.1 mc output from the 7.1 mc mixer is coupled to the emitter of mixer Q1 by capacitor C5. The 10.747 mc output from 10.747 mc mixer A2A6A4A1 is coupled to the base of mixer Q1 by capacitor C1. Operating voltage for mixer Q1 is developed by voltage divider R1, R2 and emitter resistor R4 from the positive 20 vdc supply line. Resistor R3 and capacitor C6 provide decoupling to prevent interaction with the other circuits connected to the 20 vdc supply line. Resistor R16 is the

terminating resistor for the 7.1 mc input signal. Mixer Q1 mixes the two input signals and develops the resulting mixing products across the tuned circuit consisting of capacitor C7 and the primary of transformer T1. The circuit is tuned to 17.747 mc, the desired additive product.

4-259. The output of mixer Q1 is coupled to a crystal filter consisting of transformers T1 and T2, capacitors C8 and C9, and crystal Y1. Crystal Y1 is series resonant at 17.847 mc to pass the desired additive mixing product. Since the crystal can also be parallel resonated with its own shunt capacitance, capacitor C8 and the bottom half of transformer T2 primary are adjusted to cancel the effect of this shunt capacitance. The output of the filter is coupled to the hi-band/lo-band mixer/amplifier (when the lo-band of mixing frequencies is required) and to the base of mixer Q2 (when the hi-band of mixing frequencies is required) by transformer T2. Resistor R5 is the termination for the crystal filter.

4-260. The 10 mc signal from the 5 mc multiply-by-two circuit (P/O A2A5A1) is coupled to the anode of diode CR1 by capacitor C15. Zener diode CR2 regulates the positive 20 vdc to 10 vdc by drawing enough current, in addition to the load current, to maintain a 10 vdc drop across resistor R12. The regulated 10 vdc is applied to the cathode of diode CR3 and to the anode of diode CR1 through isolating resistor R11. When the lo-band output from the hiband/lo-band mixer/amplifier is required, 20

vdc is applied to resistors R6, R10 and R14. Voltage divider R6, R7, which biases the base of mixer Q2, then has 20 vdc applied to both ends. Thus, mixer Q2 is biased off when the lo-band of frequencies is being used. The loband positive 20 vdc is also applied through resistor R10 to the cathode of diode CR1. Therefore, when the lo-band of frequencies is being used, diode CR1 is back-biased and blocks the 10 mc signal. The lo-band positive 20 vdc is also applied to the anode of diode CR3 through resistor R14. Therefore, diode CR3 is forward-biased and conducts the 10 mc signal through coupling capacitor C16 to 51 ohm load resistor R13. Therefore, resistor R13 loads the 10 mc signal when the lo-band mixing frequencies are required.

4-261. When the hi-band mixing frequencies are required, a ground is applied to resistors R14, R10, and R6. The ground is applied through isolating resistors R14 and R10 to diodes CR3 and CR1, respectively. This backbiases diode CR3 and forward-biases diode CR1. When diode CR1 is forward-biased, it conducts the 10 mc signal through coupling capacitor C13 to the emitter of mixer Q2.

4-262. Operating voltage for mixer Q2 is developed by voltage divider R6, R7 and emitter resistor R9 from the positive 20 vdc supply line. Resistor R8 and capacitor C11 provide decoupling to prevent interaction with other circuits connected to the positive 20 vdc supply line. Capacitor C12 is the emitter bypass capacitor. The 17.847 mc output from the crystal filter is coupled to the base of mixer Q2 by capacitor 10. The 17.847 mc and 10 mc signals are mixed, and the resulting products are developed across the tuned circuit consisting of capacitor C18 and the primary of transformer T3. This circuit is tuned to 27.847 mc, the desired additive mixer product. Transformer T3 couples the output of mixer Q2 to a crystal filter consisting of crystal Y2, transformers T3 and T4, and capacitors C19, and C20, which have the same functions as the corresponding components in the 17.847 mc crystal filter. Resistor is the termination impedance for the crystal filter. The output of this crystal filter is coupled to the hi-band/lo-band mixer/ amplifier by transformer T4.

4-264. Pertinent references and applicable test

data for the 17.847/27.847 mc mixer are as follows:

a. Radio Receiver R-1051/URR, Main Frame, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-1.

b. 100 KC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly, Servicing Block Diagram, Figure 4 - 60.

c. 100 KC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-7.

d. 17.847/27.847 MC Mixer, Component and Test-Point Location, Figure 5-72.

e. Required Test Equipment:

- (1) RF Signal Generator, CAQI-606A.
- (2) Electronic Multimeter, CCVO-91CA.
- (3) Frequency Meter, CAQI-S24D.
- (4) Multimeter, AN/PSM-4.

(5) Translator/Synthesizer Test Set, TS-2133/WRC-1.

f. Refer to paragraph 3-32 in Technical Manual for Repair of AN/WRC-1 and R-1051/ URR 2N Modules, NAVSHIPS 95700, for 17.847/27.847 mc adjustment procedures.

4-265. 10 KC SPECTRUM GENERATOR, FUNCTIONAL CIRCUIT DESCRIP-TION.

4-266. The 10 kc spectrum generator (figure 4-37) consists of a divide-by-two multivibrator (Q1, Q2), a divide-by-five multivibrator (Q3, Q4), a gate amplifier (Q5), and a keyed oscillator (Q6). These circuits, which form a part of Spectrum Generator Electronic Subassembly A2A6A5, produce a spectrum of frequencies between 3.82 and 3.91 mc. This spectrum is applied to the 9.07 mc error mixer, which is part of A2A6A3A4, to produce the reference frequencies used in the error cancelling scheme. These circuits also provide the 10 kc trigger pulses to the 1 kc spectrum generator. The 10 kc spectrum generator is used in all modes of operation. The following paragraphs describe the operation of the 10 kc spectrum generator in detail.

4-267. The input to the 10 kc spectrum gen-4-263. 17.847/27.847 MC MIXER, TEST DATA. erator is the 100 kc pulsed output of the 100 kc spectrum generator. A positive 20 vdc is applied to the 10 kc spectrum generator in all modes of operation by main frame power supply NAVSHIPS 94841(A)

R-1051/URR TROUBLE SHOOTING

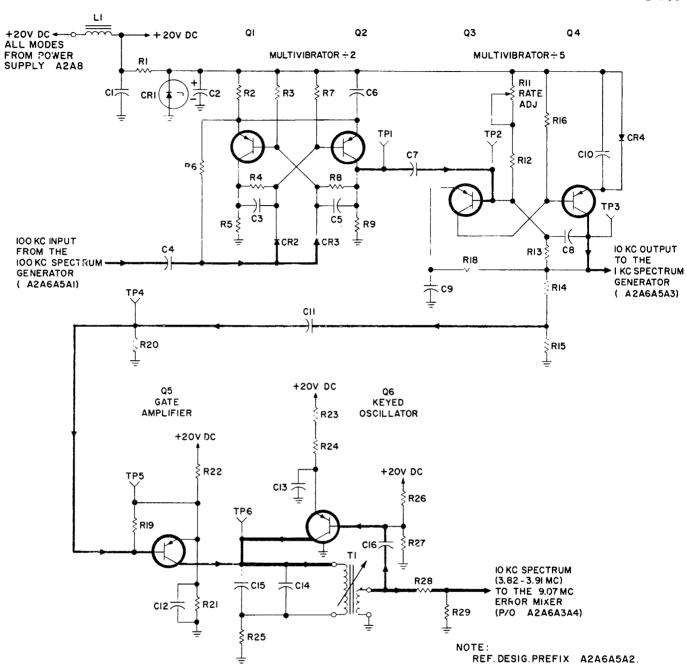


Figure 4-37. 10 KC Spectrum Generator, Simplified Schematic Diagram

A2A8. The positive 20 vdc is regulated to 10 vdc by Zener diode CR1, which draws enough current, in addition to the current drawn by the load, to maintain a 10 vdc drop across resistor R1. The regulated 10 vdc is the stable supply voltage for divide-by-two multivibrator Q1, Q2 and divide-by-five multivibrator Q3, Q4.

4-268. Divide-by-two multivibrator Q1, Q2 is a conventional bistable multivibrator, producing one output pulse for every two input pulses. The 100 kc input pulses are differentiated by capacitor C4 and the input impedance of multivibrator Q1, Q2. The resulting positive triggers are directed to the saturated transistor of the divideby-two multivibrator Q1, Q2 by steering diodes CR2 and CR3. This cuts off the saturated transistor and starts the process of regeneration. Resistor R6 references the anodes of steering diodes CR2 and CR3 to the same potential as the emitters of transistors Q1 and Q2, and provides the return path for capacitor C4.

4-269. The output of divide-by-two multivibrator Q1, Q2 is a square wave at a 50 kc re-

petition rate. This signal is differentiated by capacitor C7 and the input impedance of divideby-five multivibrator Q3, Q4. The resulting positive pulses are used to trigger divide-byfive multivibrator Q3, Q4. Divide-by-five multivibrator Q3, Q4 is identical to divide-byfive multivibrator Q2, Q3 in the 100 kc spectrum generator (refer to paragraph 4-232). except for the time constants. The 10 kc output signal from divide-by-five multivibrator Q3, Q4 is applied directly to the 1 kc spectrum generator. The 10 kc output signal is also divided by resistors R14 and R15 and coupled to the base of gate amplifier Q5 by capacitor C11. Gate amplifier $\overline{Q5}$ is identical to gate amplifier Q4 in the 100 kc spectrum generator (refer to paragraph 4-233). Gate amplifier Q5 turns keyed oscillator Q6 on and off at a 10 kc repetition rate. Keyed oscillator Q6 is identical to keyed oscillator Q5 in the 100 kc spectrum generator (refer to paragraph 4-234). The output of keyed oscillator Q6 is a sinusoidal burst of frequencies about 0.7 microseconds in duration, repeated at a 10 kc rate. The spectrum of frequencies thus produced is 3.82 to 3.91 mc; the spectrum points are separated by 10 kc. The output of keyed oscillator Q6 is divided by resistors R28 and R29, and applied to the 9.07 mc error mixer which is part of A2A6A3A4.

4-270. 10 KC SPECTRUM GENERATOR, TEST DATA.

4-271. Pertinent references and applicable test data for the 10 kc spectrum generator are as follows:

a. Radio Receiver R-1051/URR, Main Frame, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-1.

b. Spectrum Generator Electronic Subassembly, Servicing Block Diagram, Figure 4-57.

c. Spectrum Generator Electronic Subassembly, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-10.

d. 10 KC Spectrum Generator, Component and Test-Point Location, Figure 5-97.

e. Required Test Equipment:

- (1) RF Signal Generator, CAQI-606A.
- (2) Electronic Multimeter, CCVO-91CA.
- (3) Oscilloscope, AN/USM-105A.

(4) Frequency Meter, CAQI-524D.

(5) Multimeter, AN/PSM-4.

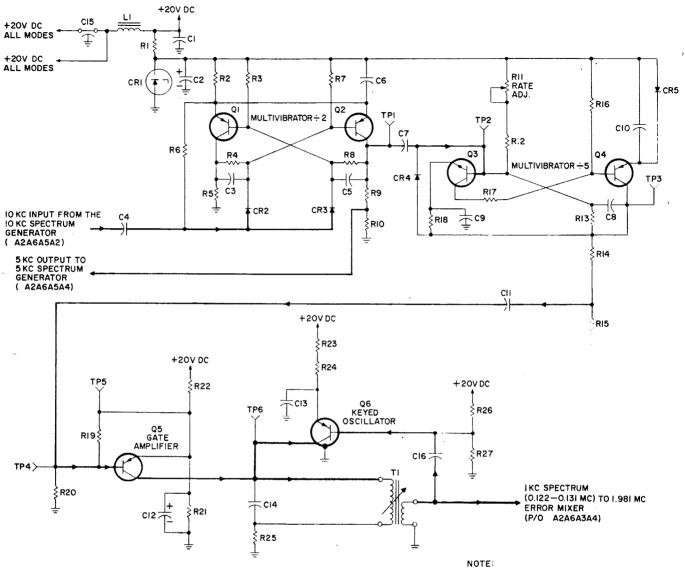
(6) Translator/Synthesizer Test Set, TS-2133/WRC-1.

f. Refer to paragraph 3-26 in Technical Manual for Repair of AN/WRC-1 and R-1051/ URR 2N Modules, NAVSHIPS 95700, for 10 kc spectrum generator adjustment procedure.

4-272. 1 KC SPECTRUM GENERATOR, FUNCTIONAL CIRCUIT DESCRIP-TION.

4-273. The 1 kc spectrum generator (figure 4-38) consists of a divide-by-two multivibrator (Q1, Q2), a divide-by-five multivibrator (Q3, Q4), a gate amplifier (Q5), and a keyed oscillator (Q6). These circuits, which form a part of the Spectrum Generator Electronic Subassembly A2A6A5, produce a spectrum of frequencies between 0.122 and 0.131 mc. This spectrum is applied to the 1.981 mc error mixer, which is part of A2A6A3A4, to produce the reference frequencies used in error cancellation. These circuits also provide the 5 kc trigger frequency to the 5 kc spectrum generator. The 1 kc spectrum generator is used in all modes of operation. The following paragraphs describe the operation of the 1 kc spectrum generator in detail.

4-274. The input to the 1 kc spectrum generator is the 10 kc pulsed output of the 10 kc spectrum generator. This input signal is differentiated by capacitor C4 and the input impedance of divide-by-two multivibrator Q1, Q2. The resulting positive pulses trigger divide-by-two multivibrator Q1, Q2. Divideby-two multivibrator Q1, Q2 is identical to divide-by-two multivibrator Q1, Q2 in the 10 kc spectrum generator (refer to paragraph 4-268), except for the additional output. The 5 kc pulsed output of the divide-by-two multivibrator is divided by voltage divider R9, R10 and applied to the 5 kc spectrum generator as trigger pulses. The 5 kc pulsed output of the divide-by-two multivibrator is also differentiated by capacitor C7 and the input impedance of divide-by-five multivibrator Q3, Q4. Diode CR4 provides a fast turn-on time for transistor Q3 and holds transistor Q3 in saturation during its conductive period. Divide-by-five multivibrator Q3, Q4 is identical to divide-byfive multivibrator Q3, Q4 in the 100 kc spectrum generator (refer to paragraph 4-232),



REF. DESIG. PREFIX A2A6A5A3.

Figure 4-38. 1 KC Spectrum Generator, Simplified Schematic Diagram

except for the time constants. The 1 kc pulsed output of divide-by-five multivibrator Q3, Q4 is coupled to the base of gate amplifier Q5. Gate amplifier Q5 is identical to gate amplifier Q4 in the 100 kc spectrum generator (refer to paragraph 4-233). Gate amplifier Q5 turns keyed oscillator Q6 on and off at a 1 kc repetition rate. Keyed oscillator Q6 is identical to keyed oscillator Q5 in the 100 kc spectrum generator (see paragraph 4-234). The output of keyed oscillator Q6 is a sinusoidal burst of frequencies about 10 microseconds in duration, repeated at a 1 kc rate. The spectrum of frequencies thus produced is 0.122 to 0.131 mc; the spectrum points are separated by 1 kc. 4-275. 1 KC SPECTRUM GENERATOR, TEST DATA.

4-276. Pertinent references and applicable test data for the 1 kc spectrum generator are as follows:

a. Radio Receiver R-1051/URR, Main Frame, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-1.

b. Spectrum Generator Electronic Subassembly, Servicing Block Diagram, Figure 4-57.

c. Spectrum Generator Electronic Subassemly, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-10.

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d. 1 KC Spectrum Generator, Component and Test-Point Location, Figure 5-98.

e. Required Test Equipment:

(1) RF Signal Generator, CAQI-606A.

(2) Electronic Multimeter, CCVO-91CA.

(3) Oscilloscope, AN/USM-105A.

(4) Frequency Meter, CAQI-524D.

(5) Multimeter, AN/PSM-4.

(6) Translator/Synthesizer Test Set, TS-2133/WRC-1.

f. Refer to paragraph 3-26 in Technical Manual for Repair of AN/WRC-1 and R-1051/ URR 2N Modules, NAVSHIPS 95700, for 1 kc spectrum generator adjustment procedures.

4-277. 1.981 MC ERROR MIXER, FUNC-TIONAL CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION.

4-278. The 1.981 mc error mixer (figure
4-39) consists of an isolation amplifier (Q7), a mixer (Q10), and a 1.981 mc filter (FL2). These circuits, which form a part of the 1 and 10 KC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly
A2A6A3, mix the output signal from the 1.850 to 1.859 mc oscillator with one of the 1 kc spectrum points to produce the 1.981 mc product signal used in the 7.089 mc mixer. The following paragraph describes the operation of the 1.981 mc error mixer in detail.

4-279. The signal from the 1.850 to 1.859 mc oscillator is coupled through capacitor C30 to the emitter of isolation amplifier Q7. The grounded base configuration of isolation amplifier Q7 provides a high reverse attenuation to the spectrum and mixer products present in mixer Q10. Base bias is provided by voltage divider R29, R27. Resistor R12 and capacitor C13 provide decoupling for isolation amplifier Q7. Capacitor C29 is used to provide ac ground to the base of isolation amplifier Q7. The output of isolation amplifier Q7 is applied to inductor L4, which provides the impedance transformation necessary to drive mixer Q10. Resistor R26 is used to ensure uniformity of the signal developed across inductor L4. The output of inductor L4 is coupled through capacitor C43 to the base of mixer Q10. The 1 kc spectrum is coupled through capacitor C44 to the emitter of mixer Q10. Base bias is provided by voltage divider R44, R42. Resistor R12 and capacitor C13 provide decoupling. The mixing products at the collector of mixer Q10 are applied to crystal filter FL2 where all the products except the sum, 1.981 mc. are attenuated. Resistor R41 and capacitor C9 form the input termination of crystal filter FL2. Capacitor C8 forms a part of the output termination of crystal filter FL2. The output of crystal filter FL2 is applied to the 7.089 mc mixer.

4-280. 1.981 MC ERROR MIXER, TEST DATA.

4-281. Pertinent references and applicable test data for the 1.981 mc error mixer are as follows:

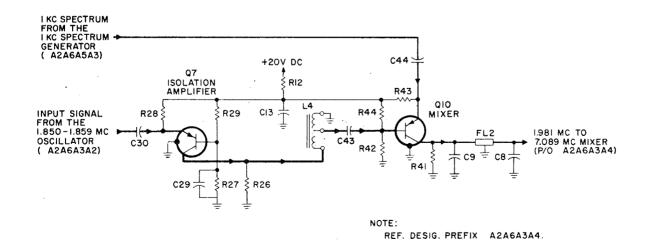


Figure 4-39. 1.981 MC Error Mixer, Simplified Schematic Diagram

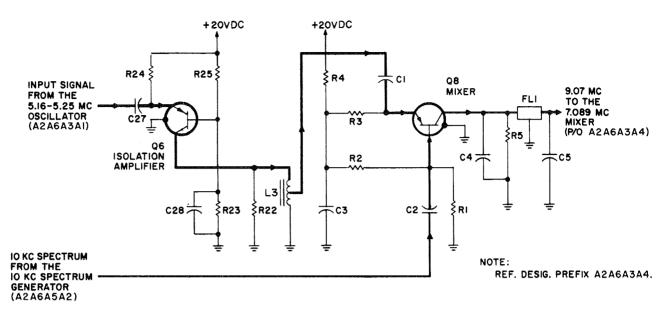


Figure 4-40. 9.07 MC Error Mixer, Simplified Schematic Diagram

a. Radio Receiver R-1051/URR, Main Frame, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-1.

b. 1 and 10 kc Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly, Servicing Block Diagram, Figure 4-59.

c. 1 and 10 kc Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-8.

d. 7.089 mc Mixer, Component and Test-Point Location, 5-84.

e. Required Test Equipment:

(1) RF Signal Generator, CAQI-606A.

(2) Electronic Multimeter, CCVO-91CA.

(3) Frequency Meter, CAQI-524D.

(4) Multimeter, AN/PSM-4.

(5) Translator/Synthesizer Test Set, TS-2133/WRC-1.

4-282. 9.07 MC ERROR MIXER, FUNCTIONAL CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION.

4-283. The 9.07 mc error mixer (figure 4-40) consists of an isolation amplifier (Q6), a mixer (Q8), and a 9.07 mc filter (FL1). These circuits, which form a part of the 1 and 10 KC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly A2A6A3, mix the output signal from the 5.16 to 5.25 mc oscillator with one of the 10 kc spectrum points

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to produce the 9.07 mc product signal used in the 7.089 mc mixer. This circuit is identical, except for a few component values, to the 1.981 mc error mixer. Refer to paragraph 4-279 for details of circuit operation.

4-284. 9.07 MC ERROR MIXER, TEST DATA.

4-285. Pertinent references and applicable test data for the 9.07 mc error mixer are as follows:

a. Radio Receiver R-1051/URR, Main Frame, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-1.

b. 1 and 10 KC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly, Servicing Block Diagram, Figure 4-59.

c. 1 and 10 KC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-8.

d. 7.089 mc Mixer, Component and Test-Point Location, Figure 5-84.

e. Required Test Equipment:

(1) RF Signal Generator, CAQI-606A.

(2) Electronic Multimeter, CCVO-91CA.

(3) Frequency Meter, CAQI-524D.

(4) Multimeter, AN/PSM-4.

(5) Translator/Synthesizer Test Set, TS-2133/WRC-1.

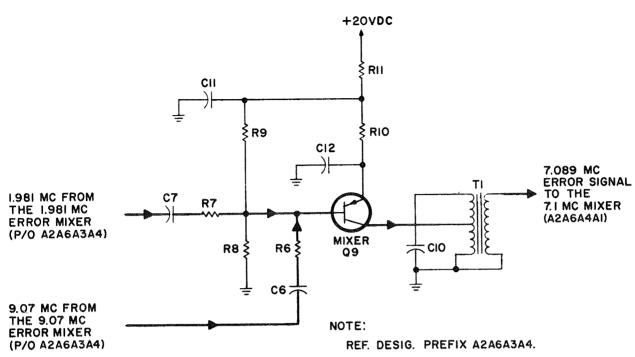


Figure 4-41. 7.089 MC Mixer, Simplified Schematic Diagram

4-286. 7.089 MC MIXER, FUNCTIONAL CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION.

4-287. The 7.089 mc mixer circuit (figure 4-41), which forms a part of 1 and 10 KC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly A2A6A3, mixes the 1.981 mc signal from the 1.981 mc error mixer with the 9.07 mc signal from the 9.07 mc error mixer. This circuit, which consists of mixer Q9, produces the 7.089 mc error signal used in the 7.1 mc.mixer of 500 CPS Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly A2A6A4. The following paragraph describes the operation of the circuit in detail.

4-288. The 1.981 mc signal is coupled through capacitor C7 and isolating resistor R7 to the base of mixer Q9. The 9.07 mc signal is coupled through capacitor C6 and isolating resistor R6 to the base of mixer Q9. Since the outputs of the 1.981 mc error mixer and the 9.07 mc error mixer are combined at the base of mixer Q9, the output termination for the respective filters is located in the 7.089 mc mixer. This termination consists of resistors R6 and R7, capacitors C5, C6, C7, and C8, the input impedance of mixer Q9, and the output impedance of the respective filters. Base bias for mixer Q9 is provided by voltage divider R9, R8. Resistor R11 and capacitor C11 provide decoupling for mixer Q9. The output circuit of mixer Q9 is a tuned circuit consisting of capacitor C10 and transformer T1, and is tuned to 7.089 mc. Therefore, all mixing products except the difference frequency, 7.089 mc, will be attenuated by the output circuit of mixer Q9. The 7.089 mc signal is coupled through transformer T1 to the 7.1 mc mixer circuit in 500 CPS Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly A2A6A4.

4-289. 7.089 MC ERROR MIXER, TEST DATA.

4-290. Pertinent references and applicable test data for the 7.089 mixer are as follows:

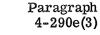
a. Radio Receiver R-1051/URR, Main Frame, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-1.

b. 1 and 10 kc Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly, Servicing Block Diagram, Figure 4-59.

c. 1 and 10 kc Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-8.

d. 7.089 mc Mixer Component and Test-Point Location, Figure 5-84.

- e. Required Test Equipment:
 - (1) RF Signal Generator, CAQI-606A.
 - (2) Electronic Multimeter, CCVO-91CA.



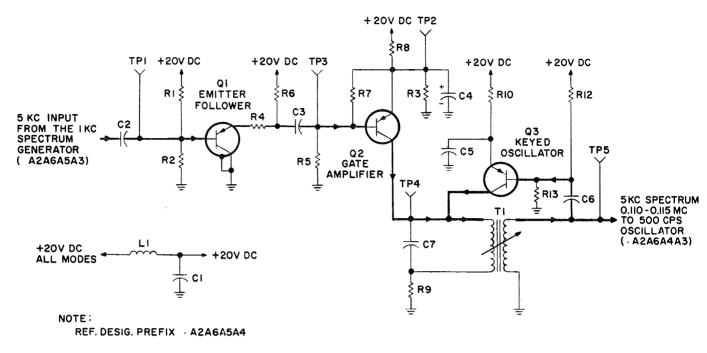


Figure 4-42. 5 KC Spectrum Generator, Simplified Schematic Diagram

(3) Frequency Meter, CAQI-524D.

(4) Multimeter, AN/PSM-4.

(5) Translator/Synthesizer Test Set, TS-2133/WRC-1.

f. Refer to paragraph 3-28 in Technical Manual for Repair of AN/WRC-1 and R-1051/ URR 2N Modules, NAVSHIPS 95700, for 7.089 mc error mixer adjustment procedures.

4-291. 5 KC SPECTRUM GENERATOR, FUNCTIONAL CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION.

4-292. The 5 kc spectrum generator (figure 4-42) consists of an emitter follower (Q1), a gate amplifier (Q2), and a keyed oscillator (Q3). These circuits, which form a part of Spectrum Generator Electronic Subassembly A2A6A5, produce a frequency spectrum at 0.110 mc and 0.115 mc. These spectra are supplied to 500 cps oscillator A2A6A4A3 for use in the automatic phase lock loop. The 5 kc spectrum generator is used in all modes of operation. The following paragraph describes in detail the operation of the 5 kc spectrum generator.

4-293. The input to the 5 kc spectrum generator is the 5 kc pulsed output of the 1 kc spectrum generator. This input signal is coupled to the base of emitter follower Q1. Bias voltage for emitter follower Q1 is developed by voltage divider R1, R2 and emitter resistors R4 and R6 from the positive 20 vdc supplied by main frame power supply A2A8. Emitter follower Q1 prevents loading the multivibrator in 1 kc spectrum generator A2A6A5A3, and provides a low impedance source for gate amplifier Q2. The output of emitter follower Q1 is coupled to the base of gate amplifier Q2 by capacitor C3. Gate amplifier Q2 is identical to gate amplifier Q4 in the 100 kc spectrum generator (refer to paragraph 4-234). Gate amplifier Q2 turns keyed oscillator Q3 on and off at a 5 kc repetition rate. Keyed oscillator Q3 is identical to keyed oscillator Q5 in the 100 kc spectrum generator (refer to paragraph 4-235). The output of keyed oscillator Q3 is a sinusoidal burst of frequencies 100 microseconds in duration, repeated at a 5 kc rate. The desired spectra of frequencies thus produced are 0.110 mc and 0.115 mc. The output of keyed oscillator Q3 is applied to 500 CPS Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly A2A6A4.

4-294. 5 KC SPECTRUM GENERATOR, TEST DATA.

4-295. Pertinent references and applicable test data for the 5 kc spectrum generator are as follows:

a. Radio Receiver R-1051/URR, Main Frame, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-1.

Paragraph 4-295b

b. Spectrum Generator Electronic Subassembly, Servicing Block Diagram, Figure 4-57.

c. Spectrum Generator Electronic Subassembly, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-10.

d. 5 KC Spectrum Generator, Component and Test-Point Location, Figure 5-99.

e. Required Test Equipment:

(1) RF Signal Generator, CAQI-606A.

(2) Electronic Multimeter, CCV0-91CA.

(3) Oscilloscope, AN/USM-105A.

(4) Frequency Meter, CAQI-524D.

(5) Multimeter, AN/PSM-4.

(6) Translator/Synthesizer Test Set, TS-2133/WRC-1.

f. Refer to paragraph 3-26 in Technical Manual for Repair of AN/WRC-1 and R-1051/ URR 2N Modules, NAVSHIPS 95700, for 5 kc spectrum generator adjustment procedures.

4-296. 500 CPS OSCILLATOR, FUNCTIONAL CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION.

4-297. The 500 cps oscillator (figure 4-43) consists of a Clapp oscillator (Q1, Q2), three emitter followers (Q3, Q5 and Q6), two amplifiers (Q4 and Q7), and a phase detector (CR8, CR9 and T1). The 500 cps oscillator, which forms a part of 500 CPS Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly A2A6A4, produces either a locked 110 or 115 kc signal, or an unlocked 108 to 122 kc signal for driving divide-by-ten multivibrators A2A6A4A2. These circuits are used in all modes of operation. The following paragraphs describe the operation of 500 cps oscillator in detail.

4-298. The positive 20 vdc supply voltage for all circuits of the 500 cps oscillator circuits is produced by main frame Power Supply A2A8 and is applied directly to these circuits. Zener diode CR1 regulates this 20 vdc to 15 vdc, for use in the circuit by drawing enough current, in addition to the load current, to maintain a 5 vdc drop across resistor R1. Capacitors C2 and C3 filter the regulated 15 vdc output of Zener diode CR1.

4-299. Oscillator Q1, Q2 is a Clapp oscillator, the tank circuit of which consists of capacitors C4, C5, C7, C8, C9, C10, C11; inductor L4; and voltage variable capacitors CR2, CR3, and CR4. Voltage variable capacitors (VVC) CR2 and CR3 are the main tuning elements of oscillator Q1, Q2. Capacitor C10 is selected to adjust the initial frequency of oscillator Q1, Q2. Required pulling range for the phase lock loop is provided by VVC CR4. Capacitor C9 compensates for the non-linear tuning characteristics of VVC CR4. Capacitor C11 has a negative temperature coefficient to compensate for temperature changes in oscillator Q1, Q2. The parallel and series combination of these capacitances results in a single variable capacity, which is designated C'. For the purpose of ready recognition, the simplified ac circuit equivalent to oscillator Q1, Q2 can now be drawn as illustrated in figure 4-44. It can now be readily seen that capacitors C4, C5, C7, C8, C' and inductor L4 compose the parallel-resonant tank circuit for oscillator Q1, Q2.

4-300. The regulated 15 vdc supplied by Zener diode CR1 is filtered by A2A6A4A1L1, A2A6A4A1C1 and applied to voltage divider A2A11R4, A2A11R5, A2A11R3 located on the main frame through contacts 3 or 4 and 5 of switch A2S6. The voltage developed across the voltage divider is tapped in one of two places, depending on the setting of CPS switch A2S6. When the CPS switch is in the 000 position, the voltage applied through contacts 2 and 5, filter L5, C12, and isolating resistor R12 sets the capacity of VVC CR2 and VVC CR3 to such value as to cause the output of oscillator Q1, Q2 to be approximately 110 kc if the phase lock loop is open, and exactly 110 kc if the phase lock loop is closed. When the CPS switch is in the 500 position, the voltage applied through contacts 3 and 5, filter L5, C12, and isolating resistor R12 sets the capacity of VVC CR2 and VVC CR3 to such value as to cause the output of oscillator Q1, Q2 to be 115 kc. Filter L5, C12 removes any spurious ac signals present on the 15 vdc line. Resistor A2A11R3 establishes the lower reference point for the 000 and 500 positions of the CPS switch. When the CPS switch is in the VERNIER position, the voltage applied to VVC CR2 and VVC CR3 can be adjusted by VERNIER control A2R7, allowing the output of oscillator Q1, Q2 to be varied from 108 to 122 kc. Resistor A2A11R1 establishes the lower reference point for VERNIER control A2R7.

The 15 vdc applied through contacts 6 and 5 of switch A2S6 establishes the upper reference point (122 kc) for VERNIER control A2R7. Resistor A2A11R2 isolates the vernier network from the 000 - 500 network. When the CPS switch is in the VERNIER position, VERNIER indicator A2DS5 flashes. Capacitor A2A11C1 charges through resistor A2A11R6 until the charge causes A2DS5 to fire. When A2DS5 fires, capacitor A2A11C1 discharges through A2A11R7 until A2DS5 is extinguished. Capacitor A2A11C1 will then charge again, and the process is repeated until the CPS switch is placed in some other position.

4-301. When operating voltage is applied to oscillator Q1, Q2, the oscillator will produce an approximate output corresponding to the setting of the CPS switch. Resistors R2 and R6 compose the voltage divider that develops the base-bias for transistor Q1. Resistors R5, R3 and R4 are the emitter resistors for transistors Q1 and Q2. Inductors L2 and L3 provide a ground path for the dc voltages and a high impedance for the ac voltages. Capacitor C6 is a dc blocking capacitor. The output of oscillator Q1, Q2 is limited by diodes CR5 and CR6. The negativegoing limit for the signal is established by the anode bias, which is developed by voltage divider R7, R8, RT1, minus the forward drop across diode CR6. The positive-going limit for the signal is established by the cathode bias, which is developed by voltage divider R9, R10, plus the forward drop across diode CR5. Therefore, the peak-to-peak amplitude of the signal is limited by the two established dc reference levels. The bias on diodes CR5 and CR6 is nearly equal at room temperature. As the temperature of the circuit varies, the forward drop of diodes CR5 and CR6 varies. Without compensation, this would result in variations in the output signal amplitude. Thermistor RT1 varies the anode bias of diode CR6 according to the temperature changes. Therefore, the negative-going limit for the signal is shifted so that the difference between the two dc references 1s constant. This insures that the amplitude of the signal does not vary with changes in temperature.

4-302. The output of oscillator Q1, Q2 is applied directly to the base of emitter follower Q3, which in turn develops the signal across resistor R13. Emitter follower Q3 provides isolation for oscillator Q1, Q2, preventing succeeding stages from adversely loading the

01.02 C 10 **C**8 **C**7 R3 CA OUTPUT 4 R4 C5 L2

Figure 4-44. 500 CPS Oscillator. AC Equivalent Circuit, Schematic Diagram

oscillator. The output of emitter follower Q3 is coupled to the base of amplifier Q4 by capacitor C14. Bias voltage for amplifier Q4 is developed by voltage divider R14, R15. A small amount of degeneration is developed by unbypassed emitter resistor R17 in order to increase the stability of amplifier Q4. The amplified output of amplifier Q4 is applied directly to the base of emitter follower Q6, which develops the signal across resistor R26. Emitter follower Q6 provides a low impedance source for the divide-by-ten multivibrators. The output of emitter follower Q6 is coupled to the divide-by-ten multivibrators by capacitor C23.

4-303. The output of amplifier Q4 is also applied to the base of emitter follower Q5. Potentiometer R16 establishes the signal level at the base of emitter follower Q5 and also serves as a voltage divider for developing the base-bias, thereby setting the gain of the phase lock loop. Emitter follower Q5 provides a low impedance source for phase detector circuit CR8, CR9, and T1. When the CPS switch is in the 000 or 500 position, a ground potential is applied through filter L6, C16 to resistor R20. Therefore, diode CR7 is forward-biased, allowing the signals developed Capacitors C13 and C25 are rf bypass capacitors. across resistor R19, by emitter follower Q5, to pass. This signal is coupled to the center tapped secondary of transformer T1 by capacitor C17. When the CPS switch is in the VERNIER position, 20 vdc is applied through filter L6, C16 and resistor R20 to the cathode of diode CR7. The back-biased diode then blocks the oscillator output.

4-304. The 5 kc spectrum output of the 5 kc spectrum generator is coupled to the base of amplifier Q7 by capacitor C24. Operating voltage for amplifier Q7 is developed by voltage divider R29, R30 and emitter resistor R27, R28 from the positive 20 vdc supply. A small amount of degeneration is developed by resistor R28 and is used to increase the stability of amplifier Q7. The output of amplifier Q7 is developed across the primary of transformer T1. Resistor R31 ensures that a uniform signal is developed across the primary of transformer T1.

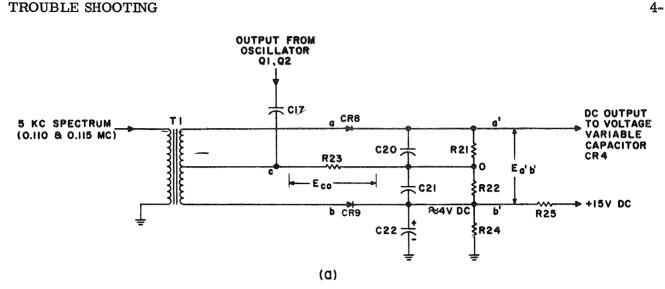
4-305. The phase detector circuit compares the output of oscillator Q1. Q2 with the 5 kc spectrum reference frequency when the CPS switch is in the 000 or 500 position. If a difference exists between the two, the output of the phase detector circuit will be an ac function that varies about the circuit dc reference. This ac function will vary the capacity of VVC CR4, and thus will sweep the oscillator. As the oscillator output sweeps through the reference frequency, the output frequency of the phase detector will decrease with each sweep and eventually go to zero. The output of the phase detector will then be a dc level, which locks the output of the oscillator to the frequency standard. Whenever the oscillator begins to drift, the phase difference will be detected by the phase detector, which will shift the dc potential applied to VVC CR4 accordingly. Thus the phase detector holds the oscillator on frequency.

4-306. The phase detector circuit is referenced at a dc potential, which is developed by voltage divider R25, R24. This dc reference. the voltage across resistor R24, is applied to the cathode of diode CR9. Since there is no other dc path in the phase detector circuit, this level references the output, at the cathode of diode CR8, to the same dc potential. Capacitor C22 serves as a bypass for resistor R24. The output of oscillator Q1, Q2 is developed across resistor R23. The 5 kc spectrum output of amplifier Q7 is induced into the secondary of transformer T1. The secondary of transformer T1 provides a balanced output from amplifier Q7, and also forms a part of the phase detector circuit. Each half of the balanced output is composed of a diode (CR8 or CR9), a resistor (R21 or R22), and capacitor (C21 or C20) with a common path through resistor R23. The center-tapped secondary of transformer T1 is the common path for all signals. Since the output of transformer T1 is

balanced, the net dc current through resistor R23 is zero, and, in the absence of an oscillator signal, the net voltage from the cathode of diode CR8 to the cathode of diode CR9 is also zero. With an oscillator signal present, this net voltage will remain about zero, unless the oscillator frequency is nearly coincident with the 5 kc spectrum reference frequency. When the oscillator and 5 kc spectrum frequencies are nearly coincident, the net output voltage across resistors R21 and R22 will no longer be zero. This net voltage will now be a function that varies with time and that has a frequency equal to the difference between the oscillator frequency and the 5 kc spectrum frequency. In order for oscillator Q1, Q2 to be locked, the difference between the oscillator frequency and the 5 kc spectrum reference frequency must be zero.

4-307. Assume that the output of the oscillator is 110.4 kc and that the desired oscillator output is 110 kc. The 5 kc spectrum contains the two spectrum points 110 kc and 115 kc. The 110.4 kc and 115 kc signals are not coincident enough to materially change the net voltage between diodes CR8 and CR9. However, the 110.4 kc signal is in close coincidence with the 110 kc spectrum point. This causes a 400 cps ac output from the phase detector circuit. The ac output of the phase detector varies the capacity of VVC CR4 by varying the applied voltage above and below the dc reference, and thus sweeps the oscillator at 400 cps. Since the loop is closed, the phase detector output, or sweep frequency, will decrease with time as the oscillator output frequency decreases as a result of being swept. After this sweep frequency has been decreased to a frequency within the pull-in range of the oscillator, the oscillator will pull-in and lock at the desired 110 kc. At this time, the output from phase detector CR8 and CR9 is the dc reference level. If the phase of the oscillator begins to drift, the phase difference will be detected by the phase detector circuit, and the dc output will be shifted to correct the oscillator frequency. The network of inductor L7 and capacitor C19 filters the output of the phase detector circuit.

4-308. A vector diagram of the phase detector circuit will clarify its operation. Consider, first, the series circuit composed of R23, C21, and C22, across which the output of oscillator Q1, Q2 is developed (figure 4-45a). At frequencies near 110 kc, the reactance of capacitor C21 is approximately 145 ohms, and



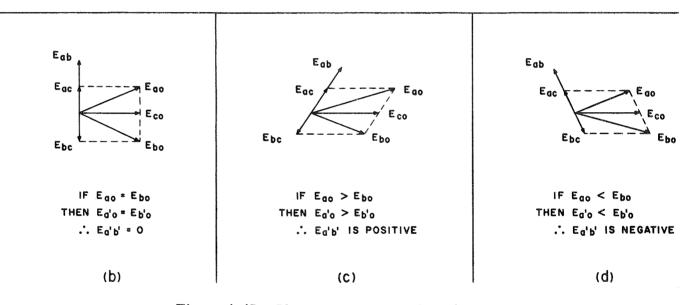


Figure 4-45. Phase Detector, Vector Diagram

the reactance of capacitor C22 is approximately 0.65 ohms. Therefore, nearly all the signal from oscillator Q1, Q2 is developed across resistor R23. Next, consider the situation when the oscillator frequency equals the 110 kc spectrum point. The potentials E_{a0} and E_{b0} then have amplitudes and phases somewhat as illustrated in figure 4-45b. Since $E_{a0} = E_{b0}$, then $E_{a'0} = E_{b'0}$; therefore $E_{a'b'} = 0$. When the phase difference between the oscillator frequency and the 110 kc spectrum point is positive (oscillator output greater than the

spectrum point), E_{a0} and E_{b0} will have amplitude and phases as illustrated in figure 4-45c. Since $E_{a0} > E_{b0}$, then $E_{a'0} > E_{b'0}$; therefore, $E_{a'b'}$ is positive. When the phase difference between the oscillator and the 110 kc spectrum point, is negative (oscillator output less than the spectrum point, E_{a0} and E_{b0} will have amplitudes and phases as illustrated in figure 4-45d. Since $E_{a0} < E_{b0}$, then $E_{a'0} < E_{b'0}$; $E_{a'b'}$ is negative. The preceding discussion also holds true if the desired output of the oscillator is 115 kc.

R-1051/URR

Paragraph 4-308

4-309. 500 KC OSCILLATOR, TEST DATA.

4-310. Pertinent references and applicable test data for the 500 cps oscillator are as follows:

a. Radio Receiver R-1051/URR, Main Frame, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-1.

b. 500 CPS Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly, Servicing Block Diagram, Figure 4-58.

c. 500 CPS Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-9.

d. 500 CPS Oscillator, Component and Test-point Location, Figure 5-92.

e. Receiver 500 CPS Control, Components Location, Figure 5-19.

f. Required Test Equipment:

(1) Frequency Meter, CAQI-524D.

(2) Oscilloscope, AN/USM-105A.

(3) Heterodyne Voltmeter, Bruel and Kjaer, 2005.

(4) Multimeter, AN/PSM-4.

(5) Translator/Synthesizer Test Set, TS-2133/WRC-1.

g. Refer to paragraph 3-30 in Technical Manual for Repair of AN/WRC-1 and R-1051/ URR 2N Modules, NAVSHIPS 95700, for 500 cps oscillator adjustment procedures.

4-311. DIVIDE-BY-TEN MULTIVIBRATORS, FUNCTIONAL CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION.

4-312. The divide-by-ten multivibrators circuit (figure 4-46) consists of a shaping amplifier (Q9), a divide-by-five circuit (Q1, Q2, Q3, Q4, Q5, Q6), and a divide-by-two circuit (Q7, Q8). These circuits, which form a part of 500 CPS Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly A2A6A4, divide the locked 110 kc or 115 kc, or the unlocked 108 to 122 kc output from 500 cps oscillator A2A6A4A3 by ten. The result of the division is the locked 11 kc or 11.5 kc, or the unlocked 10.8 to 12.2 kc signal required for mixing in 7.1 mc mixer A2A6A4A1. These circuits are used in all modes of operation. The following paragraphs describe the operation of the divide-by-ten multivibrators in detail.

4-313. The operation voltage for the divideby-ten multivibrators is the positive 10 vdc output from Zener diode CR1. Zener diode CR1 regulates the positive 20 vdc output from main frame power supply A2A8 to 10 vdc by drawing enough current, in addition to the current drawn by the load, to maintain a 10 vdc drop across resistor R1. Capacitor C1 and inductor L1 filter the 20 vdc input to Zener diode CR1, and capacitor C2 filters the positive 10 vdc output of Zener diode CR1.

4-314. The sinusoidal output from the 500 cps oscillator is the input signal for the divide-byten multivibrators. This signal is coupled to the base of shaping amplifier Q9 by capacitor C3. Resistors R3, R4, and R6 form a resistive network which develops the operating voltages for shaping amplifier Q9. In the absence of a signal input, diode CR2 holds amplifier Q9 at cut-off. As a result, a small input signal overdrives shaping amplifier Q9. Diode CR2 clamps the positive portions of the input signal. Resistor R2 provides isolation for the input signal, and capacitor C4 reduces the transistor storage time, thus increasing the switching speed. Because of the clamping action of diode CR2, the negative portions of the input signal will drive shaper amplifier Q9 into saturation. The resulting negative-going pulses are inverted by shaping amplifier Q9, and are developed across resistor R5. These positive pulses are coupled to steering diodes CR3 and CR4 by capacitor C6.

4-315. Transistors Q1, Q2, Q3, Q4, Q5 and Q6 compose three conventional bistable multivibrators, which are connected in a configuration employing a feedback loop to divide the input signal by five. Bistable multivibrator Q7, Q8 divides the output from this circuit by two. Refer to figure 4-47 and table 4-1 during the following discussion.

4-316. Assume that transistors Q1 through Q8 are in the condition shown by the start condition line of table 4-1. The first input pulse from shaping amplifier Q9 is differentiated by capacitor C6 and the input impedance of multivibrator Q1, Q2. The resulting positive trigger pulse switches transistor Q2 to cutoff and transistor Q1 to saturation, producing a negative pulse at the collector of transistor Q2. This pulse is differentiated by capacitor C10 and the input impedance of multivibrator Q3,

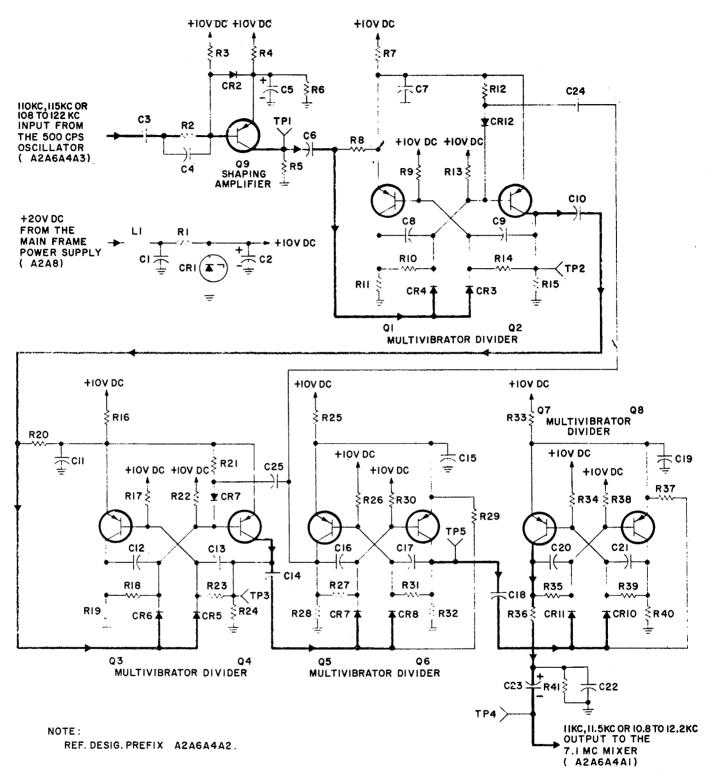


Figure 4-46. Divide-By-Ten Multivibrators, Simplified Schematic Diagram

Q4. This back-biases steering diodes CR5 and CR6, preventing an input to multivibrator Q3, Q4. Therefore, the remaining transistors of the divide-by-ten multivibrators circuit do

not change condition (pulse 1 line of table 4-1). The second input pulse to multivibrator Q1, Q2 is differentiated, and the resulting positive trigger pulse switches transistor Q1 to cutoff

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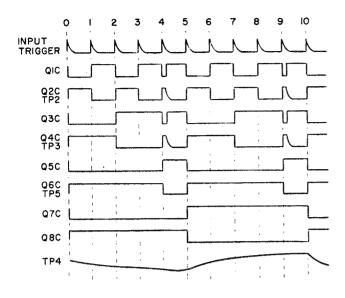


Figure 4-47. Divide-By-Ten Multivibrators, Timing Diagram

and transistor Q2 back into saturation, producing a postive pulse on the collector of transistor Q2. This pulse is differentiated, producing a positive trigger pulse, which switches transistor Q4 to cutoff and transistor Q3 to saturation. The negative pulse on the collector of transistor Q4 is differentiated by capacitor C14 and the input impedance of multivibrator Q5, Q6. This back-biases steering diodes CR8 and CR9. Therefore, the remaining transistors of the divide-by-ten multivibrators do not change condition (pulse 2 line of table 4-1). The third input pulse to multivibrator Q1, Q2 switches transistor Q2 to cutoff and transistor Q1 to saturation, producing another negative pulse on the collector of transistor Q2. Therefore, there is no further change in the remaining transistors of the divide-by-ten multivibrators (pulse 3 line of table 4-1). The fourth input pulse to multivibrator Q1, Q2 switches transistor Q1 to cutoff and transistor Q2 to saturation. The positive pulse on the collector of transistor Q2 is differentiated, and the resulting positive trigger pulse switches transistor Q3 to cutoff and transistor Q4 to saturation. The positive pulse on the collector of transistor Q4 is differentiated, and the resulting positive trigger pulse switches transistor Q6 to cutoff and transistor Q5 to saturation. The negative pulse on the collector of transistor Q6 is differentiated by capacitor C18 and the input impedance of multivibrator Q7, Q8. This back-biases steering diodes CR10 and CR11. Therefore, transistors Q7 and Q8 do not change condition (pulse 4 line of table 4-1). As noted above, when the fourth

input pulse is applied to the multivibrator Q1, Q2, transistor Q5 is switched to saturation. The positive pulse on the collector of transistor Q5 is differentiated by capacitor C25 and the input impedance of multivibrator Q3, Q4. The resulting positive trigger pulse is applied through diode CR7 to the base of transistor Q4, switching transistor Q4 to cutoff and transistor Q3 to saturation. The positive going pulse on the collector of transistor Q5 is also differentiated by capacitor C24 and the input impedance of multivibrator Q1, Q2. The resulting positive trigger pulse is applied through diode CR12 to the base of transistor Q2, switching transistor Q2 to cutoff and transistor Q1 to saturation. Transistors Q1 through Q8 are now in the conditions shown in the feedback line of table 4-1. The fifth pulse applied to multivibrator Q1, Q2, causes changes in all four of the multivibrators as shown in the pulse 5 line of table 4-1. As shown in table 4-1, transistors Q1 through Q6 are now in the same condition they were in prior to the application of the first input pulse. Thus, the input signal is divided by five by transistors Q1 through Q6. The sixth, seventh, eighth, and ninth input pulses to multivibrator Q1, Q2 cause the same changes in circuit conditions for transistors Q1 through Q6 as previously explained (pulse 6, 7, 8, 9, and feedback lines of table 4-1). The tenth input pulse to multivibrator Q1, Q2, like the fifth input pulse, switches transistors Q1 through Q6 back to the starting position. The positive pulse on the collector of transistor Q6 is differentiated; the resulting positive trigger pulse switches transistor Q7 to cutoff and transistor Q8 to saturation. Therefore, for every ten input pulses to multivibrator Q1, Q2; multivibrator Q7, Q8 produces one complete output cycle.

4-317. Resistors R36 and R41 and capacitor C22 serve as the collector load and also form an integrating network to integrate the square wave output at the collector of transistor Q7. The resulting sawtooth output of multivibrator Q7, Q8 is coupled to the 7.1 mc mixer by capacitor C23. Resistor R41 provides a d-c conduction path to ground for transistor Q7.

4-318. DIVIDE-BY-TEN MULTIVIBRATORS, TEST DATA.

4-319. Pertinent references and applicable test data for the divide-by-ten multivibrators are as follows:

a. Radio Receiver R-1051/URR, Main Frame, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-1.

NAVSHIPS 94841(A)

Paragraph 4-319b

PULSE NUMBER	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q 8
START CONDITION	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	ON
1	ON	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	ON
2	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	ON
3	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	ON
4	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	ON
FEEDBACK	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	ON
5	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	ON	OFF
6	ON	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	ON	OFF
7	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	OFF
8	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	OFF
9	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	ON	OFF
FEEDBACK	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	OFF
10	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	ON

TABLE 4-1. DIVIDE-BY-TEN MULTIVIBRATORS, TIMING CHART

ON - SATURATION

OFF - CUTOFF

b. 500 CPS Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly, Servicing Block Diagram, Figure 4-58.

c. 500 CPS Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-9.

d. Divide-By-Ten Multivibrators, Component and Test-Point Location, Figure 5-94.

e. Required Test Equipment:

(1) RF Signal Generator, CAQI-606A.

(2) Electronic Multimeter, CCVO-91CA.

(3) Frequency Meter, CAQI-524D.

(4) Multimeter, AN/PSM-4.

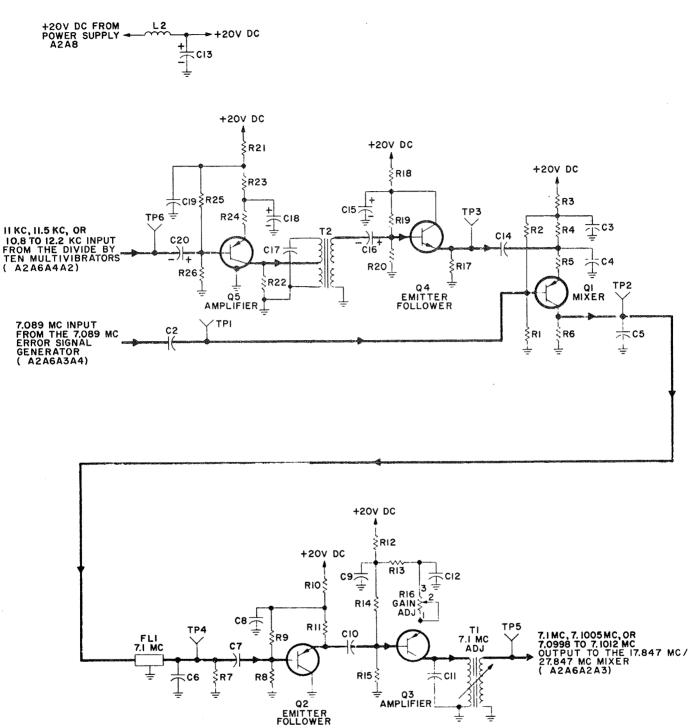
(5) Translator/Synthesizer Test Set TS-2133/WRC-1.

4-320. 7.1MC MIXER, FUNCTIONAL CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION.

4-321. The 7.1 mixer (figure 4-48) consists of two amplifiers (Q3 and Q5), a mixer (Q1), two emitter followers (Q2 and Q4), and a 7.1 mc crystal filter (FL1). These circuits, which form a part of 500 CPS Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly A2A6A4, mix the output from divide-by-ten multivibrators A2A6A4A2 with the 7.089 mc output from 7.089 mc mixer A2A6A3A4 to produce a nominal 7.1 mc output. The output level is suitable for use in 17.847/27.847 mc mixer A2A6A2A3. These circuits are used in all modes of operation. The following paragraphs describe the operation of the 7.1 mc mixer in detail.

4-322. The output from the divide-by-ten multivibrators is coupled to the base of amplifier Q5 by capacitor C20. Operating voltage





NOTE: REF. DESIG. PREFIX A2A6A4AI.

Figure 4-48. 7.1 MC Mixer, Simplified Schematic Diagram

for amplifier Q5 is developed by voltage divider R25, R26 and emitter resistors R23 and R24 from the positive 20 vdc supply line. Capacitor C19 and resistor R21 provide decoupling to prevent interaction with the other circuits connected to the positive 20 vdc supply line. Capacitor C18 is the emitter bypass capacitor of amplifier Q5. Unbypassed emitter resistor R24 provides degeneration to increase the stability of amplifier Q5. The amplified output signals from amplifier Q5 are developed across the fixed tuned circuit consisting of

capacitor C17 and the primary of transformer T2. Resistor R22 increases the bandwidth of transformer T2.

4-323. The sinusoidal output of amplifier Q5 is coupled to the base of emitter follower Q4 by capacitor C16. Operating voltage for emitter follower Q4 is developed by voltage divider R19, R20. Resistor R18 and capacitor C15 provide decoupling to prevent interaction with the other circuits connected to the positive 20 vdc supply line. Emitter follower Q4 provides a low impedance source for mixer Q1. The output of emitter follower Q4 is developed across resistor R17, and is coupled to the emitter of mixer Q1 by capacitor C14.

4-324. Operating voltage for mixer Q1 is developed by emitter resistor R4 and voltage divider R1, R2 from the positive 20 vdc supply line. Resistor R3 and capacitor C3 provide decoupling to prevent interaction with the other circuits connected to the positive 20 vdc supply line. Capacitor C4 is the emitter bypass capacitor. Because of the large difference in frequency between the two inputs, resistor R5 is used to develop a small amount of degeneration to increase the stability of mixer Q1. The 7.089 mc output from 7.089 mc mixer A2A6A3A4 is coupled to the base of mixer Q1 by capacitor C2. Transistor Q1 mixes the 10.8 to 12.2 kc signal with the 7.089 mc signal. The output signals are developed across resistor R6 and are applied to filter FL1. Filter FL1 is very selective, allowing only the nominal 7.1 mc signal to pass. Capacitor C5 and resistor R6, and capacitor C6 and resistor R7 form the input and output terminations, respectively, for crystal filter FL1. The output of filter FL1 is coupled to the base of emitter follower Q2 by capacitor C7.

4-325. Operating voltage for emitter follower Q2 is developed by voltage divider R8, R9 and emitter resistor R11 from the positive 20 vdc supply line. Resistor R10 and capacitor C8 provide decoupling to prevent interaction with the other circuits connected to the positive 20 vdc supply line. Emitter follower Q2 isolates filter FL1 to prevent it from being adversely loaded by amplifier Q3. The output from emitter follower Q2 is developed across resistor R11 and is coupled to the base of amplifier Q3 by capacitor C10.

4-326. Operating voltage for amplifier Q3 is developed by voltage divider R14, R15 and emitter resistor R13. Resistor R12 and

capacitor C9 provide decoupling to prevent interaction with the other circuits connected to the positive 20 vdc supply line. Capacitor C12 is the emitter bypass capacitor. The amount of gain provided by amplifier Q3 is controlled by adjusting the amount of degeneration developed by potentiometer R16. The output of amplifier Q3 is developed across the tuned circuit consisting of capacitor C11 and the primary of transformer T1, and is applied to 17.847/27.847 mc mixer A2A6A2A3.

4-327. 7.1 MC MIXER, TEST DATA.

4-328. Pertinent references and applicable test data for the 7.1 mc mixer are as follows:

a. Radio Receiver R-1051/URR, Main Frame, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-1.

b. 500 CPS Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly, Servicing Block Diagram, Figure 4-58.

c. 500 CPS Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-9.

d. 7.1 MC Mixer, Component and Test-Point Location, Figure 5-90.

- e. Required Test Equipment:
 - (1) RF Signal General, CAQI-606A.
 - (2) Electronic Multimeter CCVO-91CA.
 - (3) Frequency Meter CAQI-524D.
 - (4) Multimeter, AN/PSM-4.

(5) Translator/Synthesizer Test Set, TS-2133/WRC-1.

f. Refer to paragraph 3-30 in Technical Manual for Repair of AN/WRC-1 and R-1051/URR 2N Modules, NAVSHIPS 95700, for 7.1 mc mixer adjustment procedures.

4-329. POWER SUPPLY, FUNCTIONAL CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION.

4-330. The Power Supply (figure 4-49) consists of the +110 vdc supply, the +28 vdc supply, the -30 vdc supply, and the regulated +20 vdc supply. These circuits, which form a part of the Receiver Main Frame A2, supply operating power to all the circuits of the R-1051/URR. The following paragraphs de-

scribe the operation of the power supply in detail.

4-331. All power is derived from the nominal 115 vac line, which is applied through switches A2S7, A2S8, A2S2 and fuses A2F1, A2F2 to the primary of power transformer A2T1. Indicator lamps A2DS1 and A2DS2 will light if fuses A2F1 and A2F2 open. The primary of transformer A2T1 is tapped, so that, in locations where line voltages differ slightly from the normal 115 vac on a reasonably permanent basis. one can compensate for the difference by reconnecting to a new tap. The 6.3 vac from terminals 13 and 14 of the secondary of transformer A2T1 supplies power to the filaments of rf amplifiers V1 and V2 in RF Amplifier Electronic Assembly A2A4. The output from terminals 7 and 8 of transformer A2T1 is applied to a bridge rectifier consisting of diodes CR1 through CR4; the output of the bridge is applied to a choke input filter consisting of choke A2L1 and capacitor A2C1. The output of the choke input filter, +110 vdc, is used to supply plate and screen voltage to rf amplifiers V1 and V2 in RF Amplifier Electronic Assembly A2A4 and to light the vernier tuning indicator. Resistor A2R20 is a bleeder load for the +110 vdc supply. The output from terminals 9 and 10 of transformer A2T1 is applied to a bridge rectifier consisting of diodes CR5 through CR8; the output of the bridge is applied to a choke input filter consisting of choke A2L2 and capacitor C2. The output of the choke input filter, +28 vdc, is used in the RF Amplifier, Frequency Standard, Receiver IF./Audio Amplifiers, and Translator/Synthesizer Electronic Assemblies. The regulated +20 vdc supply is derived from the +28 volt supply. Resistor A2R8 is the bleeder load for the +28 vdc supply. When primary power is supplied, lamps A2A10DS3 and A2A10DS4 light, illuminating the frequency display windows above the MCS and KCS controls. Resistors R1 and R2 are series dropping resistors. The output from terminals 11 and 12 of transformer T1 is applied to a bridge rectifier consisting of diodes CR9 through CR12; the output of the bridge is applied to a filter network consisting of resistor R3 and capacitor C3. The output from this network is applied to resistor R4 and Zener diodes CR13 and CR14. Since the Zener voltage of each diode is 15 vdc, the output from this network is a regulated -30 vdc. Capacitor C4 is used to provide additional filtering. The -30 vdc is used in the step agc circuit of Receiver IF. /Audio Amplifier Electronic Assembly A2A2 and A2A3.

4-332. The regulated +20 vdc supply consists of series regulator A2Q1, dc amplifiers Q1 and Q2. comparators Q3 and Q4, 12 vdc Zener diode CR16, and 4.7 vdc Zener diode CR17. This circuit provides a constant +20 vdc regardless of the load. The input voltage of +28 vdc is applied to the collector of series regulator A2Q1, through contacts 7 and 6 of section C front of switch S2, in any position other than OFF or STD BY, and contacts 8 and 6 of relay A2K1. If the MCS controls are set in their 00 or 01 positions, a ground is applied to relay A2K1, causing it to energize. This cuts off the input to the +20 vdc supply unless the operating frequency is 2.0 to 30.0 mc. The collector-toemitter resistance is directly proportional to the amount of base-to-emitter current. The output voltage, +20 vdc in this case, is selected by adjusting Output Voltage Control (R14), which determines the bias voltage on comparator Q4. The bias voltage determines the amount of emitter current flow, thereby determining the voltage across emitter resistor R12. Since the bias voltage on the base of comparator Q3 is held constant by Zener diode CR17, the collector current flow will be determined by the emitter voltage. The emitter of comparator Q3 is connected to the emitter of comparator Q4; therefore, collector current of comparator Q3 will be controlled by the bias voltage on comparator Q4. Since the base voltage of dc amplifier Q2 is held constant by Zener diode CR16, the collector current flow is controlled by the collector voltage on comparator Q3. The collector current of dc amplifier Q1 is controlled by the collector current of dc amplifier Q2. The collector current through resistor R5 determines the bias voltage on the base of series regulator A2Q1, which, in turn, determines the emitter-to-collector resistance.

4-333. In order to better understand the operation of the regulated +20 vdc supply, assume that some of the load on the +20 vdc supply has been removed. This condition causes the output voltage to rise. This rise causes the basebias voltage of comparator Q4 to increase, thereby increasing the voltage across resistor R12. This increase causes a decrease in the base-to-emitter voltage in comparator Q3, thereby causing an increase incollector voltage. Since the emitter of the dc amplifier Q2 is connected to the collector of comparator Q3, and the base voltage is held constant by Zener diode CR16, the increase in collector voltage in comparator Q3 causes the collector current to decrease in dc amplifier Q2. Since the collector of dc amplifier Q2 is connected to the base of

dc amplifier Q1, the decrease in collector current in dc amplifier Q2 causes a decrease in collector current in dc amplifier Q1. Since the collector of dc amplifier Q1 is connected to the base of series regulator A2Q1 through resistor R5, a decrease in collector current in dc amplifier Q1 causes the collector-to-emitter resistance to increase, thereby causing the output voltage to return to +20 vdc. Resistor R5 acts as a parasitic suppressor. Diode CR15 protects the circuit if the +20 vdc line is accidentally grounded. Normally, diode CR15 is back-biased by the +20 vdc on its anode and +12vdc on its cathode. If the +20 vdc line becomes grounded, the diode will be forward-biased, dropping the base of dc amplifier Q2 to ground potential and preventing damaging current flow in dc amplifiers Q1 and Q2.

4-334. POWER SUPPLY, TEST DATA.

4-335. Pertinent references and applicable test data for the Receiver Power Supply Electronic Assembly are as follows:

a. Radio Receiver R-1051/URR, Main Frame, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-1.

- b. Required Test Equipment:
 - (1) Multimeter, AN/PSM-4.
 - (2) Oscilloscope, AN/USM-105A.

c. Receiver Power Supply Electronic Assembly, Component and Test-Point Location, Figure 5-18.

d. 20-volt Regulator, Adjustment, Paragraph 5-4.

4-336. TUNING, FUNCTIONAL CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION.

4-337. The tuning circuit (figure 4-50) consists of code generator A2A7; switch S1, motor B1, and relay K1 in RF Amplifier Electronic Assembly A2A4; and switch S1, motor B1, and relay K1 in 1 MC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly A2A6A1. Code generator A2A7 consists of switches S3 and S4, which form three parallel open-seeking tuning circuits, each employing a five wire coding scheme. Two of these tuning circuits generate a tuning code for positioning the turret assembly in RF Amplifier Electronic Assembly A2A4 and the crystal switch in 1 MC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly A2A6A1. The third tuning circuit is not used in tuning the R-1051/URR. The following paragraphs describe the tuning circuits for the R-1051/URR in detail.

4-338. Switches S3 and S4 in A2A7 are controlled by the 10 mcs (MCS) and 1 mcs (MCS) controls on the front panel. These two switches are analogously represented (figure 4-50) by sections A, B, C, D, and E; sections A and C form two 28-position masters and sections B and D form two 28-position images. For the schematic diagram of these switches, see figure 5-12. Section A establishes the tuning code for turret switch S1 in RF Amplifier Electronic Assembly A2A4, and section C establishes the tuning code for crystal switch S1 in 1 MC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly A2A6A1. The tuning code generated by section A is one of 28 series of opens and grounds; each series represents one of the 28 tuning positions of turret switch S1 (refer to table 4-2). Although section C is also a 28-position switch, the tuning code it generates is one of 17 series of opens and grounds; each series represents one of the 17 positions of crystal switch S1 (refer to table 4-2). Section A (master) applies the coded information to turret switch S1-A (master). This establishes a ground path through the common contact of S1-A to pin 7 of turret motor relay K1; since positive 28 vdc is applied to pin 3. the ground causes relay K1 to energize. When turret motor relay K1 energizes, turret motor B1 is energized by application of positive 28 vdc through contacts 5 and 2 of turret motor relay K1. When energized, motor B1 rotates turret switch S1 until the complement of the code on section A (master) is reflected by turret motor switch S1-A (master). Whenever the codes on the two masters are complementary, the ground path to turret motor relay K1 is broken, causing it to de-energize. Similarly, section C generates a code to energize crystal switch S1 motor, and to rotate crystal switch S1 to the position established by the 1 and 10 mc (MCS) controls on the front panel.

4-339. The image switches in code generator A2A7 (sections B and D), turret switch S1-B, and crystal switch S1-B, always have the complementary code of their respective masters. This ensures that the ground, or grounds, will be applied to the masters whenever a new code is selected. This is accomplished by the cut of the wafer, which is the exact mirror image of the respective master. All contacts appearing as opens at the master appear as grounds at the image, and vice versa.

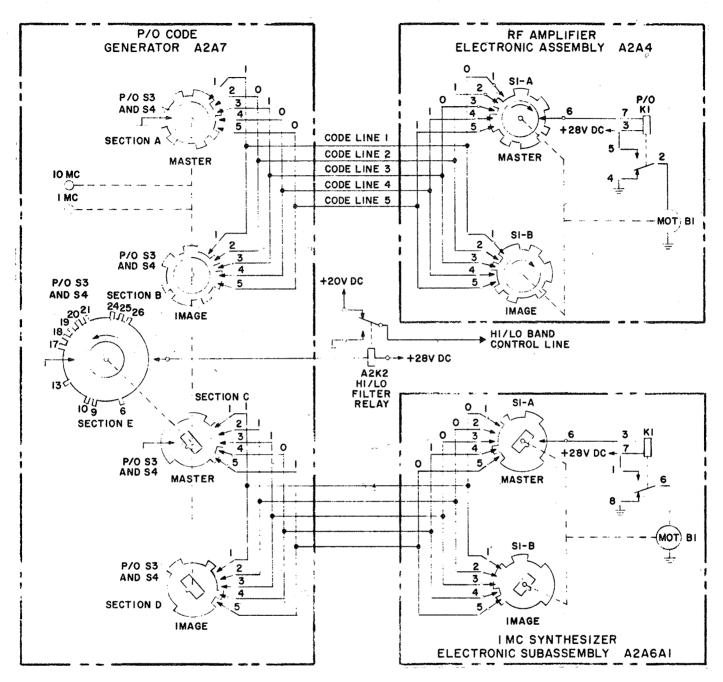


Figure 4-49. Power Supply, Simplified Schematic Diagram

4-340. In figure 4-50 sections A and B are positioned to represent the code 10100 (x2.xxx mc). If the MCS controls on the front panel were set at x3.xxx mc, sections A and B would be rotated one position counterclockwise, creating the new code 01000 (refer to table 4-2). A ground path would be established to pin 7 of turret motor relay K1 through code line 2 and turret motor switch S1-A. This energizes turret motor relay K1, which in turn energizes turret motor B1. Turret motor switch S1 is rotated until image code 10111 is reflected by turret motor switch S1-A. At this time, the ground path is broken, causing turret motor relay K1 to de-energize. Ground is then applied through contacts 2 and 4 of turret motor relay K1 to turret motor B1. This dynamically brakes turret motor B1. If the MCS controls on the front panel were set to 22.xxx mc rather than x2.xxx mc, the code generated by section A would have been 10000. As shown in figure 4-50, there is no ground path directly between the two masters. This time the ground path would be through code line 1 to turret motor

TABLE 4-2

TABLE 4-2. TUNING CODE CHART

MCS AND 100 KCS CONTROLS	A2A4 CODES LINES	A2A6A1 CODES LINES
SETTING	1 2 3 4 5	1 2 3 4 5
2	1 0 1 0 0	1 1 1 0 1
3	0 1 0 0 0	1 0 1 1 1
4	1 0 0 0 1	1 1 0 1 1
5	0 0 0 1 1	0 1 1 0 1
6	0 0 1 1 0	0 1 0 0 0
7	0 1 1 0 1	1 0 0 1 1
8	1 1 0 1 1	1 1 0 0 1
9	1 0 1 1 0	1 0 1 0 0
10	0 1 1 0 0	1 1 0 1 0
11	1 1 0 0 0	0 0 1 1 1
12	1 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 1 1
13	0 0 0 0 1	1 0 1 1 1
14	0 0 0 1 0	0 1 1 1 0
15	0 0 1 0 1	0 0 1 1 0
16	0 1 0 1 1	1 1 1 1 0
17	1 0 1 1 1	1 0 0 1 1
18	0 1 1 1 1	1 1 0 0 1
19	1 1 1 1 0	1 1 1 0 0
20	1 1 1 0 0	0 1 1 1 1
21	1 1 0 0 1	0 0 1 1 1
22	1 0 0 1 0	0 0 0 0 1
23	0 0 1 0 0	1 1 1 1 0
24	0 1 0 0 1	0 1 1 1 0
25	1 0 0 1 1	0 0 1 1 0
26	0 0 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 0
27	0 1 1 1 0	0 0 0 1 1
28	1 1 1 0 1	0 0 1 1 1
29	1 1 0 1 0	0 1 1 1 1

switch S1-B (image), code line 3 to section B (image), and code line 2 to turret motor switch S1-A (master). Therefore, the ground path to turret motor relay K1 is established using the images. In like manner, any code can be traced, and the tuning of turret switch S1 will be accomplished for any code shown in table 4-2. Similarly, the codes shown in table 4-2 can energize crystal switch motor B1 and tune crystal switch S1 to the position established by the MCS controls on the front panel.

4-341. Section E of code generator A2A7 generates the hi/lo band control line codes. The wiper of section E remains open until it is placed in an mc position that has a tab. At this time, ground is applied to hi/lo filter relay A2K2, causing it to energize. When relay A2K2 is energized, ground is placed on the hi/lo band control line. When hi/lo filter relay A2K2 is de-energized, a positive 20 vdc is applied to the hi/lo band control line.

4-342. TUNING, TEST DATA.

4-343. Pertinent references and applicable test data for the tuning circuit are as follows:

a. Radio Receiver R-1051/URR, Main Frame, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-1.

b. RF Amplifier Electronic Assembly, Receive Mode, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-4.

c. 1 MC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-6.

d. Receiver Code Generator, Schematic Diagram, Figure 5-12.

e. RF Amplifier Electronic Assembly, Front and Left Side Views, Component Location, Figure 5-32.

f. RF Amplifier Electronic Assembly, Rear and Right Side Views, Component Location, Figure 5-33.

g. RF Amplifier Electronic Assembly, Turret Removed, Front and Left Side Views, Component and Test-Point Location, Figure 5-51.

h. RF Amplifier Electronic Assembly, Turret Removed, Rear and Right Side Views, Component and Test-Point Location, Figure 5-53. i. 1 MC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly, Front View, Component Location, Figure 5-66.

j. 1 MC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly, Rear View, Component Location, Figure 5-69.

k. Code Generator Electronic Assembly, Component Location, Figure 5-102.

l. Required Test Equipment: Multimeter, AN/PSM-4.

4-344. CONTROL SWITCHING, FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION.

4-345. The control switching circuits (figure 5-1) consist of switches S2, S7 and S9 and relays K1 and K3. These circuits, which form a part of main frame A2, energize and key the applicable circuits according to the selected mode of operation. The following paragraphs describe the control switching circuits in detail. All components in the following paragraphs have reference designator prefix A2.

4-346. Primary power for the R-1051/URR is received via pins R and S of connector J4 on the rear of the R-1051/URR. In the NORM position of AUX/NORM switch (S7), the nominal 115 vac is connected through interlock switch S8. If desired, primary power may be routed directly to the R-1051/URR by placing AUX/ NORM switch (S7) in the AUX position and connecting the primary power to pins A and C of connector J3, thus bypassing the normal input. From interlock switch S8, one side of the 115 vac line (J4-S) passes through fuse F1 to contact 6 of the front part of section A of switch S2, which is an open circuit in the OFF position. The other side of the 115 vac line (J4-R) comes from interlock switch S8 and goes directly to contact 10 of the front part of section B of Mode Selector switch (S2) which also is an open circuit in the OFF position. In the STD-BY position of Mode Selector switch (S2), one side of the 115 vac line is switched directly to terminal 6 of power transformer T1. The other side of the 115 vac line is switched through section B of switch S2 and fuse F2 to terminal 1 of power transformer T1. Therefore, the power input circuit of the R-1051/URR is completed, and transformer T1 and the 6.3 vac, 110 vdc, -30 vdc and 28 vdc power supplies are energized (see paragraph 4-329). The 28 vdc is routed to Frequency Standard Electronic Assembly A5,

		TH	ROUGH	
FUNCTION	FROM	SWITCH	CONTACTS	то
+28 vdc	K1-6	S2-D-R	4 and 3	J19-1
+110 vdc	Power supply A8	S2-B-R	10 and 9	K3-6
+20 vdc	Power supply A8	S2-A-R	4 and 2	J19-7
+20 vdc	K3-4	S2-C-F	11 and 10	J17-5
		S2- B-R	3 and 2	J19-11 and J19-18
-30 vdc	Power supply A8	S2-D-F	12 and 2	J19-19
GRD	Ground	S2-A-F	11 and 9	J18-17
		S2-A-R	10 and 8	J16-1
LSB Audio	R4	S2-B-F	1 and 3	J21-13

TABLE 4-3. MODE SELECTOR SWITCH S2, LSB POSITION

where the 5 mc oscillator and its associated oven-control circuits are energized. The 110 vdc and -30 vdc power supplies are not used in the STD-BY position of Mode Selector switch (S2).

4-347. In any "on" position of Mode Selector switch (S2)(USB, CW, for example), 28 vdc from Power Supply A8 is routed through contacts 7 and 6 of the front part of section C of switch S2. This 28 vdc is applied to RF Amplifier Electronic Assembly A4 and 1 MC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly A6A1 and contact 6 of SIMPLEX/DUPLEX switch (S9). It is also applied to contact 8 and coil contact 7 of tune relay K1 and coil contact 7 of hi/lofilter relay K2. For operation of hi/lo filter relay K2 see paragraph 4-336. When tune relay K1 is de-energized, the 28 vdc on contact 8 is routed through contact 6 to contacts 4 and 6 on the rear part of section D of switch S2 and also to the regulated 20 vdc supply, providing energizing voltage (see paragraph 4-329). The 20 vdc from power supply A8 is routed through contacts 2 and 4 of transmit/receive relay K3 to pin 4 of connector J17 and pin 6 of connector J16 on Receiver Mode Selector Electronic Assembly A1. Tune relay K1 is energized by a ground applied to coil contact 3 from pin 7 of connection J8 on code generator A7, whenever the MCS dials are tuned to 00 or 01, or whenever the R-1051/URR is being tuned. Provisions are made on pins J and K of connector J4 on the rear panel of the R-1051/URR to receive 28 vdc and a ground keyline respectively

from a transmitter used with the R-1051/URR. When SIMPLEX/DUPLEX switch (S9) is in the SIMPLEX position, the 28 vdc will be routed through contacts 4 and 5 to coil contact 7 of transmit/receive relay K3. When the T-827/ URT is energized a ground is routed through contacts 1 and 2 of switch S9 and contacts 4 and 2 of tune relay K1 to coil contact 3 of transmit/ receive relay K3, thereby energizing it. When transmit/receive relay K3 is energized, the 110 vdc path through contacts 6 and 8 of K3 is broken and the 20-vdc path through contacts 2 and 4 of relay K3 is broken. When SIMPLEX/DUPLEX switch (S9) is in the DUPLEX position transmit/receive relay K3 is energized during tuning by 28 vdc routed through contacts 6 and 5 of switch S9 to coil contact 7 of relay K3 and by a ground routed through contacts 5 and 2 of tune relay K1 to coil contact 3 of relay K3.

4-348. SWITCHING FUNCTIONS FOR MODE SELECTOR SWITCH S2. Paragraphs 4-349 through 4-354 contain switching functions information for the Mode Selector switch S2. All components in the following tables have the reference designation prefix A2. Switch parts are abbreviated in the following tables, for example: S2-A-R means the rear part of section A of switch S2 and S2-C-F means the front part of section C of switch S2.

4-349. LSB Position of Mode Selector Switch S2. Table 4-3 contains information concerning voltage routing through Mode Selector switch S2 in the LSB mode of operation.

Paragraph 4-350

4-350. FSK Position of Mode Selector Switch S2. Table 4-4 contains information concerning voltage routing through Mode Selector switch S2 in the FSK mode of operation. 4-351. <u>AM Position of Mode Selector Switch</u> <u>S2</u>. Table 4-5 contains information concerning voltage routing through Mode Selector switch S2 in the AM mode of operation.

TABLE 4-4. MODE SELECTOR SWITCH S2, FSK POSITION

		THROUGH			
FUNCTION	FROM	SWITCH	CONTACTS	ТО	
+28 vdc	K1-6	S2-D-R	4 and 5	J18-1	
+110 vdc	Power supply A8	S2-B-R	10 and 9	K3-6	
+20 vdc	Power supply A8	S2-A-R	4 and 5	J18-7	
+20 vdc	K3-4	S2-C-F 11, 10 and 1		J17-5, J18-11	
		S2-C-R	3, 6 and 2	J16-1, J18-15	
-30 vdc	Power supply A8	S2-D-F	11 and 10	J18-19	
GRD	ground	S2-A-F	10 and 12	J16-2, J18-17	
USB Audio	R5	S2-B-F	4 and 2	J21-13	

TABLE 4-5. MODE SELECTOR SWITCH S2, AM POSITION

		THROUGH		
FUNCTION	FROM	SWITCH	CONTACTS	то
+28 vdc	K1-6	S2- D-R	4 and 5	J18-1
+110 vdc	Power supply A8	S2-B-R	10 and 11	K3-6
+20 vdc	Power supply A8	S2-A-R	4 and 5	J18-7
+20 vdc	K3-4	S2-C-F	11 and 12	J18-11
		S2-C-R	10 and 8	J16-2, J18-17
-30 vdc	Power supply A8	S2-D-F	11 and 10	J18-19
GRD	ground	S2-A-R	10 and 11	J16-1
AM Audio	R5	S2-B-F	5 and 3	J21-13

Paragraph 4-352

4-352. <u>CW Position of Mode Selector Switch</u> <u>S2.</u> Table 4-6 contains information concerning voltage routing through MODE SELECTOR switch S2 in the CW mode of operation.

4-353. <u>USB Position of Mode Selector Switch</u> <u>S2</u>. Table 4-7 contains information concerning voltage routing through MODE SELECTOR switch S2 in the USB mode of operation.

		THROUGH		
FUNCTION	FROM	SWITCH	CONTACTS	то
+28 vdc	K1-6	S2-D-R	6 and 5	J18-1
+110 vdc	Power supply A8	S2-B-R	10 and 9	K3-6
+20 vdc	Power supply A8	S2-A-R	4 and 5	J18-7
+20 vdc	K3-4	S2-C-F 2 and 1		J18-11
		S2 - C-R	3, 4 and 8	J17-2, R6, J16-2, J18-17
-30 vdc	Power supply A8	S2-D-F	11 and 10	J18-19
GRD	ground	S2-A-R	10 and 11	J16-1
Audio	R5	S2-B-F	4 and 6	J21-13

TABLE 4-6. MODE SELECTOR SWITCH S2, CW POSITION

TABLE 4-7. MODE SELECTOR SWITCH S2, USB POSITION

		THROUGH		
FUNCTION	FROM	SWITCH	CONTACTS	ТО
'+28 vdc	K1-6	S2-D-R	4 and 5	J18-1
+110 vdc	Power supply A8	S2-B-R	10 and 11	K3-6
+20 vdc	Power supply A8	S2-A-R	6 and 5	J18-7
+20 vdc	K3-4	S2-C-F 2, 3 and 1		J17-5, J18-11
		S2-C-R	10 and 12	J16-1
		S2-D-R	12 and 11	J18-18
-30 vdc	Power supply A8	S2-D-F	11 and 10	J18-19
GRD	ground	S2-A-F	1 and 3	J16-2, J18-17
USB Audio	R5	S2-B-F	5 and 7	J21-13

Paragraph 4-354

NAVSHIPS 94841(A)

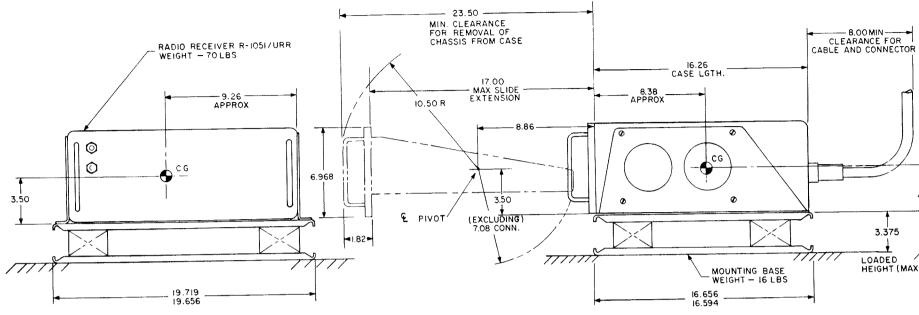
R-1051/URR TROUBLE SHOOTING

4-354. <u>ISB Position of Mode Selector Switch</u> <u>S2.</u> Table 4-8 contains information concerning voltage routing through Mode Selector switch S2 in the ISB mode of operation.

		TH	ROUGH	
FUNCTION	FROM SWITCH CONTACTS		CONTACTS	то
+28 vdc	K1-6	S2-D-R	4, 5 and 3	J18-1, J14-1
+110 vdc	Power supply A8	S2-B-R	10 and 9	K36
+20 vdc	Power supply A8	S2-A-R	4, 5 and 2	J18-7, J19-7
+20 vdc	K3-4	S2-C-F	2, 3 and 4	J17-5, J18÷11
		S2-B-R	6 and 8	J19-11, J19-18
		S2-C-R	10 and 6	J16-1
		S2-D-R	12 and 11	J18-18
-30 vdc	Power supply A8	S2- D-F	11 and 10	J18-19
		S2-D-F	7 and 6	J19-19
GRD	ground	S2-A-F	4 and 2	J16-2, J18-17
ISB Audio	J4-W	S2-B-F	8 and 6	J21-13

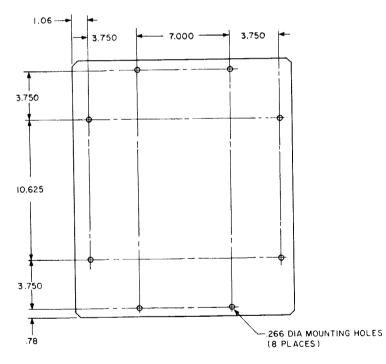
TABLE 4-8. MODE SELECTOR SWITCH S2, ISB POSITION

R-1051/URR' INSTALLATION



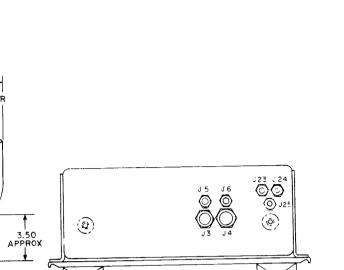
FRONT VIEW

NOTE: SHOCK MOUNT MT-3114/UR IS USED ONLY WHEN THE R-1051/URR IS INSTALLED AS AN INDEPENDENT UNIT.



MOUNTING TEMPLATE





3.375 11111 LOADED HEIGHT (MAX) -MT-3114/UR

REAR VIEW

Figure 2-1. Radio Receiver R1051/URR, Dimensions

2-3, 2-4

Figure 2-1

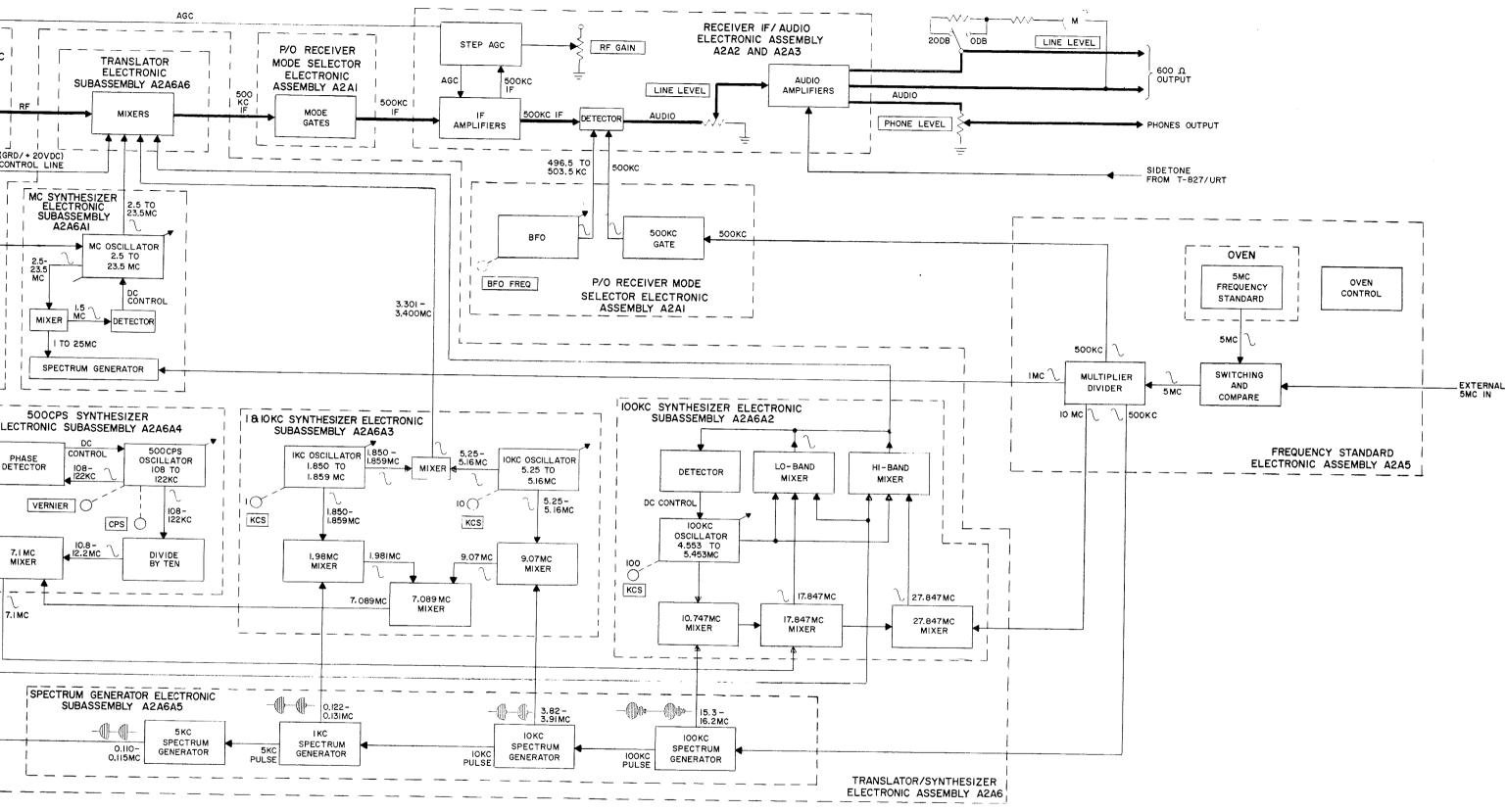
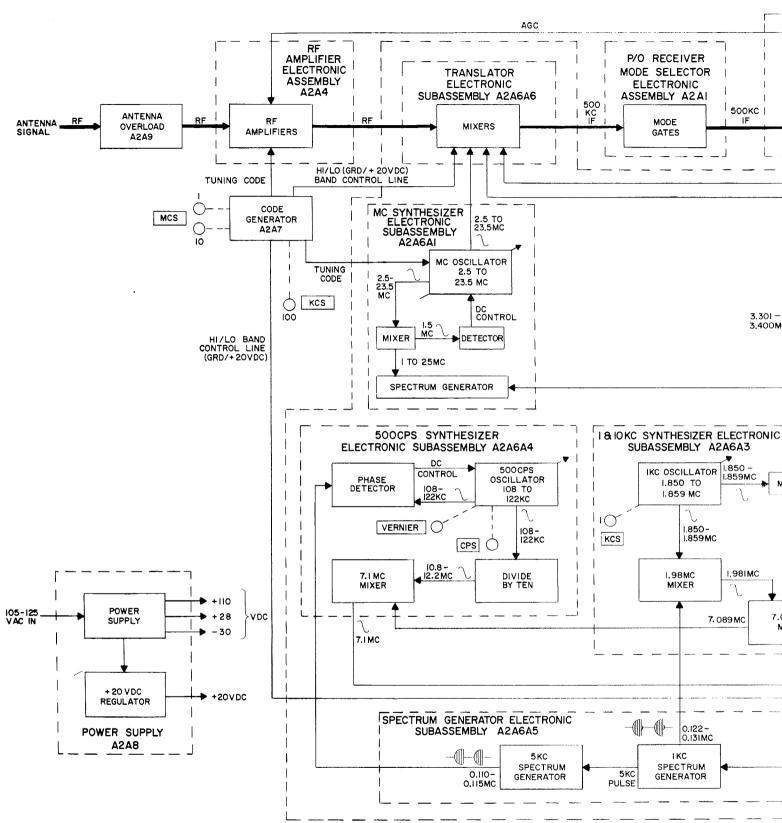
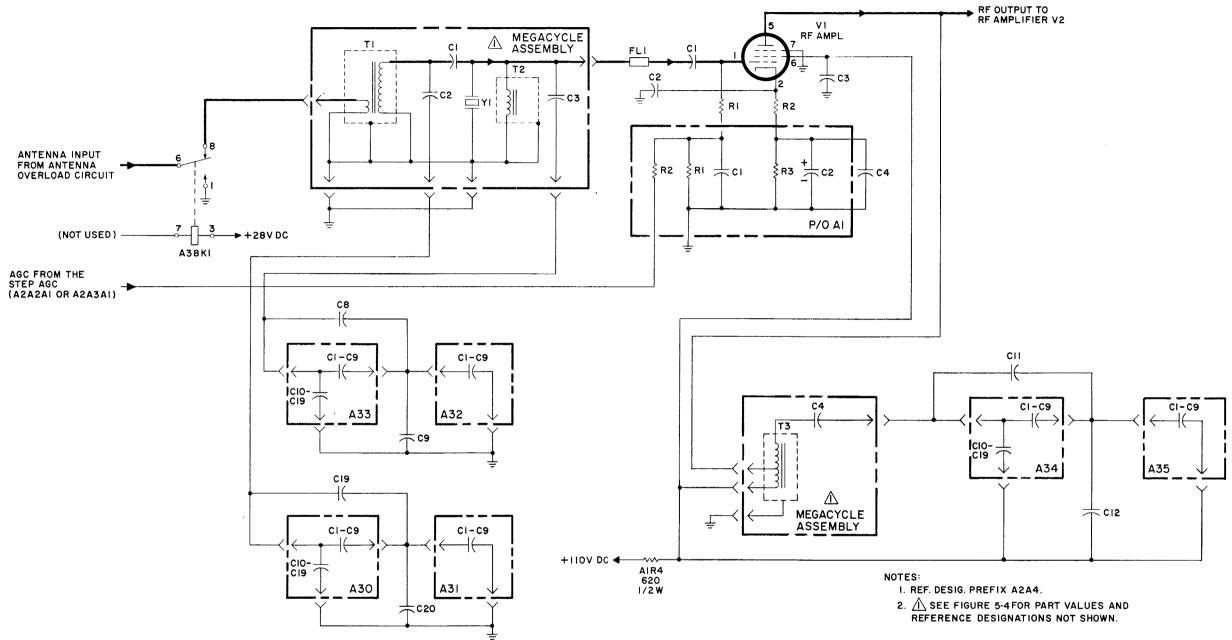


Figure 4-1. Radio Receiver R-1051/URR, Functional Block Diagram

4-3, 4-4



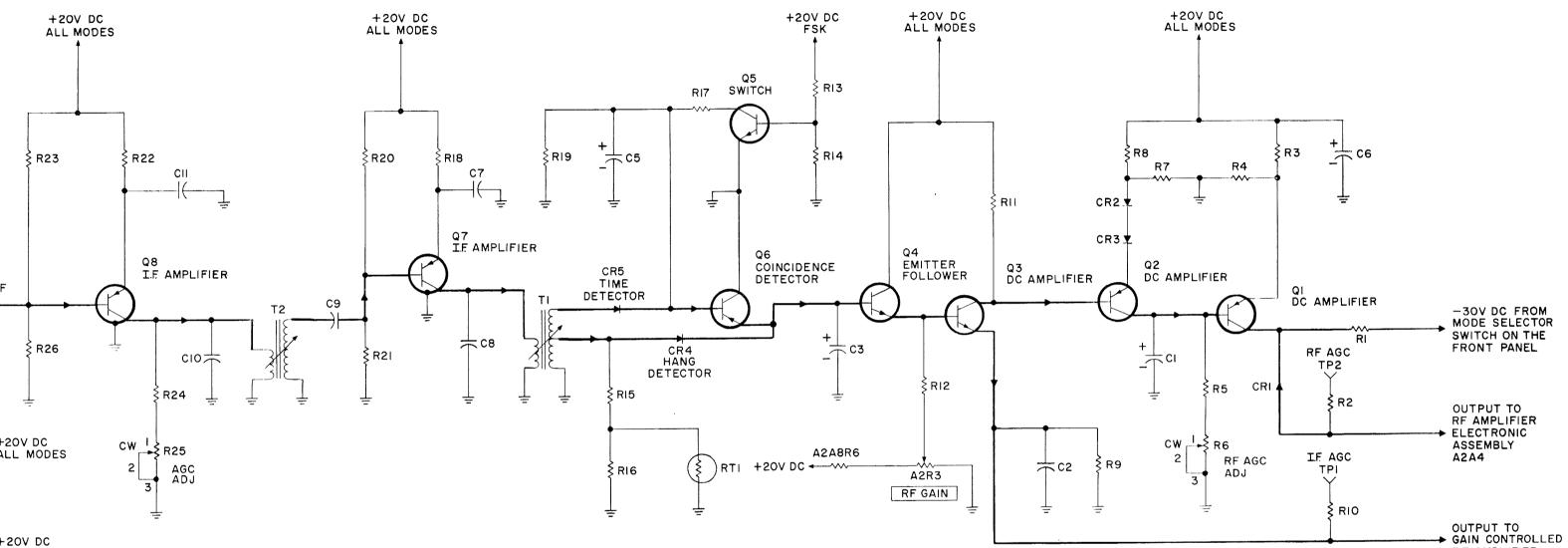


ORIGINAL

Figure 4-4

Figure 4-4. RF Amplifier VI, Simplified Schematic Diagram

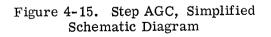
4-11, 4-12



F2OV DC SK

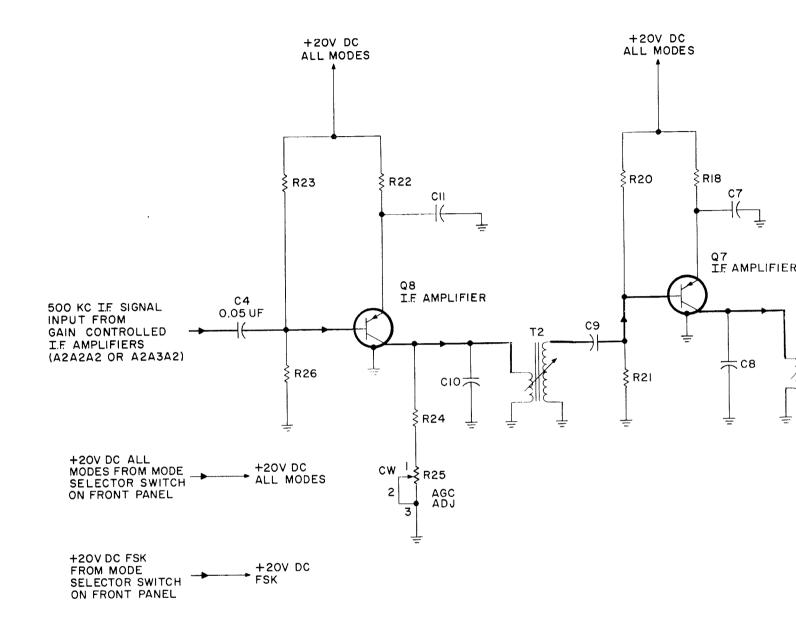
NOTE:

UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED, REF. DESIG. PREFIX IS A2A2AI OR A2A3AI.



4-31, 4-32

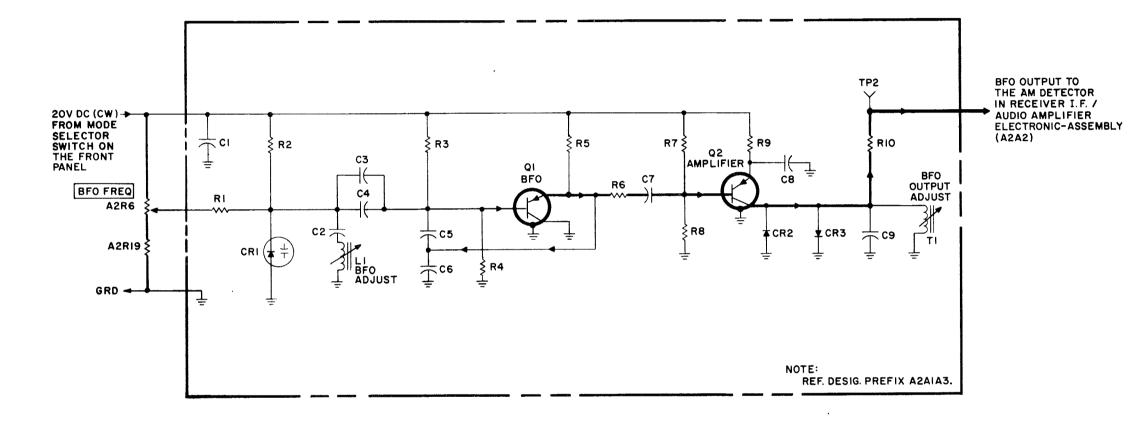
I.F. AMPLIFIER



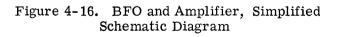
ORIGINAL

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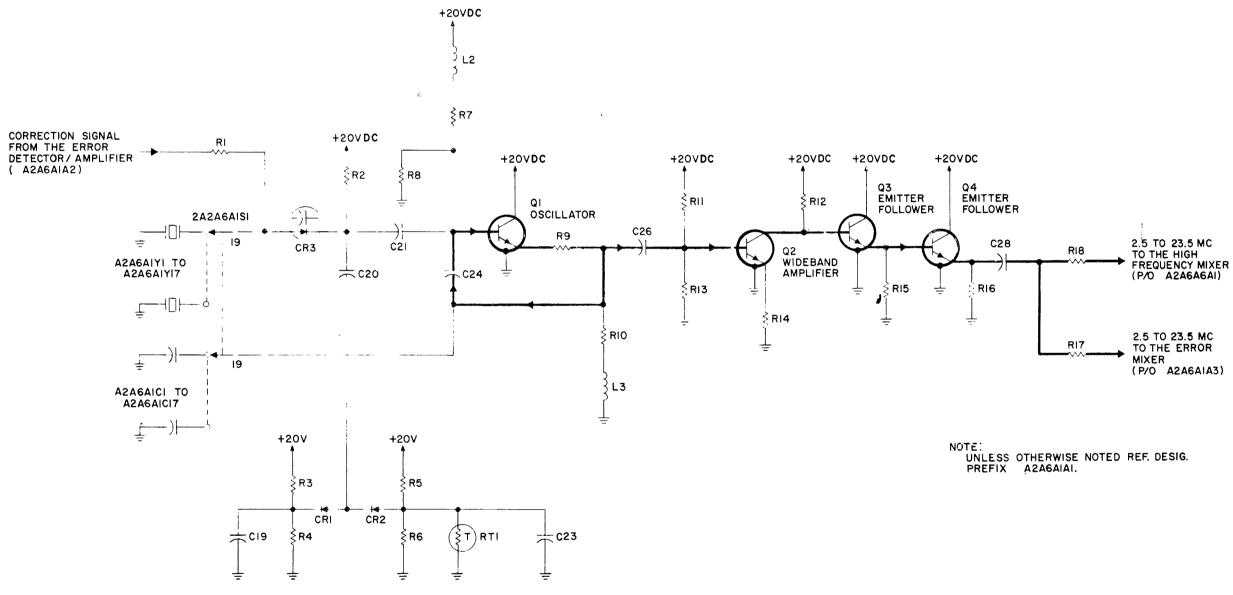




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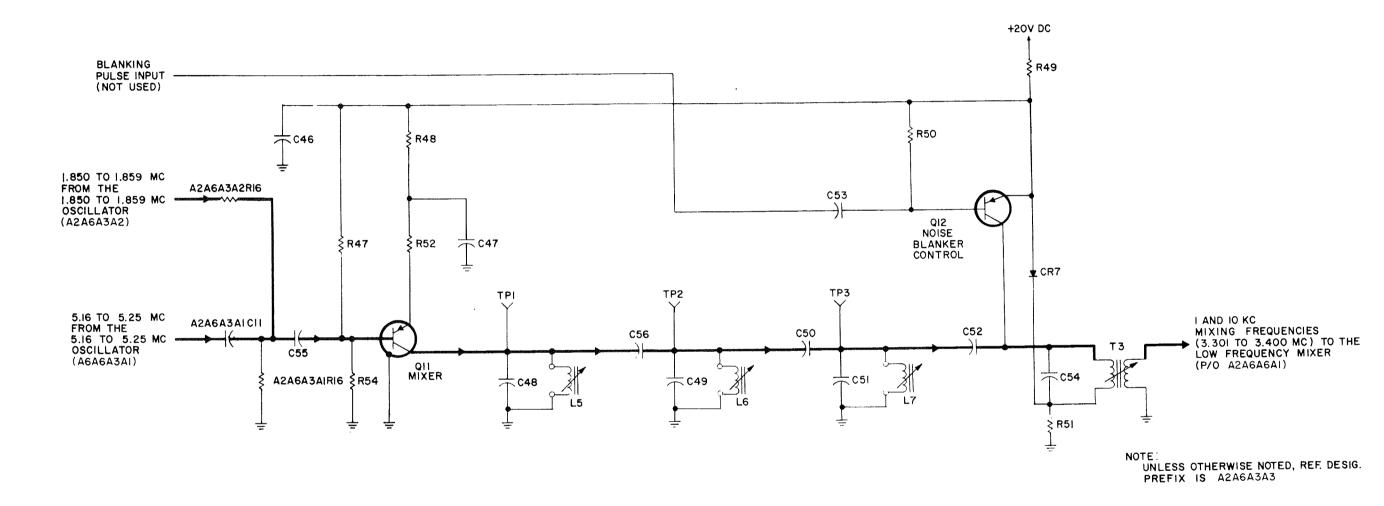
4-35, 4-36



ORIGINAL

Figure 4-17. MC Oscillator, Simplified Schematic Diagram

4-37, 4-38



ORIGINAL

Figure

NAVSHIPS 94841(A)

Figure 4-22. 1 and 10 KC Mixer, Simplified Schematic Diagram

4-47, 4-48

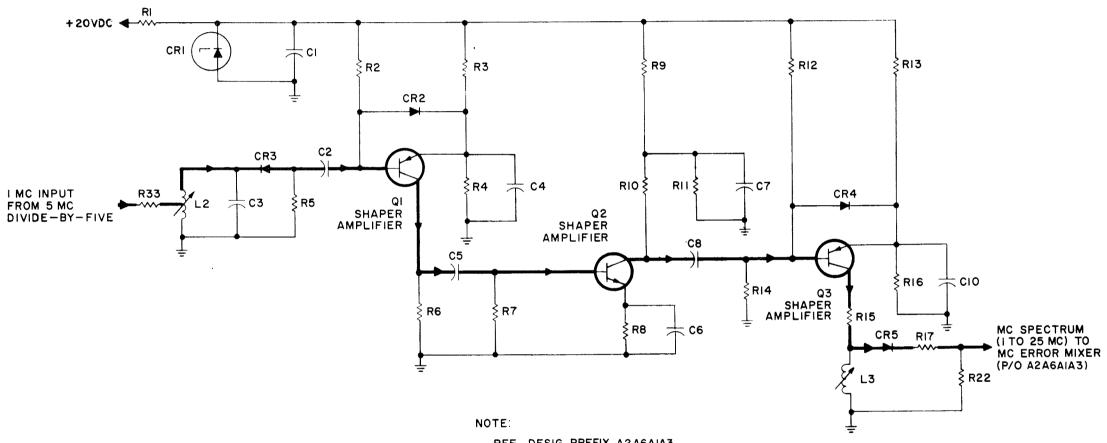




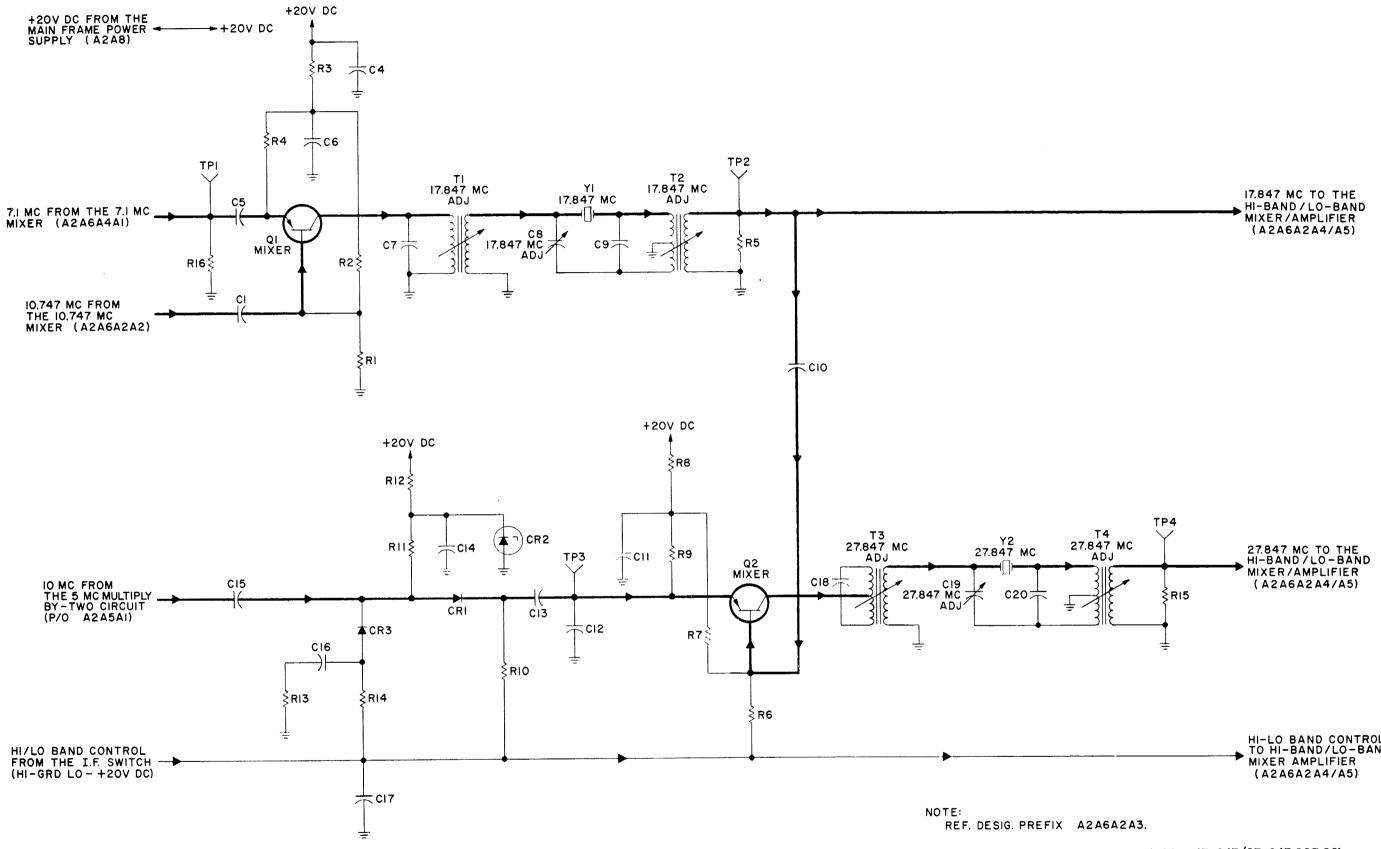


Figure 4-23

Figure 4-23. MC Spectrum Generator, Simplified Schematic Diagram

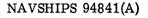
4-51, 4-52

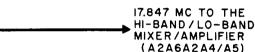
R-1051/URR TROUBLE SHOOTING



ORIGINAL

Figure 4-36





HI-LO BAND CONTROL TO HI-BAND/LO-BAND MIXER AMPLIFIER

Figure 4-36. 17.847/27.847 MC Mixer, Simplified Schematic Diagram

4-71, 4-72

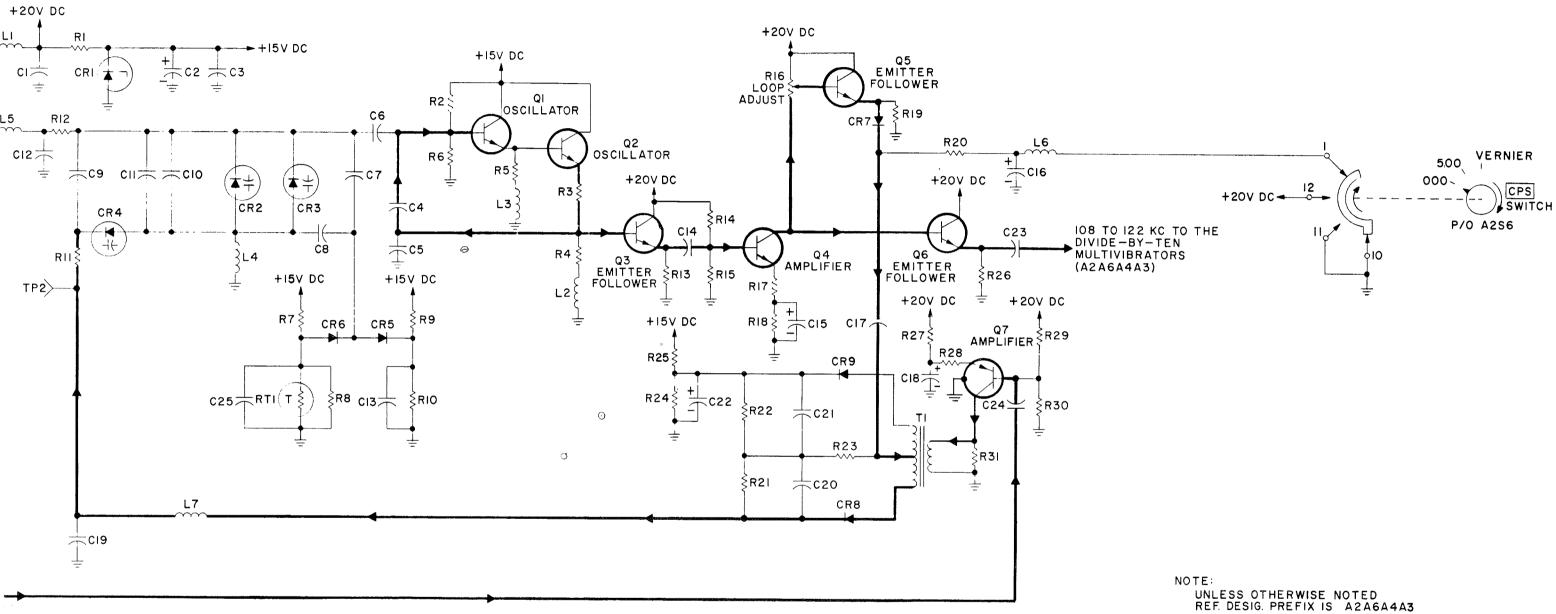
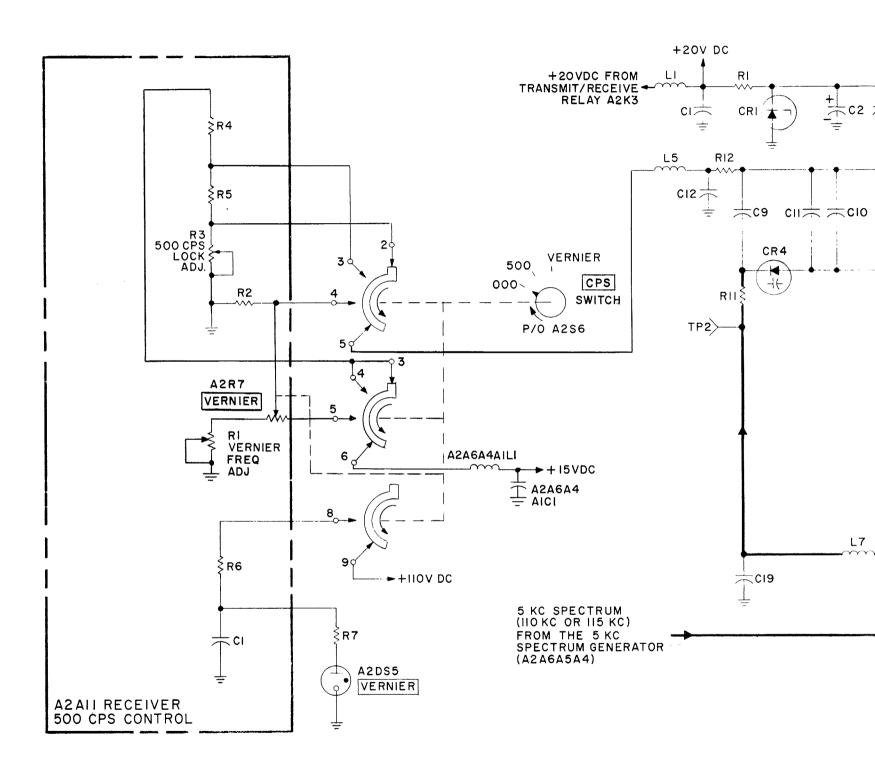
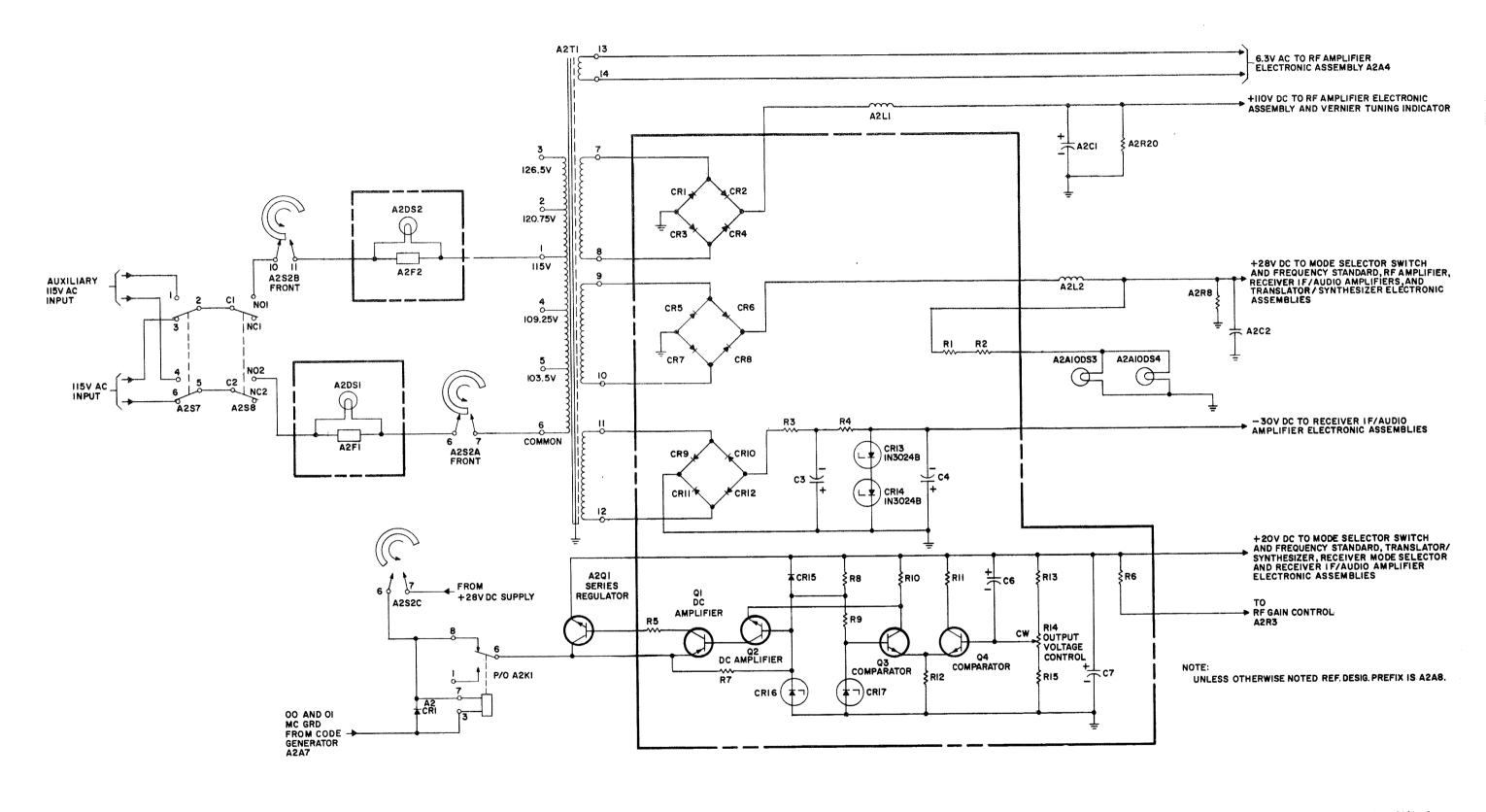


Figure 4-43. 500 CPS Oscillator, Simplified Schematic Diagram

4-81, 4-82





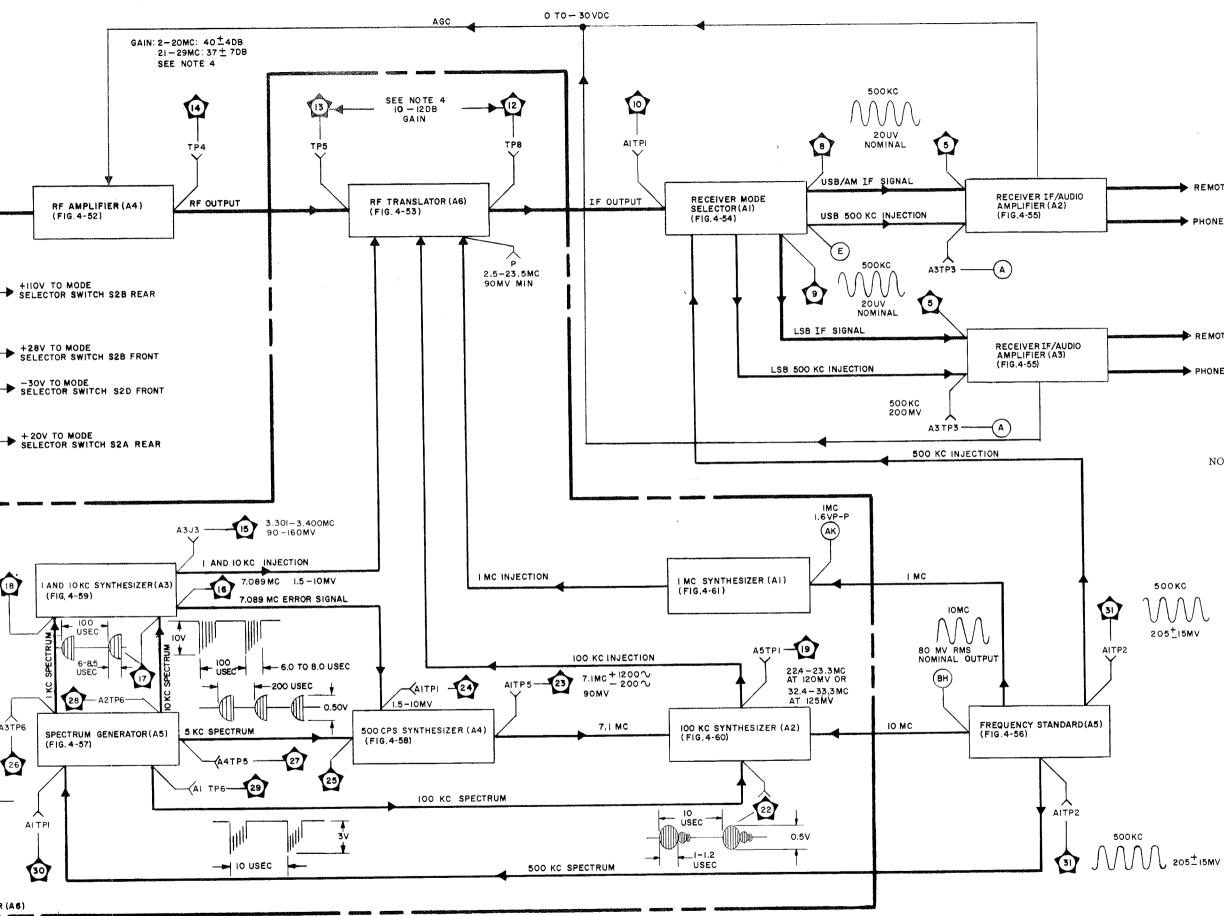
ORIGINAL

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Figure 4-49. Power Supply, Simplified Schematic Diagram

4-93, 4-94



NAVSHIPS 94841(A)

Figure **4**-51

REMOTE AUDIO

PHONE AUDIO

REMOTE AUDIO

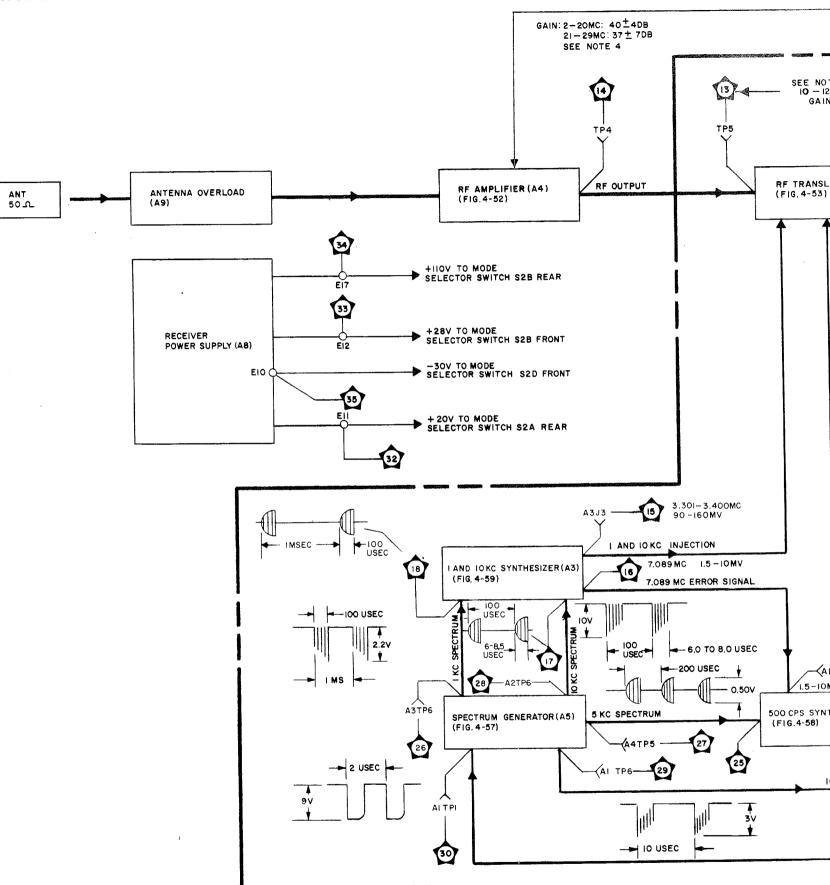
PHONE AUDIO

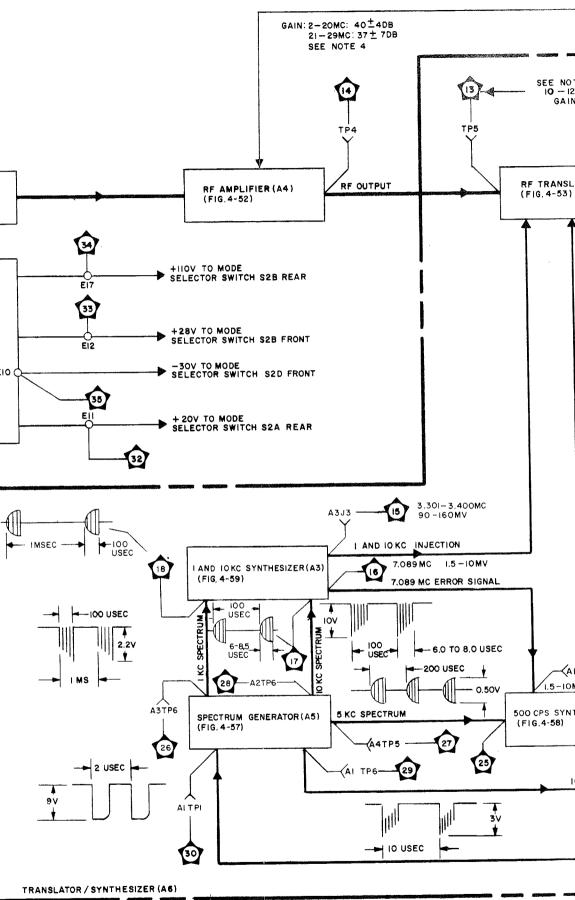
NOTES:

- 1. HEAVY LINES INDICATE MAIN SIGNAL PATHS; LIGHT LINES INDICATE AUXILIARY OR SECONDARY SIGNAL PATHS.
- 2. WAVEFORMS RECORDED ON OSCILLOSCOPE AN/USM-105A.
- 3. REF, DESIG. PREFIX A2.
- 4. GAIN MEASURED EASIER WITH AGC VOLTAGE DISCON-NECTED (REMOVE RECEIVER MODE SELECTOR (A1)). GAIN EXPRESSED AS DE ABOVE PREVIOUS STAGE.

Figure 4-51. Radio Receiver R-1051/URR, Overall Servicing Block Diagram

4-103, 4-104

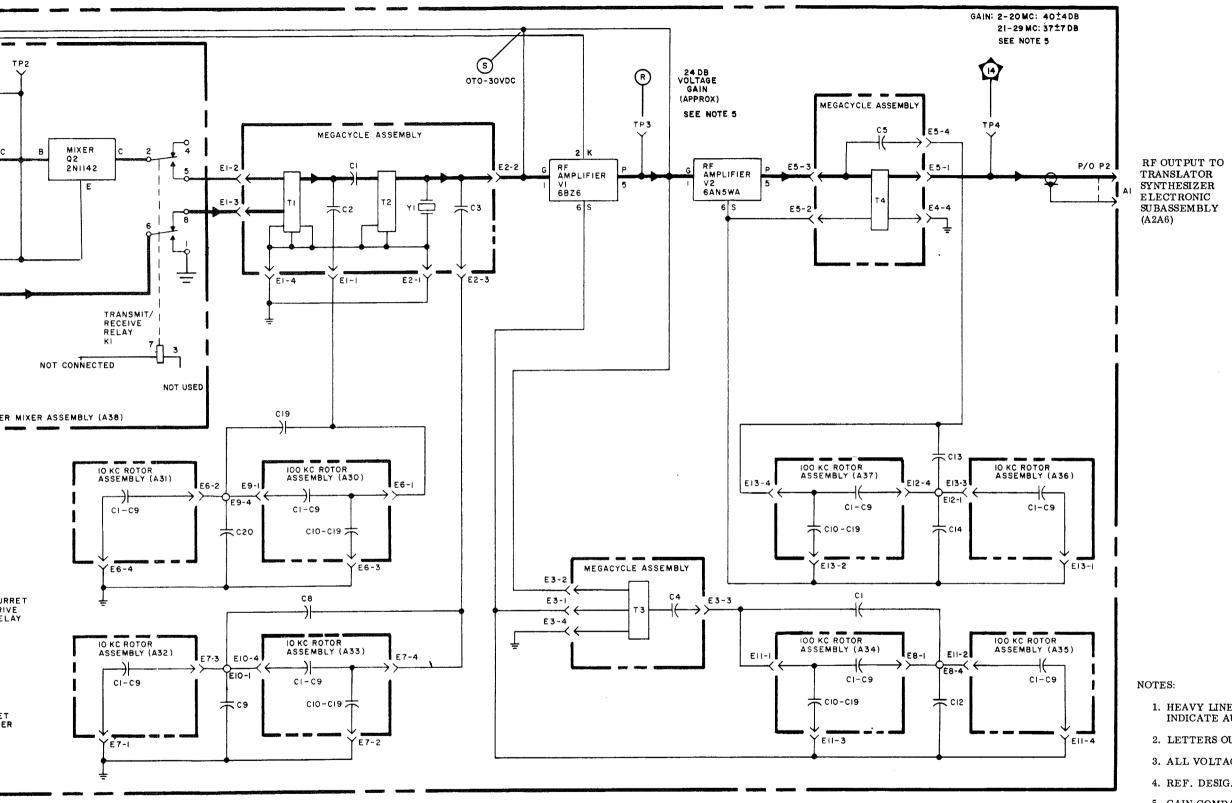




ORIGINAL

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1. HEAVY LINES INDICATE MAIN SIGNAL PATHS; LIGHT LINES INDICATE AUXILIARY OR SECONDARY SIGNAL PATHS.

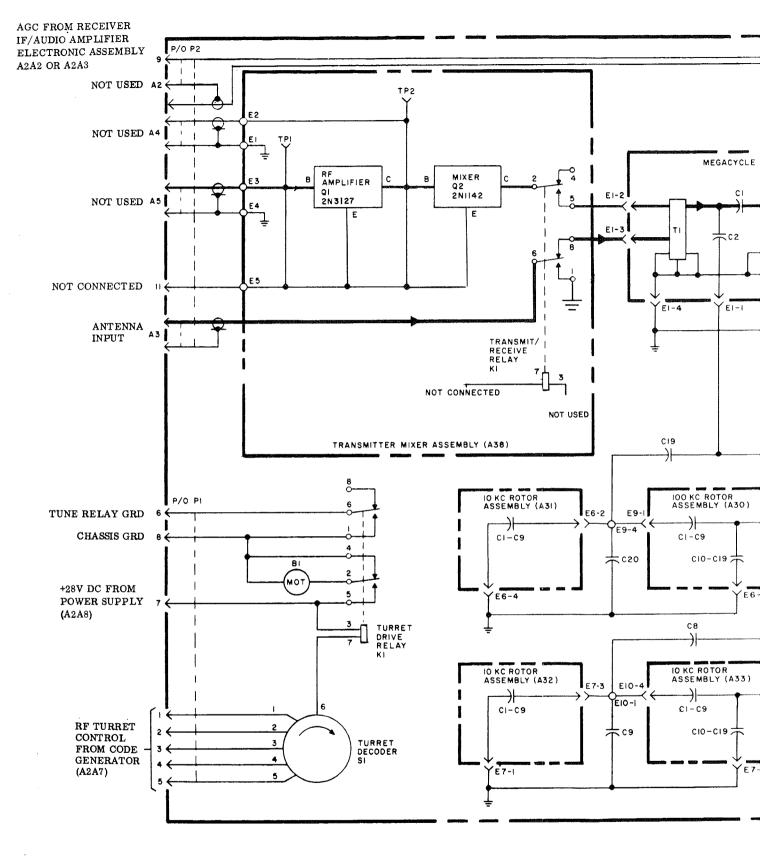
2. LETTERS OUTSIDE TRANSISTOR AND TUBE BLOCKS INDICATE ELEMENTS.

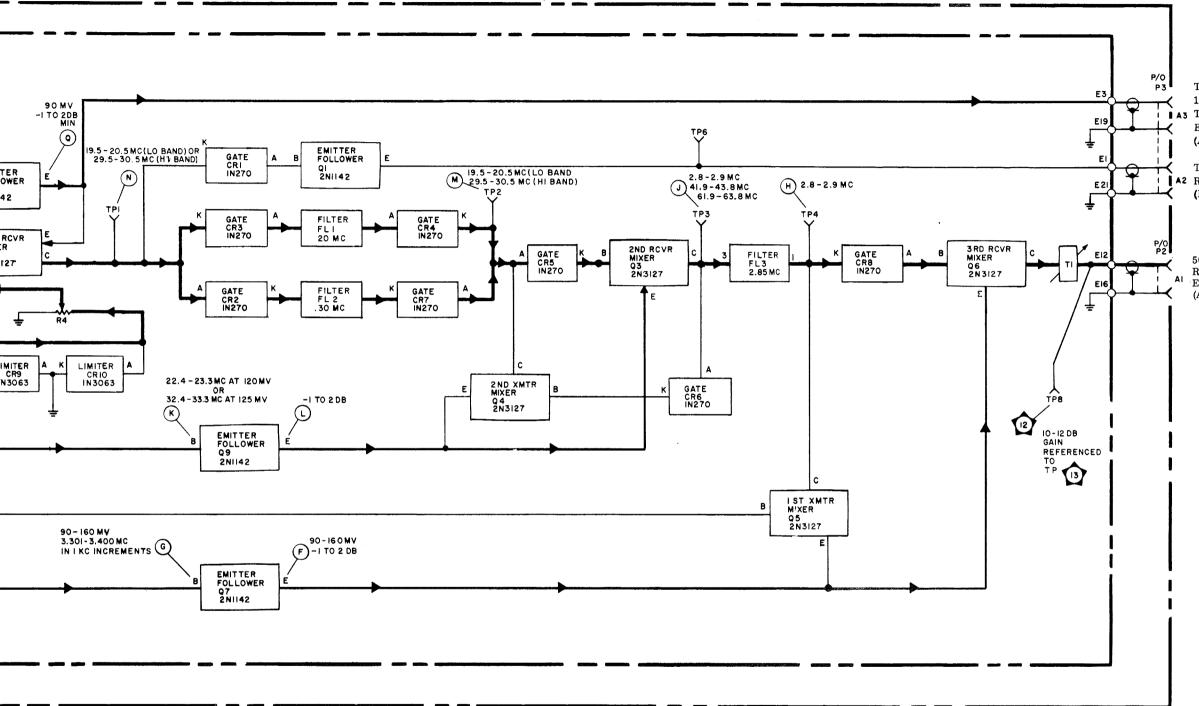
3. ALL VOLTAGES ARE DC UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.

4. REF. DESIG. PREFIX A2A4.

5. GAIN COMPARED TO INPUT VOLTAGE WITH AGC VOLTAGE DIS-CONNECTED (MODE SELECTOR ELECTRONIC ASSEMBLY REMOVED). Figure 4-52. RF Amplifier Electronic Assembly, Servicing Block Diagram

4-105, 4-106





 TRANSMIT
 1MC INJECTION
 TO RF AMPLIFIER
 ELECTRONIC ASSEMBLY (A2A4)

TRANSMIT RF OUTPUT (NOT USED)

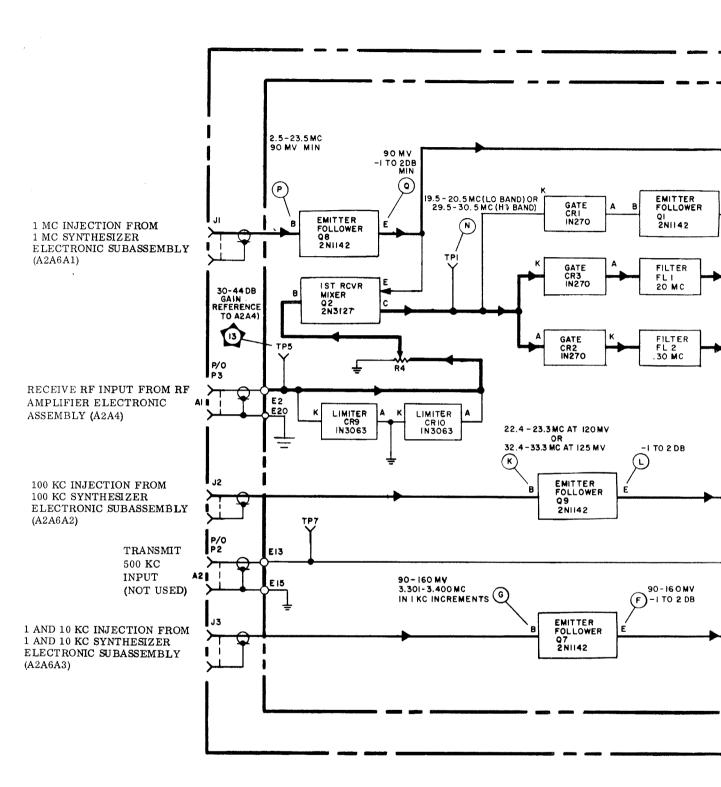
> 500 KC IF OUTPUT TO RECEIVER MODE SELECTOR ELECTRONIC SUBASSEMBLY (A2A1)

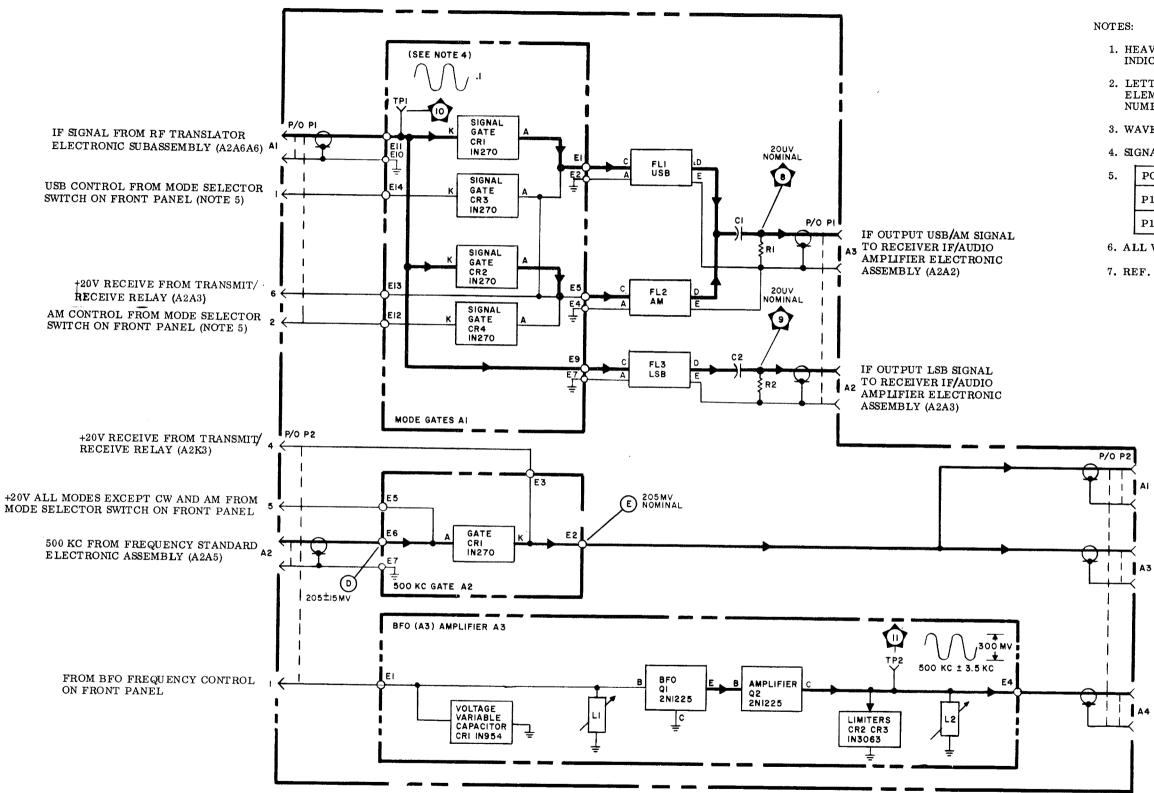
> > NOTES:

- 1. HEAVY LINES INDICATE MAIN SIGNAL PATHS; LIGHT LINES INDICATE AUXILIARY OR SECONDARY SIGNAL PATHS.
- 2. LETTERS OUTSIDE TRANSISTOR AND DIODE BLOCKS INDICATE ELEMENTS.
- 3. REF. DESIG. PREFIX A2A6A6.

Figure 4-53. RF Translator Electronic Subassembly, Servicing Block Diagram

4-107, 4-108





ORIGINAL

1. HEAVY LINES INDICATE MAIN SIGNAL PATHS; LIGHT LINES INDICATE AUXILIARY OR SECONDARY SIGNAL PATHS.

2. LETTERS OUTSIDE TRANSISTOR AND DIODE BLOCKS INDICATE ELEMENTS. NUMBERS ON TRANSFORMERS INDICATE TERMINAL NUMBERS.

3. WAVEFORMS RECORDED ON OSCILLOSCOPE AN/USM-105A.

4. SIGNAL LEVEL NOT READABLE WITH OSCILLOSCOPE SENSITIVITY.

OSITION	LSB	FSK	AM	CW	USB	ISB
1-1	GRD	+20V	GRD	GRD	+20V	+20V
1-2	GRD	GRD	+20V	+20V	GRD	GRD

6. ALL VOLTAGES ARE DC UNLESS OT HERWISE SPECIFIED.

7. REF. DESIG. PREFIX A2A1.

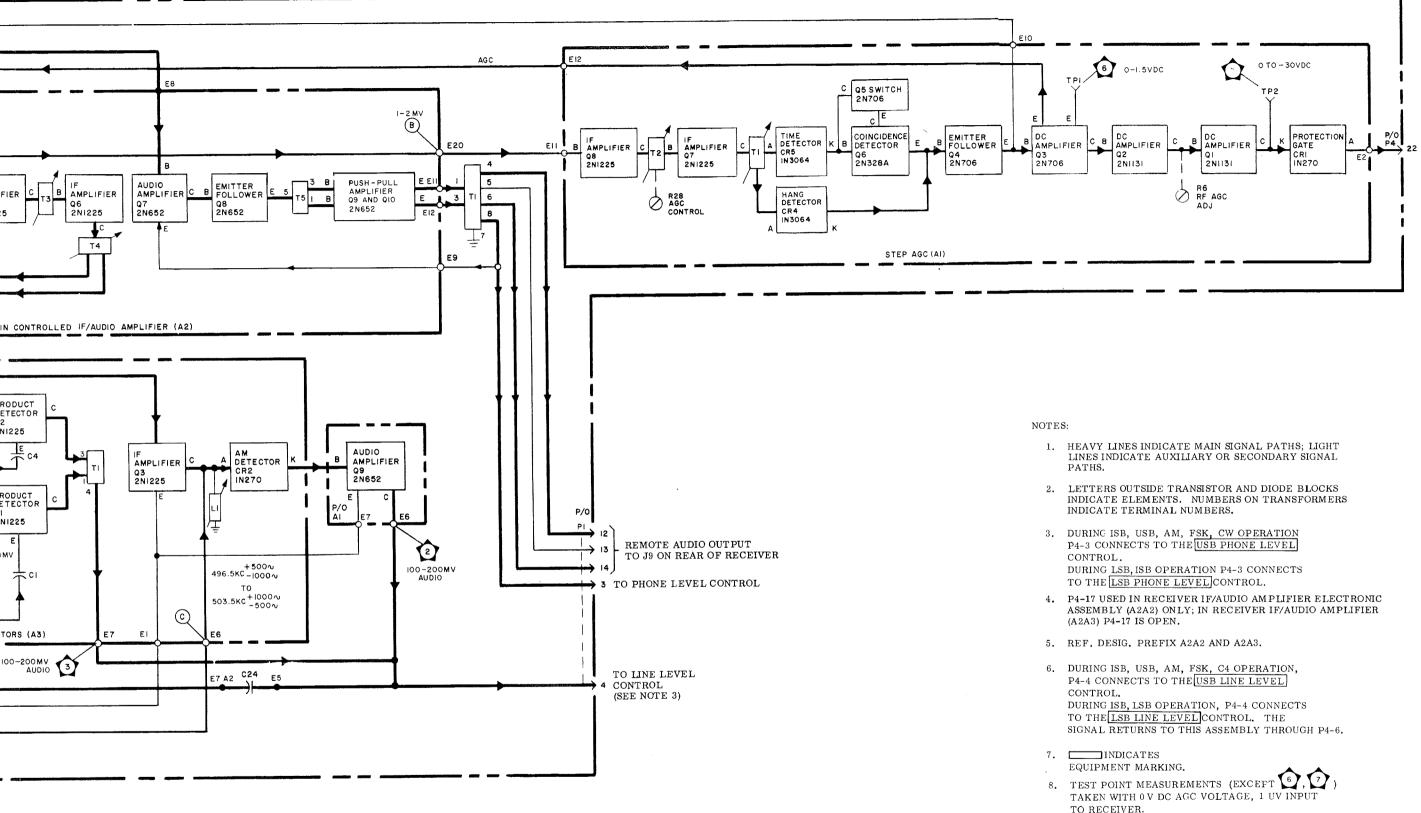
500 KC INJECTION TO RECEIVER IF/AUDIO AMPLIFIER ELECTRONIC ASSEMBLY (A2A3)

500 KC INJECTION TO RECEIVER A3 IF/AUDIO AMPLIFIER ELECTRONIC ASSEMBLY (A2A2)

 BFO OUTPUT
 TO RECEIVER
 A4 IF/AUDIO AMPLIFIER
 ELECTRONIC ASSEMBLY (A2A2)

> Figure 4-54. Receiver Mode Selector Electronic Assembly, Servicing Block Diagram

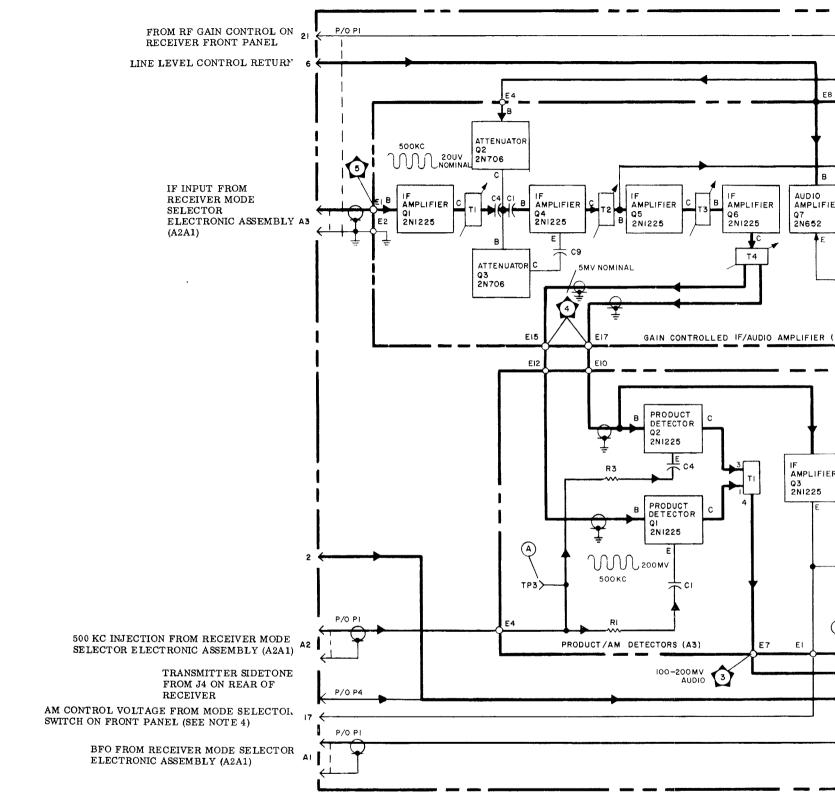
> > 4-109, 4-110



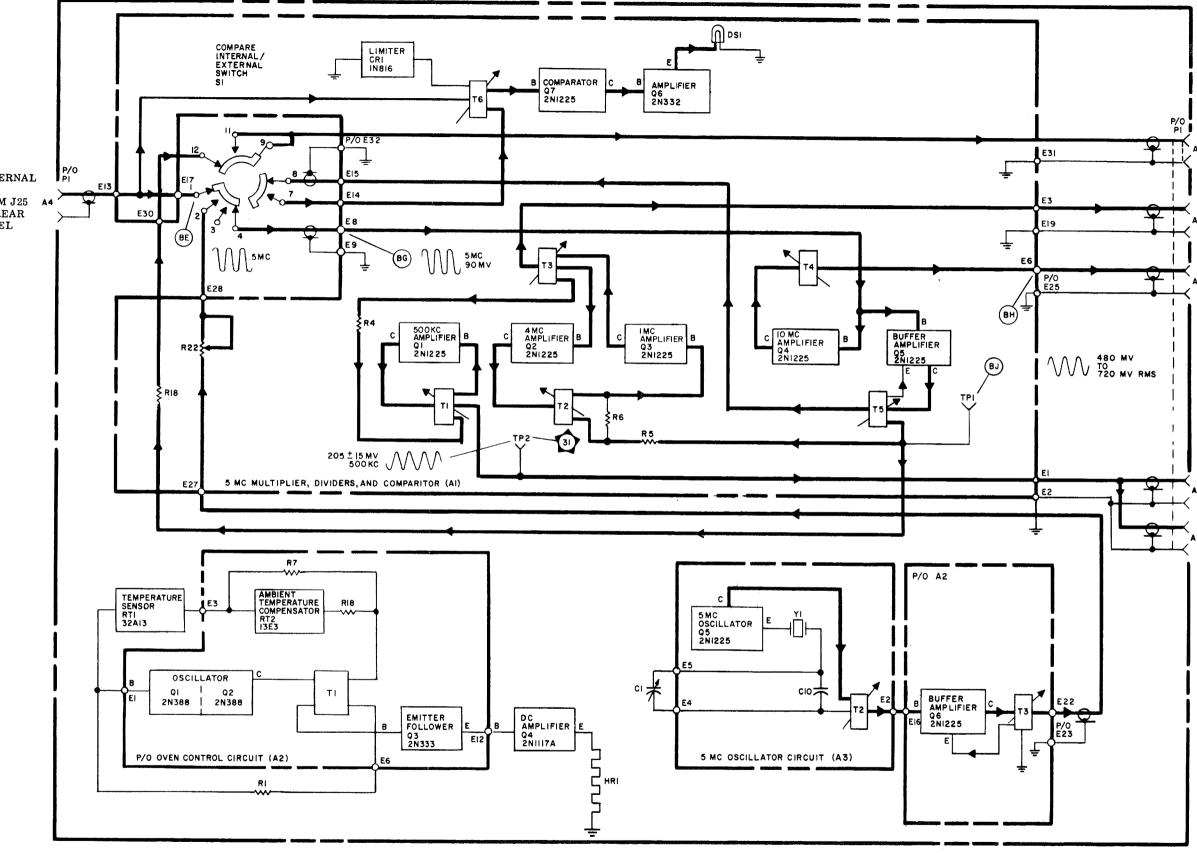
AGC TO RF AMPLIFIER ELECTRONIC ASSEMBLY (A2A4)

Figure 4-55. Receiver IF./Audio Amplifier Electronic Assembly, Servicing Block Diagram

4-111, 4-112



051/URROUBLE SHOOTING



GINAL

- 5 MC OUTPUT 480MV TO 720MV RMS TO J24 ON REAR PANEL
- 1 MC OUTPUT TO 1 MC SYNTHESIZER ELECTRONIC SUBASSEMBLY (A2A6A1)

12.5V RMS NOMINAL OUTPUT

- 10 MC OUTPUT TO 100 KC SYNTHESIZER ELECTRONIC SUBASSEMBLY NOMINAL OUT PUT (A2A6A2)

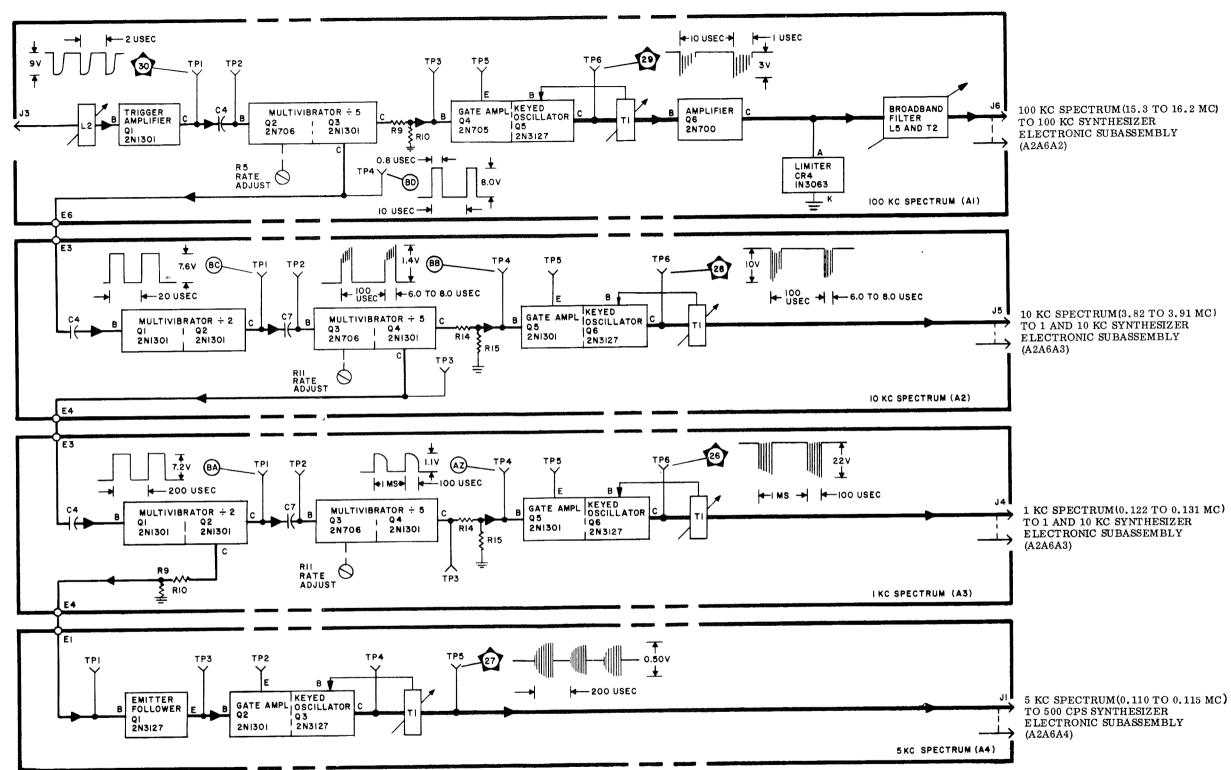
- 500 KC OUTPUT TO SPECTRUM GENERATOR ELECTRONIC SUBASSEMBLY (A2A6A5)
- 500 KC OUTPUT TO RECEIVER MODE SELECTOR ELECTRONIC ASSEMBLY (A2A1)

NOTES:

- 1. HEAVY LINES INDICATE MAIN SIGNAL PATHS; LIGHT LINES INDICATE AUXILIARY OR SECONDARY SIGNAL PATH.
- 2. LETTERS OUTSIDE TRANSISTOR AND DIODE BLOCKS INDICATE ELEMENTS. NUMBERS ON TRANSFORMERS INDICATE TERMINAL NUMBERS.
- 3. WAVEFORMS RECORDED USING OSCILLOSCOPE AN/USM-105A.
- 4. REF. DESIG. PREFIX A2A5.
- 5. SWITCH S1 IS SHOWN IN EXTERNAL POSITION.

Figure 4-56. Frequency Standard Electronic Assembly, Servicing Block Diagram

4-113, 4-114



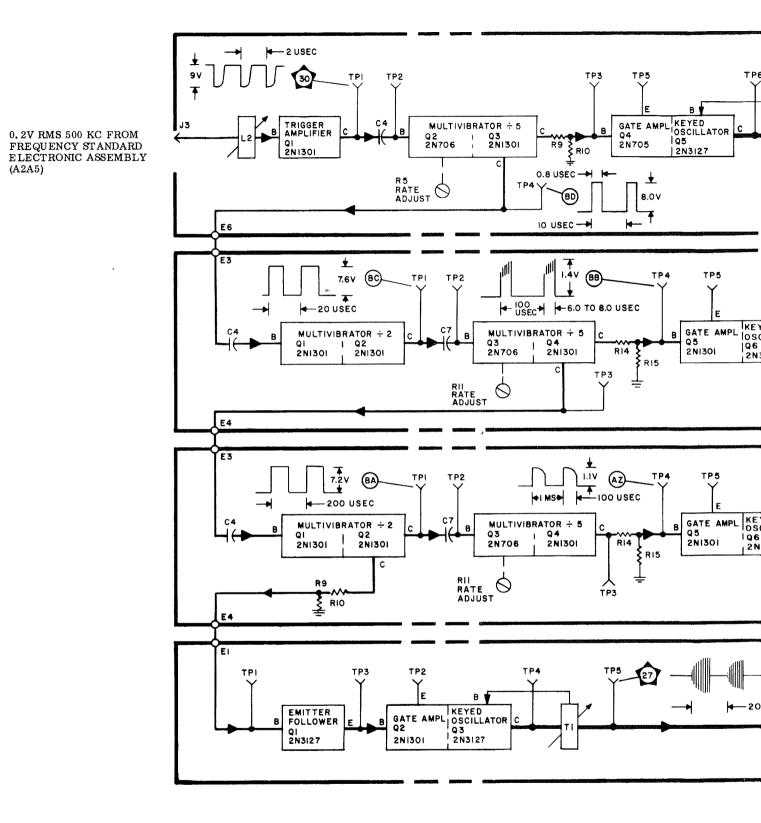
NAVSHIPS 94841(A)

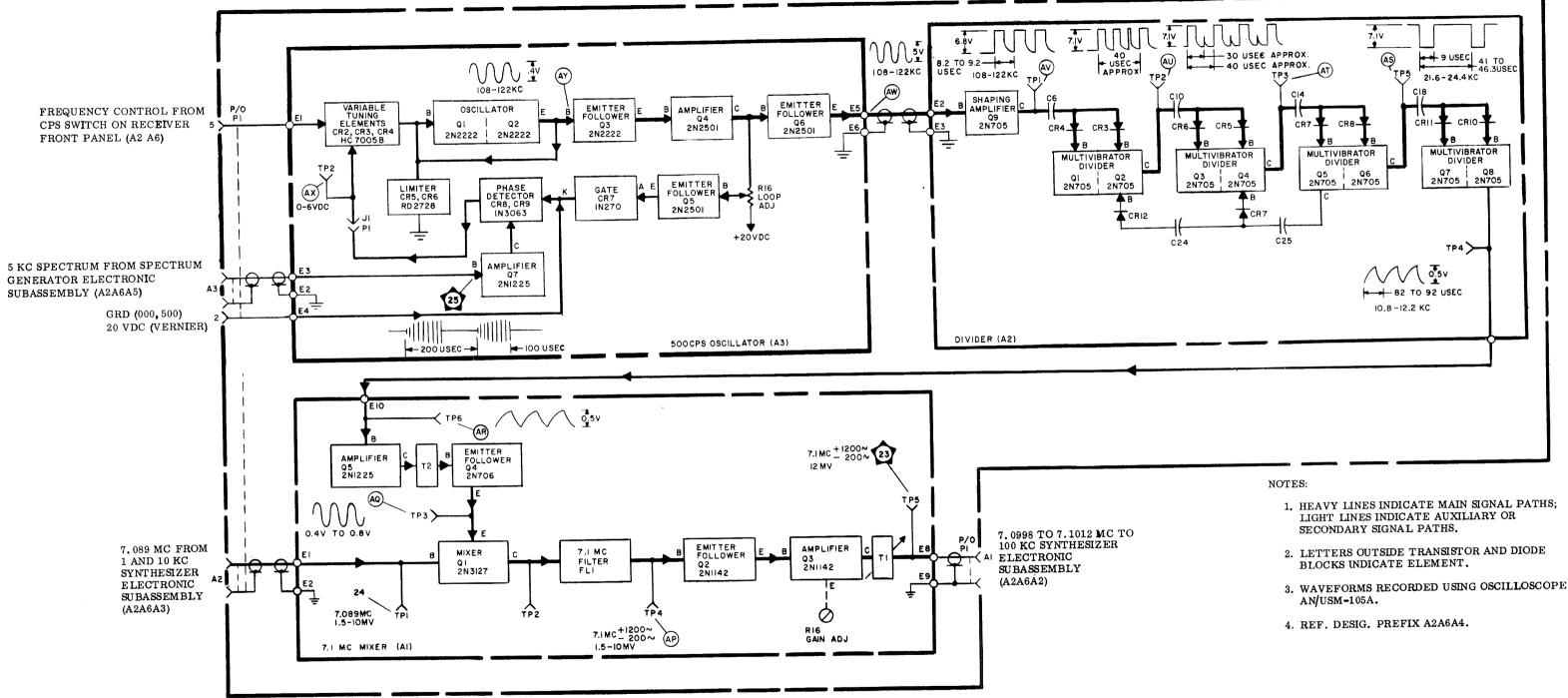
NOTES:

- 1. HEAVY LINES INDICATE MAIN SIGNAL PATHS; LIGHT LINES INDICATE AUXILIARY OR SECONDARY SIGNAL PATHS.
- 2. LETTERS OUTSIDE TRANSISTOR AND DIODE BLOCKS INDICATE ELEMENTS.
- 3. WAVEFORMS RECORDED USING OSCILLOSCOPE AN/USM-105A.
- 4. REF. DESIG. PREFIX A6A5

Figure 4-57. Spectrum Generator Electronic Subassembly, Servicing Block Diagram

4-115, 4-116

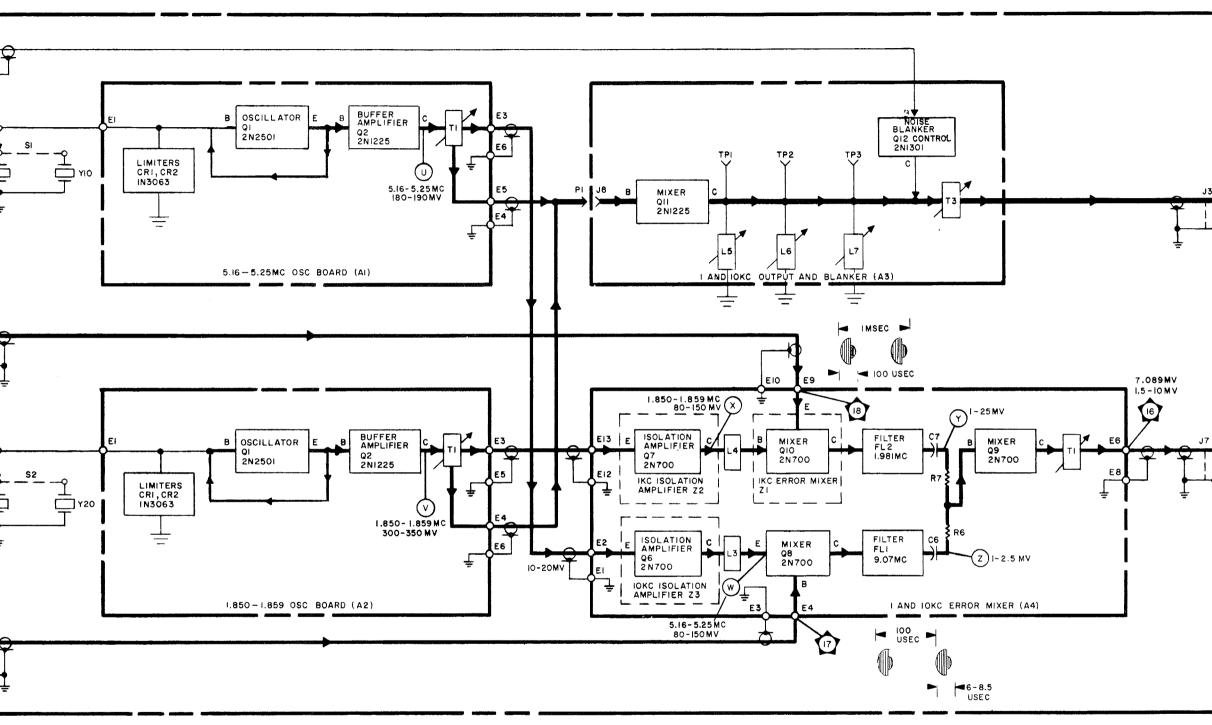




ORIGINAL

Figure 4-58. 500 CPS Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly, Servicing Block Diagram

4-117, 4-118



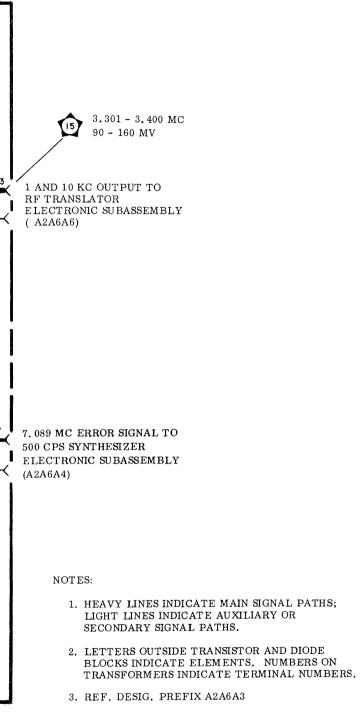
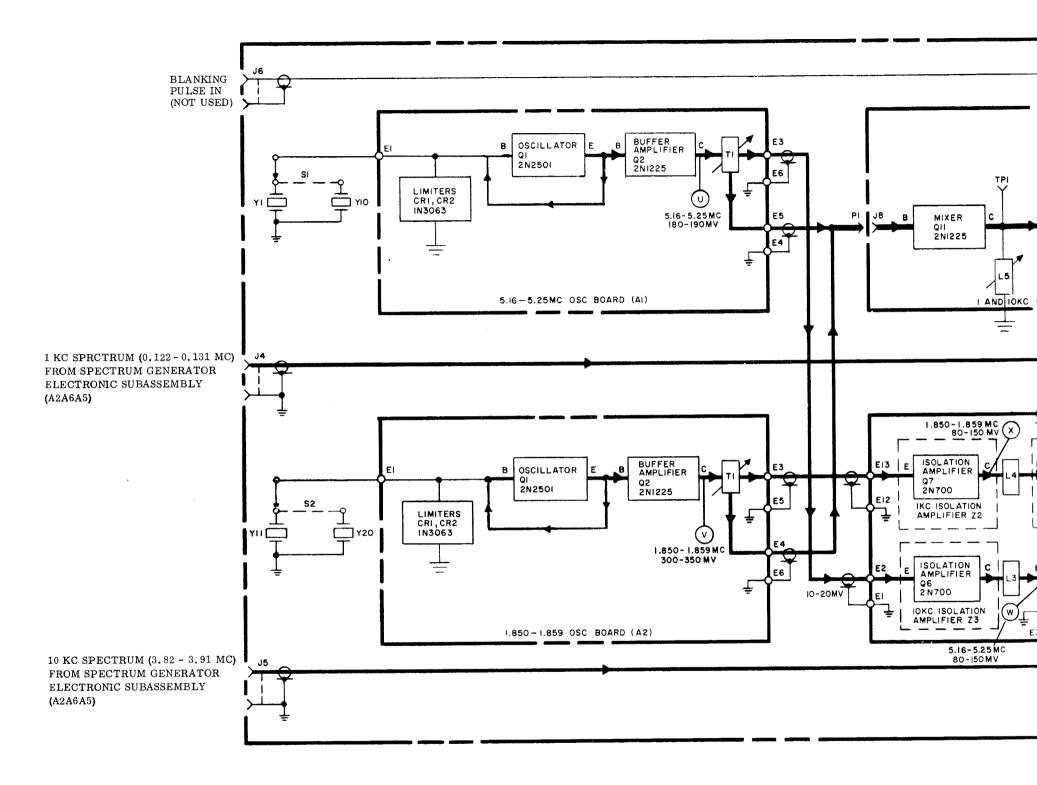
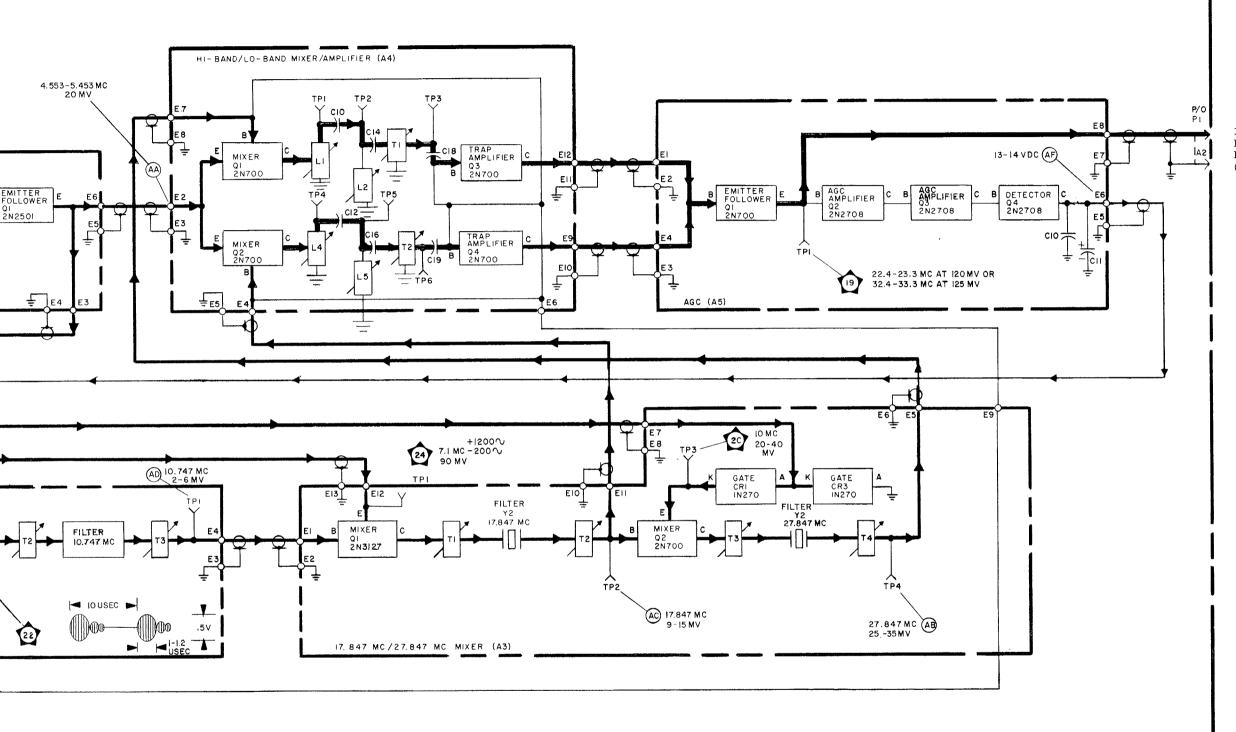


Figure 4-59. 1 and 10 KC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly, Servicing Block Diagram

4-119, 4-120





100 KC OUTPUT TO RF TRANSLATOR ELECTRONIC ASSEMBLY (A2A6A6)

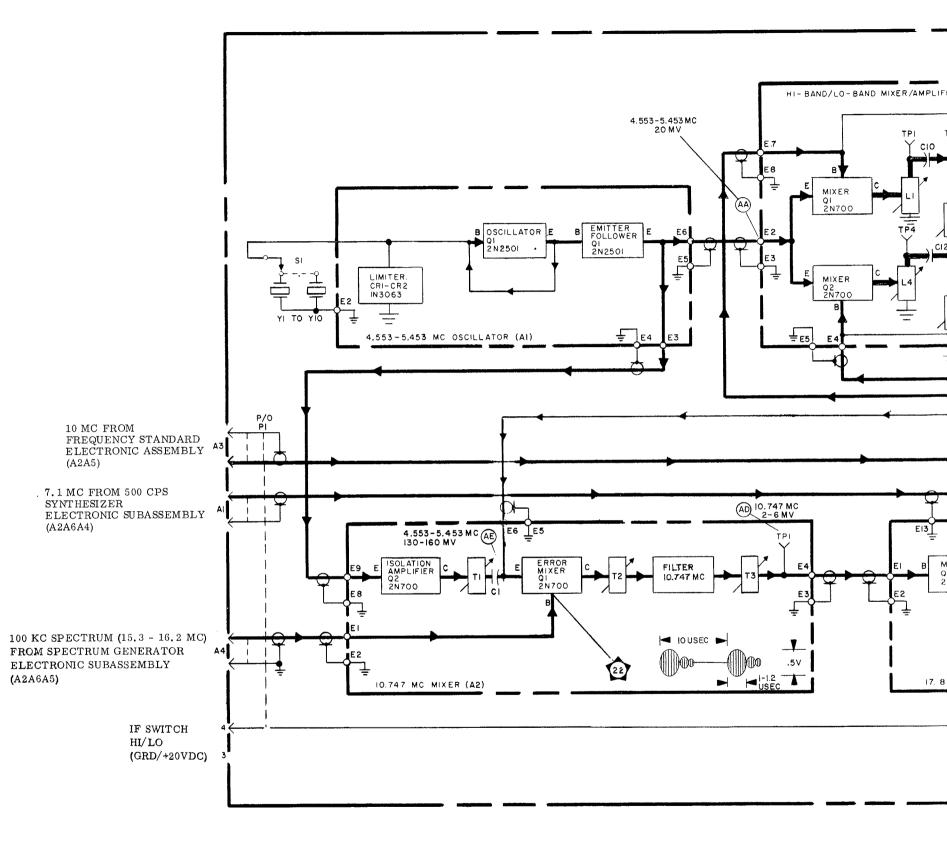
NOTES:

- 1. HEAVY LINES INDICATE MAIN SIGNAL PATHS; LIGHT LINES INDICATE AUXILIARY OR SECONDARY SIGNAL PATHS.
- 2. LETTERS OUTSIDE TRANSISTOR AND DIODE BLOCKS INDICATE ELEMENTS.
- 3. REF. DESIG. PREFIX A2A6A2.

Figure 4-60. 100 KC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly, Servicing Block Diagram

4-121, 4-122

R-1051/URR TROUBLE SHOOTING



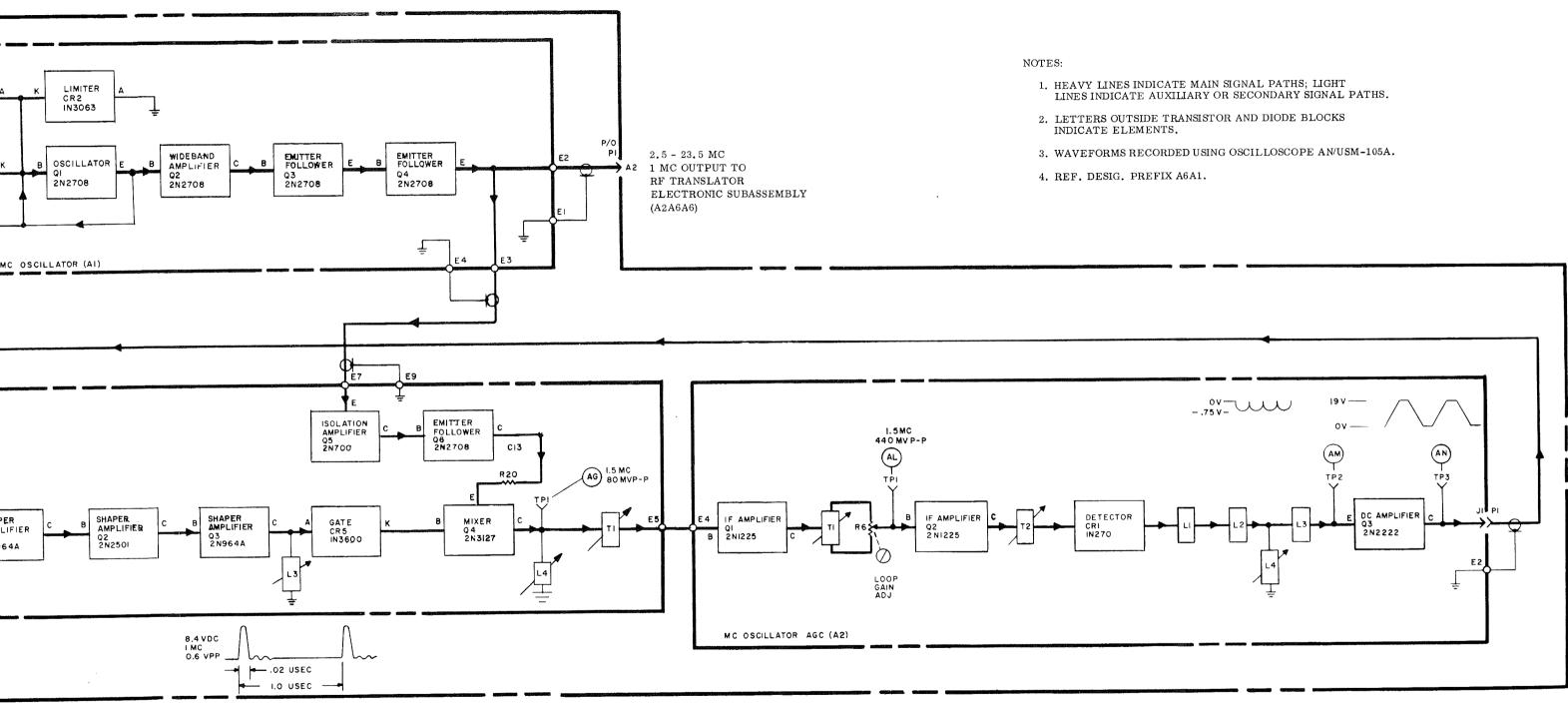
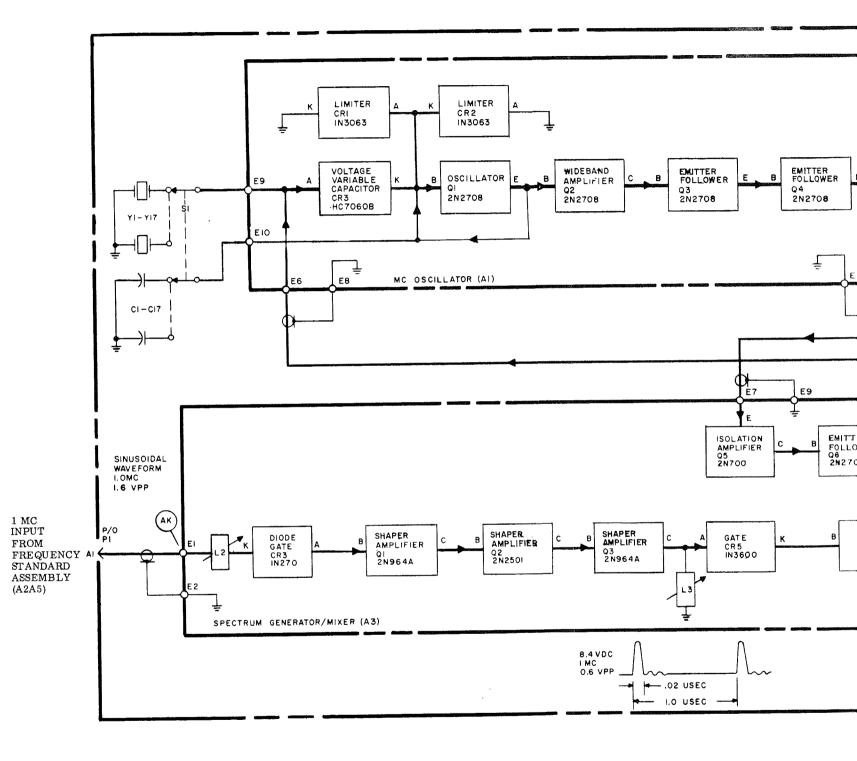


Figure 4-61. 1 MC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly, Servicing Block Diagram

4-123, 4-124



ORIGINAL

SECTION 5

MAINTENANCE

5-1. FAILURE, AND PERFORMANCE AND OPERATIONAL REPORTS.

NOTICE

The Bureau of Ships no longer requires the submission of failure reports for all equipments. Failure Reports and Performance and Operational Reports are to be accomplished for designated equipments (refer to Electronics Installation and Maintenance Book, NAVSHIPS 900,000) only to the extent required by existing directives. All failures shall be reported for those equipments requiring the use of Failure Reports.

5-2. PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE.

5-3. TUNING AND ADJUSTMENT.

5-4. 20-VOLT REGULATOR CIRCUIT AD-JUSTMENT. Power Supply Electronic Assembly A2A8 provides a regulated 20-vdc output which must be adjusted if the voltage varies more than ± 0.1 volt from 20 vdc.

5-5. <u>Test Equipment</u>. Multimeter AN/PSM-4 is required to perform this adjustment.

5-6. <u>Control Settings</u>. Set the Mode Selector switch (S2) at STD BY prior to the start of the adjustment.

5-7. <u>Test Set-up</u>. Connect the equipment as follows:

a. Loosen the front panel screws and slide the chassis from the case.

b. Pull interlock switch (S8) up and back to defeat the chassis interlock.

c. Tilt the chassis 90 degrees to expose the bottom.

d. Set Multimeter AN/PSM-4 to indicate 40 volts full-scale.

e. Connect the positive lead of multimeter to TP 32 on the bottom of the chassis (figure 5-16).

f. Connect the negative lead of the multimeter to the chassis.

5-8. <u>Instructions</u>. To adjust the 20-volt regulator circuit, proceed as follows:

a. Set the Mode Selector switch (S2) at AM.

b. Observe the multimeter indication and adjust Output Voltage Control A8R14 (figure 5-16) for an indication of 20 ±0.1 vdc.

c. Set Mode Selector switch (S2) at OFF. Tilt the chassis back to horizontal. Slide the chassis into the case and tighten the front panel screws.

5-9. 5 MC OSCILLATOR CIRCUIT ADJUST-MENT. The 5 mc oscillator circuit in Frequency Standard Electronic Assembly A2A5 must be adjusted properly to insure accurate development of frequencies in the receiver. However, the adjustment must not be made until it has been determined that the 5 mc output frequency is in error. Unnecessary adjustment will cause poor equipment operation that is not only difficult to correct, but requires lenghtly maintenance time.

5-10. Test Equipment. Frequency Standard AN/URQ-9 is required to perform this adjustment.

5-11. <u>Control Settings</u>. Set the Mode Selector switch at STD BY. Allow at least a 4-hour warm-up period before proceeding with the adjustment.

5-12. Test Set-up. Connect the equipment as follows:

a. Connect the 5 MC OUTPUT jack on Frequency Standard AN/URQ-9 to the EXT 5 MC IN jack (J25) on the rear of the receiver.

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R-1051/URR MAINTENANCE

b. Loosen the front panel screws on the receiver and slide the chassis out from the case. Pull interlock switch (S8) up and back to defeat the chassis interlock.

Paragraph

5-12b

5-13. <u>Instructions</u>. To adjust the 5 mc oscillator circuit, proceed as follows:

a. Using a small screwdriver, rotate the EXT/INT/COMP switch (S1) on top of the Frequency Standard Electronic Assembly to COMP.

b. Observe indicator lamp DS1 on top of the electronic assembly. The indicator lamp will not be lit if the 5 mc oscillator circuit is adjusted properly; proceed to step (f). If the circuit is improperly adjusted, the indicator lamp will flicker at a rate equal to the rate of error. Make the adjustment only if the lamp flickers. Proceed to step c.

c. If the adjustment is required, remove the dust cover from the electronic assembly.

d. Adjust capacitor C1 on top of the electronic assembly until the indicator lamp goes out.

e. Replace the dust cover.

f. Rotate the EXT/INT/COMP switch (S1) to INT. Set the Mode Selector switch (S2) at OFF. Slide the chassis into the case and tighten the front panel screws.

g. Disconnect Frequency Standard AN/URQ-9.

5-14. 500 CPS OSCILLATOR ADJUSTMENT. The 500 cps oscillator circuit in 500 CPS Synthesize1 Electronic Subassembly A2A6A4 is adjusted to lock at a frequency of 110 kc or 115 kc with the CPS switch (S6) at the 000 or 500 positions respectively. An additional adjustment must be made with the CPS switch (S6) in the VERNIER position, so that the oscillator frequency will vary between 108 kc and 122 kc, as the VERNIER control (R7) is rotated from extremely counterclockwise to extremely clockwise.

5-15. <u>Test Equipment</u>. The following test equipment is required to perform this adjustment.

- a. Oscilloscope, AN/USM-105A.
- b. Frequency Meter, CAQI-524D.

5-16. <u>Control Settings</u>. Set the receiver Mode Selector switch (S2) at USB and the CPS switch (S6) at 000.

5-17. <u>Test Set-up</u>. Connect the equipment as follows:

a. Loosen the front panel screws and slide the chassis from the case.

b. Pull interlock switch (S8) up and back to defeat the chassis interlock.

Note

Voltage-calibrate the oscilloscope.

c. Connect Oscilloscope AN/USM-105A probe to TP2 on the 500 CPS Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly.

5-18. <u>Instructions</u>. To adjust the 500 cps oscillator circuit, proceed as follows:

- a. Set the oscilloscope controls as follows:
 - (1) sweep speed : 5 usec/cm.
 - (2) vertical deflection : 1 v/cm.
 - (3) trigger : internal.
 - (4) type input : DC.

b. A dc voltage level of 2.3 to 2.6 volts should be present on the oscilloscope, with no ac voltage waveform component. If not, adjust the 500 CPS LOCK ADJ (A11R3) located at the top-front of the receiver chassis (figure 5-14), until an ac voltage waveform appears on the oscilloscope. Continue to rotate A11R3 until the frequency of the ac voltage waveform decreases to a point where it snaps into a dc level of 5 to 6 volts. Continue to adjust A11R3 until the dc level decreases to 2.5 volts.

c. Set the CPS switch (S6) at 500. A dc level of 2. 3 to 3. 1 volts should be present on the oscilloscope. If not, alternate the CPS switch (S6) between the 000 and 500 positions, and adjust A11R3 so that the dc level is 2. 3 to 2. 6 volts in the 000 position, and 2. 3 to 3. 1 volts in the 500 position.

d. Connect the oscilloscope probe to **TP4** on the 500 CPS Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly. Connect the output of the oscilloscope vertical amplifier to the input of Frequency Meter CAQI-S24D.

e. Set the CPS switch (S6) at VERNIER. Rotate the VERNIER control (R7) fully counterclockwise. Adjust the VERNIER FREQ ADJ (A11R1), located next to A11R3, for an indication of 10.800 kc \pm 30 cps on the frequency meter.

f. Rotate the VERNIER control (R7) fully clockwise. The frequency meter indication should be 12.200 kc \pm 50 cps.

Note

The 12.2 kc frequency is not adjustable. If the frequency indication is not as specified in step f, maintenance is required.

g. Set the CPS switch (S6) at 000. Set the Mode Selector switch (S2) at OFF. Disconnect the test equipment. Slide the chassis into the case and tighten the front panel screws.

5-19. BFO CIRCUIT ADJUSTMENT. The BFO circuit in Mode Selector Electronic Assembly A2A1 is adjusted to produce a frequency between 496.5 and 503.5 kc, depending upon the setting of the BFO FREQ control (R6) on the receiver front panel.

5-20. Test Equipment. Frequency Meter CAQI- $5\overline{24D}$ is required to perform this adjustment.

5-21. <u>Control Settings</u>. Set the Mode Selector switch (S2) at CW.

5-22. Test Set-up. Connect the equipment as follows:

a. Loosen the front panel screws and slide the chassis from the case.

b. Pull interlock switch (S8) up and back to defeat the chassis interlock.

c. Connect the input of Frequency Meter CAQI-S24D to TP2 on the Mode Selector Electronic Assembly (figure 5-14).

5-23. <u>Instructions</u>. To adjust the BFO circuit, proceed as follows:

a. Rotate the BFO FREQ control (R6) fully counterclockwise and note the frequency meter indication.

b. Rotate the BFO FREQ control (R6) fully clockwise and note the frequency meter indication. Adjust the BFO ADJ inductor (L1) so that the frequency is 496.500 kc +500 cps -1000 cpswith the BFO FREQ control (R6) in the extreme counterclockwise position, and 503.5 kc +1000 cps with the BFO FREQ control (R6) in - 500 cps the extreme clockwise position.

c. Set the Mode Selector switch (S2) at OFF. Disconnect the frequency meter from TP2. Slide the chassis into the case and tighten the front panel screws.

5-24. RECEIVER USB AGC CIRCUIT AD-JUSTMENT. The agc circuit in Receiver IF./ Audio Amplifier Electronic Assembly A2A2 is adjusted so that the proper agc voltage is developed with respect to the level of the received upper sideband input signals.

5-25. Test Equipment. The following test equipment is required to adjust the agc voltage.

- a. RF Signal Generator, CAQI-606A.
- b. Electronic Multimeter, ME-6 ()/U.
- c. Multimeter, AN/PSM-4.
- d. Electronic Multimeter, CCVO-91CA.
- e. Cable Assembly, W1.

5-26. Control Settings. Before adjusting the agc voltage, set the receiver front panel controls as follows:

- a. Mode Selector switch (S2): USB.
- b. RF GAIN control (R3): fully clockwise.
- c. USB LINE LEVEL switch (S2): +20DB.

d. USB LINE LEVEL control (R2, R12): mid-range.

- e. Operating Frequency: 26.500 mc.
- f. CPS switch (S6): 000.

5-27. Test Set-up. Connect the equipment as follows:

a. Loosen the front panel screws and slide the chassis from the case. Pull interlock switch (S8) up and back to defeat the chassis interlock.

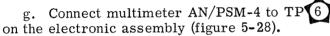
b. Loosen two corner fastening screws on Receiver IF/Audio Amplifier Electronic Assembly A2A2 and lift it out from chassis.

c. Connect cable assembly W1 to P4 on the bottom of the electronic assembly.

d. Connect cable assembly W1 to J18 on the receiver chassis in place of the electronic assembly.

e. Connect RF Signal Generator CAQI-606A to J23 on the rear of the receiver.

f. Connect Electronic Multimeter ME-6 ()/U to J5 on the rear of the receiver.



5-28. <u>Instructions</u>. To adjust the agc circuit, proceed as follows:

a. Set the rf signal generator as follows:

(1) Frequency : 26.501 mc.

(2) Output Level : 1 uv.

(3) Modulation : CW.

(4) Modulation amplitude : zero.

b. Set the electronic multimeter to indicate 10 volts full-scale. Set the multimeter to indicate 1 volt full-scale.

c. Tune the rf signal generator for a peak indication on the electronic multimeter.

d. Adjust the IF. AGC potentiometer (R25) (figure 5-28) for an indication slightly above 0 volt on the multimeter.

e. Adjust the IF. GAIN potentiometer (R22) for a 5.5 $\pm 0.5 v$ indication on the electronic multimeter.

f. Connect Electronic Multimeter CCVO-91CA to TP 13 on the Translator/Synthe-5-4 sizer Electronic Assembly (figure 5-14). Set electronic multimeter to indicate 0.3 volts full-scale.

g. Increase the rf signal generator output level to 150,000 uv. Tune the signal generator for a peak indication on both Electronic Multimeter ME-6 ()/U and the multimeter.

Note

If a peak indication is observed on Electronic Multimeter ME-6 ()/U and not on the multimeter, the rf signal generator is not tuned properly. The electronic multimeter indication may decrease slightly from the peak as a peak is obtained on the multimeter.

h. Adjust the RF AGC potentiometer (R6) (figure 5-28) on the electronic assembly for a 6-mv indication on Electronic Multimeter CCVO-91CA.

i. Disconnect the test equipment. Set the Mode Selector switch (S2) at OFF. Replace the dust cover on the electronic assembly and plug assembly back into the chassis. Tighten the two corner fastening screws. Slide the chassis into the case and tighten the front panel screws.

5-29. RECEIVER LSB AGC CIRCUIT AD-JUSTMENT. The agc circuit in Receiver IF./ Audio Amplifier Electronic Assembly A2A3 is adjusted in the same manner as that in the Receiver IF./Audio Amplifier Electronic Assembly A2A2. The differences in control settings, test connections and adjustment controls are specified in the following paragraphs.

5-30. Test Equipment. Same as paragraph 5-25.

5-31. <u>Control Settings</u>. Set the receiver controls as follows:

a. Mode Selector switch (S2): LSB.

b. LSB LINE LEVEL switch (S1): +20DB.

c. LSB LINE LEVEL control (R1, R11): mid-range.

5-32. Test Set-up. The test set-up is the same as in paragraph 5-27, except that Electronic Multimeter ME-6()/U is connected to J6 on rear of receiver.

5-33. Instructions. The procedure for adjusting the agc circuit is the same as in paragraph 5-28, except that the measurements and adjustments are made on Receiver IF. /Audio Amplifier Electronic Assembly (A2A3) and the rf signal generator should initially be set to 26. 499 mc.

5-34. SHIPBOARD REPAIR.

5-35. GENERAL REPAIR INSTRUCTIONS.

5-36. The instructions in this portion of the maintenance section provide repair and adjustment instructions for Receiver IF. /Audio Amplifier Electronic Assemblies A2A2 and A2A3 and Mode Selector Electronic Assembly A2A1. RF Amplifier Electronic Assembly A2A4, Frequency Standard Electronic Assembly A2A5 and Translator/Synthesizer Electronic Assembly A2A6 are not repaired aboard ship. They are therefore considered non-repairable assemblies at this level.

5-37. NON-REPAIRABLE ELECTRONIC ASSEMBLIES.

5-38. RF AMPLIFIER ELECTRONIC ASSEM-BLY A2A4. The RF Amplifier Electronic Assembly is replaced with a spare electronic assembly aboard ship. To replace a defective electronic assembly, proceed as follows:

- a. Turn off power to the receiver.
- b. Set the KCS controls for 111.

c. Loosen the four fastening screws at the corners of the RF Amplifier Electronic Assembly and lift the electronic assembly from the chassis.

d. Check that the slots in chassis couplers point toward and are perpendicular to the front panel. If not, refer to paragraph 5-68.

e. Set the couplers on the bottom of the new RF Amplifier Electronic Assembly at position 1. Place the spare RF Amplifier Electronic Assembly into the chassis. Apply a small amount of finger-pressure on the electronic assembly. Rotate the 100 kc (KCS) and 10 kc (KCS) controls to 0, then to 2, and then to 1, while observing the digital tuning rotor assemblies on the turret assembly located inside the electronic assembly. This is done by looking through the tube access slot in top of dust

cover. As 100 kc (KCS) control is rotated, the top two wafers (with the vertical posts) should rotate. As the 10 kc (KCS) control is rotated, the lower rotor (with printed circuit visible) should rotate.

f. When it has been determined that the couplers of the electronic assembly are fully engaged with the chassis couplers, tighten the four fastening screws at the corners of the electronic assembly.

5-39. TRANSLATOR/SYNTHESIZER ELEC-TRONIC ASSEMBLY A2A6. The Translator/ Synthesizer Electronic Assembly is also replaced with a spare electronic assembly aboard ship. To replace a defective electronic assembly, proceed as follows:

a. Turn off power.

b. Loosen the four fastening screws at the corners of the Translator/Synthesizer Electronic Assembly.

c. Rotate the KCS controls to 111 and carefully lift out the electronic assembly.

d. Check that slots in couplers point toward and are perpendicular to the rear chassis panel. If not, refer to paragraph 5-68.

e. Rotate the couplers on the bottom of the spare Translator/Synthesizer Electronic Assembly to 1. Carefully place the new electronic assembly into the receiver chassis.

f. Apply slight finger-pressure on top of the electronic assembly and rotate the KCS controls to 9 and back to 0. When it has been determined that the couplers on the bottom of the electronic assembly are fully engaged with the chassis couplers, tighten the four fastening screws in the corners of the electronic assembly.

5-40. FREQUENCY STANDARD ELEC-TRONIC ASSEMBLY A2A5. The Frequency Standard Electronic Assembly is also a nonrepairable electronic assembly aboard ship. To replace a defective electronic assembly, loosen the two corner fastening screws on top of the electronic assembly and lift it from the chassis. Place the spare electronic assembly into the chassis and tighten the fastening screws.

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5-41. REPAIRABLE ELECTRONIC ASSEM-BLIES.

Note

The variable transformers in the electronic assemblies are glued in the factory after adjustment. In repairing the electronic assemblies, it may be necessary to break the glue seal, or to put in a new transformer that is not glued. In either case, apply a small amount of Glyptal to the transformer after adjustment.

5-42. RECEIVER IF./AUDIO AMPLIFIER ELECTRONIC ASSEMBLIES. The following paragraphs provide instructions for removal, cleaning, repair and adjustment of the Receiver IF./Audio Amplifier Electronic Assemblies.

5-43. <u>Removal</u>. Receiver IF. /Audio Amplifier Electronic Assemblies A2A2 and A2A3 are located side-by-side at the rear of the receiver chassis (figure 5-14). They operate identically and are interchangeable. To remove either electronic assembly, loosen the two corner fastening screws on top of the electronic assembly and lift it from the chassis. Remove the two dust cover screws and lift the dust cover off from the electronic assembly.

5-44. Test Equipment. The following test equipment is required to adjust the Receiver IF./Audio Amplifier Electronic Assembly after repair:

- a. RF Signal Generator, CAQI-606A.
- b. Electronic Multimeter, ME-6 ()/U.
- c. Multimeter, AN/PSM-4.
- d. Cable Assembly, W1.
- e. 600-ohm, 2-watt, carbon resistor.

5-45. <u>Repair</u>. Clean the electronic assembly of dust and other foreign matter with compressed air. Inspect the entire electronic assembly for defective electrical components, frayed wiring, or loose connections or connectors. The only parts or components to be replaced are electrical components. See figures 5-27 and through 5-31 for component location. 5-46. <u>Reassembly</u>. After repair, replace any component board that may have been removed for repair or replacement of parts.

5-47. Adjustments. If electrical components were replaced in the electronic assembly, **ad**-just the electronic assembly as follows:

a. Plug cable assembly W1 into P4 on the bottom of the electronic assembly (figure 5-3).

b. Plug cable assembly W1 into J18 on the receiver chassis.

c. Set the receiver controls as follows:

(1) Interlock switch (S8): pulled up.

(2) Mode Selector switch (S2): AM.

(3) Operating frequency: 06.000 mc.

(4) RF GAIN control (R3): fully clock-wise.

(5) CPS switch (S6): 000.

(6) USB LINE LEVEL switch (S5): +20DB.

(7) USB LINE LEVEL control (R2, R12): mid-range.

d. Connect RF Signal Generator CAQI-606A to J23 on rear of receiver. Set rf signal generator as follows:

- (1) Frequency: 6.00 mc.
- (2) Output level: 1 millivolt.
- (3) Modulation: INT 1000 cps.
- (4) Modulation amplitude: 30%.

e. Connect Electronic Multimeter ME-6 ()/U to J5 on rear of receiver. Connect the 600-ohm resistor across the terminals of the electronic multimeter. Set the electronic multimeter to indicate 10 vdc full-scale.

f. Adjust USB LINE LEVEL control (R2, R12) on receiver for a 2-volt indication on the electronic multimeter.

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g. Connect the Multimeter AN/PSM-4 to

TP 6 (figure 5-28) on the Receiver IF. /

Audio Amplifier Electronic Assembly. Set the multimeter to indicate 1 vdc full-scale. Adjust the rf signal generator output level for a 0.3-to-0.45-volt indication on the multimeter.

h. Tune the rf signal generator for peak indication on the electronic multimeter.

Note

The variable transformers in the electronic assembly have very broad bandwidths and sometimes require repeated adjusting to obtain the correct peak.

i. Tune transformers A2T1, A2T2, A2T3 and A2T4 for peak indication on the electronic multimeter. If the indication on the electronic multimeter exceeds 6 volts, rotate the USB LINE LEVEL control (R2, R12) on the receiver in a counterclockwise direction to decrease the indication.

j. Rotate potentiometer R25 (figure 5-28) fully clockwise. Decrease the rf signal generator output level for a 0.2 to 0.3-volt indication on the multimeter. Tune transformers A1T1 and A1T2 for peak indication on the multimeter.

k. Set Mode Selector switch (S2) at AM. Tune inductor A3L1 on electronic assembly (figure 5-29) for peak indication on electronic multimeter.

1. Proceed to paragraph 5-24 to adjust the agc circuits.

5-48. MODE SELECTOR ELECTRONIC AS-SEMBLY (A2A1). The following paragraphs provide instructions for removal, cleaning, repair and adjustment of the Mode Selector Electronic Assembly.

5-49. <u>Removal</u>. To remove the Mode Selector Electronic Assembly, located at the left-rear center of the chassis, loosen the two corner fastening screws on top of the electronic assembly and lift it from the chassis. Remove the dust cover screw and lift the dust cover.

5-50. Test Equipment. Frequency Meter CAQI-524D is required to adjust the Mode Selector Electronic Assembly after repair.

5-51. <u>Repair</u>. Clean the electronic assembly of dust and foreign matter with compressed air.

CAUTION

Do not direct the air spray directly on the filters in the electronic assembly. The wires are very thin and the connections will break.

Inspect the entire electronic assembly for defective electrical components, frayed wiring, or loose connections or connectors. See figures 5-22 through 5-26 for component location.

5-52. <u>Reassembly</u>. Replace any connections removed for repair. Replace the dust cover. Place the electronic assembly into the chassis and tighten the two corner fastening screws.

5-53. <u>Adjustments</u>. The only adjustment performed on the electronic assembly is adjustment of the BFO circuit. Refer to paragraph 5-19.

5-54. EMERGENCY MAINTENANCE FOR ELECTRONIC ASSEMBLIES.

5-55. Receiver IF./Audio Amplifier Electronic Assemblies A2A2 and A2A3 function identically and are interchangeable. If it is essential that the receiver be operated in USB, AM, CW, or FSK modes of operation, and Receiver IF./Audio Amplifier Electronic Assembly A2A2 malfunctions, replace it with Receiver IF./Audio Amplifier Electronic Assembly A2A3. If LSB mode of operation is desired and Receiver IF./Audio Amplifier Electronic Assembly A2A3 malfunctions, replace it with Receiver IF./Audio Amplifier Electronic Assembly A2A3. Both electronic assemblies must be functioning properly for ISB mode of operation.

5-56. In addition, RF Amplifier Electronic Assembly A2A4, Translator/Synthesizer Electronic Assembly A2A6, and Frequency Standard Electronic Assembly A2A5 are interchangeable with the same electronic assemblies (2A2A4, 2A2A6, and 2A2A5) in Radio Transmitter T-827/URT. Refer to paragraphs 5-38 through 5-40 for replacing these electronic assemblies.

5-57. If the 5 mc oscillator in the Frequency

Paragraph 5-47g

Standard Electronic Assembly malfunctions, refer to paragraph 2-19 for patching the 5 mc output of the Frequency Standard in another unit to the R-1051/URR.

5-58. <u>R-1051/URR CHAIN DRIVE</u> MECHANISM.

5-59. REMOVAL.

5-60. This paragraph provides instructions for removing the drive chains and for removing and disassembling the sprocket assemblies on the bottom of the R-1051/URR chassis. Removal of these components can be accomplished with the chassis in place on the slide mechanisms. To remove the drive chains and sprocket assemblies, proceed as follows, using figure 5-16 as a guide:

a. Turn off power to R-1051/URR. Loosen front panel screws and slide chassis out from case.

b. Remove RF Amplifier and Translator/ Synthesizer Electronic Assemblies from chassis.

c. Tilt chassis 90 degrees to expose bottom.

d. To remove drive chains, proceed as follows:

(1) Loosen the three chain tension idler gears and slide away from chains.

(2) Locate keeper clip on each drive chain. Carefully remove keeper clips and unthread chains.

e. Remove four nuts securing dual and triple sprocket assemblies to chassis and lift off sprocket assemblies.

f. To disassemble the sprocket assemblies, remove the two retaining rings located inside the assembly housing and secured around shaft. Loosen coupler hub-clamp set screw and punch out shaft from end opposite coupler. Separate sprocket assembly parts as they clear shaft.

5-61. REPAIR.

5-62. To repair a defective sprocket assembly, proceed as follows:

a. Wipe all disassembled parts with dry, lint-free cloth.

b. Inspect all parts for damage. Replace worn parts.

c. Replace metal springs if they no longer provide proper tension between associated parts.

d. Replace both coupler and shaft if shaft is scored.

e. Replace detent springs if bent so that too much or too little tension results.

f. Replace hub-clamp if it is evident during equipment operation that proper clamping action was not being maintained.

5-63. REASSEMBLY.

5-64. To reassemble the sprocket assemblies, and to install the sprocket assemblies and drive chains onto bottom of chassis after repair, proceed as follows:

a. Reassemble sprocket assemblies using new retaining rings in place of those that were removed. Do not tighten hub-clamp setscrews.

b. Secure sprocket assemblies in their respective positions on chassis with the four appropriate nuts.

c. Thread drive chains onto gears. Fasten ends of each chain together with keeper clip.

5-65. ADJUSTMENTS.

5-66. After reassembly, the chain drive mechanism must be adjusted to assure proper relationship between the front panel KCS controls, the couplers and their respective detent spring position in the sprocket assemblies.

5-67. DRIVE CHAIN ADJUSTMENT. - To obtain proper positioning of the front panel KCS controls with respect to the full or "seated" position of the detent spring, adjust the position of the drive chain as follows:

a. Replace RF Amplifier and Translator/ Synthesizer Electronic Assemblies. Make sure that all couplers are engaged properly (refer to paragraphs 5-38 and 5-39).

b. For each KCS control, take slack out of associated drive chain by holding associated chain tension idler gear against chain. If digit

is centered in window, tighten chain tension idler gear in that position and proceed to paragraph 5-68. If digit is not centered in window, proceed as follows:

(1) Release chain tension idler gear and slide away from chain.

(2) Lift drive chain away from gears and shift entire chain to a position where front panel control and digit above control, remain fairly stationary when chain is tightened. In most cases, the trial-and-error method must be used to determine the proper chain position.

(3) When the drive chain is positioned properly, tighten chain tension idler gear securely against chain.

c. The dual sprocket assembly provides a means for making a finer adjustment for the 100 kc (KCS) and 10 kc (KCS) controls. To make the fine adjustment, proceed as follows:

(1) Rotate the 100 kc (KCS) and 10 kc (KCS) controls and observe the detent action of the dual sprocket assembly. Proper detent action is displayed by relatively smooth rotation of controls with full detent or "seating" action. If necessary, remove a spacer from under detent spring to increase the spring tension or add a spacer to reduce spring tension.

(2) If digit is still not centered fully in window when detent spring is "seated" fully, loosen the two hex-head screws on wheel index engaged with detent spring. Wheel index provides the "seating" position for the detent spring.

(3) Press firmly on detent spring above roller. Do not allow wheel index to rotate.

(4) Rotate front panel control until digit is exactly centered in window as desired.

(5) Release front panel control and detent spring. If digit moves from center of window, repeat steps (3) through (5). When digit is centered exactly in window, tighten hex-head screws on wheel index. 5-68. COUPLER ADJUSTMENT. Once the drive chains have been adjusted to provide optimum detent positioning, the sprocket assembly couplers which are operated by the KCS controls, must be adjusted for proper electrical-mechanical alignment between the electronic assemblies and the chain drive mechanism. To adjust the couplers, proceed as follows:

a. Remove RF Amplifier and Translator/ Synthesizer Electronic Assemblies from chassis.

b. Rotate 100 kc (KCS) and 10 kc (KCS) controls to 1. Insert screw-driver in coupler adjustments in dual sprocket assembly (figure 5-16) and rotate couplers so that in each coupler points toward and is perpendicular to the front panel.

c. Tighten hub-clamp setscrews on dual sprocket assembly.

d. Rotate 100 kc (KCS), 10 kc (KCS) and 1 kc (KCS) controls to 0. Insert screwdriver in respective coupler adjustments in triple sprocket assembly (figure 5-16) and rotate couplers so that each coupler slot points toward and is perpendicular to the rear panel.

e. Tighten hub-clamp setscrews on triple sprocket assembly.

f. Rotate KCS controls to 1. Replace RF Amplifier and Translator/Synthesizer Electronic Assemblies. Restore R-1051/URR to normal operating condition.

5-69. DEPOT REPAIR.

5-70. Instructions for repair of RF Amplifier Electronic Assembly A2A4, Translator/ Synthesizer Electronic Assembly A2A6 and Frequency Standard Electronic Assembly A2A5 are contained in Technical Manual for Repair of AN/WRC-1 and R1051/URR 2N Modules, NAVSHIPS 95700. Normally, repair and alignment of the above electronic assemblies is accomplished by established module repair facilities.

Paragraph 5-67b

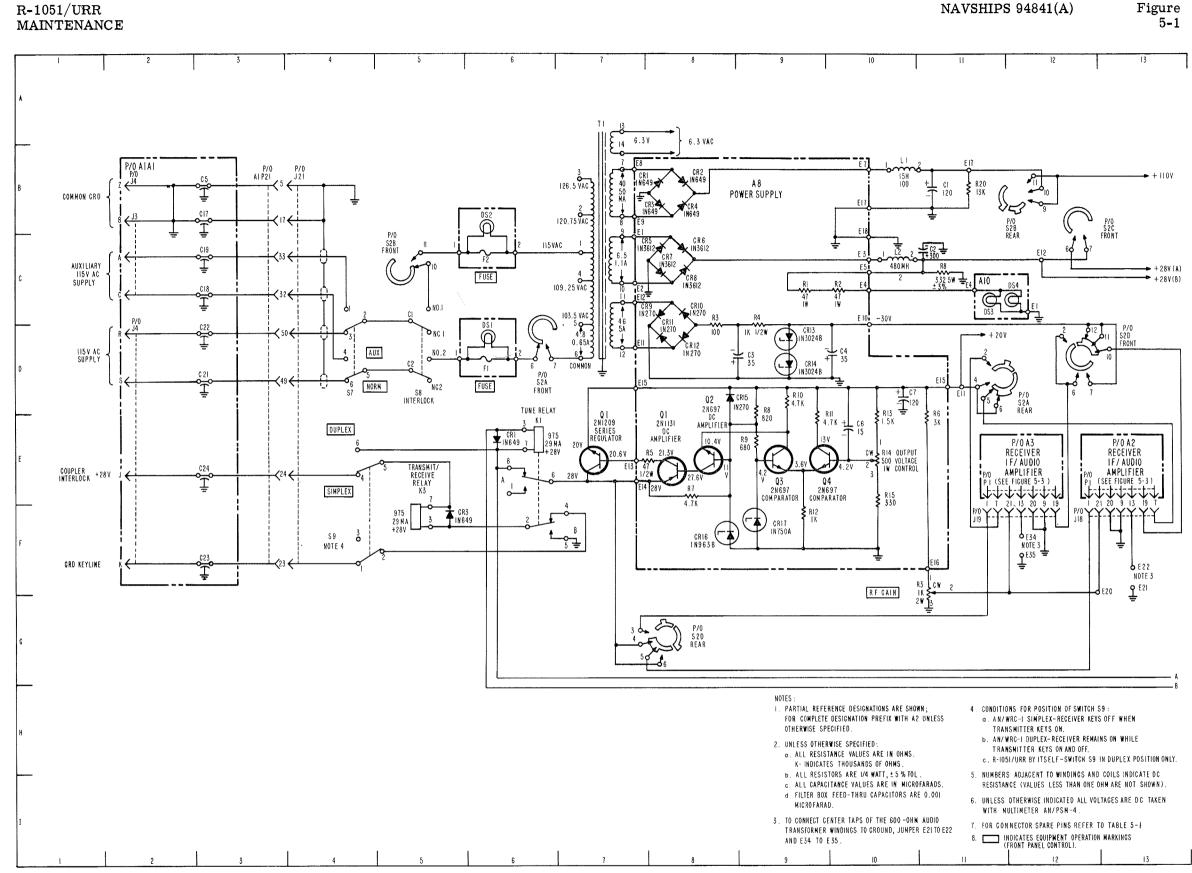
NAVSHIPS 94841(A)

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		SPARE CON	NEC	TOR PINS				
A2J10 - A	2A4P1	A2J16 - A2A1P1		A2J13 - A2	2A6P2	A2J19 - A2A3P4		
	-10	-3			-A3	-5		
	-11	-4		A2J12 - A2	2A6P1	-8		
	-12	-5			-9	-10		
	-13	-8			-11	-16		
	-14	-9			-13	A1P21 - A2J21		
	-15	-10			-15	-16		
A2J11 - A	A2A4P2	A2J18 - A2A2P4		-17				
	-3	-5		-22 -30				
	-4	-8		A2J9 - A	A2J9 - A2A5P1 -39			
	-5	-10		-4				
	-6	-16		-5				
		10		-6				
		-			-7			
		SPARE	FII	LTERS				
A1A1J4	FILTER CAP.	A1P21 - A2J21		A1A1J4	FILTER CAP.	A1P21 - A2J21		
-A C9 -9			-D	D2	-2			
- B	C3	-3		-E	C1	-1		
-C C4 -4				-F	C26	-26		

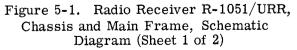
TABLE 5-1. RADIO RECEIVER R-1051/URR SPARE CONNECTOR PINS AND SPARE FILTERS

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REF LOC DESIG A8R1 9C A8R2 10C A8R3 8D9D A8R4 A8R5 8E11E A8R6 A8R78E9D A8R8 A8R9 9E9D A8R10 A8R11 9D A8R12 9FA8R13 10EA8R14 10EA8R15 10E18BA9C1 A9C3 18C A9C2 18BA9C4 **1**9B A9C5 20BA9CR1 19B20B A9K1 A9Q1 20BA9R1 18BA9R2 19BA9R3 19B A9R4 20B A9R5 20B A10DS3 11C A10DS4 12CA11C1 25 HA11R1 25HA11R2 26HA11R3 25G26HA11R4 A11R5 26G26HA11R6 A11R7 25H

ORIGINAL



5-11

PARTS LOCATION INDEX

REF DESIG	LOC	REF DESIG	LOC	REF DESIG	LOC	RE F DESIG	LOC	REF DESIG	LOC
A1 J23	1 4B	FL1	20H	M1	35G	A3 P1	11E, 12E,	A6P9	28B
A1J24	34I	FL2	18H	M2	35B		32F, 33G,	A6P10	26B
A1J25	14H	J1	$34\mathrm{E}$	Q1	7 E		34E, 34F	A6P11	26B
A1P21	3B,3C,3D,	J2	34D	R1	$32\mathrm{F}$	A4P1	22A,23B	A6P12	27B
	3E,3F,16A,	$\mathbf{J8}$	19E,19F,	R2	32C	A4P2	24A,24B,	A6P13	26B
	16I,36A,36B,		20E, 21E	$\mathbf{R}3$	11 F		22A, 23A,	A6P14	26F
	36C,36D,36E,	$\mathbf{J9}$	20G, 21F,	$\mathbf{R4}$	35E	A5 P1	20G,21G,22G	A6P15	26F
	36F		22G	R5	$34\mathrm{B}$	A6A1P1	25C,26C	A6P16	27 E
A1P22	15B,15H,34I	$\mathbf{J10}$	22B, 23B	$\mathbf{R6}$	30 E	A6A2P1	27D, 27E,	A6P17	26E
A1A1C5	3B	J11	22A, 24A,	R7	25H		28D,28E	A6P18	26E
A1A1C6	16I		24B, 23B	$\mathbf{R8}$	11C	A6A3J1	26E	A6P19	26E
A1A1C7	36E	J1 2	23F, 24C,	R9	34D	A6A3J3	26E	A6P21	24F
A1A1C8	16I		24D,25B,	R10	$34\mathrm{E}$	A6A3J4	26E	A6P22	25 F
A1A1C10	16A		27G,28G,	R11	32G	A6A3J5	26E	A6P23	25 E
A1A1C11	36F		29C,29D	R12	32C	A6A3J6	27 E	A6P24	25 E
A1A1C12	36F	J13	25B,29A	R13	34G	A6A3J7	26E	A6P25	25 E
A1A1C13	36D	J14	25A,29B	R15	35G	A6A4P1	27 F, 28 F	A6P26	24 F
A1A1C15	36A	J16	29A, 30C,	R16	35B	A6A5J1	25 F	A7P8	19E,20E,
A1A1C16	36B	0 - 0	31C, 31A,	R17	32G	A6A5J2	24F	AIF0	15E,20E, 21E
A1A1C17	3B		31B	R18	32C	A6A5J3	24F	A7 S3	21 E 21 E
A1A1C18	3C	J17	29C, 30C,	R19	30F	A6A5J4	25 E	A7S4	21E 21E
A1A1C19	3 C		31C	R20	11B	A6A5J5	25 E	A8C3	9D
A1A1C21	3 D	J18	12F,13F,	S1	34G	A6A5J6	24 E	A8C4	10D
A1A1C22	3 D	010	32A, 32B,	S2A (Front)	6D,33D	A6A6J1	26B	A8C6	10D 10E
A1A1C23	3 F		33C, 34A,	S2A (Rear)	11D,32E	A6A6J2	27B	A8C7	10E 10D
A1A1C24	3 E		34B, 34C	S2B (Front)	5C,34C,	A6A6J3	26B	A8CR1	8B
A1A1C25	36C	J19	11F, 12F,		35C	A6A6J4	28B	A8CR2	8B
A1A1J3	2C,2B	0 20	$32F, 33G_{7}$	S2B (Rear)	31G	A6A6J5	28B	A8CR3	8B
A1A1J4	2B, 2D,		34E,34F	S2C (Front)	12B,32D	A6A6J6	20D 27B	A8CR4	8B
1111101	2E,2F,	J21	4B,4C,	S2C (Rear)	31E	A6A6J7	26B	A8CR5	8C
	14A, 14I,	021	4D, 4E,	S2D (Front)	12D	A6C1	28C	A8CR6	8C
	37A, 37B,		4F, 17I,	S2D (Rear)	8G,31D	A6C2	200 27C	A8CR0 A8CR7	8C
	37C, 37D,		17A, 36A,	S5 (1001)	34B	A6J4	21C 25C,25D,	A8CR8	8C
	37E,37F		36B, 36C,	S6	27H	1100 1	26C,26D, 26C,26D	A8CR9	8C 8C
A1A1J5	37B		36D,36E,	S7	4D	A6J5	27F,28F	A9CR9	8C
A1A1J6	37B 37F		36F,	S8	5D	A6J6	27D,27E,	ASCR10 ASCR11	8D
C1	11B	J22	16B,16H,	S9	4E, 4 F	1100 0	28D,28E	A8CR11 A8CR12	8D 8D
C1 C2	11B 11C	022	34I	T1	7A,7B,	A6P1	24C,24D,		
CR1	6E	К1	6 E	11	7C,7D	AULI	24C, 24D, 24F, 25B,	A8CR13	9D
CR2		K2	19D	A1P1	30A, 30C,		24F, 25B, 27G, 28C,	A8CR14	9D
CR3	19D 5F	K2A	24H	ALLI	31A, 31B,		28D,28G	A8CR15	8D
		K3	5 F		31A, 51B, 31C	1600		A8CR16	8F
DS1	6D	K3 K3A	23H	A1 P2	31C 30C,31C	A6P2	25B,28A, 28E	A8CR17	9F
DS2	6B	K3A K3B	23H 22H	A1P2 A2P1		4609		A8Q1	8E
DS5	24H	қзв L1	22H 10B	A2 F1	$12 \mathrm{E}, 13 \mathrm{E},$	A6P3	25A,28B	A8Q2	8E
F1	6D	L1 $L2$	10B 10C		32A, 32B,	A6P7	27B	A8Q3	9E
F2	6C	LL	100		33B,34A, 34B	A6P8	28B	A8Q4	9 E
					04D				

R-10 MAII

REF	LOC
DESIG	LOU
A8R1	9C
A8R2	10C
A8R3	8D
A8R4	9D
A8R5	8E
A8R6	11E
A8R7	$8\mathrm{E}$
A8R8	9D
A8R9	9E
A8R10	9D
A8R11	9D
A8R12	$9\mathrm{F}$
A8R13	$10\mathrm{E}$
A8R14	10E
A8R15	10E
A9C1	1 8B
A9C3	18C
A9C2	18B
A9C4	19 B
A9C5	20B
A9CR1	19B
A9K1	20B
A9Q1	20B
A9R1	18B
A9R2	19B
A9R3	19B
A9R4	20B
A9R5	20B
A10DS3	11C
A10DS4 A11C1	12C 25H
A11R1	25H 25H
A11R1 A11R2	25H 26H
A11R3	2011 25G
A11R4	25G 26H
A11R5	26G
A11R6	26H
A11R7	2011 25H
******	4011

ORIC

)51/URR ENANCE

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→ + 110V

+ 28V (A) + 28V (B)

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2 R 110 ER 5-3) 19 7

E22 Note 3 E21

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OSITION ONLY. Cate DC Shown). DC Taken

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PARTS LOCATION INDEX

REF DESIG	LOC	REF DE S IG	LOC	REF DESIG	LOC	REF DESIG	LOC	REF DESIG
A1J23	1 4B	FL1	20H	M1	35G	A3 P1	11E, 12E,	A6P9
A1J24	341	FL2	18H	M2	$35\mathrm{B}$		32F,33G,	A6P10
A1J25	14H	J1	$34\mathrm{E}$	Q1	7 E		34E, 34F	A6P11
A1P21	3B, 3C, 3D,	J2	34D	R1	$32\mathrm{F}$	A4P1	22A, 23B	A6P12
	3E, 3F, 16A,	$\mathbf{J8}$	19E,19F,	R2	32C	A4P2	24A, 24B,	A6P13
	16I,36A,36B,		$20\mathrm{E}, 21\mathrm{E}$	R3	11F		22A, 23A,	A6P14
	36C, 36D, 36E,	19	20G,21F,	$\mathbf{R4}$	$35\mathrm{E}$	A5 P1	20G, 21G, 22G	A6P15
	36F		22G	R5	34B	A6A1P1	25C,26C	A6P16
A1P22	15B, 15H, 34I	J10	22B, 23B	$\mathbf{R6}$	$30\mathrm{E}$	A6A2P1	27D,27E,	A6P17
A1A1C5	3B	J11	22A,24A,	$\mathbf{R7}$	25H		28D, 28E	A6P18
A1A1C6	161		24B,23B	$\mathbf{R8}$	11C	A6A3J1	26E	A6P19
A1A1C7	36E	J12	23F,24C,	R9	34D	A6A3J3	26E	A6P21
A1A1C8	16I		24D, 25B,	R10	34E	A6A3J4	26E	A6P22
A1A1C10	16A		27G,28G,	R11	32G	A6A3J5	26E	A6P23
A1A1C11	36F		29C,29D	R12	32C	A6A3J6	$27 \mathrm{E}$	A6P24
A1A1C12	36F	J13	25B,29A	R13	34G	A6A3J7	26E	A6P25
A1A1C13	36D	J14	25A, 29B	R15	35G	A6A4P1	$27\mathrm{F},28\mathrm{F}$	A6P26
A1A1C15	36A	J16	29A,30C,	R16	35B	A6A5J1	$25\mathrm{F}$	A7 P8
A1A1C16	36B		31C,31A,	R17	32G	A6A5J2	$24\mathrm{F}$	
A1A1C17	$3\mathrm{B}$		$31\mathrm{B}$	R18	32C	A6A5J3	$24\mathrm{F}$	A7S3
A1A1C18	3 C	J17	29C,30C,	R19	30F	A6A5J4	$25\mathrm{E}$	A7S4
A1A1C19	$3\mathrm{C}$		31C	R20	11B	A6A5J5	$25\mathrm{E}$	A8C3
A1A1C21	3 D	J18	$12\mathrm{F}, 13\mathrm{F},$	S1	34G	A6A5J6	$24\mathrm{E}$	A8C4
A1A1C22	3 D		32A,32B,	S2A (Front)	6D, 33D	A6A6J1	26B	A8C6
A1A1C23	$3\mathrm{F}$		33C, 34A,	S2A (Rear)	11D, 32E	A6A6J2	27B	A8C7
A1A1C24	$3 \mathrm{E}$		34B, 34C	S2B (Front)	5C,34C,	A6A6J3	26B	A8CR1
A1A1C25	36C	J19	11F, 12F,	.	35C	A6A6J4	28B	A8CR2
A1A1J3	2C,2B		32F,33G,	S2B (Rear)	31G	A6A6J5	28B	A8CR3
A1A1J4	2B,2D,		34E,34F	S2C (Front)	12B,32D	A6A6J6	27B	A8CR4
	$2 \mathrm{E}, 2 \mathrm{F},$	J21	4B,4C,	S2C (Rear)	31E	A6A6J7	26B	A8CR5
	14A,14I,		4D,4E,	S2D (Front)	12D	A6C1	28C	A8CR6
	37A,37B,		4F,17I,	S2D (Rear)	8G,31D	A6C2	27C	A8CR7
	37C, 37D,		17A,36A,	S5	34B	A6J4	25C,25D,	A8CR8
	37E, 37F		36B,36C,	S6	27H	A C T C	26C,26D	A8CR9
A1A1J5	37B		36D,36E,	S7	4D	A6J5	27F,28F	A9CR10
A1A1J6	$37\mathrm{F}$	100	36F,	S 8	5D	A6J6	27D,27E,	A8CR11
C1	11B	J22	16B,16H,	S9	4E,4F	4 (1)1	28D,28E	A8CR12
C2	11C	171	34I	T1	7A,7B,	A6P1	24C,24D,	A8CR13
CR1	6 E	K1 K0	6E	A1P1	7C,7D		24F,25B,	A8CR14
CR2	19D	K2	19D	AIPI	30A, 30C,		27G,28C,	A8CR15
CR3	5 F	K2A	24H 5 F		31A,31B, 31C	1609	28D,28G	A8CR16
DS1	6D	K3 K2 A	5 F	A 1 TO 9		A6P2	25B,28A,	A8CR17
DS2	6B	K3A K2P	23H	A1P2	30C,31C	۸۶۳۶	28E	A8Q1
DS5	24H	K3B	22H	A2P1	12E, 13E, 22E	A6P3	25A,28B	A8Q2
F1	6D	L1	10B		32A, 32B,	A6P7	27B	A8Q3
$\mathbf{F2}$	6C	L2	10C		33B,34A, 34B	A6P8	28B	A8Q4
					94D			

RIGINAL

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LOC	REF DESIG	LOC
28B	A8R1	9C
26B	A8R2	10C
26B	A8R3	8D
$27\mathrm{B}$	A8R4	9D
26B	A8R5	8E
26F	A8R6	11E
26F	A8R7	8E
$27\mathrm{E}$	A8R8	9D
26E	A8R9	9E
26E	A8R10	9D
26E	A8R11	9D
24F	A8R12	$9\mathrm{F}$
$25\mathrm{F}$	A8R13	$10\mathrm{E}$
$25\mathrm{E}$	A8R14	10E
$25\mathrm{E}$	A8R15	10E
$25 \mathrm{E}$	A9C1	18B
$24\mathrm{F}$	A9C3	18C
19E, 20E,	A9C2	18B
$21\mathrm{E}$	A9C4	19B
$21\mathrm{E}$	A9C5	$20\mathrm{B}$
21 E	A9CR1	19B
9D	A9K1	20B
10D	A9Q1	20B
10E	A9R1	18B
10D	A9R2	19B
8B	A9R3	19B
8B	A9R4	20B
8B	A9R5	20B
8B	A10DS3	11 C
8C	A10DS4	$12\mathrm{C}$
8C	A11C1	$25 \mathrm{H}$
8C	A11R1	$25\mathrm{H}$
8C	A11R2	26H
8C	A11R3	$25\mathrm{G}$
8C	A11R4	26H
8D	A11R5	26G
8D	A11R6	26H
9D	A11R7	$25 \mathrm{H}$
9D		
010		

8D $8\,\mathrm{F}$ $9\,\mathrm{F}$ $8 \mathrm{E}$

 $8\,\mathrm{E}$ 9E 9E

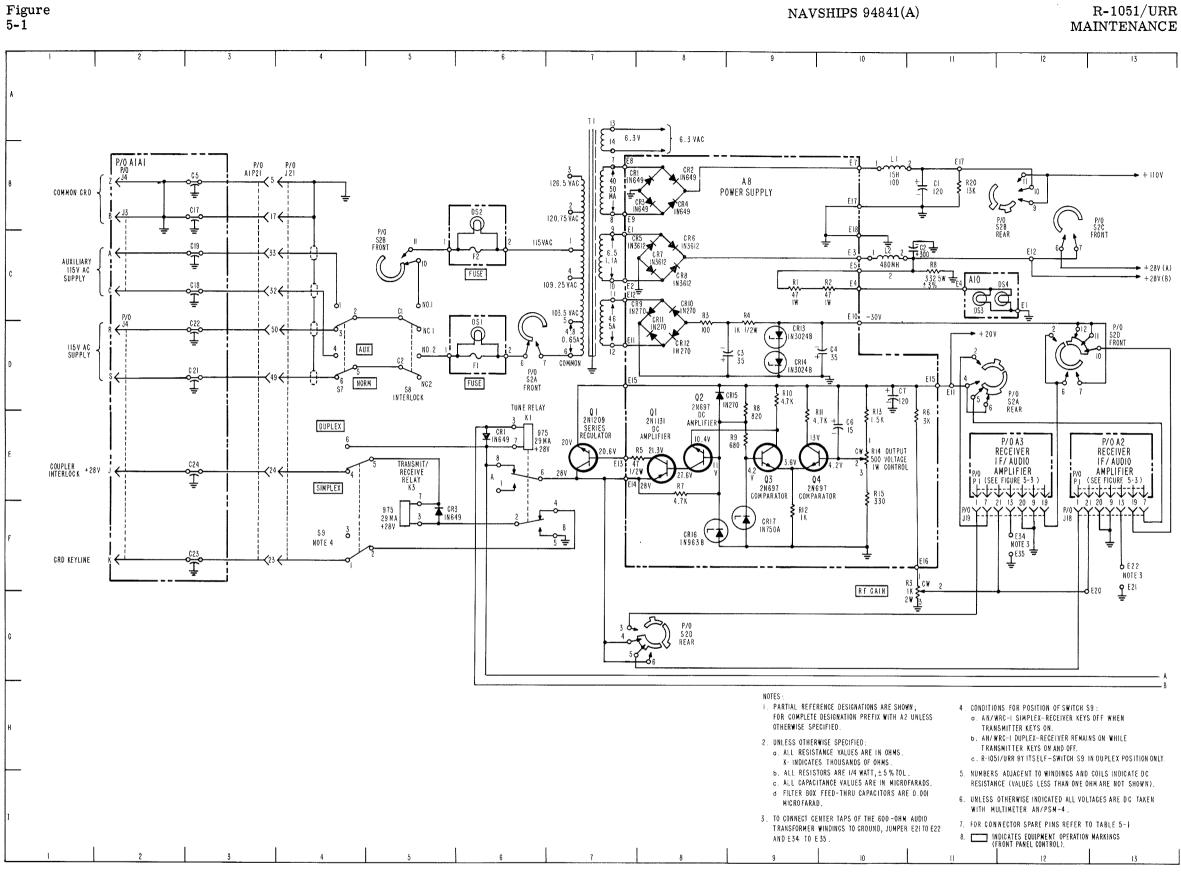


Figure 5-1. Radio Receiver R-1051/URR, Chassis and Main Frame, Schematic Diagram (Sheet 1 of 2)

5-12

\mathbf{REF} DESI G	LOC
A1J23	1 4B
A1J24	34I
A1J25	14H
A1P21	3B, 3C, 3
	3E, 3F, 1
	16I, 36A,
	36C,36D
	36F
A1P22	15B,15H
A1A1C5	3B
A1A1C6	161
A1A1C7	36E
A1A1C8	16I
A1A1C10	16A
A1A1C11	36F
A1A1C12	36F
A1A1C13	36D
A1A1C15	36A
A1A1C16	36B
A1A1C17	3 B
A1A1C18	$3\mathrm{C}$
A1A1C19	3 C
A1A1C21	$3\mathrm{D}$
A1A1C22	$3\mathrm{D}$
A1A1C23	$3\mathrm{F}$
A1A1C24	$3 \mathrm{E}$
A1A1C25	36C
A1A1J3	2C,2B
A1A1J4	2B,2D,
	2E,2F,
	14A, 14I
	37A,37E
	37C,37E
	$37\mathrm{E},37\mathrm{E}$
A1A1J5	37B
A1A1J6	$37\mathrm{F}$
C1	11 B
C2	1 1C
C R1	$6 \mathrm{E}$
CR2	19D
C R3	$5\mathrm{F}$
DS1	6D
DS2	6B
DS5	24H
F1	6D
F2	6C

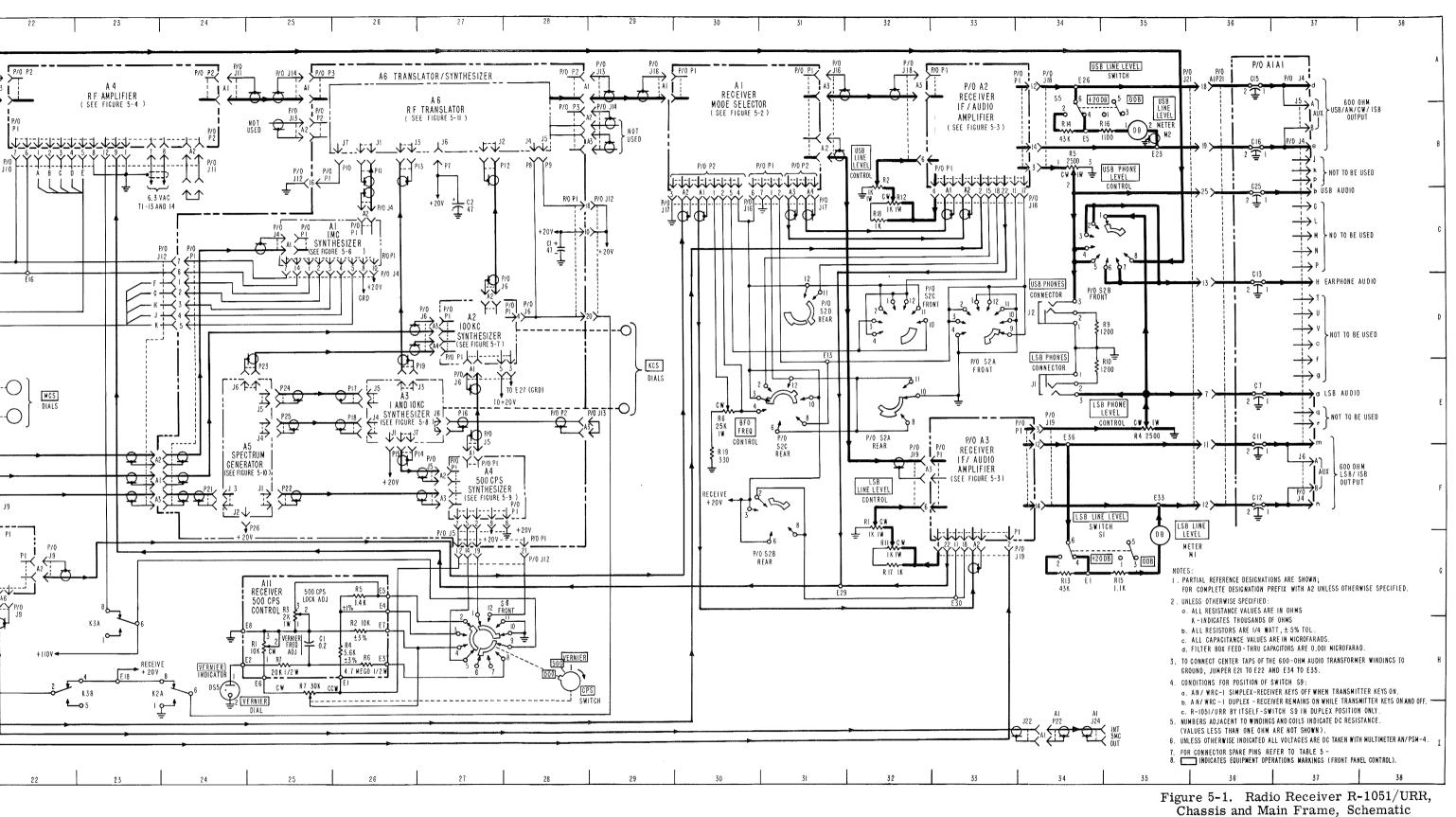
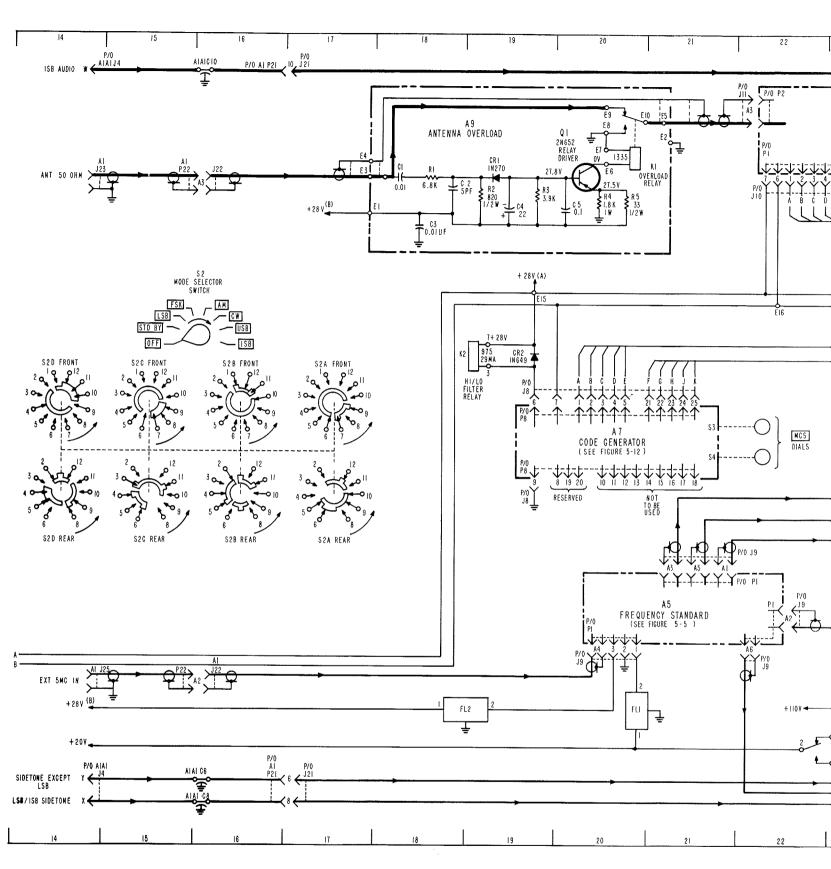


Figure 5-1

Diagram (Sheet 2 of 2)

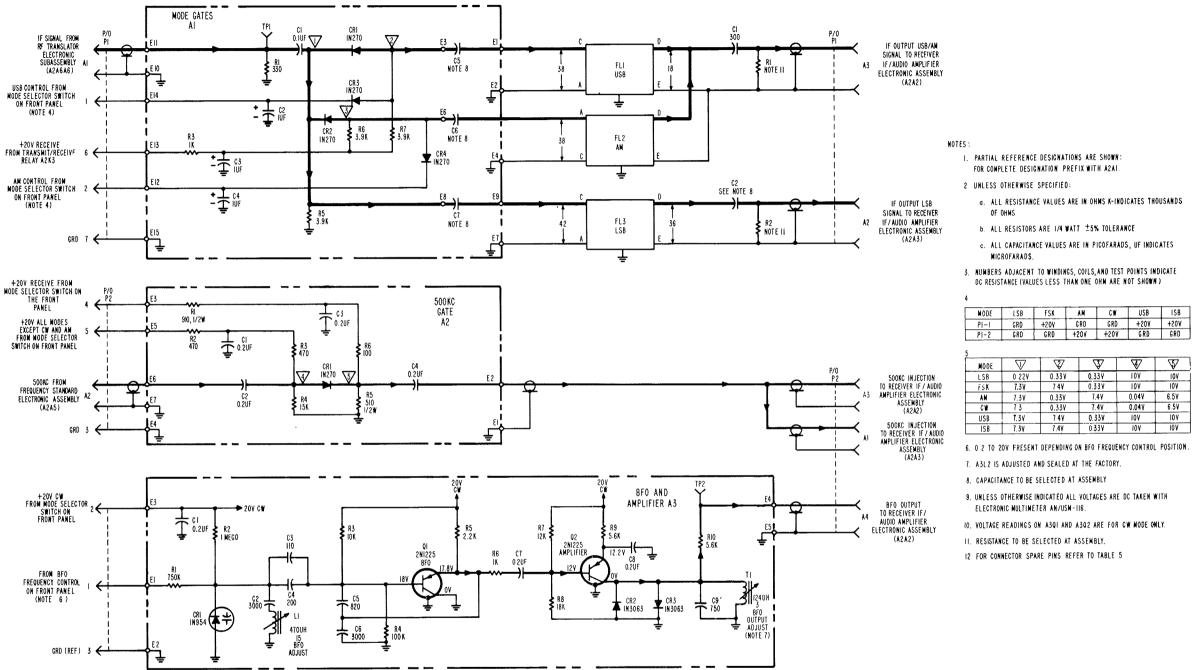
5-13, 5-14

R-1051/URR MAINTENANCE



ORIGINAL

R-1051/URR MAINTENANCE



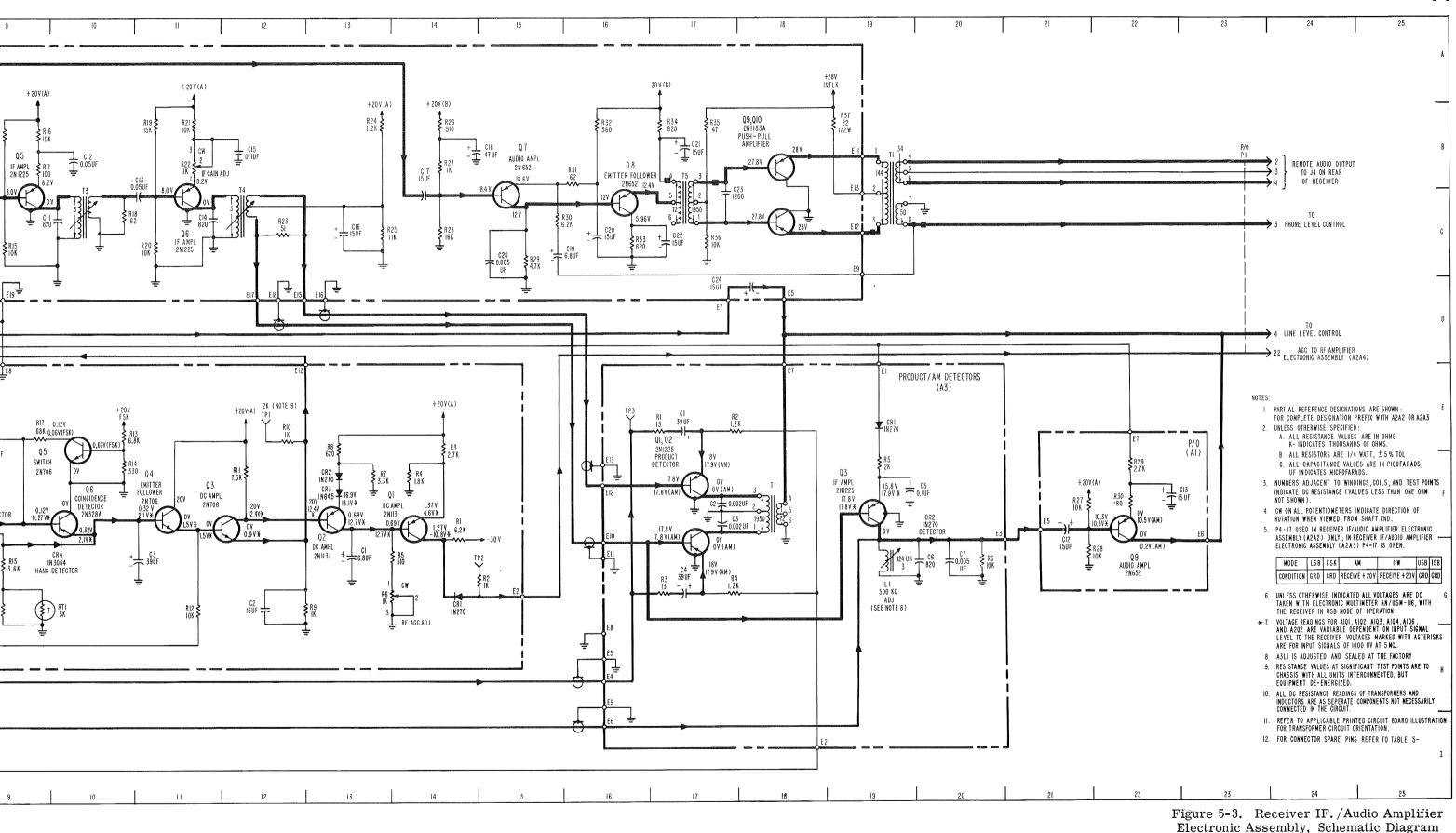
ORIGINAL

NAVSHIPS 94841(A)

Figure 5-2

Figure 5-2. Receiver Mode Selector Electronic Assembly, Schematic Diagram

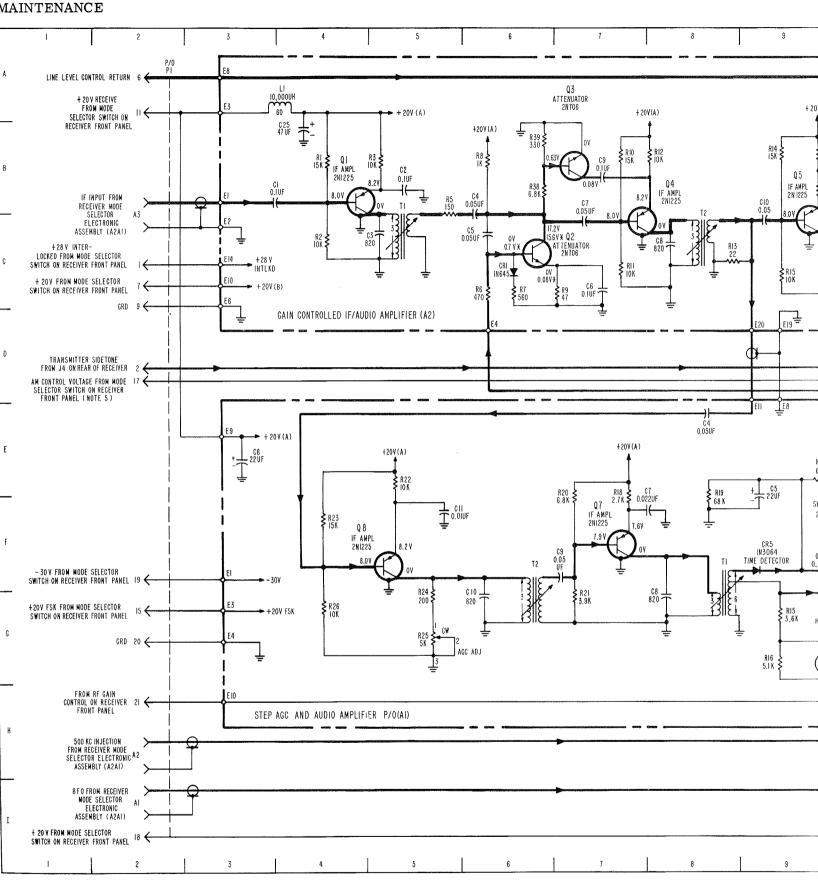
5-15, 5-16



5-17, 5-18

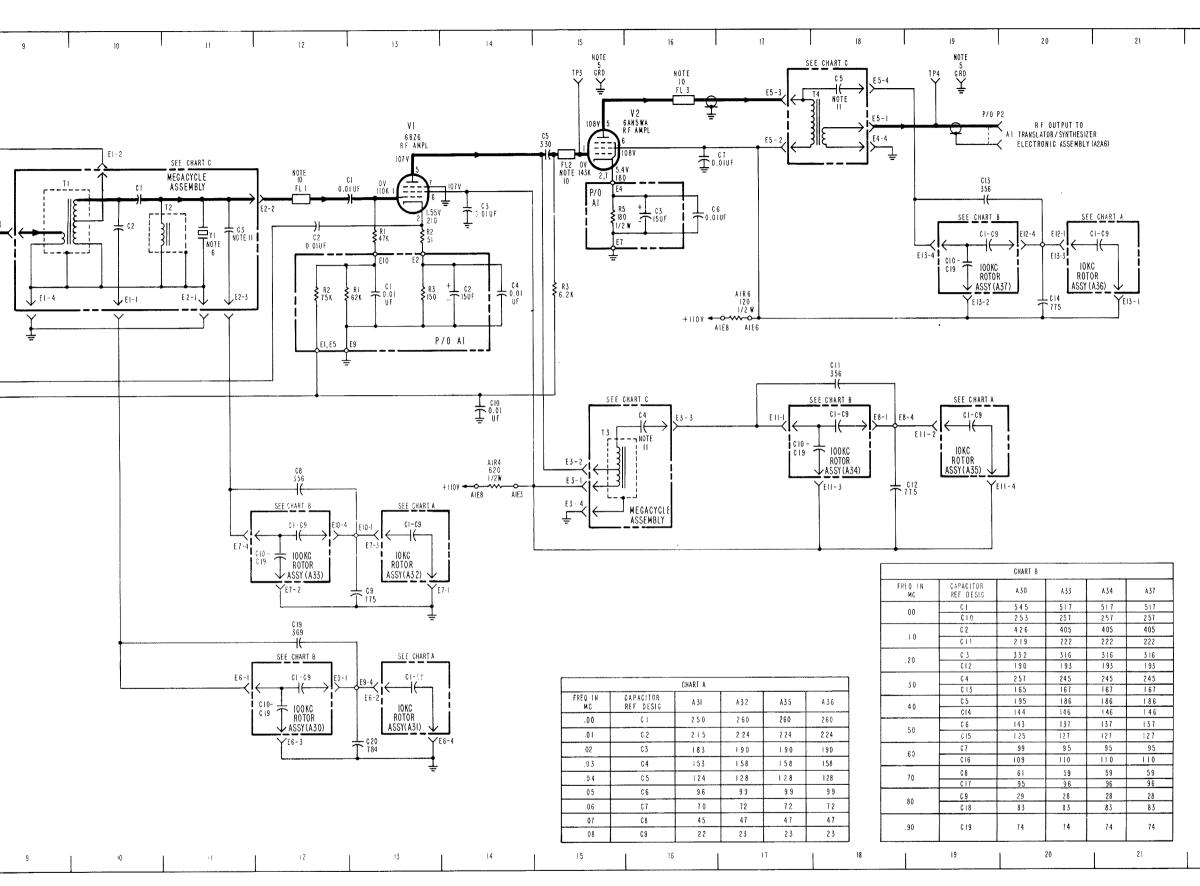
NAVSHIPS 94841(A)

Figure 5-3 R-1051/URR MAINTENANCE



	PAR	TS LOCAT	'ION IND	EX	
REF DESIG	LOC	REF DE S IG	LOC	REF DESIG	LOC
P1	2A, 2B, 2C,	A1R28	21G	A2R15	9C
	2D, 2F, 2G,	A1R29	22F	A2R16	9B
	2H,2I,23B,	A1R30	22F	A2R17	9B
	23C, 23D	A1RT1	9G	A2R18	10C
T1	19B	A1T1	8F	A2R19	11B
A1C1	13G	A1T2	6F	A2R20	11C
A1C2	12G	A1TP1	12E	A2R21	11B
A1C3	11G	A1TP2	14G	A2R22	11B
A1C4 A1C5	8E 9E	A2C1 A2C2	3B 5B	A2R23 A2R24	12C 13B
A1C6	3E	A2C3	5D 5C	A2R24 A2R25	13D 13C
A1C7	8F	A2C4	6B	A2R26	14B
A1C8	8G		∠6C	A2R27	14B
A1C9	7 F	A2C6	7C	A2R28	14C
A1C10	6G	A2C7	7C	A2R29	15C
A1C11	5F	A2C8	8C	A2R30	15C
A1C12	21F	A2C9	7B	A2R31	16B
A1C13	22F	A2C10	9C	A2R32	16B
A1CR1	14G	A2C11	10C	A2R33	16C
A1CR2	13F	A2C12	10B	A2R34	17B
A1CR3	13F	A2C13	11C	A2R35	17B
A1CR4 A1CR5	10G 9F	A2C14 A2C15	11C 12B	A2R36	17C
A1Q1	31 14F	A2C15 A2C16	12B 13C	A2R37 A2R38	19B
A1Q2	13F	A2C10 A2C17	13C 14C	A2T1	5C
A1Q3	12F	A2C18	14B	A2T2	8C
A1Q4	11F	A2C19	15C	A2T3	10C
A1Q5	10E	A2C20	16C	A2T4	12C
A1Q6	10F	A2C21	16B	A2T5	17B
A1Q7	7F	A2C22	17C	A3C1	17E
A1Q8	5F	A2C23	17C	A3C2	17F
A1Q9	22F	A2C24	18D	A3C3	17F
A1R1	14F	A2C25	4B	A3C4	17G
A1R2 A1R3	14G 14E	A2C26	15C	A3C5	19F
A1R4	14E 14F	A2CR1 A2L1	6C 4A	A3C6 A3C7	20G 20G
A1R5	13G	A2Q1	4A 4B	A3CR1	20G 19E
A1R6	13G	A2Q2	6C	A3CR2	20F
A1R7	13F	A2Q3	7B	A3L1	19G
A1R8	13E	A2Q4	7C	A3Q1	17F
A1R9	12G	A2Q5	9C	A3Q2	17F
A1R10	12E	A2Q6	11C	A3Q3	19F
A1R11	12F	A2Q7	15C	A3R1	17E
A1R12	11G	A2Q8	16C	A3R2	17E
A1R13	10E	A2Q9	18B	A3R3	17G
A1R14 A1R15	10F	A2Q10	18C	A3R4	17G
AIR15 A1R16	9G 9G	A2R1 A2R2	4B 4C	A3R5 A3R6	19F
A1R17	9E	A2R2	40 5B	A3T1	$20\mathrm{F}$ $18\mathrm{F}$
A1R18	7E	A2R5	5B	A3TP3	16E
A1R19	8E	A2R6	6C	110110	1011
A1R20	7E	A2R7	6C		
A1R21	7F	A2R8	6B		
A1R22	5E	A2R9	7C		
A1R23	4F	A2R10	7 B		
A1R24	5G	A2R11	7C		
A1R25.	5G	A2R12	8B		
A1R26	4G	A2R13	8C		
A1R27	21F	A2R14	9B		

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22		23	24	25	
NOTES:					
		DESIGNATIONS ARE S NATION PREFIX WITH			A
o. ALL I		PECIFIED : VALUES ARE IN OHMS OUSANDS OF OHMS.			
b. ALL I	RESISTORS A	RE 1/4 WATT,±5% TO	L		
	CAPACITANCE NDICATES MI	VALUES ARE IN PICOL CROFARADS.	FARADS,		
		O COILS AND TEST PO LESS THAN ONE OHM			B
		DINGS TAKEN WITH RE Rom chassis and refe	AMPLIFIER ELECTRONIC ERENCED TO GROUND.		
		FATA TEST POINT U O TEST POINT.	SE GROUND		
6. CRYSTAL	YI USED ON	LY ON ASSEMBLIES AS), AIO AND AI9 .		
7. SI SHOWI	N IN 2MC PO	ISITION.			
8. P2-A2	S WIRED BU	T NOT USED IN AN/WR	IC-I SYSTEM.		
ARE 1/2		ORS LESS THAN TOOPT	ARE 100PF AND GREATER FARE 1%,EXCEPT CI IN		¢
0.FL1,FL2	, AND FL3 A	RE PARASITIC SUPPRI	ESSORS.		
I. NOT USE	D IN MC PO	SITION.			
	OTHERWISE I TER AN/PSM		ES ARE DC, TAKEN-WITH		
		E PRINTED CIRCUIT BO T ORIENTATION.	ARD ILLUSTRATION FOR		D

	4			CHART	C						
FREQ IN MC	ON ASSY	CI	ON ASSY	C 2	ON ASSY	C 3	ON Assy	C 4	ON ASSY	C 5	
2	A 20	91	A 2 0	SHORT	A 2 0	SHORT	A25	SHORT	A 2	SHORT	E
3	A 2 1	6.2	A 2 I	1247	A 2 1	1253	A 26	1247	A 3	1253	
4	A 2 2	56	A 2 2	623	A22	629	A 2 i	623	A 4	629	
5	A 2 3	5.1	A23	416	A23	422	A 28	416	A 5	422]
6	A 2 4	3.9	A 2 4	312	A24	318	A 29	312	A 6	318]
7	A 2 5	33	A 2 5	250	A 25	256	A 2	250	Å7	256	
8	A 2 6	30	A26	208	A26	214	A 3	208	84	214	F
9	A 2 7	27	A 2 7	179	A 2 7	185 -	A 4	179	A 9	185	
10	A 2 8	2.7	A 2 8	157	A 28	163	A.5	157	A10	163	
	A 2 9	24	A29	140	A 2 9	146	A 6	i40	AII	146	1
12	A 2	22	A 2	126	A 2	132	A?	126	A 12	132	1
13	A 3	20	A 3	115	A 3	120	A 8	115	A 13	120]
14	A 4	20	A 4	105	A 4	111	A 9	105	A 14	111	_ (
15	A 5	20	A 5	97	A 5	103	A 10	97	A 15	103	
16	A 6	20	A 6	91	A 6	96	AII	91	A 16	96]
17	A7	2.0	47	85	A7	90	A12	85	A17	90]
18	A 8	1.8	A 8	80	A 8	85	A 13	80	A 18	85] —
19	A 9	1.8	A 9	75	A 9	80	A14	75	A 19	80]
20	A 1 0	1.8	A 1 0	71	A I 0	76	AI 5	71	A 20	76]
21	AII	20	ALL	67	ALL	73	A 1 6	67	A 21	73	I ĸ
22	A12	20	A-1 2	64	A1 2	68	A17	64	A 22	68	
23	A 1 3	2.0	AI 3	61	A I 3	66	A18	61	A 23	66	
24	A 1 4	2.0	AI4	58	A14	63	A19	58	A 24	63	
25	A15	20	A15	56	AI 5	61	A 20	56	A 25	61]
26	A 6	2.0	AI 6	54	A1 6	59	A 2 I	54	A 26	59]
27	A 7	2.0	A1 7	52	A17	57	A 2 2	52	A 27	57	
28	A I 8	20	A 8	50	A18	55	A 23	50	A 28	55	I
29	A19	2.0	A19	48	A19	53	A 24	48	A 29	53]
22			23			24	1			25	

Figure 5-4. RF Amplifier Electronic Assembly, Schematic Diagram

5-19, 5-20

R-1051/URR MAINTENANCE

LOC

18E

19E

20C

19C

19C

4B

5C

6B

6A

6B 7C

8D

4C

5B

6B

4B

4B

4B

5C5B

6B

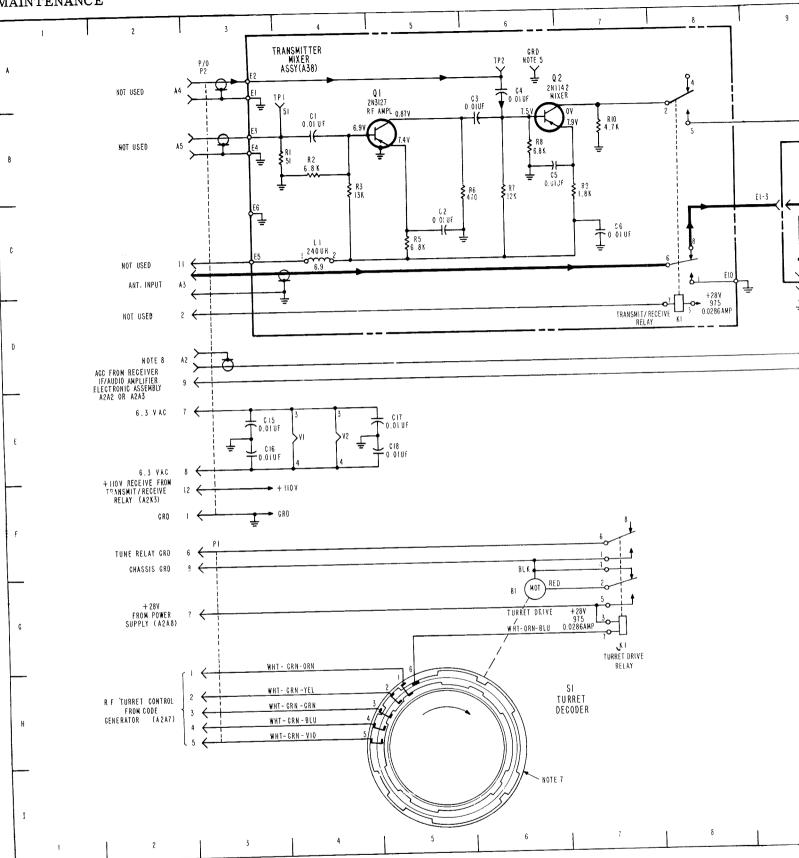
6B

 $7 \mathrm{B}$

7 B 4 A

6A

A38TP2



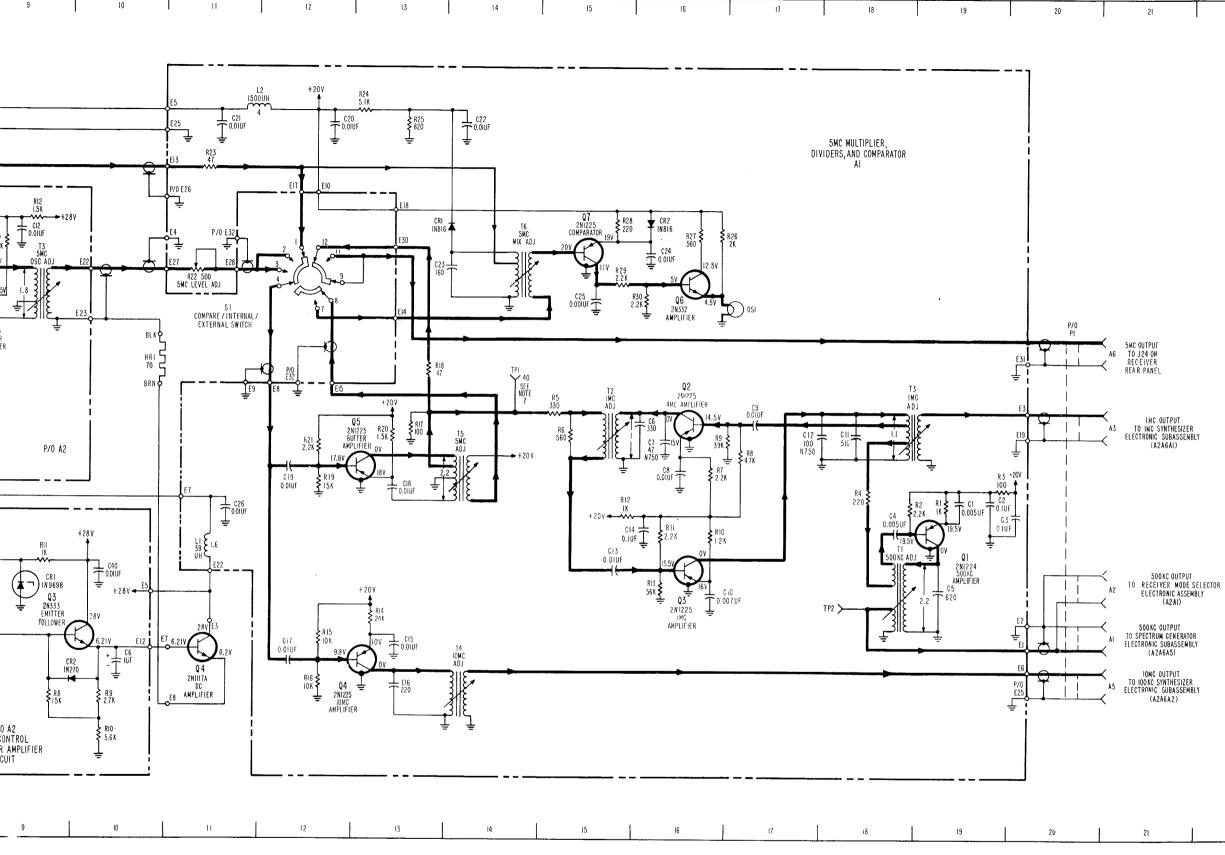
PARTS LOCATION INDEX

R-1051/URR

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MAINTENANCE

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B1 C1	12B	S1	5H	thru		thru
C1 C2	12D	TP4	19A	A29T2		A34C19
C2 C3	14B	V1	4E,13B	A2T3	15E	A35C1
C3 C4	14C	v_2	4E, 5B	thru		thru
C4 C5	15B	A1C1	13C	A29T3		A35C9
C5 C6	16C	A1C2	14C	A2T4	17A	A36C1
C0 C7	16B	A1C3	16B	thru		thru
C8	10B 12E	A1R1	12C	A29T4		A36C9
C9	13F	A1R2	12C	A9Y1	11C	A37C1
C10	14E	A1R3	13C	A10Y1	11C	thru
C10 C11	18D	A1R4	14E	A19Y1	11C	A37C9
C11 C12	18E	A1R5	15B	A30C1	12H	A37C10
C12 C13	19B	A1R6	16D	thru		thru
C13 C14	20C	A2C1	10B	A30C9		A37C19
C14 C15	3E	thru		A30C10	12H	A38C1
C15 C16	3E	A29C1		thru		A38C2
C18 C17	5E	A2C2	10C	A30C19		A38C3
C18	5E	thru		A31C1	13H	A38C4
C18 C19	12G	A29C3		thru		A38C5
C19 C20	12G 12H	A2C3	11C	A31C9		A38C6
C20 FL1	12B	thru		A32C1	13F	A38K1
FL1 FL2	12B 15B	A29C3		thru		A38L1
FL2 FL3	16A	A2C4	16D	A32C9		A38Q1
F L3 K1	7G	thru		A33C1	12F	A38Q2
P1	3F, 3G, 3H	A29C4		thru		A38R1
P1 P2	3A, 3B, 3C	A2C5	18A	A33C9		A38R2
P2	3D, 3E, 3F	thru		A33C10	12F	A38R3
	19B	A29C5		thru		A38R5
R1	13C	A2T1	9B	A33C19		A38R6
R1 R2	13C	thru		A34C1	18E	A38R7
R2	100	A29T1		thru		A38R8
				A34C9		A38R9
						A38R10
						A38TP1



9

10

11

13

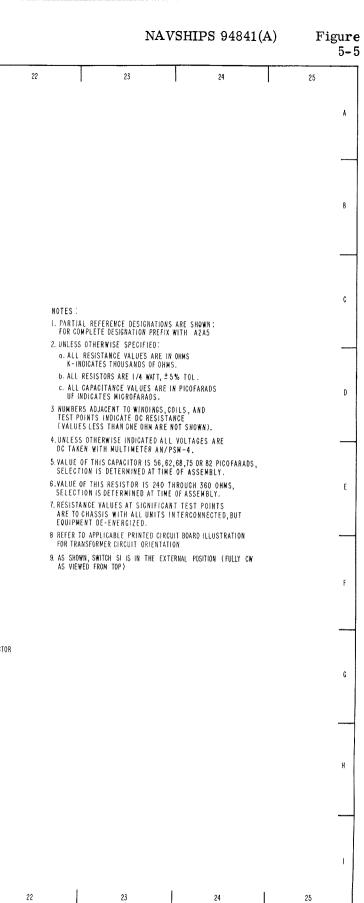


Figure 5-5. Frequency Standard Electronic Assembly, Schematic Diagram

5-21, 5-22

PART LOCATION INDEX

LOC

8C

 $8\,\mathrm{E}$ $6\,\mathrm{G}$

 $7\,\mathrm{G}$ 10G

9D 6G

6H

 $7\,\mathrm{H}$

 $7\,\mathrm{H}$

8H

6G9H

10H

10H

9G

9C9C6F

6F8G

9D

6C

 $7\,\mathrm{E}$

 $6\,\mathrm{E}$ 6D

6C

6D

 $7\mathrm{D}$

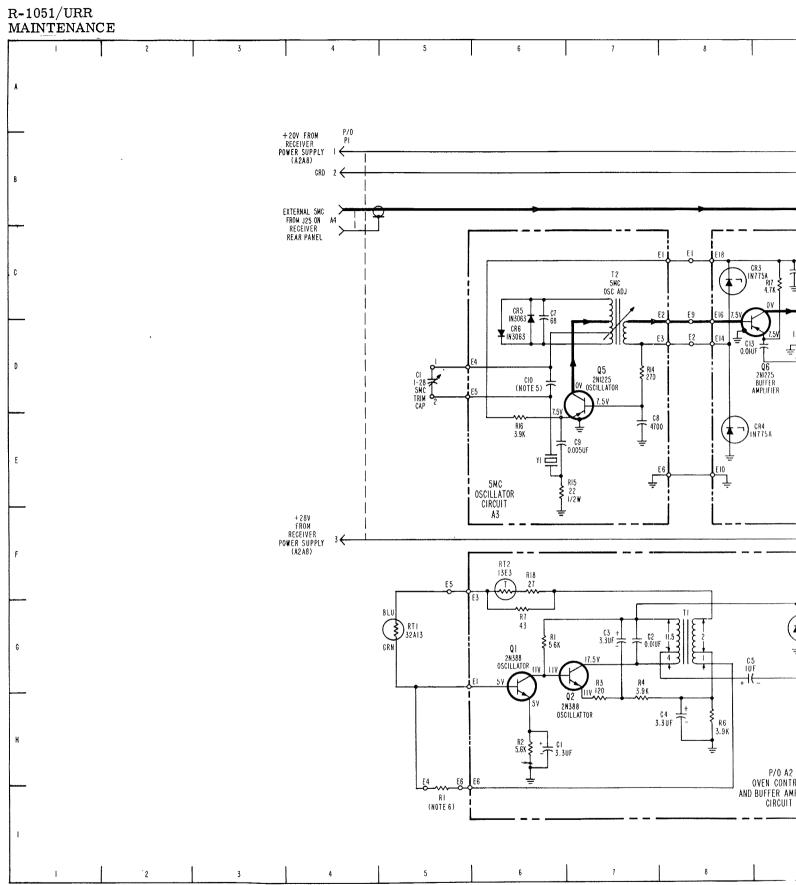
7D $6\,\mathrm{E}$

6 E

 $7\,\mathrm{C}$

 $6 \,\mathrm{E}$

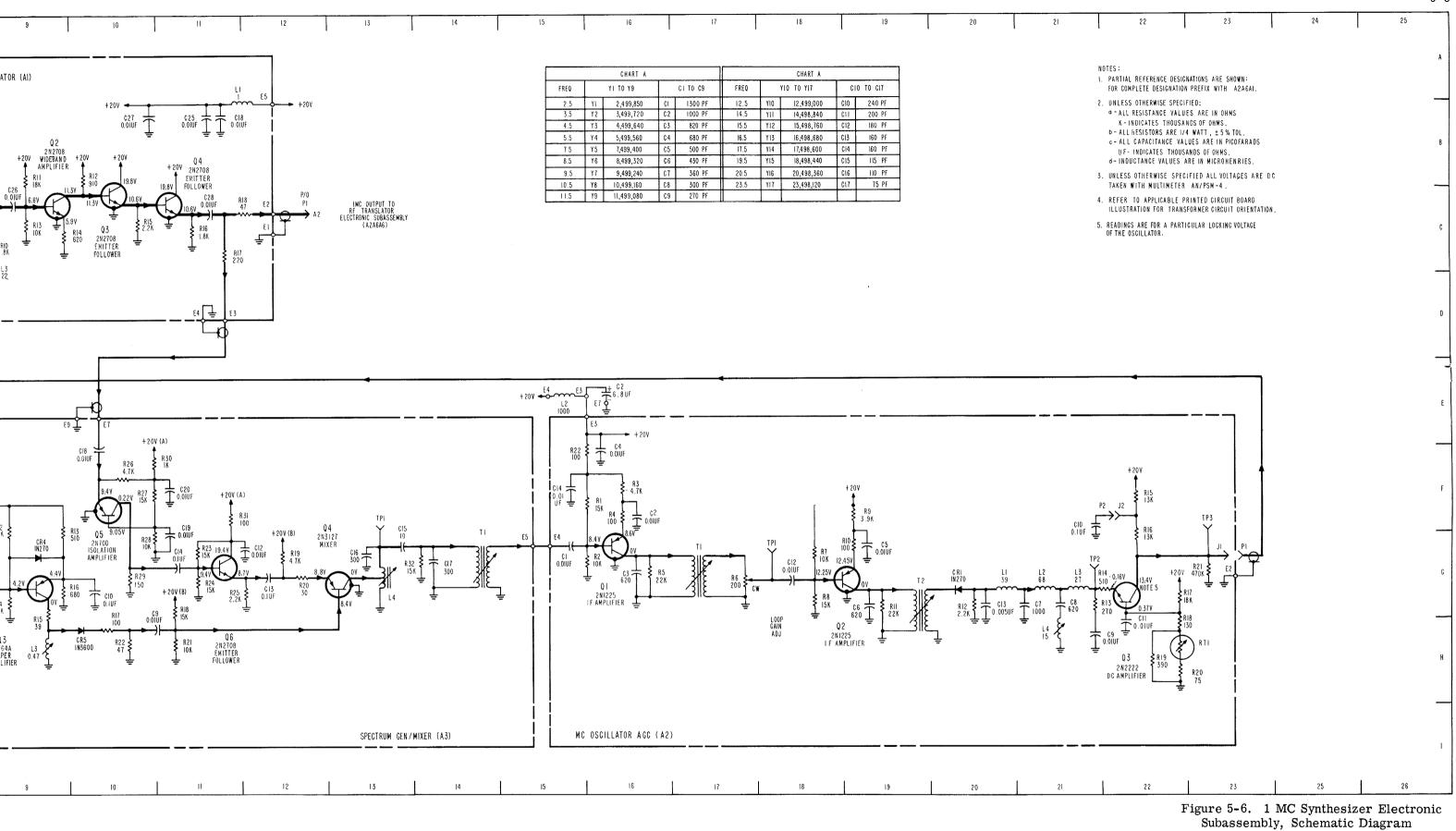
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P1	4C, 4B, 4F	A1R3	19F	A2CR4
	21D, 21E, 21G,	A1R4	18F	A2Q1
	21H	A1R5	15E	A2Q2
HR1	10D	A1R6	15E	A2Q3
Q4	11H	A1R7	16F	A2Q6
R1	5 I	A1R8	$17\mathrm{E}$	A2R1
RT1	5G	A1R9	16E	A2R2
S1	12C	A1R10	16F	A2R3
A1C1	19F	A1R11	16F	A2R4
A1C2	19F	A1R12	15F	A2R6
A1C3	20F	A1R13	16G	A2R7
A1C4	18F	A1R14	13G	A2R8
A1C5	19G	A1R15	12G	A2R9
A1C6	16 E	A1R16	12H	A2R10
A1C7	16E	A1R17	13E	A2R11
A1C8	16F	A1R18	13D	A2R12
A1C9	$17\mathrm{E}$	A1R19	12F	A2R17
A1C10	16G	A1R20	13E	A2R18
A1C11	18E	A1R21	12E	A2RT2
A1C12	$17\mathrm{E}$	A1R22	11C	A2T1
A1C13	15G	A1R23	11B	A2T3
A1C14	16F	A1R24	13B	A3C7
A1C15	13G	A1R25	13B	A3C8
A1C16	13H	A1R26	16C	A3C9
A1C17	12H	A1R27	16C	A3C10
A1C18	13F	A1R28	15C	A3CR5
A1C19	12F	A1R29	15D	A3CR6
A1C20	12B	A1R30	16D	A3Q5
A1C21	11B	A1T1	18G	A3R14
A1C22	14B	A1T2	15E	A3R15
A1C23	14C	A1T3	18E	A3R16
A1C24	16C	A1T4	14H	A3T2
A1C25	15D	A1T5	14F	A3Y1
A1C26	11F	A1T6	14C	
A1CR1	14C	A1TP1	14E	
A1CR2	16C	A1TP2	18G	
A1DS1	17D	A2 C1	6H_	
A1L1	11F	A2C2	7 G	
A1L2	11A	A2C3	$7\mathrm{G}$	
A1Q1	19F	A2C4	8H	
A1Q2	16E	A2C5	8G	
A1Q3	16G	A2C6	10H	
A1Q4	13H	A2C12	9 C	
A1Q5	13F	A2C13	9D	
A1Q6	16D	A2C40	$10\mathrm{G}$	
A1Q7	15C	A2CR1	9G	
A1R1	19F	A2CR2	10H	



ORIGINAL

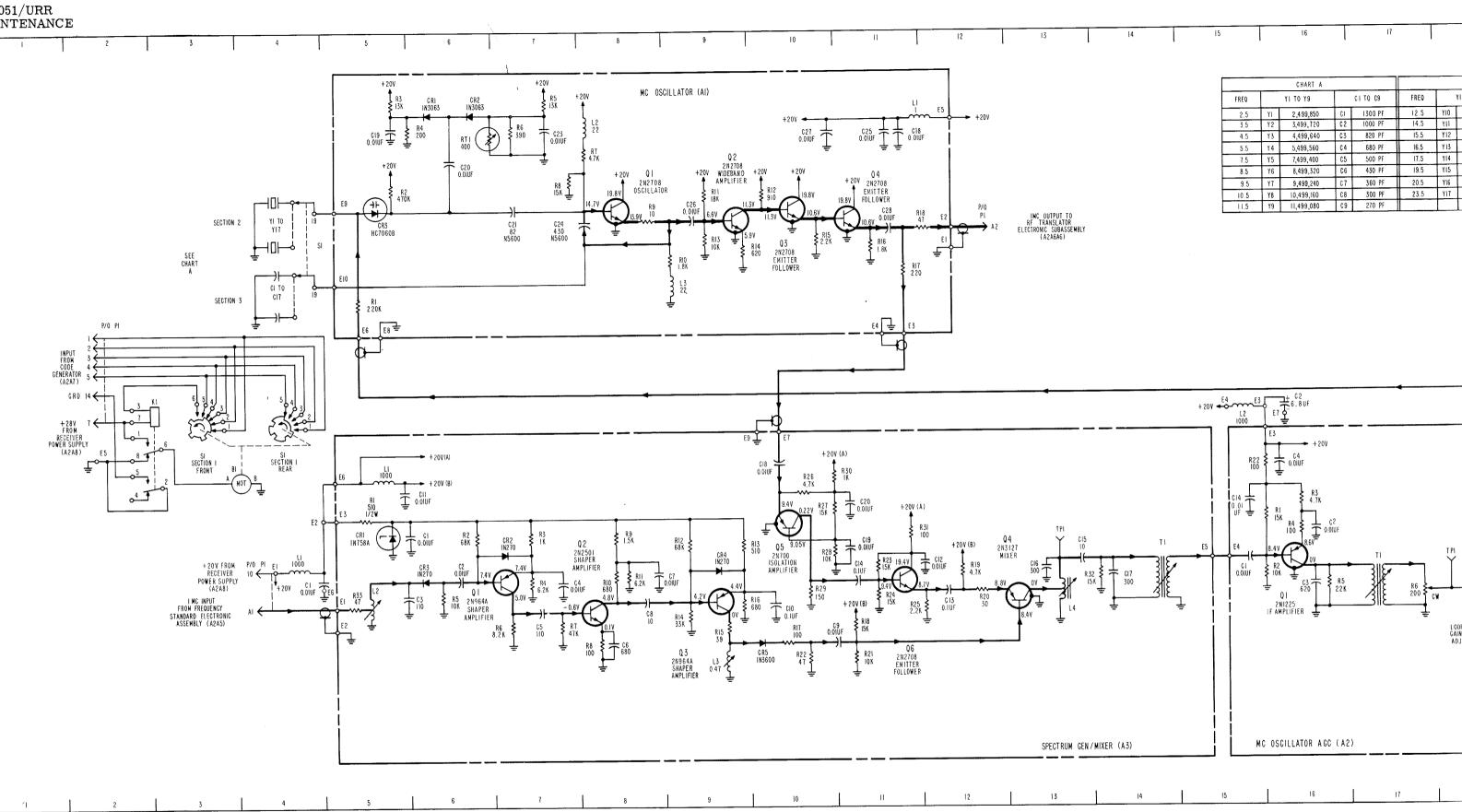
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5	6	7	8	1





5-23, 5-2**4**



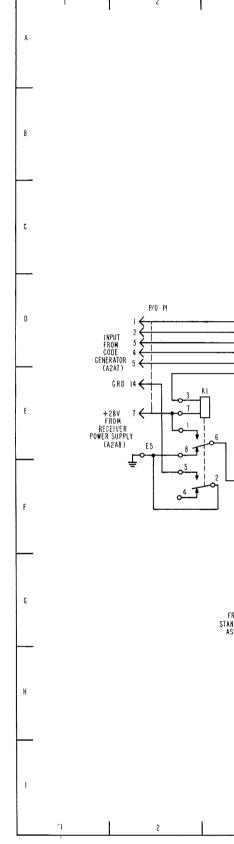
15	16	17	

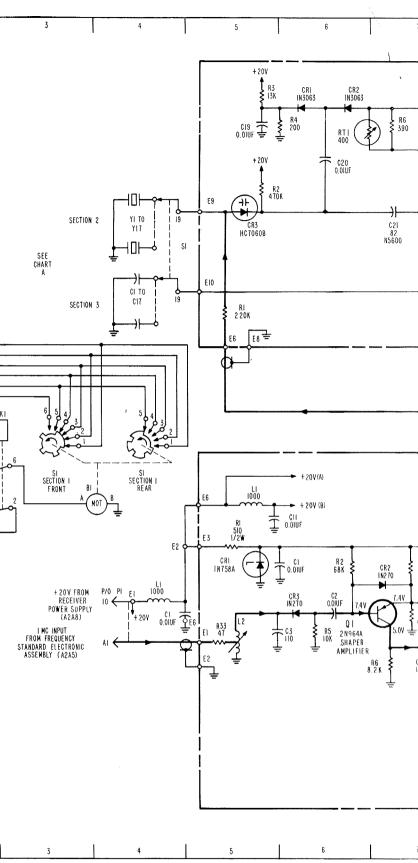
		CHART A				
FREQ	Γ	YI TO Y9	T	CI TO C9	FREQ	Y
2.5	YI	2,499,850	CI	1300 PF	12.5	YIO
3.5	¥2	3,499,720	C2	1000 PF	14.5	YH
4.5	Y3	4,499,640	C3	820 PF	15.5	¥12
5.5	¥4	5,499,560	C 4	680 PF	16.5	¥13
7.5	Y5	7,499,400	C5	500 PF	17.5	Y14
8.5	Y6	8,499,320	C6	430 PF	19.5	¥15
9.5	¥7	9,499,240	C7	360 PF	20.5	Y16
10.5	Y8	10,499,160	C 8	300 PF	23.5	Y17
11.5	Y9	11,499,080	C 9	270 PF	1	\top

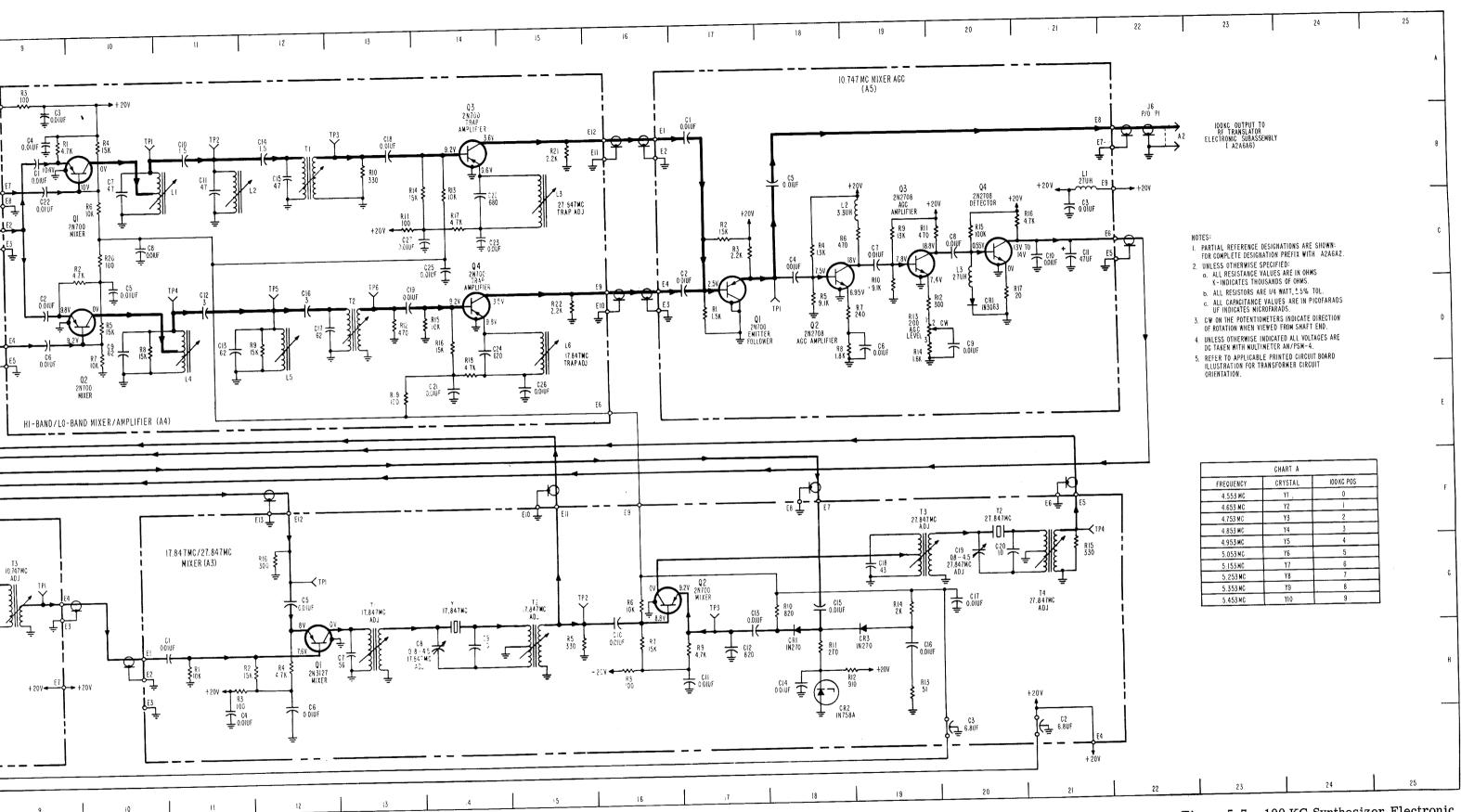
R-1051/URR MAINTENANCE

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C1	4C	A1R10	9C	A2R8	18G	A3CR3	6G	A3R31	11F
thru		A1R11	9B	A2R9	19 G	A3CR4	9G	A3R32	14G
C17		A1R12	10B	A2R10	191 19G	A3CR5	10H	A3R33	5G
C1	4G	A1R13	9C	A2R11	19G 19G	A3L1	5F	A3T1	13G
K1	3E,3D	A1R14	9C	A2R12	20G	A3L2	5G	A3TP1	13F
L1	4G	A1R15	10C	A2R13	21G	A3L3	9H		
L2	15E	A1R16	11C	A2R14	22G	A3L4	13G		
P1	2D, 2E	A1R17	11C	A2R15	22 F	A3Q1	7G		
	4G,12C	A1R18	12C	A2R16	22G	A3Q2	8G		
$\mathbf{S1}$	3E,4C,	A1RT1	6B	A2R17	22G	A3Q3	9G		
	4E	A2C1	15G	A2R18	22H	A3Q4	13G		
Y1	4C	A2C2	16 F	A2R19	22H	A3Q5	10F		
thru		A2C3	16G	A2R20	22H	A3Q6	11G		
Y17		A2C4	16F	A2R21	23G	A3R1	5F		
A1C18	11B	A2C5	19G	A2R22	15F	A3R2	6 F		
A1C19	$5\mathrm{B}$	A2C6	19G	A2RT1	22H	A3R3	$7\mathrm{F}$		
A1C20	6B	A2C7	21G	A2T1	18G	A3R4	7G		
A1C21	7C	A2C8	21G	A2T2	19G	A3R5	6G		
A1C23	$7\mathrm{B}$	A2C9	$21\mathrm{H}$	A2TP1	18G	A3R6	7G		
A1C24	8C	A2C10	$21\mathrm{F}$	A2TP2	21G	A3R7	7G		
A1C25	11B	A2C11	22 H	A2TP3	23F	A3R8	8H		
A1C26	9C	A2C12	18G	A3C1	6F	A3R9	8F		
A1C27	10B	A2C13	20G	A3C2	6G	A3R10	8G		
A1C28	11C	A2C14	15F	A3C3	5G	A3R11	8G		
A1CR1	6A	A2CR1	20G	A3C4	7G	A3R12	$9\mathrm{F}$		
A1CR2	6A	A2J1	23G	A3C5	7G	A3R13	$9\mathrm{F}$		
A1CR3	5C	A2J2	$22\mathrm{F}$	A3C6	$8\mathrm{H}$	A3R14	9G		
A1L1	1 1 A	A2L1	20G	A3C7	8G	A3R15	9G		
A1L2	8B	A2L2	21G	A3C8	8G	A3R16	9G		
A1L3	9C	A2L3	21G	A3C9	10H	A3R17	10H		
A1Q1	8C	A2L4	$21\mathrm{H}$	A3C10	10G	A3R18	11G		
A1Q2	9C	A2P1	23G	A3C11	5F	A3R19	12G		
A1Q3	10C	A2P2	22F	A3C12	12G	A3R20	12G		
A1Q4	11C	A2Q1	16G	A3C13	12G	A3R21	11H		
A1R1	5D	A2Q2	19G	A3C14	11G	A3R22	10H		
A1R2	$5\mathrm{B}$	A2Q3	22G	A3C15	13G	A3R23	11G		
A1R3	5A	A2R1	16F	A3C16	13G	A3R24	11G		
A1R4	6B	A2R2	16G	A3C17	14G	A3R25	12G		
A1R5	7A	A2R3	16F	A3C18	10F	A3R26	10F		
A1R6	$7\mathrm{B}$	A2R4	16F	A3C19	11G	A3R27	10F		
A1R7	8B	A2R5	16G	A3C20	11F	A3R28	10G		
A1R8	7B	A2R6	17G	A3CR1	5F	A3R29	10G		







NAVSHIPS 94841(A)

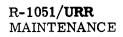
Figure 5**-7**

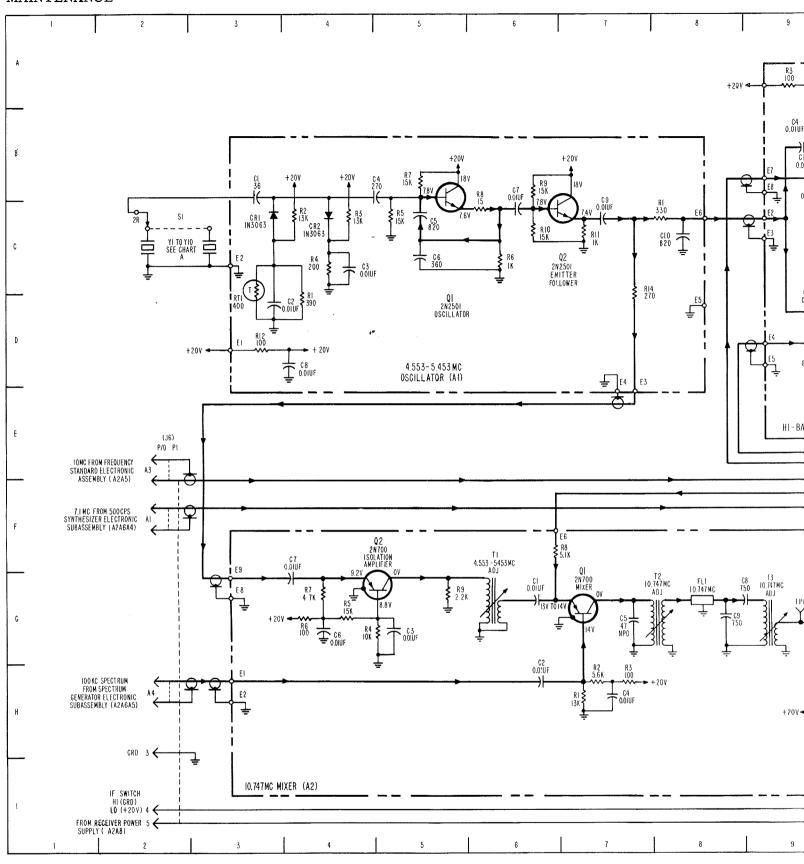
Figure 5-7. 100 KC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly, Schematic Diagram

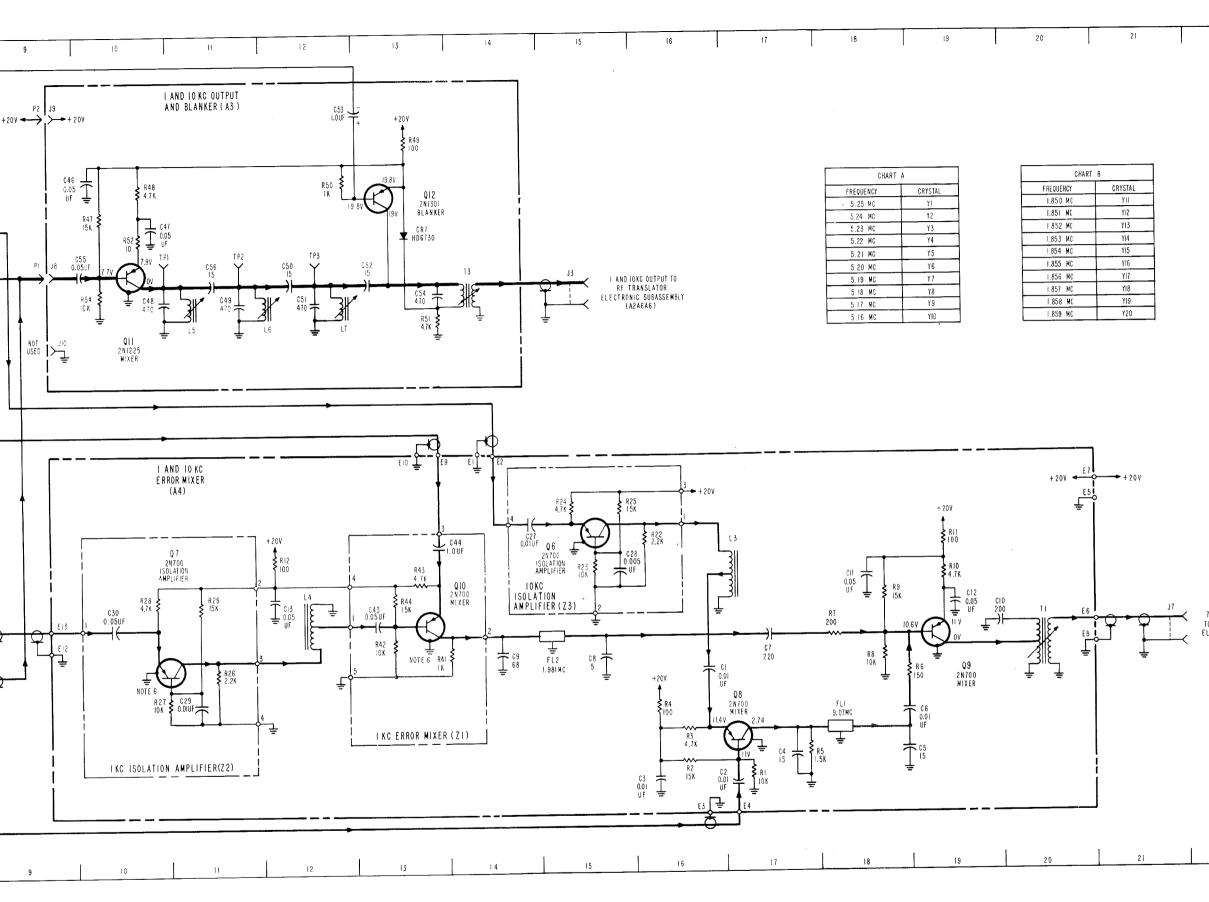
5-25, 5-26

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	2H, 2I,	A2T1	6G	A3Y2	20F	A4R17	14C
	22B	A2T2	8G	A4C1	9B	A4R18	14E
S 1	2C	A2T3	9G	A4C2	9D	A4R19	13E
Y1 thru Y10		A2TP1	9G	A4C3	9A	A4R20	10C
A1C1	3C	A3C1	11H	A4C4	9B	A4R21	15B
A1C2	3D	A3C2	$21\mathrm{I}$	A4C5	10C	A4R22	15D
A1C3	4C	A3C3	201	A4C6	9D	A4T1	12B
A1C4	5C	A3C4	11H	A4C7	10B	A4T2	13D
A1C5	5C	A3C5	12G	A4C8	10C	A4TP1	10B
A1C6	5C	A3C6	12H	A4C9	10D	A4TP2	11B
A1C7	6C	A3C7	13H	A4C10	11B	A4TP3	13B
A1C8	4D	A3C8	14H	A4C11	11B	A4TP4	11D
A1C9	7C	A3C9	14H	A4C12	11D	A4TP5	12D
A1C10	8C	A3C10	16G	A4C13	11D	A4TP6	13D
A1CR1	3C	A3C11	17H	A4C14	12B	A5C1	17B
A1CR2	4C	A3C12	17H	A4C15	12B	A5C2	17D
A1Q1	5C	A3C13	17G	A4C16	12D	A5C3	21 C
A1Q2	7C	A3C14	18H	A4C17	12D	A5C4	18 C
A1R1	4C	A3C15	18G	A4C18	13B	A5C5	18B
A1R2	4C	A3C16	19H	A4C19	13D	A5C6	19D
A1R3	4C	A3C17	20G	A4C20	14B	A5C7	19C
A1R4	4C	A3C18	19G	A4C21	14E	A5C8	20C
A1R5	5C	A3C19	20G	A4C22	9B	A5C9	20D
A1R6	6C	A3C20	20G	A4C23	14C	A5C10	21C
A1R7	5B	A3CR1	18H	A4C24	14D	A5C11	21C
A1R8	6C	A3CR2	18H	A4C25	14C	A5CR1	20D
A1R9	6B	A3CR3	19H	A4C26	15E	A5L1	21B
A1R10	6C	A3Q1	12H	A4C27	14C	A5L2	19C
A1R11	7C	A3Q2	16G	A4L1	11B	A5L3	20C
A1R12	3D	A3R1	11H	A4L2	11B	A5Q1	. 17D
A1R13	8C	A3R2	12H	A4L3	15B	A5Q2	18C
A1R14	7C	A3R3	11H	A4L4	11D	A5Q3	19C
A1RT1	3C	A3R4	12H	A4L5	12D	A5Q4	20C
A2C1	6G	A3R5	15H	A4L6	15D	A5R1	17D
A2C2	$6 \mathrm{H}$	A3R6	16G	A4Q1	10B	A5R2	17C
A2C3	5G	A3R7	16H	A4Q2	10D	A5R3	17C
A2C4	7H	A3R8	16H	A4Q3	14B	A5R4	18C
A2C5	7G	A3R9	17H	A4Q4	14D	A5R5	18D
A2C6	4G	A3R10	18G	A4R1	9B	A5R6	19C
A2C7	4G	A3R11	18H	A4R2	10C	A5R7	19D
A2C8	9G	A3R12	18H	A4R3	9A	A5R8	19D
A2C9	8G	A3R13	19H	A4R4	10B	A5R9	19C
A2FL1	8G	A3R14	19G	A4R5	10D	A5R10	19D
A2Q1	$7 \mathrm{H}$	A3R15	21G	A4R6	10B	A5R11	20C
A2Q2	5G	A3R16	12G	A4R7	10D	A5R12	19D
A2R1	7H	A3T1	13H	A4R8	10D	A5R13 A5R14	19D
A2R2	7H	A3T2	15H	A4R9	12D		19D
A2R3	7H	A3T3	19G	A4R10	13B	A5R15	20C
A2R4	5G	A3T4	21G	A4R11	13C	A5R16	21C
A2R5	4G	A3TP1	12G	A4R12	13D	A5R17	20D
A2R6	4G	A3TP2	15G	A4R13	14B	A5TP1	18D
A2R7	4G	A3TP3	17G	A4R14	14B 14D		
A2R8	6F	A3TP4	21F	A4R15	14D		







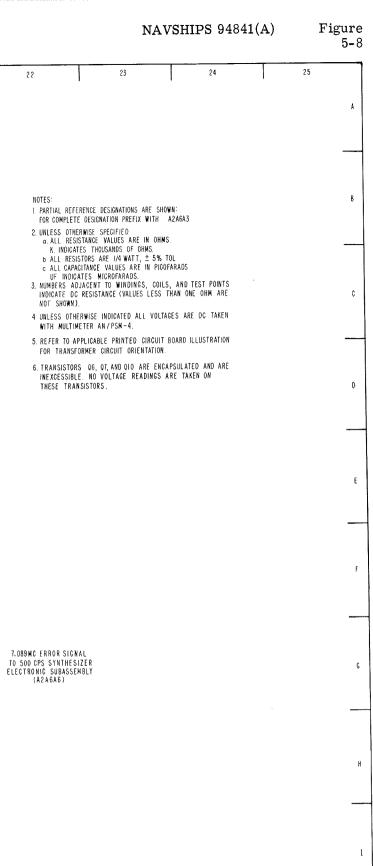
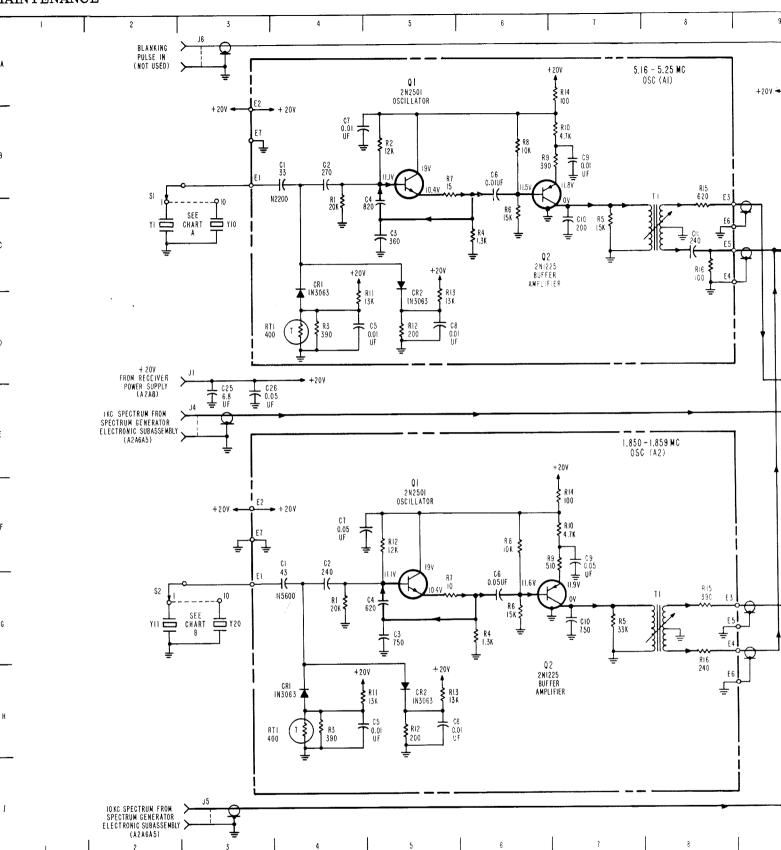


Figure 5-8. 1 and 10 KC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly, Schematic Diagram

5-27, 5-28

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PARTS LOCATION INDEX

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C26	3E	A1R9	7B	A2RT1	$4\mathrm{H}$	A4C8	15G	A4Z3C28	15F
J1	3D	A1R10	7B	A2T1	8G	A4C9	14G	A4Z3Q6	15F
J3	15C	A1R11	4D	A3C46	10B	A4C10	19G	A4Z3R22	16F
J4	3E	A1R12	5D	A3C47	10C	A4C11	18F	A4Z3R23	15F
J5	31	A1R13	5C	A3C48	10C	A4C12	19G	A4Z3R24	15F
J6	3A	A1R14	7A	A3C49	11C	A4C13	12G	A4Z3R25	15F
J7	21G	A1R15	8C	A3C50	12C	A4FL1	18H		
P1	9C	A1R16	8C	A3C51	12C	A4FL2	15G		
P2	9A	A1RT1	$4\mathrm{D}$	A3C52	13C	A4L3	17F		
S1	2B	A1T1	8C	A3C53	13A	A4L4	12G		
S2	2G	A2C1	4G	A3C54	13C	A4Q8	17H		
Y1	2C,	A2C2	4G	A3C55	10C	A4Q9	19G		
thru	3C	A2C3	5G	A3C56	11C	A4R1	17I		
Y10		A2C4	5G	A3CR7	13C	A4R2	16H		
Y11	2G,	A2C5	4H	A3J8	9C	A4R3	1 6H		
thru	3G	A2C6	6G	A3J9	9A	A4R4	16H		
Y20		A2C7	4F	A3J10	9D	A4R5	17H		
A1C1	4B	A2C8	5H	A3L5	11C	A4R6	19H		
A1C2	$4\mathrm{B}$	A2C9	7F	A3L6	12C	A4R7	18G		
A1C3	5C	A2C10	7G	A3L7	12C	A4R8	18G		
A1C4	5C	A2CR1	$4\mathrm{H}$	A3Q11	10C	A4R9	18F		
A1C5	4D	A2CR2	$5\mathrm{H}$	A3Q12	13B	A4R10	$19\mathrm{F}$		
A1C6	6B	A2Q1	5E	A3R47	10B	A4R11	19F		
A1C7	$4\mathrm{B}$	A2Q2	6G	A3R48	10B		12F		
A1C8	5D	A2R1	4G	A3R49	13B	A4T1	20G		
A1C9	7B	A2R2	$5\mathrm{F}$	A3R50	12B	A4Z1C43	13G		
A1C10	7C	A2R3	$4\mathrm{H}$	A3R51	13D	A4Z1C44	13F		
A1C11	8C	A2R4	6G	A3R52	10C	A4Z1Q10	13G		
A1CR1	4C	A2R5	7G	A3R54	10C	A4Z1R41	13G		
A1CR2	5C	A2R6	6G	A3T3	14C	A4Z1R42	13G		
A1Q1	5B	A2R7	5G	A3TP1	10C	A4Z1R43	13F		
A1Q2	6B	A2R8	6F	A3TP2	11C	A4Z1R44	13G		
A1R1	4B	A2R9	$7\mathrm{F}$	A3TP3	12C	A4Z2C29	11H		
A1R2	5B	A2R10	$^{7}\mathrm{F}$	A4C1	16G	A4Z2C30	10G		
A1R3	4B	A2R11	4H	A4C2	17I	A4Z2Q7	10G		
A1R4	6C	A2R12	5H	A4C3	16I	A4Z2R26	11G		
A1R5	7C	A2R13	5H	A4C4	17H	A4Z2R27	10H		
A1R6	6C	A2R14	7F	A4C5	19H	A4Z2R28	10G		
A1R7	5B	A2R15	8G	A4C6	19H	A4Z2R29	11G		

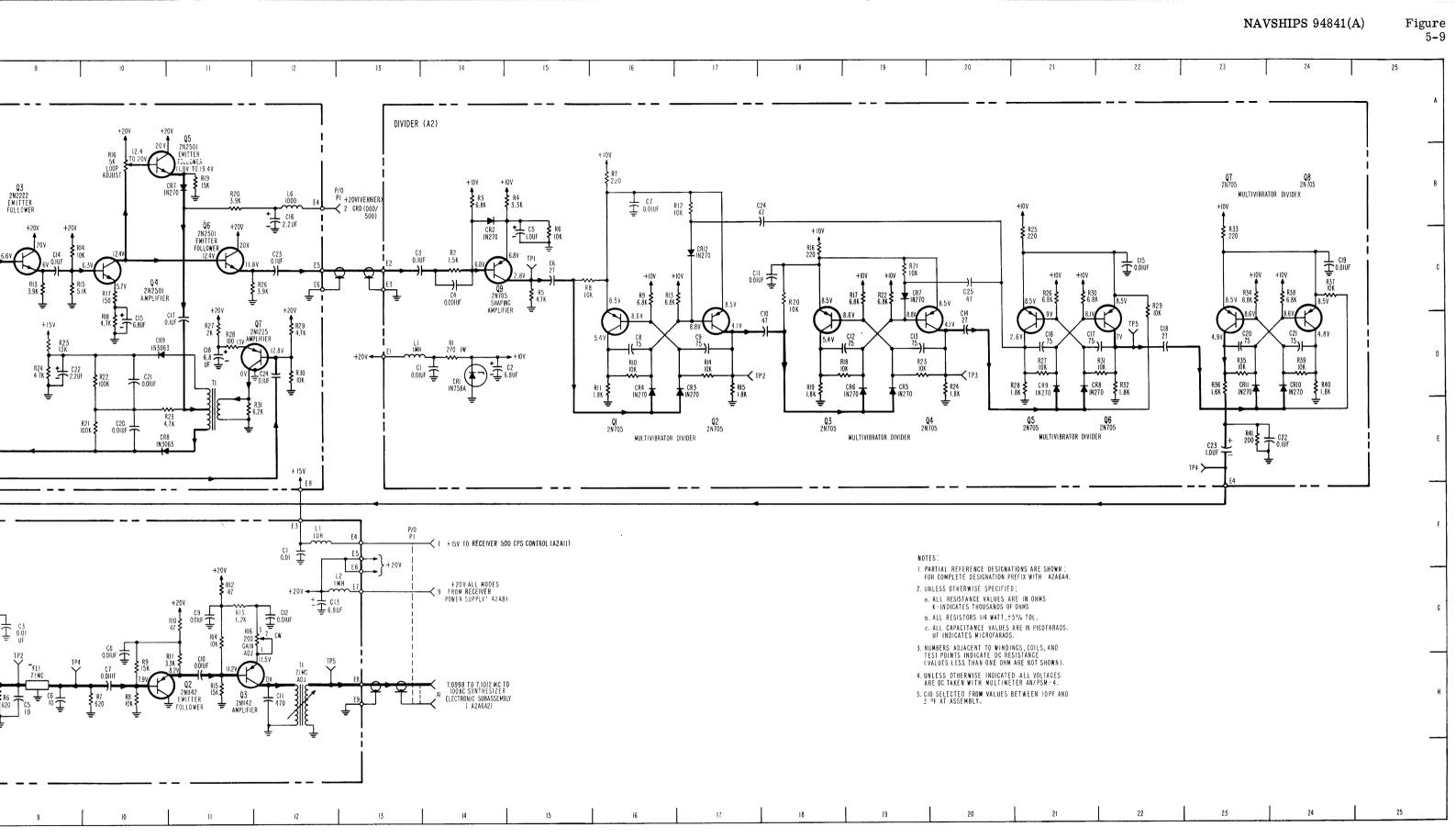
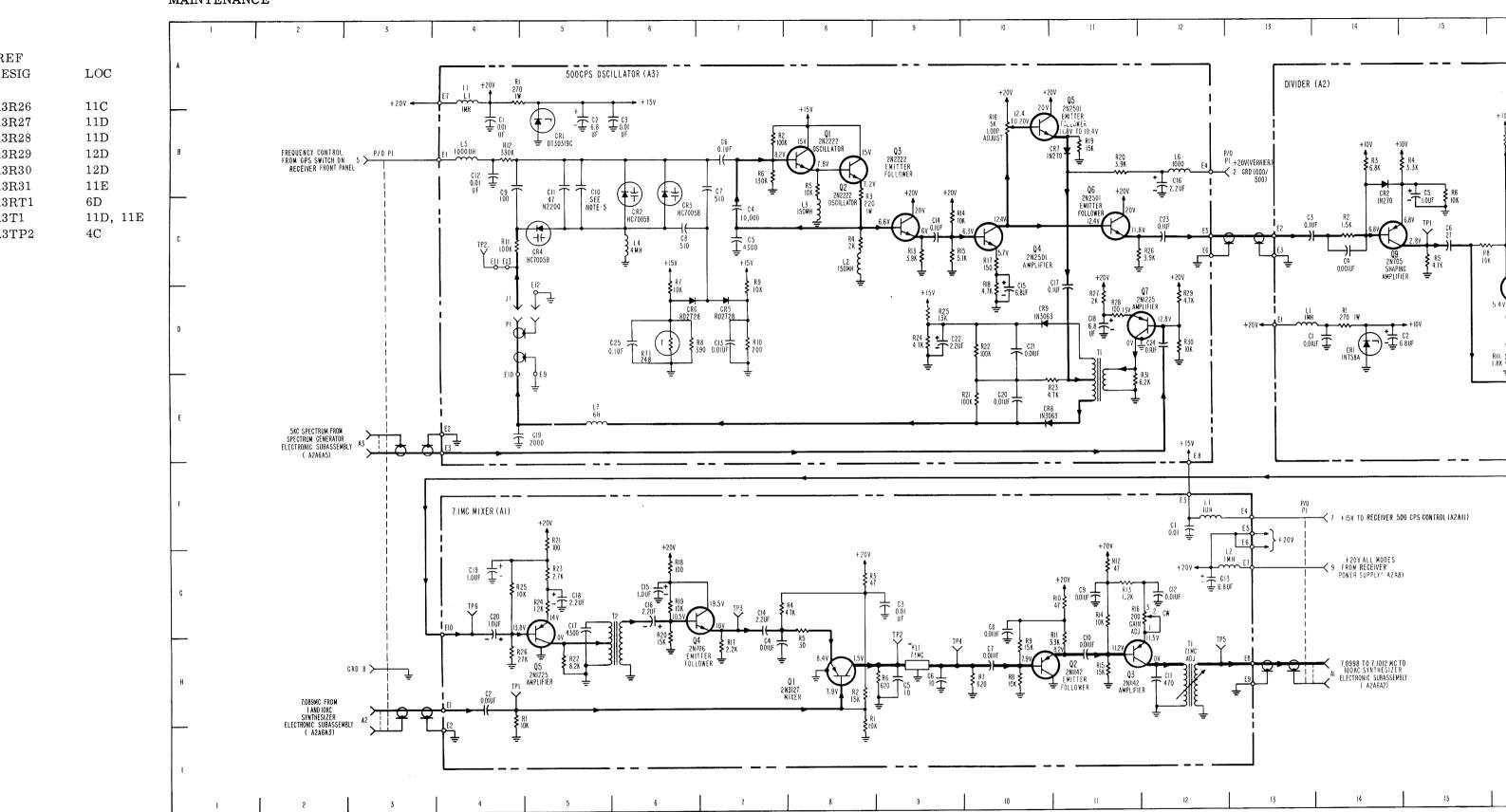


Figure 5-9. 500 CPS Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly, Schematic Diagram

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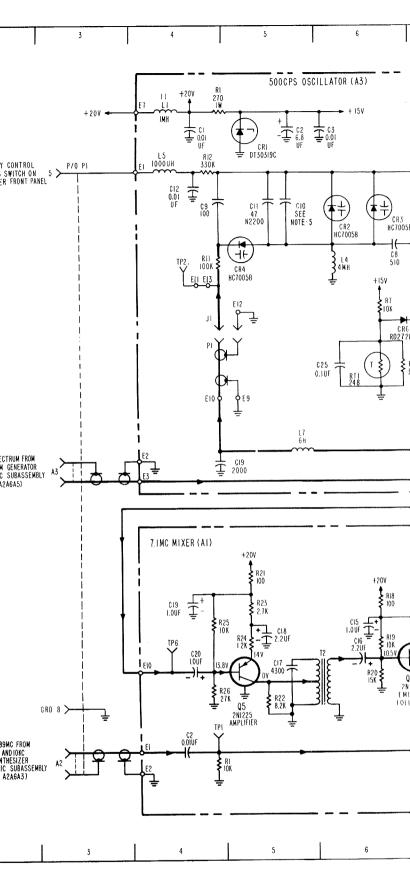
R-1051/URR MAINTENANCE

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					20C	A2R23	19D	A3R26	11C		
$\mathbf{P1}$	3B,3E,	A1R14	11G	A2C25 A2CR1	20C 14D	A2R23 A2R24	10D 20D	A3R27	11D		
	3H, 13B,	A1R15	11H	A2CR1 A2CR2	14D 14B	A2R25	20D 21C	A3R28	11D		
	14F, 14G,	A1R16	12G		14D 17D	A2R26	210 21C	A3R29	12D	В	FREQUENCY CON
	14H	A1R17	7H	A2CR3	16D	A2R27	210 21D	A3R30	12D		FREQUENCY CON From C PS Swit Receiver Fr
A1C1	12F	A1R18	6G	A2CR4	10D 19D	A2R28	21D 21D	A3R31	11E		
A1C2	4H	A1R19	6G	A2CR5	19D 19D	A2R29	210 22C	A3RT1	6D		
A1C3	9G	A1R20	6G	A2CR6		A2R29	22C 21C	A3T1	11D, 11E		
A1C4	7H	A1R21	5F	A2CR7	19C	A2R30	210 22D	A3TP2	4C		
A1C5	9H	A1R22	5H	A2CR8	21D	A2R31	22D 22D		-	C	
A1C6	9H	A1R23	5G	A2CR9	21D	A2R32 A2R33	22D 23C				
A1C7	10H	A1R24	5G	A2CR10	24D	A2R33 A2R34	23C 23C				
A1C8	10G	A1R25	4G	A2CR11	23D		23C 23D		1		
A1C9	11G	A1R26	4H	A2CR12	17C	A2R35	23D 24C				
A1C10	11H	A1T1	12H	A2L1	13D	A2R37				D	
A1C11	12H	A1T2	6G	A2Q1	16D	A2R38	24C				
A1C12	12G	A1TP1	$4\mathrm{H}$	A2Q2	17D	A2R39	24D				
A1C13	12G	A1TP2	9H	A2Q3	18D	A2R40	24D				
A1C14	7G	A1TP3	7G	A2Q4	18D	A2R41	23E				
A1C15	6G	A1TP4	9H	A2Q5	21D	A2TP1	15C				
A1C16	6G	A1TP5	12H	A2Q6	22D	A2TP2	17D			E	
A1C17	5G	A1TP6	4G	A2Q7	23D	A2TP3	20D				5KC SPECTRU SPECTRUM GEN
A1C18	5G	A2C1	14D	A2Q8	24D	A2TP4	23E				5KC SPECTRUI Spectrum gen Electronic Sub (A2AGA
A1C19	4G	A2C2	14D	A2Q9	14C	A2TP5	22D			 	
A1C20	4G	A2C3	13C	A2R1	14D	A3C1	4B				
A1FL1	9H	A2C4	14C	A2R2	14C	A3R5	8B			F	
A1L1	12F	A2C5	15C	A2R3	14B	A3R6	7B			1	
A1L2	12G	A2C6	15C	A2R4	15B	A3R7	6D				
A1Q1	8H	A2C7	16B	A2R5	15C	A3R8	6D				
A1Q2	10H	A2C8	16D	A2R6	15C	A3R9	$7\mathrm{D}$				
A1Q3	11H	A2C9	17D	A2R7	16B	A3R10	7D				
A1Q4	6G	A2C10	18D	A2R8	16C	A3R11	4C			G	
A1Q5	5G	A2C11	18C	A2R9	16C	A3R12	$4\mathrm{B}$				
A1R1	4H	A2C12	18D	A2R10	16D	A3R13	9C				
A1R2	8H	A2C13	19D	A2R11	16D	A3R14	9C			<u> </u>	
A1R3	8G	A2C14	20D	A2R12	17B	A3R15	9C				
A1R4	$7\mathrm{G}$	A2C15	22C	A2R13	17C	A3R16	10B				
A1R5	8G	A2C16	$21\mathrm{D}$	A2R14	17D	A3R17	10C			H	
A1R6	9H	A2C17	22D	A2R15	17D	A3R18	10D				7.089MC
A1R7	10H	A2C18	22D	A2R16	18C	A3R19	11B				7,089MC AND K Synthesi Electronic Su { A2A6
A1R8	10H	A2C19	24C	A2R17	19C	A3R20	11B			 	(A2A6
A1R9	10H	A2C20	23D	A2R18	18D	A3R21	10E				
A1R10	11G	A2C21	24D	A2R19	18D	A3R22	10D				
A1R11	11H	A2C22	$24\mathrm{E}$	A2R20	18C	A3R23	10E				
A1R12	11G	A2C23	23E	A2R21	19C	A3R24	9D				1
A1R13	11G	A2C24	18B	A2R22	19C	A3R25	9D			L	2



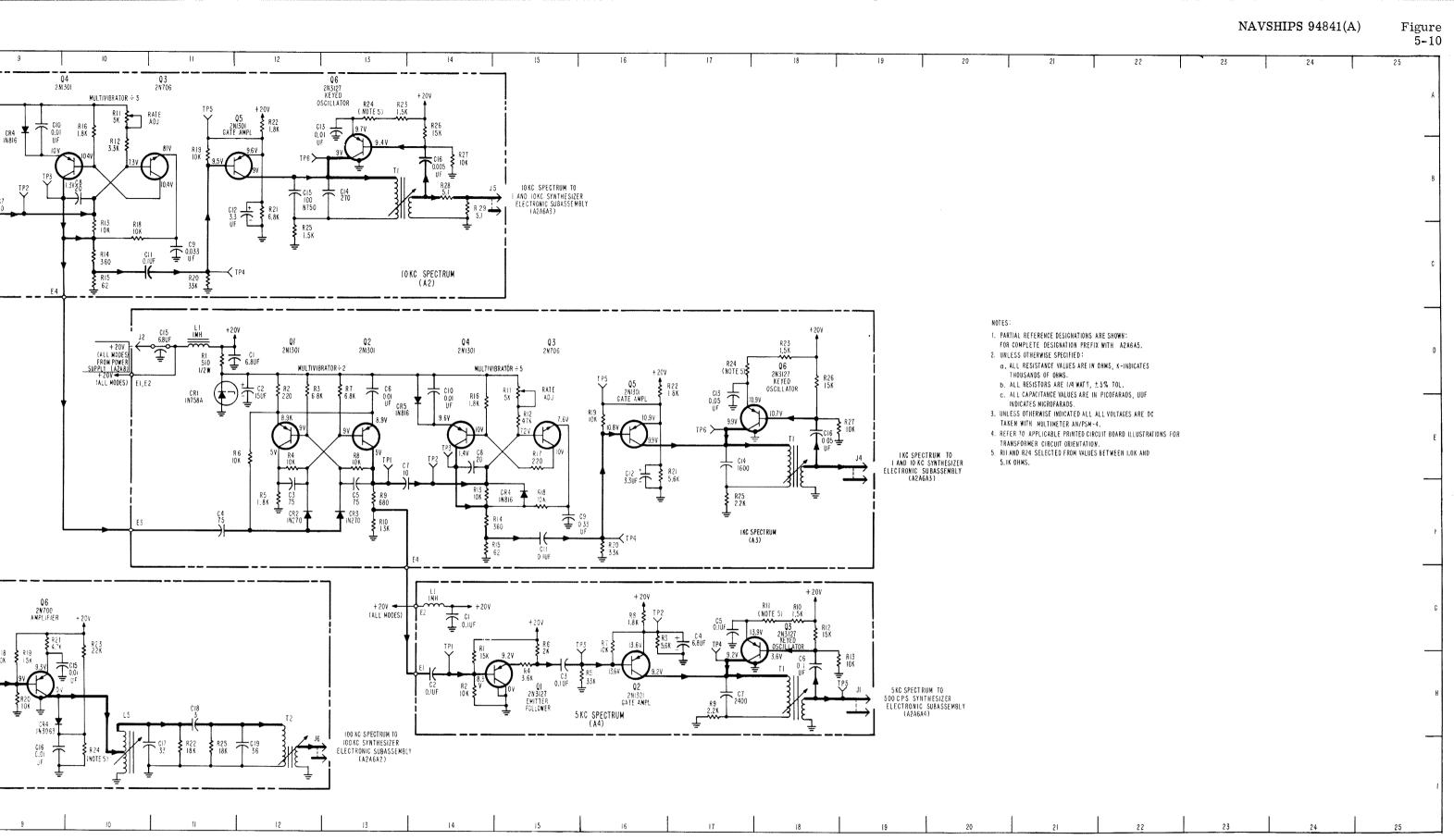
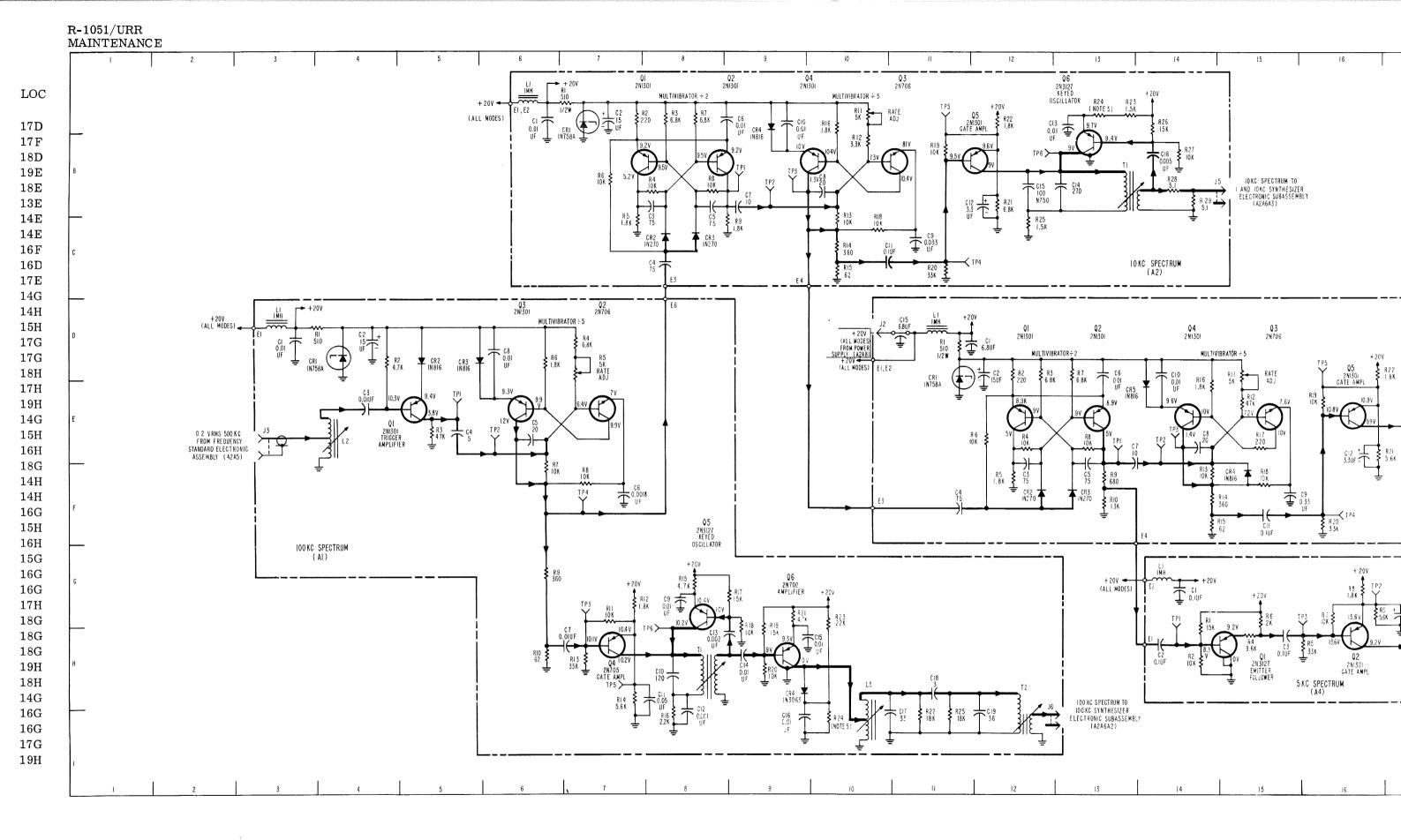


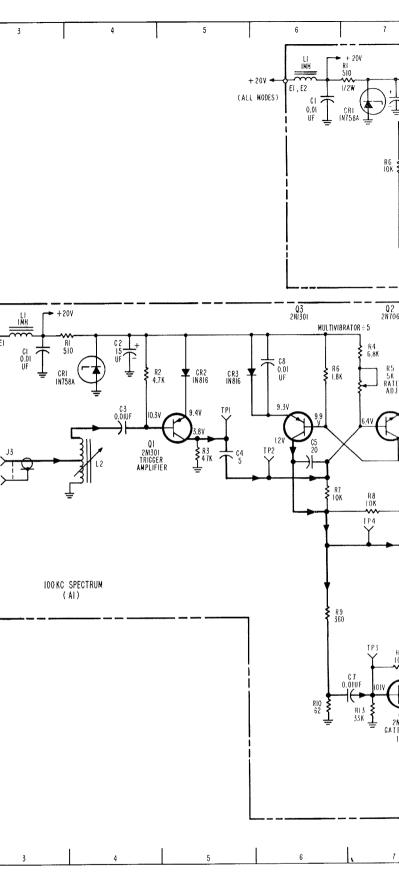
Figure 5-10. Spectrum Generator Electronic Subassembly, Schematic Diagram

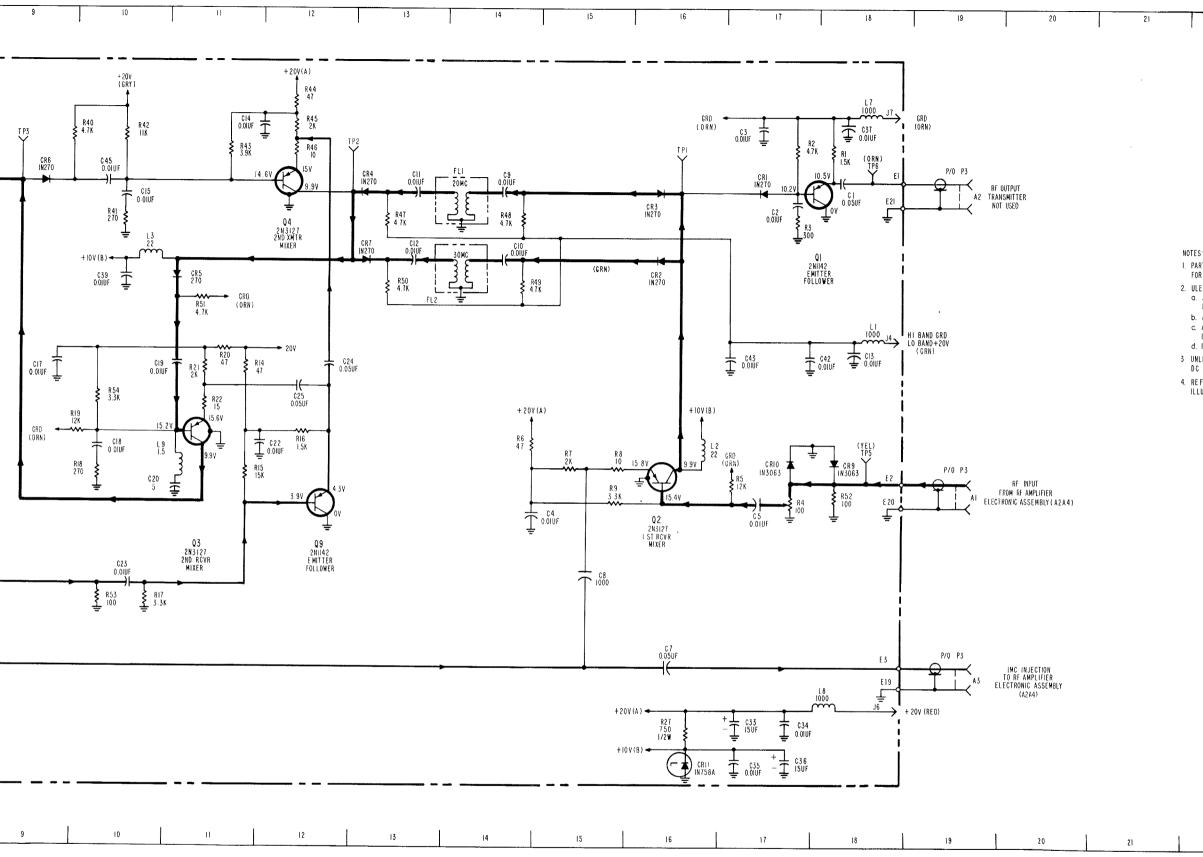
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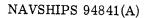


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REF		REF		REF		REF		REF			·		
DESIG	LOC	DESIG	LOC	DESIG	LOC	DESIG	LOC	DESIG	LOC				
DEDIG	Tee	DESIG				A3C7	13E						
A1C1	3D	A1R12	$7 \mathrm{G}$	A2Q2	8B	A3C8	14E	A3R24	17D				
A1C2	4D	A1R13	$7 \mathrm{H}$	A2Q3	11B	A3C9	15F	A3R25	17F	 			
A1C3	4E	A1R14	7H	A2Q4	10B	A3C10	14D	A3R26	18D				
A1C4	5E	A1R15	8G	A2Q5	12B	A3C11	15F	A3R27	19E	в			
A1C5	6E	A1R16	8H	A2Q6	13B	A3C12	16E	A3T1	18E				
A1C6	$7 \overline{\mathrm{F}}$	A1R17	9G	A2R1	7A	A3C13	17D	A3TP1	13E				
A1C7	7H	A1R18	9G	A2R2	7A	A3C14	17E	A3TP2	14E	<u> </u>			
A1C8	6D	A1R19	9G	A2R3	8A	A3C15	11D	A3TP3	14E				
A1C9	8G	A1R20	9H	A2R4	8B	A3C16	18E	A3TP4	16F	c			
A1C10	8H	A1R21	9G	A2R5	$7\mathrm{C}$	A3CR1	11D	A3TP5	16D	-			
A1C11	8H	A1R22	11I	A2R6	$7\mathrm{B}$	A3CR2	12F	A3TP6	17E				
A1C12	8H	A1R23	10G	A2R7	8A	A3CR3	13F	A4C1	14G				_
A1C13	9H	A1R24	10I	A2R8	8B	A3CR4	15F	A4C2	14H				
A1C14	9H	A1R25	11I	A2R9	9B	A3CR5	14E	A4C3	$15\dot{\mathrm{H}}$			+20V (ALL MODES) 👞	نے۔
A1C15	9H	A1T1	$8\mathrm{H}$	A2R11	10A	A3J4	10D, 19E	A4C4	17G	D			1 El
A1C16	91	A1T2	12H	A2R12	10B	A3L1	11D	A4C5	17G				
A1C17	11I	A1TP1	5E	A2R13	10B	A3Q1	12E	A4C6	18H				
A1C18	11H	A1TP2	6E	A2R14	10C	A3Q2	13E	A4C7	17H				
A1C19	12I	A1TP3	7G	A2R15	10C	A3Q3	15E	A4J1	19H				i
A1CR1	4D	A1TP4	$7\mathrm{F}$	A2R16	10A	A3Q4	14E	A4L1	14G	E			
A1CR2	5D	A1TP5	$7 \mathrm{H}$	A2R18	10C	A3Q5	16E	A4Q1	15H			0.2 VRMS 500 KC	ر ا ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
A1CR3	5D	A1TP6	8G	A2R19	11B	A3Q6	17E	A4Q2	16H			0.2 VRMS 500KC FROM FREQUENCY Standard Electroni Assembly (4245)	¹⁰ 5
A1CR4	9H	A2C1	6A	A2R20	11C	A3R1	11D	A4Q3	18G			ASSEMBLE (42AS)	Í
A1J3	3E	A2C2	7A	A2R21	12B	A3R2	12D	A4R1	14H				
A1J6	13I	A2C3	8B	A2R22	12A	A3R3	12D	A4R2	14H				
A1L1	3D	A2C4	8C	A2R23	13A	A3R4	12E	A4R3	16G	F			į
A1L2	$4\mathrm{E}$	A2C5	8B	A2R24	13A	A3R5	12F	A4R4	15H				i
A1L5	1 0H	A2C6	9A	A2R25	12C	A3R6	12E	A4R5	16H				
A1Q1	5E	A2C7	9B	A2R26	14A	A3R7	13D	A4R6	15G				
A1Q2	$7 \mathrm{E}$	A2C8	10B	A2R27	14B	A3R8	13E	A4R7	16G				
A1Q3	$6 \mathrm{E}$	A2C9	11C	A2R28	14B	A3R9	13F	A4R8	16G	6			
A1Q4	$7\mathrm{H}$	A2C10	9A	A2R29	14B	A3R10	13F	A4R9	17H				
A1Q5	8G	A2C11	10C	A2T1	13B	A3R11	15D	A4R10	18G				
A1Q6	$9\mathrm{H}$	A2C12	12B	A2TP1	9B	A3R12	15E	A4R11	18G				
A1R1	3D	A2C13	13A	A2TP2	9B	A3R13	14F	A4R12	18G				
A1R2	4D	A2C14	13B	A2TP3	9B	A3R14	14F	A4R13	19H	н			
A1R3	5E	A2C15	12B	A2TP4	11C	A3R15	14F	A4T1	18H				
A1R4	7D	A2C16	14B	A2TP5	11A	A3R16	14E	A4TP1	14G				
A1R5	7D	A2CR1	7A	A2TP6	12B	A3R17	15E	A4TP2	16G	}			
A1R6	6D	A2CR2	8C	A3C1	12D	A3R18	15F	A4TP3	16G				
A1RŻ	$6 \mathrm{E}$	A2CR3	8C	A3C2	12D	A3R19	16E	A4TP4	17G				
A1R8	$7\mathrm{F}$	A2CR4	9A	A3C3	12F	A3R20	16F	A4TP5	19H	1			
A1R9	6G	A2J5	15B	A3C4	11F	A3R21	16E						
A1R10	6H	A2L1	6A	A3C5	13E	A3R22	16D			L I		2	
A1R11	7G	A2Q1	$7\mathrm{B}$	A3C6	13D	A3R23	18D						

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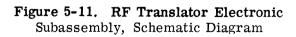






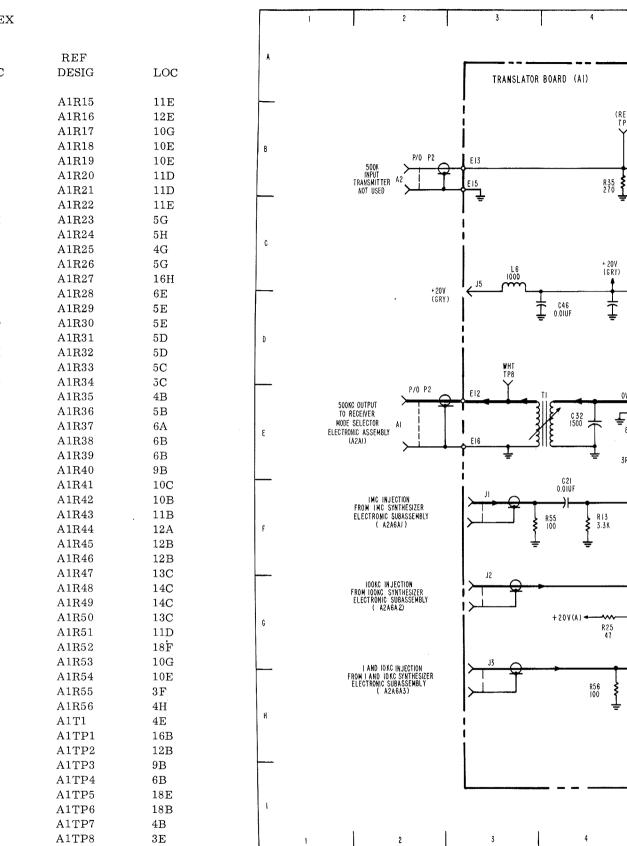


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22		23		24		25	
							A
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							в
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RTIAL REFERENCE DESI DR COMPLETE DESIGNATI	GNATIONS ARE	SHOWN:					
ESS OTHERWISE SPECIF		NIER AZAOAD					
ALL RESISTANCE VALU	JES ARE IN O	HMS					
ALL RESISTORS ARE I	/4 WATT, ± 5 9	% TOL.					
ALL CAPACITANCE VAL UF INDICATES MICROFA	UES ARE IN P RADS.	PICOFARADS					D
INDUCTANCE VALUES A	RE IN MICRO						
ILESS OTHERWISE INDIC/ C TAKEN WITH MULTIME	ATED ALL VOL 'TER AN/PSM	TAGES ARE -4					
FER TO APPLICABLE F	RINTED CIRC	UIT BOARD					
LUSTRATION FOR TRAN	SFORMER CIR(CUIT ORIENTATIO	N.				
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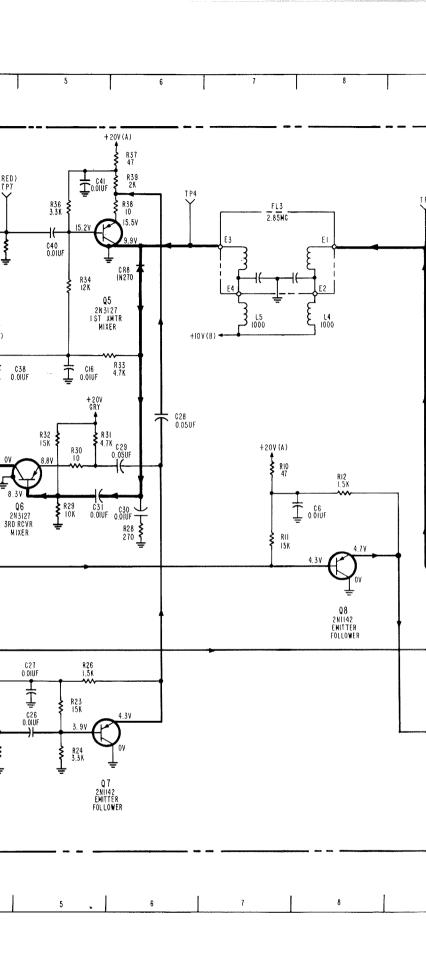
R-1051/URR MAINTENANCE



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	19H	A1CR5	11C	A1R17	10G
A1C1	18B	A1CR6	9B	A1R18	10E
A1C2	17C	A1CR7	13C	A1R19	10E
A1C3	17B	A1CR8	6C	A1R20	11D
A1C4	14F	A1CR9	18E	A1R21	11D
A1C5	17F	A1CR10	17E	A1R22	11E
A1C6	8E	A1CR11	16H	A1R23	5G
A1C7	16G	A1FL1	14B	A1R24	5H
A1C8	15G	A1FL2	14C	A1R25	4G
A1C9	14B	A1FL3	7B	A1R26	5G
A1C10	14C	A1J1	3F	A1R27	16H
A1C11	13B	A1J2	3G	A1R28	6E
A1C12	13C	A1J3	3G	A1R29	5E
A1C13	18D	J1J4	18D	A1R30	5E
A1C14	11B	A1J5	3C	A1R31	5D
A1C15	10B	A1J6	18H	A1R32	5D
A1C16	5D	A1J7	18B	A1R33	5C
A1C17	9D	A1L1	18D	A1R34	3C
A1C18	10E	A1L2	16E	A1R35	4B
A1C19	11D	A1L3	10C	A1R36	5B
A1C20	11F	A1L4	8C	A1R37	6A
A1C21	4F	A1L5	7C	A1R38	6B
A1C22	11E	A1L6	3C	A1R39	6B
A1C23	10G	A1L7	18B	A1R40	9B
A1C24	12D	A1L8	18H	A1R41	10C
A1C25	12E	A1L9	11E	A1R42	10B
A1C26	5G	A1Q1	17B	A1R43	, 11B
A1C27	5G	A1Q2	16E	A1R44	12A
A1C28	6D	A1Q3	11E	A1R45	12B
A1C29	$6\mathrm{E}$	A1Q4	12B	A1R46	12B
A1C30	6E	A1Q5	5B	A1R47	13C
A1C31	5E	A1Q6	5E	A1R48	14C
A1C32	$4\mathrm{E}$	A1Q7	5G	A1R49	14C
A1C33	17H	A1Q8	8 F	A1R50	13C
A1C34	17H	A1Q9	12F	A1R51	11D
A1C35	17H	A1R1	18B	A1R52	$18\dot{F}$
A1C36	17H	A1R2	17B	A1R53	10G
A1C37	18B	A1R3	17C	A1R54	10E
A1C38	4D	A1R4	17F	A1R55	$3\mathrm{F}$
A1C39	10C	A1R5	17F	A1R56	$4\mathrm{H}$
A1C40	5B	A1R6	14E	A1T1	$4\mathrm{E}$
A1C41	5B	A1R7	15E	A1TP1	16B
A1C42	17D	A1R8	14E	A1TP2	12B
A1C43	17D	A1R9	15F	A1TP3	9B
A1C45	10B	A1R10	7E	A1TP4	6B
A1C46	3D	A1R11	7E	A1TP5	18E
A1CR1	17B	A1R12	8E	A1TP6	18B
A1CR2	16C	A1R13	4F	A1TP7	4B
		A1R14	11D	A1TP8	3E

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(RED) TP7

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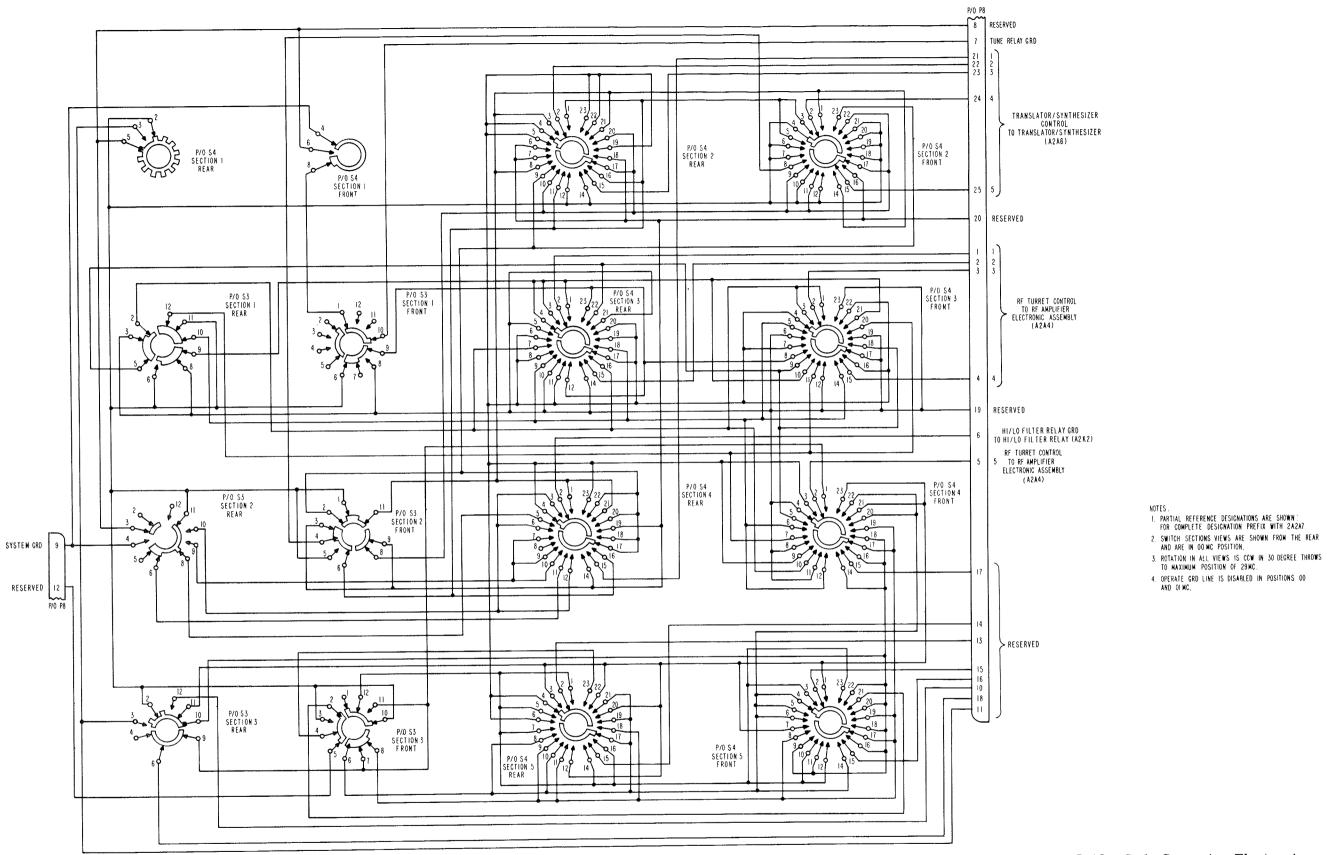
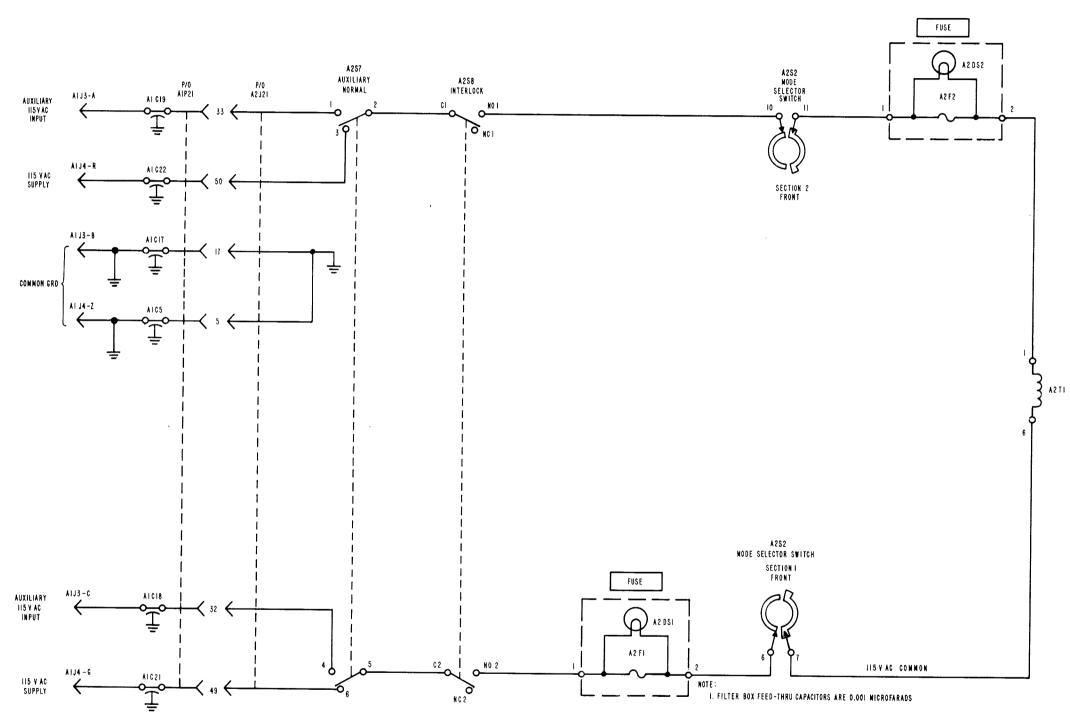


Figure 5-12. Code Generator Electronic Assembly, Schematic Diagram

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ORIGINAL

Figure 5-13. Radio Receiver R-1051/URR, Primary Power Distribution Diagram

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Figure 5**-**13

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Figure 5-14

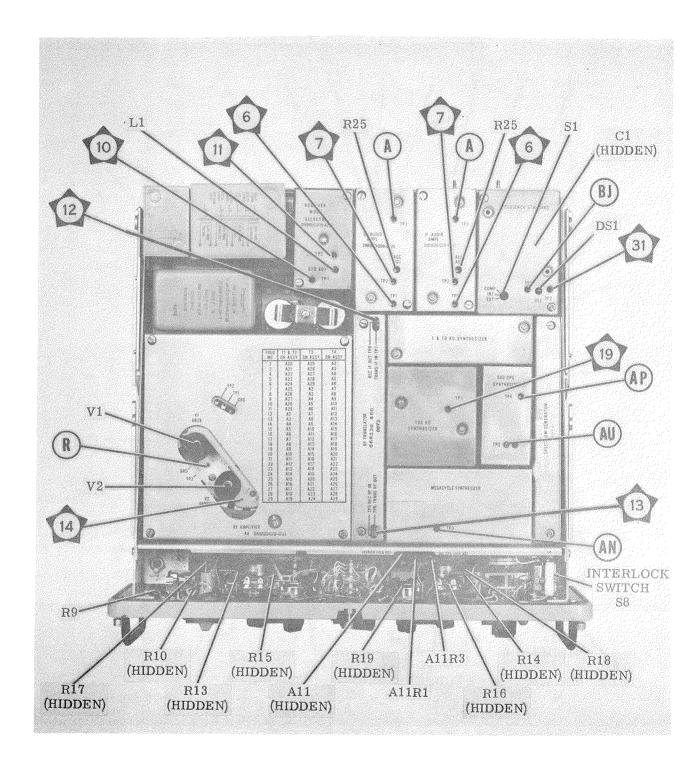


Figure 5-14. Radio Receiver R-1051/URR, Top View, Case Removed, Component and Test Point Location

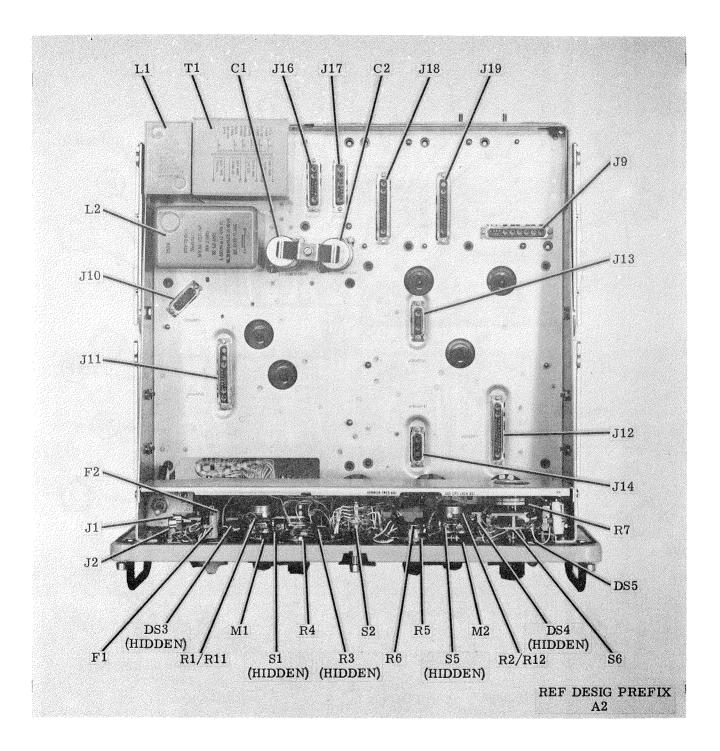


Figure 5-15. Radio Receiver R-1051/URR, Chassis, Top View, Component Location

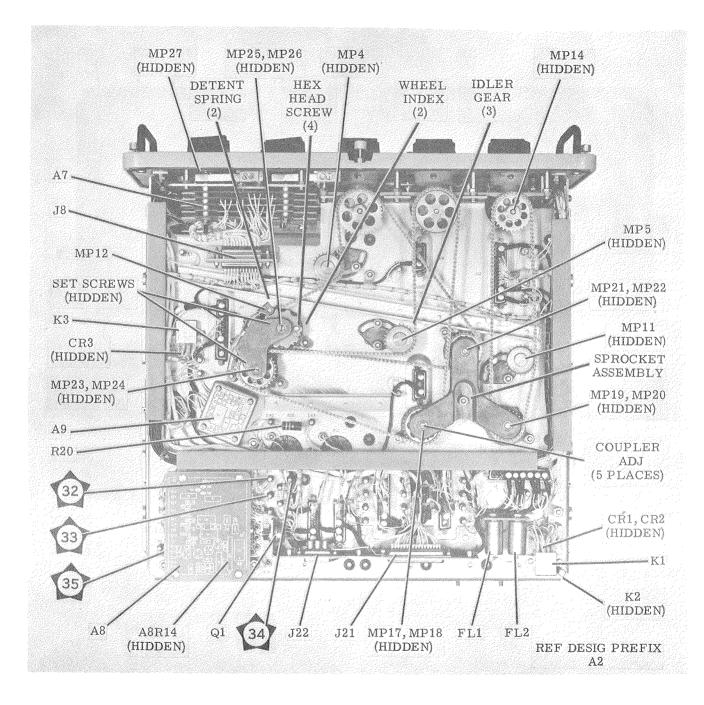


Figure 5-16. Radio Receiver R-1051/URR, Chassis, Bottom View, Component and Test Point Location

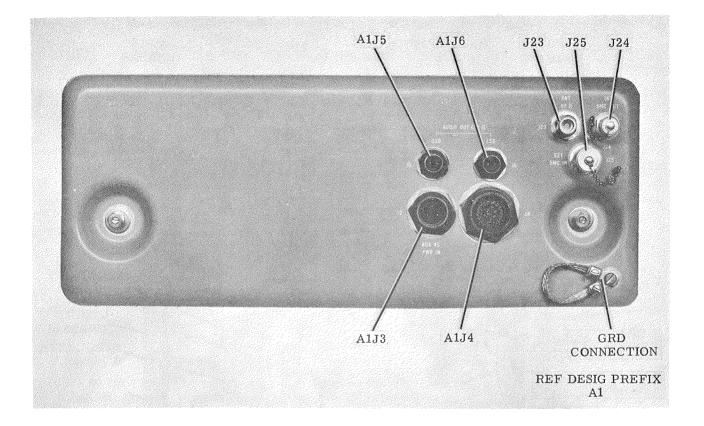


Figure 5-17. Radio Receiver R-1051/URR, Case, Rear View

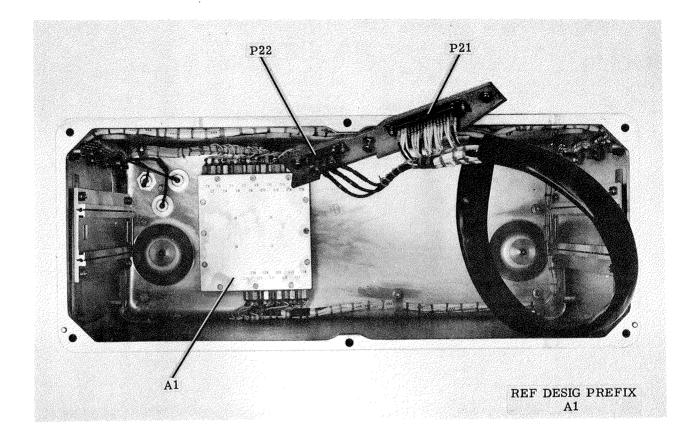
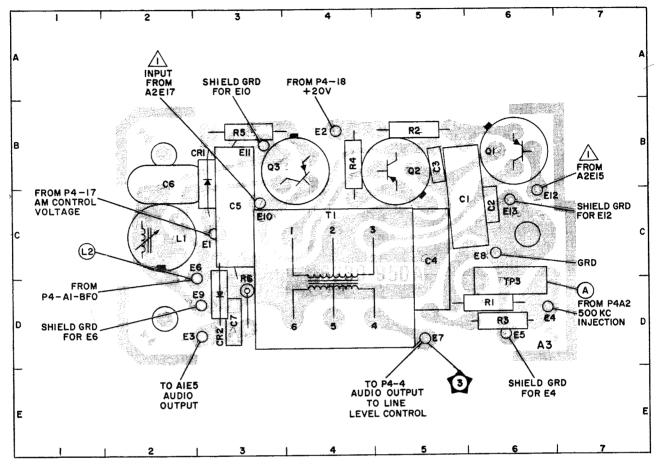


Figure 5-18. Radio Receiver R-1051/URR, Case, Inside View



NOTES:

DTES: 1. REF. DESIG. PREFIX A2A2^{*} OR A2A3^{*} *(TWO IDENTICAL ASSEMBLIES IN RECEIVER).

2. 1 INPUTS TO E12 AND E10 - BALANCED INPUT FROM I.F. AMPLIFIERS.

				PART LOCATI	ION INDEX				
REF DESIG	LOC	REF DESIG	LOC	REF DESIG	LOC	REF DESIG	LOC	REF DESIG	LOC
C1 C2 C3 C4 C5 C6 C7	C6 C6 B5 C5 C3 B2 D3	CR1 CR2 E1 E2 E3 E4 E5	B3 D3 C3 B4 D3 D6 D6	E6 E7 E8 E9 E10 E11 E12	C3 D5 C6 D3 C3 B3 C6	E13 L1 Q1 Q2 Q3 R1 R2	C6 C2 B6 B5 B4 D6 B5	R3 R4 R5 T1 TP3	D6 B4 B3 D3 C4 D6

Figure 5-29. Product/AM Detectors (Foil Side Up), Component and **Test Point Location**

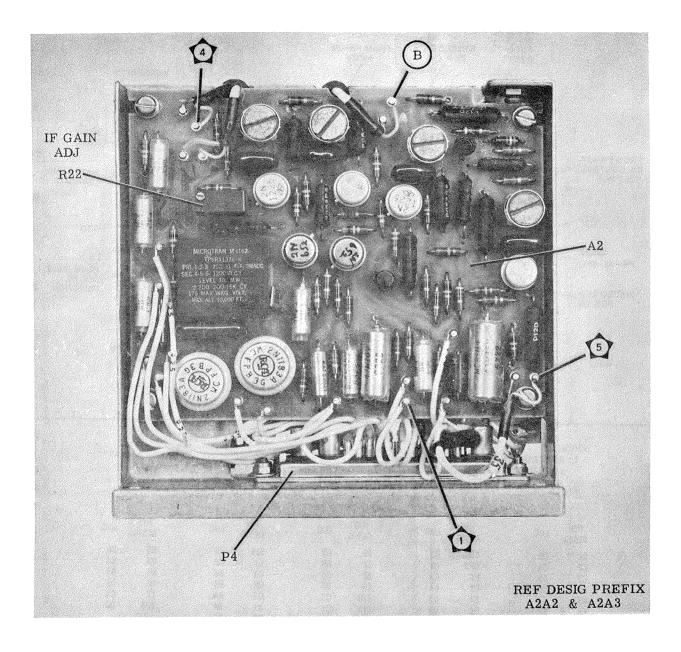
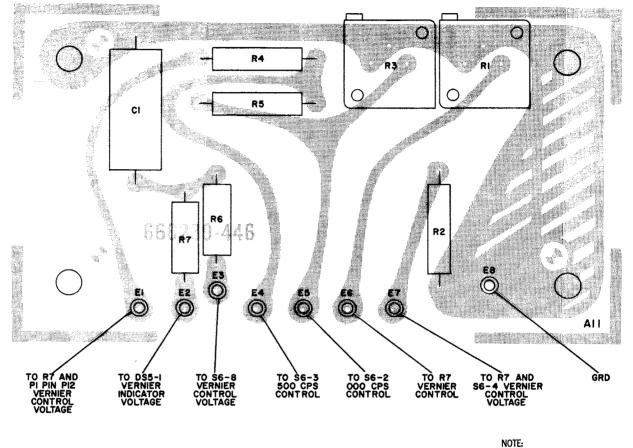
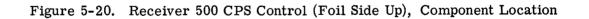


Figure 5-30. Receiver IF. /Audio Amplifier Electronic Assembly, Left Side, Component Location



REF. DESIG. PREFIX A2.



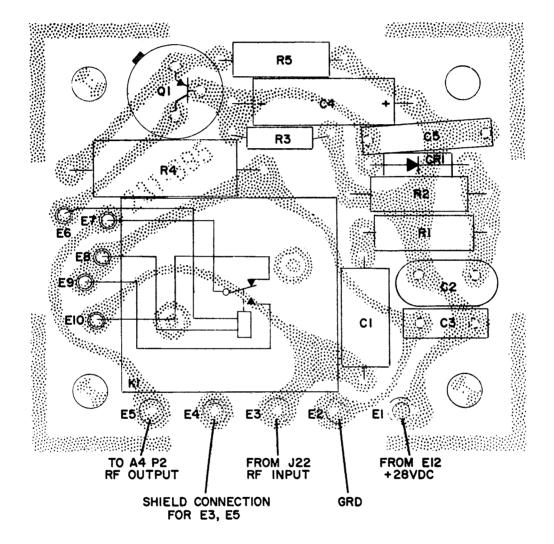


Figure 5-21. Antenna Overload (Foil Side Up), Component Location

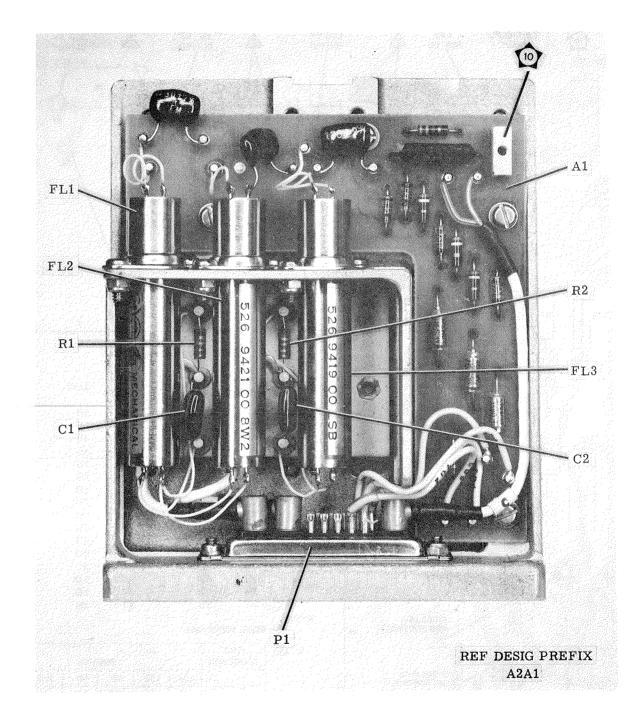


Figure 5-22. Receiver Mode Selector Electronic Assembly, Left Side View, Component Location

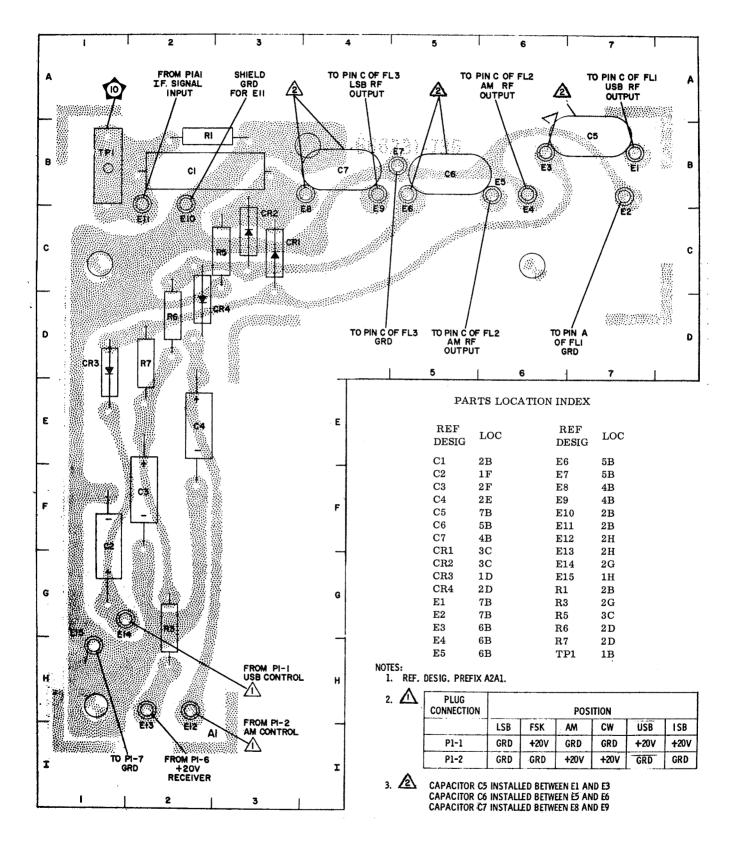


Figure 5-23. Mode Gates (Foil Side Up), Component and Test Point Location

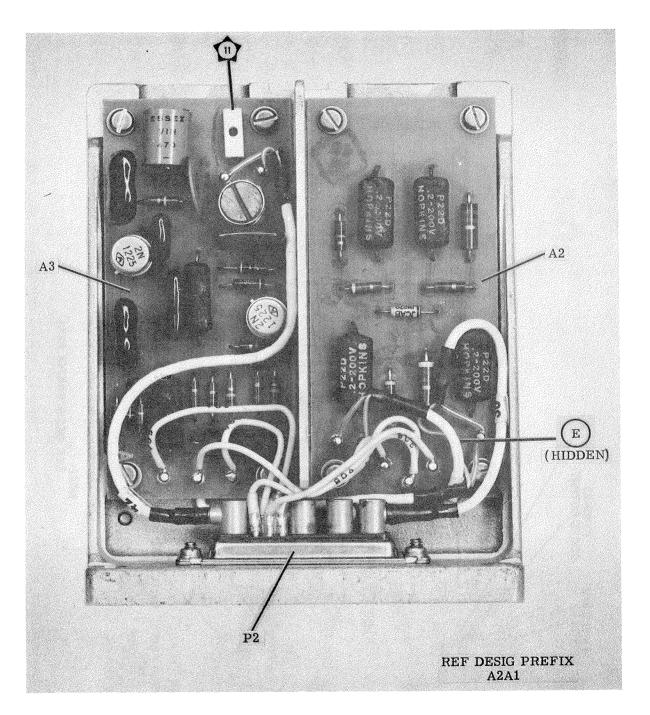
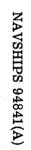


Figure 5-24. Receiver Mode Selector Electronic Assembly, Right Side, Component Location



R-1051/URR MAINTENANCE

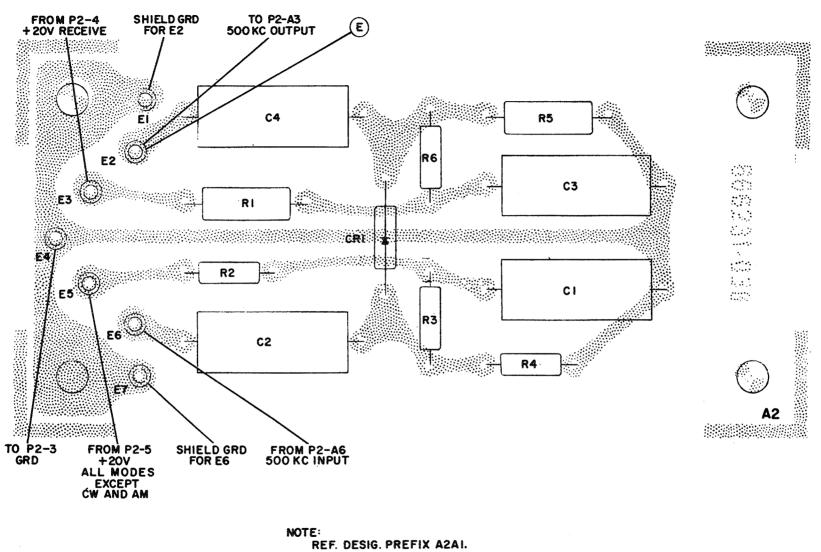
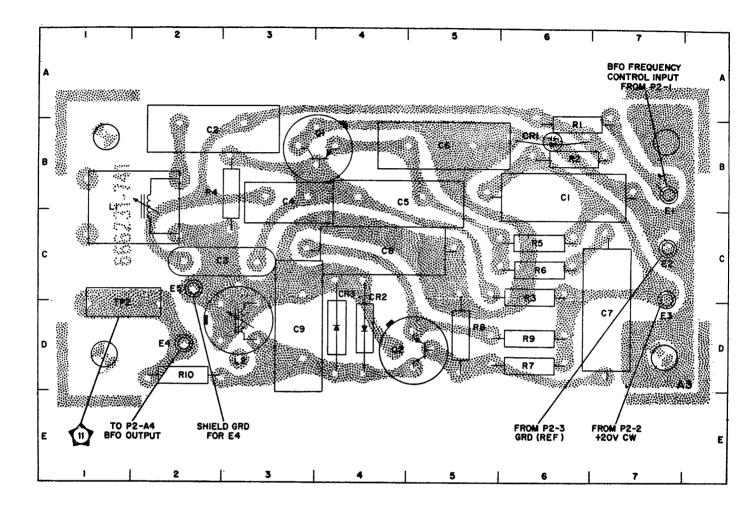


Figure 5-25. 500 KC Gate (Foil Side Up), Component and Test Point Location



PARTS LOCATION INDEX

REF DE S IG	LOC	REF DESIG	LOC	REF DESIG	LOC	REF DESIG	LOC
C1	6B	C9	3D	E5	2C	R4	2B
C2	2B	CR1	6B	L1	1B	R5	6C
C3	2C	CR2	4D	L2	3D	R6	6C
C4	3B	CR3	4D	Q1	4B	R7	6D
C5	4B	E1	7B	Q2	5D	R8	5D
C6	5B	E2	7C	R1	6B	R9	6D
C7	7B	E3	7D	R2	6B	R10	2 D
C8	4C	E4	2D	R3	6C	TP2	1C

NOTE:

REF. DESIG. PREFIX A2A1

Figure 5-26. BFO and Amplifier (Foil Side Up), Component and Test Point Location ORIGINAL

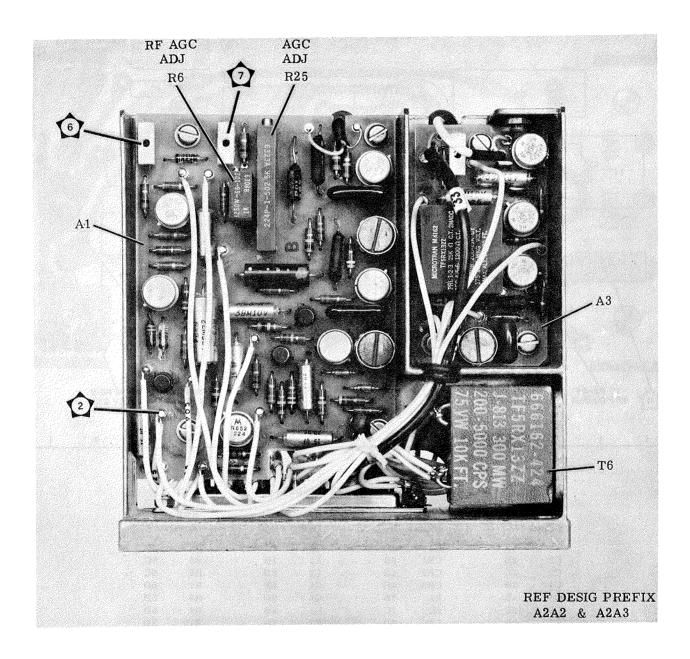


Figure 5-27. Receiver IF./Audio Amplifier Electronic Assembly, Right Side, Component Location

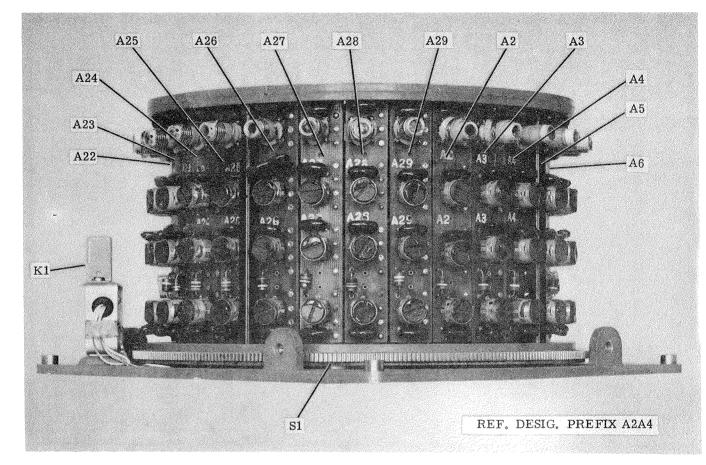


Figure 5-32. RF Amplifier Electronic Assembly, Front and Left Side, Component Location

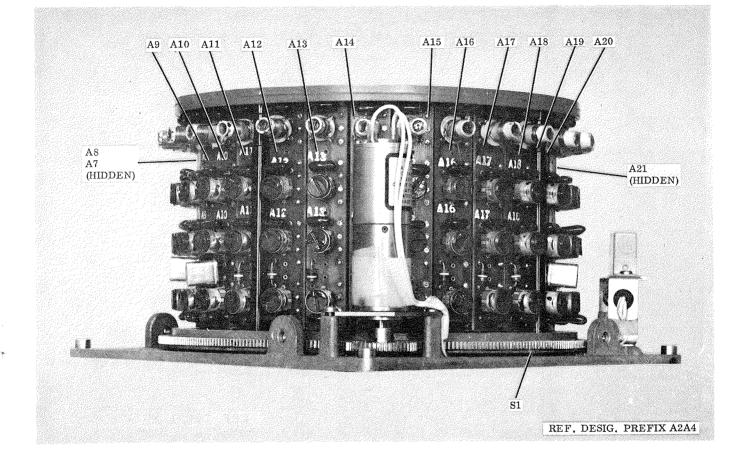


Figure 5-33. RF Amplifier Electronic Assembly, Rear and Right Side, Component Location

R-1051/URR MAINTENANCE

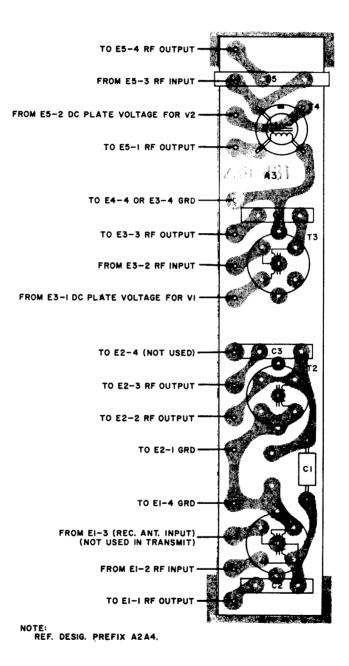


Figure 5-34. Megacycle Assembly A3 (Foil Side Up), Component Location

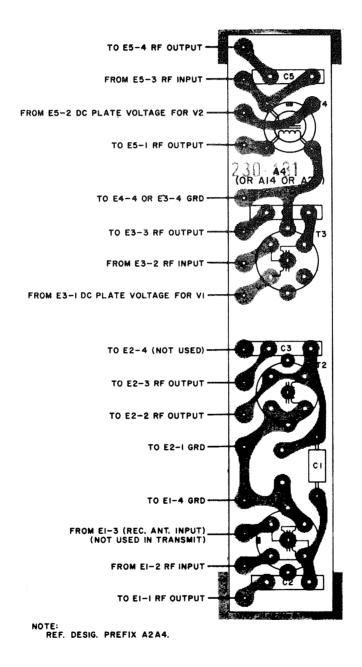


Figure 5-35. Megacycle Assembly A4, A14, or A22 (Foil Side Up), Component Location

R-1051/URR MAINTENANCE

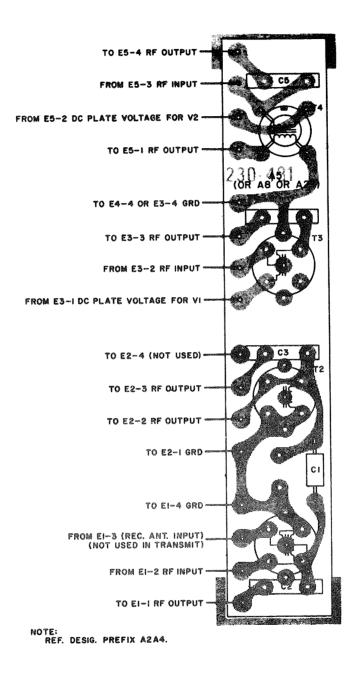


Figure 5-36. Megacycle Assembly A5, A8, or A29 (Foil Side Up), Component Location

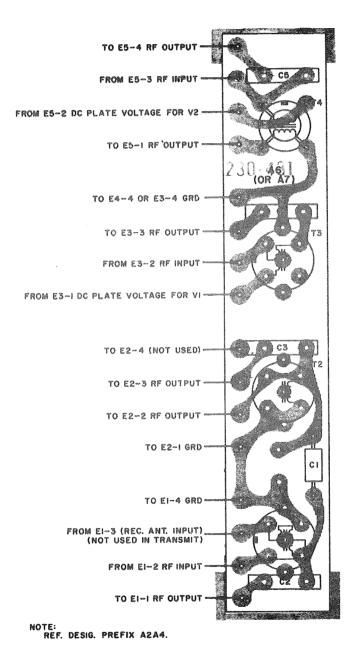
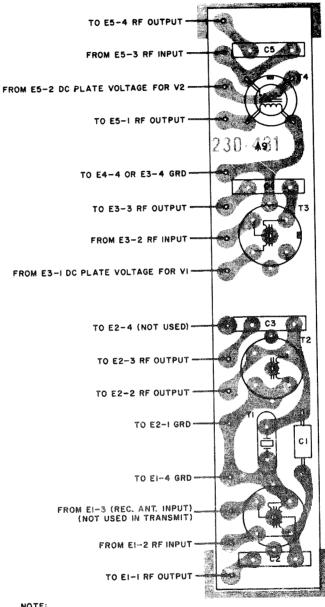


Figure 5-37. Megacycle Assembly A6 or A7 (Foil Side Up), Component Location

R-1051/URR MAINTENANCE



NOTE: REF. DESIG. PREFIX A2A4.

Figure 5-38. Megacycle Assembly A9 (Foil Side Up), Component Location

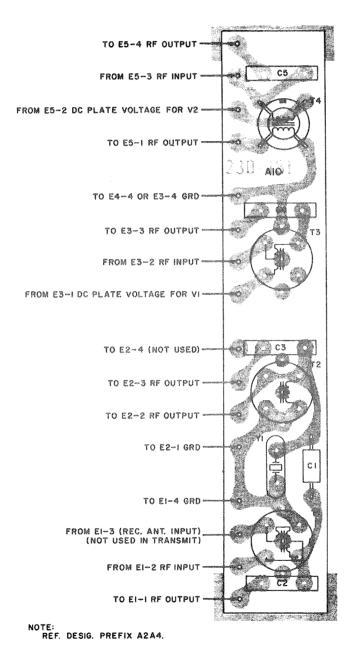
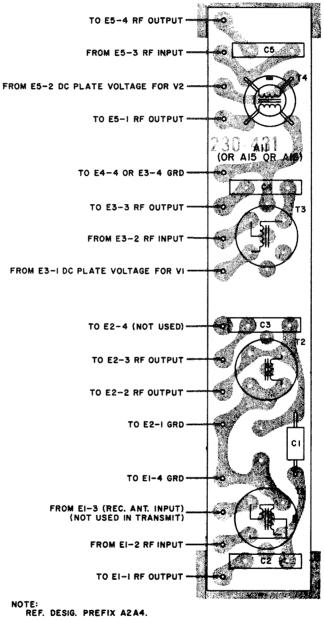
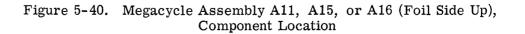


Figure 5-39. Megacycle Assembly A10 (Foil Side Up), Component Location

R-1051/URRMAINTENANCE





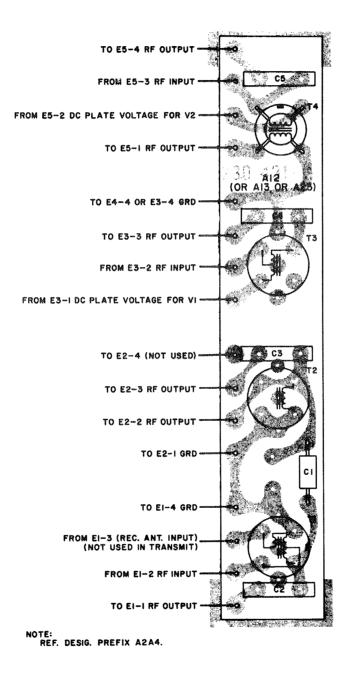


Figure 5-41. Megacycle Assembly A12, A13, or A23 (Foil Side Up), Component Location

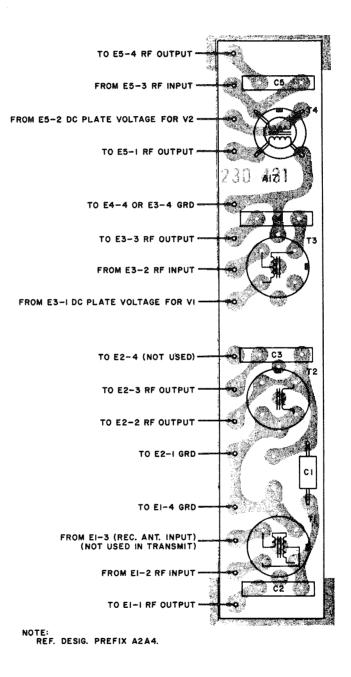


Figure 5-42. Megacycle Assembly A17 (Foil Side Up), Component Location

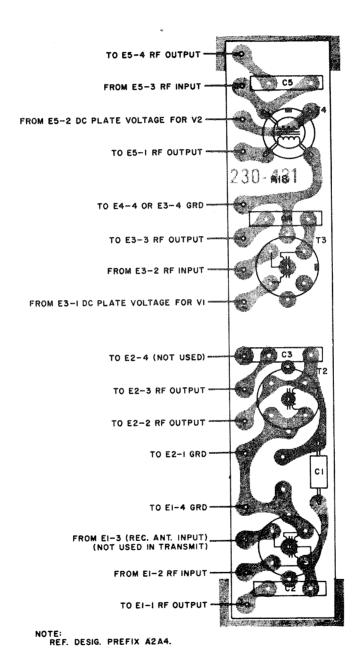


Figure 5-43. Megacycle Assembly A18 (Foil Side Up), Component Location

R-1051/URR MAINTENANCE

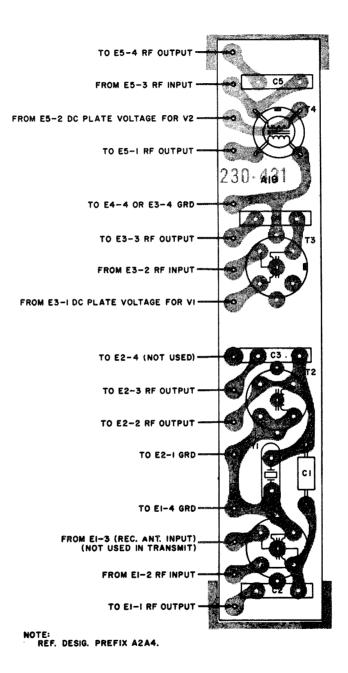


Figure 5-44. Megacycle Assembly A19 (Foil Side Up), Component Location

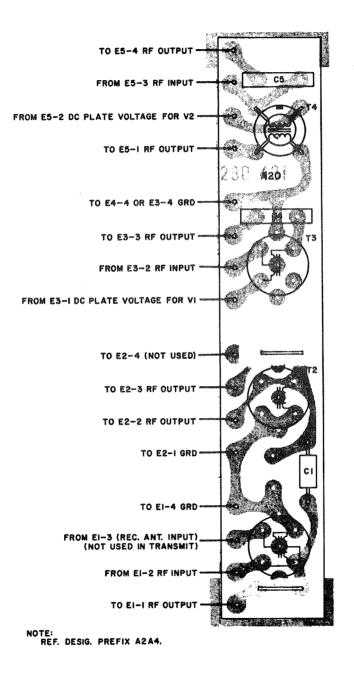
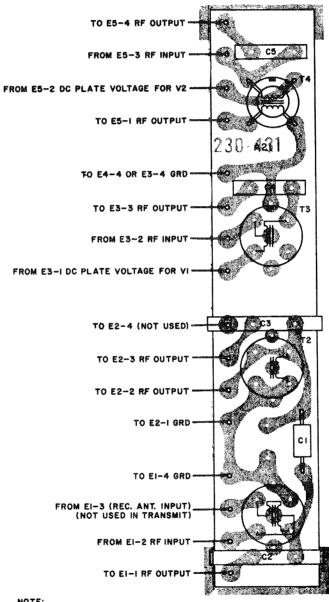


Figure 5-45. Megacycle Assembly A20 (Foil Side Up), Component Location

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R-1051/URR MAINTENANCE



NOTE: REF. DESIG. PREFIX A2A4.

Figure 5-46. Megacycle Assembly A21 (Foil Side Up), Component Location

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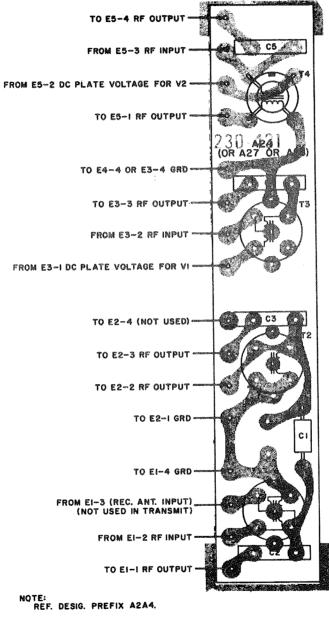


Figure 5-47. Megacycle Assembly A24, A27, or A28 (Foil Side Up), Component Location

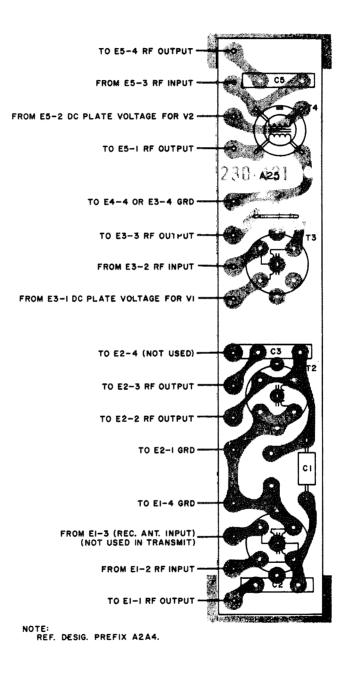


Figure 5-48. Megacycle Assembly A25 (Foil Side Up), Component Location

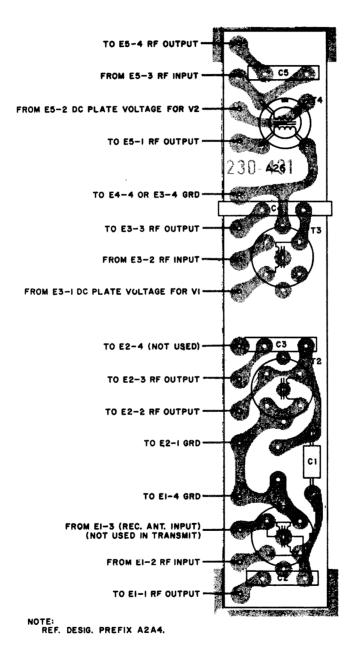


Figure 5-49. Megacycle Assembly A26 (Foil Side Up), Component Location

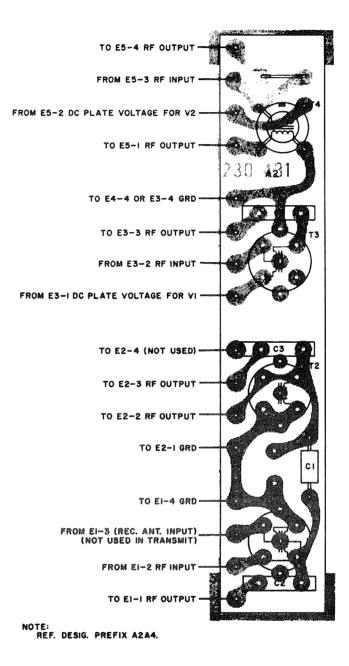
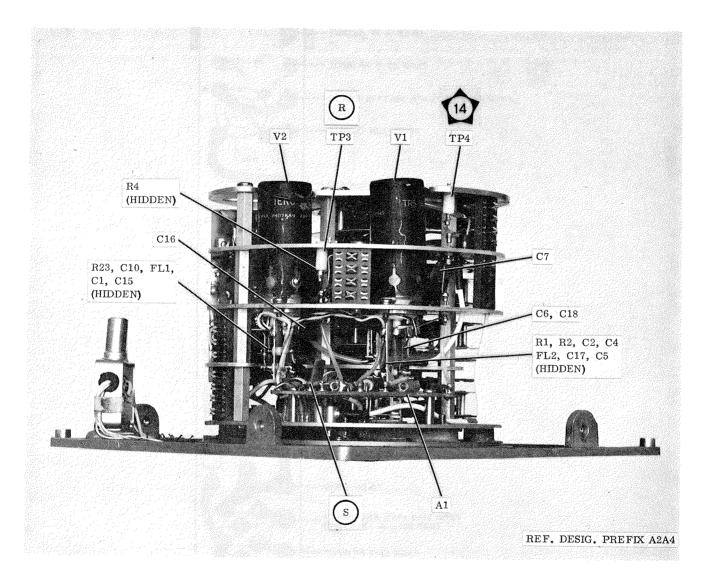
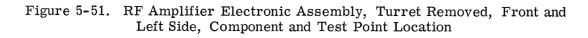
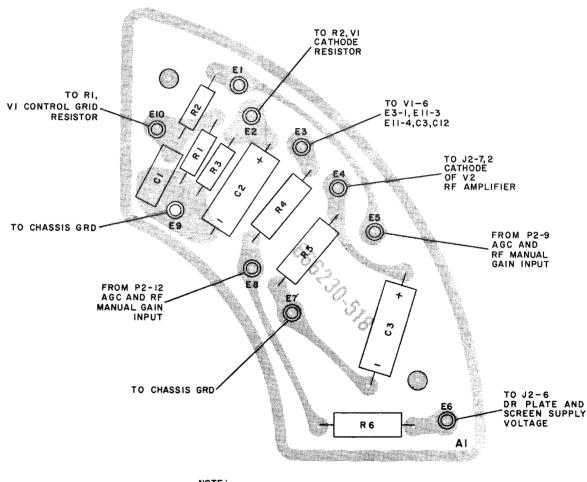


Figure 5-50. Megacycle Assembly A2 (Foil Side Up), Component Location







NOTE: REF. DESIG. PREFIX A2A4.

Figure 5-52. RF Amplifier Bias Circuit (Foil Side Up), Component Location

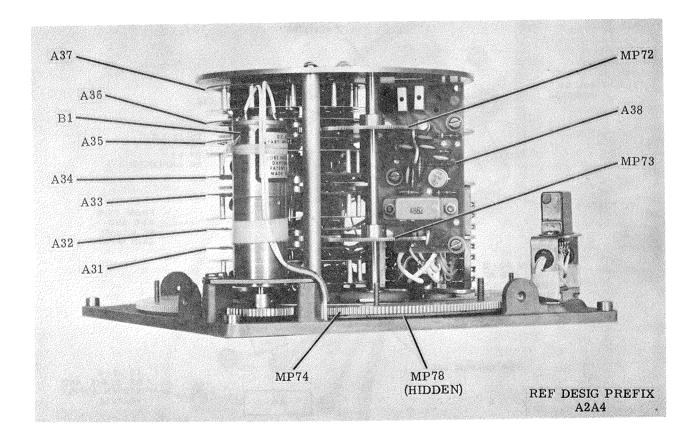


Figure 5-53. RF Amplifier Electronic Assembly, Turret Removed, Rear and Right Side, Component Location

Figure 5**-**54

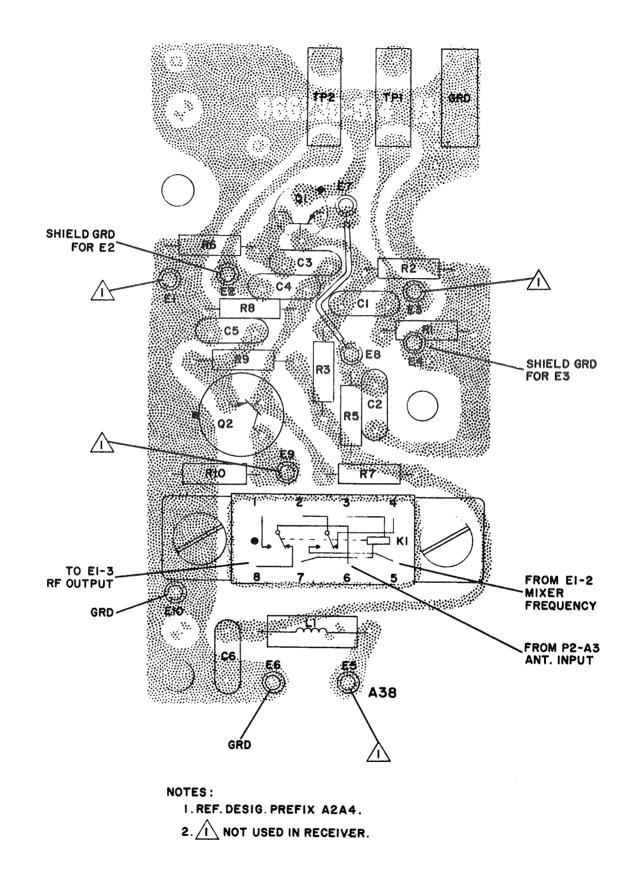
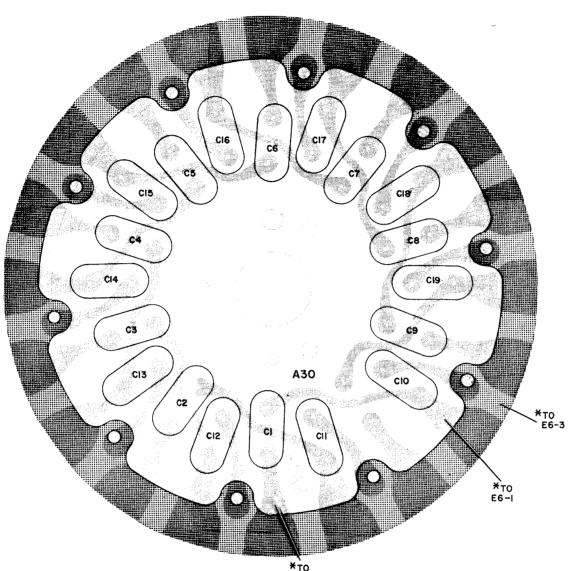


Figure 5-54. HF Mixer/Amplifier (Foil Side Up), Component Location

NAVSHIPS 94841(A)

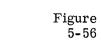


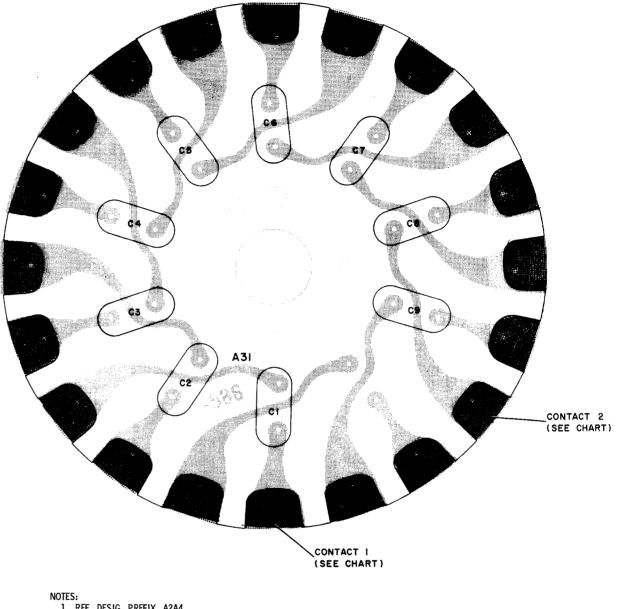


NOTE	REF. DESIG.			01/010 TUDION
۷.			MINATIONS FOR RET POSITIONS.	
		C1/C10	.00 MC	

01/010	
C1/C10	.00 MC
C2/C11	.10 MC
C3/C12	.20 MC
C4/C13	.30 MC
C5/C14	.40 MC
C6/C15	.50 MC
C7/C16	.60 MC
C8/C17	.70 MC
C9/C18	.80 MC
C19	.90 MC

Figure 5-55. 100 KC Rotor Assembly A30 (Component Side Down), Component Location



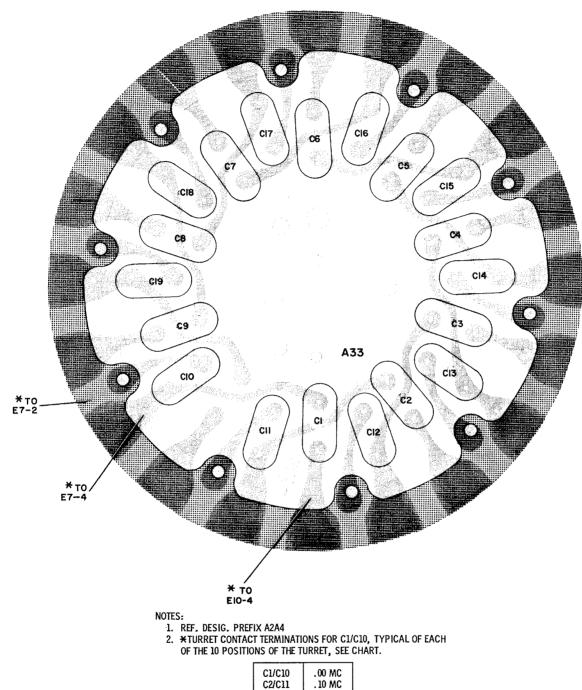


NOTES: 1. REF. DESIG. PREFIX A2A4. 2. TYPICAL CONFIGURATION FOR 10 KC ROTOR ASSEMBLY BOARDS A31, A32 AND A35. SEE CHART BELOW FOR CONTACT TERMINATIONS.

C1	.00MC
C2	.01MC
C3	.02MC
C4	.03MC
C5	.04MC
C6	.05MC
C7	.06MC
C8	.07MC
C9	.08MC

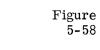
TURRET CONTACT TERMINATIONS FOR C1, TYPICAL OF EACH OF THE 10 POSITIONS OF THE TURRET						
	BOARD	BOARD	BOARD			
	A31	A32	A35			
CONTACT 1	CONNECTS	CONNECTS	CONNECTS			
	TO	TO	TO			
	E6-2	E7-1	E11-2			
CONTACT 2	CONNECTS	CONNECTS	CONNECTS			
	TO	TO	TO			
	E6-4	E7-3	E11-4			

Figure 5-56. 10 KC Rotor Assembly A31 (Component Side Down), Component Location



C1/C10 C2/C11 C3/C12 C4/C13 C5/C14 C6/C15 C7/C16 C8/C17	.00 MC .10 MC .20 MC .30 MC .40 MC .50 MC .60 MC 70 MC
C7/C16	.60 MC
C8/C17	.70 MC
C9/C18	. 80 MC
C19	.90 MC

Figure 5-57. 100 KC Rotor Assembly A33 (Component Side Down), Component Location



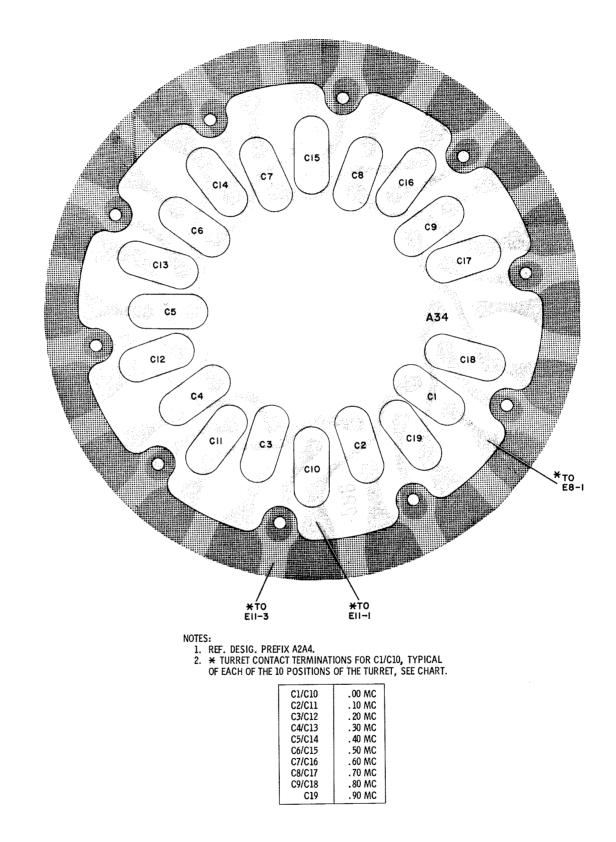
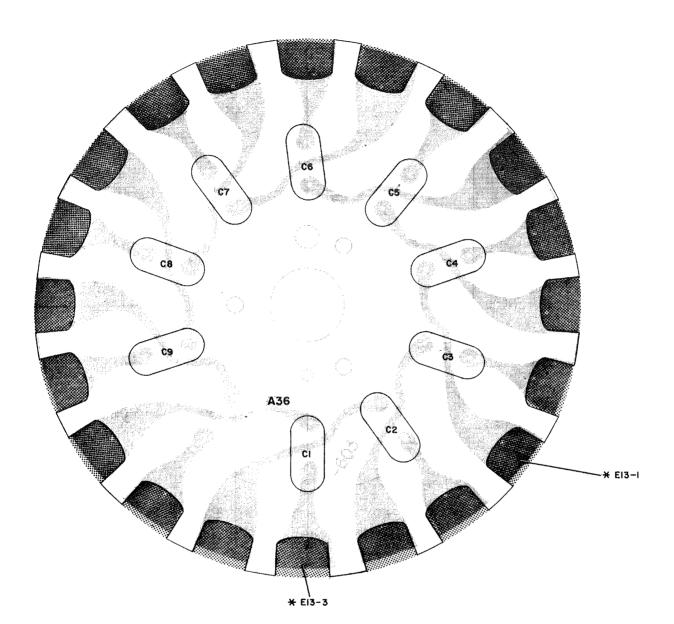


Figure 5-58. 100 KC Rotor Assembly A34 (Component Side Down), Component Location

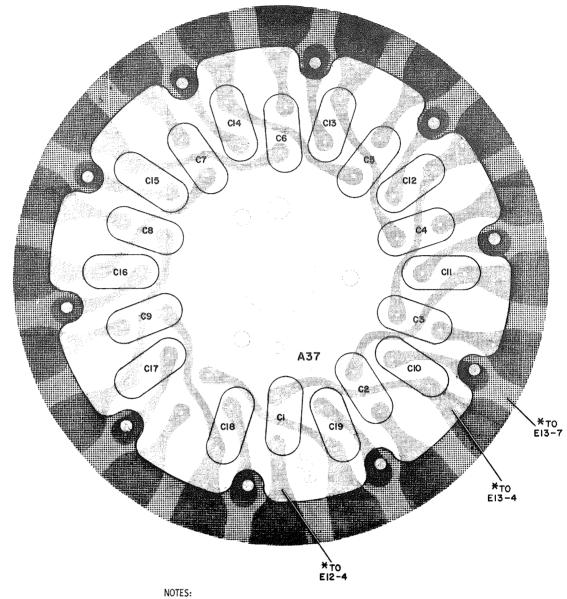


NOTES: 1. REF. DESIG. PREFIX A2A4. 2. ★ TURRET CONTACT TERMINATIONS FOR C1, TYPICAL OF EACH OF THE 10 POSITIONS OF THE TURRET, SEE CHART.

C1	.00 MC
C2	.01 MC
C3	.02 MC
C4	.03 MC
C5	.04 MC
C6	.05 MC
C6	.05 MC
C7	.06 MC
C8	.07 MC
C9	.08 MC
69	.08 MC

Figure 5-59. 10 KC Rotor Assembly A36 (Component Side Down), Component Location

Figure 5-60



REF. DESIG. PREFIX A2A4.
 *TURRET CONTACT TERMINATIONS FOR C1/C10 TYPICAL OF EACH OF THE 10 TURRET POSITIONS. SEE CHART.

C1/C10	.00 MC
C2/C11	. 10 MC
C3/C12	. 20 MC
C4/C13	. 30 MC
C5/C14	.40 MC
C6/C15	.50 MC
C7/C16	.60 MC
C8/C17	.70 MC
C9/C18	.80 MC
C19	.90 MC

Figure 5-60. 100 KC Rotor Assembly A37 (Component Side Down), Component Location

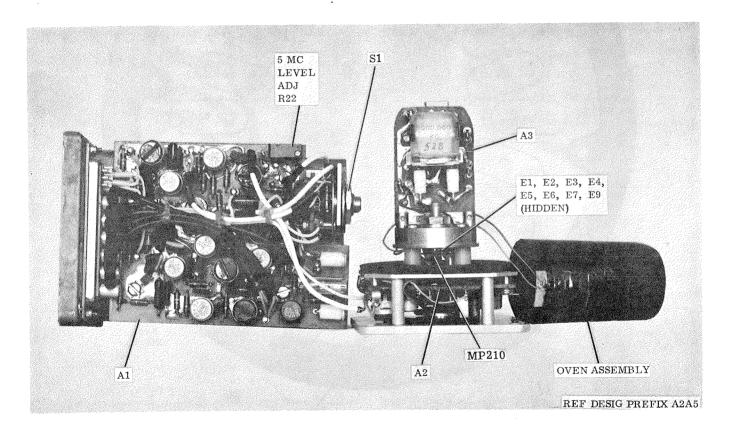
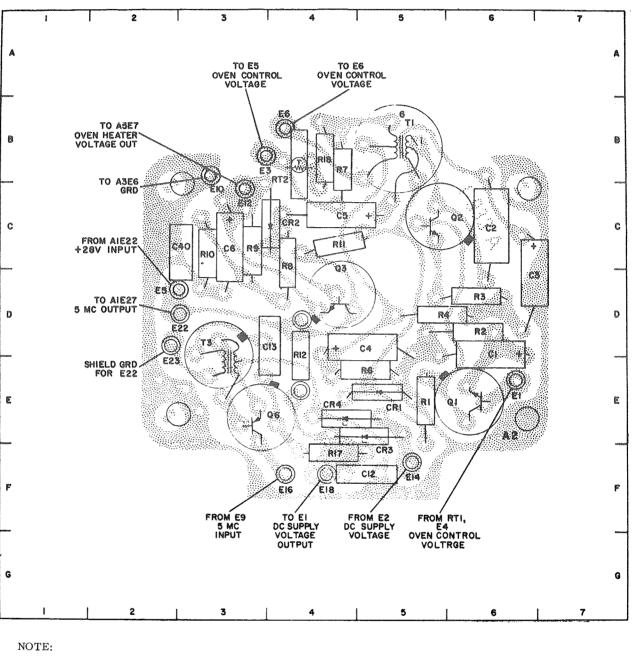


Figure 5-61. Frequency Standard Electronic Assembly, Front View (Oven Disassembled), Component Location



REF. DESIG. PREFIX A2A5.

PARTS LOCATION INDEX

REF DESIG	LOC	REF DE S IG	LOC	REF DE SI G	LOC	REF DESIG	LOC	REF DE S IG	LOC
C1	6D	CR1	5E	E12	3B	$\mathbf{Q6}$	3E	R10	3C
C2	6C	CR2	4C	E14	5F	R1	5E	R11	4C
C3	6 D	CR3	5E	E16	4F	R2	6D	R12	4D
C4	$5\mathrm{D}$	CR4	4E	E18	4F	$\mathbf{R3}$	6D	R17	4F
C5	4C	E1	6E	E22	3D	$\mathbf{R4}$	5D	R18	4B
C6	3C	E3	4B	E23	2 D	R5	5E	RT2	4B
C12	5F	E5	3D	Q1	6E	R6	4B	T1	5B
C13	4D	E6	4B	Q2	5C	R7	4C	T3	3D
C40	3C	E10	3B	Q3	4D	$\mathbf{R8}$	3C		

Figure 5-63. Oven Control and Buffer Amplifier (Foil Side Up), Component Location

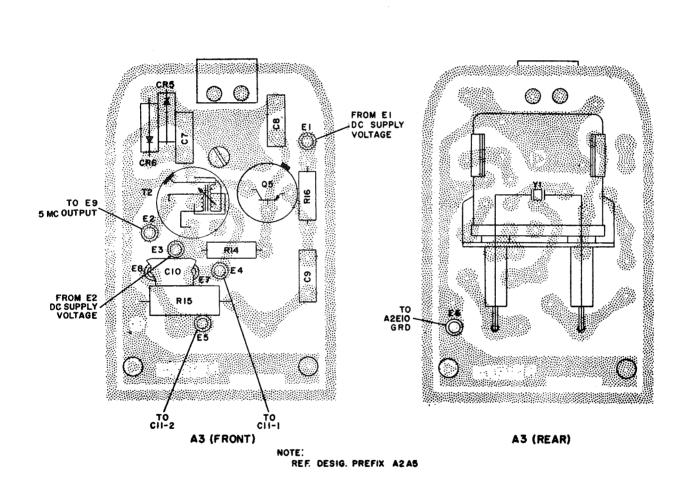


Figure 5-64. 5 MC Oscillator (Foil Side Up), Component Location

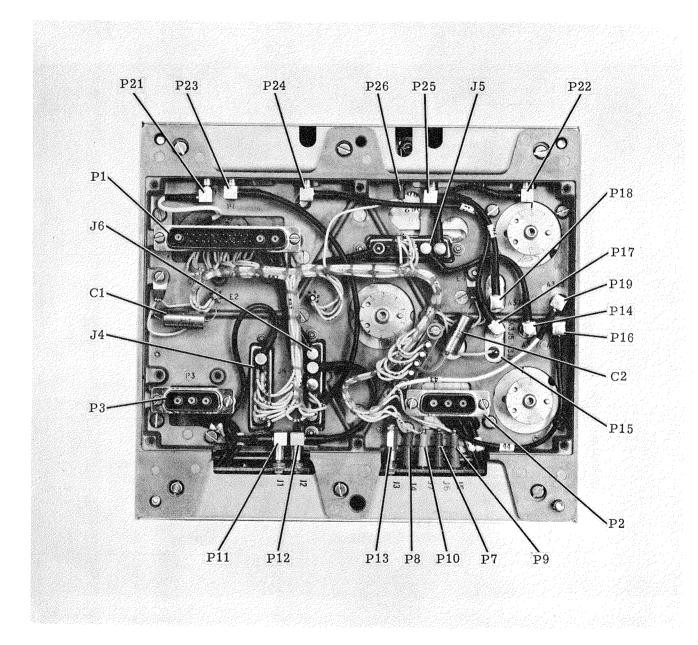


Figure 5-65. Translator/Synthesizer Electronic Assembly, Bottom View, Component Location

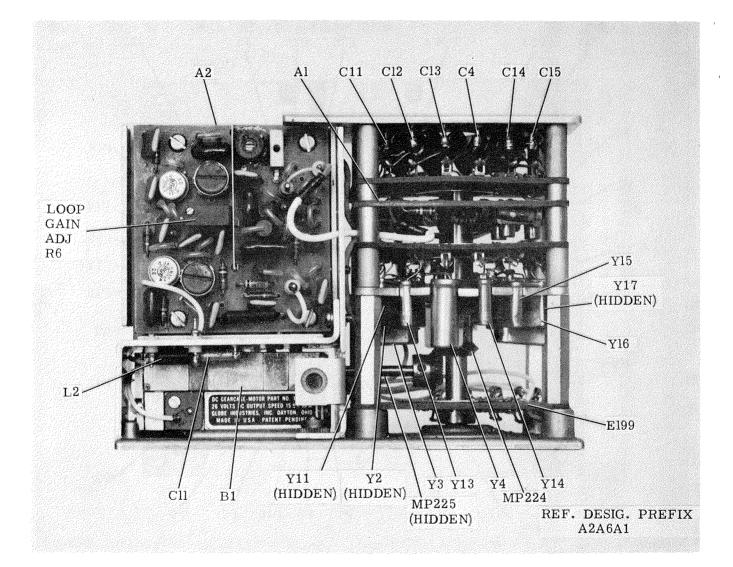
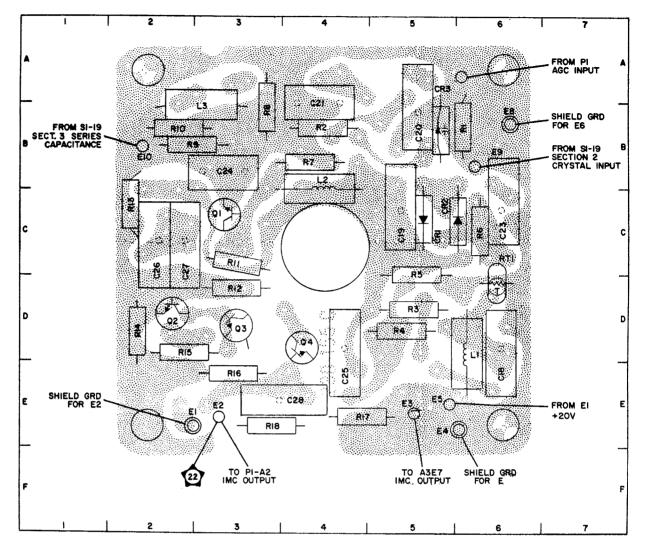


Figure 5-66. 1 MC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly, Front View, Component Location



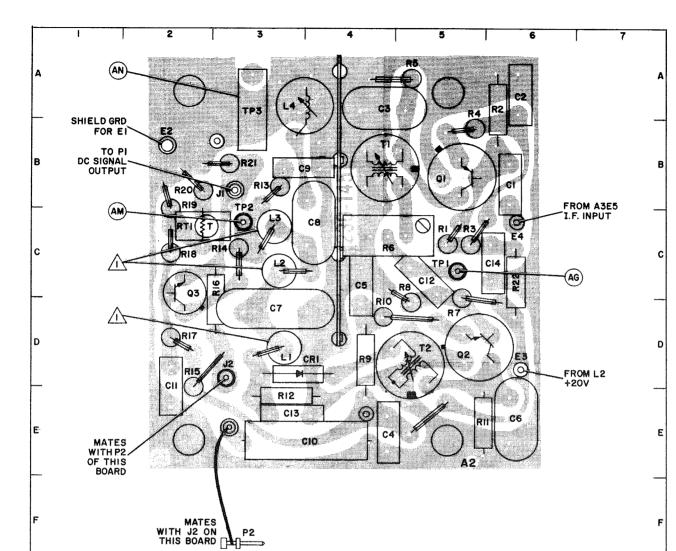
PARTS LOCATION INDEX

REF DESIG	LOC	REF DESIG	LOC	REF DESIG	LOC	REF DESIG	LOC
C18	6D	CR3	5B	L3	3A	R9	3B
C19	5C	E1	2 E	Q1	3C	R10	2B
C20	5B	E2	3 E	Q2	2D	R11	3C
C21	4B	E3	5 E	Q3	3D	R12	3D
C23	6C	E4	6 E	Q4	4D	R13	2C
C24	3 B	E5	5E	R1	6B	R 14	2D
C25	4D	E6	6A	R2	4B	R15	2D
C26	2C	E8	6B	R3	$5\mathbf{D}$	R16	3E
C27	2C	E9	6B	R4	5 D	R17	4E
C28	4E	E10	2B	R6	6C	R18	3E
CR1	5C	L1	6D	R7	4B	RT1	6D
CR2	6C	L2	4B	R8	3B		

NOTE: REF. DESIG. PREFIX A2A6A1.

Figure 5-67. MC Oscillator (Foil Side Up), Component Location

NAVSHIPS 94841(A)



PARTS LOCATION INDEX						
REF DESIG	LOC	REF DESIG	LOC			

2

3

REF DESIG	LOC	REF DESIG	LOC	REF DESIG	LOC	REF DE S IG	FOC-
C1	6B	CR1	4D	Rl	5C	R15	2 D
C2	6A	E2	2B	R2	6A	R16	3C
C3	4A	E3	6D	R3	5C	R17	2 D
C4	4E	E4	6C	R4	5B	R18	2C
C5	4C	J1	3B	R5	5A	R19	2B
C6	6E	J2	3 D	R6	4C	R20	2B
C7	3D	L1	3D	R7	5C	R21	3B
C8	4C	L2	3C	R8	5D	R22	6C
C9	3B	L3	3C	R9	4D	RT1	2C
C10	4E	L4	3A	R10	4D	T1	4B
C11	2 D	P2	3F	R11	5E	T2	5D
C12	5C	Q1	5B	R12	3E	TP1	5C
C13	3E	Q2	5D	R13	3B	TP2	3C
C14	6C	ୟଃ	2C	R14	3C	TP3	3A

NOTES: 1. REF. DESIG. PREFIX A2A6A1. 2. ./1 → VERTICALLY MOUNTED INDUCTORS

Figure 5-68. MC Oscillator AGC (Foil Side Up), Component and Test Point Location

7

5-98

Figure 5-68

Figure 5-69

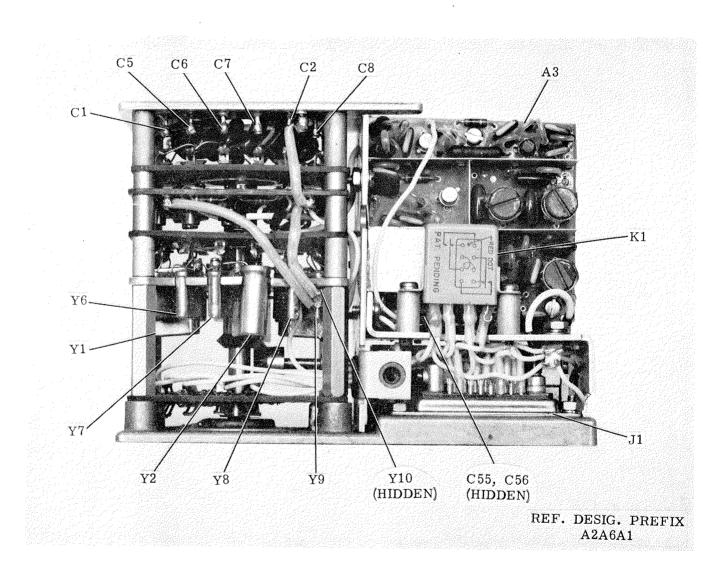


Figure 5-69. 1 MC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly, Rear View, Component Location

,

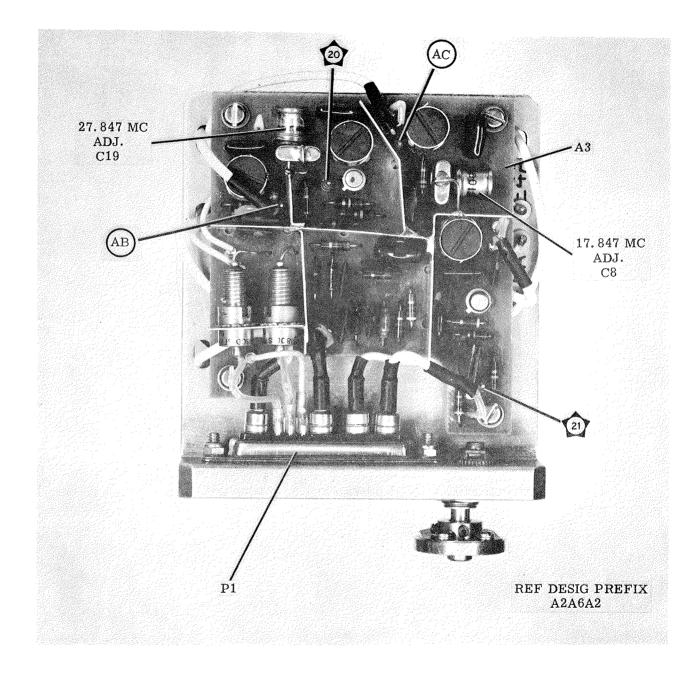
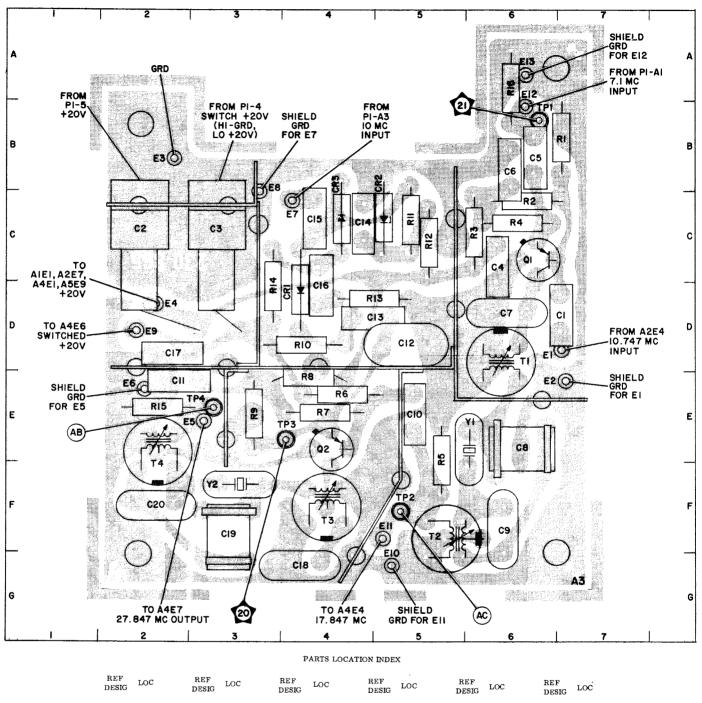


Figure 5-71. 100 KC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly, Front View, Component Location

.

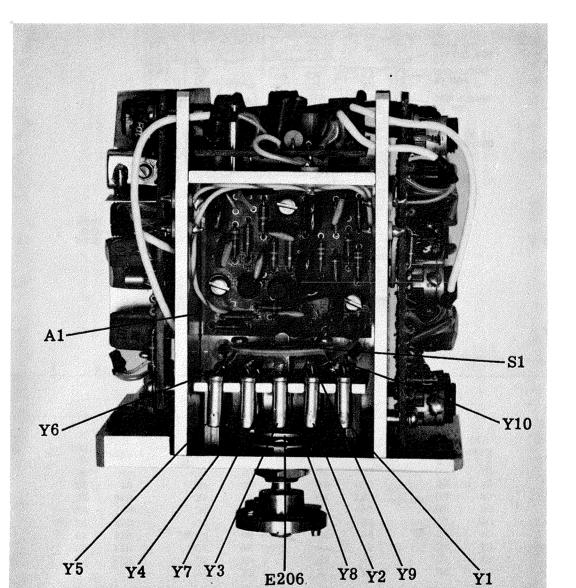


		2.5010		DESIG		DESIG	r	DESIG		DESIG	
C1	7D	C12	5D	CR3	4C	E11	5F	R 7	4E	T 2	5F
C2	2C	C13	4D	E1	7D	E12	6B	R8	4E	T 3	4F
C3	3C	C14	4C	E2	7E	E13	6A	R9	3E	T4	2E
C4	6C	C15	4C	E3	2B	Q1	6C	R10	4D	TP1	6B
C5	6 B	C16	4D	E4	2D	Q2	4E	R11	5C	TP2	5F
C6	6B	C17	2D	E5	3 E	R1	7B	R12	5C	TP3	4E
C7	6D	C18	4 G	E6	2E	R2	6C	R13	4D	TP4	3E
C8	6E	C19	3F	E7	4C	R3	6C	R14	3D	¥1	6E
C9	6F	C20	2F	E8	3B	R4	6C	R15	2E	¥2	3F
·C10	5E	CR1	4D	E9	2D	R5	5E	R16	6A		
C11	2E	CR2	5C	E10	5G	R6	4E	T1	6D		

NOTE:

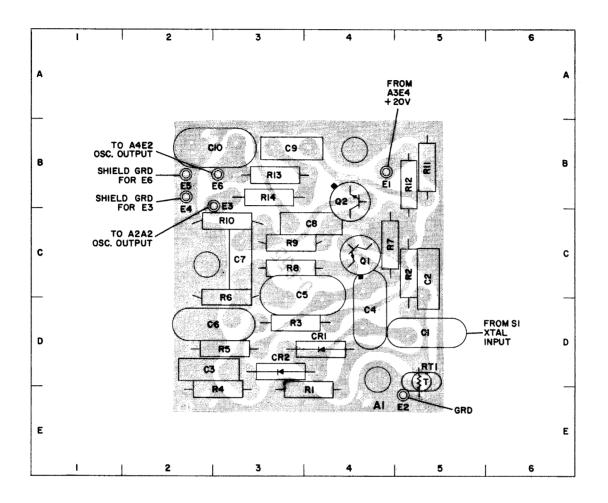
REF. DESIG. PREFIX A2A6A2.

Figure 5-72. 17.847/27.847 MC Mixer (Foil Side Up), Component and Test Point Location



REF. DESIG. PREFIX 2A2A6A2

Figure 5-73. 100 KC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly, Right Side, Component Location



PARTS LOCATION INDEX

REF DESIG	LOC	REF DESIG	LOC	REF DE S IG	LOC	REF DESIG	LOC
C1	5D	C10	3B	Q1	4C	R8	3C
C2	5C	CR1	4D	Q_2	4B	R9	3C
C3	2 D	CR2	3D	R1	4E	R10	3C
C4	4D	E1	4B	R2	5C	R11	5B
C5	3C	E2	5E	R3	3D	R12	5B
C6	2 D	E3	3B	R4	3E	R13	3B
C7	3C	E4	2B	R5	3D	R14	3B
C8	4C	E5	2B	R6	3C	RT1	5D
C9	3B	E6	3B	$\mathbf{R7}$	4C		

NOTE: REF. DESIG. PREFIX A2A6A2.

Figure 5-74. 4.553 MC to 5.453 MC Oscillator (Foil Side Up), Component Location

Figure 5**-**75

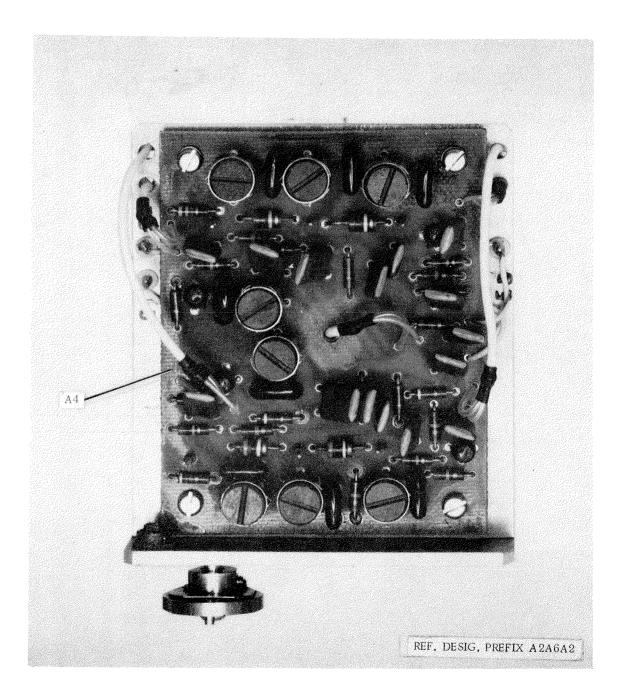


Figure 5-75. 100 KC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly, Rear View, Component Location

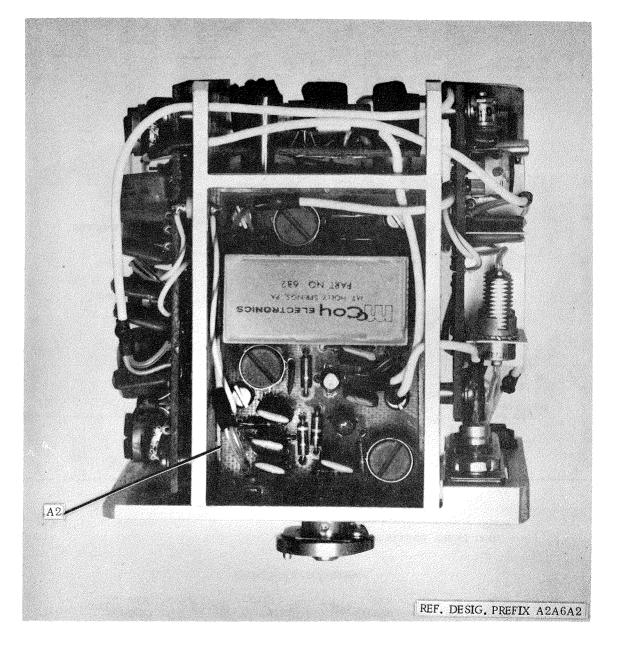
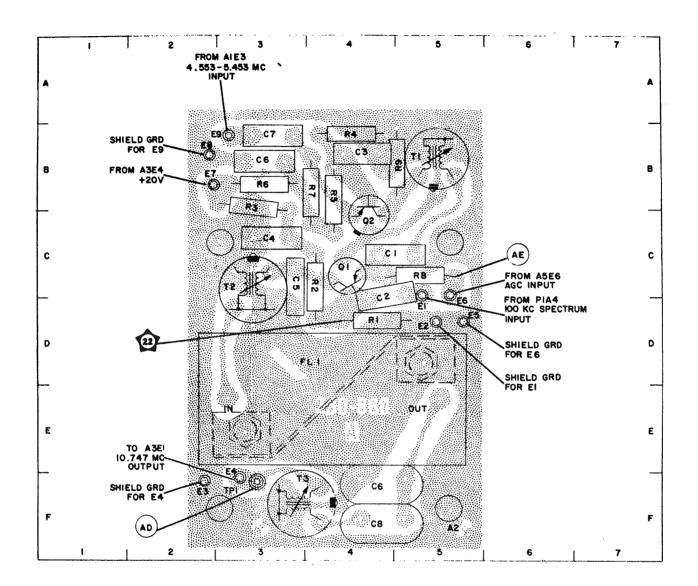


Figure 5-77. 100 KC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly, Left Side, Component Location Figure 5-77



NOTE: REF. DESIG. PREFIX A2A6A2.

PARTS LOCATION INDEX

REF DESIG	LOC	REF DESIG	LOC	REF DESIG	LOC	REF DESIG	LOC
C1	5C	E1	5C	FL1	4D	R7	4B
C2	5C	E2	5D	Q1	4C	$\mathbf{R8}$	5C
C3	4B	E3	3E	Q2	4B	R9	5B
C4	3B	E4	3E	R1	4C	T1	5B
C5	4C	E5	6C	R2	4C	T2	3C
C6	3B	E6	5C	$\mathbf{R3}$	3B	T 3	4F
C7	3A	E7	3B	R4	4A	TP1	3E
C8	5F	E&	3B	R5	4B		
C9	5E	E9	3A	R6	3B		

Figure 5-78. 10.747 MC Mixer (Foil Side Up), Component and Test Point Location

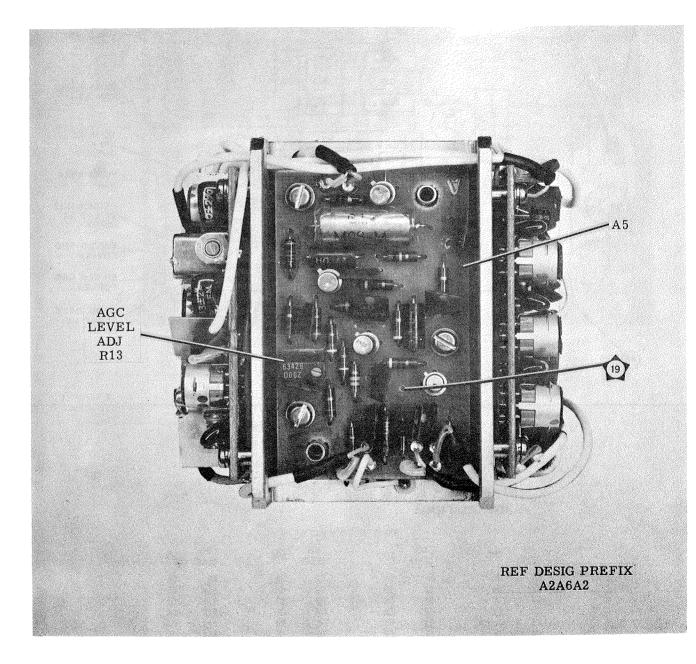
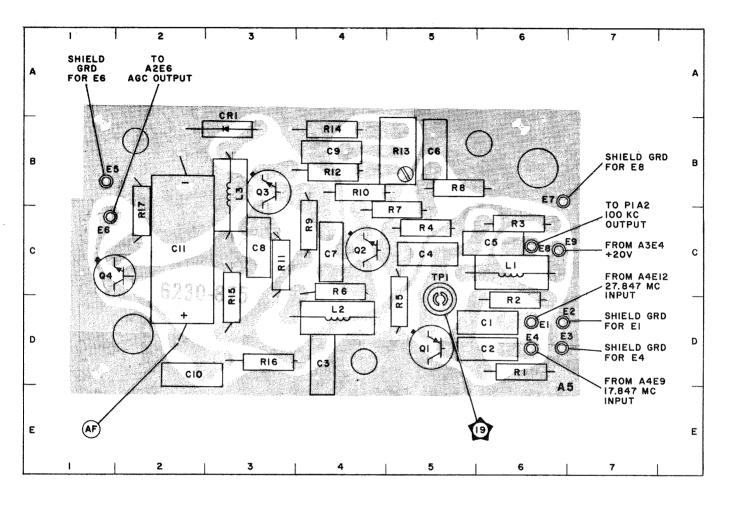


Figure 5-79. 100 KC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly, Top View, Component Location Figure 5-79





NOTE: REF. DESIG. PREFIX A2A6A2.

	PARTS LOCATION INDEX							
REF DESIG	LOC	REF DESIG	LOC	REF DESIG	LOC	REF DESIG	LOC	
C1	D6	El	D6	Q1	D5	R9	C4	
C2	D6	E2	D6	Q2	C4	R10	B4	
C3	D4	E3	D6	Q3	B3	R11	C3	
C4	C5	E4	D6	Q4	C1	R12	B4	
C5	C6	E5	B1	R1	D6	R13	B5	
C6	B5	E6	C1	R2	D6	R14	B4	
C7	C4	E7	B6	R3	C6	R15	D3	
C8	C3	E8	C6	R4	C5	R16	D3	
C9	B4	E9	C6	R5	D5	R17	C2	
C10	D2	L1	C6	R6	C4	TP1	D5	
C11	C2	L2	D4	R7	C5			
CR1	B3	L3	B3	R8	B5			

Figure 5-80. 10.747 MC Mixer AGC (Foil Side Up), Component and Test Point Location

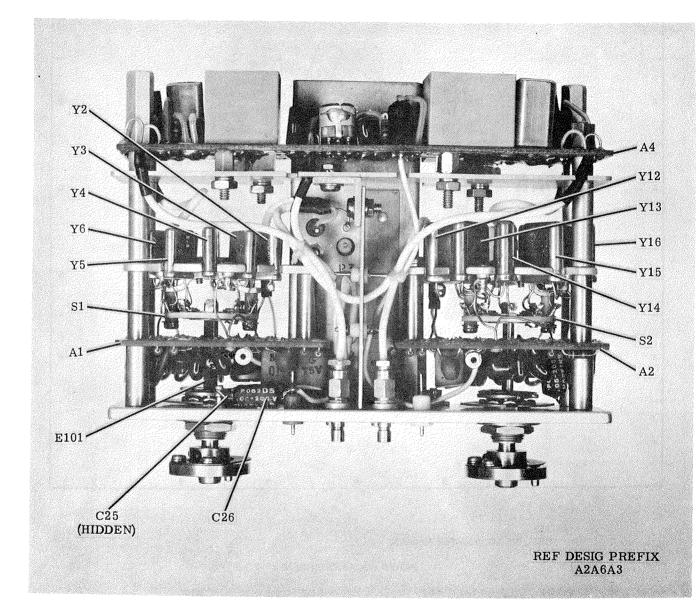
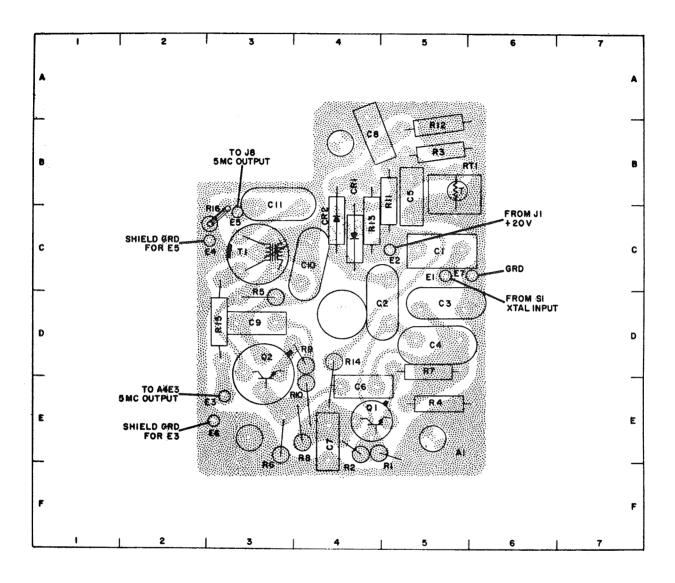


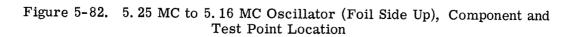
Figure 5-81. 1 and 10 KC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly, Front View, Component Location



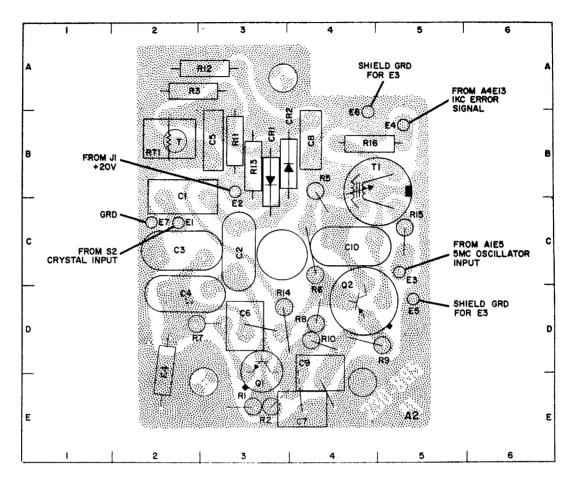
NOTE: REF. DESIG. PREFIX A2A6A3.

PARTS LOCATION INDEX

REF DESIG	LOC	REF DESIĠ	LOC	REF DESIG	LOC	REF DESIG	LOC
C1	5C	C11	3B	Q1	4E	R9	3D
C2	4C	CR1	4B	Q_2	3D	R10	3D
C3	5C	CR2	3B	R1	4E	R11	4B
C4	5D	E1	5C	R2	4E	R12	5A
C5	4B	E2	4C	R3	5A	R13	4B
C6	4D	E3	2D	R4	5D	R14	3D
C7	3E	E4	2B	R5	3C	R15	2C
C8	4A	E5	2B	R6	3E	R16	2B
C9	3C	E6	2E	R7	5D	RT1	5B
C10	3C	E7	5C	R8	3E	T1	2C



ORIGINAL



PARTS LOCATION INDEX

REF DESIG	LOC	REF DE SI G	LOC	REF DESIG	LOC	REF DES I G	LOC
C1	2 B	CR1	3B	R1	3E	R11	3B
C2	3C	CR2	4B	R2	3E	R12	3A
C3	2C	E1	2C	R3	3A	R13	3B
C4	2D	E2	3B	R4	2D	R14	4D
C5	3B	E3	5B	R5	4B	R15	4B
C6	3D	E4	5D	R6	4C	R16	5C
C7	4E	E5	4B	$\mathbf{R7}$	2D	RT1	$2\mathbf{B}$
C8	4B	E6	5D	R8	4D	T1	5B
C9	4D	Q1	3D	R9	5D		
C10	4C	Q2	4D	R10	4D		

NOTE:

REF. DESIG. PREFIX A2A6A3.

Figure 5-83. 1.850 MC to 1.859 MC Oscillator (Foil Side Up), Component and Test Point Location

Figure 5-83

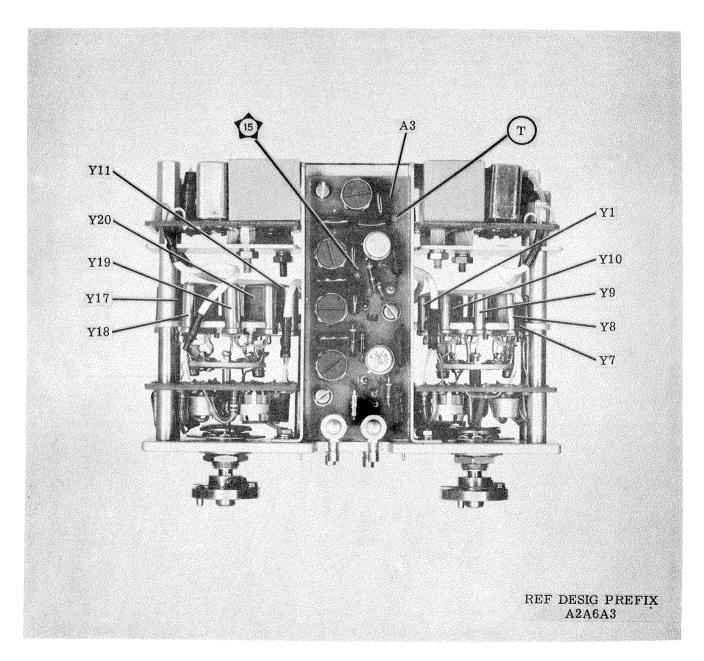
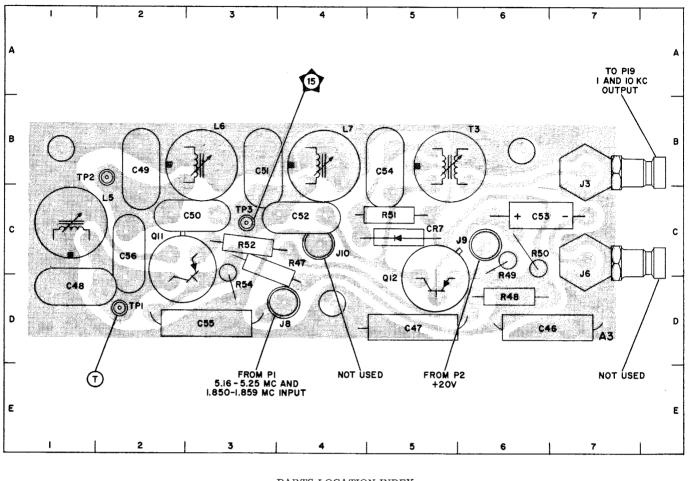


Figure 5-85. 1 and 10 KC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly, Rear View, Component Location

ORIGINAL

5-123, 5-124

Figure 5-85 ·



PARTS LOCATION INDEX

REF DE S IG	LOC	REF DESIG	LOC	REF DESIG	LOC
C46	7D	CR7	5C	R47	3C
C47	5D	J3	7B	R48	6D
C48	1D	J6	7C	R49	6C
C49	2B	J8	4D	R50	6C
C50	2C	$\mathbf{J9}$	6C	R51	5C
C51	3B	J10	4C	R52	3C
C52	$4\mathrm{C}$	L5	1C	R54	3C
C53	6C	L6	3B	T3	5B
C54	5B	L7	$4\mathrm{B}$	TP1	2 D
C55	3 D	Q11	2C	TP2	2B
C56	2C	Q12	5D	TP3	3C

NOTE: REF. DESIG. PREFIX A2A6A3.

Figure 5-86. 1 and 10 KC Synthesizer Output Circuit (Foil Side Up), Component and Test Point Location

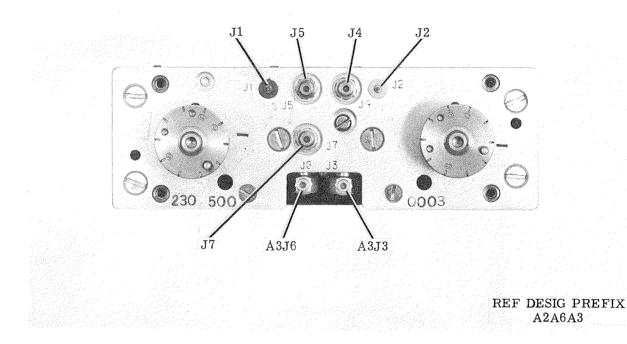
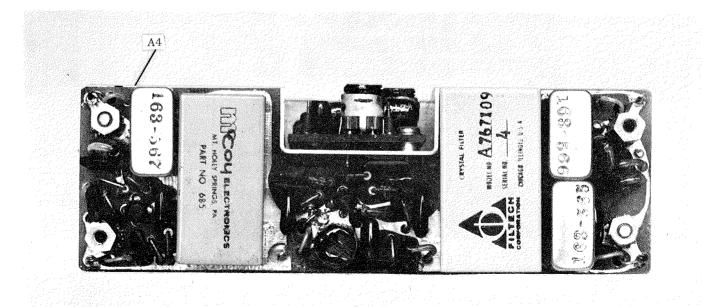


Figure 5-87. 1 and 10 KC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly, Bottom View, Component Location



REF. DESIG. PREFIX A2A6A3

Figure 5-88. 1 and 10 KC Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly, Top View, Component Location

ORIGINAL

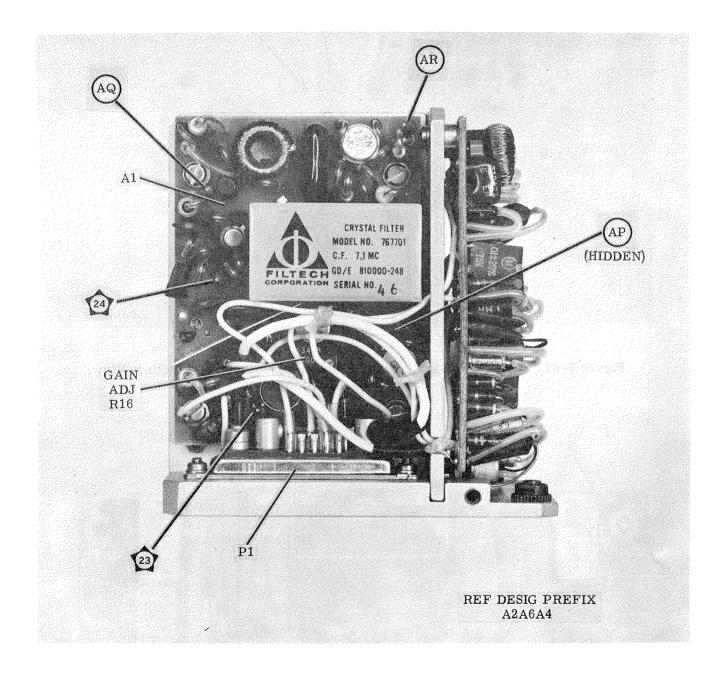


Figure 5-89. 500 CPS Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly, Left Side, Component Location

Figure 5-91

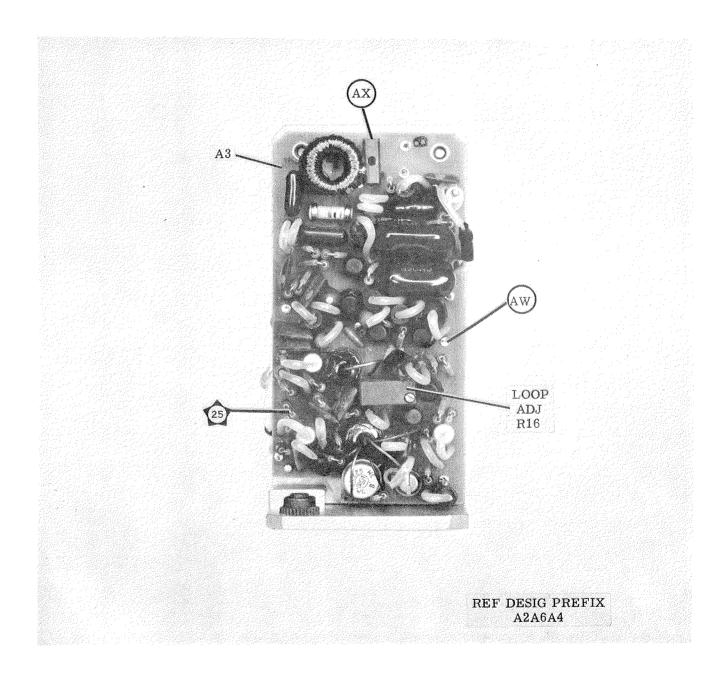


Figure 5-91. 500 CPS Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly, Front View Component Location

Figure 5-93

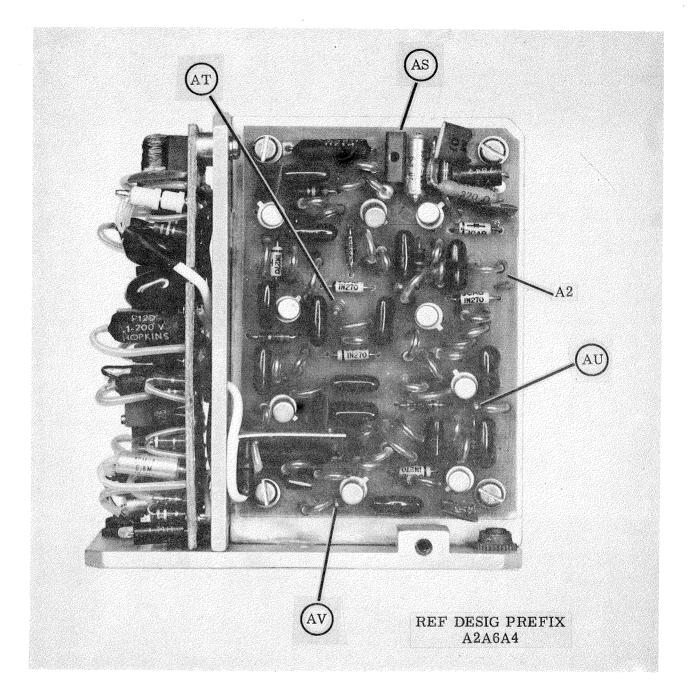


Figure 5-93. 500 CPS Synthesizer Electronic Subassembly, Right Side Component Location

Figure 5**-**95

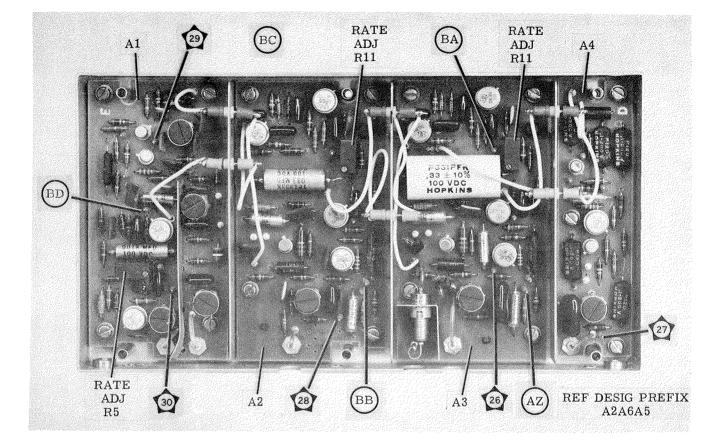


Figure 5-95. Spectrum Generator Electronic Subassembly, Component Location

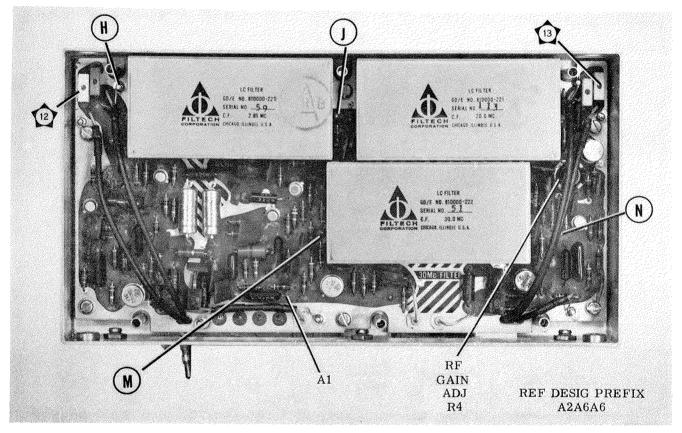


Figure 5-100. RF Translator Electronic Subassembly, Component Location

*

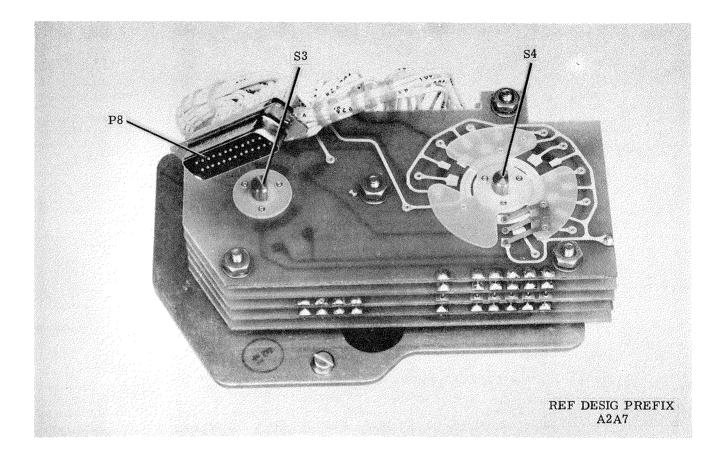
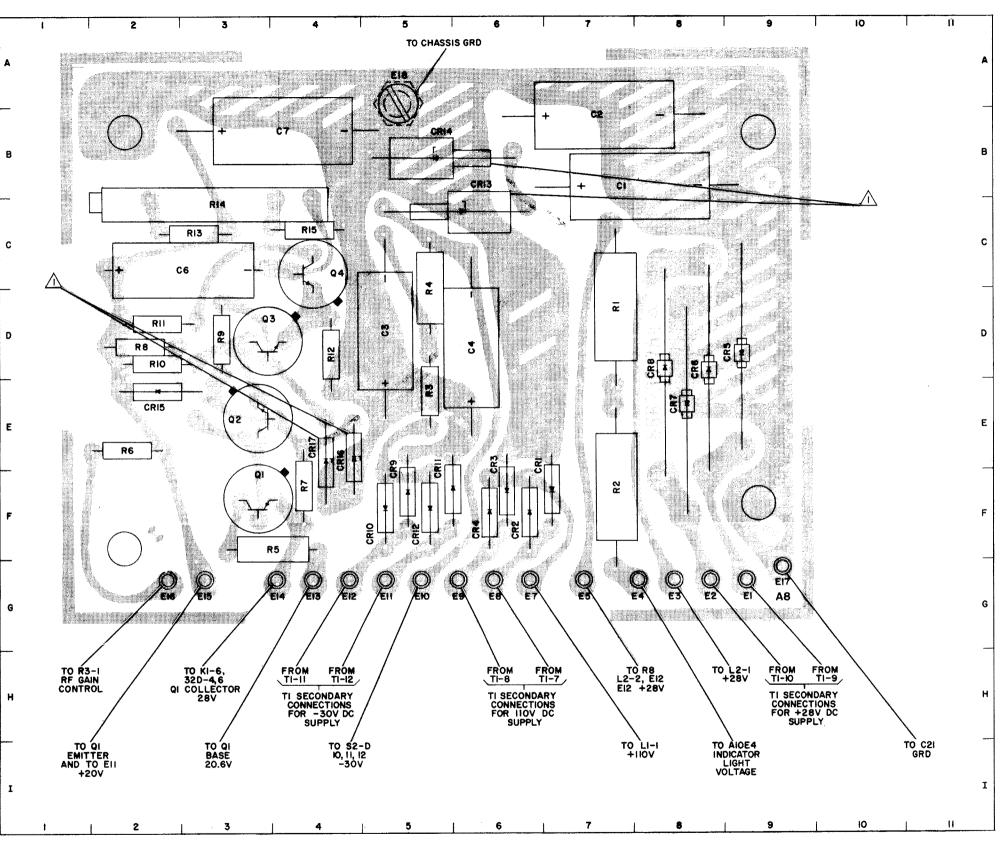


Figure 5-102. Code Generator Electronic Assembly, Component Location

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C1 C2 C3 C4 C6 C7 CR1 7B 7B 5D 6C 4B 7F 6F 9D 8D 8E 8D 8E 5F 5F 5F 5F 5E 2E 4E 4E 8G 8G 8G 8G 6G 6G 6G 5G 4G 4G 3G 2G 9G 3F 3E 3D 7F 5E 5C 3F 2D E9 E10 E11 E12 E13E14CR2 E15 E16 E17 E18 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4 R1 R2 R3 R4 R5 R6 R7 R8 R10 R11 R112 R13 R14 R15 CR2 CR3 CR4 CR5 CR6 CR7 CR8 CR9 CR10 CR10 CR11 CR12 CR13 CR14 CR15 CR16 4F 2D 3D 2D 4D 3C 3C 4C CR17 E1 E2 E3 E4 E5 E7

PARTS LOCATION INDEX

REF

DESIG

E8

LOC

REF

DESIG

LOC

NOTES:

1. REF. DESIG. PREFIX A2.

2. / CR13, CR14, CR16, CR17 ALL ZENER DIODES.

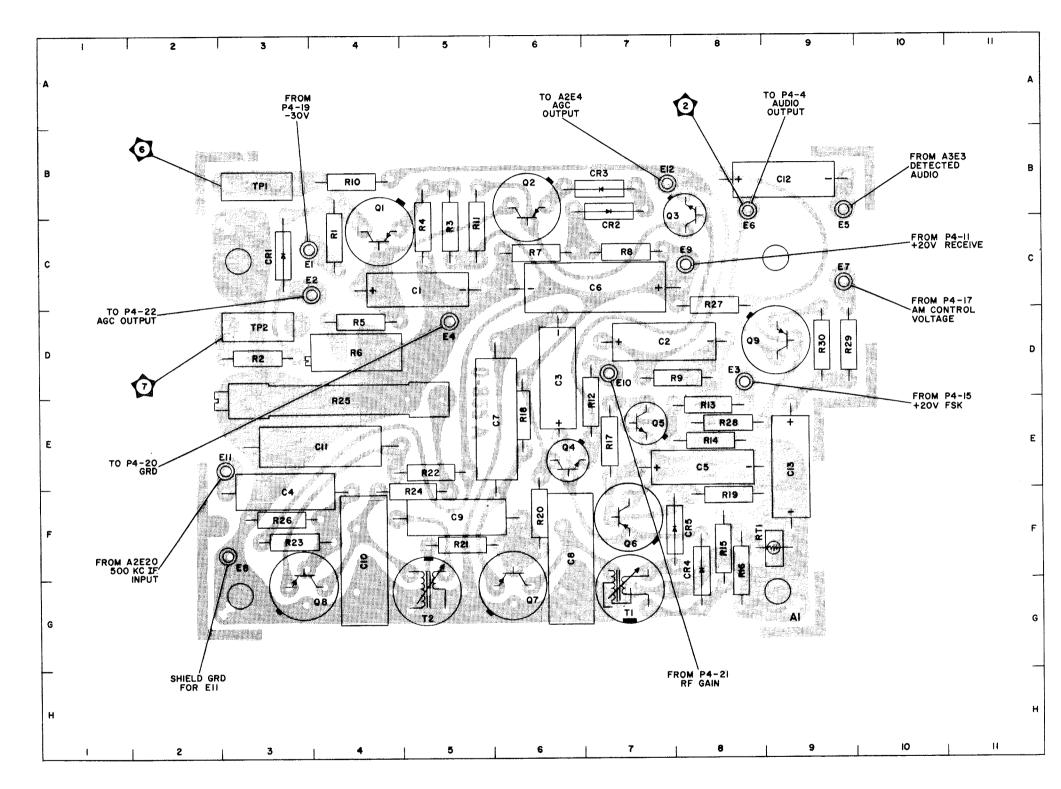
ORIGINAL

NAVSHIPS 94841(A)

Figure 5-19

Figure 5-19. Receiver Power Supply (Foil Side Up), Component Location

5-45, 5-46



NOTE:

REF. DESIG. PREFIX A2A2* OR A2A3*. *(TWO IDENTICAL ASSEMBLIES IN RECEIVER).

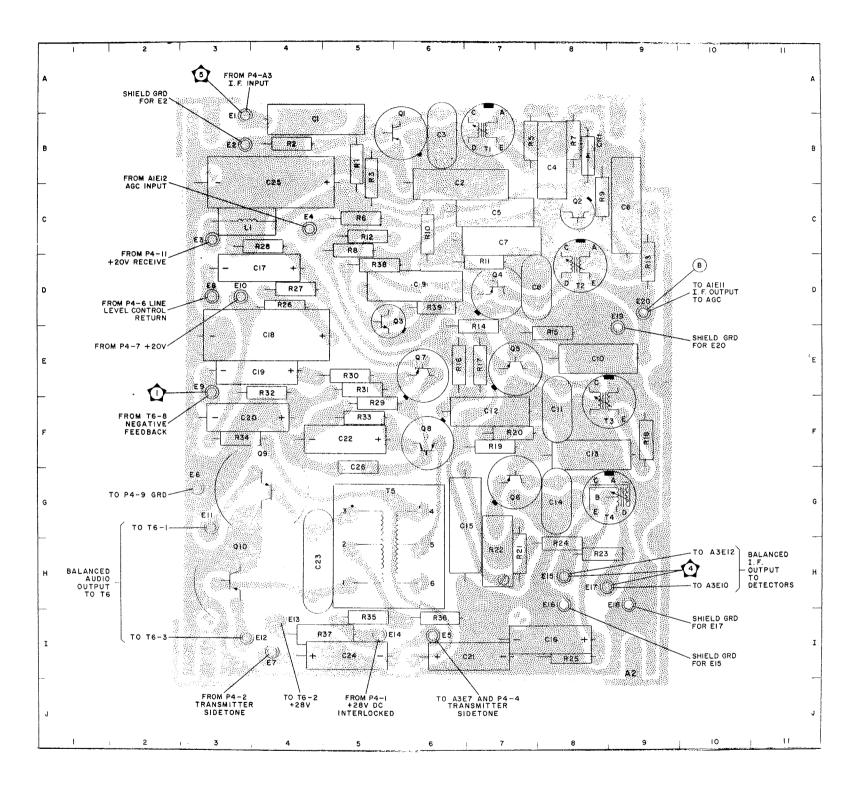
PARTS LOCATION INDEX

REF DE S IG	LOC	REF DESIG	LOC	REF DE S IG	LOC
C1	5C	E8	$3\mathrm{F}$	R12	7E
C2	7D	E9	8C	R13	8E
C3	6D	E10	7D	R14	8E
C4	3F	E11	3E	R15	8F
C5	8E	E12	$7\mathrm{B}$	R16	8F
C6	7C	Q1	4C	R17	7E
C7	6E	Q2	6B	R18	6E
C8	$6 \mathrm{F}$	Q3	8B	R19	8F
C9	5F	Q4	6E	R20	$6 \mathrm{F}$
C10	4F	Q_5	7E	R21	5F
C11	4E	Q6	$7\mathrm{F}$	R22	5E
C12	9B	Q7	6G	R23	3F
C13	9E	Q8	3G	R24	5F
CR1	3C	Q9	9D	R25	4E
CR2	7B	R1	4C	R26	3F
CR3	7B	R2	3 D	R27	8C
CR4	8 F	R3	5C	R28	8E
CR5	8F	R4	5C	R29	9D
E1	3C	R5	4D	R30	9D
E2	4C	R6	4D	RT1	9F
E3	8D	R7	6C	T1	7G
E4	5D	$\mathbf{R8}$	7C	T2	5G
E5	9B	R9	8D	TP1	3B
E6	8B	R10	4B	TP2	3D
E7	9C	R11	5C		

Figure 5**-2**8

Figure 5-28. Step AGC and Audio Amplifier (Foil Side Up), Component and Test Point Location

5-55, 5-56



Ρ.	ARTS LOCATIO	ON INDEX	K
REF DESIG	LOC	REF DE SI G	LOC
C1	4B	$\mathbf{Q4}$	7D
C2	6B	Q5	7E
C3	6B	Q6	7G
C4	8B	Q7	6E
C5	7C	Q8	6F
C6	9C	\mathbf{Q} 9	4G
C7	7C	Q10	3H
C8	7D	R1	5B
C9	6D	R2	4B
C10	8E	R3	5B
C11	8F	R5	7B
C12	7F	R6	5C
C13	8F	R7	8B
C14	8G	R8	5C
C15	7G	R9	8C
C16	81	R10	6C
C17	4D	R11	7C
C18	4E	R12	5C
C19	4E	R13	9D
C20	3F	R14	7E
C21	71	R15	8E
C22	5F	R16	6E
C23	4H	R17	7E
C24	51	R18	$9\mathrm{F}$
C25	4B	R19	7F
C26	5F	R20	$7\mathrm{F}$
CR1	8B	R21	7H
E1	3B	R22	$7\mathrm{H}$
E2	3B	R23	8H
E3	3C	R24	8H
E4	4C	R25	8I
E5	6I	R26	4D
E6 E7	3G	R27	4D
E8	4I 3 D	R28	4C
E0 E9	3D 3E	R29 R30	5F 5E
E5 E10	3D	R30 R31	5E
E10 E11	3 G	R32	5E 4E
E11 E12	3U 3I	R32 R33	4£ 5F
E13	4I	R34	3F
E14	5I	R35	51 51
E15	8H	R36	6I
E16	8H	R37	5I
E17	8H	R38	5D
E18	9H	R39	6D
E19	9E	T1	7B
E20	9D	T2	8D
L1	3C	T3	8F
Q1	6B	T4	9G
\tilde{Q}_2	8C	T5	5H
Q3	5D		

NOTE:

REF. DESIG. PREFIX A2A3.

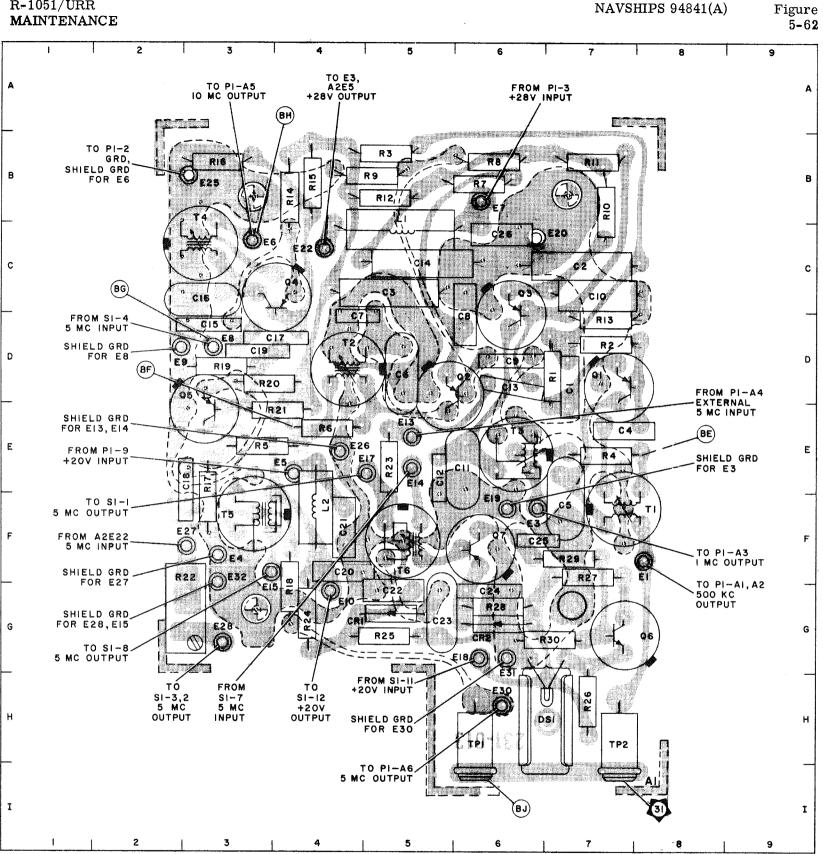
ORIGINAL



Figure 5-31. Gain-Controlled IF. Amplifier (Foil Side Up), Component and Test Point Location

5-59, 5-60





NOTE: REF. DESIG. PREFIX A2A5.

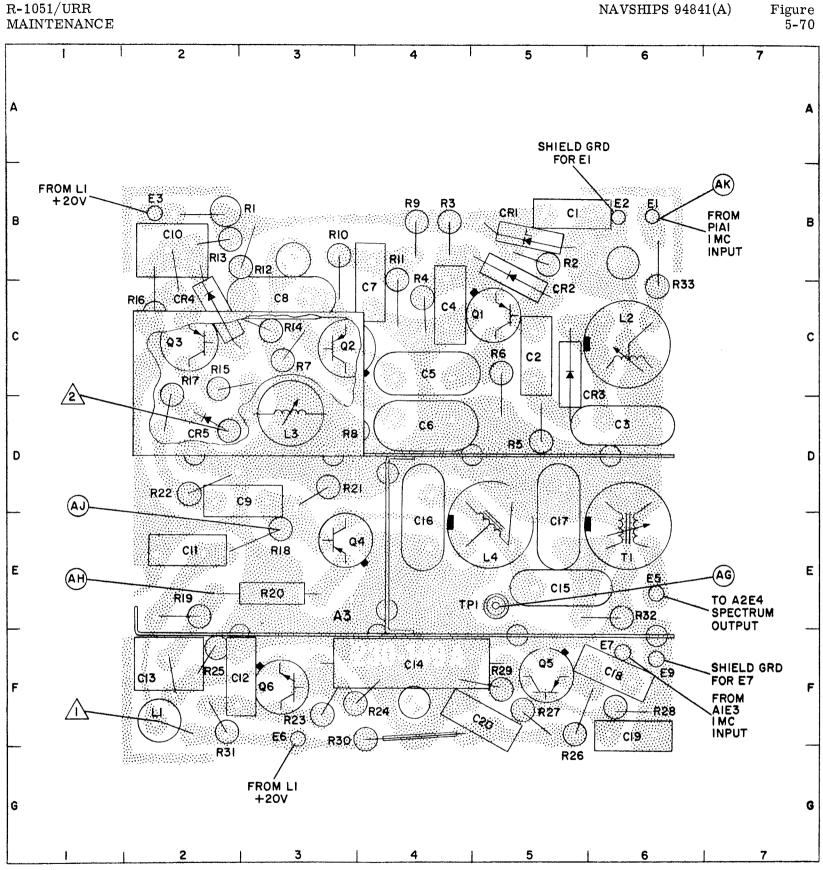
PARTS LOCATION INDEX

**		ION INDEA	`
REF DESIG	LOC	REF DE S IG	LOC
C1	7D	E30	6H
C2	7D	E31	6G
C3	5C	E32	3F
C4	7E	L1	5C
C5	7F	L2	4F
C6	5D	$\overline{Q1}$	7D
C7	4D	Q2	6D
C8	4D 6D	Q2 Q3	6C
C9	6D	Q4	4C
C10	7C	Q5	40 3E
C10 C11	6E	•	з£ 7G
C11 C12	5E	Q6	
C12 C13	6D	Q7	6F
C13 C14	•	R1	7D
	5C	R2	7D
C15	3D	R3	5B
C16	3C	R4	7E
C17	4D	R5	3E
C18	3E	R6	4E
C19	3D	R7	6B
C20	4F	$\mathbf{R8}$	6B
C21	4F	R9	5B
C22	5G	R10	7B
C23	5G	R11	7B
C24	6G	R12	5B
C25	6F	R13	7D
C26	6C	R14	4B
CR1	5G	R15	4B
CR2	6G	R16	$_{3B}$
DS1	$7 \mathrm{H}$	R17	3E
E1	8F	R18	4G
E3	6 F	R19	3D
E4	3F	R20	3D
E5	4E	R21	$4\mathrm{E}$
E6	3C	R22	3G
E7	6B	R23	5E
E8	3 D	R24	4G
E9	2 D	R25	5G
E10	4G	R26	$7\mathrm{H}$
E13	5E	R27	7F
E14	5E	R28	6G
E15	3F	R29	7F
E17	5E	R30	7G
E18	6G	T1	7F
E19	6F	T2	4D
E20	6C	12 T3	4D 6E
E22	4C	13 T4	3C
E25	3B	14 T5	3C 3F
E25 E26	3B 4E	15 T6	3F 5F
E20 E27	4E 3F		
E27 E28	3G	TP1	6H
040	50	TP2	7H

ORIGINAL

Figure 5-62. 5 MC Multiplier, Dividers, and Comparator (Foil Side Up), Component Location

5-91, 5-92



PARTS LOCATION INDEX

REF DESIG	LOC	REF DESIG	LOC	REF DESIG	LOC	REF DESIG	LOC
C1	5B	CR1	5B	Q5	5 F	R19	$2\mathrm{E}$
C2	5C	CR2	$5\mathrm{B}$	Q6	$3 \mathrm{F}$	R20	3 E
C3	6D	CR3	5 C	R1	$2\mathrm{B}$	R21	3 D
C4	$4\mathrm{C}$	CR4	2C	R2	5B	R22	$2\mathrm{D}$
C5	4C	CR5	2 D	R3	$4\mathrm{B}$	R23	3 F
C6	4D	E1	6B	R4	4B	R24	$3 \mathrm{F}$
C7	4B	E2	6B	R5	5D	R25	$2 \mathrm{F}$
C8	3C	E3	2B	R6	5C	R26	5 F
C9	2 D	E5	6 E	$\mathbf{R7}$	3 C	R27	5 F
C10	2B	E6	3 F	$\mathbf{R8}$	4D	R28	$6\mathrm{F}$
C11	2 E	E7	6 F	R9	4B	R29	$5 \mathrm{F}$
C12	$2 \mathrm{F}$	E9	6 F	R10	3B	R30	$4\mathrm{F}$
C13	$2 \mathrm{F}$	L1	2 F	R11	$4\mathrm{B}$	R31	$2 \mathrm{F}$
C14	$4\mathrm{F}$	L2	6C	R12	3B	R32	$6 \mathrm{E}$
C15	$5 \mathrm{E}$	L3	3 D	R13	2B	R33	6C
C16	4 E	L4	5 E	R14	3 C	T1	6 E
C17	5 E	Q1	5 C	R15	2C	TP1	5 E
C18	6 F	Q2	3 C	R16	2C		
C19	6 F	Q3	2 C	R17	2C		
C20	5 F	Q4	3 E	R18	3 E		

NOTES:

1. REF. DESIG. PREFIX A2A6A1.

2./1 VERTICALLY MOUNTED INDUCTOR.

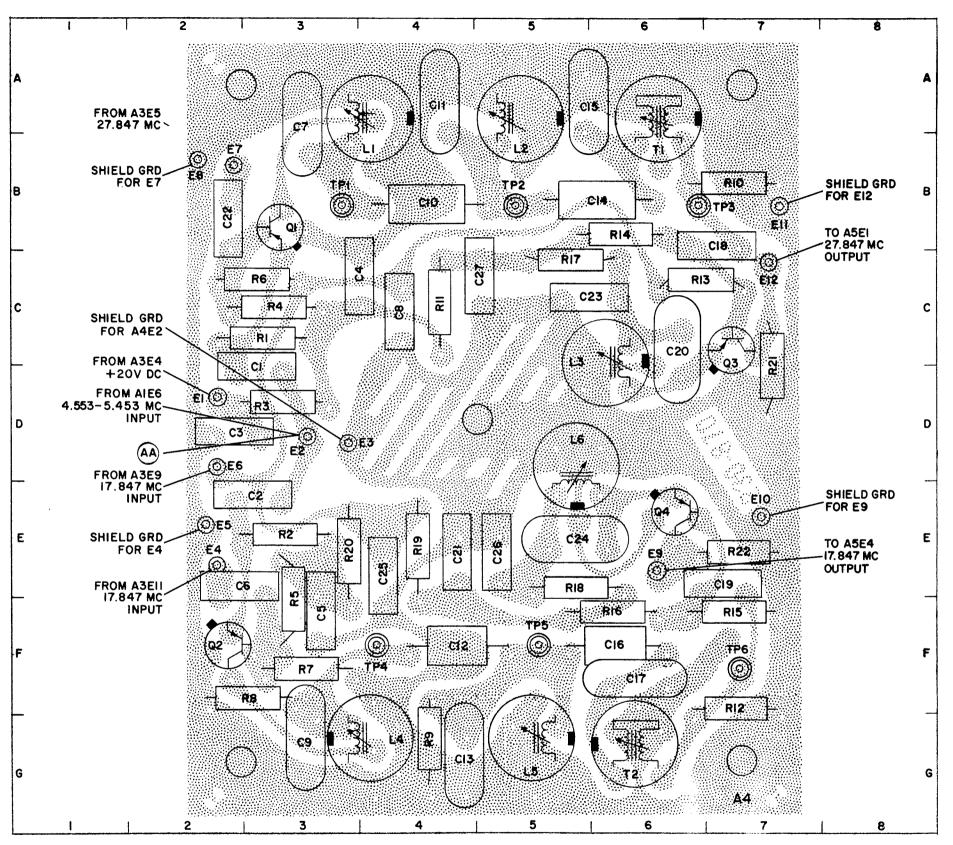
3. 2 -VERTICALLY MOUNTED DIODE ANODE TO BOARD.

ORIGINAL



Figure 5-70. Spectrum Generator/Mixer (Foil Side Up), Component and Test Point Location

5-101, 5-102



NOTE: REF. DESIG. PREFIX A2A6A2.

PARTS LOCATION INDEX

REF DE S IG	LOC	REF DESIG	LOC	REF DESIG	LOC
C1	3 D	E1	2 D	R6	3C
C2	3 E	E2	3 D	R7	$3\mathrm{F}$
C3	2 D	E3	3D	R8	$3\mathrm{F}$
C4	4C	E4	2E	$\mathbf{R9}$	4G
C5	3F	E5	2E	R10	7B
C6	2E	E6	$2\mathrm{D}$	R11	4C
C7	3A	E7	2B	R12	$7\mathrm{F}$
C8	4C	E8	2B	R13	6C
C9	3G	E9	6E	R14	6B
C10	4B	E10	7 E	R15	$7 \mathrm{F}$
C11	4A	E11	7 B	R16	6F
C12	4F	E12	7C	R17	5C
C13	4G	L1	4A	R18	5E
C14	6B	L2	5A	R19	4E
C15	5A	L3	6C	R20	3 E
C16	6F	L4	4G	R21	7C
C17	6F	L5	5G	R22	7E
C18	7B	L6	5D	T1	6A
C19	7E	Q1	$_{3B}$	T2	6G
C20	6C	Q2	$2 \mathrm{F}$	TP1	3B
C21	4E	Q3	7C	TP2	5B
C22	2B	Q4	6E	TP3	6B
C23	5C	R1	3C	TP4	4F
C24	5E	R2	3E	TP5	5F
C25	4E	R3	3 D	TP6	$7\mathrm{F}$
C26	5 E	R4	3C		
C27	5C	R5	3 E		

ORIGINAL

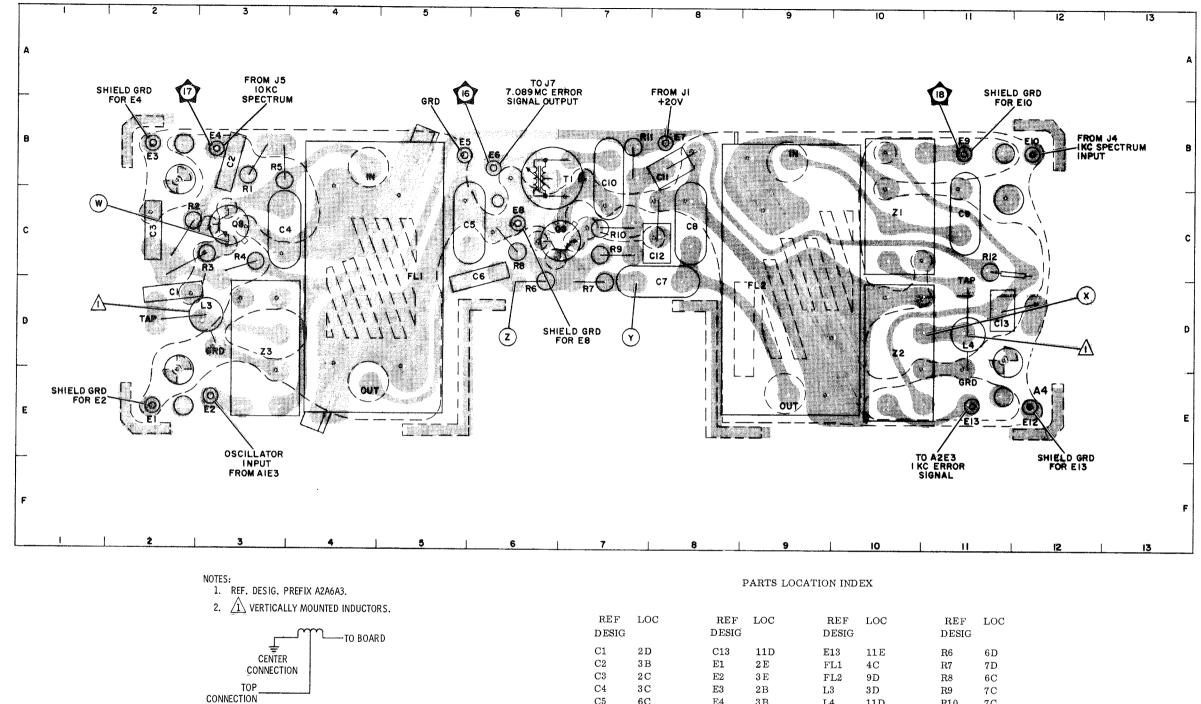
R-1051/URR

MAINTENANCE



Figure 5-76. Hi-Band/Lo-Band Mixer/ Amplifier (Foil Side Up), Component and Test Point Location

5-111, 5-112



C5

C6

C7 C8 C9

C10

C11

C12

6C

6C

8D

8C

11C

7B

8B

8C

 $\mathbf{E4}$

E5

E6

E7

E8

E9

E10

E12

 $3\,\mathrm{B}$

5B

6B

8B

6C

1**1**B

12B

 $12\,\mathrm{E}$

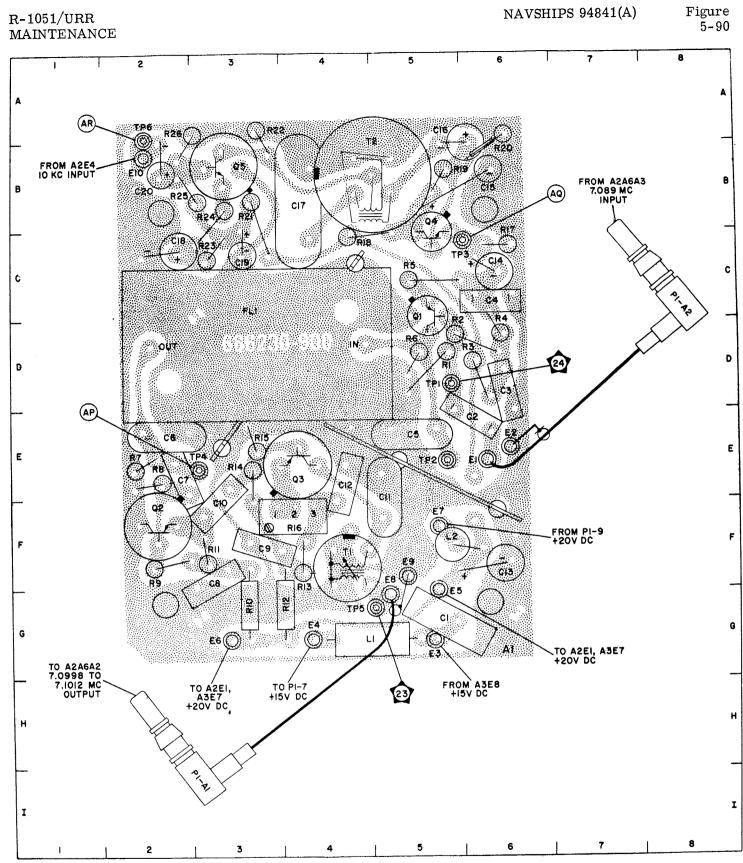
ORIGINAL

. k.

REF	LOC	REF	LOC
DESIG		DESIG	
E13	11E	R6	6D
FL1	4C	R7	7D
FL2	9D	R8	6C
L3	3D	R9	7C
L4	11D	R10	7C
Q8	3 C	R11	$7 \mathrm{B}$
Q9	7C	R12	11C
R1	3B	T1	6B
R2	2C	$\mathbf{Z1}$	10C
R3	3C	$\mathbf{Z2}$	10D
R4	3C	$\mathbf{Z3}$	3 D
R5	3B		

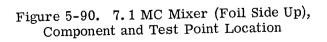
Figure 5-84. 7.089 MC Mixer (Foil Side Up), Component and Test Point Location

5-121, 5-122



NOTE.			
NOTE: REF	DESIG	. PREFIX A2A	3A4.
1,001			
	PARTS	LOCATION INI	DEX
REF	LOC	REF	LOC
DESIG		DESIG	
C1	$5\mathrm{G}$	Q3	4 E
C2	6E	Q4	5B
C3	6D	Q_5	3 B
C4	6C	R1	$5\mathrm{D}$
C5	$5 \mathrm{E}$	R2	5D
C6	$2\mathrm{E}$	R3	6D
C7	2 E	R4	6D
C8	$3\mathrm{F}$	R5	5C
C9	$3\mathrm{F}$	R6	5D
C10	$3\mathrm{F}$	$\mathbf{R7}$	$2\mathrm{E}$
C11	$5 \mathrm{E}$	R8	2 E
C12	$4\mathrm{E}$	R9	$2\mathrm{F}$
C13	$6\mathrm{F}$	R10	3G
C14	6C	R11	3 F
C15	6B	R12	4G
C16	5 A	R13	4 F
C17	4B	R14	3 E
C18	2C	R15	3 E
C19	$3\mathrm{C}$	R16	$4\mathrm{F}$
C20	2B	R17	6C
E1	6E	. R18	4C
E2	6 E	R19	5B
E3	5G	R20	6A
E4	4G	R21	3B
E5	5G	R22	3A
E6	3G	R23	3C
$\mathbf{E7}$	$5 \mathrm{F}$	R24	3B
$\mathbf{E8}$	$5\mathrm{F}$	R25	3B
E9	$5\mathrm{F}$	R26	3 A
E10	2B	T1	4F
FL1	3C	T2	5B
L1	4G	TP1	5D
L2	$5\mathrm{F}$	TP2	5E
Q1	$5 \mathrm{C}$	TP3	6C
Q2	$2\mathrm{F}$	TP4	3 E
		TP5	4G
		TP6	2A

ORIGINAL



5-129, 5-130

RE F DESIG	LOC	REF DESIG	LOC	REF DESIG	LOC	REF DESIG	LOC	REF DE S IG	LOC
C17	7 E	CR8	6D	L2	5D	R3	5 D	R19	$7\mathrm{E}$
C18	7C	CR9	7C	L3	4D	$\mathbf{R4}$	5D	R20	8 E
C19	5C	E1	2E	L4	2C	R5	4D	R21	6D
C20	6C	E2	7B	L5	$2 \mathrm{E}$	$\mathbf{R6}$	3 E	R22	6°C
C21	7C	E3	8B	L6	8E	$\mathbf{R7}$	4C	R23	7C
C22	6B	E4	8E	L7	6C	$\mathbf{R8}$	4C	R24	6C
C23	5 E	E5	5 E	P1	6A	R9	4C	R25	6C
C24	7C	E6	4E	Q1	4D	R10	4B	R26	5 E
C25	4C	E7	5B	Q_2	4D	R11	3 E	R27	6B
CR1	5C	 E8	5D	Q3	5 D	R12	2 D	R28	7C
CR2	3D	E9	5B	Q4	6E	R13	5 E	R29	7B
CR3	3D	E10	6C	Q5	$7\mathrm{E}$	R14	$6 \mathrm{E}$	R30	$7 \mathrm{B}$
CR4	3D	E11	2D	Q6	5E	R15	6 E	R31	8D
CR5	3B	E12	2 E	Q7	8D	R16	6D	RT1	4C
CR6	3C	J1	3E	R1	5C	R17	7 E	T1	$7\mathrm{D}$
CR7	7 E	L1	5C	R2	4C	R18	$6\mathrm{E}$	TP2	2 D

PARTS LOCATION INDEX

DESIG. PREFIX A2A6A4.

COILS, WITH ONE TERMINAL TO BOARD, OTHER ON TOP.

L7, T1 ALL CONNECTIONS ON TOP.

CR1 IS VERICALLY MOUNTED ZENER DIODE, ANODE TO BOARD.

CR2, CR3, AND CR4 ARE VOLTAGE VARIABLE CAPACITORS.

CR5, CR9 ARE VERTICALLY MOUNTED DIODES, CATHODE TO SOARD.

CR6, CR7, AND CR8 ARE VERTICALLY MOUNTED DIODES, ANODE TO BOARD.

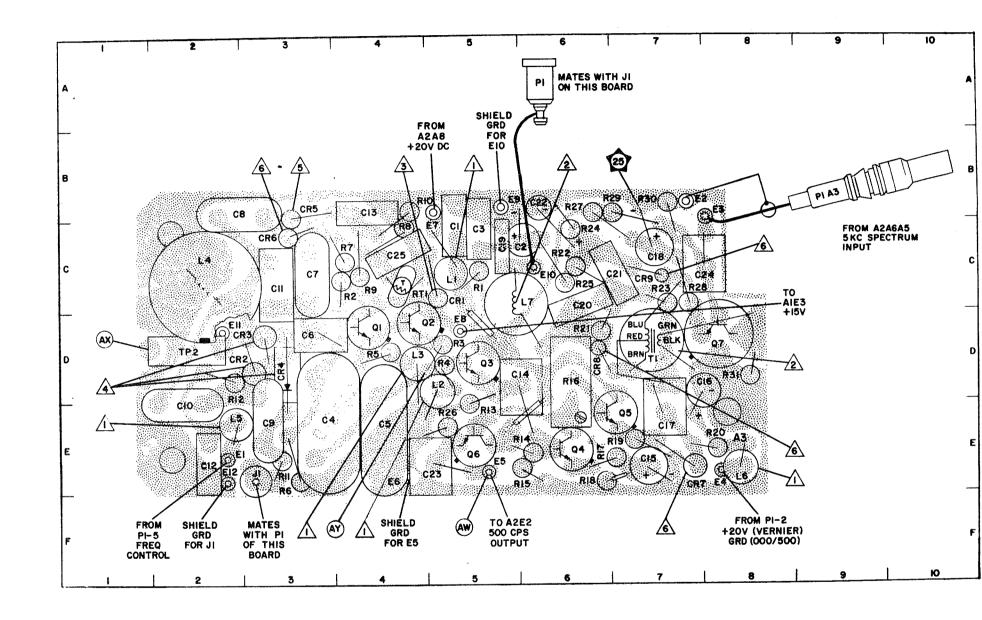
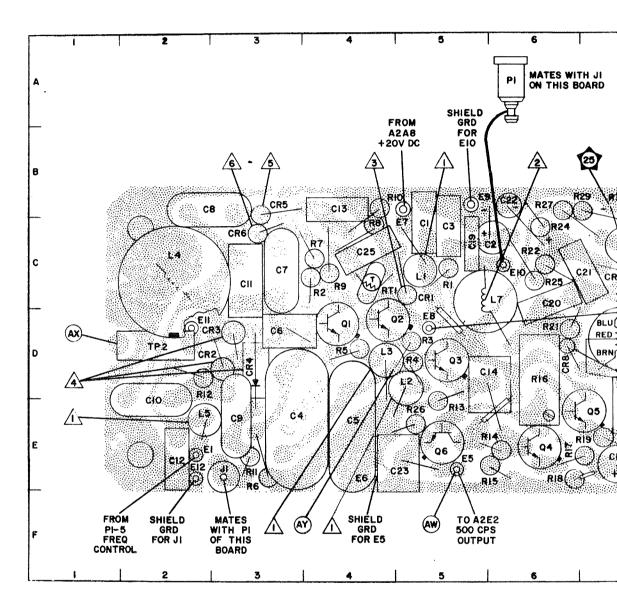


Figure 5-92. 500 CPS Oscillator (Foil Side Up), Component and Test Point Location

5-133, 5-134

.



PARTS LOCATION INDEX

REF DE S IG	LOC	REF DESIG	LOC	REF DESIG	LOC	REF DESIG	LOC	REF DESIG	LOC	REF DESIG	LOC
C1	5C	C17	$7 \mathrm{E}$	CR8	6D	L2	5D	R3	5D	R19	$7 \mathrm{E}$
C2	6C	C18	7C	CR9	7C	L3	4D	R4	5 D	R20	8E
C3	5C	C19	5C	E1	$2\mathrm{E}$	L4	2C	R5	4D	R21	6D
C4	3 E	C20	6C	E2	7B	L5	$2\mathrm{E}$	$\mathbf{R6}$	3 E	R22	6C
C5	4 E	C21	7C	E3	8B	L6	8E	R7	4C	R23	7C
C6	3D	C22	6B	E4	8E	L7	6C	$\mathbf{R8}$	4C	R24	6C
C7	3C	C23	5 E	E5	$5 \mathrm{E}$	P1	6A	R9	4C	R25	6C
C8	2B	C24	7C	$\mathbf{E6}$	4 E	Q1	4D	R10	$4\mathrm{B}$	R26	$5 \mathrm{E}$
C9	3E	C25	4C	$\mathbf{E7}$	5B	Q2	4D	R11	3 E	R27	6B
C10	$2\mathrm{E}$	CR1	5C	$\mathbf{E8}$	5D	Q3	5 D	R12	$2\mathrm{D}$	R28	7C
C11	3 C	CR2	3 D	E9	5B	Q4	6 E	R13	5 E	R29	7B
C12	$2 \mathrm{E}$	CR3	3D	E10	6C	Q5	$7 \mathrm{E}$	R14	6E	R30	$7 \mathrm{B}$
C13	4B	CR4	3D	E11	2D	$\mathbf{Q6}$	5 E	R15	6 E	R31	8D
C14	6D	CR5	3B	E12	$2\mathrm{E}$	Q7	8D	R16	6D	RT1	4C
C15	$7 \mathrm{E}$	CR6	3C	J1	3 E	R1	5 C	R17	$7\mathrm{E}$	T1	7D
C16	7D	CR7	7 E	L1	5C	R2	4C	R18	$6\mathrm{E}$	TP2	2D

NOTES:

REF. DESIG. PREFIX A2A6A4.
 2. A COLLS, WITH ONE TERMINAL TO BOARD, OTHER ON TOP.

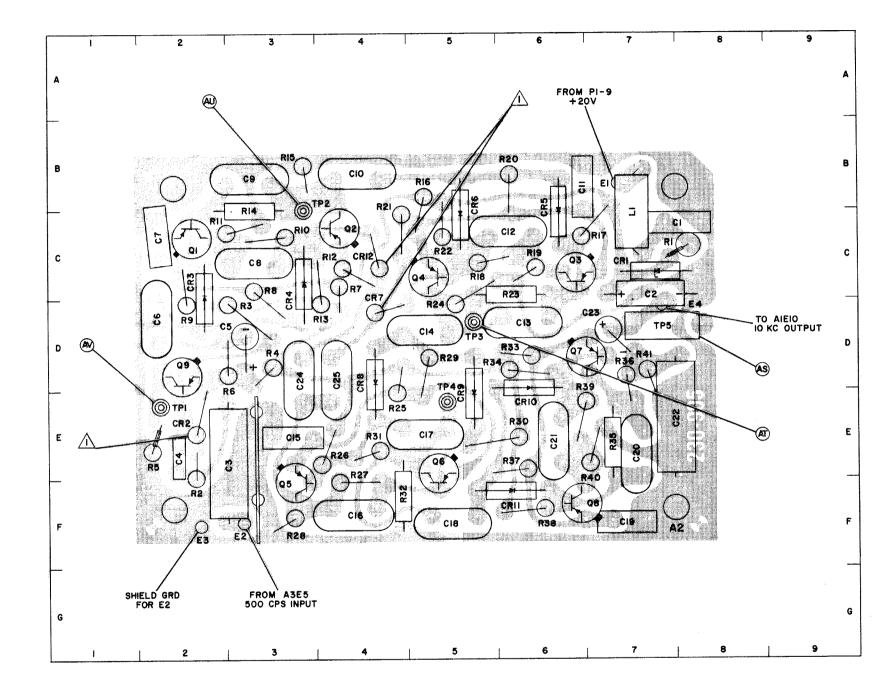
2 L7, T1 ALL CONNECTIONS ON TOP.

CR1 IS VERICALLY MOUNTED ZENER DIODE, ANODE TO BOARD.

 \underline{A} CR2, CR3, AND CR4 ARE VOLTAGE VARIABLE CAPACITORS.

 $\overline{\mathbb{S}}$ H CR5, CR9 ARE VERTICALLY MOUNTED DIODES, CATHODE TO BOARD.

∕ᢙ CR6, CR7, AND CR8 ARE VERTICALLY MOUNTED DIODES, ANODE TO BOARD.



NOTES: 1. REF. DESIG. PREFIX A2A6A4.

2. CR2, CR7, CR12 ARE DIODES, VERTICALLY MOUNTED, ANODE TO BOARD.

PARTS LOCATIONS INDEX						
REF DESIG	LOC	REF LOC DESIG	REF DESIG	LOC		
DESIG C1 C2 C3 C4 C5 C6 C7 C8 C9 C10 C11 C12 C13 C14 C15 C16 C17 C18 C19 C20 C21 C22 C23 C24 C22 C23 C24 C25 C22 C23 C21 C1 C2 C3 C4 C5 C6 C7 C7 C8 C1 C7 C7 C8 C9 C1 C7 C7 C8 C9 C1 C7 C7 C8 C9 C1 C1 C7 C8 C9 C1 C7 C8 C9 C1 C1 C1 C7 C8 C9 C1 C1 C1 C1 C7 C8 C9 C1 C1 C1 C1 C1 C1 C1 C1 C1 C1 C1 C1 C1	C8 C7 E3 E2 D3 D2 C2 C3 B3 B4 B6 C6 D5 E3 F4 E5 F5 F7 E6 E7 D3 D4 C7 E2 C3 B6 C6 D5 B7 F7 E6 E7 D7 D3 C7 C7 C3 B3 C2 C3 C2 C3 B3 C2 C3 C3 C2 C3 C3 C2 C3 C3 C2 C3 C3 C2 C3 C3 C2 C3 C3 C2 C3 C3 C2 C3 C3 C2 C3 C3 C2 C3 C3 C2 C3 C2 C3 C3 C2 C3 C3 C2 C3 C3 C2 C3 C3 C2 C3 C3 C2 C3 C3 C2 C3 C3 C2 C3 C3 C2 C3 C3 C2 C3 C3 C2 C3 C3 C5 C5 C5 C5 C5 C5 C5 C5 C5 C5 C5 C5 C5	DESIGLOCCR9E5CR10E6CR11F6CR12C4E1B7E2F3E3F2E4D7L1C7Q1C2Q2C4Q3C6Q4C5Q5F3Q6E5Q7D6Q8F6Q9D2R1C8R2F2R3D3R4D3R5E2R6D3R7C4R8C3R9D2R10C3R11C2R12C4R13D4	DESIG R16 R17 R18 R19 R20 R21 R22 R23 R24 R25 R26 R27 R28 R27 R28 R29 R30 R31 R32 R33 R34 R35 R36 R37 R38 R39 R40 R41 TP1 TP2 TP3 TP4 TP5	B5 C6 C5 C6 D5 C7 D5 C6 D5 C7 D5 C C6 D5 C C7 C C6 D5 C C7 C C7 C C6 D5 C C7 C C7 C C7 C C7 C C7 C C7 C C7 C		
CR7 CR8	D4 D4	R14 B3 R15 B3				

ORIGINAL

Figure 5-94. Divide-By-Ten Multivibrators (Foil Side Up), Component and Test Point Location

5-137, 5-138

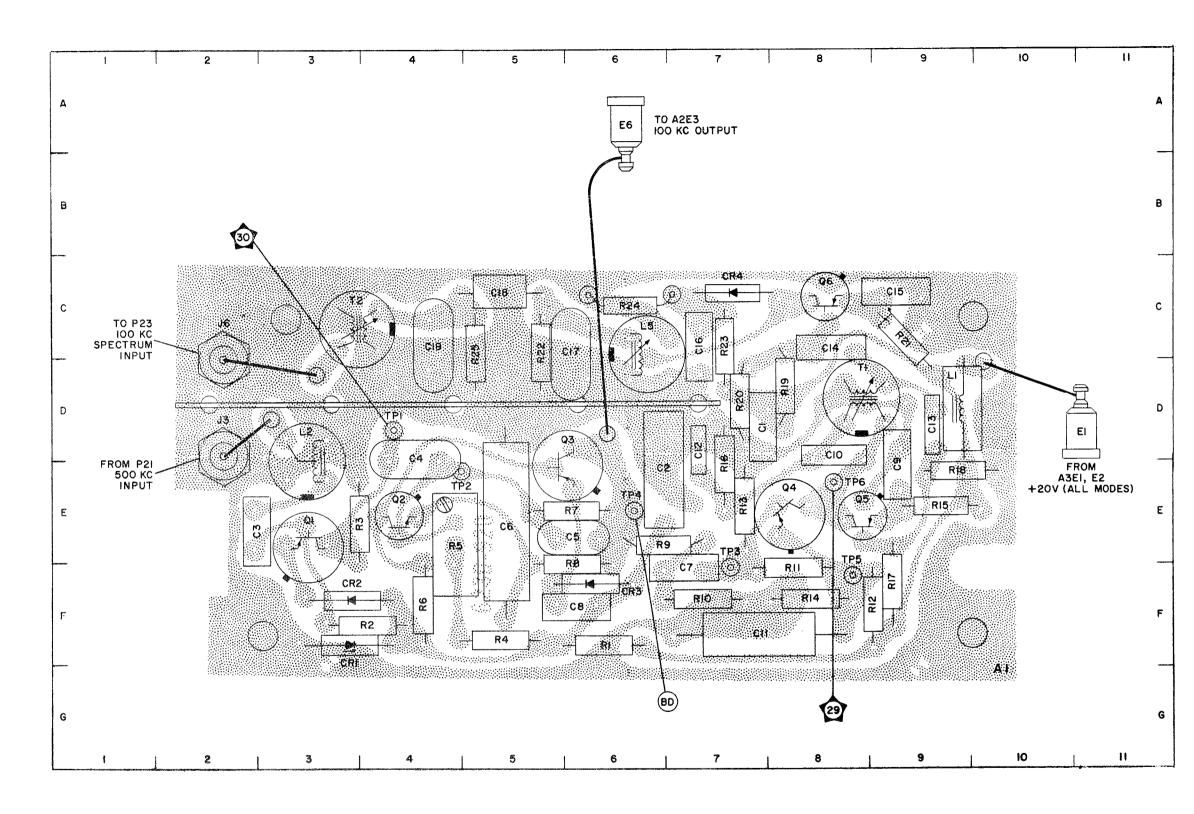
REF DESIG	LOC	REF DESIG	LOC	REF DESIG	LOC
C1	7D	E1	11D	R11	$8\mathrm{F}$

PARTS LOCATION INDEX

LOC

C2	$6 \mathrm{E}$	E6	6A	R12	9 F
C3	$2 \mathrm{E}$	$\mathbf{J3}$	2 D	R13	$7\mathrm{E}$
C4	4D	J6	$2\mathrm{C}$	R14	$8\mathrm{F}$
C5	$6\mathrm{E}$	L1	9D	R15	$9\mathrm{E}$
C6	5 E	L2	3 D	R16	$7\mathrm{E}$
C7	$7\mathrm{F}$	L5	$6 \mathrm{C}$	R17	$9\mathrm{F}$
C8	$6\mathrm{F}$	Q1	3 E	R1.8	$9\mathrm{E}$
C9	8E	Q2	$4\mathrm{E}$	R1 9	8D
C10	8D	Q3	6D	R20	$7\mathrm{D}$
C11	$7~{ m F}$	Q4	8E	R21	9C
C12	$7\mathrm{D}$	Q5	8E	R22	5C
C13	9D	Q6	8C	R23	7C
C14	8C	R1	$6\mathrm{F}$	R24	6C
C15	9 C	R2	$3 \mathrm{F}$	R25	5C
C16	$7\mathrm{C}$	R3	$3\mathrm{E}$	Τ1	8D
C17	6C	R4	$5 \mathrm{F}$	T2	3C
C18	$5\mathrm{C}$	R5	$4\mathrm{E}$	TP1	4D
C19	4C	R6	4 F	TP2	$4\mathrm{E}$
C R1	$3\mathrm{F}$	R7	$6 \mathrm{E}$	TP3	$7\mathrm{E}$
CR2	$3 \mathrm{F}$	R8	6 E	TP4	6 E
CR3	$6 \mathrm{F}$	R9	6 E	TP5	8 F
CR4	$7\mathrm{C}$	R10	$7\mathrm{F}$	TP6	8E
NOTE	:				

REF. DESIG. PREFIX A2A6A5.



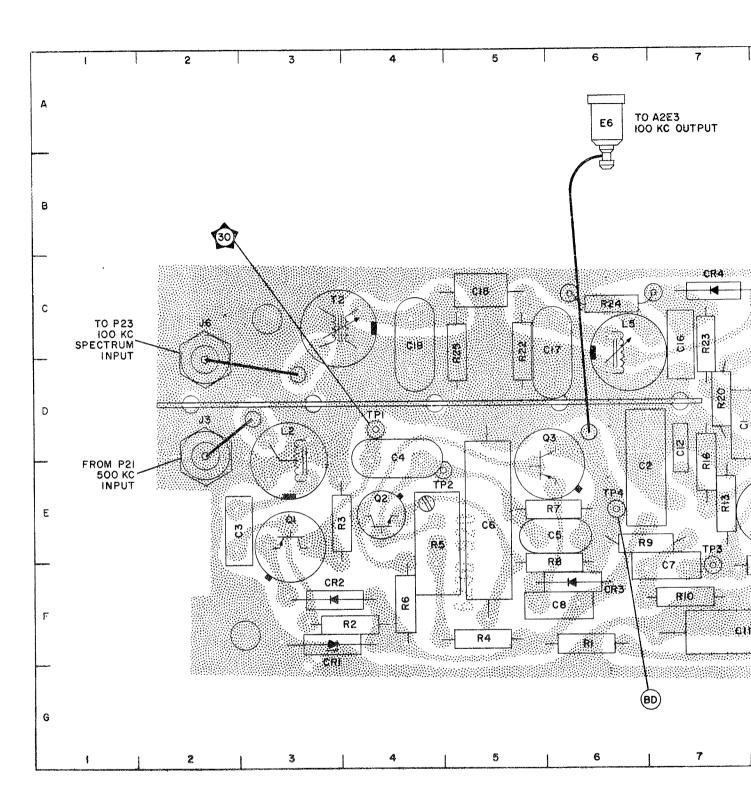
ORIGINAL

NAVSHIPS 94841(A)

Figure 5-96

Figure 5-96. 100 KC Spectrum Generator (Foil Side Up), Component and Test Point Location

5-141, 5-142



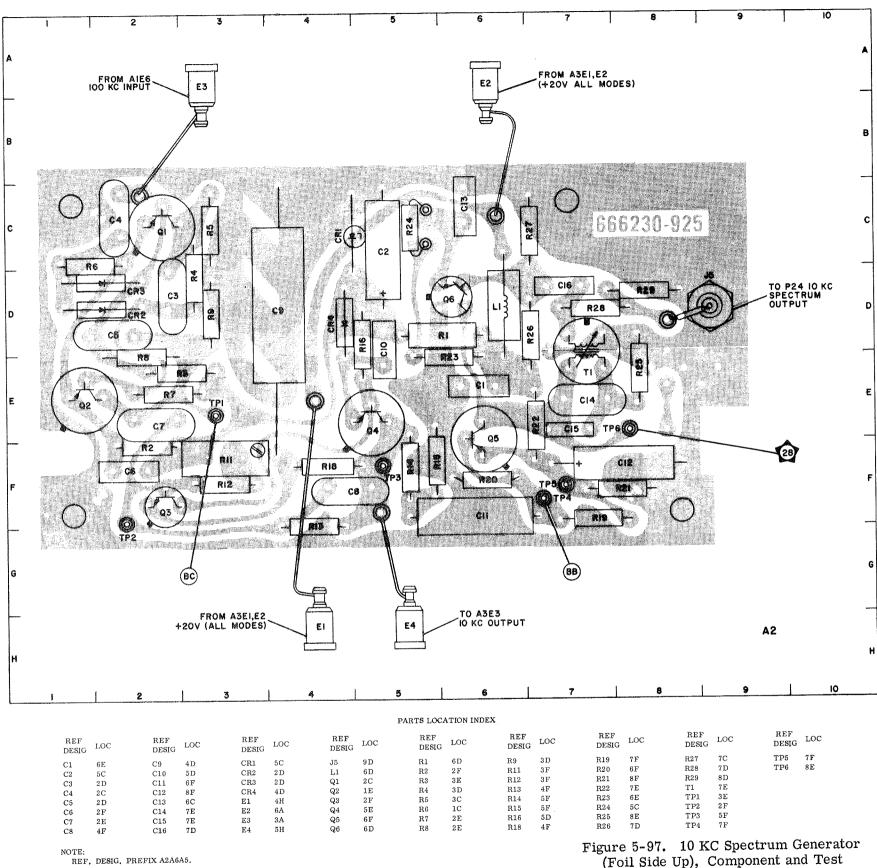
PARTS LOCATION INDEX

REF DESIG	LOC	REF DESIG	LOC	REF DESIG	LOC
C1	7 D	E1	11D	R11	$8\mathrm{F}$
C2	6 E	E6	6A	R12	9F
C3	$2\mathrm{E}$	$\mathbf{J3}$	$2\mathrm{D}$	R13	$7\mathrm{E}$
C4	4D	J6	$2\mathrm{C}$	R14	$8\mathrm{F}$
C5	6E	L1	9D	R15	$9\mathrm{E}$
C6	5 E	L2	3 D	R16	$7 \mathrm{E}$
C7	7 F	L5	6C	R17	9 F
C8	6 F	Q1	3 E	R1.8	$9\mathrm{E}$
C9	8E	Q2	$4\mathrm{E}$	R1 9	8D
C10	8D	Q 3	6D	R20	7 D
C11	$7 \mathrm{F}$	Q4	8E	R21	9 Ç
C12	7 D	Q5	8E	R22	$5\mathrm{C}$
C13	9D	Q6	8C	R23	7C
C14	8C	R1	$6\mathrm{F}$	R24	6C
C15	9 C	R2	$3 \mathrm{F}$	R25	$5\mathrm{C}$
C16	7C	R3	3 E	T1	8D
C17	6C	R4	5F.	T2	$3\mathrm{C}$
C18	5 C	R5	$4\mathrm{E}$	TP1	4D
C19	4C	R6	$4\mathrm{F}$	TP2	$4 \mathrm{E}$
CR1	$3\mathrm{F}$	$\mathbf{R7}$	6 E	TP3	$7\mathrm{E}$
CR2	$3 \mathrm{F}$	R8	6 E	TP4	6 E
CR3	$6\mathrm{F}$	R9	6 E	TP5	$8\mathrm{F}$
CR4	$7\mathrm{C}$	R10	$7\mathrm{F}$	TP6	8E
NOTE:					

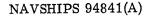
REF. DESIG. PREFIX A2A6A5.

ORIGINAL





ORIGINAL



REF DESIG	LOC	REF DESIG	LOC	REF DESIG	LOC	REF DESIG	LOC
R9	3D	R19	7F	R27	7C	TP5	7F
R11	3F	R20	6F	R28	7D	TP6	8E
R12	3 F	R21	8F	R29	8D		
R13	4F	R22	7E	T1	7E		
R14	5F	R23	6E	TP1	3E		
R15	5F	R24	5C	TP2	2F		
R16	5D	R25	8E	TP3	5F		
R18	4F	R26	7D	TP4	7F		

Figure 5-97. 10 KC Spectrum Generator (Foil Side Up), Component and Test Point Location

5-143, 5-144

NOTE: REF. DESIG. PREFIX A2A6A5.

PARTS LOCATION INDEX

REF DESIG	LOC	REF DESIG	LOC
C1	6 E	$\mathbf{R}2$	$2\mathrm{E}$
C2	5C	R 3	2E
C3	$2\mathbf{D}$	R 4	3 C
C4	2C	R5	3B
C5	$2\mathbf{D}$	R6	1C
C6	2F	R7	2E
C7	$2 \mathrm{E}$	R8	2D
C8	4F	R9	3D
C9	4D	R10	3 C
C10	$5\mathbf{D}$	R11	3 E
C11	6F	R12	3F
C12	8F	R13	4F
C13	6 C	R14	5F
C14	7 E	R15	5F
C15	8 C	R16	5D
C16	7D	R17	$3\mathbf{F}$
CR1	4C	R18	4F
CR2	2D	R19	$7 \mathrm{F}$
CR3	2C	R20	6 F
CR4	4F	R21	8 F
CR5	4D	R22	7 E
E1	3H	R23	6D
E2	6A	R24	5C
E3	2A	R25	8D
E4	2A	R26	$7\mathrm{D}$
$\mathbf{J4}$	9D	R27	$7\mathrm{C}$
L1	6D	T1	7D
Q1	2C	TP1	3 E
Q2	$1 \mathrm{E}$	TP2	$2\mathbf{F}$
Q3	2F	TP3	5F
Q4	$5 \mathrm{E}$	TP4	$7\mathrm{F}$
Q5	$6 \mathrm{E}$	TP5	$7\mathrm{F}$
Q6	6D	TP6	6 E
R1	6D		

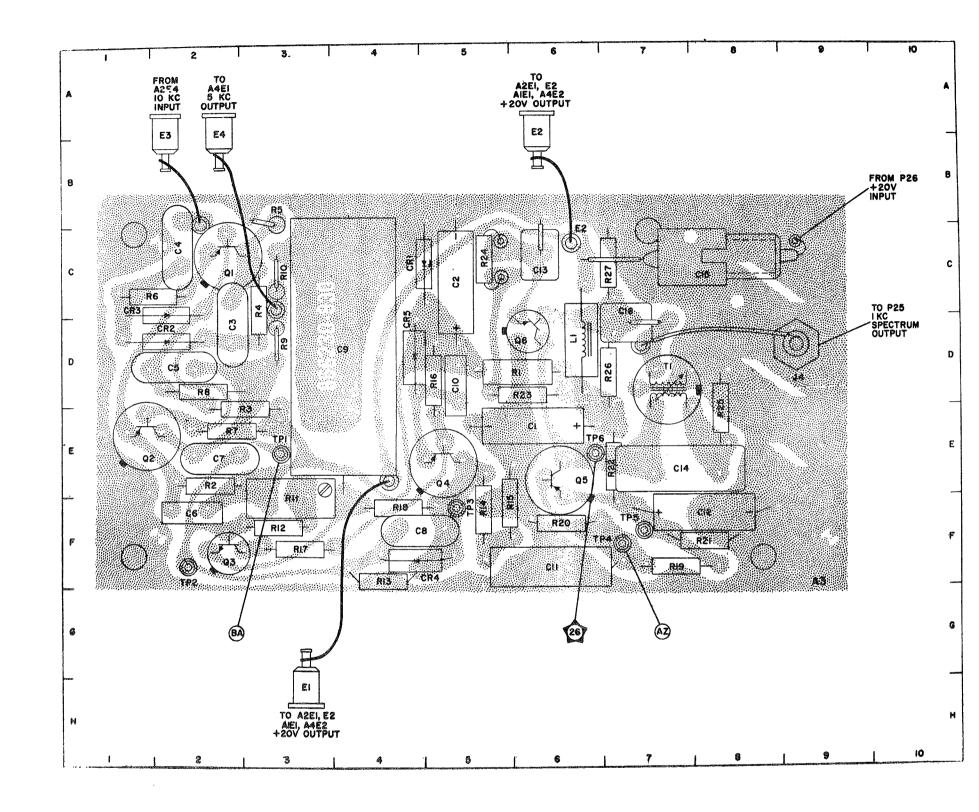
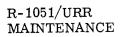
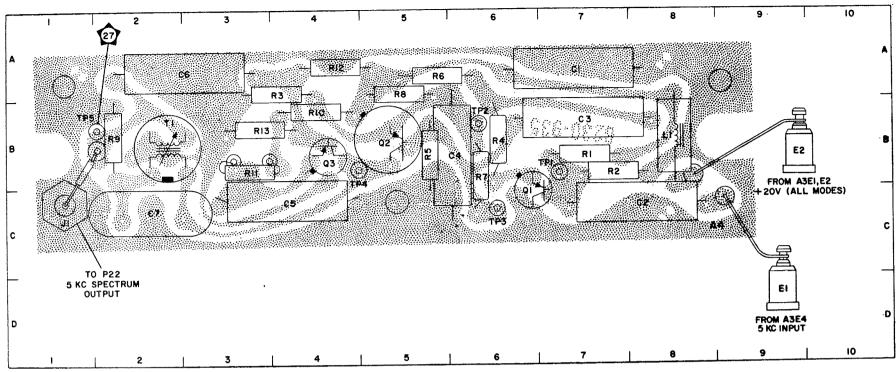


Figure 5-98. 1 KC Spectrum Generator (Foil Side Up), Component and Test Point Location

5-145, 5-146





PARTS LOCATION INDEX REF REF LOC LOC DESIG DESIG R46BC1 7A 5B 5A 6B C28C 7B R5R6 R7 C3C46B5A 2B 4B R8 R9 C54C2AC6R10 C72C3B 4A 9D R11 E1R12E29BR13 T1 3BJ1 1C2B 7B L18BQ1 Q2 Q3 R1 TP1 TP2 TP3 6C5B 6B6C 4B7B 7B 4A 4BTP4TP5 $^{2\mathrm{B}}$ R2R3

NOTE: REF. DESIG. PREFIX A2A6A5.

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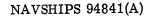




Figure 5-99. 5 KC Spectrum Generator (Foil Side Up), Component and Test Point Location

5-147, 5-148

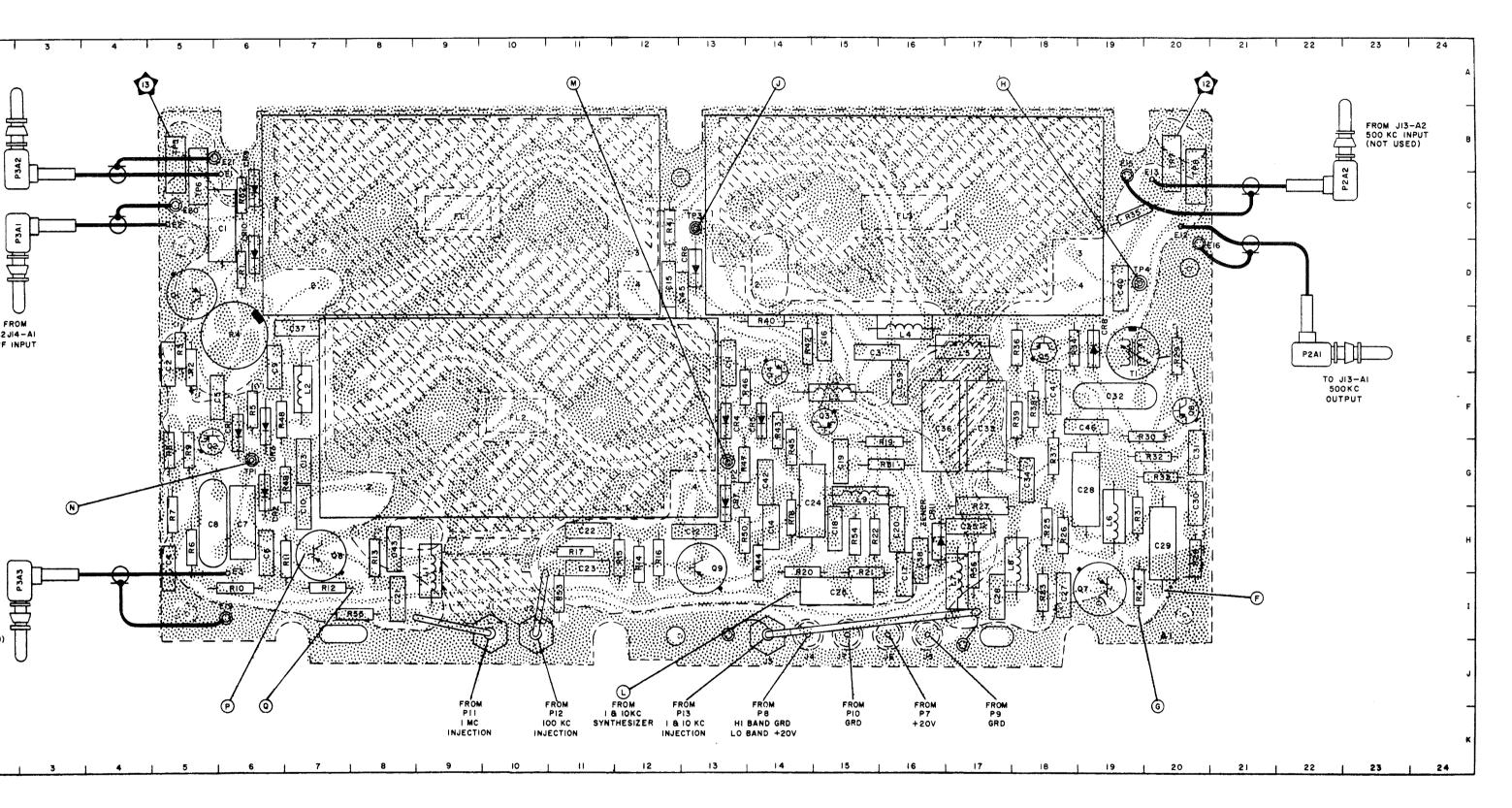


Figure 5-101. RF Translator (Foil Side Up), Component and Test Point Location

5-151, 5-152

R-1051/URR MAINTENANCE

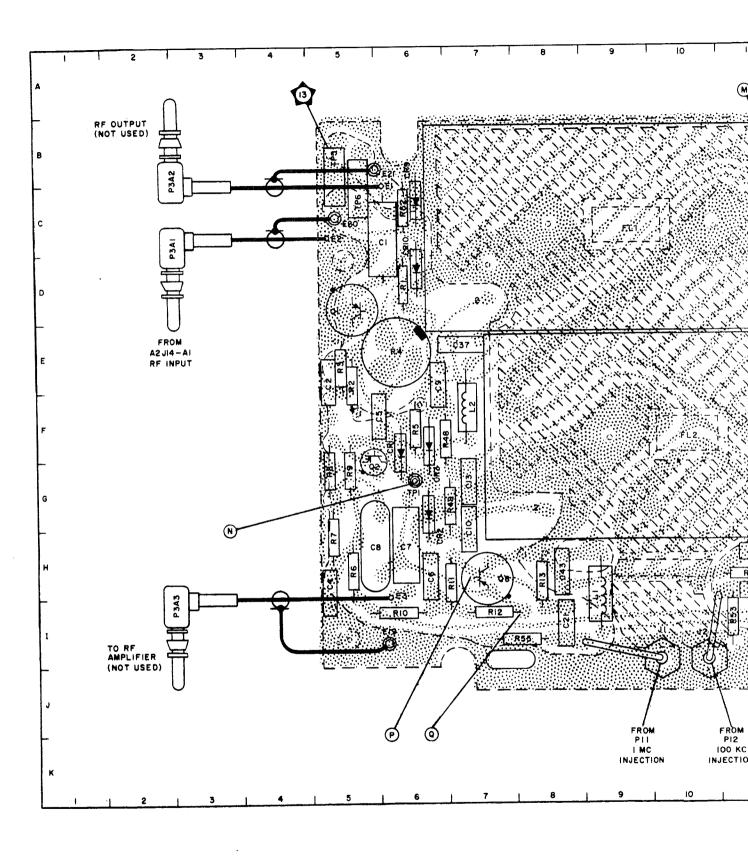
NOTE: REF. DESIG. PREFIX A2A6A6.

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PARTS LOCATION INDEX

				REF	
REF DESIG	LOC	REF DESIG	LOC	DESIG	LOC
C1	6C	CR11	16H	R13	8H
C2	5 E	E2	5C	R14	12H
C3	15 E	E3	6H	R15	12H
C4	5H	E12	20C	R16	12H
C5	6F	E13	20C	R17	11H
C6	6H	E15	19C	R18	14H
C7	6H	E16	20D	R19	16G
C8	5H	E19	6I	R20	14H
C9	6 E	E20	5C	R21	15H
C10	$7\mathrm{G}$	E21	6B	R22	15H
C11	13 E	FL1	9C	R23	18 I
C12	13H	FL2	10F	R24	19 I
C13	7G	FL3	16C	R25	18H
C14	14H	J1	10I	R26	18H
C15	12D	J_2	101	R27	17G
C16	15E	$\mathbf{J3}$	151	R28	20H
C17	16 I	J4	15I	R29	20E
C18	15H	J5	16I	R30	20F
C19	15G	$\mathbf{J6}$	161	R31	19H
C20	16H	J7	15I	R32	20G
C21	8 I	L1	9H	R33	20G
C22	11H	L2	$7 F_{-}$	R34	18E
C23	11H	L3	15F	R35	19C
C24	14G	L4	16E	R36	18E
C25	15I	L5	17 E	R37	18G 18F
C26	17I	L6	19H	R38	18F
C27	18I	L7	171	R39	18F 14E
C28	19G	L8	18H.	R40	14E 12C
C29	20H	L9	15G	R41 R49	12C 14E
C30	20G	P2A1	22 E	R42 R43	14E 14F
C31	20G	P2A2	22C	R43 R44	14H
C32	19F	P3A1	3C	R44 R45	14G
C33	17F	P3A2	3B	R45 R46	13F
C34	18G	P3A3	3H 5 D	R40 R47	13G
C35	17H	Q1	5G	R48	6F
C36	16F	ର୍2 ରୁ3	3G 15F	R40 R49	7G
C37	7E	Q3 Q4	14E	R50	13H
C38	16H 16F	&∓ Q5	14D 18E	R51	16G
C39	10F 19D	40 Q6	20F	R52	6C
C40 C41	13D 18F	Q7	19 I	R53	11 I
C41 C42	131 14G	4. Q8	7H	R54	15H
C42 C43	8H	Q 9	13H	R55	8 I
C45 C45	13D	R1	6D	R56	17H
C46	19F	R2	5 E	T1	19E
CR1	6F	R3	5 E	TP1	6G
CR2	6G	R4	6 E	TP2	13G
CR3	6F	R5	6F	TP3	13C
CR4	13F	R6	5H	TP4	19D
CR5	14F	R7	5H	TP5	5B
CR6	13D	R8	5G	TP6	5C
CR7	13G	R9	5G	TP7	20B
CR8	19E	R10	6 I	TP8	20C
CR9	6 C	R11	$7\mathrm{H}$		
CR10		R12	7 I		



SECTION 6

PARTS LIST

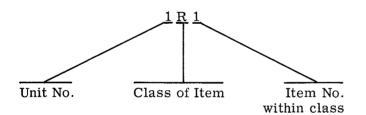
6-1. INTRODUCTION.

Example 3:

6-2. REFERENCE DESIGNATIONS.

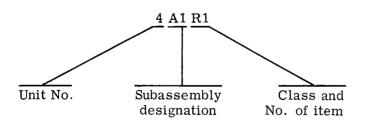
6-3. The unit numbering method of assigning reference designations has been used to identify units, assemblies, subassemblies, and parts. This method has been expanded as much as necessary to adequately cover the various degrees of subdivision of the equipment. Examples of this unit numbering method and typical expansions of the same are illustrated by the following:

Example 1:

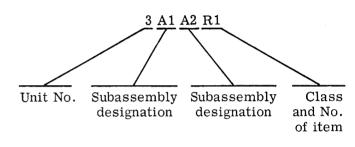


Read as: First (1) resistor (R) of first unit (1).

Example 2:



Read as: First (1) resistor (R) of first (1) subassembly (A) of fourth (4) unit.



Read as: First (1) resistor (R) of second (2) subassembly (A) of first (1) subassembly (A) of third (3) unit.

6-4. REF DESIG PREFIX.

6-5. Partial reference designations are used on the equipment and illustrations. The partial reference designations consist of the class letter(s) and the identifying item number. The complete reference designations may be obtained by placing the proper prefix before the partial reference designations. Prefixes are provided on illustrations following the notation "REF DESIG PREFIX".

6-6. LIST OF UNITS.

6-7. Since this equipment is comprised of one unit, no list of units is supplied.

6-8. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST.

6-9. Table 6-1 lists all units and their maintenance parts. The units are listed in numerical sequence. Maintenance parts for each unit are listed alphabetically-numerically by class of part following the unit designation. Thus the parts for each unit are grouped together. Table 6-1 provides the following information: (1) the complete reference designation of each unit, assembly, subassembly, or part, (2) reference to explanatory notes in paragraph 6-6, (3) noun name and brief description, and (4) identification of the illustration which pictorially locates the part.

6-10. Printed circuit boards, assembly boards, modules, etc., are listed first as individual items in the maintenance parts list. In addition, at the completion of a parts listing for each unit, the individual circuit board, assembly board, module, etc., is then broken down by components into separate parts listings. When there is a redundancy of such electronic assemblies in subsequent units, reference is made to the parts breakdown previously listed.

6-11. LIST OF MANUFACTURERS.

6-12. Table 6-2 lists the manufacturers of parts used in the equipment. The table includes the manufacturer's code used in table 6-1 to identify the manufacturers. The code is contained in Federal Supply Code for Manufacturers, H4-1.

6-13. STOCK NUMBER IDENTIFICATION.

6-14. Allowance Parts List (APL) issued by the Electronics Supply Office (ESO) include Federal Stock Numbers and Source Maintenance and Recoverability Codes. Therefore, reference should be made to the APL prepared for the equipment for stock numbering information.

6-15. <u>NOTES</u>.

6-16. No special notes are shown in table 6-1.

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Table 6-1

TABLE 6-1. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST

RADIO RECEIVER R-1051/URR

REF DESIG	NOTES	NAME AND DESCRIPTION	FIG. NO.
		1 RECEIVER,RADIO R-1051/URR-MFR 58189,PN 666230-003.	
A1		CAP & CHAIN-MIL TYPE MS35186-123A	
A1J23		CONNECTOR, RECEPTACLE, ELECTRICAL-1.5IN.LG, 0.875IN.DIA, MFR 91146,	5-17
		PN N-JB-F-0.	5-11
A1J24		CONNECTOR,RECEPTACLE,ELECTRICAL-1.1563IN.LG,0.6875IN.HEX,MFR 71468,PN BNC-JB7-F-0.	5-17
A1A1C1		CAPACITOR FIXED CERAMIC-MIL TYPE CK70AW102M	5-17
A1A1C2		SAME AS 1A1A1C1	5-17
A1A1C3		SAME AS 1A1A1C1	5-17
A1A1C4		SAME AS 1A1A1C1	5-17
A1A1C5		SAME AS IAIAICI	5-17
A1A1C6		SAME AS IAIAICI	5-17
A1A1C7		SAME AS IAIAICI	5-17
A1A1C8		SAME AS IAIAICI	5-17
A1A1C9		SAME AS 1A1A1C1	5-17
A1A1C10		SAME AS 1A1A1C1	5-17
A1A1C11		SAME AS IAIAICI	5-17
A1A1C12		SAME AS 1A1A1C1	5-17
A1A1C13		SAME AS 1A1A1C1	5-17
AIAICI4		SAME AS 1A1A1C1	5-17
AlAlC15		SAME AS 1A1A1C1	5-17
A1A1C16		SAME AS 1A1A1C1	5-17
A1A1C17		SAME AS 1A1A1C1	5-17
A1A1C18		SAME AS 1A1A1C1	5-17
A1A1C19		SAME AS 1A1A1C1	5-17
A1A1C20		SAME AS 1A1A1C1	5-17
A1A1C21		SAME AS 1A1A1C1	5-17
A1A1C22		SAME AS 1A1A1C1	5-17
A1A1C23		SAME AS 1A1A1C1	5-17
A1A1C24		SAME AS 1A1A1C1	5-17
A1A1C25		SAME AS 1A1A1C1	5-17
A1A1C26		SAME AS 1A1A1C1	5-17
A1A1J3		CONNECTOR RECPECTACLE ELECTRICAL-1.375IN.LG. X 1.375IN.W. X 1.093IN.H., 3 CONTACTS, LESS THAN 0.00001 CC/SEC AIR LEAKAGE AT 15 PSI DIFFERENTIAL, MFR 77820,P/N 71-74116S-5-3P	5-17
A1A1J4		CONNECTOR,RECEPTACLE,ELECTRICAL-39 CONT,0.316IN.X 1.812IN.X 1.812IN.OA DIM.,MFR 77820,PN PT07A-20-39P.	5-17
A1A1J5		CONNECTOR PLUG ELECTRICAL-MIL TYPE MS33680-2	5-17
AlA1J6		SAME AS 1A1A1J5	5-17

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R-1051/URR PARTS LIST

TABLE 6-1. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST (Continued)

REF DESIG	NOTES	NAME AND DESCRIPTION	FIG. NO.
A2		CHASSIS AND FRONT PANEL-MFR 58189,PN 666230-007.	5-15
A2CR1		SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICE DIODE-MIL TYPE 1N649	5-16
A2CR2		SAME AS 1A2CR1	5-16
A2CR3		SAME AS 1A2CR1	5-16
A2C1		CAPACITOR, FIXED, ELECT-MIL TYPE CE51C121J	5-19
A2C2		CAPACITOR, FIXED, ELECT-MIL TYPE CE51C301G	5-15
A 2 D S 5		LAMP,GLOW-90VDC MAX/STARTING/,DSGN CUR.1.0MA,0.9375IN.LG,0.290IN.DIA, MFR 24455, P/N NE2D	5-15
A2FL1		FILTER,RADID FREQUENCY-0.844IN.LG,0.670IN.DIA,0.3AMP,2.7 OHMS,300VDC, MFR 56289,PN 1JX97.	5-16
A2FL2		SAME AS 1A2FL1	5-16
A2F1		FUSE-MIL TYPE F02A250V3/4A-S.	5-15
A2F2		SAME AS 1A2F1	5-15
A2J8		CONNECTOR,RECEPTACLE,ELECTRICAL-SUB MINAT,STL SHL,CAD PL,1.583IN.X 0.494 IN.X 0.426IN.,MFR 91146,PN DBSM-25S.	5-16
A2J9		CONNECTOR,RECEPTACLE,ELECTRICAL-2.729IN.LG,0.494IN.W,13 CONT,ASB FILLED, INSERT DCM-13W6,MFR 91146,PN DCM-13W6S1C-31.	5-14
A2J10		CONNECTOR,RECEPTACLE,ELECTRICAL-STL SHL,PB COP CONT,OPR TEMP MINUS65DEG F TO PLUS300DEG F,CONT SIZE NO.20,5AMP,DASM-15 INSERT,15 CONT,0.429IN.X 0.434IN.X 1.541IN.OA DIM.,MFR 91146,PN DASM-15-2S	5-16
A2J11		CONNECTOR,RECEPTACLE,ELECTRICAL-2.789IN.LG,0.494IN.W,17 CONT,ASB FILLED, INSERT DCM-17W5,MFR 91146,PN DCM-17W5S1C-31.	5-16
A2J12		CONNECTOR,RECEPTACLE,ELECTRICAL-2.729IN.LG,0.494IN.W,25 CONT,ASB FILLED, INSERT DCM-25W3,MFR 91146,PN DCM-25W3S1C-31.	5-16
A2J13		CONNECTOR,RECEPTACLE,ELECTRICAL-0.422IN.X 0.494IN.X 1.541IN.OA DIM., 3 CONT,ASB FILLED,INSERT DAM-3W3,MFR 91146,PN DAM-3W3S1C-31.	5-16
A2J14		SAME AS 1A2J13	5-16
A2J16		CONNECTOR,RECEPTACLE,ELECTRICAL-2088IN.LG,0.494IN.W,13 CONT,ASB FILLED, INSERT DBM-13W3,MFR 91146,PN DBM-13W3S2C-31	5-16
A2J17		CONNECTOR,RECEPTACLE,ELECTRICAL-2.088IN.LG,0.494IN.W,9 CONT,ASB FILLED, INSERT DBM-9W4,MFR 91146,PN DBM-9W4S2C-31.	5-16
A2J18		SAME AS 1A2J12	5-16
A2J19		SAME AS 1A2J12	5-16
A2J21		CONNECTOR,RECEPTACLE,ELECTRICAL-STL SHL,PB COP CONT,OPR TEMP MINUS65DEG F TO PLUS300DEG F,CONT SIZE NO.20,5AMP,DDSM-50 INSERT,50 CONT,0.426IN.X 0.605IN.X 2.635IN.OA DIM.,MFR 91146,PN DDSM-50P.	5-16
A2J22		SHELL,ELECTRICAL CONNECTOR-0.541IN.LG,0.494IN.W,3 CONT,ASB FILLED,INSERT DAM-3W3,MFR 91146,PN DAM-3W3PC31.	5-16
A2K1		RELAY,ARMATURE-ELECTROMAGNETIC,HERMETICALLY SEALED,2 FORM C/DPDT/, RESISTIVE 3AMP AT 28VDC,1AMP AT 115VAC,COIL DATA-975 OHMS DC P/M10% AT 25DEG C,26.5VDC RTV P/M5%,0.427IN.X 1.085IN.X 1.330IN.OA DIM.,MFR 71482, PN RP9896G80.	5-16
A2K2		SAME AS 1A2K1	5-16
A2K3		SAME AS 1A2K1	5-16
A2MP4		BEARING ROLLER NEEDLE-STEEL, 1/4IN.LONG010IN., .190IN.DEPTH,MFR 60380, P/N B-34	5-16
107.717 IV			

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Table 6-1

TABLE 6-1. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST (Continued)

RADIO RECEIVER R-1051/URR

RE F DESIG	NOTES	NAME AND DESCRIPTION	FIG. NO.
10//85			
A2MP5		SAME AS 1A2MP4	5-16
A2MP11		SAME AS 1A2MP4	5-16
A2MP12		SAME AS 1A2MP4	5-16
A2MP14		GEAR,MITER,STEEL.055DIA.HOLE IN EACH GEAR 90 DEGREE FROM #4-40 TAPPED HOLE IN EACH GEAR,64 PITCH,20 DEGREE PRESSURE ANGLE,32 TEETH,MFR 58189 P/N 666162-110	5-16
A2MP17		BEARING BALL-STEEL,0.422IN.OD X 0.1406IN.THK X 0.1875IN.ID,SEVEN 0.046IN. DIA.BALLS,MFR PRECISION PARK,P/N S6632FCHHE-A667	5-16
A2MP18		SAME AS 1A2MP17	5-16
A2MP19		SAME AS 1A2MP17	5-16
A2MP20		SAME AS 1A2MP17	5-16
A2MP21		SAME AS 1A2MP17	5-16
A2MP22	~	SAME AS 1A2MP17	5-16
A2MP23		SAME AS 1A2MP17	5-16
A2MP24		SAME AS 1A2MP17	5-16
A2MP25		SAME AS 1A2MP17	5-16
A2MP26		BEARING ROLLER NEEDLE-STEEL, 1/4 IN.LONG010, .200INSIDE DEPTH,MFR 60380, P/N B-2-1/2-4	5-16
A2MP27		SAME AS 1A2MP26	5-16
A2MP28		SAME AS 1A2MP17	5-16
A2M1		METER,AUDIO LEVEL-ELEC IND,PWR LEVEL,IIN.RD,CASE STYLE 05,NON-MAG PNL, 3900 OHMS P/M8% AT OVU/IMW/PWR CONSUMPTION,P/M1.5VU BET 25&1000CPS,P/M1VU BET 1000&16KC FREQ RESPONCE,1000VRMS,60CPS DIELECTRIC STR,20 MEGO MIN INS RES.,MFR 81030,PN 3201-210.	5-15
A2M2		SAME AS 1A2M1	5-15
A2Q1		TRANSISTOR-CASE STYLE A13,MFR 80131,PN 2N1209.	5-16
A2R1		RESISTOR,VARIABLE,LINEAR PRECISION-1000 DHMSP/M10%,MINUS 55DEG C TO PLUS 120DEG C,NON LKG TYPE SLOT.SHAFT W/INT SEAL,312DEG ELEC ROT., 1.265IN.DIA,1.156IN.THK,MFR 01121,PN JD1E056S102UA.	5-15
A2R2		SAME AS 1A2R1	5-15
A2R3		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RV4SAYSD1C2A.	5-15
A2R4		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RV4SAYSD252C.	5-15
A2R5		SAME AS 1A2R4	5-15
A2R6		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RV4SAYSD253C	5-15
A2R7		RESISTOR VARIABLE LIN PRE-1.312IN.DIA.,3.016IN.LG.BUSHING MTD,30,0000HMS P/M 5% 2WATTS, MFR 58189,P/N 810000-561	5-15
A2R8		RESISTOR,FIXED,WIREWOUND-1.125IN.LGX 0.646IN.X 0.317IN.,332 OHMS P/M3%, 5W,MFR 91637,PN RH-5-338H130B	5-16
A2R9		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF122J.	5-14
A2R10		SAME AS 1A2R9	5-14
A2R11		SAME AS 1A2R1	3-1
A2R12		SAME AS 1A2R1	3-1
A2R13		IA2R13 5-14 SAME AS 1A2R13	5-14
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NAVSHIPS 94841(A)

R-1051/URR PARTS LIST

TABLE 6-1. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST (Continued)

RADIO RECEIVER R-1051/URR

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REF DESIG	NOTES	NAME AND DESCRIPTION	FIG. NO.
A2R14		SAME AS 1A2R13	5~14
A2R15		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF112J.	5-14
A2R16		SAME AS 1A2R15	5-14
A2R17		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RCC7GF102J.	5-14
A2R18		SAME AS 1A2R17	5-14
A2R19		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RCC7GF331J.	5-14
A2R2C		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE MS35045-114.	5-14
A251		SWITCH,TOGGLE-DPDT,28VDC,120VAC,0.469IN.DIA,1.281IN.LG,MFR 81640,PN TW2150.	5-15
A2S2		SWITCH,ROTARY-4SECT.,18P,8POS,NONSHORTING CONT,LOW CUR.CAP.,STL,1.016IN. OD,2.700IN.LG,MFR 31356,PN SR/05/N30BIMP.	5-15
A255	:	SAME AS 1A2S1	5-15
A2S6		SWITCH,ROTARY-1SECT.,6P,3POS,NONSHORTING CONT,2AMP,28VDC,1AMP,110V,60CPS, MFR 58189,PN 810000-424.	5-15
A257		SWITCH-MIL TYPE MS35059-23.	5-15
A2S8		INTERLOCK SWITCH S/A,MFR 58189,P/N 666231-001	5-14
A2S9		SWITCH,TOGGLE-MIL TYPE MS24656-23.	5-15
A2T1		TRANSFORMER POWER-4.500IN.HIGH, 2.750IN.W., 3.438IN.DEEP,14TERMINALS, 48-450CPS 215V MAX.,MFR 58189,P/N 810300-647	5-15
A2XF1		FUSEHOLDER-MIL TYPE FHL17G.	5-15
A2XF2		SAME AS 1A2XF1	5-15
A2A1		RECEIVER MODE SELECTOR-MFR 58189,PN 666230-015.	5-14
A2A1C1		CAPACITOR,FIXED,CERAMIC DIELECTRIC-0.454IN.X 0.362IN.X 0.183IN.,300UUF P/M2%,MFR 72136,PN DM15E301G300V.	5-21
A2A1C2		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-142UUF P/M2%,300VDCW,DIPPED COATING RADIAL WIRE LEADS,NU.20AWG,C.172IN.X 0.358IN.X 0.450IN.OA DIM.,MFR 72136,PN DM15F1420G300V.	5-21
A2A1C2		CAPACITOR,FIXED,CERAMIC DIELECTRIC-0.449IN.X 0.357IN.X 0.171IN.,130UUF P/M2%,MFR 72136,PN DM15E131G30UV.	5-21
A2A1C2		CAPACITOR,FIXED,CERAMIC DIELECTRIC-0.450IN.X 0.358IN.X 0.174IN.,150UUF P/M2%,MFR 72136,PN DM15E151G300V.	5-21
A2A1C5		SAME AS 1A2A1C2	5-21
A2A1C6		SAME AS 1A2A1C2	5-21
A2A1C7		SAME AS 1A2A1C2	5-21
A2A1FL1		FILTER,BAND PASS-HERMETICALLY SEALED CASE,CRES OR SB DIP FIN.,500KC, 2.250IN.X 0.750IN.X 0.670IN.OA DIM.,MFR 95105,PN 526-9420-00.	5-21
A2A1FL2		FILTER,BAND PASS-HERMETICALLY SEALED CASE,CRES OR SB DIP FIN.,500KC, 2.250IN.X 0.750IN.X C.670IN.DA DIM.,MFR 95105,PN 526-9421-00.	5-21
A2A1FL3		FILTER,BAND PASS-HERMETICALLY SEALED CASE,CRES OR SN DIP PL FIN.,500KC, Q.670IN.X 0.750IN.X 2.250IN.OA DIM.,MFR 95105,PN 526-9419-00.	5-21
A2A1R1		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF150J.	5-21
A2A1R2		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF121J.	5-21
A2A1A1CR1		SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICE, DIODE-MIL TYPE 1N270.	5-22

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Table 6-1

TABLE 6-1. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST (Continued)

RADIO RECEIVER R-1051/URR

A2A1A1CR2 A2A1A1CR3 A2A1A1CR4 A2A1A1C1 A2A1A1C2 A2A1A1C3 A2A1A1C4 A2A1A1C4 A2A1A1R3 A2A1A1R5 A2A1A1R5 A2A1A1R5 A2A1A1R7 A2A1A1R7 A2A1A1TP1 A2A1A2C1	SAME AS 1A2A1A1CR1 SAME AS 1A2A1A1CR1 SAME AS 1A2A1A1CR1 CAPACITOR,FIXED,METALIZED PAPER DIELECTRIC-1UF P/M20%,200VDCW, 0.6255IN.X 0.170IN.X 0.260IN.,MFR 02777,PN P12D. CAPACITOR,FIXED,ELECTROLYTIC-PLSTC INS,0.135IN.DIA,0.322IN.LG,MFR 56289, PN 150D105X0035A2. SAME AS 1A2A1A1C2 SAME AS 1A2A1A1C2 SAME AS 1A2R19 SAME AS 1A2R17	5-22 5-22 5-22 5-22 5-22 5-22 5-22 5-22
A2A1A1CR3 A2A1A1CR4 A2A1A1C1 A2A1A1C2 A2A1A1C3 A2A1A1C4 A2A1A1C4 A2A1A1R1 A2A1A1R3 A2A1A1R5 A2A1A1R5 A2A1A1R7 A2A1A1R7	SAME AS 1A2A1A1CR1 SAME AS 1A2A1A1CR1 CAPACITOR,FIXED,METALIZED PAPER DIELECTRIC-1UF P/M20%,200VDCW, 0.625IN.X 0.170IN.X 0.260IN.,MER 02777,PN P12D. CAPACITOR,FIXED,ELECTROLYTIC-PLSTC INS,0.135IN.DIA,0.322IN.LG,MER 56289, PN 150D105X0035A2. SAME AS 1A2A1A1C2 SAME AS 1A2A1A1C2 SAME AS 1A2R19	5-22 5-22 5-22 5-22 5-22
A2A1A1CR4 A2A1A1C1 A2A1A1C2 A2A1A1C3 A2A1A1C4 A2A1A1R1 A2A1A1R3 A2A1A1R5 A2A1A1R5 A2A1A1R6 A2A1A1R7 A2A1A1R7	SAME AS 1A2A1A1CR1 CAPACITOR,FIXED,METALIZED PAPER DIELECTRIC-1UF P/M20%,200VDCW, 0.625IN.X 0.170IN.X 0.260IN.,MFR 02777,PN P12D. CAPACITOR,FIXED,ELECTROLYTIC-PLSTC INS,0.135IN.DIA,0.322IN.LG,MFR 56289, PN 150D105X0035A2. SAME AS 1A2A1A1C2 SAME AS 1A2A1A1C2 SAME AS 1A2R19	5-22 5-22 5-22 5-22
A2A1A1C1 A2A1A1C2 A2A1A1C3 A2A1A1C4 A2A1A1C4 A2A1A1R1 A2A1A1R3 A2A1A1R5 A2A1A1R6 A2A1A1R7 A2A1A1TP1	CAPACITOR, FIXED, METALIZED PAPER DIELECTRIC-1UF P/M20%, 200VDCW, 0.625IN.X 0.170IN.X 0.260IN., MFR 02777, PN P12D. CAPACITOR, FIXED, ELECTROLYTIC-PLSTC INS, 0.135IN.DIA, 0.322IN.LG, MFR 56289, PN 150D105X0035A2. SAME AS 1A2A1A1C2 SAME AS 1A2A1A1C2 SAME AS 1A2R19	5-22 5-22 5-22
A2A1A1C2 A2A1A1C3 A2A1A1C4 A2A1A1R1 A2A1A1R3 A2A1A1R5 A2A1A1R5 A2A1A1R6 A2A1A1R7 A2A1A1R7	0.625IN.X 0.170IN.X 0.260IN.,MFR 02777,PN P12D. CAPACITOR,FIXED,ELECTROLYTIC-PLSTC INS,0.135IN.DIA,0.322IN.LG,MFR 56289, PN 150D105X0035A2. SAME AS 1A2A1A1C2 SAME AS 1A2A1A1C2 SAME AS 1A2R19	5-22 5-22
A2A1A1C3 A2A1A1C4 A2A1A1R1 A2A1A1R3 A2A1A1R5 A2A1A1R5 A2A1A1R6 A2A1A1R7 A2A1A1R7	PN 150D105X0035A2. SAME AS 1A2A1A1C2 SAME AS 1A2A1A1C2 SAME AS 1A2R19	5-22
A2A1A1C4 A2A1A1R1 A2A1A1R3 A2A1A1R5 A2A1A1R6 A2A1A1R7 A2A1A1R7	SAME AS 1A2A1A1C2 SAME AS 1A2R19	
AZA1A1R1 AZA1A1R3 AZA1A1R5 AZA1A1R6 AZA1A1R7 AZA1A1R7	SAME AS 1A2R19	5-22
A2A1A1R3 A2A1A1R5 A2A1A1R6 A2A1A1R7 A2A1A1R7		
AZA1A1R5 AZA1A1R6 AZA1A1R7 AZA1A1TP1	SAME AS 1A2R17	5-22
AZALAIR6 AZALAIR7 AZALAITP1		5-22
AZALAIR7 AZALALTPI	RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION-MIL TYPE RC07GF392J	5-22
A2A1A1TP1	SAME AS 1A2A1A1R5	5-22
	SAME AS 1A2A1A1R5	5-22
A2A1A2C1	JACK,TIP-L-LOSS POLYAMIDE/MIL-P-17091,BE COP CONT,SIL PL EIN.,HORIZ, 0.156IN.X 0.203IN.X 0.410IN.OA DIM.,MER 74970,PN 105-751WHT.	5-22
1	CAPACITOR,FIXED,METALIZED PAPER DIELECTRIC-0.2UF P/M20%,200VDCW,2 WIRE LEAD TERM.,MFR 02777,PN P22D.	5-24
A2A1A2CR1	SAME AS 1A2A1A1CR1	5-24
A2A1A2C2	SAME AS 1A2A1A2C1	5-24
A2A1A2C3	SAME AS 1A2A1A2C1	5-24
A2A1A2C3	SAME AS 1A2A1A2C1	5-24
A2A1A2C4	SAME AS 1A2A1A2C1	5-24
A2A1A2R1	RESISTOR,FIXED,COMPOSITION-MIL TYPE MS35044-100	5-24
AZA1A2R2	RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF471J.	5-24
A2A1A2R3	SAME AS 1A2A1A2R2	5-24
A2A1A2R4	RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF153J.	5-24
A2A1A2R5	RESISTOR-MIL TYPE MS35043-80.	5-24
A2A1A2R6	RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF101J.	5-24
A2A1A3CR1	SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICE, DIODE-CASE STYLE D07, MFR 80131, PN 1N954.	5-25
A2A1A3CR2	SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICE, DIODE-MIL TYPE 1N628.	5-25
A2A1A3CR3	SAME AS 1A2A1A3CR2	5-25
A2A1A3C1	SAME AS 1A2A1A2C1	5-25
AZA1 A3C2	CAPACITOR-MIL TYPE CM06F302G03.	5-25
A2A1A3C3	CAPACITOR-MIL TYPE CC52UJ111G.	5-25
A2A1A3C4	CAPACITOR-MIL TYPE CM05F201G03.	5-25
A2A1A3C5	CAPACITOR-MIL TYPE CM06F821G03.	5-25
A2A1A3C6	SAME AS 1A2A1A3C2	5-25
A2A1A3C7	SAME AS 1A2A1A2C1	5-25

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NAVSHIPS 94841(A)

R-1051/URR PARTS LIST

TABLE 6-1. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST (Continued)

RE F DESIG	NOTES	NAME AND DESCRIPTION	FIG. NO.
A2A1A3C8		SAME AS 1A2A1A2C1	5-25
A2A1A3C9		CAPACITOR-MIL TYPE CM06F751G03.	5-25
A2A1A3L1		REACTOR-470UH NOM L,45L AT 7.9 NOM MCQ,18.0 OHMS MAX,500VDCW,0.400IN.X 0.500IN.OA DIM.,MFR 72259,PN VIH-470.	5-25
A2A1A3Q1		TRANSISTOR-MIL TYPE 201225.	5-25
A2A1A3Q2		SAME AS 1A2A1A3Q1	5-25
A2A1A3R1		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF754J.	5-25
A2A1A3R2		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RCC7GF105J.	5-25
AZA1A3R4		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF104J	5-25
A2A1A3R5		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF222J.	5-25
A2A1A3R6		SAME AS 1A2R17	5-25
A2A1A3R7		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF123J.	5-25
A2A1A3R8		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF183J.	5-25
A2A1A3R9		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF562J.	5-25
A2A1A3R1C		SAME AS 1A2A1A3R9	5-25
A2A1A3T1		TRANSFORMER,INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY-APPROX 107-2/3 TURNS CW,TEST DATA-INSTR-Q M,500KC,900CP P/N1PF,MFR 58189,PN 666162-422.	5-25
A2A1A3TP2		SAME AS 1A2A1A1TP1	5-25
A2A2		RECEIVER,INTERMEDIATE FREGUENCY/AUDID AMPLIFIER-MFR 58189,PN 666230-011.	5-14
A2A2P4		CONNECTOR,RECEPTACLE,ELECTRICAL-2.729IN.LG,0.494IN.W,25 CONT,ASB FILLED, INSERT,MER 71785,P/N DCM-25W3PC-31	5-29
A2A2T6		TRANSFORMER,RADIO FREQUENCY-CASE/MIL-T-27A,7500 DHMS P/M10% CT PRIM., 600 DHMS P/M10% CT SEC,0.187IN.X 1.000IN.X 1.187IN.OA DIM.,MFR DYNCC, PN J-813	5-26
A2A2A1CR1		SAME AS 1A2A1A1CR1	5-27
A2A2A1CR2		SAME AS 1A2A1A1CR1	5-27
A2A2A1CR3		SEMI,CONDUCTOR,DEVICE,DIODE-MIL TYPE 1N645	5-27
A2A2A1CR4		SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICE, DIODE-MIL TYPE 1N3064.	5-27
A2A2A1CR5		SAME AS 1A2A2A1CR4	5-27
A2A2A1C1		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA185IN.DIA, .510IN.L.,EXCLUDING TERMINALS,6.8MFD P/M 20% 35VDCW,MFR 56289,P/N 150D685X0035B2	5-27
A2A2A1C2		CAPACITOR,FIXED,ELECT510IN.LG, .185IN.DIA.,15MFD P/M 20% 20VDCW,MFR 56289,P/N 150D156X0020B2	5-27
A2A2A1C3		CAPACITOR,FIXED,ELECTROLYTIC-PLSTC INS,0.185IN.DIA,0.510IN.LG,MFR 56289, PN 150D396X901082.	5-27
A2A2A1C4		CAPACITOR,FIXED,METALIZED PAPER,PHENOLIC CUATING,0.500IN. X 0.235IN. X 0.160IN.,0.05 MFD P/M 20%,200 VDC,P.F. 1.5%,MFR 02777,P/N P052DS	5-27
A2A2A1C5		CAPACITOR,FIXED,ELECTROLYTIC-PLSTC INS,0.185IN.DIA,0.510IN.LG,MFR 56289,PN 150D226X0010B2.	5-27
A2A2A1C6		CAPACITOR,FIXED,ELECTROLYTIC-PLSTC INS,0.289IN.DIA,0.722IN.LG,MFR 56289, PN 150D226X0035R2.	5-27
A2A2A1C7		SAME AS 1A2A1A1C1	5-27
A2A2A1C8		SAME AS 1A2A1A3C5	5-27

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Table 6-1

TABLE 6-1. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST (Continued)

RE F DESIG	NOTES	NAME AND DESCRIPTION	FIG. NO.
A2A2A1C9		SAME AS 1A2A2A1C4	5-27
A2A2A1C10		SAME AS 1A2A1A3C5	5-27
A2A2A1C11		SAME AS 1A2A1A1C1	5-27
A2A2A1C12		SAME AS 1A2A2A1C2	5-27
A2A2A1C13		SAME AS 1A2A2A1C2	5-27
A2A2A1Q1		TRANSISTOR-MIL TYPE 2N1131.	5-27
A2A2A1Q2		SAME AS 1A2A2A1Q1	5-27
A2A2A1Q3		TRANSISTOR-MIL TYPE 2N706.	5-27
A2A2A1Q4		SAME AS 1A2A2A1Q3	5-27
A2A2A1Q5		SAME AS 1A2A2A1Q3	5-27
A2A2A1Q6		TRANSISTOR-MIL TYPE 2N328A	5-27
A2A2A1Q7		SAME AS 1A2A1A3Q1	5-27
A2A2A1Q8		SAME AS 1A2A1A3Q1	5-27
A2A2A1Q9		TRANSISTOR-MIL TYPE 2N652.	5-27
A2A2A1RT1		RESISTOR,THERMAL-5290 OHMSPLUS5%,4.8%/DEG C TEMP COEF,ODEG C TO 50DEG C TEMP RANGE,0.270IN.DIA,0.100IN.THK,MFR 75263,PN RL2006-2930-120-S4	5-27
AZAZA1R1		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF622J.	5-27
A2A2A1R2		SAME AS 1A2R17	5-27
A2A2A1R3		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF272J.	5-27
A2A2A1R4		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF182J.	5-27
A2A2A1R5		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF511J.	5-27
A2A2A1R6		RESISTOR,VARIABLE-0.500IN.LG,0.220IN.W,1000 OHMS P/M5%,MINUS65DEG C TO PLUSI75DEG C,MFR 80294,PN 3250W-66-102.	5-27
A2A2A1R7		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF332J.	5-27
A2A2A1R8		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF621J.	5-27
A2A2A1R9		SAME AS 1A2R17	5-27
AZAZA1R10		SAME AS 1A2R17	5-27
A2A2A1R11		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF752J.	5-27
AZAZAIR12		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF103J.	5-27
A2A2A1R13		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF682J.	5-27
A2A2AIR14		SAME AS 1A2R19	5-27
A2A2A1R15		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF362J.	5-27
A2A2A1R16		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF512J.	5-27
A2A2A1R17		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF683J.	5-27
A2A2A1R18		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R3	5-27
A2A2A1R19		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R17	5-27
A2A2A1R20		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R13	5-27
A2A2A1R21		SAME AS 1A2A1A1R5	5-27

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R-1051/URR PARTS LIST

TABLE 6-1. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST (Continued)

RE F DESIG	NOTES	NAME AND DESCRIPTION	FIG. NO.
A2A2A1R22		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-27
A2A2A1R23		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4	5-27
A2A2A1R24		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF201J.	5-27
A2A2A1R25		RESISTOR,VARIABLE-1.250IN.LG,0.190IN.W,5000 OHMS P/M5%,MINUS65DEG C TO PLUS175DEG C,MFR 80294,PN 224P-1-502.	5-27
A2A2A1R26		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-27
A2A2A1R27		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-27
A2A2A1R28		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-27
A2A2A1R29		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R3	5-27
A2A2A1R30		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF181J.	5-27
A2A2A1TP1		SAME AS 1A2A1A1TP1	5-27
A2A2A1TP2		SAME AS 1A2A1A1TP1	5-27
A2A2A1T1		TRANSFORMER RF-0.490IN.LG X 0.422IN.DIA.,500KC FREQ.,SECONDARY LOAD RESIS. 6.2 OHMS,DIELECTRIC VOLTAGE 100V.R.M.S.,MFR 58189,P/N 666231-368	5-27
A2A2A1T2		TRANSFORMER RF-0.422IN.DIA. X 0.490IN.LG.,500KC,PRIMARY LOAD 3.9K OHMS MFR 58189,P/N 666231-369	5-27
A2A2A2CR1		SAME AS 1A2A2A1CR3	5-30
A2A2A2C1		SAME AS 1A2A1A1C1	5-30
A2A2A2C2		SAME AS 1A2A1A1C1	5-30
A2A2A2C3		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA470IN.L.,.378IN.H., .220IN.THK.,820PF P/M 2% 300VDCW MFR 72136,P/N DM15E821G300V	5-30
A2A2A2C4		SAME AS 1A2A2A1C4	5-30
A2A2A2C5		SAME AS 1A2A2A1C4	5-30
A2A2A2C6		SAME AS 1A2A1A1C1	5-30
A2A2A2C7		SAME AS 1A2A2A1C4	5-30
A2A2A2C8		SAME AS 1A2A2A2C3	5-30
A2A2A2C9		SAME AS 1A2A1A1C1	5-30
A2A2A2C10		SAME AS 1A2A2A1C4	5-30
A2A2A2C11		SAME AS 1A2A2A2C3	5-30
A2A2A2C12		SAME AS 1A2A2A1C4	5-30
A2A2A2C13		SAME AS 1A2A2A1C4	5
A2A2A2C14		SAME AS 1A2A2A2C3	5-30
A2A2A2C15		SAME AS 1A2A1A1C1	5-30
A2A2A2C16		SAME AS 1A2A2A1C2	5-30
A2A2A2C17		SAME AS 1A2A2A1C2	5-30
A2A2A2C18		CAPACITOR,FIXED,ELECTROLYTIC-PLSTC INS,0.289IN.DIA,0.722IN.LG,MFR 56289, PN 150D476X0020R2.	5-30
A2A2A2C19		SAME AS 1A2A2A1C1	5-30
A2A2A2C20		SAME AS 1A2A2A1C2	5-30
A2A2A2C21		SAME AS 1A2A2A1C2	5-30

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Table 6-1

TABLE 6-1. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST (Continued)

RADIO RECEIVER R-1051/URR

RE F DESIG	NOTES	NAME AND DESCRIPTION	FIG. NO.
A2A2A2C22		SAME AS 1A2A2A1C2	5-30
A2A2A2C23		CAPACITOR, FIXED, CERAMIC DIELECTRIC-0.732IN.X 0.478IN.X 0.200IN., 1200UUF P/M5%, MFR 72136, PN DM20E122J500V.	5-30
A2A2A2C24		SAME AS 1A2A2A1C2	5-30
A2A2A2C25		SAME AS 1A2A2A1C2	5-30
A2A2A2C26		CAPACITOR,FIXED,CERAMIC DIELECTRIC-0.270IN.LG,0.270IN.W,0.005UF PLUS100% MINUS20%,75VDCW,MFR 86335,PN K4000N.005Z.	5-30
AZAZAZLI		COIL,RADIO FREQUENCY-10000UH P/M10%,0.410IN.LG,0.187IN.DIA,MFR 99800,PN 1537-756	5-30
A2A2A2Q1		SAME AS 1A2A1A3Q1	5-30
A2A2A2Q2		SAME AS 1A2A2A1Q3	5-30
AZAZA2Q3		SAME AS 1A2A2A1Q3	5-30
A2A2A2Q4		SAME AS 1A2A1A3Q1	5-30
A2A2A2Q5		SAME AS 1A2A1A3Q1	5-30
A2A2A2Q6		SAME AS 1A2A1A3Q1	5-30
A2A2A2Q7		SAME AS 1A2A2A1Q9	5-30
A2A2A2Q8		SAME AS 1A2A2A1Q9	5-30
A2A2A2Q9		TRANSISTOR-MIL TYPE 2N1183A	5-30
A2A2A2Q10		SAME AS 1A2A2A2Q9	5-30
A2A2A2R1		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4	5-30
A2A2A2R2		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-30
AZAZA2R3		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-30
AZAZAZR5		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF151J.	5-30
AZAZA2R6		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R2	5-30
AZAZAZR7		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF561J.	5-30
A2A2A2R8		SAME AS 1A2R17	5-30
A2A2A2R9		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF470J.	5-30
A2A2A2R10		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4	5-30
A2A2A2R11		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-30
A2A2A2R12		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-30
A2A2A2R13		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF220J.	5-30
A2A2A2R14		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4	5-30
A2A2A2R15		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-30
A2A2A2R16		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-30
A2A2A2R17		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R6	5-30
A2A2A2R18		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF620J.	5-30
A2A2A2R19		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4	5-30
A2A2A2R20		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-30
A2A2A2R21		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-30

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R-1051/URR PARTS LIST

TABLE 6-1. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST (Continued)

REF DESIG	NOTES	NAME AND DESCRIPTION	FIG. NO.
AZAZAZRZZ		RESISTOR,VARIABLE-0.500IN.LG,0.220IN.W,1000 OHMS P/M5%,MINUS65DEG C TO PLUS175DEG C,MFR 80294,PN 3250W-1-101.	5-30
A2A2A2R23		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF510J.	5-30
A2A2A2R24		SAME AS 1A2R9	5-30
A2A2A2R25		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF113J.	5-30
A2A2A2R26		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R5	5-30
A2A2A2R27		SAME AS 1A2R17	5-30
A2A2A2R28		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF163J.	5-30
A2A2A2R29		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF472J.	5-30
A2A2A2R3C		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R1	5-30
A2A2A2R31		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R18	5-30
A2A2A2R32		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R7	5-30
A2A2A2R33		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R8	5-30
A2A2A2R34		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF821J.	5-30
A2A2A2R35		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R9	5-30
A2A2A2R36		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-30
A2A2A2R37		RESISTOR,FIXED,COMPOSITION-MIL TYPE MS35043-47	5-30
A2A2A2R38		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R13	5-30
A2A2A2R39		SAME AS 1A2R19	5-30
A2A2A2T1		TRANSFORMER RF-0.4221N.DIA. X 0.490IN.LG,500KC FREQ.,SECONDARY LOAD RESIS. 330 OHMS,DIELECTRIC VOLTAGE 100V.R.M.S. MFR 58189,P/N 666231-364	5-30
A2A2A2T2		TRANSFORMER RF-0.490IN.LG, X 0.422IN.DIA.,500KC FREQ.,SECONDARY LOAD RESIS 22 GHMS,DIELECTRIC VOLTAGE 100V.R.M.S.,MFR 58189,P/N 666231-365	5-30
A2A2A2T3		TRANSFORMER RF-0.490IN.LG. X 0.422IN.DIA.,500KC FREQ.,SECONDARY LCAD RESIS 62 OHMS,DIELECTRIC VOLTAGE 100V.R.M.S.,MFR 58189,P/N 666231-366	5-30
A2A2A2T4		TRANSFORMER RF-C.490IN.LG. X 0.422IN.DIA.,51 OHMS,DIELECTRIC VOLTAGE 100 V.R.M.S.,MFR 58189,P/N 666231-367	5-30
A2A2A2T5		TRANSFORMER,AUDIO FREQUENCY-MLD EPDXY RESIN CASE,25000 OHMS P/M10% CT PRIM.,1200 OHMS P/M10% CT SEC,0.781IN.X 0.531IN.X 0.875IN.OA DIM.,MFR 00348,PN M4162.	5-30
A2A2A3C1		SAME AS 1A2A2A1C3	5-28
A2A2A3C2		CAPACITOR,FIXED,CERAMIC DIELECTRIC-0.200IN.LG,0.200IN.W,0.002UF PLUS100% MINUS20%,75VDCW,MFR 86335,PN K4C00N.002Z	5-28
A2A2A3C3		SAME AS 1A2A2A3C2	5-28
A2A2A3C4		SAME AS 1A2A2A1C3	5-28
A2A2A3C5		SAME AS 1A2A1A1C1	5-28
A2A2A3C6		SAME AS 1A2A2A2C3	5-28
A2A2A3C7		SAME AS 1A2A2A2C26	5-28
A2A2A3CR1		SAME AS 1A2A1A1CR1	5-28
A2A2A3CR2		SAME AS 1A2A1A1CR1	5-28
A2A2A3L1		INDUCTOR VARIABLE-0.422IN.DIA. X 0.490IN.LG.,500KC FREQ.,MFR 58189,P/N 666231-750	5-28

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Table 6-1

TABLE 6-1. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST (Continued)

RADIO RECEIVER R-1051/URR

RE F DESIG	NOTES	NAME AND DESCRIPTION	FIG. NO.
A2A2A3Q1		SAME AS 1A2A1A3Q1	
A2A2A3Q2		SAME AS 1A2A1A3G1	5-28
A2A2A3Q3		SAME AS 1A2A1A3Q1	5-28
A2A2A3R1		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF130J.	5-28
A2A2A3R2		SAME AS 1A2R9	5-28
A2A2A3R3		SAME AS 1A2A2A3R1	5-28
A2A2A3R4		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R4	5-28
A2A2A3R5		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RCC7GF202J.	5-28
A2A2A3R6		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-28
A2A2A3TP3		SAME AS 1A2A1A1TP1	5-28
A2A2A3T1		SAME AS 1A2A2A2T5	5-28
A2A3		SAME AS 1A2A2	5-14
A2A3P4		SAME AS 1A2A2P4	5-29
A2A3T6		SAME AS 1A2A2T6	5-26
A2A3A1CR1		SAME AS 1A2A1A1CR1	5-27
A2A3A1CR2		SAME AS 1A2A1A1CR1	5-27
A2A3A1CR3		SAME AS 1A2A2A1CR3	5-27
A2A3A1CR4		SAME AS 1A2A2A1CR4	5-27
A2A3A1CR5		SAME AS 1A2A2A1CR4	5-27
A2A3A1C1		SAME AS 1A2A2A1C1	5-27
A2A3A1C2		SAME AS 1A2A2A1C2	5-27
A2A3A1C3		SAME AS 1A2A2A1C3	5-27
A2A3A1C4		SAME AS 1A2A2A1C4	5-27
A2A3A1C5		SAME AS 1A2A2A1C5	5-27
A2A3A1C6		SAME AS 1A2A2A1C6	5-27
A2A3A1C7		SAME AS 1A2A1A1C1	5-27
A2A3A1C8		SAME AS 1A2A1A3C5	5-27
A2A3A1C9		SAME AS 1A2A2A1C4	5-27
A2A3A1C1C		SAME AS 1A2A1A3C5	5-27
A2A3A1C11		SAME AS 1A2A1A1C1	5-27
A2A3A1C12		SAME AS 1A2A2A1C2	5-27
A2A3A1C13		SAME AS 1A2A2A1C2	5-27
A2A3A1Q1		SAME AS 1AZAZAIQI	5-27
A2A3A1C2		SAME AS 1A2A2A1Q1	5-27
A2A3A1C3		SAME AS 1A2A2A1Q3	5-27
A2A3A1Q4		SAME AS 1A2A2A1Q3	5-27
A2A3A1Q5		SAME AS 1A2A2A1Q3	5-27

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NAVSHIPS 94841(A)

R-1051/URR PARTS LIST

TABLE 6-1. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST (Continued)

RE F DESIG	NOTES	NAME AND DESCRIPTION	FIG. NO.
AZA3A1Q6		SAME AS 1A2A2A1Q6	
A2A3A1Q7			5-27
A2A3A1Q8		SAME AS 1A2A1A3Q1 Same as 1a2a1a3Q1	5-27
A2A3A1Q9		SAME AS 1AZATASQ1 SAME AS 1AZAZA1Q9	5-27
A2A3A1RT1		SAME AS IAZAZAINY SAME AS IAZAZAINY	5-27
A2A3A1R1		SAME AS 1A2A2AIR1	5-27
A2A3A1R2		SAME AS 1A2R17	5-27
A2A3A1R3		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R3	5-27
A2A3A1R4		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R5	5-27
A2A3A1R5		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R5	5-27
A2A3A1R6		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R6	5-27
A2A3A1R7		SAME AS 1A2A2A1RO	5-27
A2A3A1R8		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R8	5-27
A2A3A1R9		SAME AS 1A2R17	5-27
A2A3A1R10		SAME AS 1A2R17	5-27 5-27
A2A3A1R11		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R11	5-27
A2A3A1R12		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-27
A2A3A1R13		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R13	5-27
A2A3A1R14		SAME AS 1A2R19	5-27
A2A3A1R15		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R15	5-27
A2A3A1R16		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R16	5-27
A2A3A1R17		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R17	5-27
A2A3A1R18		SAME AS 1AZAZA1R3	5-27
A2A3A1R19		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R17	5-27
A2A3A1R20		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R13	5-27
A2A3A1R21		SAME AS 1A2A1A1R5	5-27
A2A3A1R22		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-27
A2A3A1R23		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4	5-27
A2A3A1R24		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R24	5-27
A2A3A1R25		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R25	5-27
A2A3A1R26		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-27
A2A3A1R27		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-27
A2A3A1R28		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-27
A2A3A1R29		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R3	5-27
A2A3A1R30		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R30	5-27
A2A3A1TP1		SAME AS 1A2A1A1TP1	5-27
A2A3A1TP2		SAME AS 1A2A1A1TP1	5-27

NAVSHIPS 94841(A)

Table 6-1

TABLE 6-1. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST (Continued)

RADIO RECEIVER R-1051/URR

REF DESIG	NOTES	NAME AND DESCRIPTION	FIG. NO.
A2A3A1T1		SAME AS 1A2A2A1T1	5-27
A2A3A1T2		SAME AS 1A2A2A1T2	5-27
A2A3A2CR1		SAME AS 1A2A2A1CR3	5-30
A2A3A2C1		SAME AS 1A2A1A1C1	5-30
A2A3A2C2		.SAME AS 1A2A1A1C1	5-30
AZA3A2C3		SAME AS 1A2A2A2C3	5-30
A2A3A2C4		SAME AS 1A2A2A1C4	5-30
A2A3A2C5		SAME AS 1A2A2A1C4	5-30
A2A3A2C6		SAME AS 1AZA1A1C1	5-30
A2A3A2C7		SAME AS 1A2A2A1C4	5-30
A2A3A2C8		SAME AS 1A2A2A2C3	5-30
A2A3A2C9		SAME AS 1A2A1A1C1	5-30
A2A3A2C10		SAME AS 1A2A2A1C4	5-30
A2A3A2C11		SAME AS 1A2A2A2C3	5-30
A2A3A2C12		SAME AS 1A2A2A1C4	5-30
A2A3A2C13		SAME AS 1A2A2A1C4	5-30
A2A3A2C14		SAME AS 1A2A2A2C3	5-30
A2A3A2C15		SAME AS 1A2A1A1C1	5-30
A2A3A2C16		SAME AS 1A2A2A1C2	5-30
A2A3A2C17		SAME AS 1A2A2A1C2	5-30
A2A3A2C18		SAME AS 1A2A2A2C18	5-30
A2A3A2C19		SAME AS 1A2A2A1C1	5-30
A2A3A2C20		SAME AS 1A2A2A1C2	5-30
A2A3A2C21		SAME AS 1A2A2A1C2	5-30
A2A3A2C22		SAME AS 1A2A2A1C2	5-30
A2A3A2C23		SAME AS 1A2A2A2C23	5-30
A2A3A2C24		SAME AS 1A2A2A1C2	5-30
A2A3A2C25		CAPACITOR,FIXED,ELECTROLYTIC-PLSTC INS,0.289IN.DIA,0.722IN.LG,MFR 56289, P/N 150D476X0035S2	5-30
A2A3A2C26		SAME AS 1A2A2A2C26	5-30
A2A3A2L1		SAME AS 1A2A2A2L1	5-30
A2A3A2Q1		SAME AS 1AZA1A3Q1	5-30
A2A3A2Q2		SAME AS 1A2A2A1Q3	5-30
A2A3A2Q3		SAME AS 1A2A2A1Q3	5-30
A2A3A2Q4		SAME AS 1A2A1A3Q1	5-30
A2A3A2Q5		SAME AS 1A2A1A3Q1	5-30
A2A3A2Q6		SAME AS 1A2A1A3Q1	5-30
A2A3A2Q7		SAME AS 1A2A2A1Q9	5-30

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NAVSHIPS 94841(A)

R-1051/URR PARTS LIST

TABLE 6-1. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST (Continued)

RE F DESIG	NOTES	NAME AND DESCRIPTION	FIG. NO.
A2A3A2Q8		SAME AS 1A2A2A1Q9	5-30
A2A3A2Q9		SAME AS 1A2A2A2Q9	5-30
A2A3A2Q10		SAME AS 1A2A2A2Q9	5-30
A2A3A2R1		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4	5-30
A2A3A2R2		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-30
A2A3A2R3		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-30
A2A3A2R5		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R5	5-30
A2A3A2R6		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R2	5-30
A2A3A2R7		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R7	5-30
A2A3A2R8		SAME AS 1A2R17	5-30
A2A3A2R9		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R9	5-30
A2A3A2R10		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4	5-30
A2A3A2R11		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-30
A2A3A2R12		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-30
A2A3A2R13		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R13	5-30
A2A3A2R14		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4	5-30
A2A3A2R15		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-30
A2A3A2R16		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-30
A2A3A2R17		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R6	5-30
A2A3A2R18		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R18	5-30
A2A3A2R19		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4	5-30
A2A3A2R20		SAME AS 1AZAZA1R12	5-30
A2A3A2R21		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-30
A2A3A2R22		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R22	5-30
A2A3A2R23		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R23	5-30
A2A3A2R24		SAME AS 1A2R9	5-30
A2A3A2R25		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R25	5-30
A2A3A2R26		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R5	5-30
A2A3A2R27		SAME AS 1A2R17	5-30
A2A3A2R28		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R28	5-30
A2A3A2R29		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R29	5-30
A2A3A2R30		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R1	5-30
A2A3A2R31		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R18	5-30
A2A3A2R32		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R7	5-30
A2A3A2R33		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R8	5-30
A2A3A2R34		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R34	5-30
A2A3A2R35		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R9	5-30
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Table 6-1

TABLE 6-1. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST (Continued)

RADIO RECEIVER R-1051/URR

RE F DESIG	NOTES	NAME AND DESCRIPTION	FIG. NO.
A2A3A2R36		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-30
A2A3A2R37		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R37	5-30
A2A3A2R38		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R13	5-30
A2A3A2R39		SAME AS 1A2R19	5-30
A2A3A2T1		SAME AS 1A2A2A2T1	5-30
A2A3A2T2		SAME AS 1A2A2A2T2	5-30
A2A3A2T3		SAME AS 1A2A2A2T3	5-30
A2A3A2T4		SAME AS 1A2A2A2T4	5-30
A2A3A2T5		SAME AS 1A2A2A2T5	5-30
A2A3A3C1		SAME AS 1A2A2A1C3	5-28
A2A3A3C2		SAME AS 1A2A2A3C2	5-28
A2A3A3C3		SAME AS 1A2A2A3C2	5-28
A2A3A3C4		SAME AS 1A2A2A1C3	5-28
A2A3A3C5		SAME AS 1A2A1A1C1	5-28
A2A3A3C6		SAME AS 1A2A2A2C3	5-28
A2A3A3C7		SAME AS 1A2A2A2C26	5-28
A2A3A3CR1		SAME AS 1A2A1A1CR1	5-28
A2A3A3CR2		SAME AS 1A2A1A1CR1	5-28
AZA3A3L1		SAME AS 1A2A2A3L1	5-28
A2A3A3Q1		SAME AS 1A2A1A3Q1	5-28
A2A3A3Q2		SAME AS 1A2A1A3Q1	5-28
A2A3A3Q3		SAME AS 1A2A1A3Q1	5-28
A2A3A3R1		SAME AS 1A2A2A3R1	5-28
A2A3A3R2		SAME AS 1A2R9	5-28
A2A3A3R3		SAME AS 1A2A2A3R1	5~28
A2A3A3R4		SAME AS 1A2R9	5-28
A2A3A3R5		SAME AS 1A2A2A3R5	5-28
A2A3A3R6		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-28
A2A3A3TP3		SAME AS 1A2A1A1TP1	5-28
A2A3A3T1		SAME AS 1A2A2A2T5	5-28
A2A4		AMPLIFIER,RADIO FREQUENCY-MFR 58189,PN 666230-019.	5-14
A2A4B1		MOTOR,DIRECT CURRENT-MIL-M-8609A/ASC/ REQ,26VDC P/M0.5V,240MA MAX AT RT LOAD,CONT DUTY CY,DIELECTRIC STR 500VRMS FOR 1 MIN,OR 600VRMS FOR 1 SEC, LIFE 1000HR MIN,BRUSH LIFE 500HR MIN,MFR 58189,PN 666162-727.	5-52
A2A4C1		CAPACITOR,FIXED,CERAMIC,.340IN.LG.,.480IN.HIGH EXCLUDING TERMINALS .125 IN.THK.,10,000 PF P/M 20%,75 VDCW,MFR 86335,P/N SSM01-88	5-50
A2A4C2		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-50
A2A4C3		CAPACITOR-MIL TYPE CK63AW103M	5-50
A2A4C4		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-50
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R-1051/URR PARTS LIST

TABLE 6-1. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST (Continued)

RE F DESIG	NOTES	NAME AND DESCRIPTION	FIG. NO.
A2A4C5		CAPACITOR,FIXED,CERAMIC DIELECTRIC-0.465IN.X 0.388IN.X 0.226IN.,330UUF P/M5%,MFR 72136,PN DM15E331J500V.	5-50
A2A4C6		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-50
A2A4C7		SAME AS 1A2A4C3	5-50
A2A4C8		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.470IN.LG,0.400IN.W,356UUF P/M1/2%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15F3560D500V.	5-50
A2A4C9		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.475IN.LG,0.400IN.W,775UUF P/M1/2%, 300VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15F7750D300V.	5-50
A2A4C10		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-50
A2A4C11		SAME AS 1A2A4C8	5-50
A2A4C12		SAME AS 1A2A4C9	5-50
A2A4C13		SAME AS 1A2A4C8	5-50
A2A4C14		SAME AS 1A2A4C9	5~50
A2A4C15		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5~50
A2A4C16		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-50
A2A4C17		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-50
A2A4C18		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-50
A2A4C19		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.470IN.LG,0.400IN.W,369UUF P/M1/2%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15F3690D500V.	5-50
A2A4C20		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.470IN.LG,0.400IN.W,784UUF P/M1/2%, 300VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15F7840D300V.	5-50
A2A4K1		RELAY,ARMATURE-ELECTROMAGNETIC,HERMETICALLY SEALED,2 FORM C/DPDT/, RESISTIVE 3AMP AT 28VDC,1AMP AT 115VAC,COIL DATA-975 OHMS DC P/M10% AT 25DEG C,26.5VDC RTV P/M5%,0.396IN.X 1.085IN.X 1.320IN.OA DIM.,MFR 71482, PN RP7632G-48.	5-31
A2A4MP72		GEAR,ROTOR,DRIVE,CRES,CLASS 303,ROD,O.D. 1.792IN. X 0.1875 IN. I.D. X 0.281IN.THK.,MFR 58189,P/N 666230-271	5-52
A2A4MP73		SAME AS 1A2A4MP72	5-52
A2A4MP74		GEAR,TURR,DR,7.1875IN.DIA. X 0.250IN.H.,344 TEETH,48 DIAMETRAL PITCH, MFR 58189,P/N 666230-241	5-31
A2A4NP78		BEARING,MOD,RACE AND BALL STEEL WITH BRONZE SEPERATOR,5.500IN. D.D.,.250 IN.THK.,5.000IN.ID.,MFR 58189,P/N 666162-739	5-31
A2A4P1		CONNECTOR,RECEPTACLE,ELECTRICAL-1.541IN.LG,0.494IN.W,15 CONT,ASB FILLED, INSERT DAM-15,MFR 71468,PN DAM-15PC31.	5-31
A2A4R1		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF473J.	5-50
A2A4R2		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R23	5-50
42A4R4		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R29	5-50
A2A4V1		ELECTRON TUBE-MIL TYPE 6AN5WA.	5-50
A2A4V2		ELECTRON TUBE-MIL TYPE 6BZ6	5-50
A2A4A1C1		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-51
A2A4A1C2		SAME AS 1A2A2A1C2	5-51
A2A4A1C3		SAME AS 1A2A2A1C2	5-51
A2A4A1R1		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF623J	5-51

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Table 6-1

TABLE 6-1. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST (Continued)

RE F DESIG	NOTES	NAME AND DESCRIPTION	FIG. NO.
A2A4A1R2		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF753J.	5-51
A2A4A1R3		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R5	5-51
A2A4A1R4		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE MS35043-82.	5-51
A2A4A1R5		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE MS35043-71	5-51
A2A4A1R6		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE MS35043-65.	5-51
A2A4A2		TUNING UNIT,RADIO FREQUENCY-OUPT FREQ RT 2MC NOM,0.625IN.X 1.000IN.X 3.875IN.,MFR 58189,PN 666230-286.	5-49
A2A4A2C1		CAPACITOR,FIXED,CERAMIC DIELECTRIC-0.240IN.LG,0.160IN.DIA,2.2UUF P/M5%, 500VDCW,MFR 78488,PN GA2R2J500V.	5-49
A2A4A2C2		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.460IN.LG,0.370IN.W,126UUF P/M1/2%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15F1260D500V.	5-49
A2A4A2C3		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.460IN.LG,0.370IN.W,132UUF P/M1/2%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15F1320D500V.	5-49
A2A4A2C4		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.470IN.LG,0.390IN.W,250UUF P/M1/2%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15F2500D500V.	5-49
A2A4A2T1		TRANSFORMER VAR RF DIA.0.422IN. X 0.490IN.LG. 11 MC FREQ. 125 PF COIL CAP, MFR 58189,P/N 809000-264	5-49
A2A4A2T2		TRANSFORMER VAR RF 0.422IN.DIA. X 0.490IN.LG. 12MC FREQ. 130PF COIL CAP, MFR 58189,P/N 809000-320	5-49
A2A4A2T3		TRANSFORMER VAR RF-0.490IN.LG. X 0.422IN.DIA.,7 MC, 188 PF,MFR 58189,P/N 809000-287	5-49
A2A4A2T4		TRANSFORMER VAR RF-0.656IN.LG. X 0.535IN.DIA.,2 MC, 754 PF,MFR 58189,P/N 809000-201	5-49
A2A4A3		TUNING UNIT,RADIO FREQUENCY-OUPT FREQ RT 3MC NOM,0.625IN.X 1.000IN.X 3.875IN.,MFR 58189,PN 666230-287.	5-33
A2A4A3C1		CAPACITOR,FIXED,CERAMIC DIELECTRIC-0.290IN.LG,0.160IN.DIA,2.0UUF P/M5%, 500VDCW,MFR 78488,PN GA2R0J500V.	5-33
A2A4A3C2		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.460IN.LG,0.370IN.W,115UUF P/M1/2%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15F1150D500V.	5-33
A2A4A3C3		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.460IN.LG,0.370IN.W,120UUF P/M1/2%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15F1200D500V	5-33
A2A4A3C4		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.460IN.LG,0.380IN.W,208UUF P/M1/2%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15F2080500V.	5-33
A2A4A3C5		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC750IN.LG, .510IN.H., .200IN.THK,1253PF P/M 1/2% 300VDCW,MFR 72136,P/N DM20F12530D300V	5-33
A2A4A3T1		TRANSFORMER VAR RF DIA.0.422IN. X 0.490IN.LG. 12 MC FREQ. 114 PF COIL CAP MFR 58189,P/N 809000-265	5-33
A2A4A3T2		TRANSFORMER VAR RF 0.422IN.DIA. X 0.490IN.LG. 13 MC FREQ. 122PF COIL CAP, MFR 58189,P/N 809000-321	5-33
A2A4A3T3		TRANSFORMER VAR RF-0.490IN.LG. X 0.422IN.DIA., 8 MC,163 PF,MFR 58189,P/N 809000-308	5-33
A2 A4 A3 T4		TRANSFORMER VAR RF-0.656IN.LG. X 0.535IN.DIA.,3 MC,482 PF,MFR 58189,P/N 809000-202	5-33
A2A4A4		TUNING UNIT,RADIO FREQUENCY-OUPT FREQ RT 4MC NOM,0.625IN.X 1.000IN.X 3.875IN.,MFR 58189,PN 666230-288.	5-34
A2A4A4C1		SAME AS 1A2A4A3C1	5-34
A2A4A4C2		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.460IN.LG,0.370IN.W,105UUF P/M1/2%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15F1050D500V.	5-34
			6-1

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R-1051/URR PARTS LIST

TABLE 6-1. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST (Continued)

RE F DESIG	NOTES	NAME AND DESCRIPTION	FIG. NO.
A2A4A4C3		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.460IN.LG,0.370IN.W,111UUF P/M1/2%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15F1110D500V.	5-34
A2A4A4C4		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.460IN.LG,0.370IN.W,179UUF P/M1/2%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15F1790D500V.	5-34
A2A4A4C5		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.470IN.LG,0.390IN.W,629UUF P/M1/2%, 300VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15F6290D300V.	5~34
A2A4A4T1		TRANSFORMER VAR RF DIA.0.422IN. X 0.490IN.LG.14MC FREQ.99.4PF COIL CAP, MFR 58189,P/N 809000-266	5-34
A2A4A4T2		TRANSFORMER VAR RF 0.422IN.DIA. X 0.490IN.LG. 14 MC FREQ. 115PF COIL CAP, MFR 58189,P/N 809000-322	5-34
A2A4A4T3		TRANSFORMER VAR RF-0.490IN.LG. X 0.422IN.DIA.,9 MC,1450 PF,MFR 58189,P/N 809000-288	5-34
A2A4A4T4		TRANSFORMER VAR RF-0.656IN.LG. X 0.535IN.DIA.,4 MC,358 PF,MFR 58189,P/N 809000-203	5-34
A2A4A5		TUNING UNIT,RADIO FREQUENCY-OUPT FREQ RT 5MC NOM,0.625IN.X 1.000IN.X 3.875IN.,MFR 58189,PN 666230-289.	5-35
A2A4A5C1		SAME AS 1A2A4A3C1	5-35
A2A4A5C2		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.460IN.LG,0.360IN.W,97UUF P/M1%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15F970F500V.	5-35
A2A4A5C3		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.460IN.LG,0.370IN.W,103UUF P/M1/2%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15F1030D500V.	5-35
A2A4A5C4		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.460IN.LG,0.370IN.W,157UUF P/M1/2%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15F1570D500V.	5-35
A2A4A5C5		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.460IN.LG,0.380IN.W,422UUF P/M1/2%, 300VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15F4220D300V.	5-35
A2A4A5T1		TRANSFORMER VAR RF DIA.0.422IN. X 0.490IN.LG. 15MC FREQ 93 PF COIL CAP, MFR 58189,P/N 809000-267	5-35
A2A4A5T2		TRANSFORMER VAR RF 0.422IN.DIA. X 0.490IN.LG. 15 MC FREQ. 109PF COIL CAP, MFR 58189,P/N 809000-323	5-35
A2A4A5T3		TRANSFORMER VAR RF-0.490IN.LG. X 0.422IN.DIA.,10 MC,131.5 PF,MFR 58189,P/N 809000-289	5-35
A2A4A5T4		TRANSFORMER VAR RF-0.656IN.LG. X 0.535IN.DIA.,5 MC,286 PF,MFR 58189,P/N 809000-204	5-35
A2A4A6		TUNING UNIT,RADIO FREQUENCY-OUPT FREQ RT 6MC NOM,0.625IN.X 1.000IN.X 3.875IN.,MFR 58189,PN 666230-290.	5-36
A2A4A6C1		SAME AS 1A2A4A3C1	5-36
A2A4A6C2		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.460IN.LG,0.360IN.W,91UUF P/M1%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15E910F500V.	5-36
A2A4A6C3		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.460IN.LG,0.360IN.W,96UUF P/M1%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15F960F500V.	5-36
A2A4A6C4		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.460IN.LG,0.370IN.W,140UUF P/M1/2%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15F1400D500V.	5-36
A2A4A6C5		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.470IN.LG,0.390IN.W,318UUF P/M1/2%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15F3180D500V.	5-36
A2A4A6T1		TRANSFORMER VAR RF DIA.0.422IN. X 0.490IN.LG. 16 MC FREQ.87.6 PF COIL CAP MFR 58189,P/N 809000-268	5-36
A2A4A6T2		TRANSFORMER VAR RF 0.422IN.DIA. X 0.490IN.LG. 16 MC FREQ. 103PF COIL CAP, MFR 58139,P/N 809000-324	5-36
A2A4A6T3		TRANSFORMER VAR RF-0.490IN.LG. X 0.422IN.DIA., 11 MC, 124 PF,MFR 58189,P/N 809000-290	5-36

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Table 6-1

TABLE 6-1. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST (Continued)

RADIO RECEIVER R-1051/URR

RE F DESIG	NOTES	NAME AND DESCRIPTION	FIG. NO.
A2A4A6T4		TRANSFORMER VAR RF-0.656IN.LG. X 0.535IN.DIA.,6 MC,240 PF,MFR 58189,P/N 809000-205	5-36
A2A4A7		TUNING UNIT,RADIO FREQUENCY-OUPT FREQ RT 7MC NOM,0.625IN.X 1.000IN.X 3.875IN.,MFR 58189,PN 666230-291.	5-36
A2A4A7C1		SAME AS 1A2A4A3C1	5-36
A2:A4 A7C2		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.460IN.LG,0.360IN.W,85UUF P/M1%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15F850F5C0V.	5-36
A2A4A7C3		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.460IN.LG,0.360IN.W,90UUF P/M1%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15F9C0F500V.	5-36
A2A4A7C4		SAME AS 1A2A4A2C2	5-36
A2A4A7C5		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.470IN.LG,0.390IN.W,256UUF P/M1/2%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15F2560D500V.	5-36
A2A4A7T1		TRANSFORMER VAR RF DIA.0.422IN. X 0.490IN.LG. 17 MC FREQ.82.7PF COIL CAP, MFR 58189,P/N 809000-269	5-36
A2A4A7T2		TRANSFORMER VAR RF 0.422IN.DIA. X 0.490IN.LG. 17MC FREQ. 98.8PF COIL CAP, MFR 58189,P/N 809000-325	5-36
A2A4A7T3		TRANSFORMER VAR RF-0.490IN.LG. X 0.422IN.DIA., 12 MC,113 PF,MFR 58189,P/N 809000-291	5-36
A2A4A7T4		TRANSFORMER VAR RF-0.656IN.LG. X 0.535IN.DIA.,7 MC,208 PF,MFR 58189,P/N 809000-206	5-36
A2 A4 A8		TUNING UNIT,RADIO FREQUENCY-DUPT FREQ RT 8MC NOM,0.625IN.X 1.000IN.X 3.875IN.,MFR 58189,PN 666230-292.	5-35
A2A4A8C1		CAPACITOR,FIXED,CERAMIC DIELECTRIC-0.290IN.LG,0.160IN.DIA,1.8UUF P/M5%, 500VDCW,MFR 78488,PN GAIR8J500V	5-35
A2A4A8C2		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.450IN.LG,0.360IN.W.80UUF P/M1%, 500VDCW.MFR 72136,PN DM15E800F500V.	5-35
A2A4A8C3		SAME AS 1A2A4A7C2	5-35
A2A448C4		SAME AS 1A2A4A3C2	5-35
A2A4A8C5		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.460IN.LG,0.380IN.W,214UUF P/M1/2%, 5COVDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15F2140D500V.	5-35
A2A4A8T1		TRANSFORMER VAR RF DIA.0.422IN. X 0.490IN.LG.18 MC FREQ.78.6PF COIL CAP, MFR 58189,P/N 809000-270	5-35
A2A4A8T2		TRANSFORMER VAR RF 0.422IN.DIA. X 0.490IN.LG. 18MC FREQ. 94.6PF COIL CAP, MFR 58189,P/N 809000-326	5-35
A2A4A8T3		TRANSFORMER VAR RF-0.490IN.LG. X 0.422IN.DIA.,13 MC,104.6 PF,MFR 58189,P/N 809000-292	5-35
A2A4A8T4		TRANSFORMER VAR RF-0.656IN.LG. X 0.535IN.DIA.,8 MC,185 PF,MFR 58189,P/N 809000-207	5~35
A2 A4 A9		TUNING UNIT,RADIO FREQUENCY-OUPT FREQ RT 9MC NOM,0.625IN.X 1.000IN.X 3.875IN.,MFR 58189,PN 666230-293.	5-37
A2A4A9C1		SAME AS 1A2A4A8C1	5-37
A2A4A9C2		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.450IN.LG,0.360IN.W,75UUF P/M1%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15E750F500V.	5-37
A2A4A9C3		SAME AS 1A2A4A8C2	5-37
A2A4A9C4		SAME AS 1A2A4A4C2	5-37
A2 A4 A9C5		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.460IN.LG,0.380IN.W,185UUF P/M1/2%, 500VDCK,MFR 72I36,PN DM15F1850D500V.	5-37

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TABLE 6-1. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST (Continued)

RE F DESIG	NOTES	NAME AND DESCRIPTION	FIG. NO.
A2A4A9T1		TRANSFORMER VAR RF DIA.0.422IN. X 0.490IN.LG. 19 MC FREQ.75 PF COIL CAP, MFR 58189,P/N 809000-271	5-37
A2A4A9T2		TRANSFORMER VAR RF 0.422IN.DIA. X 0.490IN.LG. 19MC FREQ. 90.9PF COIL CAP, MFR 58189,P/N 809000-327	5-37
A2A4A9T3		TRANSFORMER VAR RF-0.490IN.LG. X 0.422IN.DIA., 14 MC,97 PF,MFR 58189,P/N 809000-293	5-37
A2A4A9T4		TRANSFORMER VAR RF-0.656IN.LG. X 0.535IN.DIA.,9 MC,166 PF,MFR 58189,P/N 809000-208	5-37
A2A4A9Y1		CRYSTAL UNIT,QUARTZ-MATL/MIL-C-3098B,21.000MC,0.399IN.X 0.515IN.X 0.166IN.DA DIM.,MFR 58189,PN 666162-598.	5-37
A2A4A10		TUNING UNIT,RADIO FREQUENCY-OUPT FREQ RT 10MC NOM,0.625IN.X 1.000IN.X 3.875IN.,MFR 58189,PN 666230-294.	5-38
A2A4A10C1		SAME AS 1A2A4ABC1	5-38
A2A4A10C2		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.450IN.LG,0.360IN.W,71UUF P/M1%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15E710F500V.	5-38
A2A4A10C3		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.450IN.LG,0.360IN.W,76UUF P/M1%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15E760F500V.	5-38
A2A4A10C4		SAME AS 1A2A4A5C2	5-38
A2A4A10C5		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.460IN.LG,0.370IN.W,163UUF P/M1/2%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15F1630D500V.	5-38
A2A4A10T1		TRANSFORMER VAR RF DIA.0.422IN. X 0.490IN.LG. 20 MC FREQ. 71.6PF COIL CAP MFR 58189,P/N 809000-272	5-38
A2A4A10T2		TRANSFORMER VAR RF 0.422IN.DIA. X 0.490IN.LG. 20MC FREQ. 87.6PF COIL CAP, MFR 58189,P/N 809000-328	5-38
A2A4A10T3		TRANSFORMER VAR RF-0.490IN.LG. X 0.422IN.DIA., 15 MC,91 PF,MFR 58189,P/N 809000-294	5-38
A2A4A10T4		TRANSFORMER VAR RF-0.656IN.LG. X 0.535IN.DIA.,10 MC,152 PF,MFR 58189,P/N 8090C0-209	5-38
A2A4A10Y1		CRYSTAL UNIT,QUARTZ,MATL/MIL-C-30988,19.000MC,0.399IN.X 0.515IN.X 0.166IN.OA DIM.,MFR 58189,PN 666162-597.	5-38
A2A4A11		TUNING UNIT,RADIO FREQUENCY-DUPT FREQ RT 11MC NDM,0.625IN.X 1.000IN.X 3.875IN.,MFR 58189,PN 666230-295.	5-39
A2A4A11C1		SAME AS 1A2A4A3C1	5-39
A2A4A11C2		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.450IN.LG,0.360IN.W,67UUF P/M1%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15E67CF500V.	5-39
A2A4A11C3		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.450IN.LG,0.360IN.W,73UUF P/M1%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15E730F500V.	5-39
A2A4A11C4		SAME AS 1A2A4A6C2	5-39
A2A4A11C5		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.460IN.LG,0.370IN.W,146UUF P/M1/2%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15F1460D500V.	5-39
A2A4A11T1		TRANSFORMER VAR RF DIA.0.422IN. X 0.490IN.LG. 21 MC FREQ. 68.5PF COIL CAP MFR 58189,P/N 809000-273	5-39
A2A4A11T2		TRANSFORMER VAR RF 0.422IN.DIA. X 0.490IN.LG. 21MC FREQ. 84.6PF COIL CAP, MFR 58189,P/N 809000-329	5-39
A2A4A11T3		TRANSFORMER VAR RF-0.490IN.LG. X 0.422IN.DIA.,16 MC,85 PF,MFR 58189,P/N 809000-295	5-39
A2A4A11T4		TRANSFORMER VAR RF-0.656IN.LG. X 0.535IN.DIA.,11 MC,140 PF,MFR 58189,P/N 809000-210	5-39
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Table 6-1

TABLE 6-1. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST (Continued)

RADIO RECEIVER R-1051/URR

RE F DESIG	NOTES	NAME AND DESCRIPTION	FIG. NO.
A2A4A12		TUNING UNIT,RADIO FREQUENCY-OUPT FREQ RT 12MC NOM,0.625IN.X 1.000IN.X 3.875IN.,MFR 58189,PN 666230-296.	5-40
A2A4A12C1		SAME AS 1A2A4A3C1	5-40
A2A4A12C2		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.450IN.LG,0.360IN.W,64UUF P/M1%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15E640F500V.	5-40
A2A4A12C3		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.450IN.LG,0.360IN.W,68UUF P/M1%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15E680F500V.	5-40
A2A4A12C4		SAME AS 1A2A4A7C2	5-40
A2A4A12C5		SAME AS 1A2A4A2C3	5-40
A2A4A12T1		TRANSFORMER VAR RF DIA.0.422IN. X 0.490IN.LG. 22 MC FREQ. 65.8PF COIL CAP MFR 58139,P/N 809000-274	5-40
A2A4A12T2		TRANSFORMER VAR RF 0.422IN.DIA. X 0.490IN.LG. 22MC FREQ. 81.8PF COIL CAP, MFR 58189,P/N 809000-330	5-40
A2A4A12T3		TRANSFORMER VAR RF-0.490IN.LG. X 0.422IN.DIA., 17 MC,82 PF,MFR 58189,P/N 809000-296	5-40
A2A4A12T4		TRANSFORMER VAR RF-0.656IN.LG. X 0.535IN.DIA.,12 MC,130 PF,MFR 58189,P/N 809000-211	5-40
A2A4A13		TUNING UNIT,RADIO FREQUENCY-OUPT FREQ RT 13MC NOM,0.625IN.X 1.000IN.X 3.875IN.,MFR 58189,PN 666230-297.	5-40
A2A4A13C1		SAME AS 1A2A4A3C1	5-40
A2A4A13C2		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.450IN.LG,0.360IN.W,61UUF P/M1%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15E610F500V.	5-40
A2A4A13C3		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.450IN.LG,0.360IN.W,66UUF P/M1%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15E660E500V.	5-40
A2 A4 A1 3C 4		SAME AS 1A2A4A8C2	5-40
A2A4A13C5		SAME AS 1A2A4A3C3	5-40
A2A4A13T1		TRANSFORMER VAR RF DIA. 0.422IN. X 0.490IN.LG. 23 MC FREQ.63.3PF COIL CAP MFR 58189,P/N 809000-275	5-40
A2A4A13T2		TRANSFORMER VAR RF 0.422IN.DIA. X 0.490IN.LG. 23MC FREQ. 82.4PF COIL CAP, MFR 58189,P/N 809000-331	5-40
A2A4A13T3		TRANSFORMER VAR RF-0.490IN.LG. X 0.422'IN.DIA.,18 MC,77.5 PF,MFR 58189,P/N 809000-297	5-40
A2A4A13T4		TRANSFORMER VAR RF-0.656IN.LG. X 0.535IN.DIA.,13 MC,122 PF,MFR 58189,P/N 809000-212	5-40
A2A4A14		TUNING UNIT,RADIO FREQUENCY-OUPT FREQ RT 14MC NOM,0.625IN.X 1.000IN.X 3.875IN.,MFR 58189,PN 666230-298.	5-34
A2A4A14C1		SAME AS 1A2A4A3C1	5-34
A2A4A14C2		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.450IN.LG,0.360IN.W,58UUF P/M1%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15E580F500V.	5-34
A2A4A14C3		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.450IN.LG,0.360IN.W,63UUF P/M1%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15E630F500V.	5-34
A2A4A14C5		SAME AS 1A2A4A4C3	5-34
A2A4A14T1		TRANSFORMER VAR RF DIA.0.422IN. X 0.490IN.LG. 24 MC FREQ. 61PF COIL CAP, MFR 58189,P/N 809000-276	5-34
A2A4A14T2		TKANSFORMER VAR RF 0.422IN.DIA. X 0.490IN.LG. 24MC FREQ. 77.0PF COIL CAP, MFR 58189,P/N 809000-332	5-34
A2A4A14T3		TRANSFORMER VAR RF-0.490IN.LG. X 0.422IN.DIA.,19 MC,74 PF,MFR 58189,P/N 809000-298	5-34

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R-1051/URR PARTS LIST

TABLE 6-1. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST (Continued)

RE F DESIG	NOTES	NAME AND DESCRIPTION	FIG. NO.
A2A4A14T4		TRANSFORMER VAR RF-0.656In.LG. X 0.535IN.DIA.,14 MC,115 PF,MFR 58189,P/N 809000-213	5-34
A2A4A15		ŢUNING UNIT,RADIO FREQUENCY-OUPT FREQ RT 15MC NOM,0.625IN.X 1.000IN.X 3.875IN.,MFR 58189,PN 666230-299.	5-39
A2A4A15C1		SAME AS 1A2A4A3C1	5-39
A2A4A15C2		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.450IN.LG,0.360IN.W,56UUF P/M1%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15E560F500V.	5-39
A2A4A15C3		SAME AS 1A2A4A13C2	5-39
A2A4A15C4		SAME AS 1A2A4A10C2	5-39
A2A4A15C5		SAME AS 1A2A4A5C3	5-39
A2A4A15T1		TRANSFORMER VAR RF DIA.0.422IN. X 0.490IN.LG.25 MC FREQ.58.9PF COIL CAP, MFR 58189,P/N 809000-277	5-39
A2A4A15T2		TRANSFORMER VAR RF 0.422IN.DIA. X 0.490IN.LG. 25MC FREQ. 74.9PF COIL CAP, MFR 58189,P/N 809000-333	5-39
A2A4A15T3		TRANSFORMER VAR RF-0.490IN.LG. X 0.422IN.DIA.,20 MC,71 PF,MFR 58189,P/N 809000-299	5-39
A2A4A15T4		TRANSFORMER VAR RF-0.656IN.LG. X 0.535IN.DIA.,15 MC,109 PF,MFR 58189,P/N 809000-214	5-39
A2A4A16		TUNING UNIT,RADIO FREQUENCY-OUPT FREQ RT 16MC NOM,0.625IN.X 1.000IN.X 3.875IN.,MFR 58189,PN 666230-300.	5-39
A2A4A16C1		SAME AS 1A2A4A3C1	5-39
A2A4A16C2		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.450IN.LG,0.360IN.W,54UUF P/M1%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15E540F500V.	5-39
A2A4A16C3		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.450IN.LG,0.360IN.W,59UUF P/M1%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15E590F500V.	5-39
A2A4A16C4		SAME AS 1A2A4A11C2	5-39
A2A4A16C5		SAME AS 1A2A4A6C3	5-39
A2A4A16T1		TRANSFORMER VAR RF DIA.0.422IN. X 0.490IN.LG.26 MC FREQ. 56.9PF COIL CAP, MFR 58189,P/N 809000-278	5-39
A2A4A16T2		TRANSFORMER VAR RF 0.422IN.DIA. X 0.490IN.LG 26MC FREQ. 76.4PF COIL CAP, MFR 58189,P/N 809000-334	5-39
A2A4A16T3		TRANSFORMER VAR RF-0.490IN.LG. X 0.422IN.DIA.,21 MC,69 PF,MFR 58189,P/N 809000-300	5-39
A2A4A16T4		TRANSFORMER VAR RF-0.656IN.LG. X 0.535IN.DIA.,16 MC,103 PF,MFR 58189,P/N 809000-215	5-39
A2A4A17		TUNING UNIT,RADIO FREQUENCY-OUPT FREQ RT 17MC NDM,0.625IN.X 1.000IN.X 3.875IN.,MFR 58189,PN 666230-301.	5-41
A2A4A17C1		SAME AS 1A2A4A3C1	5-41
A2A4A17C2		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.450IN.LG,0.360IN.W,52UUF P/M1%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15E520F5COV.	5-41
A2A4A17C3		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.450IN.LG,0.360IN.W,57UUF P/M1%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15E570F500V.	5-41
A2A4A17C4		SAME AS 1A2A4A12C2	5-41
A2A4A17C5		SAME AS 1A2A4A7C3	5-41
A2A4A17T1		TRANSFORMER VAR RF DIA.0.422IN. X 0.490IN.LG. 27 MC FREQ. 55.2PF COIL CAP MFR 58189,P/N 809000-279	5-41
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Table 6-1

TABLE 6-1. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST (Continued)

RE F DESIG	NOTES	NAME AND DESCRIPTION	FIG. NO.
A2A4A17T2	-	TRANSFORMER VAR RF 0.422IN.DIA. X 0.490IN.LG. 27MC FREQ. 71.0PF COIL CAP,	5-41
A2A4A17T3		MFR 58189,P/N 809000-335 TRANSFORMER VAR RF-0.490IN.LG. X 0.422IN.DIA.,22 MC,66 PF,MFR 58189,P/N 809000-301	5-41
A2A4A17T4		809800-301 TRANSFORMER VAR RF-0.656IN.LG. X 0.535IN.DIA.,17 MC,98.8 PF,MFR 58189,P/N 809000-216	5-41
A2A4A18		TUNING UNIT,RADIO FREQUENCY-OUPT FREQ RT 18MC NOM,0.625IN.X 1.000IN.X 3.875IN.,MFR 58189,PN 666230-302.	5-42
A2A4A18C1		SAME AS 1A2A4A3C1	5-42
A2A4A18C2		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.450IN.LG,0.360IN.W,50UUF P/M1%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15E500F500V.	5~42
A2A4A18C3		CAPACITUR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.450IN.LG,0.360IN.W,55UUF P/M1%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15E550F500V.	5-42
A2A4A18C4		SAME AS 1A2A4A13C2	5-42
A2A4A18C5		SAME AS 1A2A4A7C2	5-42
A2A4A18T1		TRANSFORMER VAR RF DIA.0.422IN. X 0.490IN.LG. 28 MC FREQ.53.5PF COIL CAP, MFR 58189,P/N 809000-280	5-42
A2A4A18T2		TRANSFORMER VAR RF 0.422IN.DIA. X 0.490IN.LG. 28MC FREQ. 69.5PF COIL CAP, MFR 58189,P/N 809000-336	5-42
A2A4A18T3		TRANSFORMER VAR RF-0.490IN.LG. X 0.422IN.DIA., 23 MC,63.6 PF,MFR 58189,P/N 809000-302	5-42
A2A4A18T4		TRANSFORMER VAR RF-0.656IN.LG. X 0.535IN.DIA.,18 MC,94.6 PF,MFR 58189,P/N 809000-217	5-42
A2A4A19		TUNING UNIT,RADIO FREQUENCY-OUPT FREQ RT 19MC NOM,0.625IN.X 1.000IN.X 3.875IN.,MFR 58189,PN 666230-303.	5-43
A2A4A19C1		SAME AS 1A2A4A3C1	5-43
A2A4A19C2		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.450IN.LG,0.360IN.W,48UUF P/M1%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15E480F500V.	5-43
A2A4A19C3		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.450IN.LG,0.360IN.W,53UUF P/M1%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15E530F500V.	5-43
A2A4A19C4		SAME AS 1A2A4A14C2	5-43
A2A4A19C5		SAME AS 1A2A4A8C2	5-43
A2A4A19T1		TRANSFORMER VAR RF DIA.0.422IN. X 0.490IN.LG. 29 MC FREQ.51.9PF COIL CAP, MFR 58189,P/N 809000-281	5-43
A2A4A19T2		TRANSFORMER VAR RF C.422IN.DIA. X O.490IN.LG. 29MC FREQ. 67.8PF COIL CAP, MFR 58189,P/N 809000-337	5-43
A2A4A19T3		TRANSFORMER VAR RF-0.490IN.LG. X 0.422IN.DIA.,24 MC,61 PF,MFR 58189,P/N 809000-309	5-43
A2A4A19T4		TRANSFORMER VAR RF-0.656IN.LG. X 0.535IN.DIA.,19 MC,90.9 PF,MFR 58189,P/N 809000-218	5-43
A2A4A19Y1		CRYSTAL UNIT,QUARTZ-MATL/MIL-C-30988,28.500MC,0.399IN.X 0.515IN.X 0.166IN.0A DIM.,MFR 58189,PN 666162-599.	5-43
A2A4A20		TUNING UNIT,RADIO FREQUENCY-DUPT FREQ RT 20MC NOM,0.625IN.X 1.000IN.X 3.875IN.,MFR 58189,PN 666230-304.	5-44
A2A4A20C1		CAPACITOR,FIXED,CERAMIC DIELECTRIC-0.240IN.LG,0.160IN.DIA,9.1UUF P/M5%, 500VDCW,MFR 58189,PN 552169-045.	5-44
A2A4A20C4		SAME AS 1A2A4A15C2	5-44

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R-1051/URR PARTS LIST

TABLE 6-1. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST (Continued)

RE F DESIG	NOTES	NAME AND DESCRIPTION	FIG. NO.
A2A4A20C5		SAME AS 1A2A4A10C3	5-44
A2A4A20T1		MFR 58189,P/N 809000-254	5-44
A2A4A20T2		TRANSFORMER VAR RF DIA.0.422IN. X 0.490IN.LG. 2 MC FREQ.754 PF COIL CAP, MFR 58189,P/N 809000-310	5-44
A2A4A2OT3		TRANSFORMER VAR RF-0.490IN.LG. X 0.422IN.DIA.,25 MC,60 PF,MFR 58189,P/N 809000-303	5-44
A2A4A20T4		TRANSFORMER VAR RF-0.656IN.LG. X 0.535IN.DIA.,20 MC,87.6 PF,MFR 58189,P/N 809000-219	5-44
A2A4A21		TUNING UNIT,RADIO FREQUENCY-DUPT FREQ RT 21MC NOM,0.625IN.X 1.000IN.X 3.875IN.,MFR 58189,PN 666230-305.	5-45
A2A4A21C1		CAPACITOR,FIXED,CERAMIC DIELECTRIC-0.250IN.LG,0.160IN.DIA,6.2UUF P/M5%, 500VDCW,MFR 78488,PN GA6.2-5%	5-45
A2A4A21C2		CAPACITOR, FIXED, MICA DIELECTRIC750IN.LG., .510IN.H.,200IN.THK.,1247PF P/M 1/2% 300VDCW, MFR 72136, P/N DM20F12470D300V	5-45
A2A4A21C3		SAME AS 1A2A4A21C2	5-45
A2A4A21C4		SAME AS 1A2A4A16C2	5-45
A2A4A21C5		SAME AS 1A2A4A11C3	5-45
A2A4A21T1		TRANSFORMER VAR RF DIA. 0.422IN. X 0.490IN.LG. 3 MC FREQ. 475 PF COIL CAP MFR 58189,P/N 809000-255	5-45
A2A4A21T2		TRANSFORMER VAR RF DIA.G.422IN. X 0.490IN.LG. 3 MC FREQ.482 PF COIL CAP, MFR 58189,P/N 809000-311	5-45
A2A4A21T3		TRANSFORMER VAR RF-0.490IN.LG. X 0.422IN.DIA.,26 MC,58.6 PF,MFR 58189,P/N 809000-304	5-45
A2A4A21T4		TRANSFORMER VAR RF-0.656IN.LG. X 0.535IN.DIA.,21 MC,84.6 PF,MFR 58189,P/N 809000-220	5~45
A2A4A22		TUNING UNIT,RADIO FREQUENCY-OUPT FREQ RT 22MC NOM,0.625IN.X 1.000IN.X 3.875IN.,MFR 58189,PN 666230-306.	5-34
A2A4A22C1		CAPACITOR,FIXED,CERAMIC DIELECTRIC-0.250IN.LG,0.160IN.DIA,5.6UUF P/M5%, 500VDCW,MFR 78488,PN GA5.6-5%	5-34
A2A4A22C2		CAPACITOR, FIXED, MICA DIELECTRIC-0.470IN.LG, 0.390IN.W, 623UUF P/M1/2%, 300VDCW, MFR 72136, PN DM15F6230D300V.	5-34
A2A4A22C3		SAME AS 1A2A4A4C5	5-34
A2A4A22C4		SAME AS 1A2A4A17C2	5-34
A2A4A22C5		SAME AS 1A2A4A12C3	5-34
A2A4A22T1		TRANSFORMER VAR RF DIA.0.422IN. X 0.490IN.LG. 4 MC FREQ.347PF COIL CAP, MFR 58189,P/N 809000-256	5-34
A2A4A22T2		TRANSFORMER VAR RF 0.422IN.DIA. X 0.490IN.LG. 4 MC FREQ. 358 PF COIL CAP, MFR 58189,P/N 809000-312	5-34
A2A4A22T3		TRANSFORMER VAR RF-0.490IN.LG. X 0.422IN.DIA.,27 MC,57.5 PF,MFR 58189,P/N 809000-305	5-34
A2A4A22T4		TRANSFORMER VAR RF-0.656IN.LG. X 0.535IN.DIA.,22 MC,81.8 PF,MFR 58189,P/N 809000-221	5-34
AZA4A23		TUNING UNIT,RADIO FREQUENCY-OUPT FREQ RT 23MC NOM,0.625IN.X 1.000IN.X 3.875IN.,MFR 58189,PN 666230-307.	5-40
A2A4A23C1		CAPACITOR,FIXED,CERAMIC DIELECTRIC-0.250IN.LG,0.160IN.DIA,5.1UUF P/M5%, 500VDCW,MFR 78488 PN GA5R1J500V.	5-40
A2A4A23C2		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.460IN.LG,0.380IN.W,416UUF P/M1/2%, 300VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15F4160D300V.	5-40

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Table 6-1

TABLE 6-1. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST (Continued)

RADIO RECEIVER R-1051/URR

RE F DESIG	NOTES	NAME AND DESCRIPTION	FIG. NO.
A2A4A23C3		SAME AS 1A2A4A5C5	5-40
A2A4A23C4		SAME AS 1A2A4A1BC2	5-40
A2A4A23C5		SAME AS 1A2A4A13C3	5-40
A2A4A23T1		TRANSFORMER VAR RF DIA. 0.422IN. X 0.490IN.LG. 5 MC FREQ. 274PF COIL CAP, MFR 58189,P/N 809000-257	5-40
A2A4A23T2		TRANSFORMER VAR RF 0.422IN. DIA. X 0.490IN.LG. 5 MC FREQ. 286 PF COIL CAP MFR 58189,P/N 809000-313	5-40
A2A4A23T3		TRANSFORMER VAR RF-0.490IN.LG. X 0.422IN.DIA.,28 MC,56 PF,MFR 58189,P/N 809000-306	5-40
A2A4A23T4		TRANSFORMER VAR RF-0.656IN.LG. X 0.535IN.DIA.,23 MC,79.3 PF,MFR 58189,P/N 809000-222	5-40
A2A4A24		TUNING UNIT,RADIO FREQUENCY-OUPT FREQ RT 24MC NOM,0.625IN.X 1.000IN.X 3.875IN.,MFR 58189,PN 666230-308.	5-46
A2A4A24C1		CAPACITOR,FIXED,CERAMIC DIELECTRIC-0.260IN.LG,0.160IN.DIA,3.9UUF P/M5\$; 500VDCW,MFR 78488,PN GA3R9J500V.	5-48
A2A4A24C2		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.470IN.LG,0.390IN.W,312UUF P/M1/2%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15F3120D500V.	5-48
A2A4A24C3		SAME AS 1A2A4A6C5	5-48
A2A4A24C4		SAME AS 1A2A4A19C2	5-48
A2A4A24C5		SAME AS 1A2A4A14C3	5-48
A2A4A24T1		TRANSFORMER VAR RF DIA.0.422IN. X 0.490IN.LG. 6 MC FREQ. 227 PF COIL CAP, MFR 58189,P/N 809000-258	5-48
A2A4A24T2		TRANSFORMER VAR RF 0.422IN. DIA. X 0.490IN.LG. 6 MC FREQ. 240PF CCIL CAP, MFR 58189,P/N 809000-314	5+48
A2A4A24T3		TRANSFORMER VAR RF-0.490IN.LG. X 0.422IN.DIA.,29 MC,55.5 PF,MFR 58189,P/N 809000-307	5-48
A2A4A24T4		TRANSFORMER VAR RF-0.656IN.LG. X 0.535IN.DIA.,24 MC,77.0 PF,MFR 58189,P/N 809000-223	5-48
A2A4A25		TUNING UNIT,RADIO FREQUENCY-OUPT FREQ RT 25MC NOM,0.625IN.X 1.000IN.X 3.875IN.,MFR 58189,PN 666230-309.	5-47
A2A4A25C1		CAPACITOR,FIXED,CERAMIC DIELECTRIC-0.260IN.LG,0.160IN.DIA,3.3UUF P/M5%, 500VDCW,MFR 78488,PN GA3R3J500V.	5-46
A2A4A25C2		SAME AS 1A2A4A2C4	5-46
A2A4A25C3		SAME AS 1A2A4A7C5	5-46
A2A4A25C5		SAME AS 1A2A4A13C2	5-46
A2A4A25T1		TRANSFORMER VAR RF DIA.0.422IN. X 0.490IN.LG. 7 MC FREQ. 194 PF COIL CAP, MFR 58189,P/N 809000-259	5-46
A2A4A25T2		TRANSFORMER VAR RF 0.422IN.DIA. X 0.490IN.LG. 7MC FREQ. 208PF COIL CAP, MFR 58189,P/N 809000-315	5-46
A2A4A25T4		TRANSFORMER VAR RF-0.656IN.LG. X 0.535IN.DIA.,25 MC,74.9 PF,MFR 58189,P/N 809000-224	5-46
A2A4A26		TUNING UNIT,RADIO FREQUENCY-OUPT FREQ RT 26MC NOM,0.625IN.X 1.000IN.X 3.875IN.,MFR 58189,PN 666230-310.	5-48
A2A4A26C1		CAPACITOR,FIXED,CERAMIC DIELECTRIC-0.260IN.LG,0.160IN.DIA,3.0UUF P/M5%, 500VDCW,MFR 78488,PN GA3R0J500V.	5-47
A2A4A26C2		SAME AS 1A2A4A3C4	5-47
L	L		

Table 6–1

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R-1051/URR PARTS LIST

TABLE 6-1. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST (Continued)

RE F DESIG	NOTES	NAME AND DESCRIPTION	FIG. NO.
A2A4A26C3		SAME AS 1A2A4A8C5	5-47
A2A4A26C4		SAME AS 1A2A4A21C2	5-47
A2A4A26C5		SAME AS 1A2A4A16C3	5-47
A2A4A26T1		TRANSFORMER VAR RF DIA.0.422IN. X 0.490IN.LG. 8 MC FREQ. 170 PF COIL CAP, MFR 58189,P/N 809000-260	5-47
A2A4A26T2		TRANSFORMER VAR RF 0.422IN.DIA. X 0.490IN.LG. 8 MC FREQ. 185 PF COIL CAP, MFR 58189.P/N 809000-316	5-47
A2A4A26T3		TRANSFORMER VAR RF-0.490IN.LG X 0.422IN.DIA., 3 MC, 480 PF,MFR 58189,P/N 809000-283	5-47
A2A4A26T4		TRANSFORMER VAR RF-0.656IN.LG. X 0.535IN.DIA.,26 MC,72.9 PF,MFR 58189,P/N 809000-225	5-47
A2A4A27		TUNING UNIT,RADIO FREQUENCY-OUPT FREQ RT 27MC NOM,0.625IN.X 1.000IN.X 3.875IN.,MFR 58189,PN 666230-311.	5-46
A2A4A27C1		CAPACITOR,FIXED,CERAMIC DIELECTRIC-0.240IN.LG,0.160IN.DIA,2.7UUF P/M5%, 500VDCW,MFR 78488,PN GA2R7J500V.	5-48
A2A4A27C2		SAME AS 1A2A4A4C4	5-48
A2A4A27C3		SAME AS 1A2A4A9C5	5-48
A2A4A27C4		SAME AS 1A2A4A22C2	5-46
A2A4A27C5		SAME AS 1A2A4A17C3	5-48
A2A4A27T1		TRANSFORMER VAR RF DIA.0.422IN. X 0.490IN.LG. 9 MC FREQ. 151 PF COIL CAP, MFR 58189,P/N 809000-261	5-48
A2A4A27T2		TRANSFORMER VAR RF 0.422IN.DIA. X 0.490IN.LG. 9 MC FREQ. 166 PF COIL CAP, MFR 58189,P/N 809000-317	5-48
A2A4A27T3		TRANSFORMER VAR RF-0.490IN.LG. X 0.422 IN.DIA., 4 MC, 350 PF,MFR 58189,P/N 809000-284	5-48
A2A4A27T4		TRANSFORMER VAR RF-0.656IN.LG. X 0.535IN.27 MC,71.0 PF,MFR 58189,P/N 809000-226	5~48
A2A4A28		TUNING UNIT,RADIO FREQUENCY-DUPT FREQ RT 28MC NOM,0.625IN.X 1.000IN.X 3.875IN.,MFR 58189,PN 666230-312.	5-46
A2A4A28C1		SAME AS 1A2A4A27C1	5-48
A2A4A28C2		SAME AS 1A2A4A5C4	5-48
A2A4A28C3		SAME AS 1A2A4A10C5	5-48
A2A4A28C4		SAME AS 1A2A4A23C2	5-48
A2A4A28C5		SAME AS 1A2A4A18C3	5-48
A2A4A28T1		TRANSFORMER VAR RF DIA.0.422IN. X 0.490IN.LG. 10 MC FREQ. 125 PF COIL CAP MFR 58189,P/N 809000-262	5-48
A2A4A28T2		TRANSFORMER VAR RF 0.422IN.DIA. X 0.490IN.LG. 10MC FREQ. 152PF COIL CAP, MFR 58189,P/N 809000-318	5-48
A2A4A28T3		TRANSFORMER VAR RF-0.490IN.LG. X 0.422IN.DIA., 5 MC,2830PF,MFR 58189,P/N 809000-285	5-48
A2A4A28T4		TRANSFORMER VAR RF-0.656IN.LG. X 0.535IN.DIA.,28 MC,69.5 PF,MFR 58189,P/N 809000-227	5-48
A2A4A29		TUNING UNIT,RADIO FREQUENCY-OUPT FREQ RT 29MC NOM,0.625IN.X 1.000IN.X 3.875IN.,MFR 58189,PN 666230-313.	5-31
A2A4A29C1		CAPACITOR,FIXED,CERAMIC DIELECTRIC-0.240IN.LG,0.160IN.DIA,2.4UUF P/M5%, 500VDCW,MFR 78488,PN GA2R4J500V.	5-35

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Table 6-1

TABLE 6-1. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST (Continued)

RADIO RECEIVER R-1051/URR

REF DESIG	NOTES	NAME AND DESCRIPTION	FIG. NO.
A2A4A29C2		SAME AS 1A2A4A6C4	5-35
A2A4A29C3		SAME AS 1A2A4A11C5	5-35
A2A4A29C4		SAME AS 1A2A4A24C2	5-35
A2A4A29C5		SAME AS 1A2A4A19C3	5-35
A2A4A29T1		TRANSFORMER VAR RF 0.620IN.LG. X 0.422IN.DIA. 11 MC COIL CAP, 125 PF FREQ MFR 58189,P/N 809000-263	5-35
A2A4A29T2		TRANSFORMER VAR RF 0.422IN. DIA. X 0.490IN.LG. 11MC FREQ. 140PF COIL CAP, MFR 58189,P/N 809000-319	5-35
A2A4A29T3		TRANSFORMER VAR RF-0.490IN.LG. X 0.422IN.DIA., 6 MC,2370 PF,MFR 58189,P/N 809000-286	5-35
A2A4A29T4		TRANSFORMER VAR RF-0.656IN.LG. X 0.535IN.DIA.,29 MC,67.8 PF,MFR 58189,P/N 809000-228	5-35
A2A4A30C1		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.470IN.LG,0.390IN.W,545UUF P/M1/2%, 300VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15F5450D300V.	5-54
A2A4A30C2		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.460IN.LG,0.380IN.W,426UUF P/M1/2%, 300VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15F4260D300V.	5-54
A2A4A30C3		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.470IN.LG,0.400IN.W,332UUF P/M1/2%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15F3320D500V.	5-54
A2A4A30C4		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.470IN.LG,0.390IN.W,257UUF P/M1/2%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15F2570D500V.	5-54
A2A4A30C5		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.460IN.LG,0.380IN.W,195UUF P/M1/2%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15F1950D500V.	5-54
A2A4A30C6		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.460IN.LG,0.370IN.W,143UUF P/M1/2%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15F1430D500V.	5-54
A2A4A30C7		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.460IN.LG,0.360IN.W,99UUF P/M1%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15F990F500V.	5-54
A2A4A30C8		SAME AS 1A2A4A13C2	5-54
A2A4A30C9		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.450IN.LG,0.360IN.W,29UUF P/M1%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15E290F500V.	5~54
A2A4A30C10		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.470IN.LG,0.390IN.W,253UUF P/M1/2%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15F2530D500V.	5-54
A2A4A30C11		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.460IN.LG,0.380IN.W,219UUF P/M1/2%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15F2190D500V.	5-54
A2A4A30C12		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.460IN.LG,0.380IN.W,190UUF P/M1/2%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15F1900D500V.	5-54
A2A4A30C13		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.460IN.LG,0.370IN.W,165UUF P/M1/2%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15F1650D500V.	5-54
A2A4A30C14		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.460IN.LG,0.370IN.W,144UUF P/M1/2%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15F1440D500V.	5-54
A2A4A30C15		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.460IN.LG,0.370IN.W,125UUF P/M1/2%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15F1250D500V.	5-54
A2A4A30C16		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.460IN.LG,0.370IN.W,109UUF P/M1/2%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15F1090D500V.	5-54
A2A4A30C17		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.460IN.LG,0.360IN.W,95UUF P/M1%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15F950F500V.	5-54
A2A4A30C18		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.460IN.LG,0.360IN.W,83UUF P/M1%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15E830F500V.	5-54
A2A4A30C19		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.450IN.LG,0.360IN.W,75UUF P/M1%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15E740F500V.	5-54
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R-1051/URR PARTS LIST

TABLE 6-1. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST (Continued)

RADIO RECEIVER R-1051/URR

RE F DESIG	NOTES	NAME AND DESCRIPTION	FIG. NO.
A2A4A31C1		SAME AS 1A2A4A2C4	5-55
A2A4A31C2		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.460IN.LG,0.380IN.W,215UUF P/M1/2%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15F2150D500V.	5-55
A2A4A31C3		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.460IN.LG,0.380IN.W,183UUF P/M1/2%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15F1830D500V.	5-55
A2A4A31C4		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.460IN.LG,0.370IN.W,153UUF P/M1/2%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15F1530D500V.	5-55
A2A4A31C5		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.460IN.LG,0.370IN.W,124UUF P/M1/2%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15F1240D500V.	5-55
A2A4A31C6		SAME AS 1A2A4A6C3	5-55
A2A4A31C7		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.450IN.LG,0.360IN.W,70UUF P/M1%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15E700F500V.	5-55
A2A4A31C8		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.450IN.LG,0.360IN.W,45UUF P/M1%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15E450F500V.	5-55
A2A4A31C9		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.450IN.LG,0.360IN.W,22UUF P/M1%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15C220F5COV.	5-55
A2A4A32C1		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.470IN.LG,0.390IN.W,260UUF P/M1/2%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15F2600D500V.	5-55
A2A4A32C2		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.460IN.LG,0.380IN.W,224UUF P/M1/2%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15F2240D500V.	5-55
A2A4A32C3		SAME AS 1A2A4A30C12	5-55
A2A4A32C4		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.460IN.LG,0.370IN.W,158UUF P/M1/2%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15F1580D500V.	5-55
A2A4A32C5		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.460IN.LG,0.370IN.W,128UUF P/M1/2%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15F1280D500V.	5-55
A2A4A32C6		SAME AS 1A2A4A30C7	5-55
A2A4A32C7		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.450IN.LG,0.360IN.W,72UUF P/M1%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15E720F5C0V.	5-55
A2A4A32C8		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.450IN.LG,0.360IN.W,47UUF P/M1%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15E470F500V.	5-55
A2A4A32C9		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.450IN.LG,0.360IN.W,23UUF P/M1%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15C230F500V.	5-55
A2A4A33C1		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.470IN.LG,0.390IN.W,517UUF P/M1/2%, 300VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15F5170D300V.	5-56
A2A4A33C2		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.460IN.LG,0.380IN.W,405UUF P/M1/2%, 300VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15F4050D300V.	5-56
A2A4A33C3		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.470IN.LG,0.390IN.W,316UUF P/M1/2%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15F3160D500V.	5-56
A2A4A33C4		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.470IN.LG,0.390IN.W,245UUF P/M1/2%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15F2450D500V.	5-56
A2A4A33C5		500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15F1860D500V. CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.460IN.LG,0.380IN.W,186UUF P/M1/2%,	5-56
A2A4A33C6		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.460IN.LG,0.370IN.W,137UUF P/M1/2%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15F1370D500V.	5-56
A2A4A33C7		SAME AS 1A2A4A30C17	5-56
A2A4A33C8		SAME AS 1A2A4A16C3	5-56
A2A4A33C9		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.450IN.LG,0.360IN.W,28UUF P/M1%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15E280F500V.	5-56

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NAVSHIPS 94841(A)

Table 6-1

TABLE 6-1. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST (Continued)

RADIO RECEIVER R-1051/URR

A24433C1D SAME AS LA24433C4 5-56 A24433C1D CAPACITOR FIGURATION DELECTIC 4601N-LG, 0. 3801N-K, 22200F P/MI/22+. 5-56 A24433C12 CAPACITOR FIGURATION DELECTIC 4601N-LG, 0. 3801N-K, 1930UF P/MI/22+. 5-56 A24433C13 CAPACITOR, FIGURATION DELECTIC 6401N-LG, 0. 3701N-K, 1930UF P/MI/22+. 5-56 A24433C14 SAME AS LA244A31C5 5-56 A24433C15 CAPACITOR, FIGURATION DELECTIC 6401N-LG, 0. 3701N-K, 1270UF P/MI/22+. 5-56 A24433C16 CAPACITOR, FIGURATION DELECTIC 6401N-LG, 0. 3701N-K, 1270UF P/MI/22+. 5-56 A24433C16 CAPACITOR, FIGURATION DELECTIC 6401N-LG, 0. 3701N-K, 1100UF P/MI/22+. 5-56 A24433C18 SAME AS LA24430C1 5-56 A24433C19 SAME AS LA24430C1 5-56 A24433C19 SAME AS LA24433C1 5-56 A24433C19 SAME AS LA24433C1 5-57 A24433C19 SAME AS LA24433C1 5-57 A24433C19 SAME AS LA24433C3 5-57 A24433C2 SAME AS LA24433C3 5-57 A24433C3 SAME AS LA24433C3 5-57 A24433C4 SAME	RE F DESIG	NOTES	NAME AND DESCRIPTION	FIG. NO.
A244A33C11 CAPACTOR, FIXED, HIGA DIELECTRIC-0.4601N.LG, 0.3801N.W, 2220UP P/H1/22, 500000, WRW 77.1316, PH DMISFIZ2003000 5-56 A24A33C12 CAPACTOR, FIXED, HIGA DIELECTRIC-0.4601N.LG, 0.3701N.W, 15700F P/H1/23, 6204033C13 5-56 A24A33C13 CAPACTOR, FIXED, HIGA DIELECTRIC-0.4601N.LG, 0.3701N.W, 15700F P/H1/23, 5-56 5-56 A24A33C14 SAME AS 1A2A4A31C5 5-56 A24A33C15 CAPACTOR, FIXED, HIGA DIELECTRIC-0.4601N.LG, 0.3701N.W, 12700F P/H1/23, 5-56 5-56 A24A33C16 CAPACTOR, FIXED, HIGA DIELECTRIC-0.4601N.LG, 0.3701N.W, 12700F P/H1/23, 5-56 5-56 A24A33C17 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C1 5-56 A24A33C18 CAPACTOR, FIXED, HIGA DIELECTRIC-0.4601N.LG, 0.3701N.W, 12700F P/H1/23, 5-56 5-56 A24A33C19 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C1 5-56 A24A33C19 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C1 5-57 A24A33C2 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C1 5-57 A24A33C2 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C3 5-57 A24A33C6 SAME AS 1A2A433C5 5-57				
500V0CM.HER 72136.PP 0015F222005004. 5-56 A244A33C12 CAPACITOR.FIXE.MICA DELECTICI-4.60IN.LG.0.380IN.W.1930UF P/M1/22, 500V0CM.HER 72130,PD 00155F230D5004. 5-56 A24A33C13 CAPACITOR.FIXE.MICA DELECTICI-0.460IN.LG.0.370IN.W.107UF P/M1/22, 500V0CM.HER 72130,PD 00155F270D5004. 5-56 A24A33C13 CAPACITOR.FIXE.D.MICA DELECTRIC-0.460IN.LG.0.370IN.W.127UF P/M1/22, 500V0CM.HER 72136,PD 0015F12705004. 5-56 A24A33C16 CAPACITOR.FIXE.D.MICA DELECTRIC-0.460IN.LG.0.370IN.W.110UF P/M1/22, 500V0CM.HER 72136,PD 0015F1200500. 5-56 A24A33C17 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C18 5-56 A2AA33C18 SAME AS 1A2A433C1 5-57 A2AA33C2 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C2 5-57 A2AA33C3 SAME AS 1A2A433C2 5-57 A2AA33C4 SAME AS 1A2A433C3 5-57 A2AA33C5 SAME AS 1A2A433C3 5-57 A2AA33C6 SAME AS 1A2A433C3 5-57 A2AA34C3 SAME AS 1A2A433C3 5-57 A2AA34C6 SAME AS 1A2A433C3 <td>A2A4A33C10</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	A2A4A33C10			
SODUDUL, NER 72136, PM DRISPISSODO. A244A33C13 GAPACTION, FYEQ, MILLIO TELECTRIC-0, 4601N, LG, 0.3701N, W, 167UUF P/MI/2X, S-56 A24A33C14 SAME AS 1A2A4A11C5 S-56 A24A33C15 GAPACTION, FYEQ, MILLIO TELECTRIC-0, 4601N, LG, 0.3701N, W, 127UUF P/MI/2X, S-56 S-56 A24A33C16 CAPACTION, FYEQ, MICA DIELECTRIC-0, 4601N, LG, 0.3701N, W, 110UUF P/MI/2X, S-56 S-56 A24A33C17 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C18 S-56 A24A33C19 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C19 S-57 A24A33C19 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C19 S-57 A24A34C2 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C3 S-57 A24A34C3 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C3 S-57 A24A34C4 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C5 S-57 A24A34C5 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C5 S-57 A24A34C6 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C5 S-57 A24A34C7 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C5 S-57 A24A34C6 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C6 S-57 A24A34C6	A2A4A33C11			5-56
SOUVDENTRE 72136/PM DM15F1670D500V. 5-56 A2A4A33C14 SAME AS 1A2A4A11C3 5-56 A2A4A33C15 CAPACITOR,F1XED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.460IN.LG,0.370IN.W,127UJF P/M1/2X, 5-56 A2A4A33C16 CAPACITOR,F1XED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.460IN.LG,0.370IN.W,110UJF P/M1/2X, 5-56 A2A4A33C17 SAME AS 1A2A4A03 5-56 A2A4A33C18 SAME AS 1A2A4A03 5-56 A2A4A33C19 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C19 5-56 A2A4A34C1 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C19 5-57 A2A4A34C2 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C2 5-57 A2A4A34C2 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C3 5-57 A2A4A34C2 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C3 5-57 A2A4A34C3 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C3 5-57 A2A4A34C4 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C4 5-57 A2A4A34C5 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C6 5-57 A2A4A34C6 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C6 5-57 A2A4A34C7 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C6 5-57 A2A4A34C8 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C6 5-57 A2A4A34C9 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C6 5-57 A2A4A34C10 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C6	A2A4A33C12			5-56
AZA4A33C15 CAPACITOR, FIXED, NICA DIELECTRIC-0.460IN.LG, 0.370IN.W, 127UUF P/NI/2X, SOUUCK, MER 72136, PN DN15F12700500V. S-56 AZA4A33C16 CAPACITOR, FIXED, NICA DIELECTRIC-0.460IN.LG, 0.370IN.W, 110UUF P/NI/2X, SOUUCK, MER 72136, PN DN15F11000500V. S-56 AZA4A33C19 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C18 S-56 AZA4A33C19 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C18 S-56 AZA4A34C1 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C1 S-57 AZA4A34C2 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C2 S-57 AZA4A34C2 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C3 S-57 AZA4A34C3 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C4 S-57 AZA4A34C5 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C5 S-57 AZA4A34C6 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C5 S-57 AZA4A34C5 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C6 S-57 AZA4A34C6 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C6 S-57 AZA4A34C6 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C6 S-57 AZA4A34C7 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C3 S-57 AZA4A34C8 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C6 S-57 AZA4A34C8 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C6 S-57 AZA4A34C8 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C6 S-57 AZA4A34C7 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C6 S-	A2A4A33C13			5 - 56
SOUVICK, MER 72136, PV DM15F12700500V. SOUVICK, MER 72136, PV DM15F12700500V. A244A33C16 CAPACITOR, FIREU, MICA DELECTRIC-0.4601N.LG, 0.3701N. N, 110UUF P/M1/2Å, SOUVICK, MER 72136, PN DM15F1100D500V. 5-56 A244A33C17 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C18 5-56 A244A31C19 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C19 5-56 A244A34C1 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C2 5-57 A244A34C2 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C3 5-57 A244A34C3 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C3 5-57 A244A34C4 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C5 5-57 A244A34C5 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C5 5-57 A244A34C4 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C5 5-57 A244A34C5 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C6 5-57 A244A34C6 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C6 5-57 A244A34C6 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C6 5-57 A244A34C7 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C6 5-57 A244A34C8 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C6 5-57 A244A34C9 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C6 5-57 A244A34C9 SAME AS 1A2A4A36C1 5-57 A244A34C1 SAME AS 1A2A4A36C1 5-57 A244A34C10 <t< td=""><td>A2A4A33C14</td><td></td><td>SAME AS 1A2A4A11C5</td><td>5-56</td></t<>	A2A4A33C14		SAME AS 1A2A4A11C5	5-56
SOUVOCU, MFR. 72136, PN. DM15F1100D500V. SAME AS SAAAAGC3 S-56 A2A4A33C17 SAME AS 1A2A4A3C18 S-56 A2A4A33C19 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C19 S-56 A2A4A34C1 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C19 S-57 A2A4A34C2 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C2 S-57 A2A4A34C3 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C3 S-57 A2A4A34C4 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C4 S-57 A2A4A34C3 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C4 S-57 A2A4A34C4 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C5 S-57 A2A4A34C5 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C6 S-57 A2A4A34C6 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C6 S-57 A2A4A34C7 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C6 S-57 A2A4A34C8 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C9 S-57 A2A4A34C8 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C9 S-57 A2A4A34C10 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C1 S-57 A2A4A34C10 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C1 S-57 A2A4A34C10 SAME AS <td< td=""><td>A2A4A33C15</td><td></td><td></td><td>5-56</td></td<>	A2A4A33C15			5-56
AZA4A33C18 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C18 5-56 AZA4A33C19 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C19 5-56 AZA4A34C1 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C1 5-57 AZA4A34C2 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C2 5-57 AZA4A34C3 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C3 5-57 AZA4A34C4 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C3 5-57 AZA4A34C5 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C4 5-57 AZA4A34C6 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C6 5-57 AZA4A34C6 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C6 5-57 AZA4A34C6 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C6 5-57 AZA4A34C7 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C6 5-57 AZA4A34C8 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C9 5-57 AZA4A34C9 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C9 5-57 AZA4A34C10 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C11 5-57 AZA4A34C12 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C12 5-57 AZA4A34C13 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C13 5-57 AZA4A34C14 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C13 5-57 AZA4A34C12 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C13 5-57 AZA4A34C14 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C14 5-57 AZA4A34C15 SAM	A2A4A33C16			5-56
A2A4A33C19 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C19 5-56 A2A4A34C1 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C1 5-57 A2A4A34C2 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C2 5-57 A2A4A34C3 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C3 5-57 A2A4A34C4 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C4 5-57 A2A4A34C5 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C5 5-57 A2A4A34C6 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C5 5-57 A2A4A34C6 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C6 5-57 A2A4A34C6 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C6 5-57 A2A4A34C7 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C6 5-57 A2A4A34C8 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C17 5-57 A2A4A34C8 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C9 5-57 A2A4A34C9 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C4 5-57 A2A4A34C10 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C13 5-57 A2A4A34C12 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C13 5-57 A2A4A34C12 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C13 5-57 A2A4A34C14 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C13 5-57 A2A4A34C15 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C13 5-57 A2A4A34C14 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C13 5-57 A2A4A34C15 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C13 5-57 A2A4A34C16 SAME AS 1A2A	A2A4A33C17		SAME AS 1A2A4A6C3	5-56
A2A4A34C1 SAME AS IA2A4A33C1 5-57 A2A4A34C2 SAME AS IA2A4A33C3 5-57 A2A4A34C3 SAME AS IA2A4A33C4 5-57 A2A4A34C4 SAME AS IA2A4A33C5 5-57 A2A4A34C5 SAME AS IA2A4A33C6 5-57 A2A4A34C6 SAME AS IA2A4A33C6 5-57 A2A4A34C6 SAME AS IA2A4A33C6 5-57 A2A4A34C7 SAME AS IA2A4A33C6 5-57 A2A4A34C8 SAME AS IA2A4A30C17 5-57 A2A4A34C9 SAME AS IA2A4A30C9 5-57 A2A4A34C10 SAME AS IA2A4A30C9 5-57 A2A4A34C11 SAME AS IA2A4A30C1 5-57 A2A4A34C12 SAME AS IA2A4A30C12 5-57 A2A4A34C12 SAME AS IA2A4A33C13 5-57 A2A4A34C12 SAME AS IA2A4A33C13 5-57 A2A4A34C14 SAME AS IA2A4A33C15 5-57 A2A4A34C14 SAME AS IA2A4A33C16 5-57 A2A4A34C14 SAME AS IA2A4A33C16 5-57 A2A4A34C16 SAME AS IA2A4A33C18 5-57 A2A4A34C17 SA	A2A4A33C18		SAME AS 1A2A4A30C18	5-56
A2A4A34C2 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C2 5-57 A2A4A34C3 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C3 5-57 A2A4A34C4 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C4 5-57 A2A4A34C4 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C5 5-57 A2A4A34C6 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C6 5-57 A2A4A34C7 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C6 5-57 A2A4A34C8 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C9 5-57 A2A4A34C9 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C9 5-57 A2A4A34C10 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C1 5-57 A2A4A34C12 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C12 5-57 A2A4A34C12 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C13 5-57 A2A4A34C14 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C13 5-57 A2A4A34C15 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C15 5-57 A2A4A34C14 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C15 5-57 A2A4A34C15 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C15 5-57 A2A4A34C14 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C15 5-57 A2A4A34C15 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C16 5-57 A2A4A34C17 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C16 5-57 A2A4A34C17 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C18 5-57 A2A4A34C17 <t< td=""><td>A2A4A33C19</td><td></td><td>SAME AS 1A2A4A30C19</td><td>5-56</td></t<>	A2A4A33C19		SAME AS 1A2A4A30C19	5-56
A2A4A34C3 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C3 5-57 A2A4A34C4 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C5 5-57 A2A4A34C5 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C5 5-57 A2A4A34C6 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C6 5-57 A2A4A34C6 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C6 5-57 A2A4A34C7 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C6 5-57 A2A4A34C8 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C9 5-57 A2A4A34C9 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C9 5-57 A2A4A34C10 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C1 5-57 A2A4A34C12 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C12 5-57 A2A4A34C12 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C13 5-57 A2A4A34C14 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C13 5-57 A2A4A34C15 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C15 5-57 A2A4A34C14 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C15 5-57 A2A4A34C15 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C16 5-57 A2A4A34C17 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C16 5-57 A2A4A34C17 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C18 5-57 A2A4A34C17 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C18 5-57 A2A4A34C17 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C18 5-57 A2A4A34C18 <t< td=""><td>A2A4A34C1</td><td></td><td>SAME AS 1A2A4A33C1</td><td>5-57</td></t<>	A2A4A34C1		SAME AS 1A2A4A33C1	5-57
A2A4A34C4 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C4 5-57 A2A4A34C5 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C5 5-57 A2A4A34C6 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C6 5-57 A2A4A34C7 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C6 5-57 A2A4A34C7 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C6 5-57 A2A4A34C8 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C17 5-57 A2A4A34C9 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C9 5-57 A2A4A34C10 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C4 5-57 A2A4A34C11 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C11 5-57 A2A4A34C12 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C12 5-57 A2A4A34C13 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C13 5-57 A2A4A34C14 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C13 5-57 A2A4A34C15 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C15 5-57 A2A4A34C16 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C15 5-57 A2A4A34C16 SAME AS 1A2A433C16 5-57 A2A4A34C17 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C18 5-57 A2A4A34C18 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C18 5-57 A2A4A34C19 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C18 5-57 A2A4A34C19 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C18 5-57 A2A4A34C19	A2A4A34C2		SAME AS 1A2A4A33C2	5-57
A224A34C5 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C5 5-57 A2A4A34C6 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C6 5-57 A2A4A34C7 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C17 5-57 A2A4A34C8 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C9 5-57 A2A4A34C9 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C9 5-57 A2A4A34C10 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C4 5-57 A2A4A34C11 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C4 5-57 A2A4A34C12 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C12 5-57 A2A4A34C12 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C1 5-57 A2A4A34C13 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C1 5-57 A2A4A34C14 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C15 5-57 A2A4A34C15 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C16 5-57 A2A4A34C16 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C18 5-57 A2A4A34C17 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C18 5-57 A2A4A34C18 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C18 5-57 A2A4A34C19 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C19 5-57 A2A4A34C19 SAME A	A2A4A34C3		SAME AS 1A2A4A33C3	5-57
A2A4A34C6 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C6 5-57 A2A4A34C7 SAME AS 1A2A4A3C017 5-57 A2A4A34C8 SAME AS 1A2A4A3C9 5-57 A2A4A34C9 SAME AS 1A2A4A3C9 5-57 A2A4A34C10 SAME AS 1A2A4A3C04 5-57 A2A4A34C11 SAME AS 1A2A4A3C11 5-57 A2A4A34C12 SAME AS 1A2A4A3C12 5-57 A2A4A34C13 SAME AS 1A2A4A3C12 5-57 A2A4A34C13 SAME AS 1A2A4A3C13 5-57 A2A4A34C14 SAME AS 1A2A4A3C13 5-57 A2A4A34C15 SAME AS 1A2A4A3C13 5-57 A2A4A34C16 SAME AS 1A2A4A3C13 5-57 A2A4A34C17 SAME AS 1A2A4A3C18 5-57 A2A4A34C18 SAME AS 1A2A4A3C18 5-57 A2A4A34C19 SAME AS 1A2A4A3C18 5-57 A2A4A34C19 SAME AS 1A2A4A3C18 5-57 A2A4A34C18 SAME AS 1A2A4A3C18 5-57 A2A4A34C19 SAME AS 1A2A4A3C18 5-57 A2A4A34C19 SAME AS 1A2A4A3C19 5-57 A2A4A35C1 SAME AS 1A2A4A3C19 5-57	A2A4A34C4		SAME AS 1A2A4A33C4	5-57
A2A4A34C7 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C17 S-57 A2A4A34C8 SAME AS 1A2A4A3C9 S-57 A2A4A34C9 SAME AS 1A2A4A3C9 S-57 A2A4A34C10 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C4 S-57 A2A4A34C10 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C4 S-57 A2A4A34C11 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C4 S-57 A2A4A34C12 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C12 S-57 A2A4A34C12 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C12 S-57 A2A4A34C13 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C13 S-57 A2A4A34C14 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C15 S-57 A2A4A34C15 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C16 S-57 A2A4A34C16 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C16 S-57 A2A4A34C16 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C16 S-57 A2A4A34C17 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C18 S-57 A2A4A34C18 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C19 S-57 A2A4A35C1 SAME AS 1A2A4A32C2 S-55 A2A4A35C2 SAME AS 1A2A4A32C1 S-55 A2A4A35C3 SAME AS 1A2A4A32C2 S-55 A2A4A35C4 SAME AS 1A2A4A32C2 S-55 A2A4A35C5 SAME AS 1A2A433C12 S-55 A2A4A35C4 SAME AS 1A	A2A4A34C5		SAME AS 1A2A4A33C5	5-57
A2A4A34CB SAME AS 1A2A4A16C3 5-57 A2A4A34C9 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C9 5-57 A2A4A34C10 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C4 5-57 A2A4A34C11 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C1 5-57 A2A4A34C12 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C12 5-57 A2A4A34C13 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C12 5-57 A2A4A34C14 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C13 5-57 A2A4A34C15 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C15 5-57 A2A4A34C16 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C16 5-57 A2A4A34C17 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C16 5-57 A2A4A34C16 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C18 5-57 A2A4A34C17 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C18 5-57 A2A4A34C18 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C19 5-57 A2A4A34C19 SAME AS 1A2A4A32C2 5-57 A2A4A35C1 SAME AS 1A2A4A32C2 5-57 A2A4A35C3 SAME AS 1A2A4A32C2 5-55 A2A4A35C4 SAME AS 1A2A4A32C4 5-55 A2A4A35C4 SAME AS 1A2A4A32C5 5-55 A2A4A35C5 SAME AS 1A2A4A32C5 5-55	A2A4A34C6		SAME AS 1A2A4A33C6	5-57
A2A4A34C9 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C9 5-57 A2A4A34C10 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C4 5-57 A2A4A34C11 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C11 5-57 A2A4A34C12 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C12 5-57 A2A4A34C13 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C12 5-57 A2A4A34C14 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C13 5-57 A2A4A34C15 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C15 5-57 A2A4A34C16 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C15 5-57 A2A4A34C16 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C16 5-57 A2A4A34C17 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C16 5-57 A2A4A34C18 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C18 5-57 A2A4A34C19 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C19 5-57 A2A4A34C19 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C19 5-57 A2A4A34C19 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C19 5-57 A2A4A35C1 SAME AS 1A2A4A32C2 5-55 A2A4A35C2 SAME AS 1A2A4A32C2 5-55 A2A4A35C3 SAME AS 1A2A4A32C4 5-55 A2A4A35C4 SAME AS 1A2A4A32C5 5-55	A2A4A34C7		SAME AS 1A2A4A30C17	5-57
A2A4A34C10 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C4 5-57 A2A4A34C11 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C11 5-57 A2A4A34C12 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C12 5-57 A2A4A34C13 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C13 5-57 A2A4A34C14 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C15 5-57 A2A4A34C15 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C15 5-57 A2A4A34C16 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C16 5-57 A2A4A34C16 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C16 5-57 A2A4A34C17 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C18 5-57 A2A4A34C18 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C18 5-57 A2A4A34C19 SAME AS 1A2A4A32C1 5-55 A2A4A35C1 SAME AS 1A2A4A32C2 5-55 A2A4A35C2 SAME AS 1A2A4A32C2 5-55 A2A4A35C3 SAME AS 1A2A4A32C6 5-55 A2A4A35C4 SAME AS 1A2A4A32C5 5-55	A2A4A34C8		SAME AS 1A2A4A16C3	5-57
A2A4A34C11 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C11 5-57 A2A4A34C12 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C12 5-57 A2A4A34C13 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C13 5-57 A2A4A34C14 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C15 5-57 A2A4A34C15 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C15 5-57 A2A4A34C16 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C16 5-57 A2A4A34C17 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C16 5-57 A2A4A34C18 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C18 5-57 A2A4A34C19 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C19 5-57 A2A4A35C1 SAME AS 1A2A4A32C1 5-55 A2A4A35C2 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C12 5-55 A2A4A35C3 SAME AS 1A2A4A32C2 5-55 A2A4A35C4 SAME AS 1A2A4A32C4 5-55 A2A4A35C5 SAME AS 1A2A4A32C5 5-55	A2A4A34C9		SAME AS 1A2A4A33C9	5-57
A2A4A34C12 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C12 5-57 A2A4A34C13 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C13 5-57 A2A4A34C14 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C15 5-57 A2A4A34C15 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C15 5-57 A2A4A34C16 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C16 5-57 A2A4A34C16 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C16 5-57 A2A4A34C17 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C16 5-57 A2A4A34C18 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C18 5-57 A2A4A34C19 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C19 5-57 A2A4A35C1 SAME AS 1A2A4A32C2 5-55 A2A4A35C2 SAME AS 1A2A4A32C2 5-55 A2A4A35C3 SAME AS 1A2A4A32C2 5-55 A2A4A35C4 SAME AS 1A2A4A32C5 5-55	A2A4A34C10		SAME AS 1A2A4A30C4	5-57
A2A4A34C13 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C13 5-57 A2A4A34C14 SAME AS 1A2A4A11C5 5-57 A2A4A34C15 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C15 5-57 A2A4A34C16 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C16 5-57 A2A4A34C17 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C16 5-57 A2A4A34C17 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C18 5-57 A2A4A34C18 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C19 5-57 A2A4A34C19 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C19 5-57 A2A4A35C1 SAME AS 1A2A4A32C1 5-55 A2A4A35C2 SAME AS 1A2A4A32C2 5-55 A2A4A35C3 SAME AS 1A2A4A32C2 5-55 A2A4A35C4 SAME AS 1A2A4A32C4 5-55 A2A4A35C5 SAME AS 1A2A4A32C5 5-55	A2A4A34C11		SAME AS 1A2A4A33C11	5-57
A2A4A34C14 SAME AS 1A2A4A11C5 5-57 A2A4A34C15 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C15 5-57 A2A4A34C16 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C16 5-57 A2A4A34C17 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C16 5-57 A2A4A34C17 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C18 5-57 A2A4A34C19 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C19 5-57 A2A4A34C19 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C19 5-57 A2A4A35C1 SAME AS 1A2A4A32C1 5-55 A2A4A35C2 SAME AS 1A2A4A32C2 5-55 A2A4A35C3 SAME AS 1A2A4A32C2 5-55 A2A4A35C4 SAME AS 1A2A4A32C4 5-55 A2A4A35C5 SAME AS 1A2A4A32C5 5-55	A2A4A34C12		SAME AS 1A2A4A33C12	5-57
A2A4A34C15 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C15 5-57 A2A4A34C16 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C16 5-57 A2A4A34C17 SAME AS 1A2A4A6C3 5-57 A2A4A34C18 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C18 5-57 A2A4A34C19 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C19 5-57 A2A4A35C1 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C19 5-57 A2A4A35C1 SAME AS 1A2A4A32C1 5-55 A2A4A35C2 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C12 5-55 A2A4A35C3 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C12 5-55 A2A4A35C4 SAME AS 1A2A4A32C4 5-55 A2A4A35C5 SAME AS 1A2A4A32C5 5-55	A2A4A34C13		SAME AS 1A2A4A33C13	5-57
A2A4A34C16 SAME AS 1A2A4A33C16 5-57 A2A4A34C17 SAME AS 1A2A4A6C3 5-57 A2A4A34C18 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C18 5-57 A2A4A34C19 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C19 5-57 A2A4A34C19 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C19 5-57 A2A4A35C1 SAME AS 1A2A4A32C1 5-55 A2A4A35C2 SAME AS 1A2A4A32C2 5-55 A2A4A35C3 SAME AS 1A2A4A32C4 5-55 A2A4A35C4 SAME AS 1A2A4A32C5 5-55 A2A4A35C5 SAME AS 1A2A4A32C5 5-55	A2A4A34C14		SAME AS 1A2A4A11C5	5-57
A2A4A34C17 SAME AS 1A2A4A6C3 5-57 A2A4A34C18 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C18 5-57 A2A4A34C19 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C19 5-57 A2A4A35C1 SAME AS 1A2A4A32C1 5-55 A2A4A35C2 SAME AS 1A2A4A32C2 5-55 A2A4A35C3 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C12 5-55 A2A4A35C4 SAME AS 1A2A4A32C4 5-55 A2A4A35C5 SAME AS 1A2A4A32C4 5-55 A2A4A35C5 SAME AS 1A2A4A32C5 5-55	A2A4A34C15		SAME AS 1A2A4A33C15	5-57
A2A4A34C18 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C18 5-57 A2A4A34C19 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C19 5-57 A2A4A35C1 SAME AS 1A2A4A32C1 5-55 A2A4A35C2 SAME AS 1A2A4A32C2 5-55 A2A4A35C3 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C12 5-55 A2A4A35C4 SAME AS 1A2A4A32C4 5-55 A2A4A35C5 SAME AS 1A2A4A32C4 5-55	A2A4A34C16		SAME AS 1A2A4A33C16	5-57
A2A4A34C19 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C19 5-57 A2A4A35C1 SAME AS 1A2A4A32C1 5-55 A2A4A35C2 SAME AS 1A2A4A32C2 5-55 A2A4A35C3 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C12 5-55 A2A4A35C4 SAME AS 1A2A4A32C4 5-55 A2A4A35C5 SAME AS 1A2A4A32C4 5-55 A2A4A35C5 SAME AS 1A2A4A32C5 5-55	A2A4A34C17		SAME AS 1A2A4A6C3	5-57
A2A4A35C1 SAME AS 1A2A4A32C1 5-55 A2A4A35C2 SAME AS 1A2A4A32C2 5-55 A2A4A35C3 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C12 5-55 A2A4A35C4 SAME AS 1A2A4A32C4 5-55 A2A4A35C5 SAME AS 1A2A4A32C5 5-55	A2A4A34C18		SAME AS 1A2A4A30C18	5-57
A2A4A35C2 SAME AS 1A2A4A32C2 5-55 A2A4A35C3 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C12 5-55 A2A4A35C4 SAME AS 1A2A4A32C4 5-55 A2A4A35C5 SAME AS 1A2A4A32C5 5-55	A2A4A34C19		SAME AS 1A2A4A30C19	5-57
A2A4A35C3 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C12 5-55 A2A4A35C4 SAME AS 1A2A4A32C4 5-55 A2A4A35C5 SAME AS 1A2A4A32C5 5-55	A2A4A35C1		SAME AS 1A2A4A32C1	5-55
A2A4A35C4 SAME AS 1A2A4A32C4 5-55 A2A4A35C5 SAME AS 1A2A4A32C5 5-55	A2A4A35C2		SAME AS 1A2A4A32C2	5-55
A2A4A35C5 SAME AS 1A2A4A32C5 5-55	A2A4A35C3		SAME AS 1A2A4A30C12	5-55
	A2A4A35C4		SAME AS 1A2A4A32C4	5-55
A2A4A35C6 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C7 5-55	A2A4A35C5		SAME AS 1A2A4A32C5	5-55
	A2A4A35C6		SAME AS 1A2A4A30C7	5-55

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R-1051/URR PARTS LIST

TABLE 6-1. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST (Continued)

RE F DESIG	NOTES	NAME AND DESCRIPTION	FIG. NO.
A2A4A35C7		SAME AS 14244432C7	
A2A4A35C8			5-55
A2A4A35C9		SAME AS 1A2A4A32C8	5-55
A2A4A36C1		SAME AS 1A2A4A32C9 SAME AS 1A2A4A32C1	5-55
A2A4A36C2		SAME AS 1A2A4A32C2	5-58
A2A4A36C3		SAME AS 1A2A4A32C2 SAME AS 1A2A4A30C12	5-58
A2A4A36C4		SAME AS 1A2A4A32012 SAME AS 1A2A4A3204	5-58
A2A4A36C5		SAME AS 1A2A4A32C5	5-58
A2A4A36C6		SAME AS 1A2A4A30C7	5-58
A2A4A36C7		SAME AS 1A2A4A32C7	5-58
A2A4A36C8		SAME AS 1A2A4A32C8	5-58
A2A4A36C9		SAME AS 1A2A4A32C9	5-58
A2A4A37C1		SAME AS 1A2A4A33C1	5~59
A2A4A37C2		SAME AS 1A2A4A33C2	5-59
A2A4A37C3		SAME AS 1A2A4A33C3	5-59
A2A4A37C4		SAME AS 1A2A4A33C4	5-59
A2A4A37C5		SAME AS 1A2A4A33C5	5-59
A2A4A37C6		SAME AS 1A2A4A33C6	5-59
A2A4A37C7		SAME AS 1A2A4A30C17	5-59
A2A4A37C8		SAME AS 1A2A4A16C3	5-59
A2A4A37C9		SAME AS 1A2A4A33C9	5-59
A2A4A37C10		SAME AS 1A2A4A30C4	5-59
A2A4A37C11		SAME AS 1A2A4A33C11	5-59
A2A4A37C12		SAME AS 1A2A4A33C12	5-59
A2A4A37C13		SAME AS 1A2A4A33C13	5-59
A2A4A37C14		SAME AS 1A2A4A11C5	5-59
A2A4A37C15		SAME AS 1A2A4A33C15	5-59
A2A4A37C16		SAME AS 1A2A4A33C16	5-59
A2A4A37C17		SAME AS 1A2A4A6C3	5-59
A2A4A37C18		SAME AS 1A2A4A30C18	5-59
A2A4A37C19		SAME AS 1A2A4A30C19	5-59
A2A4A38C1		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-53
A2A4A38C2		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-53
A2A4A38C3		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-53
A2A4A38C4		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5~53
A2A4A38C5		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-53
A2A4A38C6		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-53

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Table 6-1

TABLE 6-1. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST (Continued)

RE F DESIG	NOTES	NAME AND DESCRIPTION	FIG. NO.
A2A4A38K1		SAME AS 1A2A4K1	5-53
A2A4A38L1		COIL,RADIO FREQUENCY-IRON CORE,240UH P/M5%,65MIN Q,0.790MC,0.157IN.DIA, 0.375IN.LG,7.40VDC,205MA,MFR 99800,PN 1537-94.	5-53
A2A4A38Q1		TRANSISTOR-MIL TYPE 2N2363.	5-53
A2A4A38Q2		TRANSISTOR-MIL TYPE 2N1142.	5-53
A2A4A38R1		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R23	5-53
A2A4A38R2		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R13	5-53
A2A4A38R3		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF133J.	5-53
A2A4A38R4		RESISTOR,VARIABLE-0.500IN.LG,O.220IN.W,100 OHMS P/M5%,MINUS65DEG C TO PLUS175DEG C,MFR 80294,PN 3250L-1-101.	5-53
A2A4A38R5		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R13	5-53
A2A4A38R6		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R2	5-53
A2A4A38R7		SAME AS 1A2A1A3R7	5-53
A2A4A38R8		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R13	5-53
A2A4A38R9		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R4	5-53
A2A4A38R10		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R29	5-53
A2A4A38TP1		SAME AS 1A2A1A1TP1	5-53
A2A4A38TP2		SAME AS 1A2A1A1TP1	5→53
A2A5		FREQUENCY STANDARD-MFR 58189,PN 666231-006.	5-14
A2A5C1		CAPACITOR,TRIMMER,GLASS,DIELECTRIC,0.312IN.DIA. X 1.062IN.LG.,1.0 PF MINIMUM TO 28.0 PF MAXIMUM,Q 500,VOLTAGE RATING 1000 VDC,MFR 73899,P/N VCJ711	5-60
A2A5MP82		BUSHING,INDICATOR,GEAR,CRES CL-303 MAT.,0.437IN.DIA. X .18IN.THK.,MFR 58189,P/N 666163-021	5-60
A2A5MP84		GEAR, INDICATOR, ALUMINUM, 1.0IN.RADIUS, MFR 58189, P/N 666163-026	5-60
A2A5Q1		TRANSISTOR-MIL TYPE 2N1117/A	5-60
A2A5R1		RESISTOR,FIXED,WIREWOUND,SILICONE COATING,0.078IN.DIA, X 0.312IN.LG.LESS LEADS,100 OHMS P/M 1%,1/2 WATT,MFR 91637,P/N RS-1/2-255-1%	5-60
A2A5S1		SWITCH,ROTARY,.813IN. X .937IN. X .562IN.,1 SECTION,3 POLES,3 POSITIONS, CONTACT RATING,2 AMPERE AT 28VDC,MFR 58189,P/N 666163~057	5-60
A2A5A1CR1		SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICE, DIODE-MIL TYPE 1N816.	5-61
A2A5A1CR2		SAME AS 1A2A5A1CR1	5~61
A2A5A1C1		CAPACITOR,FIXED,CERAMIC,DIELECTRIC,COATING WAX IMPREGNATED,PHENOLIC COATING,0.340IN. X 0.340IN. X 0.100IN.0.005MFD P/M 20%,75 VDC,TEMPERATURE RANGE -55 DEGREE C TO PLUS 85 DEGREE C,MFR 96335,P/N SSM005-35	5-61
A2A5A1C2		CAPACITOR,FIXED,METALIZED PAPER DIELECTRIC-0.1UF P/M20%,50VDCW, 0.500IN.X 0.156IN.X 0.218IN.,MFR 58189, P/N 666164-916	5-61
A2A5A1C3		SAME AS 1A2A5A1C2	5-61
A2A5A1C4		SAME AS 1A2A5A1C1	5-61
A2A5A1C5		CAPACITOR,FIXED,CERAMIC DIELECTRIC-0.452IN.X 0.360IN.X 0.178IN.220UUF P/M2%,MFR 72136,PN DM15E621G300V.	5-61
A2A5A1C6		CAPACITOR,FIXED,CERAMIC DIELECTRIC-0.455IN.X 0.363IN.X 0.186IN.,330UUF P/M2%,MFR 72136,PN DM15E331G300V.	5-61

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R-1051/URR PARTS LIST

TABLE 6-1. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST (Continued)

RADIO RECEIVER R-1051/URR

RE F DESIG	NOTES	NAME AND DESCRIPTION	FIG. NO.
A2A5A1C7		CAPACITOR,FIXED,CERAMIC DIELECTRIC-0.220IN.LG,0.220IN.W,47UUF P/M5%, 75VDCW,MFR 86335,PN MINU47J.	5-61
A2A5A1C8		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-61
A2A5A1C9		CAPACITUR,FIXED,CERAMIC DIELECTRIC-0.360IN.LG,0.360IN.W,0.01UF PLUS100% MINUS20%,75VDCW,MFR 86335,PN K4000N.01Z.	5-61
A2A5A1C10		CAPACITOR,FIXED,METALIZED PAPER DIELECTRIC-0.001UF P/M20%,200VDCW, 0.195IN.X 0.375IN.,MFR 02777,PN P0072D.	5-61
A2A5A1C11		CAPACITOR,FIXED,CERAMIC DIELECTRIC-0.461IN.X 0.369IN.X 0.199IN.,510UUF P/M2%,MFR 72136,PN DM15E511G300V.	5-61
A2A5A1C12		CAPACITOR,FIXED,CERAMIC DIELECTRIC-0.270IN.LG,0.270IN.W,100UF P/M5%, 75VDCW,MFR 86335,PN MINU100J.	5-61
A2A5A1C13		SAME AS 1A2A5A1C9	5-61
A2A5A1C14		SAME AS 1A2A5A1C2	5-61
A2A5A1C15		SAME AS 1A2A5A1C9	5-61
A2A5A1C16		CAPACITOR,FIXED,CERAMIC DIELECTRIC-0.452IN.X 0.360IN.X 0.178IN.,220UUF P/M2%,MFR 72136,PN DM15E221G300V.	5-61
A2A5A1C17		SAME AS 1A2A5A1C9	5-61
A2A5A1C18		SAME AS 1A2A5A1C9	5-61
A2A5A1C19		SAME AS 1A2A5A1C9	5-61
A2A5A1C20		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-61
A2A5A1C21		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-61
A2A5A1C22		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-61
A2A5A1C23		CAPACITOR,FIXED,CERAMIC DIELECTRIC-0.450IN.X 0.358IN.X 0.174IN.,160UUF P/M2%,MFR 72136,PN DM15E161G300V.	5-61
A2A5A1C24		SAME AS 1A2A5A1C9	5-61
A2A5A1C25		CAPACITOR,FIXED,CERAMIC DIELECTRIC-0.230IN.LG,0.230IN.W,0.001UF PLUS20%, 75VDCW,MFR 86335,PN K1200M.001M.	5-61
A2A5A1C26		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-61
A2A5A1DS1		LAMP,INCANDESCENT-0.875IN.P/MO.040IN.LG,0.245IN.TO 0.268IN.DIA,NYLON INS, BRS TIN PL CONT,GL BULB,MFR 58854,PN 10ES.	5-61
A2A5A1L1		COIL,RADID FREQUENCY-23MC,INSULATED,7/32IN.DIA,19/32IN.LG,39.OUH, MIN Q 70,AT 2.0MC,2.00MAX,MFR 74956,PN 10203-40.	5-61
A2A5A1L2		COIL,RADIO FREQUENCY-1500UH P/M10%,0.410IN.LG,0.187IN.DIA,MFR 99800,PN 1537-746	5-61
A2A5A1Q1		TRANSISTOR-MIL TYPE 2N1224.	5-61
A2A5A1Q2		SAME AS 1A2A1A3Q1	5-61
A2A5A1Q3		SAME AS 1A2A1A3Q1	5-61
A2A5A1Q4		SAME AS 1A2A1A3Q1	5-61
A2A5A1Q5		SAME AS 1A2A1A3Q1	5-61
A2A5A1Q6		TRANSFORMER-MIL TYPE 2N332.	5-61
A2A5A1Q7		SAME AS 1A2A1A3Q1	5-61
A2A5A1R1		SAME AS 1A2R17	5-61
A2A5A1R2		SAME AS 1A2A1A3R5	5-61

NAVSHIPS 94841(A)

Table 6-1

TABLE 6-1. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST (Continued)

RADIO RECEIVER R-1051/URR

RE F DESIG	NOTES	NAME AND DESCRIPTION	FIG. NO.
A2A5A1R3		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R6	5-61
A2A5A1R4		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF221J.	5-61
A2A5A1R5		SAME AS 1A2R19	5-61
A2A5A1R6		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R7	5-61
A2A5A1R7		SAME AS 1A2A1A3R5	5-61
A2A5A1R8		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R29	5-61
A2A5A1R9		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF393J.	5-61
A2A5A1R10		SAME AS 1A2R9	5-61
A2A5A1R11		SAME AS 1A2A1A3R5	5-61
A2A5A1R12		SAME AS 1A2R17	5-61
A2A5A1R13		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF563J.	5-61
AZA5A1R14		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF243J.	5-61
A2A5A1R15		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-61
A2A5A1R16		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-61
A2A5A1R17		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R6	5-61
A2A5A1R18		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R9	5-61
A2A5A1R19		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4	5-61
A2A5A1R20		RESISTOR FIXED COMP-MIL TYPE RC07GF152J	5~61
A2A5A1R21		SAME AS 1A2A1A3R5	5-61
A2A5A1R22		RESISTOR,VARIABLE-500 OHMSP/M5%,MINUS65DEG C TO PLUS175DEG C OPR TEMP RANGE,0.500IN.LG,0.220IN.W,MFR 80294,PN 3250W-1-501.	5-61
A2A5A1R23		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R9	5-61
A2A5A1R24		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R16	5-61
A2A5A1R25		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R34	5-61
A2A5A1R26		SAME AS 1A2A2A3R5	5-61
A2A5A1R27		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R7	5-61
A2A5A1R28		SAME AS 1A2A5A1R4	5-61
A2A5A1R29		SAME AS 1A2A1A3R5	5-61
A2A5A1R30		SAME AS 1A2A1A3R5	5-61
A2A5A1TP1		ADAPTER,TEST,WHITE,BODY,.378IN.LG.,.218IN.DIA.,.400IN.MTG.CENTERS,MFR 05009,P/N SKT-103PC	5-61
A2A5A1TP2		SAME AS 1A2A5A1TP1	5-61
A2A5A1T1		TRANSFORMER,RADIO FREQUENCY-GR 2 CLO,FOR PRINTED CKT MTG,OUPT FREQ 500KC, MFR 58189,PN 666231-067.	5-61
A2A5A1T2		TRANSFORMER,RADID FREQUENCY-GR 2 CL 0,FOR PRINTED CKT MTG,OUPT FREQ 4MC, MFR 58189,PN 666231-066.	5-61
A2A5A1T3		TRANSFORMER,RADIO FREQUENCY-GR 2 CL 0,FOR PRINTED CKT MTG,OUPT FREQ 1MC, MFR 58189,PN 666231-065.	5-61
A2A5A1T4		TRANSFORMER,RADIO FREQUENCY-GR 2 CL 0,FOR PRINTED CKT MTG,OUPT FREQ 10MC, MFR 58189,PN 666231-064.	5-61
			<u> </u>

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R-1051/URR PARTS LIST

TABLE 6-1. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST (Continued)

A2A5A1T5 A2A5A1T6 A2A5A2CR1 A2A5A2CR2 A2A5A2CR3 A2A5A2CR4 A2A5A2C1 A2A5A2C2 A2A5A2C2 A2A5A2C3 A2A5A2C4	TRANSFORMER, RADIO FREQUENCY-GR 2 CL 0, FOR PRINTED CKT MTG, OUPT FREQ 2MC, MFR 58189, PN 666231-063. TRANSFORMER RF-0.422IN.DIA., X 0.490IN.LG., 5 MC FREQ., MFR 58189, P/N 666163-062 SEMI, CONDUCTOR, DEVICE, DIODE-MIL TYPE 1N969A9 SAME AS 1A2AIAICR1 SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICE, DIODE-MIL TYPE 1N755A SAME AS 1A2A5A2CR3 CAPACITOR, FIXED, ELECTROLYTIC-PLSTC INS, 0.135IN.DIA, 0.322IN.LG, MFR 56289, PN 150D335X0015A2. CAPACITOR, FIXED, METALIZEU PAPER DIELECTRIC-0.01UF P/M20%, 200VDCW, 0.140IN.X 0.215IN.X 0.375IN., MFR 02777, PN P012DS.	5-61 5-62 5-62 5-62 5-62 5-62 5-62 5-62
A2A5A2CR1 A2A5A2CR2 A2A5A2CR3 A2A5A2CR4 A2A5A2C1 A2A5A2C2 A2A5A2C3	SEMI, CONDUCTOR, DEVICE, DIDDE-MIL TYPE 1N969A9 SAME AS 1A2A1A1CR1 SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICE, DIDDE-MIL TYPE 1N755A SAME AS 1A2A5A2CR3 CAPACITOR, FIXED, ELECTROLYTIC-PLSTC INS, 0.135IN.DIA, 0.322IN.LG, MFR 56289, PN 150D335X0015A2. CAPACITOR, FIXED, METALIZED PAPER DIELECTRIC-0.010E P/M203.200VDCW.	5-62 5-62 5-62 5-62 5-62
A2A5A2CR2 A2A5A2CR3 A2A5A2CR4 A2A5A2C1 A2A5A2C2 A2A5A2C3	SAME AS 1A2A1A1CR1 SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICE,DIODE-MIL TYPE 1N755A SAME AS 1A2A5A2CR3 CAPACITOR,FIXED,ELECTROLYTIC-PLSTC INS,0.135IN.DIA,0.322IN.LG,MFR 56289,PN 150D335X0015A2. CAPACITOR,FIXED,METALIZED PAPER DIFLECTRIC-0.0105 P/M203.200VDCW.	5-62 5-62 5-62 5-62
A2A5A2CR3 A2A5A2CR4 A2A5A2C1 A2A5A2C2 A2A5A2C3	SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICE,DIODE-MIL TYPE 1N755A SAME AS 1A2A5A2CR3 CAPACITOR,FIXED,ELECTROLYTIC-PLSTC INS,0.135IN.DIA,0.322IN.LG,MFR 56289,PN 150D335X0015A2. CAPACITOR,FIXED,METALIZED PAPER DIFLECTRIC-0.010E P/M203.200VDCW.	5-62 5-62 5-62
A2A5A2CR4 A2A5A2C1 A2A5A2C2 A2A5A2C3	SAME AS 1A2A5A2CR3 CAPACITOR,FIXED,ELECTROLYTIC-PLSTC INS,0.135IN.DIA,0.322IN.LG,MFR 56289,PN 150D335X0015A2. CAPACITOR,FIXED,METALIZEU PAPER DIFLECTRIC-0.010F P/M203.200VDCW.	5-62 5-62
A2A5A2C1 A2A5A2C2 A2A5A2C3	CAPACITOR,FIXED,ELECTROLYTIC-PLSTC INS,0.135IN.DIA,0.322IN.LG,MFR 56289,PN 150D335X0015A2. CAPACITOR,FIXED,METALIZED PAPER DIFLECTRIC-0.010F P/M203.200VDCW.	5-62 5-62
A2A5A2C2 A2A5A2C3	56289,PN 150D335X0015A2.	
A2A5A2C3	CAPACITOR,FIXED,METALIZEU PAPER DIELECTRIC-0.01UF P/M20%,200VDCW, 0.140IN.X 0.215IN.X 0.375IN.,MFR 02777,PN P012DS.	5-62
		1 00
A2A5A2C4	SAME AS 1A2A5A2C1	5-62
	SAME AS 1A2A5A2C1	5-62
A2A5A2C5	CAPACITOR,FIXED,ELECTROLYTIC-PLSTC INS,0.135IN.DIA,0.322IN.LG,MFR 56289, PN 150D105X9035A2.	5-62
A2A5A2C6	SAME AS 1A2A5A2C5	5-62
A2A5A2C12	SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-62
A2A5A2C13	SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-62
A2A5A2C40	SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-62
A2A5A2Q1	TRANSISTOR-MIL TYPE 2N388.	5-62
A2A5A2Q2	SAME AS 1A2A5A2Q1	5-62
A2A5A2Q3	TRANSISTOR-MIL TYPE 2N333.	5-62
A2A5A2Q6	SAME AS 1A2A1A3Q1	5-62
A2A5A2RT2	THERMISTOR420IN.DIA., .100IN.THK., 20AWG LEADS,MFR 83186, P/N 13-E3	5-62
A2A5A2R1	SAME AS 1A2A1A3R9	5-62
AZA5A2R2	SAME AS 1A2A1A3R9	5-62
A2A5A2R3	SAME AS 1A2A1R2	5-62
A2A5A2R4	SAME AS 1A2A1A1R5	5-62
A2A5A2R6	SAME AS 1A2A1A1R5	5-62
A2A5A2R7	RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RCO7GF430J	5-62
A2A5A2R8	SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4	5-62
A2A5A2R9	SAME AS 1A2A2A1R3	5-62
A2A5A2R10	SAME AS 1A2A1A3R9	5-62
A2A5A2R11	SAME AS 1A2R17	5-62
A2A5A2R12	SAME AS 1A2A5A1R20	5-62
A2A5A2R17	SAME AS 1A2A2A2R29	5-62
A2A5A2R18	RESISTOR,FIXED,COMPOSITION-MIL TYPE RC07GF270J	5-62
A2A5A2T1	TRANSFORMER, RF, .750IN. X .279IN. X .500IN., 18KC PRI. FREQ., MFR 85544, P/N S-71057	5-62

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Table 6-1

TABLE 6-1. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST (Continued)

RADIO RECEIVER R-1051/URR

RE F DESIG	NOTES	NAME AND DESCRIPTION	FIG. NO.
A2A5A2T3		TRANSFORMER,RF,0.422IN.DIA. X 0.490IN.LG., 2MC.MFR 58189,P/N 666163-068 MFR 58189,PN 666231-068.	5-62
A2A5A3CR5		SEMI,CONDUCTOR,DEVICE,DIODE-MIL TYPE 1N3063	5-63
A2A5A3CR6		SAME AS 1A2A5A3CR5	5-63
A2A5A3C7		CAPACITOR,FIXED,CERAMIC,.320IN. X .320 IN. X .10IN. O.A. DIM., 68 MMF P/M 5%,75V.D.C.TEMP. COEF,N220PPM 0/C,MFR 86335,P/N GTC-75-R-68J	5-63
A2A5A3C8		CAPACITOR FIXED CERAMIC-1.550IN.LG. X 0.300IN.W. X 0.100IN.THK.,4700MMF, MFR 81349,P/N CK06CW472~M	5-63
A2A5A3C9		SAME AS 1A2A5A1C1	5-63
A2A5A3C10		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA447IN.LG353IN.HIGH, .166IN.THK.,51PF P/M 2% 300 V.D.C.W,MFR 72136,P/N DM15E560G300V	5-63
A2A5A3Q5		SAME AS 1A2A1A3Q1	5-63
A2A5A3R14		RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION-MIL TYPE RC07GF271J	5-63
A2A5A3R15		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R37	5-63
A2A5A3R16		SAME AS 1A2A1A1R5	5-63
A2A5A3T2		XTMR,RF,.422IN.DIA. X .490IN.LG.,MFR 58189,P/N 809000-392	5-63
A2A5A3Y1		CRYSTAL,UNIT,QUARTZ,.332IN. X .750IN.,5 M.C. P/M .001%,RESONANT FREQ., MIN.Q 3C0,000 CRYSTAL UNIT,MFR 58189,P/N 666163-049	5-63
A2A6		TRANSLATOR/SYNTHESIZER-MFR 58189,PN 666230-027. 10KC,1MC,500CPS,MFR 58189,P/N 666230-027	5-14
A2A6A1		SYNTHESIZER, ELECTRICAL FREQUENCY-1MC, MFR 58189, PN 666230-767.	5-65
A2A6A1B1		MOTOR,DIRECT CURRENT-26V,5AMP,W/GR RED,PERM MAG TYPE,AL HSG,3.49IN.X 0.867IN.X 0.838IN.,MFR 58189,PN 666163-435	5-61
A2A6A1C1		CAPACITOR,FIXED,CERAMIC DIELECTRIC-0.642IN.X 0.496IN.X 0.204IN.,1300UUF P/M2%,MFR 72136,PN DM19F132G500V.	5-68
A2A6A1C2		CAPACITOR,FIXED,CERAMIC DIELECTRIC-0.636IN.X 0.490IN.X 0.197IN.,1000UUF P/M2%,MFR 72136,PN DM19F102G500V.	5-68
A2A6A1C3		SAME AS 1A2A2A2C3	5-68
A2A6A1C4		CAPACITOR,FIXED,CERAMIC DIELECTRIC-0.374IN.X 0.466IN.X 0.210IN.,680UUF P/M2%,MFR 72136,PN DM15E681G300V.	5-65
A2A6A1C5		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.470IN.LG,0.390IN.W,507UUF P/M1%, 300VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15F5070F300V	5-68
A2A6A1C6		CAPACITOR,FIXED,CERAMIC DIELECTRIC-0.458IN.X 0.366IN.X 0.193IN.,430UUF P/M2%,MFR 72136,PN DM15E431G300V.	5-68
A2A6A1C7		CAPACITOR,FIXED,CERAMIC DIELECTRIC-0.455IN.X 0.364IN.X 0.188IN.,360UUF P/M2%,MFR 72136,PN DM15E361G300V.	5-68
A2A6A1C8		SAME AS 1A2A1C1	5-68
A2A6A1C9		CAPACITOR,FIXED,CERAMIC DIELECTRIC-0.454IN.X 0.362IN.X 0.182IN.,270UUF P/M2%,MFR 72136,PN DM15E271G300V.	5-76
A2A6A1C10		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA453IN.WIDE, .361IN.HIGH, .180IN.THK.,240PF P/M 2% 300V.D.C.W.,MFR 72136, P/N DM15E241G300V	5-76
A2A6A1C11		SAME AS 1A2A2A1C1	5-65
A2A6A1C11		CAPACITOR,FIXED,CERAMIC DIELECTRIC-0.451IN.X 0.359IN.X 0.176IN.,200UUF P/M2%,MFR 72136,PN DM15E201G300V.	5-69
A2A6A1C12		CAPACITOR,FIXED,CERAMIC DIELECTRIC-0.451IN.X 0.359IN.X 0.175IN.,180UUF P/M2%,MFR 72136,PN DM15E18IG300V.	5-65

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TABLE 6-1. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST (Continued)

REF DESIG	NOTES	NAME AND DESCRIPTION	FIG. NO.
A2A6A1C13		SAME AS 1A2A5A1C23	5-65
A2A6A1C14		SAME AS 1A2A5A1C23	5~65
A2A6A1C15		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.450IN.LG,0.360IN.W,115UUF P/M1%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15F115F500V	5-65
A2A6A1C16		CAPACITOR,FIXED,CERAMIC DIELECTRIC-0.449IN.X 0.357IN.X 0.170IN.,110UUF, MFR 72136,P/N DM15E111G300V	5-65
A2A6A1C17		CAPACITOR,FIXED,CERAMIC DIELECTRIC~0.355IN.W,O.167IN.THK,75UUF P/M2%, MFR 72136,PN DM15E750G300V.	5-65
A2A6A1C55		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-68
A2A6A1C56		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-68
A2A6A1E89		HOLDER CRYSTAL QUARTZ-2 3/8 IN.DIA., 3 IN.MTG. CENTERS, HOLDS 17 CRYSTALS, MFR 58189, P/N 666230-142	5-68
A2A6A1K1		RELAY,ARMATURE,1.400IN.LG. X 0.396IN.W. X 1.085IN.HGT.,26.5 V DC,975 OHMS MFR 58189,P/N 810000-095	5-68
A2A6A1L1		COIL,RADIO FREQUENCY-1000UH P/M 10%,0.410IN.LG,0.187IN.DIA.,MFR 99800, P/N 1537-744	5-68
AZAGAIL2		SAME AS 1A2A6A1L1	5-65
A2A6A1MP100		PILOT BEARING-0.375HEX BRASS,LEADED,ROD,COMP 22, 1/2 HARD,DIM. 0.375IN.HEX .500IN.LG, MFR 58189,P/N 666231-887	5-68
A2A6A1MP101		GEAR,MITER,GEARSET,BEVEL,0.500IN.LG. X 0.800IN.W. 0.5937IN.H.,32 TEETH, 64 DIAMETRAL PITCH,MFR 58189,P/N 666230-138	5-68
A2A6A1Y1		XTAL,UNIT,QTZ,0.757IN.LG. X 0.352IN.W. X 2.275IN.HGT.,2499.850 KC,41.5 PF,100 OHMS,MFR 58189,P/N 810000-393	5-68
A2A6A1¥2		XTAL,UNIT,QTZ,0.757IN.LG. X 0.352IN. W. X 2.275IN.HGT.,3499.720 KC,44.5 PF,80 OHMS,MFR 58189,P/N 810000-394	5-68
A2A6A1Y3		XTAL,UNIT,QTZ,0.757IN.LG. X 0.352IN. W. X 2.275IN.HGT.,4499.640 KC,44.5 PF,40 OHMS,MFR 59189,P/N 810000-395	5-65
A2A6A1¥4		CRYSTAL UNIT,QUARTZ-MATL/MIL-C-3098C,5499.56KC FREQ,40 OHMS MAX P/M10%, MINUS30DEG C TO PLUS75DEG C OPR TEMP RANGE,MINUS62DEG C TO PLUS75DEG C NONOPR TEMP RANGE,0.750IN.X 0.720IN.X 0.345IN.,MFR 58189,PN 810000-396.	5-65
A2A6A1Y5		CRYSTAL UNIT,QUARTZ-MATL/MIL-C-3098C,7499.4KC FREQ,25 DHMS MAX P/M10%, MINUS30DEG C TO PLUS75DEG C DPR TEMP RANGE,MINUS62DEG C TO PLUS75DEG C NONDPR TEMP RANGE,0.402IN.X 0.435IN.X 0.530IN.,MFR 58189,PN 810000-397.	5-68
A2A6A1Y6		CRYSTAL UNIT,QUARTZ-MATL/MIL-C-3098C,8499.32KC FREQ,25 OHMS MAX P/M10%, MINUS30DEG C TO PLUS75DEG C OPR TEMP RANGE,MINUS62DEG C TO PLUS75DEG C NONOPR TEMP RANGE,0.435IN.X 0.530IN.X 0.402IN.,MFR 58189,PN 810000-398.	5-68
A2A6A1Y7		CRYSTAL UNIT,QUARTZ-MATL/MIL-C-3098C,9499.24KC FREQ,25 OHMS MAX P/M10%, MINUS30DEG C TO PLUS75DEG C OPR TEMP RANGE,MINUS62DEG C TO PLUS75DEG C NONOPR TEMP RANGE,0.402IN.X 0.435IN.X 0.530IN.,MFR 58189,PN 810000-399.	5-68
A2A6A1¥8		CRYSTAL UNIT,QUARTZ-MATL/MIL-C-3098C,10499.16KC FREQ,20 OHMS MAX P/M10%, MINUS30DEG C TO PLUS75DEG C OPR TEMP RANGE,MINUS62DEG C TO PLUS75DEG C NONDPR TEMP RANGE,0.402IN.X 0.435IN.X 0.530IN.X,MFR 58189,PN 810000-400.	5-68
A2A6A1Y9		CRYSTAL UNIT,QUARTZ-MATL/MIL-C-3098C,11499.08KC FREQ,200 OHMS MAX P/M10%, MINUS30DEG C TO PLUS75DEG C OPR TEMP RANGE,MINUS62DEG C TO PLUS75DEG C NONOPR TEMP RANGE,0.402IN.X 0.435IN.X 0.530IN.,MFR 58189,PN 810000-401.	568
A2A6A1Y10		CRYSTAL UNIT,QUARTZ-MATL/MIL-C-3098C,12499KC FREQ,20 OHMS MAX P/M10%, MINUS30DEG C TO PLUS75DEG C OPR TEMP RANGE,MINUS62DEG C TO PLUS75DEG C NONOPR TEMP RANGE,0.402IN.X 0.435IN.X 0.530IN.,MFR 58189,PN 810000-402.	5-68
A2A6A1Y11		CRYSTAL UNIT,QUARTZ-MATL/MIL-C-3098C,1448.84KC FREQ,20 DHMS MAX P/M10%, MINUS30DEG C TO PLUS75DEG C OPR TEMP RANGE,MINUS62DEG C TO PLUS75DEG C NONOPR TEMP RANGE,0.402IN.X 0.435IN.X 0.530IN.,MRR 58189,PN 810000-403.	5-65

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Table 6-1

TABLE 6-1. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST (Continued)

RADIO RECEIVER R-1051/URR

RE F DESIG	NOTES	NAME AND DESCRIPTION	FIG. NO.
A2A6A1Y12		CRYSTAL UNIT,QUARTZ-MATL/MIL-C-3098C,15498.76KC FREQ,20 DHMS MAX P/M10%, MINUS30DEG C TO PLUS75DEG C OPR TEMP RANGE,MINUS62DEG C TO PLUS75DEG C NONOPR TEMP RANGE,0.402IN.X 0.435IN.X 0.530IN.,MFR 58189,PN 810000-404.	5-65
A2A6A1Y13		CRYSTAL UNIT,QUARTZ-MATL/MIL-C-3098C,16498.68KC FREQ,20 OHMS MAX P/M10%, MINUS30DEG C TO PLUS75DEG C OPR TEMP RANGE,MINUS62DEG C TO PLUS75DEG C NONOPR TEMP RANGE,0.402IN.X 0.435IN.X 0.530IN.,MFR 58189,PN 810000-405.	5-65
A2A6A1Y14		CRYSTAL UNIT,QUARTZ-MATL/MIL-C-3098C,17498KC FREQ,20 OHMS MAX P/M10%, MINUS30DEG C TO PLUS75DEG C OPR TEMP RANGE,MINUS62DEG C TO PLUS75DEG C NONOPR TEMP RANGE,0.402IN.X 0.435IN.X 0.530IN.,MFR 58189,PN 810000-406.	5-65
A2A6A1Y15		CRYSTAL UNIT,QUARTZ-MATL/MIL-C-3098C,19498.44KC FREQ,20 OHMS MAX P/M10%, MINUS30DEG C TO PLUS75DEG C OPR TEMP RANGE,MINUS65DEG C TO PLUS75DEG C NONOPR TEMP RANGE,0.402IN.X 0.435IN.X 0.530IN.,MFR 58189,PN 810000-407.	5-65
A2A6A1Y16		CRYSTAL UNIT,QUARTZ-MATL/MIL-C-3098C,20498.36KC FREQ,20 OHMS MAX P/M10%, MINUS30DEG C TO PLUS75DEG C OPR TEMP RANGE,MINUS62DEG C TO PLUS75DEG C NONOPR TEMP RANGE,0.402IN.X 0.435IN.X 0.530IN.,MFR 58189,PN 810000-408.	5-65
A2A6A1Y17		CRYSTAL UNIT,QUARTZ-MATL/MIL-C-3098C,23498.12KC FREQ,20 OHMS MAX P/M10%, MINUS30DEG C TO PLUS75DEG C OPR TEMP RANGE,MINUS62DEG C TO PLUS75DEG C NONOPR TEMP RANGE,0.402IN.X 0.435IN.X 0.530IN.,MFR 58189,PN 810000-409.	5-65
A2A6A1A1CR1		SAME AS 1A2A5A3CR5	5-66
A2A6A1A1CR2		SAME AS 1A2A5A3CR5	5-66
A2A6A1A1CR3		SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICE,DIODE-SI V-VAR,0.300IN.LG,MAX,0.125IN.DIA MAX,MFR 80131, P/N TYPE V-56EB	5-60
A2A6A1A1C18		CAPACITOR,FIXED,CERAMIC DIELECTRIC-100VDCW,0.01UF,0.500IN.LG,0.180IN.DD, MFR 96905,PN C80R01-GMV	5-6
A2A6A1A1C19		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A1C18	5-66
A2A6A1A1C20		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A1C18	5-66
A2A6A1A1C21		CAPACITOR,FIXED,CERAMIC DIELECTRIC-82UUF P/M2%,500VDCW,MFR 91674,PN 301-N5600-82-2.	5-6
A2A6A1A1C23		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A1C18	5-66
A2A6A1A1C24		CAPACITOR,FIXED,CERAMIC DIELECTRIC-430UUF P/M2%,500VDCW,MFR 91674,PN 301-N5600-430-2.	5-6
A2A6A1A1C25		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A1C18	5-66
A2A6A1A1C26		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A1C18	5-66
A2A6A1A1C27		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A1C18	5-66
A2A6A1A1C28		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A1C18	5-66
A2A6A1A1L1		SAME AS 1A2A6A1L1	5-66
A2A6A1A1L2		COIL,RF,3.286IN.LG. X 0.187IN.DIA.,43 MC,22.0 UH,MFR 99800,P/N BP-1693 MFR 58189,P/N 810000-527	5-1
A2A6A1A1L3		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A1L2	5-66
A2A6A1A1Q1		TRANSISTOR-MIL TYPE 2N2708.	5-6
A2A6A1A1Q2		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A1Q1	5-66
A2A6A1A1Q3		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A1Q1	5~66
A2A6A1A1Q4		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A1Q1	5-66
A2A6A1A1RT1		RESISTOR,THERMAL-33.9 OHMS TO 3100 OHMS P/M10% RANGE,0.230IN.DIA,0.100IN. THK,MFR 75263,PN RL2012-248-73-S3.	5-6
A2A6A1A1R1	r	RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF224J.	5~6
MZAOAIAIKI		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF224J.	

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R-1051/URR PARTS LIST

TABLE 6-1. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST (Continued)

RADIO RECEIVER R-1051/URR

RE F DESIG	NOTES	NAME AND DESCRIPTION	FIG. NO.
124(1)102			
A2A6A1A1R2		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF474J.	5-66
A2A6A1A1R3		SAME AS 1A2A4A38R3	5-66
A2A6A1A1R4		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R24	5-66
A2A6A1A1R5		SAME AS 1A2A4A38R3	5-66
A2A6A1A1R6		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF391J.	5-66
A2A6A1A1R7		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R29	5-66
A2A6A1A1R8		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4	5-66
A2A6A1A1R9		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF100J.	5-66
A2A6A1A1R10		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R4	5-66
A2A6A1A1R11		SAME AS 1A2A1A3R8	5-66
A2A6A1A1R12		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF911J.	5~66
A2A6A1A1R13		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-66
A2A6A1A1R14		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R3	5-66
A2A6A1A1R15		SAME AS 1A2A1A3R5	5-66
A2A6A1A1R16		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R4	5-66
A2A6A1A1R17		SAME AS 1A2A5A1R4	5-66
A2A6A1A1R18		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R9	5-66
A2A6A1A2CR1		SAME AS 1A2A1A1CR1	5-67
A2A6A1A2C1		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-67
A2A6A1A2C2		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-67
A2A6A1A2C3		SAME AS 1A2A5A1C5	5-67
A2A6A1A2C4		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-67
A2A6A1A2C5		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-67
A2A6A1A2C6		SAME AS 1A2A5A1C5	5-67
A2A6A1A2C7		CAPACITOR,FIXED,CERAMIC DIELECTRIC-0.734IN.X 0.481IN.X 0.204IN.,1300UUF P/M2%,MFR 72136,PN DM20E132G500V.	5-67
A2A6A1A2C8		SAME AS 1A2A5A1C5	5-67
A2A6A1A2C9		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-67
A2A6A1A2C10		SAME AS 1A2A1A1C1	5-67
A2A6A1A2C11		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-67
A2A6A1A2C12		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-67
A2A6A1A2C13		SAME AS 1A2A5A1C1	5-67
A2A6A1A2C14		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-67
A2A6A1A2L1		COIL,RADIO FREQUENCY-39UH P/M10%,0.410IN.LG,0.187IN.DIA,MFR 99800,PN COIL,RADIO FREQUENCY-39UH P/M10%,0.410IN.LG,0.187IN.DIA,MFR 99800,PN 1537-727	5-67
A2A6A1A2L2		COIL,RADIO FREQUENCY-680H P/M10%,0.410IN.LG,0.187IN.DIA,MFR 99800,PN 1537-730	5-67
A2A6A1A2L3		COIL,RADIO FREQUENCY-27UH P/M10%,0.410IN.LG,0.187IN.DIA,MFR 99800,PN 1537-725	5-67

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Table 6-1

TABLE 6-1. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST (Continued)

RE F DESIG	NOTES	NAME AND DESCRIPTION	FIG. NO.
A2A6A1A2L4		REACTOR312IN.DIA., .438IN.H.,15UH 260MA.,MFR 03550,P/N 64215-22	5-67
A2A6A1A2Q1		SAME AS 1A2A1A3Q1	5-67
A2A6A1A2Q2		SAME AS 1A2A1A3Q1	5-67
A2A6A1A2Q3		TRANSISTUR-MIL TYPE 2N2222.	5-67
A2A6A1A2RT1		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A1RT1	5-67
A2A6A1A2R1		SAME AS 142A1A2R4	5-67
A2A6A1A2R2		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-67
A2A6A1A2R3		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R29	5-67
A2A6A1A2R4		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R6	5-67
A2A6A1A2R5		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RCO7GF223J.	5-67
A2A6A1A2R6		RESISTOR,VARIABLE-0.500IN.LG,0.220IN.W,200 OHMS P/M5%,MINUS65DEG C TO PLUS175DEG C,MFR 80294,PN 3250P-1-201	5-67
A2A6A1A2R7		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-67
A2A6A1A2R8		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4	5-67
A2A6A1A2R9		SAME AS 1A2A1A1R5	5-67
A2A6A1A2R10		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R6	5-67
A2A6A1A2R11		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2R5	5-67
A2A6A1A2R12		SAME AS 1A2A1A3R5	5-67
A2A6A1A2R13		SAME AS 1A2A5A3R14	5-67
A2A6A1A2R14		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R5	5-67
A2A6A1A2R15		SAME AS 1A2A4A38R3	5-67
A2A6A1A2R16		SAME AS 1A2A4A38R3	5-67
A2A6A1A2R17		SAME AS 1A2A1A3R8	5-67
A2A6A1A2R18		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF131J.	5-67
A2A6A1A2R19		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A1R6	5-67
A2A6A1A2R20		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF750J.	5-67
A2A6A1A2R21		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A1R2	5-67
A2A6A1A2R22		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R6	5-67
A2A6A1A2TP1		TERMINAL,FEEDTHRU,INSULATED-TEFLON BODY,BRS LUG,SOLDER FIN.,0.550IN. LG,0.093IN.OA DIA,5.5AMP CUR.RATING,750VRMS,60CPS,MFR 98291,PN FT-MM-16L2RED	5-67
A2A6A1A2TP2		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2TP1	5-67
A2A6A1A2TP3		JACK,TIP-L-LOSS POLYAMIDE/MIL-P-17091,BE COP CONT,SIL PL FIN.,HORIZ, 0.156IN.X 0.203IN.X 0.410IN.OA DIM.,MFR 74970,PN 105-760	5-67
A2A6A1A2T1		TRANSFORMER,RF,0.620IN.LG. X 0.422IN.DIA.,1.5 MC,620 PF,MFR 58189,P/N 809000-238	5-67
A2A6A1A2T2		TRANSFORMER,RF,0.620IN. LG. X 0.422IN.DIA.,1.5 MC,620 PF,MFR 58189,P/N 809000-239	5-67
A2A6A1A3CR1		SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICE, DIODE-MIL TYPE 1N758A	5-69
A2A6A1A3CR2		SAME AS 1A2A1A1CR1	5-69

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R-1051/URR PARTS LIST

TABLE 6-1. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST (Continued)

RADIO RECEIVER R-1051/URR

RE F DESIG	NOTES	NAME AND DESCRIPTION	FIG. NO.
A2A6A1A3CR3		SAME AS 1A2A1A1CR1	5-69
A2A6A1A3CR4		SAME AS 1A2A1A1CR1	5-69
A2A6A1A3CR5		SEMI,CONDUCTOR,DEVICE,DIODE-MIL TYPE 1N3600	5-69
A2A6A1A3C1		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-69
A2A6A1A3C2		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-69
A2A6A1A3C3		SAME AS 1A2A6A1C16	5-69
A2A6A1A3C4		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-69
A2A6A1A3C5		SAME AS 1A2A6A1C16	5-69
A2A6A1A3C6		SAME AS 1A2A6A1C4	5-69
A2A6A1A3C7		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-69
A2A6A1A3C8		CAPACITOR,FIXED,CERAMIC DIELECTRIC-0.446IN.X 0.351IN.X 0.184IN.,10UUF P/M5%,MFR 72136,PN DM15C100J500V.	5-69
A2A6A1A3C9		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-69
A2A6A1A3C10		SAME AS 1A2A1A1C1	5-69
A2A6A1A3C11		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-69
A2A6A1A3C12		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-69
A2A6A1A3C13		SAME AS 1A2A1A1C1	5-69
A2A6A1A3C14		SAME AS 1A2A1A1C1	5-69
A2A6A1A3C15		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-10UUF P/M2%,300VDCW,DIPPED COATING RADIAL WIRE LEADS,NO.20 AKG,G.160IN.X 0.349IN.X 0.445IN.DA DIM.,MFR 72136,PN DM15C100G300V	5-69
A2A6A1A3C16		SAME AS 1A2A1C1	5-69
A2A6A1A3C17		SAME AS 1A2A1C1	5-69
A2A6A1A3C18		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-69
A2A6A1A3C19		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-69
A2A6A1A3C20		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-69
A2A6A1A3L1		SAME AS 1A2A6A1L1	5-69
A2A6A1A3L2		COIL,RADID FREQUENCY-790KC,200UH,0.625IN.LG,0.375IN.DIA,MFR 58189, PN 666163-348.	5-69
A2A6A1A3L3		REACTOR312IN.DIA., .438IN.H.,#22AWG LEADS,47UH,1200MA,MFR 03550,P/N 64047-22	5-69
A2A6A1A3L4		COIL,RADIO FREQUENCY-2.5MC,38UH,0.625IN.LG,0.375IN.DIA,MFR 58189, PN 666163-351.	5-69
A2A6A1A3Q1		TRANSISTOR-CASE STYLE TO-18,MFR 80131,PN 2N964.	5-69
A2A6A1A3Q2		TRANSISTOR-MIL TYPE 2N2501.	5-69
A2A6A1A3Q3		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A3Q1	5-69
A2A6A1A3Q4		SAME AS 1A2A4A3801	5-69
A2A6A1A3Q5		TRANSISTOR-MIL TYPE 2N700.	5-69
A2A6A1A3Q6		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A1Q1	5-69
A2A6A1A3R1		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R5	5-69

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Table 6-1

TABLE 6-1. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST (Continued)

RADIO RECEIVER R-1051/URR

RE F DESIG	NOTES	NAME AND DESCRIPTION	FIG. NO.
A2A6A1A3R2		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R17	5-69
A2A6A1A3R3		SAME AS 1A2R17	5-69
A2A6A1A3R4		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R1	5-69
A2A6A1A3R5		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-69
A2A6A1A3R6		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF822J.	5-69
A2A6A1A3R7		SAME AS 1A2A4R1	5-69
A2A6A1A3R8		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R6	5-69
A2A6A1A3R9		SAME AS 1A2A5A1R20	5-69
A2A6A1A3R10		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF681J.	5-69
A2A6A1A3R11		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R1	5-69
A2A6A1A3R12		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R17	5-69
A2A6A1A3R13		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R5	5-69
A2A6A1A3R14		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF333J.	5-69
A2A6A1A3R15		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF390J.	5-69
A2A6A1A3R16		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A3R10	5-69
A2A6A1A3R17		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R6	5-69
A2A6A1A3R18		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4	5-69
A2A6A1A3R19		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R29	5-69
A2A6A1A3R20		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF300J.	5-69
A2A6A1A3R21		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-69
A2A6A1A3R22		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R9	5-69
A2A6A1A3R23		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4	5-69
A2A6A1A3R24		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4	5-69
A2A6A1A3R25		SAME AS 1A2A1A3R5	5-69
A2A6A1A3R26		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R29	5-69
A2A6A1A3R27		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4	5-69
A2A6A1A3R28		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-69
A2A6A1A3R29		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R5	5-69
A2A6A1A3R30		SAME AS 1A2R17	5-69
A2A6A1A3R31		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R6	5-69
A2A6A1A3R32		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4	5-69
A2A6A1A3R33		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R9	5-69
A2A6A1A3TP1		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2TP1	5-69
A2A6A1A3T1		COIL,RADIO FREQUENCY-2.5MC,38UH,0.625IN.LG,0.375IN.DIA,MFR 58189, PN 666163-349.	5-69
A2A6A2		SYNTHESIZER, ELECTRICAL FREQUENCY-100KC, MFR 58189, PN 666230-626.	5-70
A2A6A2P1		CONNECTUR,RECEPTACLE,ELECTRICAL-2.0881IN.X 0.7031IN.X 0.494IN.,5AMP, 20AWG,MFR 91146,PN DBM-9W4PC-31.	5-70

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NAVSHIPS 94841(A)

TABLE 6-1. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST (Continued)

RE F DESIG	NOTES	NAME AND DESCRIPTION	FIG. NO.
A2A6A2S1		SWITCH SECTION,ROTARY-SP,1 MOVING CONT,10 FXD CONT,0.937IN.LG, 1.00IN.DEEP,MFR 58189,PN 666163-515.	5-72
A2A6A2Y1		CRYSTAL UNIT,QUARTZ-4.553MC,1PL,MFR 58189,PN 666163-670.	5-72
A2A6A2¥Z		CRYSTAL UNIT,QUARTZ-4.653MC,1PL,MFR 58189,PN 666163-671.	5-72
A2A6A2Y3		CRYSTAL UNIT,QUARTZ-4.753MC,1PL,MFR 58189,PN 666163-672.	5-72
A2A6A2Y4		CRYSTAL UNIT,QUARTZ-4.853MC,1PL,MFR 58189,PN 666163-673.	5-72
A2A6A2¥5		CRYSTAL UNIT,QUARTZ-4.953MC,1PL,MFR 58189,PN 666163-674.	5-72
A2A6A2¥6		CRYSTAL UNIT,QUARTZ-5.053MC,1PL,MFR 58189,PN 666163-675.	5-72
A2A6A2Y7		CRYSTAL UNIT,QUARTZ-5.153MC,1PL,MFR 58189,PN 666163-676.	5-72
A2A6A2Y8		CRYSTAL UNIT,QUARTZ-5.253MC,1PL,MFR 58189,PN 666163-677.	5-72
A2A6A2Y9		CRYSTAL UNIT,QUARTZ-5.353MC,1PL,MFR 58189,PN 666163-678.	5-72
A2A6A2Y10		CRYSTAL UNIT,QUARTZ-5.453MC,1PL,MFR 58189,PN 666163-679.	5-72
A2A6A2A1CR1		SAME AS 1A2A5A3CR5	5-73
A2A6A2A1CR2		SAME AS 1A2A5A3CR5	5-73
A2A6A2A1C1		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA-0.447IN.W,0.353IN.H,0.164IN.THK.33PF P/M2% 300V MFR 72136,P/N DM15E360G300V	5-73
A2A6A2A1C2		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-73
A2A6A2A1C3		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-73
A2A6A2A1C4		SAME AS 1A2A6A1C9	5-73
A2A6A2A1C5		SAME AS 1A2A2A2C3	5-73
A2A6A2A1C6		SAME AS 1A2A6A1C7	5-73
A2A6A2A1C7		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-73
A2A6A2A1C8		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-73
A2A6A2A1C9		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-73
A2A6A2A1C10		SAME AS 1A2A2A2C3	5-73
A2A6A2A1Q1		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A3Q2	5-73
A2A6A2A1Q2		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A3Q2	5-73
A2A6A2A1RT1		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A1RT1	5-73
A2A6A2A1R1		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A1R6	5-73
A2A6A2A1R2		SAME AS 1A2A4A38R3	5-73
A2A6A2A1R3		SAME AS 1A2A4A38R3	5-73
A2A6A2A1R4		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R24	5-73
A2A6A2A1R5		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4	5-73
A2A6A2A1R6		SAME AS 1A2R17	5-73
A2A6A2A1R7		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4	5-73
A2A6A2A1R8		SAME AS 1A2A1R1	5-73
A2A6A2A1R9		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4	5-73
A2A6A2A1R10		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4	5-73

NAVSHIPS 94841(A)

Table 6-1

TABLE 6-1. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST (Continued)

RE F DESIG	NOTES	NAME AND DESCRIPTION	FIG. NO.
A246A2A1R11		SAME AS 1A2R17	5-73
A2A6A2A1R12		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R6	5-73
A2A6A2A1R13		SAME AS 1A2R19	5-73
A2A6A2A1R14		SAME AS 1A2A5A3R14	5-73
A2A6A2A2C1		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-77
A2A6A2A2C2		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-77
A2A6A2A2C3		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-77
A2A6A2A2C4		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-77
A2A6A2A2C5		CAPACITOR,FIXED,CERAMIC DIELECTRIC-0.270IN.LG,0.320IN.W,47UUF P/M5%, 75VDCW,MFR 86335,PN MINC47J.	5-77
A2A6A2A2C6		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-77
A2A6A2A2C7		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-77
A2A6A2A2C8		CAPACITOR,FIXED,CERAMIC DIELECTRIC-0.468IN.X 0.376IN.X 0.216IN.,750UUF P/M2%,MFR 72136,PN DM15E751G300V.	5-77
A2A6A2A2C9		SAME AS 1A2A6A2A2C8	5-77
A2A6A2A2FL1		FILTER,BAND PASS-BP FREQ 10.7466-10.7474MC,0.750IN.X 1.000IN.X 1.500IN., MFR FLTCH,PN 7901007.	5-77
A2A6A2A2Q1		TRANSISTOR-MIL TYPE 2N7GO.	5-77
A2A6A2A2Q2		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A305	5-77
A2A6A2A2R1		SAME AS 1A2A4A3BR3	5-77
A2A6A2A2R2		SAME AS 1A2A1A3R9	5-77
A2A6A2A2R3		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R6	5-77
A2A6A2A2R4		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-77
A2A6A2A2R5		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4	5-77
A2A6A2A2R6		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R6	5-77
A2A6A2A2R7		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R29	5-77
A2A6A2A2R8		SAME AS 1A2A2A1P.16	5-77
A2A6A2A2R9		SAME AS 1A2A1A3R5	5-77
A2A6A2A2TP1		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2TP1	5-77
A2A6A2A2T1		TRANSFORMER,RF,0.620IN.LG. X 0.422IN.DIA.,7.9 MC,1.32UH,MFR 58189,P/N 809000-245	5-77
A2A6A2A2T2		TRANSFORMER,RF,0.620IN.LG. X 0.422IN.DIA.,10.747 MC,50.5 PF,MFR 58189, P/N 809000-242	5-77
A2A6A2A2T3		TRANSFORMER,RADIO FREQUENCY-PWD IRON COIL,7-5/6 TURNS,0.312IN.LG, 0.375IN.OD,MFR 58189,PN 665163-368.	5-77
A2A6A2A3CR1		SAME AS 1A2A1A1CR1	5-71
A2A6A2A3CR2		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A3CR1	5-71
A2A6A2A3CR3		SAME AS 1A2A1A1CR1	5-71
A2A6A2A3C1		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-71
A2A6A2A3C2		CAPACITOR,FIXED,ELECTROLYTIC-0.689IN.P/MO.031IN.LG,0.312IN.DIA,6.8UF P/M20%,35VDCW,MFR 56289,PN 180D685X0035.	5-71

NAVSHIPS 94841(A)

R-1051/URR PARTS LIST

TABLE 6-1. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST (Continued)

RE F DESIG	NOTES	NAME AND DESCRIPTION	FIG. NO.
A2A6A2A3C3		SAME AS 1A2A6A2A3C2	5-71
A2A6A2A3C4		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-71
A2A6A2A3C5		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-71
A2A6A2A3C6		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-71
A2A6A2A3C7		SAME AS 1A2A5A3C10	5-71
A2A6A2A3C8		CAPACITOR,VARIABLE GLASS,0.4231IN.LG. X 0.3125IN.W. X 1.000IN.H.,0.8 TO 4.5 MMF,MFR 73899,P/N VC10GW	5-71
A2A6A2A3C9		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A3C15	5-71
A2A6A2A3C10		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-71
A2A6A2A3C11		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-71
A2A6A2A3C12		SAME AS 1A2A2A2C3	5-71
A2A6A2A3C13		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-71
A2A6A2A3C14		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-71
A2A6A2A3C15		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-71
A2A6A2A3C16		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-71
A2A6A2A3C17		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-71
A2A6A2A3C18		CAPACITOR,FIXED,CERAMIC DIELECTRIC-0.450IN.X 0.354IN.X 0.166IN.,43UUF P/M2%,MFR 72136,PN DM15E430G300V.	5-71
A2A6A2A3C19		SAME AS 1A2A6A2A3C8	5-71
A2A6A2A3C20		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A3C15	5-71
A2A6A2A3Q1		SAME AS 1A2A4A38Q1	5-71
A2A6A2A3Q2		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A3Q5	5-71
A2A6A2A3R1		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-71
A2A6A2A3R2		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4	5-71
A2A6A2A3R3		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R6	5-71
A2A6A2A3R4		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R29	5-71
A2A6A2A3R5		SAME AS 1A2R19	5-71
A2A6A2A3R6		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-71
A2A6A2A3R7		SAME AS 1AZA1A2R4	5-71
A2A6A2A3R8		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R6	5-71
A2A6A2A3R9		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R29	5-71
A2A6A2A3R10		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R34	5-71
A2A6A2A3R11		SAME AS 1A2A5A3R14	5-71
A2A6A2A3R12		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A1R12	5-71
A2A6A2A3R13		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R23	5-71
A2A6A2A3R14		SAME AS 1A2A2A3R5	5-71
A2A6A2A3R15		SAME AS 1A2R19	5-71
A2A6A2A3R16		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF301J.	5-71

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Table 6-1

TABLE 6-1. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST (Continued)

RADIO RECEIVER R-1051/URR

RE F DESIG	NOTES	NAME AND DESCRIPTION	FIG. NO.
A2A6A2A3TP1		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2TP1	5-71
A2A6A2A3TP2		SAME AS 1AZA6A1A2TP1	5-71
A2A6A2A3TP3		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2TP1	5-71
A2A6A2A3TP4		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2TP1	5-71
A2A6A2A3T1		TRANSFORMER,RF,0.620IN.LG. X 0.422IN.DIA.,7.9 MC,1.32 UH,MFR 58189,P/N 809000-245	5-71
A2A6A2A3T2		TRANSFORMER,RADIO FREQUENCY-PWD IRON COIL,10-1/3 TURNS,0.312IN.LG, 0.375IN.OD,MFR 58189,PN 666163-371.	5-71
A2A6A2A3T3		TRANSFORMER,RADIO FREQUENCY-PWD IRON COIL,9-2/3 TURNS,0.312IN.LG, 0.375IN.OD,MFR 58189,PN 666163-372.	5-71
A2A6A2A3T4		TRANSFORMER,RADIO FREQUENCY-PWD IRON COIL,6-1/3 TURNS,0.312IN.LG, 0.375IN.OD,MFR 58189,PN 666163-373.	5-71
A2A6A2A3Y1		CRYSTAL UNIT,QUARTZ,17845KC,1PL,MFR 58189,PN 666163-642.	5-71
A2A6A2A3Y2		CRYSTAL UNIT,QUARTZ-27845KC,1PL,MFR 58189,PN 666163-643.	5-71
A2A6A2A4C1		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-75
A2A6A2A4C2		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-75
A2A6A2A4C3		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-75
A2A6A2A4C4		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-75
A2A6A2A4C5		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-75
A2A6A2A4C6		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-75
A2A6A2A4C7		CAPACITOR,FIXED,CERAMIC DIELECTRIC-47UUF P/M2%,MFR 72136,PN DM15E470G300V.	5-75
A2A6A2A4C8		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-75
A2A6A2A4C9		CAPACITOR,FIXED,CERAMIC DIELECTRIC-0.447IN.X 0.354IN.X 0.167IN.,62UUF P/M2%,MFR 72136,PN DM15E620G300V.	5-75
A2A6A2A4C10	*****	CAPACITOR,FIXED,CERAMIC DIELECTRIC-0.330IN.LG,0.160IN.DIA,1.5UUF P/M5%, 500VDCW,MFR 78488,PN GAIR5J500V.	5-75
A2A6A2A4C11		SAME AS 1A2A6A2A4C7	5-75
A2A6A2A4C12		SAME AS 1A2A4A26C1	5-75
A2A6A2A4C13		SAME AS 1A2A6A2A4C9	5-75
A2A6A2A4C14		SAME AS 1A2A6A2A4C10	5-75
A2A6A2A4C15		SAME AS 1A2A6A2A4C7	5-75
A2A6A2A4C16		SAME AS 1A2A4A26C1	5-75
A2A6A2A4C17		SAME AS 1A2A6A2A4C9	5-75
A2A6A2A4C18		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-75
A2A6A2A4C19		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-75
AZA6A2A4C20		CAPACITOR,FIXED,CERAMIC DIELECTRIC-0.462IN.X 0.370IN.X 0.202IN.,560UUF P/M2%,MFR 72136,PN DM15E561G300V.	5-75
A2A6A2A4C21		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-75
A2A6A2A4C22		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-75
A2A6A2A4C23		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-75

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R-1051/URR PARTS LIST

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TABLE 6-1. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST (Continued)

RE F DESIG	NOTES	NAME AND DESCRIPTION	FIG. NO.
A2A6A2A4C24		SAME AS 1A2A6A1C4	5-75
A2A6A2A4C25		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-75
A2A6A2A4C26		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-75
A2A6A2A4C27		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-75
A2A6A2A4L1		TRANSFORMER,RADIO FREQUENCY-PWD IRON COIL,3-2/3 TURNS,0.375IN.LG,0.312IN. OD,MFR 58189,PN 666163-340.	5-75
A2A6A2A4L2		COIL,RADIO FREQUENCY-PWD IRON COIL,6-1/3 TURNS,0.312IN.LG,0.375IN.OD, MFR 58189,PN 666163-341.	5-75
A2A6A2A4L3		COIL,RADID FREQUENCY-PWD IRON COIL,1-1/3 TURNS,0.312IN.LG,0.375IN.OD, MFR 58189,PN 666163-342.	5-75
A2A6A2A4L4		TRANSFORMER,RADIO FREQUENCY-PWD IRON COIL,7-2/3 TURNS, 0.312IN.LG,0.375IN.OD,MFR 58189,PN 666163-343.	5-75
A2A6A2A4L5		COIL,RADIO FREQUENCY-PWD IRON COIL,2-2/3 TURNS,0.312IN.LG,0.375IN.OD, MFR 58189,PN 666163-344.	5-75
A2A6A2A4L6		COIL,RADID FREQUENCY-PHD IRON COIL,2-2/3 TURNS,0.312IN.LG,0.375IN.DD, MFR 58189,PN 666163-345.	5-75
A2A6A2A4Q1		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A3Q5	5-75
A2A6A2A4Q2		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A3Q5	5-75
A2A6A2A4Q3		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A3Q5	5-75
A2A6A2A4Q4		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A3Q5	5-75
A2A6A2A4R1		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R29	5-75
A2A6A2A4R2		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R29	5-75
A2A6A2A4R3		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R6	5-75
A2A6A2A4R4		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4	5-75
A2A6A2A4R5		SAME AS 1Å2A1A2R4	5-75
A2A6A2A4R6		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-75
A2A6A2A4R7		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-75
A2A6A2A4R8		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4	5-75
A2A6A2A4R9		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4	5-75
A2A6A2A4R10		SAME AS 1A2R19	5-75
A2A6A2A4R11		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R6	5-75
A2A6A2A4R12		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R2	5-75
A2A6A2A4R13		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-75
A2A6A2A4R14		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4	5-75
A2A6A2A4R15		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-75
A2A6A2A4R16		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4	5-75
A2A6A2A4R17		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R29	5-75
A2A6A2A4R18		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R29	5-75
A2A6A2A4R19		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R6	5-75
A2A6A2A4R20		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R6	5-75

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Table 6-1

TABLE 6-1. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST (Continued)

RE F DESIG	NOTES	NAME AND DESCRIPTION	FIG. NO.
A2A6A2A4R21		SAME AS 1A2A1A3R5	5-75
A2A6A2A4R22		SAME AS 1A2A1A3R5	5-75
A2A6A2A4TP1		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2TP1	5-75
A2A6A2A4TP2		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2TP1	5-75
A2A6A2A4TP3		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2TP1	5-75
A2A6A2A4TP4		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2TP1	5-75
A2A6A2A4TP5		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2TP1	5-75
A2A6A2A4TP6		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2TP1	5-75
A2A6A2A4T1		TRANSFORMER RF-0.422IN.DIA. X 0.490IN.LG.,25 MC,MFR 58189,P/N 809000-382 0.375IN.0D,MFR 58189,PN 666163~365	5-75
A2A6A2A4T2		TRANSFORMER, RF, 0.422IN.DIA. X 0.490IN.LG., 25 MC, MFR 58189, P/N 809000-383 0.375IN.DD, MFR 58189, PN 666163-366	5-75
A2A6A2A5CR1		SAME AS 1A2A5A3CR5	5-79
A2A6A2A5C1		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-79
A2A6A2A5C2		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-79
A2A6A2A5C3		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-79
A2A6A2A5C4		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-79
A2A6A2A5C5		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-79
A2A6A2A5C6		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-79
A2A6A2A5C7		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-79
A2A6A2A5C8		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-79
A2A6A2A5C9		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-79
A2A6A2A5C10		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-79
A2A6A2A5C11		SAME AS 1A2A3A2C25	5-79
A2A6A2A5L1		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2L3	5-79
A2A6A2A5L2		CO&L,-ADIO F-EQUENCO-3.3UH P/M10%,0.410IN.LG,0.187IN.D&A,MFR 99800,PN COIL,RADIO FREQUENCY-3.3UH P/M10%,0.410IN.LG,0.187IN.DIA,MFR 99800,PN 1537-714	5-79
A2A6A2A5L3		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2L3	5-79
A2A6A2A5Q1		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A3Q5	5-79
A2A6A2A5Q2		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A1Q1	5-79
A2A6A2A5Q3		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A1Q1	5-79
A2A6A2A5Q4		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A1Q1	5-79
A2A6A2A5R1		SAME AS 1A2A5A1R20	5-79
A2A6A2A5R2		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4	5-79
A2A6A2A5R3		SAME AS 1A2A1A3R5	5-79
A2A6A2A5R4		SAME AS 1A2A4A38R3	5-79
A2A6A2A5R5		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF912J.	5-79
A2A6A2A5R6		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R2	5-79

NAVSHIPS 94841(A)

R-1051/URR PARTS LIST

TABLE 6-1. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST (Continued)

RE F DESIG	NOTES	NAME AND DESCRIPTION	FIG. NO.
A2A6A2A5R7		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF241J.	5-79
A2A6A2A5R8		SAME AS 1AZAZA1R4	5-79
A2A6A2A5R9		SAME AS 1A2A4A38R3	5-79
A2A6A2A5R10		SAME AS 1A2A6A2A5R5	5-79
A2A6A2A5R11		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R2	5-79
A2A6A2A5R12		SAME AS 1A2A6A2A3R16	5-79
A2A6A2A5R13		RESISTOR,VARIABLE-3/8IN.LG,3/64IN.W,200 OHMS P/M5%,1W,500VDCW,MFR 80294, PN 3280W-1-201.	5-79
A2A6A2A5R14	1	RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF162J.	5-79
A2A6A2A5R15		SAME AS 1A2A1A3R4	5-79
A2A6A2A5R16		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R29	5-79
A2A6A2A5R17		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF200J.	5-79
A2A6A2A5TP1		JACK,TIP-L-LOSS POLYAMIDE/MIL-P-17091,BE CUP CONT,SIL PL FIN.,HURIZ, 1-13/64IN.X 3/16IN.DA DIM.,MFR 74970,PN 105-851WHT.	5-79
A2A6A3		SYNTHESIZER, ELECTRICAL FREQUENCY-1&10KC, MFR 58189, PN 666230-635.	5-80
A2A6A3C25		SAME AS 1A2A2A1C1	5-80
A2A6A3C26		SAME AS 1A2A2A1C4	5-80
A2A6A3J2		CONNECTOR,RECEPTACLE,ELECTRICAL-BRS,TEFLON INS,7/8IN.LG,5/16IN.DIA,MFR 05009,PN 3113.	5-86
A2A6A3J3		SAME AS 1A2A6A3J2	5-86
A2A6A3J4		SAME AS 1A2A6A3J2	5-86
A2A6A3S1		SAME AS 1A2A6A2S1	5-80
A2A6A3S2		SAME AS 1A2A6A2S1	5-80
A2A6A3Y1		CRYSTAL UNIT,QUARTZ-5250KC,1PL,MFR 58189,PN 666163-689.	5-84
A2A6A3Y2		CRYSTAL UNIT,QUARTZ-5240KC,1PL,MFR 58189,PN 666163-688.	5-80
A2A6A3Y3		CRYSTAL UNIT,QUARTZ-523CKC,1PL,MFR 58189,PN 666163-687.	5-80
A2A6A3Y4		CRYSTAL UNIT,QUARTZ-5220KC,1PL,MFR 58189,PN 666163-686.	5-80
A2A6A3Y5		CRYSTAL UNIT,QUARTZ-5210KC,1PL,MFR 58189,PN 666163-685.	5-80
A2A6A3Y6		CRYSTAL UNIT,QUARTZ-5200KC,1PL,MFR 58189,PN 666163-684.	5~80
A2A6A3Y7		CRYSTAL UNIT,QUARTZ-5190KC,1PL,MFR 58189,PN 666163-683.	5-84
A2A6A3Y8		CRYSTAL UNIT,QUARTZ-5180KC,1PL,MFR 58189,PN 666163-682.	5-84
A2A6A3Y9		CRYSTAL UNIT,QUARTZ-5170KC,1PL,MFR 58189,PN 666163-681.	5-84
A2A6A3Y10		CRYSTAL UNIT,QUARTZ-5160KC,1PL,MFR 58189,PN 666163-680.	5-84
A2A6A3Y11		CRYSTAL UNIT,QUARTZ-1850KC,1PL,MFR 58189,PN 666163-690.	5~84
A2A6A3Y12		CRYSTAL UNIT,QUARTZ-1851KC,1PL,MFR 58189,PN 666163-691.	5-80
A2A6A3Y13		CRYSTAL UNIT,QUARTZ-1852KC,1PL,MFR 58189,PN 666163-692.	5-80
A2A6A3Y14		CRYSTAL UNIT,QUARTZ-1853KC,1PL,MFR 58189,PN 666163-693.	5-80
A2A6A3Y15		CRYSTAL UNIT,QUARTZ-1854KC,1PL,MFR 58189,PN 666163-694.	5-80
A2A6A3Y16		CRYSTAL UNIT,QUARTZ-1855KC,1PL,MFR 58189,PN 666163-695.	5-80

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Table 6-1

TABLE 6-1. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST (Continued)

RADIO RECEIVER R-1051/URR

A24643917 CRYSTAL UNIT, GUARTZ-1656KC, JPL, MER SBLBG, PN 666163-696. A24643915 CRYSTAL UNIT, GUARTZ-1657KC, JPL, MER SBLBG, PN 666163-698. A26639120 CRYSTAL UNIT, GUARTZ-1657KC, JPL, MER SBLBG, PN 666163-698. A26633101 SAME AS 1424530265 A26633102 SAME AS 142454020-33 P/M 2007N. W. X 1.450TN.HOT. 3997-5000 VD, UTT, FIXED, CERAMIC, DIELECTRIC., 400TN.LG. X. 200TN. W. X 1.450TN.HOT. 3997-5000 VD, UTT, FIXED, CERAMIC, DIELECTRIC., 400TN.LG. X. 200TN. W. X 1.450TN.HOT. 3997-5000 VD, UTT, FIXED, CERAMIC, DIELECTRIC., 400TN.LG. X. 200TN. W. X 1.450TN.HOT. 3997-5000 VD, UTT, FIXED, CERAMIC, DIELECTRIC., 400TN.LG. X. 200TN. W. X 1.450TN.HOT. 3997-5000 VD, UTT, FIXED, CERAMIC, DIELECTRIC., 400TN.LG. X. 200TN. W. X 1.450TN.HOT. A26633102 SAME AS 14246110 A26633102 SAME AS 1424611 SAME AS 14246111 SAME AS 142461110 A26633101 SAME AS 1424611302 A26633101 SAME AS 14246113105 A26633102	RE F DESIG	NOTES	NAME AND DESCRIPTION	FIC NO
Azadazuta CANSTAL UNIT, GUARTZ-IBSTRC, IPL, NR. SUBSP, PN. 666163-697. Azadazuta CANSTAL UNIT, GUARTZ-IBSTRC, IPL, NRR. SUBSP, PN. 666163-697. Azadazuta CANSTAL UNIT, GUARTZ-IBSTRC, IPL, NRR. SUBSP, PN. 666163-697. Azadazuta Same AS. 122583C2. Azadazuta Same AS. 122583C3. Azadazuta Same AS. 122583C3. Azadazuta Canst. ITTU, IPTUBLICERANIC, DIELICTRIC., 4001N-LG. X. 2001N. N. X. 1.4501N.HGT. 3397,500 V. DU, HTR. 15450, P/N. 110-42200-33 P/M. 22 Same AS. 1226623. Azadazuta Same AS. 1226623. Azadazuta Same AS. 122623. Azadazuta Same AS. 122623. Azadazuta Same AS. 122623. Azadazuta Same AS. 162661. Azadazuta Same AS. 162661. Azadazuta Same AS. 162661. Azadazuta Same AS. 162661. Azadazuta Same AS. 16266. Same AS. 16266. Same AS. 162661. Azadazuta Same AS. 162661. Azadazuta Same AS. 162661. Azadazuta Same AS. 162661. Azadazuta Same AS. 162661. Azadazut	A2A6A3Y17			
Azadasyin CRYSTAL UNIT, GUARTZ-LESSKC, JPL, JFR SUB09, PN 666163-698. Azadasyin CRYSTAL UNIT, GUARTZ-LESSKC, JPL, JFR SUB09, PN 666163-698. Azadasyin SAME AS LAZASASCS Azadasyin SAME AS LAZASASCS Azadasyin CRYSTAL UNIT, GUARTZ-LESSKC, JPL, JFR SUB09, PN 666163-699. Azadasyin SAME AS LAZASASCS Azadasyin Canactifuc, FIXE0, CERANTC, DIELECTRIC, 4001N-LG, X, 2001N, N, X 1.4501N, HGT. Azadasyin Canactifuc, FIXE0, CERANTC, DIELECTRIC, 4001N, LG, X, 2001N, N, X 1.4501N, HGT. Azadasyin SAME AS LAZASASCS Azadasyin SAME AS LAZASALCJ Azadasyin SAME AS LAZAGALCJ Azadasyin SAME AS LAZAGALCJ Azadasyin SAME AS LAZAGALCI				5-8
A24643Y20 CRYSTAL UNIT; GUNRTZ-1059KC, IPL, MER. S109, PN. 666163-699. A24643A1CR1 SAME AS 1A245A3CR5 A24643A1CR1 CAPACITON, FIXID, CERAMIC, DIELECTRIC, 400IN, ES. X. 200IN, N. X. 1, 450IN, HGT. 33PF, 200 V CE, MER. 1990, PN. 1042200-33 PJN. 24 A24643A1C3 SAME AS 1A246A1C9 A24643A1C3 SAME AS 1A246A1C9 A24643A1C3 SAME AS 1A246A1C7 A24643A1C4 SAME AS 1A246A1C7 A24643A1C5 SAME AS 1A246A1C1 A24643A1C6 SAME AS 1A246C1 A24643A1C4 SAME AS 1A246C1 A24643A1C4 SAME AS 1A246C1 A24643A1C6 SAME AS 1A246C1 A24643A1C7 SAME AS 1A246C1 A24643A1C7 SAME AS 1A246C1 A24643A1C7 SAME AS 1A246C1 A24643A1C1 SAME AS 1A246C1 A24643A1C1 SAME AS 1A246A1 A24643A1C1 SAME AS 1A246A1C10 A24643A1C1 SAME AS 1A246A1A302 A24643A1C1 SAME AS 1A246A14302 A24643A1C1 SAME AS 1A246A14302 A24643A12 SAME AS 1A246A14302 A24643A12 SAME AS 1A246A14302				5-8
A266331CH1 SAME AS LA26332CR5 A266331CH2 SAME AS LA26333CR5 A266331CH2 SAME AS LA26333CR5 A266331CH2 SAME AS LA2633GR5 A266331CH2 SAME AS LA2633GR5 A266331CH2 SAME AS LA2643GR5 A266331CG1 SAME AS LA26431C7 A266331CG1 SAME AS LA24641C A266331CG1 SAME AS LA2461C1 A266331C1 SAME AS LA2461C1 A266331C2 SAME AS LA2461C1 A266331C1 SAME AS LA2461C1 A266331C1 SAME AS LA2461C1 A266331C1 SAME AS LA2461C1 A266331C2 SAME AS LA2461C1				5-8
AZAGAJALICIZ SAME AS LAZASAJG15 AZAGAJALICI CAPACITOR, FIXED, CERAFIC, DIELECTRIC, 4001N.LG. X. 2001N. W. X 1.4501N.HGT. 33PF, 500 V. DC, MYX 15900, P/N 310-42200-33 V/N 22 AZAGAJALICI SAME AS LAZAGALG9 AZAGAJALCI SAME AS LAZAGL AZAGAJALCI SAME AS LAZAGAL AZAGAJALCI SAME AS LAZAGALCI AZAGAJALCI SAME AS LAZAGALCI AZAGAJALGI SAME AS LAZAGALCI AZAGAJALCI SAME AS LAZAGALCI AZAGAJALTI SAME AS LAZAGALIZZ SAME AS LAZAGALAZZ				5-8
Azakazateli Gene La Databateli Azakazateli Gene La Databateli Azakazateli Gene La Databateli Azakazateli Same AS Lazakateli Azakazateli Resistor-mit Type Reorgeresist Azakakasteli S				5-8
A2A6A3A1C2 SAME AS 1A2A6A1C9 A2A6A3A1C3 SAME AS 1A2A6A1C7 A2A6A3A1C4 SAME AS 1A2A2C3 A2A6A3A1C6 SAME AS 1A2A2C3 A2A6A3A1C6 SAME AS 1A2A4C1 A2A6A3A1C7 SAME AS 1A2A4C1 A2A6A3A1C8 SAME AS 1A2A4C1 A2A6A3A1C9 SAME AS 1A2A4C1 A2A6A3A1C9 SAME AS 1A2A4C1 A2A6A3A1C9 SAME AS 1A2A6C1 A2A6A3A1C1 SAME AS 1A2A6A1C10 A2A6A3A127 SAME AS 1A2A6A1A302 A2A6A3A177 SAME AS 1A2A6A1A302 A2A6A3A1781 RESISTOR-MLL TYPE RCOTGF203J. A2A6A3A182 SAME AS 1A2A6A1A1876 A2A6A3A183 SAME AS 1A2A6A1A1876 A2A6A3A184 RESISTOR-MLL TYPE RCOTGF12J. A2A6A3A185 SAME AS 1A2A61A1876 A2A6A3A188 SAME AS 1A2A61A1876 A2A6A3A187 SAME AS 1A2A6318172<			CAPACITOR,FIXED,CERAMIC,DIELECTRIC,.400IN.LG. X .200IN. W. X 1.450IN.HGT.	5-81 5-8
A2A6A3A1C3 SAM: AS 1A2A6A1C7 A2A6A3A1C4 SAM: AS 1A2A2C3 A2A6A3A1C6 SAM: AS 1A2A4C1 A2A6A3A1C7 SAM: AS 1A2A4C1 A2A6A3A1C8 SAM: AS 1A2A4C1 A2A6A3A1C9 SAM: AS 1A2A4C1 A2A6A3A1C9 SAM: AS 1A2A4C1 A2A6A3A1C1 SAM: AS 1A2A4C1 A2A6A3A1C10 SAM: AS 1A2A6C1 A2A6A3A1C11 SAM: AS 1A2A6C1 A2A6A3A1C11 SAM: AS 1A2A6C1 A2A6A3A1C11 SAM: AS 1A2A6A1C1 A2A6A3A1C11 SAM: AS 1A2A6A1A302 A2A6A3A141 SAM: AS 1A2A6A1A302 A2A6A3A171 SAM: AS 1A2A6A1A302 A2A6A3A182 SAM: AS 1A2A6A1A302 A2A6A3A181 SAM: AS 1A2A6A1A302 A2A6A3A182 SAM: AS 1A2A6A1A302 A2A6A3A182 SAM: AS 1A2A6A1A302 A2A6A3A182 SAM: AS 1A2A6A1A384 A2A6A3A183 SAM: AS 1A2A6A1A186 A2A6A3A183 SAM: AS 1A2A6A1A186 A2A6A3A183 SAM: AS 1A2A6A1A186 A2A6A3A184 RESISTUR-HIL TYPE RC07GF132J. A2A6A3A185 SAM: AS 1A2A6A1A186 A2A6A3A187 SAM: AS 1A2A6A1A186 A2A6A3A187 SAM: AS 1A2A6A1A186 A2A6A3A187 SAM: AS 1A2A6A1A186 A2A6A3A187 SAM: AS 1A2A6A1A18	A2A6A3A1C2			5-8
A2A6A3A1C4 SANE AS 1A2A2A2C3 A2A6A3A1C6 SANE AS 1A2A4C1 A2A6A3A1C7 SAME AS 1A2A4C1 A2A6A3A1C8 SAME AS 1A2A4C1 A2A6A3A1C9 SAME AS 1A2A4C1 A2A6A3A1C0 SAME AS 1A2A4C1 A2A6A3A1C1 SAME AS 1A2A6C1 A2A6A3A1C1 SAME AS 1A2A6A1C10 A2A6A3A1C1 SAME AS 1A2A6A1C10 A2A6A3A1C1 SAME AS 1A2A6A1C10 A2A6A3A1C1 SAME AS 1A2A6A1C10 A2A6A3A1C1 SAME AS 1A2A6A1A302 A2A6A3A1C1 SAME AS 1A2A6A1A302 A2A6A3A1C1 SAME AS 1A2A6A1A302 A2A6A3A1C1 SAME AS 1A2A6A1A302 A2A6A3A1C1 SAME AS 1A2A6A1A171 A2A6A3A1R1 RESISTUR-MIL TYPE RC07GF203J. A2A6A3A1R2 SAME AS 1A2A6A1A136 A2A6A3A1R3 SAME AS 1A2A6A1A176 A2A6A3A1R4 RESISTUR-MIL TYPE RC07GF132J. A2A6A3A1R5 SAME AS 1A2A1A284 A2A6A3A1R6 SAME AS 1A2A1A284 A2A6A3A1R7 SAME AS 1A2A6A1A176 A2A6A3A1R7 SAME AS 1A2A6A1A176 A2A6A3A1R7 SAME AS 1A2A6A1A176 A2A6A3A1R7 SAME AS 1A2A6A1A176 A2A6A3A1R7 SAME AS 1A2A6A1872 A2A6A3A1R7 SAME AS 1A2A6A1872 A2A6A3A1R1 SAME	A2A6A3A1C3			5-8
A26643A1C6 SAN* AS 1A2A4C1 A26633A1C7 SAME AS 1A2A4C1 A2663A1C8 SAME AS 1A2A4C1 A2663A1C9 SAME AS 1A2A4C1 A2663A1C9 SAME AS 1A2A6A1C1 A2663A1C10 SAME AS 1A2A6A1C10 A2663A1C11 SAME AS 1A2A6A1C10 A2663A1C11 SAME AS 1A2A6A1A302 A2663A1C11 SAME AS 1A2A6A1A302 A2663A1C1 SAME AS 1A2A6A1A171 A2663A1C1 SAME AS 1A2A6A1A171 A2663A1C2 SAME AS 1A2A1A3R7 A2663A1R3 SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4 A2663A1R4 RESISTOR-NIL TYPE RCOTGF32J. A2663A1R5 SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4 A2663A1R6 SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4 A2663A1R7 SAME AS 1A2A421R12 A2663A1R7 SAME AS 1A2A6A31R6 A2663A1R1 SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12 A2663A1R1 SAME AS 1A2A423R3 A2663A1R1 SAME AS 1A2A438R3 A2663A1R1 SAME AS 1A2A433R3 A2663A1R1 SAME AS 1A2A4A38R3	A2A6A3A1C4			
A2A6A3A1C7 SAME AS 1A2A61 A2A6A3A1C8 SAME AS 1A2A61 A2A6A3A1C9 SAME AS 1A2A61 A2A6A3A1C10 SAME AS 1A2A61 A2A6A3A1C10 SAME AS 1A2A61C10 A2A6A3A1C11 SAME AS 1A2A6A1C10 A2A6A3A1C1 SAME AS 1A2A6A1A302 A2A6A3A1C1 SAME AS 1A2A6A1A302 A2A6A3A1C1 SAME AS 1A2A6A1A302 A2A6A3A1C1 SAME AS 1A2A6A1A302 A2A6A3A1C2 SAME AS 1A2A6A1A18T1 A2A6A3A1R1 RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF203J. A2A6A3A1R2 SAME AS 1A2A6A1A18T1 A2A6A3A1R2 SAME AS 1A2A6A1A18T1 A2A6A3A1R2 SAME AS 1A2A6A1A18T1 A2A6A3A1R3 RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF132J. A2A6A3A1R4 RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF132J. A2A6A3A1R5 SAME AS 1A2A1A284 A2A6A3A1R6 SAME AS 1A2A1A284 A2A6A3A1R7 SAME AS 1A2A1A284 A2A6A3A1R8 SAME AS 1A2A1A284 A2A6A3A1R9 SAME AS 1A2A2A182 A2A6A3A1R9 SAME AS 1A2A6A1A186 A2A6A3A1R1 SAME AS 1A2A1A284 A2A6A3A1R10 SAME AS 1A2A1284 A2A6A3A1R11 SAME AS 1A2A43383 A2A6A3A1R12 SAME AS 1A2A43383 A2A6A3A1R13 SAME AS 1A2A43383 A2A6A3A1R14	A2A6A3A1C6			5-8
A2A6A3A1C8SAME AS 1A2A6C1A2A6A3A1C9SAME AS 1A2A6C1A2A6A3A1C10SAME AS 1A2A6A1C11A2A6A3A1C11SAME AS 1A2A6A1C10A2A6A3A1C11SAME AS 1A2A6A1A302A2A6A3A122SAME AS 1A2A6A1A302A2A6A3A123SAME AS 1A2A6A1A301A2A6A3A124SAME AS 1A2A6A1A301A2A6A3A125SAME AS 1A2A6A1A1RT1A2A6A3A183SAME AS 1A2A6A1A1RT1A2A6A3A182SAME AS 1A2A6A1A1R6A2A6A3A183SAME AS 1A2A6A1A1R6A2A6A3A184RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF132J.A2A6A3A185SAME AS 1A2A6A1A1R6A2A6A3A186SAME AS 1A2A1A284A2A6A3A187SAME AS 1A2A1A184A2A6A3A188SAME AS 1A2A1A184A2A6A3A189SAME AS 1A2A18284A2A6A3A189SAME AS 1A2A18182A2A6A3A189SAME AS 1A2A6A1A186A2A6A3A189SAME AS 1A2A2A1812A2A6A3A181SAME AS 1A2A2A1812A2A6A3A181SAME AS 1A2A2A1820A2A6A3A181SAME AS 1A2A2A1820A2A6A3A181SAME AS 1A2A2A1820A2A6A3A1813SAME AS 1A2A2A1824A2A6A3A1813SAME AS 1A2A2A1824A2A6A3A1813SAME AS 1A2A1A286A2A6A31815SAME AS 1A2A1A286A2A6A31815SAME AS 1A2A1A286A2A6A31815SAME AS 1A2A1A286A2A6A31815SAME AS 1A2A1A286A2A6A31816SAME AS 1A2A1A286A2A6A3111TAANSFORMERE,REF,0.6201N.LG. X 0.4221N.DIA.,T.9 MC,4.2-4.9 UH,MER 58189.	A2A6A3A1C7			5-8
A246A3A1C9 SAME AS 1A2A4C1 A26A3A1C10 SAME AS 1A2A6A1C11 A2A6A3A1C11 SAME AS 1A2A6A1C10 A2A6A3A1C11 SAME AS 1A2A6A1C10 A2A6A3A141 SAME AS 1A2A6A1A392 A2A6A3A192 SAME AS 1A2A6A1A392 A2A6A3A192 SAME AS 1A2A6A1A171 A2A6A3A181 RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RCOTGF203J. A2A6A3A182 SAME AS 1A2A6A1A186 A2A6A3A183 SAME AS 1A2A6A1A186 A2A6A3A183 SAME AS 1A2A6A1A186 A2A6A3A183 SAME AS 1A2A6A1A186 A2A6A3A184 RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RCOTGF132J. A2A6A3A185 SAME AS 1A2A1A284 A2A6A3A186 SAME AS 1A2A1A284 A2A6A3A187 SAME AS 1A2A2A181 A2A6A3A188 SAME AS 1A2A2A181 A2A6A3A189 SAME AS 1A2A2A181 A2A6A3A189 SAME AS 1A2A2A282 A2A6A3A189 SAME AS 1A2A2A333 A2A6A3A181 SAME AS 1A2A2A282 A2A6A3A181 SAME AS 1A2A2A186 A2A6A3A181 SAME AS 1A2A2A282 A2A6A3A181 SAME AS 1A2A2A282 A2A6A3A1813 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>5-</td>				5-
Azáóa3alCl0SAME AS IAZA6AlCl1Azáóa3alCl1SAME AS IAZA6AlCl0Azáóa3alQ1SAME AS IAZA6AlA302Azáóa3alQ2SAME AS IAZA6AlA302Azáóa3alQ2SAME AS IAZA6AlA301Azáóa3alQ2SAME AS IAZA6AlA301Azáóa3alR1RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF203J.Azáóa3alR2SAME AS IAZA6AlA1R1Azáóa3alR3SAME AS IAZA6AlA1R6Azáóa3alR4RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF132J.Azáóa3alR5SAME AS IAZA6AlA1R6Azáóa3alR6SAME AS IAZA6AlA1R6Azáóa3alR7SAME AS IAZA6AlA1R6Azáóa3alR7SAME AS IAZA12R4Azáóa3alR8SAME AS IAZA12R4Azáóa3alR9SAME AS IAZA12R4Azáóa3alR9SAME AS IAZA2AR12Azáóa3alR9SAME AS IAZA2AR12Azáóa3alR9SAME AS IAZA2AR12Azáóa3alR9SAME AS IAZA2AR29Azáóa3alR1SAME AS IAZA2AR29Azáóa3alR1SAME AS IAZA2AR29Azáóa3alR1SAME AS IAZA2AR24Azáóa3alR1SAME AS IAZA2AR24Azáóa3alR12SAME AS IAZA2AR24Azáóa3alR13SAME AS IAZA2AR24Azáóa3alR14SAME AS IAZA2AR24Azáóa3alR15SAME AS IAZA1AZ86Azáóa3alR16SAME AS IAZ				5-8
AzáóA3A1C11SANE AS 1AZA6A1C10AZÁÓA3A1U1SANE AS 1AZA6A1A302AZÁÓA3A102SANE AS 1AZA6A1A302AZÁÓA3A102SANE AS 1AZA6A1A301AZÁÓA3A102SANE AS 1AZA6A1A1T1AZÁÓA3A101RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF203J.AZÁÓA3A182SANE AS 1AZA6A1A186AZÁÓA3A183SANE AS 1AZA6A1416AZÁÓA3A184RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF132J.AZÁÓA3A185SANE AS 1AZA6A1416AZÁÓA3A186SANE AS 1AZA1A284AZÁÓA3A187SANE AS 1AZA1A284AZÁÓA3A186SANE AS 1AZA1A284AZÁÓA3A187SANE AS 1AZA1A284AZÁÓA3A188SANE AS 1AZA1A284AZÁÓA3A189SANE AS 1AZA1284AZÁÓA3A189SANE AS 1AZA1284AZÁÓA3A189SANE AS 1AZA241812AZÁÓA3A189SANE AS 1AZA242829AZÁÓA3A1810SANE AS 1AZA2A2829AZÁÓA3A1812SANE AS 1AZA2A383AZÁÓA3A1813SANE AS 1AZA2A383AZÁÓA3A1814SANE AS 1AZA1A286AZÁÓA3A1815SANE AS 1AZA1A286AZÁÓA3A1815SANE AS 1AZA1A286AZÁÓA3A116SANE AS 1AZA1A286AZÁÓA3A116SANE AS 1AZA1A286AZÁÓA3A116SANE AS 1AZA1A286AZÁÓA3A116SANE AS 1AZA1A286AZÁÓA3A111SANE AS 1AZA1A286AZÁÓA3A111SANE AS 1AZA1A286AZÁÓA3A111SANE AS 1AZA1A286AZÁÓA3A111SANE AS 1AZA1A286				5-8
A2A6A3A1U1SAME AS IA2A6A1A302A2A6A3A1Q2SAME AS IA2A6A1A3Q1A2A6A3A1Q2SAME AS IA2A6A1A1RT1A2A6A3A1R1RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF203J.A2A6A3A1R2SAME AS IA2A6A1A1R6A2A6A3A1R3SAME AS IA2A6A1A1R6A2A6A3A1R4RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF132J.A2A6A3A1R5SAME AS IA2A6A1A1R6A2A6A3A1R6SAME AS IA2A1A2R4A2A6A3A1R6SAME AS IA2A1A2R4A2A6A3A1R7SAME AS IA2A1A2R4A2A6A3A1R8SAME AS IA2A1R12A2A6A3A1R9SAME AS IA2A2A1R12A2A6A3A1R9SAME AS IA2A6A1A1R6A2A6A3A1R10SAME AS IA2A6A1A1R6A2A6A3A1R12SAME AS IA2A2A1R12A2A6A3A1R13SAME AS IA2A433R3A2A6A3A1R14SAME AS IA2A2A1R24A2A6A3A1R15SAME AS IA2A1A2R6A2A6A3A1R16SAME AS IA2A1A2R6A2A6A3A1R16SAME AS IA2A1R26A2A6A3A1R16SAME AS IA2A1R26A2A6A3A1R16SAME AS IA2A1R26A2A6A3A117TRANSFORMER,RF, 0.6201N-LG, X 0.4221N,DIA,T,9 MC,4,2-4,9 UH,MFR 58189.				5-8
A2A6A3A102SAME AS 1A2A1A3Q1A2A6A3A1RTISAME AS 1A2A6A1A1RTIA2A6A3A1R1RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF203J.A2A6A3A1R2SAME AS 1A2A1A3R7A2A6A3A1R3SAME AS 1A2A6A1A1R6A2A6A3A1R4RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF132J.A2A6A3A1R5SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4A2A6A3A1R6SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4A2A6A3A1R7SAME AS 1A2A1A1R6A2A6A3A1R7SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4A2A6A3A1R8SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4A2A6A3A1R8SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4A2A6A3A1R7SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4A2A6A3A1R8SAME AS 1A2A1R1A2A6A3A1R9SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12A2A6A3A1R10SAME AS 1A2A2A2R29A2A6A3A1R12SAME AS 1A2A4A38R3A2A6A3A1R13SAME AS 1A2A4A38R3A2A6A3A1R14SAME AS 1A2A1A2R6A2A6A3A1R15SAME AS 1A2A1A2R6A2A6A3A1R16SAME AS 1A2A1A2R6A2A6A3A1R16SAME AS 1A2A1A2R6A2A6A3A1R16SAME AS 1A2A1A2R6A2A6A3A1171TRANSFORMER, RF, P., 0.6201N.LG. X 0.4221N.DIA., 7.9 MC, 4.2-4.9 UH, MER 58189.				5-8
A2A6A3A1RTISAME AS 1A2A6A1A1RTIA2A6A3A1R1RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RCO7GF203J.A2A6A3A1R2SAME AS 1A2A1A3R7A2A6A3A1R3SAME AS 1A2A6A1A1R6A2A6A3A1R4RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF132J.A2A6A3A1R5RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF132J.A2A6A3A1R6SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4A2A6A3A1R7SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4A2A6A3A1R7SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4A2A6A3A1R8SAME AS 1A2A1R1A2A6A3A1R9SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12A2A6A3A1R9SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12A2A6A3A1R10SAME AS 1A2A2A2R29A2A6A3A1R12SAME AS 1A2A2A1R24A2A6A3A1R13SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4A2A6A3A1R14SAME AS 1A2A2A1R24A2A6A3A1R15SAME AS 1A2A1A2R6A2A6A3A1R16SAME AS 1A2A1A2R6A2A6A3A1R17SAME AS 1A2A1A2R6A2A6A3A1R16SAME AS 1A2A1A2R6A2A6A3A1R16SAME AS 1A2A2A1R8A2A6A3A1R16SAME AS 1A2A2A2R60A2A6A3A1R16SAME AS 1A2A1A2R6	42A6A3A1 92			5-8
A2A6A3A1R1RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF203J.A2A6A3A1R2SAME AS IA2A1A3R7A2A6A3A1R3SAME AS IA2A6A1A1R6A2A6A3A1R4RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF132J.A2A6A3A1R5SAME AS IA2A1A2R4A2A6A3A1R6SAME AS IA2A1A2R4A2A6A3A1R7SAME AS IA2A1A2R4A2A6A3A1R7SAME AS IA2A1R1A2A6A3A1R8SAME AS IA2A1R12A2A6A3A1R9SAME AS IA2A6A1A1R6A2A6A3A1R10SAME AS IA2A2A2R29A2A6A3A1R12SAME AS IA2A2A3R3A2A6A3A1R12SAME AS IA2A2A3R3A2A6A3A1R13SAME AS IA2A2A3R3A2A6A3A1R14SAME AS IA2A2A1R24A2A6A3A1R15SAME AS IA2A2A1R8A2A6A3A1R16SAME AS IA2A2A1R8A2A6A3A1R16SAME AS IA2A2A1R8A2A6A3A1R16SAME AS IA2A2A1R8A2A6A3A1R16SAME AS IA2A1A2R6A2A6A3A1R16SAME AS IA2A1A2R6A2A6A3A1R16SAME AS IA2A1A2R6A2A6A3A1R16SAME AS IA2A1A2R6	A2A6A3A1RT1			5-8
A2A6A3A1R2SAME AS 1A2A1A3R7A2A6A3A1R3SAME AS 1A2A6A1A1R6A2A6A3A1R4RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RCOTOF132J.A2A6A3A1R5SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4A2A6A3A1R6SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4A2A6A3A1R7SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4A2A6A3A1R7SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4A2A6A3A1R8SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4A2A6A3A1R9SAME AS 1A2A1R12A2A6A3A1R10SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12A2A6A3A1R11SAME AS 1A2A2A2R20A2A6A3A1R12SAME AS 1A2A2A1R24A2A6A3A1R13SAME AS 1A2A2A1R24A2A6A3A1R14SAME AS 1A2A4A38R3A2A6A3A1R15SAME AS 1A2A1A2R6A2A6A3A1R16SAME AS 1A2A2A1R26A2A6A3A1R16SAME AS 1A2A1A2R6A2A6A3A1R11SAME AS 1A2A1A2R6A2A6A3A1R14TRANSFORMER, RF, 0.620IN.LG. X 0.422IN.DIA., 7.9 MC, 4.2-4.9 UH, MFR 58189.	A2A6A3A1R1			5~8
A2A6A3A1R3SAME AS 1A2A6A1A1R6A2A6A3A1R4RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF132J.A2A6A3A1R5SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4A2A6A3A1R6SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4A2A6A3A1R7SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4A2A6A3A1R7SAME AS 1A2A1R1A2A6A3A1R9SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12A2A6A3A1R10SAME AS 1A2A6A1A1R6A2A6A3A1R12SAME AS 1A2A2A2R29A2A6A3A1R12SAME AS 1A2A2A1R24A2A6A3A1R12SAME AS 1A2A2A1R24A2A6A3A1R13SAME AS 1A2A2A1R24A2A6A3A1R14SAME AS 1A2A4A33R3A2A6A3A1R15SAME AS 1A2A2A1R8A2A6A3A1R16SAME AS 1A2A1A2R6A2A6A3A1R17TRANSFORMER,RF, 0.620IN.LG, X 0.422IN.DIA, 7.9 MC, 4.2-4.9 UH, MFR 58189.	A2A6A3A1R2			5-8
A2A6A3A1R4RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF132J.A2A6A3A1R5SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4A2A6A3A1R6SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4A2A6A3A1R7SAME AS 1A2A1R1A2A6A3A1R8SAME AS 1A2A1R12A2A6A3A1R9SAME AS 1A2A6A1A1R6A2A6A3A1R10SAME AS 1A2A2A2R29A2A6A3A1R12SAME AS 1A2A4A38R3A2A6A3A1R12SAME AS 1A2A4A38R3A2A6A3A1R13SAME AS 1A2A4A38R3A2A6A3A1R14SAME AS 1A2A4A38R3A2A6A3A1R15SAME AS 1A2A1R26A2A6A3A1R16SAME AS 1A2A1A2R6A2A6A3A1R17TRANSFORMER, RF, 0.620IN.LG, X 0.422IN.0IA, 7.9 MC, 4.2-4.9 UH, MER 58189.	A2A6A3A1R3			5-8
A2A6A3A1R5SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4A2A6A3A1R6SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4A2A6A3A1R7SAME AS 1A2A1R1A2A6A3A1R8SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12A2A6A3A1R9SAME AS 1A2A6A1A1R6A2A6A3A1R10SAME AS 1A2A2A2R29A2A6A3A1R11SAME AS 1A2A4A38R3A2A6A3A1R12SAME AS 1A2A4A38R3A2A6A3A1R13SAME AS 1A2A4A38R3A2A6A3A1R14SAME AS 1A2A4A3R3A2A6A3A1R15SAME AS 1A2A1A2R6A2A6A3A1R16SAME AS 1A2A1A2R6A2A6A3A1R17TRANSFORMER, RF, 0.620IN.LG, X 0.422IN.DIA., 7.9 MC, 4.2-4.9 UH, MFR 58189.	A2A6A3A1R4			5-0
A2A6A3A1R6SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4A2A6A3A1R7SAME AS 1A2A1R1A2A6A3A1R8SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12A2A6A3A1R9SAME AS 1A2A6A1A1R6A2A6A3A1R10SAME AS 1A2A6A1A1R6A2A6A3A1R10SAME AS 1A2A4A38R3A2A6A3A1R12SAME AS 1A2A4A38R3A2A6A3A1R13SAME AS 1A2A4A38R3A2A6A3A1R14SAME AS 1A2A4A33R3A2A6A3A1R15SAME AS 1A2A4A38R3A2A6A3A1R16SAME AS 1A2A4A38R3A2A6A3A1R17SAME AS 1A2A4A38R3A2A6A3A1R18SAME AS 1A2A4A38R3A2A6A3A1R14SAME AS 1A2A4A38R3A2A6A3A1R15SAME AS 1A2A1A2R6A2A6A3A1R16SAME AS 1A2A1A2R6A2A6A3A1T1TRANSFORMER, RF, 0.620IN, LG, X 0.422IN, DIA, 7.9 MC, 4.2-4.9 UH, MFR 58189.	A2A6A3A1R5			5-8
A2A6A3A1R7SAME AS 1A2A1R1A2A6A3A1R8SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12A2A6A3A1R9SAME AS 1A2A6A1A1R6A2A6A3A1R10SAME AS 1A2A2A2R29A2A6A3A1R11SAME AS 1A2A4A38R3A2A6A3A1R12SAME AS 1A2A2A1R24A2A6A3A1R13SAME AS 1A2A4A33R3A2A6A3A1R14SAME AS 1A2A1A2R6A2A6A3A1R15SAME AS 1A2A1A2R6A2A6A3A1R16SAME AS 1A2A1A2R6A2A6A3A1T1TRANSFORMER,RF,0.6201N.LG, X 0.4221N.DIA.,7.9 MC,4.2-4.9 UH,MFR 58189.	A2A6A3A1R6			
A2A6A3A1R8SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12A2A6A3A1R9SAME AS 1A2A6A1A1R6A2A6A3A1R10SAME AS 1A2A6A2A2R29A2A6A3A1R11SAME AS 1A2A4A38R3A2A6A3A1R12SAME AS 1A2A4A38R3A2A6A3A1R13SAME AS 1A2A4A33R3A2A6A3A1R14SAME AS 1A2A4A33R3A2A6A3A1R15SAME AS 1A2A2A1R8A2A6A3A1R16SAME AS 1A2A1A2R6A2A6A3A1R17TRANSFORMER,RF, 0.620IN.LG. X 0.422IN.DIA., 7.9 MC, 4.2-4.9 UH, MFR 58189.	A2A6A3A1R7			5~8
A2A6A3A1R9SAME AS 1A2A6A1A1R6A2A6A3A1R10SAME AS 1A2A2A2R29A2A6A3A1R11SAME AS 1A2A4A38R3A2A6A3A1R12SAME AS 1A2A2A1R24A2A6A3A1R13SAME AS 1A2A4A33R3A2A6A3A1R14SAME AS 1A2A4A33R3A2A6A3A1R15SAME AS 1A2A1A2R6A2A6A3A1R16SAME AS 1A2A12R6A2A6A3A1R1TRANSFORMER, RF, 0.6201N.LG. X 0.4221N.DIA., 7.9 MC, 4.2-4.9 UH, MFR 58189.	A2A6A3A1R8			5-8
A2A6A3A1R10SAME AS 1A2A2A2R29A2A6A3A1R11SAME AS 1A2A4A38R3A2A6A3A1R12SAME AS 1A2A4A38R3A2A6A3A1R13SAME AS 1A2A4A33R3A2A6A3A1R14SAME AS 1A2A4A33R3A2A6A3A1R15SAME AS 1A2A1A2R6A2A6A3A1R16SAME AS 1A2A1A2R6A2A6A3A1T1TRANSFORMER, RF, 0.620IN.LG. X 0.422IN.DIA., 7.9 MC, 4.2-4.9 UH, MFR 58189.				5-8
A2A6A3A1R11SAME AS 1A2A4A38R3A2A6A3A1R12SAME AS 1A2A2A1R24A2A6A3A1R13SAME AS 1A2A4A33R3A2A6A3A1R14SAME AS 1A2A1A2R6A2A6A3A1R15SAME AS 1A2A1A2R6A2A6A3A1R16SAME AS 1A2A1A2R6A2A6A3A1T1TRANSFORMER,RF, 0.620IN.LG. X 0.422IN.DIA., 7.9 MC, 4.2-4.9 UH, MFR 58189.				5-8
A2A6A3A1R12SAME AS 1A2A2A1R24A2A6A3A1R13SAME AS 1A2A4A33R3A2A6A3A1R14SAME AS 1A2A1A2R6A2A6A3A1R15SAME AS 1A2A2A1R8A2A6A3A1R16SAME AS 1A2A1A2R6A2A6A3A1T1TRANSFORMER, RF, 0.6201N.LG. X 0.4221N.DIA., 7.9 MC, 4.2-4.9 UH, MFR 58189.				5-8
A2A6A3A1R13SAME AS 1A2A4A33R3A2A6A3A1R14SAME AS 1A2A1A2R6A2A6A3A1R15SAME AS 1A2A2A1R8A2A6A3A1R16SAME AS 1A2A1A2R6A2A6A3A1T1TRANSFORMER, RF, 0.620IN.LG. X 0.422IN.DIA., 7.9 MC, 4.2-4.9 UH, MFR 58189.				5-8
A2A6A3A1R14 SAME AS 1A2A1A2R6 A2A6A3A1R15 SAME AS 1A2A2A1R8 A2A6A3A1R16 SAME AS 1A2A1A2R6 A2A6A3A1R16 SAME AS 1A2A1A2R6 A2A6A3A1T1 TRANSFORMER, RF, 0.620IN.LG. X 0.422IN.DIA., 7.9 MC, 4.2-4.9 UH, MFR 58189.				5-8
A2A6A3A1R15 SAME AS 1A2A2A1RB A2A6A3A1R16 SAME AS 1A2A1A2R6 A2A6A3A1T1 TRANSFORMER, RF, 0.620IN.LG. X 0.422IN.DIA., 7.9 MC, 4.2-4.9 UH, MFR 58189.				5-8
A2A6A3A1T1 TRANSFORMER,RF,0.620IN.LG. X 0.422IN.DIA.,7.9 MC,4.2-4.9 UH,MFR 58189.				5-8 5-8
A2A6A3A1T1 TRANSFORMER, RF, 0.620IN.LG. X 0.422IN.DIA., 7.9 MC, 4.2-4.9 UH, MFR 58189.				5-8 5-8
				5-8
P/N 809000-240	······································		P/N 809000-240	5-

NAVSHIPS 94841(A)

R-1051/URR PARTS LIST

TABLE 6-1. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST (Continued)

RADIO RECEIVER R-1051/URR

RE F DESIG	NOTES	NAME AND DESCRIPTION	FIG. NO.
A2A6A3A2CR1		SAME AS 1A2A5A3CR5	5-82
A2A6A3A2CR2		SAME AS 1A2A5A3CR5	5-82
A2A6A3A2C1		CAPACITOR FIXED CERAMIC DIE~ .400IN.LG., .200IN.DIA.,#22AWG LEADS,43PF	5-82
		P/M 2% 500VDCW,MFR 91674,P/N 301-N5600-43P/M2	1 02
A2A6A3A2C3		SAME AS 1A2A6A2A2C8	5-82
A2A6A3A2C4		SAME AS 1A2A5A1C5	5-82
A2A6A3A2C5		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-82
A2A6A3A2C6		SAME AS 1A2A2A1C4	5-82
A2A6A3A2C7		SAME AS 1A2A2A1C4	5-82
A2A6A3A2C8		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-82
A2A6A3A2C9		SAME AS 1A2A2A1C4	5-82
A2A6A3A2C10		SAME AS 1A2A6A2A2C8	5-82
A2A6A3A2C21		SAME AS 1A2A6A1C10	5-82
A2A6A3A2Q1		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A3Q2	5-82
A2A6A3A2Q2		SAME AS 1A2A1A3Q1	5-82
A2A6A3A2RT1		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A1RT1	5-82
A2A6A3A2R1		SAME AS 1A2A6A3A1R1	5-82
A2A6A3A2R2		SAME AS 1A2A1A3R7	5-82
A2A6A3A2R3		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A1R6	5-82
A2A6A3A2R4		SAME AS 1A2A6A3A1R4	5-82
A2A6A3A2R5		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A3R14	5-82
A2A6A3A2R6		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4	5-82
A2A6A3A2R7		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A1R9	5-82
A2A6A3A2R8		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-82
A2A6A3A2R9		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R5	5-82
A2A6A3A2R10		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R29	5-82
A2A6A3A2R11		SAME AS 1A2A4A38R3	5-82
A2A6A3A2R12		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R24	5-82
A2A6A3A2R13		SAME AS 1A2A4A38R3	5-82
A2A6A3A2R14		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R6	5-82
A2A6A3A2R15		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A1R6	5-82
A2A6A3A2R16		SAME AS 1A2A6A2A5R7	5-82
A2A6A3A2T1		TRANSFORMER,RF,0.620IN.LG. X 0.422IN.DIA.,7.9 MC,10-11.5 UH,MFR 58189, P/N 809000-243	5-82
A2A6A3A3CR7		SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICE, DIODE-2.65IN.LG, 0.107IN.OD, MFR 82577, PN TYPE HD6730.	5-85
A2A6A3A3C46		SAME AS 1A2A2A1C4	5-85
A2A6A3A3C47		SAME AS 1A2A2A1C4	5-85
A2A6A3A3C48		CAPACITOR,FIXED,CERAMIC DIELECTRIC-470UUF P/M1%,300VDCW,0.460IN.X	5-85
		0.368IN. X 0.196IN., MFR 72136, P/N DM15E471F300V	

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NAVSHIPS 94841(A)

Table 6-1

TABLE 6-1. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST (Continued)

RADIO RECEIVER R-1051/URR

RE F DESIG	NOTES	NAME AND DESCRIPTION	FIG. NO.
A2A6A3A3C49		SAME AS 1A2A6A3A3C48	5-85
A2A6A3A3C50		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-15UUF P/M1%,300VDCW,DIPPED COATING RADIAL WIRE LEADS,NO.20AWG,0.160IN.X 0.349IN.X 0.445IN.DA DIM.,MFR 72136,PN DM15C150F300V	5-85
A2A6A3A3C51		SAME AS 1A2A6A3A3C48	5-85
A2A6A3A3C53		SAME AS 1A2A5A2C5	5-85
A2A6A3A3C54		SAME AS 1A2A6A3A3C48	5-85
A2A6A3A3C55		SAME AS 1A2A2A1C4	5-85
A2A6A3A3C56		SAME AS 1A2A6A3A3C50	5-85
A2A6A3A3J3		CONNECTOR,RECEPTACLE,ELECTRICAL-BRS,TEFLON INS/MIL-G-45204,0.587IN.X 0.500IN.X 5/16IN.HEX,MFR 05009,PN 3108.	5-85
A2A6A3A3J6		SAME AS 1A2A6A3A3J3	5-85
A2A6A3A3J8		TERMINAL,FEEDTHRU,INSULATED-TEFLON INS,BRS,SOLDER FIN.MFR 98291,PN FT-SM-9WHT.	5-85
A2A6A3A3J9		SAME AS 1A2A6A3A3J8	5-85
A2A6A3A3J10		SAME AS 1A2A6A3A3J8	5-85
A2A6A3A3L5		COIL,RADIO FREQUENCY-PWD IRON COIL,9-5/6 TURNS,0.375IN.OD,0.316IN.LG,MFR 58189,PN 666163-904.	5-85
A2A6A3A3L6		COIL,RADIO FREQUENCY-20-2/3 TURNS CCW NO.23AWG WIRE,MFR 58189,PN 666163-902.	5-85
A2A6A3A3L7		SAME AS 1A2A6A3A3L6	5-85
A2A6A3A3Q11		SAME AS 1A2A1A3Q1	5-85
A2A6A3A3Q12		TRANSISTOR-MIL TYPE 2N1301.	5-85
A2A6A3A3R47		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4	5-85
A2A6A3A3R48		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R29	5-85
A2A6A3A3R49		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R6	5-85
A2A6A3A3R50		SAME AS 1A2R17	5-85
A2A6A3A3R51		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R29	5-85
A2A6A3A3R52		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A1R9	5-85
A2A6A3A3R54		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-85
A2A6A3A3TP1		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2TP1	5-85
A2A6A3A3TP2		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2TP1	5-85
A2A6A3A3TP3		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2TP1	5-85
A2A6A3A3T3		TRANSFORMER,RADIO FREQUENCY-PWD IRON COIL,19-2/3 TURNS,0.390IN.OD, 0.625IN.LG,MFR 58189,PN 666163-901.	5-85
A2A6A3A4C1		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-83
A2A6A3A4C2		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-83
A2A6A3A4C3		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-83
A2A6A3A4C4		CAPACITOR,FIXED,CERAMIC DIELECTRIC-0.446IN.X 0.351IN.X 0.184IN.,15UUF P/M5%,MFR 72136,PN DM15C150J500V.	5-83
A2A6A3A4C5		SAME AS 1A2A6A3A4C4	5-83

NAVSHIPS 94841(A)

TABLE 6-1. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST (Continued)

RE F DESIG	NOTES	NAME AND DESCRIPTION	FIG. NO.
A2A6A3A4C6		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-83
A2A6A3A4C7		SAME AS 1A2A5A1C16	5-83
A2A6A3A4C8		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA466IN.L, .351IN.HIGH, .184IN.THK,5PF P/M 5% 500VDCW, MFR 72136,P/N DM15C050J500V	5-83
A2A6A3A4C9		CAPACITOR,FIXED,CERAMIC DIELECTRIC-0.448IN.X 0.355IN.X 0.167IN.,68UUF P/M2%,MFR 72136,PN DM15E680G300V.	5-83
A2A6A3A4C10		SAME AS 1A2A6A1C11	5-83
A2A6A3A4C11		SAME AS 1A2A2A1C4	5-83
A2A6A3A4C12		SAME AS 1A2A2A1C4	5-83
A2A6A3A4C13		SAME AS 1A2A2A1C4	5-83
A2A6A3A4FL1		FILTER,BOPASS, 1.500IN.LG. X 0.750IN.W. X 0.750IN.HGT., 9.07 MC, 5 DB MAX. INSERTION LOSS,MFR FLTCH, P/N 790900	5-83
A2A6A3A4FL2		FILTER,BAND PASS-BP FREQ 1.9809-1.9811MC,1.625IN.X 0.875IN.X 1.375IN., MFR FLTCH,PN 767109.	5-83
A2A6A3A4L3		TRANSFORMER,RADID FREQUENCY-10KC,125 TURNS,PWD IRON COIL,PRIM.TAP AT 25 TRANSFORMER,RADID FREQUENCY-10KC,125 TURNS,PWD IRON COIL,PRIM.TAP AT 25 TURNS,0.375IN.LG,0.150IN.DD,MFR 58189,PN 666163-544.	5-83
A2A6A3A4L4		TRANSFORMER,RADIO FREQUENCY-1KC,175 TURNS,CARBONYL E COIL FORM,PRIM. TAP AT 25 TURNS,1.5JIN.LG,0.375IN.OD,MFR 58189,PN 666163-543.	5~83
A2A6A3A4Q8		SAME AS 1A2A6A2A2Q1	5-83
A2A6A3A4Q9		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A3Q5	5-83
A2A6A3A4R1		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-83
A2A6A3A4R2		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4	5-83
A2A6A3A4R3		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R29	5-83
A2A6A3A4R4		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R6	5-83
A2A6A3A4R5		SAME AS 1A2A5A1R20	5-83
A2A6A3A4R6		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R5	5-83
A2A6A3A4R7		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R24	5-83
A2A6A3A4R8		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-83
A2A6A3A4R9		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4	5-83
A2A6A3A4R10		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R29	5-83
A2A6A3A4R11		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R6	5-83
A2A6A3A4R12		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R6	5-83
A2A6A3A4T1		TRANSFORMER,RADIO FREQUENCY-PWD IRON COIL,15-1/16 TURNS,0.312IN.LG, 0.375IN.OD,MFR 58189,PN 666163-369.	5-83
A2A6A3A4Z1		1KC ERROR MIXER ASSEMBLY-GENERATES & AMPLIFIES A 1KC SIG,0.365IN.X 0.692IN.X 0.765IN.,MFR 58189,PN 666163-565.	5-83
A2A6A3A4Z2		1KC ISOLATION AMPLIFIER-AMPLIFIES INPUT SIG TO PERFORM ELECT.FUNCTION FOR THE SYS,MFR 58189,PN 666231-880.	5-83
A2A6A3A4Z3		AMPLIFIER, ISOLATION-10KC, 100KL, MFR 58189, PN 666163-567.	5-83
A2A6A4		SYNTHESIZER, ELECTRICAL FREQUENCY-500CPS, MFR 58189, PN 666230-643.	5-88
A2A6A4P1		SAME AS 1A2J16	-88

NAVSHIPS 94841(A)

Table 6-1

TABLE 6-1. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST (Continued)

REF DESIG	NOTES	NAME AND DESCRIPTION	FIG NO.
A2A6A4A1C1		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A1C18	5-89
A2A6A4A1C2		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-89
A2A6A4A1C3		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-89
A2A6A4A1C4		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-89
A2A6A4A1C5		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.450IN.LG,0.360IN.W,10UUF P/M1%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15C010F500V	5-8
A2A6A4A1C6		SAME AS 1A2A6A4A1C5	5-89
A2A6A4A1C7		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-89
A2A6A4A1C8		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-89
A2A6A4A1C9		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-89
A2A6A4A1C10		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-89
A2A6A4A1C11		SAME AS 1A2A6A1C6	5-89
A2A6A4A1C12		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-89
A2A6A4A1C13		SAME AS 1A2A2A1C1	5-89
A2A6A4A1C14		CAPACITOR,FIXED,ELECT510IN.LG., .185IN.DIA., 2.2MFD P/M 20% 35VDW MFR 56239,P/N 150D225X0035B2	5-89
A2A6A4A1C15		SAME AS 1A2A1A1C2	5-89
A2A6A4A1C16		SAME AS 1A2A6A4A1C14	5-89
A2A6A4A1C17		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.760IN.X 0.525IN.X 0.285IN.,4300UUF P/M2%,100VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM20F432G	5-8
A2A6A4A1C18		SAME AS 1A2A6A4A1C14	5-89
A2A6A4A1C19		SAME AS 1A2A1A1C2	5-89
A2A6A4A1C20		SAME AS 1AZA1A1C2	5-89
A2A6A4A1FL1		FILTER BANDPASS-1.500IN.LG.,.875IN.WIDE, .750IN.HIGH,2 TERMINALS,7.1MC CENTER FREQUENCY,MFR FLTCH,P/N 767701	5-8
A2A6A4A1L1		SAME AS 1A2A6A1L1	5-89
A2A6A4A1L2		SAME AS 1A2A6A1L1	5-89
A2A6A4A1P1		CONNECTOR,INSERT,90DEGREE RIGHT ANGLE TYPE,.734IN.LG.,.492IN.WIDE,MFR 71785,P/N DM53741-5012	5-89
A2A6A4A1Q1		SAME AS 1A2A4A38Q1	5-89
A2A6A4A1Q2		SAME AS 1A2A4A38Q2	5-89
A2A6A4A1Q3		SAME AS 1A2A4A38Q2	5-89
A2A6A4A1Q4		SAME AS 1A2A2A1Q3	5-89
A2A6A4A1Q5		SAME AS 1A2A1A3Q1	5-89
A2A6A4A1R1		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-89
A2A6A4A1R2		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4	5-89
A2A6A4A1R3		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R9	5-89
A2A6A4A1R4		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R29	5-89
A2A6A4A1R5		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A3R20	5-89
A2A6A4A1R6		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R3	5-89
			1 , 0,

NAVSHIPS 94841(A)

R-1051/URR PARTS LIST

TABLE 6-1. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST (Continued)

REF DESIG	NOTES	NAME AND DESCRIPTION	FIG. NO.
			5-89
A2A6A4A1R7		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R8	
A2A6A4A1R8		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-89
A2A6A4A1R9		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4	5-89 5-89
A2A6A4A1R10		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R9	5-89
A2A6A4A1R11		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R7	5-89
A2A6A4A1R12 A2A6A4A1R13		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R9 SAME AS 1A2R9	5-89
			5-89
A2A6A4A1R14		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-89
A2A6A4A1R15		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4	5-89
A2A6A4A1R16		SAME AS 1A2A6A2A5R13	5-89
A2A6A4A1R17		SAME AS 1A2A1A3R5	5-89
A2A6A4A1R18		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R6	5-89
A2A6A4A1R19		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-89
A2A6A4A1R20		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4	
A2A6A4A1R21		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R6	5-89 5-89
A2A6A4A1R22		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A3R6	
A2A6A4A1R23		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R3	5-89 5-89
A2A6A4A1R24		SAME AS 1A2R9	5-89
A2A6A4A1R25		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-89
A2A6A4A1R26		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF273J.	
A2A6A4A1TP1		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2TP1	5-89
A2A6A4A1TP2		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2TP1	5-89
A2A6A4A1TP3		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2TP1	5-89
A2A6A4A1TP4		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2TP1	5-89
A2A6A4A1TP5		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2TP1	5-89
A2A6A4A1TP6		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2TP1	5-89
A2A6A4A1T1		TRANSFORMER,RF,0.620IN.LG. X 0.422IN.DIA.,7.9 MC,1.0-1.18 UH,MFR 58189 P/N 809000-244	5-89
A2A6A4A1T2		TRANSFORMER RF-0.625IN.DIA. X 0.562IN.H,11.5KC,MFR 58189,P/N 809000-430	5-89
A2A6A4A2CR1		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A3CR1	5-93
A2A6A4A2CR2		SAME AS 1A2A1A1CR1	5-93
A2A6A4A2CR3		SAME AS 1AZA1A1CR1	5-93
A2A6A4A2CR4		SAME AS 1A2A1A1CR1	5-93
A2A6A4A2CR5		SAME AS 1A2A1A1CR1	5-93
A2A6A4A2CR6		SAME AS 1A2A1A1CR1	5-93
A2A6A4A2CR7		SAME AS 1A2A1A1CR1	5-93
A2A6A4A2CR8		SAME AS 1AZA1A1CR1	5-93
A2A6A4A2CR9		SAME AS 1A2A1A1CR1	5-93

NAVSHIPS 94841(A)

Table 6-1

TABLE 6-1. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST (Continued)

RE F DESIG	NOTES	NAME AND DESCRIPTION	FIG NO.
A2A6A4A2CR10			
A2A6A4A2CR11		SAME AS 1A2A1A1CR1	5-93
A2A6A4A2CR12		SAME AS IAZAIAICRI	5-93
A2A6A4A2C1		SAME AS LAZALALCRI	5-93
		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-93
A2A6A4A2C2		SAME AS 1A2A2A1C1	5-93
A2A6A4A2C3		SAME AS 1A2A1A1C1	5-93
A2A6A4A2C4		SAME AS 1A2A5A1C25	5-93
A2A6A4A2C5		CAPACITOR,FIXED,ELECT322IN.LG., .135IN.DIA., 1MFD P/M 20% 20VDCW,MFR 56289,P/N 150D105X0020A2	5-9
A2A6A4A2C6		CAPACITOR,FIXED,CERAMIC DIELECTRIC-27UUF P/M2%,MFR 72136,P/N DM15E270G300V.	5-9
A2A6A4A2C7		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-93
A2A6A4A2C8		SAME AS 1A2A6A1C17	5-93
A2A6A4A2C9		SAME AS 1A2A6A1C17	5-93
A2A6A4A2C10		SAME AS 1A2A6A2A4C7	5-93
A2A6A4A2C11		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-93
A2A6A4A2C12		SAME AS 1A2A6A1C17	5-93
A2A6A4A2C13		SAME AS 1A2A6A1C17	5-93
A2A6A4A2C14		SAME AS 1A2A6A4A2C6	5-93
A2A6A4A2C15		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-93
A2A6A4A2C16		SAME AS 1A2A6A1C17	5-93
A2A6A4A2C17		SAME AS 1A2A6A1C17	5-93
A2A6A4A2C18		SAME AS 1A2A6A4A2C6	5-93
A2A6A4A2C19		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-93
A2A6A4A2C20		SAME AS 1A2A6A1C17	5-93
A2A6A4A2C21		SAME AS 1A2A6A1C17	5-93
A2A6A4A2C22		SAME AS 1A2A1A1C1	5-93
A2A6A4A2C23		SAME AS 1A2A1A1C2	5-93
A2A6A4A2C24		SAME AS 1A2A6A2A4C7	5-93
A2A6A4A2C25		SAME AS 1A2A6A2A4C7	5-93
A2A6A4A2L1		SAME AS 1A2A6A1L1	5-93
A2A6A4A2Q1		TRANSISTOR-CASE STYLE TO-18,MFR 80131,PN 2N705.	5-9
A2A6A4A2Q2		SAME AS 1A2A6A4A2Q1	5-93
A2A6A4A2Q3		SAME AS 1A2A6A4A2Q1	
A2A644A2Q4		SAME AS 1A2A6A4A2Q1	5-93
A2A6A4A2Q5		SAME AS 1A2A6A4A2Q1	5-93
A2A6A4A2Q6		SAME AS 1A2A6A4A201	5-93
A2A6A4A2Q7		SAME AS 1A2A6A4A2Q1	5-93
			5-93

NAVSHIPS 94841(A)

R-1051/URR PARTS LIST

TABLE 6-1. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST (Continued)

RE F DESIG	NOTES	NAME AND DESCRIPTION	FIG. NO.
A2A6A4A2Q8		SAME AS 1A2A6A4A2Q1	5-93
A2A6A4A209		SAME AS 1A2A6A4A2Q1	5-93
A2A6A4A2R1		RESISTOR,FIXED,WIREWOUND-1/2IN.LG,1/8IN.DIA,270 OHMS P/M3%,1W,MFR 91637, PN RS-1A-271H	5-93
A2A6A4A2R2		SAME AS 1A2A5A1R20	5-93
AZA6A4A2R3		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R13	5-93
A2A6A4A2R4		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R7	5-93
A2A6A4A2R5		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R29	5-93
A2A6A4A2R6		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-93
A2A6A4A2R7		SAME AS 1A2A5A1R4	5-93
A2A6A4A2R8		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-93
A2A6A4A2R9		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R13	5-93
A2A6A4A2R10		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-93
A2A6A4A2R11		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R4	5-93
A2A6A4A2R12		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-93
A2A6A4A2R13		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R13	5-93
A2A6A4A2R14		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-93
A2A6A4A2R15		SAME AS 14242A1R4	5-93
A2A6A4A2R16		SAME AS 1A2A5A1R4	5-93
A2A6A4A2R17		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R13	5-93
A2A6A4A2R18		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-93
A2A6A4A2R19		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R4	5-93
A2A6A4A2R20		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-93
A2A6A4A2R21		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-93
A2A6A4A2R22		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R13	5-93
A2A6A4A2R23		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-93
A2A6A4A2R24		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R4	5-93
A2A6A4A2R25		SAME AS 1A2A5A1R4	5-93
A2A6A4A2R26		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R13	5-93
A2A6A4A2R27		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-93
A2A6A4A2R28		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R4	5-93
A2A6A4A2R29		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-93
A2A6A4A2R30		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R13	5-93
A2A6A4A2R31		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-93
A2A6A4A2R32		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R4	5-93
A2A6A4A2R33		SAME AS 1A2A5A1R4	5-93
A2A6A4A2R34		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R13	5-93
A2A6A4A2R35	Ì	SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-93
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NAVSHIPS 94841(A)

Table 6-1

TABLE 6-1. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST (Continued)

RADIO RECEIVER R-1051/URR

RE F DESIG	NOTES	NAME AND DESCRIPTION	FIG. NO.
A2A6A4A2R36		SAME AS 1A2A6A2A5R14	5-93
A2A6A4A2R37		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-93
A2A6A4A2R38		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R13	5-93
A2A6A4A2R39		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-93
A2A6A4A2R40		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R4	5-93
A2A6A4A2R41		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R24	5-93
A2A6A4A2TP1		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2TP1	5-93
A2A6A4A2TP2		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2TP1	5-93
A2A6A4A2TP3		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2TP1	5-93
A2A6A4A2TP4		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2TP1	5-93
A2A6A4A2TP5		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2TP3	5-93
A2A6A4A3CR1		SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICE DIDDE300IN.LG., .140IN.DIA.,14VDC,MFR 58189,P/N 810000-582	5-91
A2A6A4A3CR3		SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICE DIODE300IN.LG., .125IN.DIA.,20VDC,MFR 58189,P/N 810000-583	5-91
A2A6A4A3CR4		SAME AS 1A2A6A4A3CR3	5-91
A2A6A4A3CR6		SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICE DIODE-0.300IN-LG. X 0.140IN.DIA., 50VDC,100MA,MFR 88570,P/N RD2728	5-91
A2A6A4A3CR7		SAME AS 1A2A1A1CR1	5-91
A2A6A4A3CR8		SAME AS 1A2A5A3CR5	5-91
A2A6A4A3CR9		SAME AS 1A2A5A3CR5	5-91
A2A6A4A3C1		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-91
A2A6A4A3C2		SAME AS 1A2A2A1C1	5-91
A2A6A4A3C3		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-91
A2A6A4A3C4		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA,DIE.,.805IN_LG625IN.HGT412IN.THK.,10,000PF, P/M2%,100VDCW,MFR 72136, P/N DM20F103G	5-91
A2A6A4A3C5		CAPACITOR-MIL TYPE CM06F432G03.	5-91
A2A6A4A3C6		SAME AS 1A2A1A1C1	5-91
A2A6A4A3C7		SAME AS 1A2A5A1C11	5-91
A2A6A4A3C8		SAME AS 1A2A5A1C11	5-91
A2A6A4A3C9		CAPACITOR,FIXED,CERAMIC DIELECTRIC-0.448IN.X 0.356IN.X 0.168IN.,100UUF P/M2%,MFR 72136,PN DM15E101G300V.	5-91
A2A6A4A3C10		SAME AS 1A2A6A4A1C5	5-91
A2A6A4A3C10		SAME AS 1A2A4A31C9	5-91
A2A6A4A3C10		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.450IN.LG,0.360IN.W,12UUF P/M1%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15C120F500V	5-91
A2A6A4A3C10		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.450IN.LG,0.360IN.W,15UUF P/M1%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15C150F500V	5-91
A2A6A4A3C10		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.450IN.LG,0.360IN.W,18UUF P/M1%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15C180F500V	5-91
A2A6A4A3C10		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.450IN.LG,0.360IN.W,20UUF P/M1%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15C200F500V	5-91

NAVSHIPS 94841(A)

R-1051/URR PARTS LIST

TABLE 6-1. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST (Continued)

RADIO RECEIVER R-1051/URR

RE F DESIG	NOTES	NAME AND DESCRIPTION	FIG. NO.
A2A6A4A3C10		CAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.450IN.LG,0.360IN.W,24UUF P/M1%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15C240F500V	5-91
A2A6A4A3C10		ÇAPACITOR,FIXED,MICA DIELECTRIC-0.450IN.LG,0.360IN.W,27UUF P/M1%, 500VDCW,MFR 72136,PN DM15C270F500V	5-91
A2A6A4A3C10		CAPACITOR, FIXED, MICA, .450IN.LG., .360IN.HGT., .170IN.THK., 30PF, P/M1%, 500 VDCW, MFR 72136, P/N DM15C300F500V	5-91
A2A6A4A3C11		CAPACITOR FIXED CERAMIC DIE200IN.DIA., .400IN.LG.,#22ANG TERMINALS,47PF P/M 2% 500VDCW,MFR 91674,P/N 301-N2200-47P/M2	5-91
A2A6A4A3C12		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-91
A2A6A4A3C13		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-91
A2A6A4A3C14		SAME AS 1A2A1A1C1	5-91
A2A6A4A3C15		CAPACITOR,FIXED,ELECT510IN.LG., .185IN.DIA.,6.8MFD P/M 20% 15VDCW,MFR 56289,P/N 150D685X0015B2	5-91
A2A6A4A3C16		SAME AS 1A2A6A4A1C14	5-91
A2A6A4A3C17		SAME AS 1A2A1A1C1	5-91
A2A6A4A3C18		CAPACITOR,FIXED,ELECTROYLIC,0.510IN.LG. X 0.185IN.DIA.,6.8 MFD,20 V DC, MFR 56289,P/N 150D685X002082	5-91
A2A6A4A3C19		CAPACITOR,FIXED,CERAMIC DIELECTRIC-0.300IN.LG,0.300IN.W,0.002UF PLUS20%, 75VDCW,MFR 86335,PN K1200M.2M.	5-91
A2A6A4A3C20		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-91
A2A6A4A3C21		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-91
A2A6A4A3C22		CAPACITOR,FIXED,ELECTROLYTIC-PLSTC INS,0.135IN.DIA,0.322IN.LG,MFR 56289, PN 150D225X0020A2.	5-91
A2A6A4A3C23		SAME AS 1A2A1A1C1	5-91
A2A6A4A3C24		SAME AS 1A2A1A1C1	5-91
A2A6A4A3C25		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-91
A2A6A4A3J1		SAME AS 1A2A6A3A3J8	5-91
A2A6A4A3L1		SAME AS 1A2A6A1L1	5-91
A2A6A4A3L2		COIL RF-150,000 UH P/M 20%, .410IN.LG, .187IN.DIA.MFR 03550,P/N 7875	5-91
A2A6A4A3L3		SAME AS 1A2A6A4A3L2	5-91
A2A6A4A3L4		TRANSFORMER RF-0.625IN.DIA. X 0.562IN.H,110KC,23PF,MFR 58189,P/N 809000-429	5-91
A2A6A4A3L5		SAME AS 1A2A6A1L1	5-91
A2A6A4A3L6		SAME AS 1A2A6A1L1	5-91
A2A6A4A3L7		REACTOR-6H, 2MA, 60CPS AT RT DC CURRENT, 49V PEAK, MFR 80223, PN DOT26.	
A2A6A4A3P1		SAME AS 1A2A6A4A1P1	5-91
A2A6A4A3Q1		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2Q3	5-91
A2A6A4A3Q2		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2Q3	5-91
A2A6A4A3Q3		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2Q3	5-91
A2A6A4A3Q4		SAME AS IAZAGAIA3Q2	5-91
A2A6A4A3Q5		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A3Q2	5-91
A2A6A4A3Q6		SAME AS IA2A6A1A3Q2	5-91
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NAVSHIPS 94841(A)

Table 6-1

TABLE 6-1. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST (Continued)

RADIO RECEIVER R-1051/URR

RE F DESIG	NOTES	NAME AND DESCRIPTION	FIG. NO.
A2A6A4A3Q7		SAME AS 1A2A1A3Q1	5-91
A2A6A4A3RT1		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A1RT1	5-91
A2A6A4A3R1		SAME AS 1A2A6A4A2R1	5-91
A2A6A4A3R2		SAME AS 1A2A1A3R4	5-91
A2A6A4A3R3		RESISTOR,FIXED,WIREWOUND-1/2IN.LG,1/8IN.DIA.,220 DHMS P/M3%,1W,MFR 91637, PN RS-1A221H	591
A2A6A4A3R4		SAME AS 1A2A2A3R5	5-91
A2A6A4A3R5		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-91
A2A6A4A3R6		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF134J.	5-91
A2A6A4A3R7		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-91
A2A6A4A3R8		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A1R6	5-91
A2A6A4A3R9		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-91
A2A6A4A3R10		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R24	5-91
A2A6A4A3R11		SAME AS 1A2A1A3R4	5-91
A2A6A4A3R12		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF334J.	5-91
A2A6A4A3R13		SAME AS 1A2A1A1R5	5-91
A2A6A4A3R14		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-91
A2A6A4A3R15		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R16	5-91
A2A6A4A3R16		RESISTOR,VARIABLE-0.500IN.LG,0.220IN.W,5000 OHMS P/M5%,MINUS65DEG C TO PLUS175DEG C,MFR 80294,PN 3250W-1-502.	5-91
A2A6A4A3R17		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R5	5-91
A2A6A4A3R18		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R29	5-91
A2A6A4A3R19		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4	5-91
A2A6A4A3R20		SAME AS 1A2A1A1R5	5-91
A2A6A4A3R21		SAME AS 1A2A1A3R4	5-91
A2A6A4A3R22		SAME AS 1A2A1A3R4	5-91
A2A6A4A3R23		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R29	5-91
A2A6A4A3R24		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R29	5-91
A2A6A4A3R25		SAME AS 1A2A4A38R3	5-91
A2A6A4A3R26		SAME AS 1A2A1A1R5	5-91
A2A6A4A3R27		SAME AS 1A2A2A3R5	5-91
A2A6A4A3R28		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R6	5-91
A2A6A4A3R29		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R29	5-91
A2A6A4A3R30		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-91
A2A6A4A3R31		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R1	5-91
A2A6A4A3TP1		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2TP3	5-91
A2A6A4A3T1		TRANSFORMER,AUDIO FREQUENCY-300CPS TO 25KC P/M3DB AT 1MW,1S49V,105DEG C OPR TEMP,MFR 80223,PN ER697.	5-91
A2A6A5		GENERATOR,SPECTRUM-MFR 58189,PN 666230-652.	5-94
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R-1051/URR PARTS LIST

TABLE 6-1. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST (Continued)

RE F DESIG	NOTES	NAME AND DESCRIPTION	FIG. NO.
A2A6A5A1CR1		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A3CR1	5-95
A2A6A5A1CR2		SAME AS 1A2A5A1CR1	5-95
A2A6A5A1CR3		SAME AS 1A2A5A1CR1	5-95
A2A6A5A1CR4		SAME AS 1A2A5A3CR5	5-95
A2A6A5A1C1		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-95
A2A6A5A1C2		SAME AS 1A2A2A1C2	5-95
A2A6A5A1C3		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-95
A2A6A5A1C4		SAME AS 1A2A6A3A4C8	5-95
A2A6A5A1C5		CAPACITOR,FIXED,CERAMIC DIELECTRIC-0.351IN.X 0.162IN.X 0.448IN.,20UUF P/M2%,MFR 72136,PN DM15E200G300V.	5-95
A2A6A5A1C6		CAPACITOR,FIXED,PLASTIC,POLYSTYRENE,METALLIC CASE,HERMETICALLY SEALED, 0.781IN. X 0.235IN.DIA.,0.0018 MFD P/M 10%,100 VDC,P.F.0.1%,MFR 58189, P/N 666164-922 330,000 PF P/M 10%,100 VDCW,MFR 58189,P/N 666164-923	5-95
A2A6A5A1C7		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-95
A2A6A5A1C8		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-95
A2A6A5A1C9		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-95
A2A6A5A1C10		CAPACITOR,FIXED,CERAMIC DIELECTRIC-0.320IN.LG,0.320IN.W,150UUF P/M5%, 75VDCW,MFR 86335,PN MINU150J.	5-95
A2A6A5A1C11		SAME AS 1A2A2A1C4	5-95
A2A6A5A1C12		SAME AS 1A2A5A1C25	5-95
A2A6A5A1C13		SAME AS 1A2A6A4A3C19	5-95
A2A6A5A1C14		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-95
A2A6A5A1C15		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-95
A2A6A5A1C16		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-95
A2A6A5A1C17		CAPACITOR,FIXED,CERAMIC DIELECTRIC-0.446IN.X 0.352IN.X 0.163IN.,33UUF P/M2%,MFR 72136,PN DM15E330G300V.	5-95
A2A6A5A1C18		SAME AS 1A2A4A26C1	5-95
A2A6A5A1C19		SAME AS 1A2A6A2A1C1	5-95
A2A6A5A1J3		CONNECTOR,RECEPTACLE,ELECTRICAL-BRS,TEFLON INS/MIL-G-45204,9/32IN.LG, 0.438IN.OD,MFR 05009,PN 3102.	5-95
A2A6A5A1J6		SAME AS 1A2A6A5A1J3	5-95
A2A6A5A1L1		SAME AS 1A2A6A1L1	5-95
A2A6A5A1L2		TRANSFORMER,RADIO FREQUENCY-PWD IRON COIL,600-2/3 TURNS,0.312IN.LG, 0.375IN.OD,MFR 58189,PN 666163-353.	5-95
A2A6A5A1L5		COIL RF-0.620IN.LG. X 0.422IN.DIA., 7.9MC,2.4-2.6 UH,MFR 58189,P/N 809000-237	5-95
A2A6A5A1Q1		SAME AS 1A2A6A3A3Q12	5-95
A2A6A5A1Q2		SAME AS 1A2A2A1Q3	5-95
A2A6A5A1Q3		SAME AS 1A2A6A3A3Q12	5-95
A2A6A5A1Q4		SAME AS 1A2A6A4A2Q1	5-95
A2A6A5A1Q5		SAME AS 1A2A4A38Q1	5-95

NAVSHIPS 94841(A)

Table 6-1

TABLE 6-1. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST (Continued)

RADIO RECEIVER R-1051/URR

RE F DESIG	NOTES	NAME AND DESCRIPTION	FIG. NO.
A2A6A5A1Q6		SAME AS 1A2A6A2A2Q1	5-95
A2A6A5A1R1		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R34	5-95
A2A6A5A1R2		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R29	5-95
A2A6A5A1R3		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R29	5-95
A2A6A5A1R4		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R13	5-95
A2A6A5A1R5		SAME AS 1A2A6A4A3R16	5-95
A2A6A5A1R6		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R4	5-95
A2A6A5A1R7		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-95
A2A6A5A1R8		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-95
A2A6A5A1R9		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF361J.	5-95
A2A6A5A1R10		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R18	5~95
A2A6A5A1R11		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-95
A2A6A5A1R12		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R4	5-95
A2A6A5A1R13		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A3R14	5-95
A2A6A5A1R14		SAME AS 1A2A1A3R9	5-95
A2A6A5A1R15		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R29	5-95
A2A6A5A1R16		SAME AS 1A2A1A3R5	5-95
A2A6A5A1R17		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4	5-95
A2A6A5A1R18		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-95
A2A6A5A1R19		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4	5-95
A2A6A5A1R20		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-95
A2A6A5A1R21		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R29	5-95
A2A6A5A1R22		SAME AS 1A2A1A3R8	5-95
A2A6A5A1R23		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2R5	5-95
A2A6A5A1R24		SAME AS 1A2R17	5-95
A2A6A5A1R25		SAME AS 1A2A1A3R8	5-95
A2A6A5A1TP1		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2TP1	5-95
A2A6A5A1TP2		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2TP1	5-95
A2A6A5A1TP3		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2TP1	5-95
A2A6A5A1TP4		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2TP1	5-95
A2A6A5A1TP5		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2TP1	5-95
A2A6A5A1T1		TRANSFORMER,RADIO FREQUENCY-PWD IRON COIL,7-1/2 TURNS,0.312IN.LG, 0.375IN.OD,MFR 58189,PN 666163-354.	5-95
A2A6A5A1T2		809000-236	5-95
A2A6A5A2CR1		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A3CR1	5-96
A2A6A5A2CR2		SAME AS 1AZA1A1CR1	5-96
A2A6A5A2CR3		SAME AS 1A2A1A1CR1	5-96
A2A6A5A2CR4		SAME AS 1A2A5A1CR1	5~96

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R-1051/URR PARTS LIST

TABLE 6-1. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST (Continued)

RADIO RECEIVER R-1051/URR

RE F DESIG	NOTES	NAME AND DESCRIPTION	FIG. NO.
A2A6A5A2C1		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	596
A2A6A5A2C2		SAME AS 1A2A2A1C2	5-96
A2A6A5A2C3		SAME AS 1A2A6A1C17	5-96
A2A6A5A2C4		SAME AS 1A2A6A1C17	5-96
A2A6A5A2C5		SAME AS 1A2A6A1C17	5-96
A2A6A5A2C6		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-96
A2A6A5A2C7		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A3C8	5-96
A2A6A5A2C8		SAME AS 1A2A6A5A1C5	5-96
A2A6A5A2C9		CAPACITOR,FIXED,PLASTIC,POLYSTYRENE,METALLIC CASE,HERMETICALLY SEALED 0.906IN. X 0.312IN.DIA.,O.033 MFD P/M 10%,100 VDC,P.F. 0.1%,MFR 58189, P/N 666164-918	5-96
A2A6A5A2C10		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-96
A2A6A5A2C11		SAME AS 1A2A1A1C1	5-96
A2A6A5A2C12		CAPACITOR,FIXED,ELECTROLYTIC-PLSTC INS,0.185IN.DIA,0.510IN.LG,MFR 56289, PN 150D335X003582.	5-9
A2A6A5A2C13		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-96
A2A6A5A2C14		SAME AS 1A2A6A1C9	5-96
A2A6A5A2C15		SAME AS 1A2A5A1C12	5-96
A2A6A5A2C16		SAME AS 1A2A5A1C1	5-96
A2A6A5A2J5		SAME AS 1A2A6A5A1J3	5-96
A2A6A5A2L1		SAME AS 1AZAGAILI	5-96
A2A6A5A2Q1		SAME AS 1A2A6A3A3Q12	5-96
A2A6A5A2Q2	:	SAME AS 1AZA6A3A3Q12	5-96
A2A6A5A2Q3		SAME AS 1A2A2A1Q3	5-96
A2A6A5A2Q4		SAME AS 1A2A6A3A3Q12	5-96
A2A6A5A2Q5		SAME AS 1A2A6A3A3Q12	5-96
A2A6A5A2Q6		SAME AS 1A2A4A38Q1	5-96
A2A6A5A2R1		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R5	5-96
A2A6A5A2R2		SAME AS 1A2A5A1R4	5-96
A2A6A5A2R3		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R13	5-96
A2A6A5A2R4		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-96
A2A6A5A2R5		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R4	5-96
A2A6A5A2R6		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-96
A2A6A5A2R7		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R13	5-96
A2A6A5A2R8		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-96
A2A6A5A2R9		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R4	5-96
A2A6A5A2R11		SAME AS 1AZA6A4A3R16	5-96
A2A6A5A2R12		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R7	5-96
A2A6A5A2R13		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-96
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Table 6-1

TABLE 6-1. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST (Continued)

RADIO RECEIVER R-1051/URR

RE F DESIG	NOTES	NAME AND DESCRIPTION	FIG. NO.
42444542224			
A2A6A5A2R14		SAME AS 1A2A6A5A1R9	5-96
A2A6A5A2R15		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R18	5-96
A2A6A5A2R16		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R4	5-96
A2A6A5A2R18		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-96
A2A6A5A2R19		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-96
A2A6A5A2R20		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A3R14	5-96
A2A6A5A2R21		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R13	5-96
A2A6A5A2R22		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R4	5-96
A2A6A5A2R23		SAME AS 1A2A5A1R2O	5-96
A2A6A5A2R24		SAME AS 1A2R17	5-96
A2A6A5A2R25		SAME AS 1A2A5A1R20	5-96
A2A6A5A2R26		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4	5-96
A2A6A5A2R27		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-96
A2A6A5A2R28		RESISTOR FIXED COMPOSITION-0.375IN.LG. X 0.093IN.DIA.,5.10HMS,250VOLTS .25WATT,MFR 58189,P/N 666231~644	5-96
A2A6A5A2R29		SAME AS 1A2A6A5A2R28	5-96
A2A6A5A2TP1		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2TP1	5-96
A2A6A5A2TP2		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2TP1	5-96
A2A6A5A2TP3		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2TP1	5-96
A2A6A5A2TP4		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2TP1	5-96
A2A6A5A2TP5		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2TP1	5-96
A2A6A5A2TP6		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2TP1	5-96
A2A6A5A2T1		TRANSFORMER,RADIO FREQUENCY-PWD IRON COIL,20-2/3 TURNS,0.312IN.LG, 0.375IN.OD,MFR 58189,PN 666163-358.	5-96
A2A6A5A3CR1		SAME AS IA2A6A1A3CR1	5-97
A2A6A5A3CR2		SAME AS 1A2A1A1CR1	5-97
A2A6A5A3CR3		SAME AS 1A2A1A1CR1	5-97
A2A6A5A3CR4		SAME AS 1A2A5A1CR1	5-97
A2A6A5A3CR5		SAME AS 1A2A5A1CR1	5-97
A2A6A5A3C1		SAME AS 1A2A2A1C1	5-97
A2A6A5A3C2		SAME AS 1A2A2A1C2	5-97
A2A6A5A3C3		SAME AS 1A2A6A1C17	5-97
A2A6A5A3C4		SAME AS 1A2A6A1C17	5-97
A2A6A5A3C5		SAME AS 1A2A6A1C17	5-97
A2A6A5A3C6		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-97
A2A6A5A3C7		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A3C8	5-97
A2A6A5A3C8		SAME AS 1A2A6A5A1C5	5-97
A2A6A5A3C9		CAPACITOR,FIXED,PLASTIC,POLYSTYRENE,1.375IN.LG.,.531IN.THK.,.687IN.HGT.,	5-97

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NAVSHIPS 94841(A)

R-1051/URR PARTS LIST

TABLE 6-1. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST (Continued)

RE F DESIG	NOTES	NAME AND DESCRIPTION	FIG. NO.
A2A6A5A3C10		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-97
A2A6A5A3C11		SAME AS 1A2A1A1C1	
A2A6A5A3C12		SAME AS 1A2A6A5A2C12	5-97 5-97
A2A6A5A3C13		SAME AS 1AZAZA1C4	5-97
A2A6A5A3C14		CAPACITOR-MIL TYPE CM06F162G03.	5-97
A2A6A5A3C15		SAME AS 1A2A6A2A3C2	5-97
A2A6A5A3C16		SAME AS 1A2A2A1C4	5-97
A2A6A5A3J1		TERMINAL,FEEDTHRU,INSULATED-SIL PL BRS CONT,W/GOLD FLASH,RED BODY, MFR 05009,PN RFT-M-14/RED/.	5-97
A2A6A5A3J4		SAME AS 1A2A6A5A1J3	5-97
A2A6A5A3L1		SAME AS 1A2A6A1L1	5-97
A2A6A5A3Q1		SAME AS 1A2A6A3A3Q12	5-97
A2A6A5A3Q2		SAME AS 1A2A6A3A3Q12	5-97
A2A6A5A3Q3		SAME AS 1A2A2A1Q3	5-97
A2A6A5A3Q4		SAME AS 1A2A6A3A3Q12	5-97
A2A6A5A3Q5		SAME AS 1A2A6A3A3Q12	5-97
A2A6A5A3Q6		SAME AS 1A2A4A38Q1	5-97
A2A6A5A3R1		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R5	5-97
A2A6A5A3R2		SAME AS 1A2A5A1R4	5-97
A2A6A5A3R3		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R13	5-97
A2A6A5A3R4		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-97
A2A6A5A3R5		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R4	5-97
A2A6A5A3R6		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-97
A2A6A5A3R7		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R13	5-97
A2A6A5A3R8		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-97
A2A6A5A3R9		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A3R10	5-97
A2A6A5A3R10		SAME AS 1A2A6A3A1R4	5-97
A2A6A5A3R11		SAME AS 1A2A6A4A3R16	5-97
A2A6A5A3R12		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R29	5-97
A2A6A5A3R13		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-97
A2A6A5A3R14		SAME AS 1A2A6A5A1R9	5-97
A2A6A5A3R15		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R18	5-97
A2A6A5A3R16		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R4	5-97
A2A6A5A3R17		SAME AS 1A2A5A1R4	5-97
A2A6A5A3R18		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-97
A2A6A5A3R19		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-97
A2A6A5A3R20		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A3R14	5-97
A2A6A5A3R21		SAME AS 1A2A1A3R9	5-97

NAVSHIPS 94841(A)

Table 6-1

TABLE 6-1. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST (Continued)

RADIO RECEIVER R-1051/URR

A246453823 SAME AS 122541820 5-97 A246453824 SAME AS 122817 5-97 A246553825 SAME AS 12211385 5-97 A266553826 SAME AS 1221424 5-97 A266553826 SAME AS 1222614 5-97 A2665538727 SAME AS 122061271 5-97 A266553719 SAME AS 122061271 5-97 A2665537193 SAME AS 1220612711 5-97 A2665537194 SAME AS 1220612711 5-97 A2665537195 SAME AS 12206112711 5-97 A2665537195 SAME AS 12206112711 5-97 A266553710 TRANSFORMER, RADIO FREQUENCY-PND IRON CDIL, 300-1/6 TURNS, 0.3121N-LG, 0.3751N-UD, MFT 50189, PN 666163-359. 5-92 A266554511 TRANSFORMER, RADIO FREQUENCY-PND IRON CDIL, 300-1/6 TURNS, 0.3121N-LG, 0.3751N-UD, MFT 50189, PN 666163-359. 5-92 A26655451 SAME AS 122141C1 5-92 A26655451 SAME AS 122141C1 5-92 A26655455 SAME AS 1221611 5-92 A26655455 SAME AS 1221612 5-92 A2665545454 SAME AS 1221612 5-92 A26655467 CAPACITOR-REL TYPE CHORF242603. 5-92<	RE F DESIG	NOTES	NAME AND DESCRIPTION	FIG. NO.
A2464543823 SAME AS 1224543720 5-97 A2464533824 SAME AS 122117 5-97 A2464533825 SAME AS 122117 5-97 A2464533826 SAME AS 12211274 5-97 A2464533826 SAME AS 1224244 5-97 A2464533827 SAME AS 1226413274 5-97 A2464533721 SAME AS 1226413271 5-97 A2464533721 SAME AS 1226413271 5-97 A2464533723 SAME AS 12264132721 5-97 A2464533724 SAME AS 12264132721 5-97 A2464533725 SAME AS 12264132721 5-97 A2464533726 SAME AS 12264132721 5-97 A2464543176 SAME AS 12264132721 5-97 A2464543176 SAME AS 12264132721 5-97 A24645441 SAME AS 122161 5-97 A24645441 SAME AS 122161 5-97 A24645442 SAME AS 122161 5-97 A24645442 SAME AS 1221611 5-97 A24645442 SAME AS 1221611 5-97 A24645442 SAME AS 1221612 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>				
A2A6ASA3R24 SAME AS LAZRIT 5-97 A2A6ASA3R25 SAME AS LAZRIT 5-97 A2A6ASA3R26 SAME AS LAZALAZRA 5-97 A2A6ASA3R26 SAME AS LAZALAZRA 5-97 A2A6ASA3R27 SAME AS LAZALAZRA 5-97 A2A6ASA3R27 SAME AS LAZALAZRA 5-97 A2A6ASA3R27 SAME AS LAZACALRIZ 5-97 A2A6ASA3TP1 SAME AS LAZAGALAZTP1 5-97 A2A6ASA3TP3 SAME AS LAZAGALAZTP1 5-97 A2A6ASA3TP5 SAME AS LAZAGALAZTP1 5-97 A2A6ASA4C1 SAME AS LAZAGALAZTP1 5-97 A2A6ASA4C2 SAME AS LAZALALZTP1 5-97 A2A6ASA4C3 SAME AS LAZALALZTP1 5-97 A2A6ASA4C4 SAME AS LAZALALZTP1 5-97 A2A6ASA4C5 SAME AS LAZALALZTP1 5-97 A2A6ASA4C4 SAME AS LAZALALC1 5-97 A2A6ASA4C5	A2A6A5A3R22		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R4	5-97
A246454323 SAME AS 14241A3R5 5-97 A246453325 SAME AS 14241A3R5 5-97 A246453326 SAME AS 14241A284 5-97 A246453327 SAME AS 14241A122 5-97 A2464533172 SAME AS 142641A1271 5-97 A2464533172 SAME AS 142661A27711 5-97 A2464533174 TAANSPORMER, TAOTO PREQUENCY-PND 180N COLL, 300-176 TURNS, 0.3121N-L6, 0.575 5-97 A2464544C1 SAME AS 14241A1C1 5-97 A2464544C2 SAME AS 14241A1C1 5-97 A2464544C3 SAME AS 14241A1C1 5-97 A2464544C5 SAME AS 14241A1C1 5-97 A2464544C5 SAME AS 14241A1C1 5-97 A2464544C2 SAME AS 14241A1C1 5-97 A2464544C2 SAME AS 14241A1C1 5	A2A6A5A3R23		SAME AS 1A2A5A1R20	5-97
A24645438726 SAME AS 1A2ALARA 5-97 A2464543877 SAME AS 1A2ALARA 5-97 A2464543877 SAME AS 1A2AAALA7TP1 5-97 A2464543172 SAME AS 1A2AAALA7TP1 5-97 A2464534772 SAME AS 1A2AAALA7TP1 5-97 A2464534772 SAME AS 1A2AAALA7TP1 5-97 A2464534773 SAME AS 1A2AAALA7TP1 5-97 A2464534774 SAME AS 1A2AAALA7TP1 5-97 A2464534779 SAME AS 1A2AAALA7TP1 5-97 A2464534779 SAME AS 1A2AAALA7TP1 5-97 A2464534779 SAME AS 1A2AAALA7TP1 5-97 A246453477 SAME AS 1A2AAALA7TP1 5-97 A246454471 SAME AS 1A2AAALA7TP1 5-97 A246454421 SAME AS 1A2ALA1C1 5-97 A246454423 SAME AS 1A2ALA1C1 5-97 A246454424 SAME AS 1A2ALA1C1 5-97 A2464554425 SAME AS 1A2ALA1C1 5-97 A246554426 SAME AS 1A2ALA1C1 5-97 A246554427 CAME AS 1A2ALA1C1 5-97 A24	A2A6A5A3R24		SAME AS 1A2R17	5-97
A2464543F27 SAME AS IA2A2AIK12 5-97 A2464543F27 SAME AS IA2A2AIK12 5-97 A2464543F72 SAME AS IA2A6AIA2TP1 5-97 A2464543F72 SAME AS IA2A6AIA2TP1 5-97 A2464543F73 SAME AS IA2A6AIA2TP1 5-97 A2464531F74 SAME AS IA2A6AIA2TP1 5-97 A2464531F75 SAME AS IA2A6AIA2TP1 5-97 A2464531F75 SAME AS IA2A6AIA2TP1 5-97 A2464534F7 SAME AS IA2A6AIA2TP1 5-97 A2464534F7 SAME AS IA2A6AIA2TP1 5-97 A2464544C1 SAME AS IA2A6AIA2TP1 5-97 A2464544C1 SAME AS IA2AIA1C1 5-97 A2464544C2 SAME AS IA2AIA1C1 5-97 A2464544C3 SAME AS IA2AIA1C1 5-97 A2464544C5 SAME AS IA2AIA1C1 5-97 A2464544C5 SAME AS IA2AAIA1C1 5-97 A2464544C5 SAME AS IA2A6A13 5-97 A2464544C1 SAME AS IA2A6A13 5-97 A24645442 SAME AS IA2A6A133012 5-98 A24645442	A2A6A5A3R25		SAME AS 1A2A1A3R5	5-97
AZA6A5A3TP1 SAME AS IAZA6A1A2TP1 SAPE AZA6A5A3TP2 SAME AS IAZA6A1A2TP1 S-97 AZA6A5A3TP3 SAME AS IAZA6A1A2TP1 S-97 AZA6A5A3TP3 SAME AS IAZA6A1A2TP1 S-97 AZA6A5A3TP4 SAME AS IAZA6A1A2TP1 S-97 AZA6A5A3TP5 SAME AS IAZA6A1A2TP1 S-97 AZA6A5A3TP6 SAME AS IAZA6A1A2TP1 S-97 AZA6A5A4C1 SAME AS IAZA6A1A2TP1 S-97 AZA6A5A4C2 SAME AS IAZA1A1C1 S-97 AZA6A5A4C3 SAME AS IAZA1A1C1 S-97 AZA6A5A4C4 SAME AS IAZA1A1C1 S-98 AZA6A5A4C5 SAME AS IAZA1A1C1 S-98 AZA6A5A4C6 SAME AS IAZA1A1C1 S-98 AZA6A5A411 SAME AS IAZA6113 S-98 AZA6A5A412 SAME AS IAZA6113 S-98 AZA6A5A413 SAME AS IAZA6111 S-98 AZA6A5A	A2A6A5A3R26		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4	5-97
AZA6A5A3TP2 SAME AS 1AZA6A1A2TP1 5-7 AZA6A5A3TP3 SAME AS 1AZA6A1A2TP1 5-97 AZA6A5A3TP4 SAME AS 1AZA6A1A2TP1 5-97 AZA6A5A3TP5 SAME AS 1AZA6A1A2TP1 5-97 AZA6A5A3TP6 SAME AS 1AZA6A1A2TP1 5-97 AZA6A5A4C1 SAME AS 1AZA6A1A2TP1 5-97 AZA6A5A4C1 SAME AS 1AZA6A1A2TP1 5-97 AZA6A5A4C1 SAME AS 1AZA1A1C1 5-96 AZA6A5A4C2 SAME AS 1AZA1A1C1 5-96 AZA6A5A4C3 SAME AS 1AZA1A1C1 5-96 AZA6A5A4C4 SAME AS 1AZA1A1C1 5-96 AZA6A5A4C5 SAME AS 1AZA1A1C1 5-96 AZA6A5A4C6 SAME AS 1AZA1A1C1 5-96 AZA6A5A4C7 CAPACITOR-WIL TYPE CMOGF242G03. 5-96	A2A6A5A3R27		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-97
A24645A3TP3 SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2TP1 5-97 A2A645A3TP4 SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2TP1 5-97 A2A645A3TP5 SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2TP1 5-97 A2A645A3TP6 SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2TP1 5-97 A2A645A3TP6 SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2TP1 5-97 A2A645A3TP6 SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2TP1 5-97 A2A645A4C1 SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2TP1 5-97 A2A645A4C1 SAME AS 1A2A1A1C1 5-97 A2A645A4C2 SAME AS 1A2A1A1C1 5-96 A2A645A4C3 SAME AS 1A2A1A1C1 5-96 A2A645A4C4 SAME AS 1A2A1A1C1 5-96 A2A645A4C4 SAME AS 1A2A1A1C1 5-96 A2A645A4C7 CAPACITOR-HIL TYPE CMO6F242G03. 5-97 A2A645A411 SAME AS 1A2A6A111 5-96 A2A645A401 SAME AS 1A2A6A313 5-96 A2A645A402 SAME AS 1A2A6A3012 5-96 A2A64	A2A6A5A3TP1		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2TP1	5-97
A2A6A5A3TP4 SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2TP1 5-97 A2A6A5A3TP5 SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2TP1 5-97 A2A6A5A3TP6 SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2TP1 5-97 A2A6A5A3T1 TRANSFORMER, RADID FREQUENCY-PND IRON COIL, 300-1/6 TURNS, 0.312IN, LG, 5-97 5-97 A2A6A5A3T1 TRANSFORMER, RADID FREQUENCY-PND IRON COIL, 300-1/6 TURNS, 0.312IN, LG, 5-97 5-97 A2A6A5A4C1 SAME AS 1A2A1A1C1 5-97 A2A6A5A4C2 SAME AS 1A2A1A1C1 5-97 A2A6A5A4C3 SAME AS 1A2A1A1C1 5-97 A2A6A5A4C4 SAME AS 1A2A1A1C1 5-97 A2A6A5A4C5 SAME AS 1A2A1A1C1 5-97 A2A6A5A4C4 SAME AS 1A2A1A1C1 5-97 A2A6A5A4C1 SAME AS 1A2A1A1C1 5-97 A2A6A5A4C2 SAME AS 1A2A1A1C1 5-97 A2A6A5A4C1	A2A6A5A3TP2		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2TP1	5-97
A2A6A5A3TP5 SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2TP1 5-97 A2A6A5A3TP6 SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2TP1 5-97 A2A6A5A3TP6 SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2TP1 5-97 A2A6A5A4C1 SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2TP1 5-97 A2A6A5A4C1 SAME AS 1A2A1A1C1 5-97 A2A6A5A4C2 SAME AS 1A2A1A1C1 5-97 A2A6A5A4C2 SAME AS 1A2A1A1C1 5-97 A2A6A5A4C3 SAME AS 1A2A1A1C1 5-97 A2A6A5A4C4 SAME AS 1A2A1A1C1 5-97 A2A6A5A4C5 SAME AS 1A2A1A1C1 5-97 A2A6A5A4C6 SAME AS 1A2A1A1C1 5-97 A2A6A5A4C7 CAPACITOR-MIL TYPE CMO6F242G03. 5-97 A2A6A5A4C1 SAME AS 1A2A6A11 5-98 A2A6A5A4C1 SAME AS 1A2A6A11 5-98 A2A6A5A4C1 SAME AS 1A2A6A5A133 5-98 A2A6A5A4C7 CAPACITOR-MIL TYPE CMO6F242G03. 5-98 A2A6A5A4C1 SAME AS 1A2A6A5A133 5-98 A2A6A5A4C1 SAME AS 1A2A6A5A1301 5-98 A2A6A5A4C2 SAME AS 1A2A6A5A012 5-98 A2A6A5A4C2 SAME AS 1A2A6A5A03012 5-98 A	A2A6A5A3TP3		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2TP1	5-97
A24645A3176 SAME AS LA246A1A2TP1 5-97 A2A6A5A371 TRANSFORMER,RADIO FREQUENCY-PHD IRON COIL,300-1/6 TURNS,0.312IN.LG, 5-97 A2A6A5A4C1 SAME AS LA246A1A2TP1 5-97 A2A6A5A4C2 SAME AS LA24A1C1 5-97 A2A6A5A4C2 SAME AS LA24A1C1 5-97 A2A6A5A4C2 SAME AS LA24A1C1 5-97 A2A6A5A4C3 SAME AS LA24A1C1 5-97 A2A6A5A4C4 SAME AS LA24A1C1 5-97 A2A6A5A4C5 SAME AS LA24A1C1 5-97 A2A6A5A4C6 SAME AS LA24A1A1C1 5-97 A2A6A5A4C7 CAPACITOR-MIL TYPE CM06F242C03. 5-97 A2A6A5A402 SAME AS LA2A6A31301 5-98 A2A6A5A402 SAME AS LA2A6A301 5-98 A2A6A5A402 SAME AS LA2A6A301 5-98 A2A6A5A402 SAME AS LA2A6A301 5-98 A2A6A5A472 SAME AS LA2A6A3021 5-98	A2A6A5A3TP4		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2TP1	5-97
A2A6A5A3TI TRANSFORMER, RADID FREQUENCY-PWD IRON CDIL, 300-1/6 TURNS, 0, 312IN.LG, 5-5 A2A6A5A4C1 SAME AS 1A2A1A1C1 5-96 A2A6A5A4C2 SAME AS 1A2A1A1C1 5-96 A2A6A5A4C3 SAME AS 1A2A1A1C1 5-96 A2A6A5A4C3 SAME AS 1A2A1A1C1 5-96 A2A6A5A4C4 SAME AS 1A2A1A1C1 5-96 A2A6A5A4C5 SAME AS 1A2A1A1C1 5-96 A2A6A5A4C6 SAME AS 1A2A1A1C1 5-96 A2A6A5A4C7 CAPACITOR-MIL TYPE CM06F242G03. 5-96 A2A6A5A4C1 SAME AS 1A2A6A51J3 5-96 A2A6A5A401 SAME AS 1A2A6A301 5-96 A2A6A5A402 SAME AS 1A2A6A301 5-96 A2A6A5A403 SAME AS 1A2A6A301 5-96 A2A6A5A403 SAME AS 1A2A6A301 5-96 A2A6A5A473 SAME AS 1A2A6A301 5-96 A2A6A5A473 SAME AS 1A2A6A301 5-96 A2A6A5A473 SAME AS 1A2A6A33012 5-96	A2A6A5A3TP5		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2TP1	5-97
0.3751N.DD,NFR 58189,PN 666163-359. 55.96 A2A6A53A4C1 SAME AS 1A2A1A1C1 5-96 A2A6A5A4C2 SAME AS 1A2A1A1C1 5-96 A2A6A5A4C3 SAME AS 1A2A1A1C1 5-96 A2A6A5A4C5 SAME AS 1A2A1A1C1 5-96 A2A6A5A4C5 SAME AS 1A2A1A1C1 5-96 A2A6A5A4C6 SAME AS 1A2A1A1C1 5-96 A2A6A5A4C7 CAPACITOR-NIL TYPE CM06F242G03. 5-97 A2A6A5A4C1 SAME AS 1A2A6A1L1 5-96 A2A6A5A4Q2 SAME AS 1A2A6A33Q12 5-96 A2A6A5A4Q2 SAME AS 1A2A6A33Q12 5-96 A2A6A5A4Q2 SAME AS 1A2AA38Q1 5-96 A2A6A5A4Q2 SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4 5-96 A2A6A5A4Q2 SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4 5-96 A2A6A5A4R2 SAME AS 1A2A1A3R9 5-96 A2A6A5A4R3 SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12 5-96 A2A6A5A4R5 SAME AS	A2A6A5A3TP6		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2TP1	5-97
A2A6A5A4C2 SAME AS IA2AIAICI 5-92 A2A6A5A4C3 SAME AS IA2AIAICI 5-92 A2A6A5A4C3 SAME AS IA2AIAICI 5-92 A2A6A5A4C4 SAME AS IA2AIAICI 5-92 A2A6A5A4C4 SAME AS IA2AIAICI 5-92 A2A6A5A4C5 SAME AS IA2AIAICI 5-92 A2A6A5A4C6 SAME AS IA2AIAICI 5-92 A2A6A5A4C6 SAME AS IA2AIAICI 5-92 A2A6A5A4C6 SAME AS IA2AIAICI 5-92 A2A6A5A4C7 CAPACITOR-MIL TYPE CM06F242G03. 5-92 A2A6A5A4U1 SAME AS IA2A6ASU1 5-92 A2A6A5A4Q2 SAME AS IA2A4A3801 5-92 A2A6A5A4Q3 SAME AS IA2AIA32Q1 5-92 A2A6A5A4Q3 SAME AS IA2AIA32Q1 5-92 A2A6A5A4Q3 SAME AS IA2AIA2R4 5-92 A2A6A5A4R2 SAME AS IA2AIA2R4 5-92 A2A6A5A4R3 SAME AS IA2AIA32Q1 5-92 A2A6A5A4R4 SAME AS IA2AIA2R4 5-92 A2A6A5A4R3 SAME AS IA2AIA32Q 5-92 A2A6A5A4R4 SAME AS IA2AIA32Q 5-92 A2A6A5A4R5 SAME AS IA2	A2A6A5A3T1			5-97
A22663544C3 SAME AS LAZALALCI 5-96 A22663544C4 SAME AS LAZALALCI 5-96 A2863544C4 SAME AS LAZALALCI 5-96 A2863544C5 SAME AS LAZALALCI 5-96 A2863544C5 SAME AS LAZALALCI 5-96 A2863544C5 SAME AS LAZALALCI 5-96 A2863544C6 SAME AS LAZALALCI 5-96 A2864554421 SAME AS LAZALALCI 5-96 A286354411 SAME AS LAZA6ASLJ3 5-96 A2864554411 SAME AS LAZA6ASLJ3 5-96 A2864534402 SAME AS LAZA6ASLJ3 5-96 A2864534403 SAME AS LAZA6AJAQ12 5-96 A2864534403 SAME AS LAZALA12R4 5-96 A2864534473 SAME AS LAZALR12 5-96 A2864534483 SAME AS LAZALR12 5-96 A2864534485 SAME AS LAZA6AL314 5-96 A2864534485	A2A6A5A4C1		SAME AS 1A2A1A1C1	5-98
A226A5344C4 SAME AS 1A2A2A1C1 5-96 A226A5344C5 SAME AS 1A2A1A1C1 5-96 A226A5344C6 SAME AS 1A2A1A1C1 5-96 A226A5344C6 SAME AS 1A2A1A1C1 5-96 A226A5344C6 SAME AS 1A2A1A1C1 5-96 A226A5344C7 CAPACITOR-MIL TYPE CM06F242G03. 5-96 A226A534411 SAME AS 1A2A6A5A1J3 5-96 A226A534411 SAME AS 1A2A6A5A1J3 5-96 A226A534402 SAME AS 1A2A6A301 5-96 A226A534403 SAME AS 1A2A6A3A3012 5-96 A226A534403 SAME AS 1A2A6A33012 5-96 A226A534403 SAME AS 1A2A6A33012 5-96 A226A534473 SAME AS 1A2A1A3801 5-96 A226A534473 SAME AS 1A2A1A374 5-96 A226A534473 SAME AS 1A2A1A379 5-96 A226A534474 SAME AS 1A2A2A1712 5-96 A226A534475 SAME AS 1A2A2A171 5-96 A226A534475 SAME AS 1A2A2A171 5-96 A226A534474 SAME AS 1A2A2A171 5-96 A226A534475 SAME AS 1A2A2A171 5-96 A226A534	A2A6A5A4C2		SAME AS 1A2A1A1C1	5-98
A226A5A4C5SAME AS IA2AIAICI5-98A2A6A5A4C6SAME AS IA2AIAICI5-98A2A6A5A4C7CAPACITOR-HIL TYPE CMO6F242603.5-98A2A6A5A4J1SAME AS IA2A6A5AIJ35-98A2A6A5A4C1SAME AS IA2A6A5AILI5-98A2A6A5A4Q1SAME AS IA2A6A3AQ15-98A2A6A5A4Q2SAME AS IA2A6A3AQ125-98A2A6A5A4Q3SAME AS IA2A6A3AQ125-98A2A6A5A4Q3SAME AS IA2A4A38Q15-98A2A6A5A4Q3SAME AS IA2A4A38Q15-98A2A6A5A4R1SAME AS IA2A4A38Q15-98A2A6A5A4R2SAME AS IA2A4A38Q15-98A2A6A5A4R3SAME AS IA2A4A38Q15-98A2A6A5A4R3SAME AS IA2A4A38Q15-98A2A6A5A4R3SAME AS IA2A4A38Q15-98A2A6A5A4R3SAME AS IA2A1A3R95-98A2A6A5A4R3SAME AS IA2A2A1R125-98A2A6A5A4R4SAME AS IA2A2A1R145-98A2A6A5A4R5SAME AS IA2A2A3R55-98A2A6A5A4R6SAME AS IA2A2A1R125-98A2A6A5A4R8SAME AS IA2A2A1R125-98A2A6A5A4R8SAME AS IA2A2A1R125-98A2A6A5A4R8SAME AS IA2A2A1R125-98A2A6A5A4R9SAME AS IA2A1A3R55-98A2A6A5A4R9SAME AS IA2A5A1R205-98A2A6A5A4R11SAME AS IA2A5A1R205-98A2A6A5A4R11SAME AS IA2A5A1R205-98A2A6A5A4R11SAME AS IA2R17SAME AS IA2A5A1R20A2A6A5A4R11SAME AS IA2R17SAME AS IA2R17A2A6A5A4R11SAME A	A2A6A5A4C3		SAME AS 1A2A1A1C1	5-98
AZA6A5A4C6SAME AS IAZAIAICI5-98AZA6A5A4C7CAPACITOR-MIL TYPE CM06F242G03.5-98AZA6A5A4J1SAME AS IAZA6A5A1J35-98AZA6A5A4L1SAME AS IAZA6A5A1J35-98AZA6A5A4Q1SAME AS IAZA6A38Q15-98AZA6A5A4Q2SAME AS IAZA6A3A3Q125-98AZA6A5A4Q3SAME AS IAZA6A38Q15-98AZA6A5A4Q3SAME AS IAZA6A38Q15-98AZA6A5A4Q3SAME AS IAZA6A38Q15-98AZA6A5A4Q3SAME AS IAZA1A2R45-98AZA6A5A4R2SAME AS IAZA1A2R45-98AZA6A5A4R3SAME AS IAZA1A3R95-98AZA6A5A4R4SAME AS IAZA1A3R45-98AZA6A5A4R4SAME AS IAZA1A3R45-98AZA6A5A4R5SAME AS IAZA2A1R155-98AZA6A5A4R6SAME AS IAZA2A1R125-98AZA6A5A4R6SAME AS IAZA2A1R125-98AZA6A5A4R6SAME AS IAZA2A1R125-98AZA6A5A4R7SAME AS IAZA2A1R125-98AZA6A5A4R8SAME AS IAZA2A1R125-98AZA6A5A4R8SAME AS IAZA2A1R45-98AZA6A5A4R9SAME AS IAZA2A1R45-98AZA6A5A4R10SAME AS IAZA1A3R55-98AZA6A5A4R10SAME AS IAZA5A1R205-98AZA6A5A4R11SAME AS IAZA5A1R205-98AZA6A5A4R10SAME AS IAZR175-98AZA6A5A4R11SAME AS IAZR175-98	A2A6A5A4C4		SAME AS 1A2A2A1C1	5-98
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A2A6A55A4J1 SAME AS 1A2A6A5A1J3 5-98 A2A6A55A4L1 SAME AS 1A2A6A5A1J3 5-98 A2A6A5A4Q1 SAME AS 1A2A6A1L1 5-98 A2A6A5A4Q1 SAME AS 1A2A4A38Q1 5-98 A2A6A5A4Q2 SAME AS 1A2A4A38Q1 5-98 A2A6A5A4Q3 SAME AS 1A2A4A38Q1 5-98 A2A6A5A4Q3 SAME AS 1A2A4A38Q1 5-98 A2A6A5A4R2 SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4 5-98 A2A6A5A4R3 SAME AS 1A2A1A3R9 5-98 A2A6A5A4R4 SAME AS 1A2A1A3R9 5-98 A2A6A5A4R5 SAME AS 1A2A2A1R15 5-98 A2A6A5A4R6 SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12 5-98 A2A6A5A4R6 SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12 5-98 A2A6A5A4R7 SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12 5-98 A2A6A5A4R8 SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12 5-98 A2A6A5A4R9 SAME AS 1A2A2A1R4 5-98 A2A6A5A4R9 SAME AS 1A2A1A	A2A6A5A4C6		SAME AS 1A2A1A1C1	5-98
A2A6A5A4L1 SAME AS 1A2A6A1L1 5-98 A2A6A5A4Q1 SAME AS 1A2A6A3Q1 5-98 A2A6A5A4Q2 SAME AS 1A2A6A3A3Q12 5-98 A2A6A5A4Q3 SAME AS 1A2A6A3A3Q12 5-98 A2A6A5A4Q3 SAME AS 1A2A4A38Q1 5-98 A2A6A5A4Q3 SAME AS 1A2A4A38Q1 5-98 A2A6A5A4Q3 SAME AS 1A2A4A38Q1 5-98 A2A6A5A4R2 SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4 5-98 A2A6A5A4R2 SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4 5-98 A2A6A5A4R3 SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4 5-98 A2A6A5A4R4 SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12 5-98 A2A6A5A4R5 SAME AS 1A2A2A1R15 5-98 A2A6A5A4R6 SAME AS 1A2A6A13R14 5-98 A2A6A5A4R6 SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12 5-98 A2A6A5A4R6 SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12 5-98 A2A6A5A4R7 SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12 5-98 A2A6A5A4R9 SAME AS 1A2A1A3R5 5-98 A2A6A5A4R10 SAME AS 1	A2A6A5A4C7		CAPACITOR-MIL TYPE CM06F242G03.	5-98
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A2A6A5A4Q2 SAME AS 1A2A6A3A3Q12 5-98 A2A6A5A4Q3 SAME AS 1A2A6A3AQ1 5-98 A2A6A5A4Q3 SAME AS 1A2A1A38Q1 5-98 A2A6A5A4Q3 SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4 5-98 A2A6A5A4R1 SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4 5-98 A2A6A5A4R2 SAME AS 1A2A1A3R9 5-98 A2A6A5A4R3 SAME AS 1A2A1A3R9 5-98 A2A6A5A4R4 SAME AS 1A2A1A3R9 5-98 A2A6A5A4R4 SAME AS 1A2A2A1R15 5-98 A2A6A5A4R4 SAME AS 1A2A2A1R15 5-98 A2A6A5A4R6 SAME AS 1A2A2A1R15 5-98 A2A6A5A4R6 SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12 5-98 A2A6A5A4R6 SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12 5-98 A2A6A5A4R8 SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12 5-98 A2A6A5A4R8 SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12 5-98 A2A6A5A4R8 SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12 5-98 A2A6A5A4R9 SAME AS 1A2A5A1R20 5-98 A2A6A5A4R10 SAME AS 1A2A5A1R20 5-98 A2A6A5A4R11 SAME AS 1A2R17 5-98 A2A6A5A4R11 SAME AS 1A2R17 5-98	A2A6A5A4L1		SAME AS 1A2A6A1L1	5-98
A2A6A5A4Q3 SAME AS 1A2A4A38Q1 5-98 A2A6A5A4R1 SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4 5-98 A2A6A5A4R2 SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4 5-98 A2A6A5A4R2 SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12 5-98 A2A6A5A4R3 SAME AS 1A2A1A3R9 5-98 A2A6A5A4R4 SAME AS 1A2A2A1R15 5-98 A2A6A5A4R4 SAME AS 1A2A6A1A3R14 5-98 A2A6A5A4R6 SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12 5-98 A2A6A5A4R6 SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12 5-98 A2A6A5A4R7 SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12 5-98 A2A6A5A4R8 SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12 5-98 A2A6A5A4R8 SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12 5-98 A2A6A5A4R8 SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12 5-98 A2A6A5A4R9 SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12 5-98 A2A6A5A4R9 SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12 5-98 A2A6A5A4R10 SAME AS 1A2A1A3R5 5-98 A2A6A5A4R10 SAME AS 1A2A5A1R20 5-98 A2A6A5A4R11 SAME AS 1A2R17 5-98	A2A6A5A4Q1		SAME AS 1A2A4A38Q1	5-98
A2A6A5A4R1SAME AS IAZA1A2R45-98A2A6A5A4R2SAME AS IAZA1A3R95-98A2A6A5A4R3SAME AS IAZA1A3R95-98A2A6A5A4R4SAME AS IAZA1R155-98A2A6A5A4R5SAME AS IAZA1R155-98A2A6A5A4R6SAME AS IAZA1R1755-98A2A6A5A4R6SAME AS IAZA1A3R145-98A2A6A5A4R7SAME AS IAZA2A3R55-98A2A6A5A4R8SAME AS IAZA2A1R125-98A2A6A5A4R9SAME AS IAZA2A1R45-98A2A6A5A4R9SAME AS IAZA1A3R55-98A2A6A5A4R10SAME AS IAZA5A1R205-98A2A6A5A4R11SAME AS IAZA5A1R205-98A2A6A5A4R11SAME AS IAZA5A1R205-98A2A6A5A4R11SAME AS IAZA5A1R205-98A2A6A5A4R11SAME AS IAZA5A1R205-98A2A6A5A4R11SAME AS IAZA5A1R205-98	A2A6A5A4Q2		SAME AS 1A2A6A3A3Q12	5-98
A2A6A5A4R2SAME AS 1A2A2A1R125-98A2A6A5A4R3SAME AS 1A2A1A3R95-98A2A6A5A4R4SAME AS 1A2A2A1R155-98A2A6A5A4R5SAME AS 1A2A6A1A3R145-98A2A6A5A4R6SAME AS 1A2A2A3R55-98A2A6A5A4R7SAME AS 1A2A2A1R125-98A2A6A5A4R8SAME AS 1A2A2A1R125-98A2A6A5A4R9SAME AS 1A2A2A1R125-98A2A6A5A4R9SAME AS 1A2A2A1R45-98A2A6A5A4R10SAME AS 1A2A5A1R205-98A2A6A5A4R11SAME AS 1A2A5A1R205-98A2A6A5A4R11SAME AS 1A2R175-98A2A6A5A4R11SAME AS 1A2R175-98	A2 A6 A5 A4Q3		SAME AS 1A2A4A38Q1	5-98
A2A6A5A4R3SAME AS 1A2A1A3R95-98A2A6A5A4R4SAME AS 1A2A2A1R155-98A2A6A5A4R5SAME AS 1A2A6A1A3R145-98A2A6A5A4R6SAME AS 1A2A2A3R55-98A2A6A5A4R7SAME AS 1A2A2A1R125-98A2A6A5A4R8SAME AS 1A2A2A1R125-98A2A6A5A4R9SAME AS 1A2A2A1R45-98A2A6A5A4R10SAME AS 1A2A5A1R205-98A2A6A5A4R11SAME AS 1A2A5A1R205-98A2A6A5A4R11SAME AS 1A2A5A1R205-98A2A6A5A4R11SAME AS 1A2R175-98	A2A6A5A4R1		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4	5-98
AZA6A5A4R4SAME AS IA2A2A1R155-98AZA6A5A4R5SAME AS IA2A6A1A3R145-98AZA6A5A4R6SAME AS IA2A6A1A3R145-98AZA6A5A4R7SAME AS IA2A2A3R55-98AZA6A5A4R7SAME AS IA2A2A1R125-98AZA6A5A4R8SAME AS IAZA2A1R45-98AZA6A5A4R9SAME AS IAZA1A3R55-98AZA6A5A4R10SAME AS IAZA5A1R205-98AZA6A5A4R11SAME AS IAZA5A1R205-98AZA6A5A4R11SAME AS IAZR175-98	A2A6A5A4R2		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-98
A2A6A5A4R5SAME AS 1A2A6A1A3R145-98A2A6A5A4R6SAME AS 1A2A2A3R55-98A2A6A5A4R7SAME AS 1A2A2A1R125-98A2A6A5A4R8SAME AS 1A2A2A1R45-98A2A6A5A4R9SAME AS 1A2A1A3R55-98A2A6A5A4R10SAME AS 1A2A5A1R205-98A2A6A5A4R11SAME AS 1A2R175-98A2A6A5A4R11SAME AS 1A2R175-98	A2A6A5A4R3		SAME AS 1A2A1A3R9	5-98
A2A6A5A4R6 SAME AS 1A2A2A3R5 5-98 A2A6A5A4R7 SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12 5-98 A2A6A5A4R8 SAME AS 1A2A2A1R4 5-98 A2A6A5A4R9 SAME AS 1A2A1A3R5 5-98 A2A6A5A4R10 SAME AS 1A2A5A1R20 5-98 A2A6A5A4R11 SAME AS 1A2R17 5-98	A2A6A5A4R4		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R15	5-98
A2A6A5A4R7 SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12 5-98 A2A6A5A4R8 SAME AS 1A2A2A1R4 5-98 A2A6A5A4R9 SAME AS 1A2A1A3R5 5-98 A2A6A5A4R10 SAME AS 1A2A5A1R20 5-98 A2A6A5A4R11 SAME AS 1A2R17 5-98	A2A6A5A4R5		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A3R14	5-98
A2A6A5A4R8 SAME AS 1A2A2A1R4 5-98 A2A6A5A4R9 SAME AS 1A2A1A3R5 5-98 A2A6A5A4R10 SAME AS 1A2A5A1R20 5-98 A2A6A5A4R11 SAME AS 1A2R17 5-98	A2A6A5A4R6		SAME AS 1A2A2A3R5	5-98
A2A6A5A4R9 SAME AS 1A2A1A3R5 5-98 A2A6A5A4R10 SAME AS 1A2A5A1R20 5-98 A2A6A5A4R11 SAME AS 1A2R17 5-98	A2A6A5A4R7		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-98
A2A6A5A4R10 SAME AS 1A2A5A1R20 5-98 A2A6A5A4R11 SAME AS 1A2R17 5-98	A2A6A5A4R8		SAME AS 1AZAZA1R4	5-98
A2A6A5A4R11 SAME AS 1A2R17 5-98	A2A6A5A4R9		SAME AS 1A2A1A3R5	5-98
	A2A6A5A4R10		SAME AS 1A2A5A1R20	5-98
AZA6A5A4R12 SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4 5-98	A2A6A5A4R11		SAME AS 1A2R17	5-98
	A2A6A5A4R12		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4	5-98

NAVSHIPS 94841(A)

R-1051/URR PARTS LIST

TABLE 6-1. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST (Continued)

RADIO RECEIVER R-1051/URR

REF DESIG	NOTES	NAME AND DESCRIPTION	FIG. NO.
A2A6A5A4R13		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-98
A2A6A5A4TP1		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2TP1	5-98
A2A6A5A4TP2		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2TP1	5-98
A2A6A5A4TP3		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2TP1	5-98
A2A6A5A4TP4		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2TP1	5-98
A2A6A5A4TP5		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2TP1	5-98
A2A6A5A4T1		SAME AS 1A2A6A5A3T1	5-98
A2A6A6		TRANSLATOR,RADIO FREQUENCY-MFR 58189,PN 666230-660.	5~99
A2A6A6A1		TRANSLATOR,8.00IN.LG. X 4.125IN.WIDE,500 KC MULTIMEGACYCLES,MFR 58189 P/N 666230-944	5-100
A2A6A6A1CR1		SAME AS 1A2A1A1CR1	5-100
A2A6A6A1CR2		SAME AS 1A2A1A1CR1	5-100
A2A6A6A1CR3		SAME AS 1A2A1A1CR1	5-100
A2A6A6A1CR4		SAME AS 1A2A1A1CR1	5-100
A2A6A6A1CR5		SAME AS 1A2A1A1CR1	5-100
A2A6A6A1CR6		SAME AS 1A2A1A1CR1	5-100
A2A6A6A1CR7		SAME AS 1A2A1A1CR1	5-100
A2A6A6A1CR8		SAME AS 1A2A1A1CR1	5-100
A2A6A6A1CR9		SAME AS 1A2A5A3CR5	5-100
A2A6A6A1CR10		SAME AS 1A2A5A3CR5	5-100
A2A6A6A1CR11		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A3CR1	5-100
A2A6A6A1C1		SAME AS 1A2A2A1C4	5-100
A2A6A6A1C2		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-100
A2A6A6A1C3		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5~100
A2A6A6A1C4		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-100
A2A6A6A1C5		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-100
A2A6A6A1C6		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-100
A2A6A6A1C7		SAME AS 1A2A2A1C4	5-100
A2A6A6A1C8		SAME AS 1A2A6A1C2	5-100
A2A6A6A1C9		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-100
A2A6A6A1C10		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-100
A2A6A6A1C11		SAME AS 1AZA4C1	5-100
A2A6A6A1C12		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-100
A2A6A6A1C13		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-100
A2A6A6A1C14		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-100
A2A6A6A1C15		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-100
A2A6A6A1C16		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-100
A2A6A6A1C17		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-100

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NAVSHIPS 94841(A)

Table 6-1

TABLE 6-1. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST (Continued)

RADIO RECEIVER R-1051/URR

RE F DESIG	NOTES	NAME AND DESCRIPTION	FIG. NO.
A2A6A6A1C18		SAME AS 1A2A4CI	5-100
A2A6A6A1C19		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-100
A2A6A6A1C20		SAME AS 1A2A6A3A4C8	5-100
A2A6A6A1C21		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-100
A2A6A6A1C22		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-100
A2A6A6A1C23		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-100
A2A6A6A1C24		SAME AS 1A2A2A1C4	5-100
A2A6A6A1C25		SAME AS 1A2A2A1C4	5-100
A2A6A6A1C26		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-100
A2A6A6A1C27		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-100
A2A6A6A1C28		SAME AS 1A2A2A1C4	5-100
A2A6A6A1C29		SAME AS 1AZAZA1C4	5-100
A2A6A6A1C30		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-100
A2A6A6A1C31		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-100
A2A6A6A1C32		CAPACITOR-MIL TYPE CM06F152G03.	5-100
A2A6A6A1C33		CAPACITOR,FIXED.ELECTROLYTIC-PLSTC INS,0.185IN.DIA,0.510IN.LG,MFR 56289, PN 150D156X0035K2.	5-100
A2A6A6A1C34		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-100
A2A6A6A1C35		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-100
A2A6A6A1C36		SAME AS 1A2A6A6A1C33	5-100
A2A6A6A1C37		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-100
A2A6A6A1C38		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-100
A2A6A6A1C39		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-100
A2A6A6A1C40		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-100
A2A6A6A1C41		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-100
A2A6A6A1C42		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-100
A2A6A6A1C43		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-100
A2A6A6A1C45		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-100
A2A6A6A1C46		SAME AS 1A2A4C1	5-100
A2A6A6A1FL1		FILTER,BAND PASS-19.5-20.5MC,HERMETICALLY SEALED CASE,3IN.X 1-1/2IN.X 0.940IN.,MFR FLTCH,PN 7652000.	5-100
A2A6A6A1FL2		FILTER,BAND PASS-29.5-30.5MC,HERMETICALLY SEALED CASE,3IN.X 1.5IN.X 0.940IN.,MFR FLTCH,PN 7653000.	5-100
A2A6A6A1FL3		FILTER BANDPASS-3.000IN.LG.,1.500IN.WIDE,.750IN.HIGH,4 TERMINALS,2.85MC CENTER FREQUENCY,200 OHMS IMPEDANCE,MFR FLTCH,P/N 765208	5-100
A2A6A6A1J1		SAME AS 1A2A6A5A1J3	5-100
A2A6A6A1J2		SAME AS 1A2A6A5A1J3	5-100
A2A6A6A1J3		SAME AS 1A2A6A5A1J3	5-100
A2A6A6A1L1		SAME AS 1A2A6A1L1	5-100
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Table 6-1

NAVSHIPS 94841(A)

R-1051/UR**R** PARTS LIST

TABLE 6-1. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST (Continued)

RADIO RECEIVER R-1051/URR

RE F DESIG	NOTES	NAME AND DESCRIPTION	FIG. NO.
A2A6A6A1L2		CAME AS 1424(414112	5 100
A2A6A6A1L3		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A1L2	5-100
A2A6A6A1L4		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A1L2 SAME AS 1A2A6A1L1	5-100
A2A6A6A1L5		SAME AS 1A2A6A1L1	5-100
A2A6A6A1L6		SAME AS 1A2A6A1L1	5-100 5-100
A2A6A6A1L7		SAME AS 1A2A6A1L1	5-100
A2A6A6A1L8		SAME AS IAZAGAILI	5-100
A2A6A6A1L9		COIL,RADID FREQUENCY-3/16IN.DIA,7/16IN.LG,1.50UH,190MC,30MIN Q AT 10MC, 0.50MAX,MFR 82142,PN 10100-32.	5-100
A2A6A6A1P2		SAME AS 1A2A6A4A1P1	5-100
A2A6A6A1P3		SAME AS 1A2A6A4A1P1	5-100
A2A6A6A1P4		TERMINAL, FEEDTHRU, INSULATED-GREEN, MFR 05009, PN RFT-M-14GREEN.	5-100
A2A6A6A1P5		TERMINAL,FEEDTHRU,INSULATED-SIL PL BRS CONT W/GOLD FLASH,ORN TEFLON BODY,	5-100 5-100
A2A6A6A1P6		MFR 05009,PN RFT-M-14/ORN/.	
A2A6A6A1P6		SAME AS 1A2A6A5A3J1 TERMINAL,FEEDTHRU,INSULATED-SIL PL BRS CONT W/GOLD FLASH,GY TEFLON BODY, MFR 05009,PN RFT-M-14/GY/.	5-100 5-100
A2A6A6A1Q1		SAME AS 1A2A4A3802	L 100
A2A6A6A1Q2		SAME AS 1A2A4A3602 SAME AS 1A2A4A3801	5-100 5-100
A2A6A6A1Q3		SAME AS 1A2A4A3801	5-100
A2A6A6A1Q4		SAME AS 1A2A4A3801	5-100
A2A6A6A1Q5		SAME AS 1A2A4A3801	5-100
A2A6A6A1Q6		SAME AS 1A2A4A38Q1	5-100
A2A6A6A1Q7		SAME AS 1A2A4A38Q2	5-100
A2A6A6A1Q8		SAME AS 1A2A4A3802	5-100
A2A6A6A1Q9		SAME AS 1A2A4A38Q2	5-100
A2A6A6A1R1		SAME AS 1A2A5A1R20	5-100
A2A6A6A1R2		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R29	5-100
A2A6A6A1R3		SAME AS 1A2A6A2A3R16	5-100
A2A6A6A1R4		RESISTOR,VARIABLE500IN.DIA., .672IN.HIGH,SCREW DRIVER ADJUSTED,1000HMS P/M 20% 1/4WATT,MFR 01121,P/N FM101M	5-100
A2A6A6A1R5		SAME AS 1A2A1A3R7	5-100
A2A6A6A1R6		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R9	5-100
A2A6A6A1R7		SAME AS 1A2A2A3R5	5-100
A2A6A6A1R8		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A1R9	5-100
A2A6A6A1R9		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R7	5-100
A2A6A6A1R10		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R9	5-100
A2A6A6A1R11		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4	5-100
A2A6A6A1R12		SAME AS 1A2A5A1R20	5-100

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R-1051/URR PARTS LIST

NAVSHIPS 94841(A)

Table 6-1

TABLE 6-1. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST (Continued)

RADIO RECEIVER R-1051/URR

RE F DESIG	NOTES	NAME AND DESCRIPTION	FIG. NO.
A2A6A6A1R13		SAME AS LAZAZAIR7	5-100
A2A6A6A1R14		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R9	5-100
A2A6A6A1R15		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4	5-100
A2A6A6A1R16		SAME AS 1A2A5A1R20	5-100
A2A6A6A1R17		SAME AS 1AZAZAIR7	5-100
A2A6A6A1R18		SAME AS 1A2A5A3R14	5-100
A2A6A6A1R19		SAME AS 1A2A1A3R7	5-100
A2A6A6A1R20		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R9	5-100
A2A6A6A1R21		SAME AS 1A2A2A3R5	5-100
A2A6A6A1R22		SAME AS 1AZAIR1	5-100
A2A6A6A1R23		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4	5-100
A2A6A6A1R24		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R7	5-100
A2A6A6A1R25		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R9	5-100
A2A6A6A1R26		SAME AS 1A2A5A1R20	5-100
A2A6A6A1R27		RESISTOR, FIXED, COMPOSITION-MIL TYPE MS35043-84	5-100
A2A6A6A1R28		SAME AS 1A2A5A3R14	5-100
A2A6A6A1R29		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R12	5-100
A2A6A6A1R30		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A1R9	5-100
A2A6A6A1R31		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R29	5-100
A2A6A6A1R32		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R4	5-100
A2A6A6A1R33		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R29	5-100
A2A6A6A1R34		SAME AS 1A2A1A3R7	5-100
A2A6A6A1R35		SAME AS 1A2A6A2A5R7	5-100
A2A6A6A1R36		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R7	5-100
A2A6A6A1R37		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R9	5-100
A2A6A6A1R38		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A1R9	5-100
A2A6A6A1R39		SAME AS 1A2A2A3R5	5-100
A2A6A6A1R40		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R29	5-100
A2A6A6A1R41		SAME AS 1A2A5A3R14	5-100
A2A6A6A1R42		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R25	5-100
A2A6A6A1R43		SAME AS 1A2A1A1R5	5-100
A2A6A6A1R44		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R9	5-100
A2A6A6A1R45		SAME AS 1A2A2A3R5	5-100
A2A6A6A1R46		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A1R9	5-100
A2A6A6A1R47		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R29	5-100
A2A6A6A1R48		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R29	5-100
A2A6A6A1R49		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R29	5-100
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Table 6-1

NAVSHIPS 94841(A)

R-1051/URR PARTS LIST

TABLE 6-1. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST (Continued)

RADIO RECEIVER R-1051/URR

RE F DESIG	NOTES	NAME AND DESCRIPTION	FIG. NO.
1244441850			E. 100
A2A6A6A1R50		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R29	5-100
A2A6A6A1R51		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R29	5-100
A2A6A6A1R52		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R6	5-100
A2A6A6A1R53		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R6	5-100
A2A6A6A1R54		SAME AS 1A2A2A1R7	5-100
A2A6A6A1R55		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R6	5-100
A2A6A6A1R56		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R6	5-100
A2A6A6A1TP1		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2TP1	5-100
A2A6A6A1TP2		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2TP1	5-100
A2A6A6A1TP3	i	SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2TP1	5-100
A2A6A6A1TP4		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A2TP1	5-100
A2A6A6A1TP5		JACK,TIP-1500VRMS,5AMP,0.410IN.X 0.156IN.X 0.453IN.DA DIM.,MFR 74970,PN 105-757.	5-100
A2A6A6A1TP6		JACK,TIP-1500VRMS,5AMP,0.410IN.X 0.156IN.X 0.453IN.OA DIM.,MFR 74970, PN 105-756.	5-100
A2A6A6A1TP7		JACK,TIP-1500VRMS,5AMP,0.410IN.X 0.156IN.X 0.453IN.DA DIM.,MFR 74970, PN 105-752.	5-100
A2A6A6A1TP8		SAME AS 1A2A1A1TP1	5-100
A2A6A6A1T1		TRANSFORMER,RADIO FREQUENCY-PWD IRON COIL,9-1/6 TURNS,0.312IN.LG, 0.375IN.0D,MFR 58189,PN 666163-360.	5-100
A2A7S301		SWITCH SECTION,ROTARY-6P,12POS,NONSHORTING CONT,SILICON GL,1.406IN.DIA, 0.062IN.THK,MFR 81716,PN 235160-KE.	5-16
A2A7S302		SWITCH SECTION,ROTARY-6P,12POS,NONSHORTING CONT,SILICON GL,1.406IN.DIA, 0.062IN.THK,MFR 81716,PN 235161-KE.	5-16
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A2A8CR2		SAME AS 1A2CR1	5-18
A2A8CR3		SAME AS 1A2CR1	5-18
A2A8CR4		SAME AS 1A2CR1	5-18
A2A8CR5		SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICE, DIODE-MIL TYPE 1N3612.	5-18
A2A8CR6		SAME AS 1A2A8CR5	5-18
A2A8CR7		SAME AS 1A2A8CR5	5-18
A2A8CR8		SAME AS 1A2A8CR5	5-18
A2A8CR9		SAME AS 1A2A1A1CR1	5-18
A2A8CR10		SAME AS 1A2A1A1CR1	5-18
A2A8CR11		SAME AS 1A2A1A1CR1	5-18
A2A8CR12		SAME AS 1A2A1A1CR1	5-18
A2A8CR13		SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICE, DIODE-MIL TYPE 1N3024A2	5-18
A2A8CR14		SAME AS 1A2ABCR13	5-18
A2A8CR15		SAME AS 1A2A1A1CR1	5-18
A2A8CR16		SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICE, DIODE-CASE STYLE A9, TYPE DSGN B, MFR 80131, PN 2N963B	5-18

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R-1051/URR PARTS LIST

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Table 6-1

TABLE 6-1. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST (Continued)

RADIO RECEIVER R-1051/URR

RE F DESIG	NOTES	NAME AND DESCRIPTION	FIG NO.
A2A8C3		CAPACITOR,FIXED,ELECTROLYTIC-35UF PLUS50% MINUS15%,60VDCW,MFR 02859, PN T0103.	5-1
AZA8C4		SAME AS 1A2ABC3	5-18
A2A8C6		SAME AS 1A2A6A6A1C33	5-18
A2A8C7		CAPACITOR FIXED ELECT-0.765IN.LG. X 0.375IN.DIA.,125MFD,40VDC,MFR 14433 P/N T0314-120MFP750RM15%	5-1
A2A8Q1		TRANSISTOR-MIL TYPE 2N1131	5-1
A2A8Q2		TRANSISTOR-MIL TYPE 2N697.	5-1
A2A8Q3		SAME AS 1A2A8Q2	5-18
A2A8Q4		SAME AS 1A2A8Q2	5-18
A2A8R1		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE MS35044-47.	5-1
A2A8R2		SAME AS 1A2A8R1	5-18
A2A8R3		SAME AS 1A2A1A2R6	5-18
A2A8R4		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE MS35043-87.	5-1
A2A8R5		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE MS35043-55.	5-1
A2A8R6		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE RC07GF302J.	5-1
A2A8R7		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R29	5-18
A2 A8 R8		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R34	5-18
A2A8R9		SAME AS 1A2A6A1A3R10	5-18
A2A8R10		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R29	5-18
A2A8R11		SAME AS 1A2A2A2R29	5-18
A2A8R12		SAME AS 1A2R17	5-18
A2A8R13		SAME AS 1A2A5A1R20	5-18
A2A8R14		RESISTOR,VARIABLE-1.250IN.LG,0.190IN.W OA DIM.,500 OHMS P/M5%, MINUS65DEG C TO PLUS175DEG C,MFR 80294,PN 224P-1-501.	5-1
A2A8R15		SAME AS 1A2R19	5-18
A2A9CR1		SAME AS 1A2A1A1CR1	5-20
A2A9C1		SAME AS 1A2A5A2C2	5-20
A2A9K1		RELAY,ARMATURE-ELECTROMAGNETIC,HERMETICALLY SEALED,0.610IN.X 0.790IN.X 3.870IN.0A DIM.,MFR 09026,PN BR8Z-1335C4	5-2
A2A9Q1		SAME AS 1A2A2A1Q9	5-20
A2A9R1		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE MS35043-107.	5-2
A2A11C1		SAME AS 1A2A1A2C1	5-19
A2A11R2		RESISTOR,FIXED,WIREWOUND-1/2IN.LG,1/8IN.DIA,10K OHMS P/M3%,1W,MFR 91637, PN RS-1A103H.	5-1
A2A11R3		RESISTOR,VARIABLE-0.500IN.LG,0.220IN.W,2000 OHMS P/M5%,MINUS65DEG C TO PLUS175DEG C,MFR 80294,PN 3250P-1-202.	5-1
A2A11R4		RESISTOR,FIXED,WIREWOUND,.5IN.LG.,1/8IN.DIA.,56000HMS,P/M3%,1WATT,MFR 00213, P/N SA1W56211	5-1
A2A11R5		RESISTOR,FIXED,WIREWOUND-1/2IN.LG,1/8IN.W OA DIM.,1500 OHMS P/M3%,1W, MFR 91637,PN RS-1A-152H	5-1

Table 6-1

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R-1051/URR PARTS LIST

TABLE 6-1. MAINTENANCE PARTS LIST (Continued)

RADIO RECEIVER R-1051/URR

RE F DESIG	NOTES	NAME AND DESCRIPTION	
A2A11R6		RESISTOR-MIL TYPE MS35043-175.	5-1
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R-1051/URR PARTS LIST

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Table 6-2

TABLE 6-2. LIST OF MANUFACTURERS

MFR CODE	NAME	ADDRESS
00213	Sage Electronic Corp.	Rochester, N.Y.
00348	Microtran Co., Inc.	Valley Stream, N.Y.
01121	Allen-Bradley Co.	Milwaukee, Wis.
01281	Pacific Semiconductors, Inc.	Culver City, Calif.
02777	Hopkins Engineering Co.	San Fernando, Calif.
02859	International Telephone and Telegraph Corp., Industrial Products Division	San Fernando, Calif.
05009	Sealectro Corp.	Mamaroneck, N.Y.
09026	Babcock Relays, Inc.	Costa Mesa, Calif.
22278	The Filtex Corp.	Los Angeles, Calif.
24455	General Electric Co., Lamp Division of Consumer Products Group	Nela Park (Cleveland), Ohio
25140	Globe Industries, Inc.	Dayton, Ohio
31356	J B T Instruments, Inc.	New Haven, Conn.
56289	Sprague Electric Co.	North Adams, Mass.
58189	General Dynamics/Electronics	Rochester, N.Y.
58854	Sylvania Electric Products, Inc., Lighting Products Division	Salem, Mass.
71468	Cannon Electric Co.	Los Angeles, Calif.
71482	C. P. Clare and Co.	Chicago, Ill.
72136	Electro Motive Mfg. Co.	Willimantic, Conn.
72259	Essex Electronics, Inc.	Berkeley Heights, N.J.
73293	Hughes Products Division of Hughes Aircraft Co.	Newport Beach, Calif.
74970	E. F. Johnson Co.	Waseca, Minn.
75263	Keystone Carbon Co., Inc.	St. Marys, Pa.
77820	Bendix Corp., Scintilla Division	Sidney, N.Y.
78488	Stackpole Carbon Co.	St. Marys, Pa.

Table 6-2

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MFR CODE	NAME	ADDRESS
80131	Electronic Industries Association	Washington, D.C.
80294	Bourns Laboratories, Inc.	Riverside, Calif.
81030	International Instruments, Inc.	New Haven, Conn.
81640	Control Switch Division, Controls Co. of America	Folcroft, Pa.
81716	Oak Mfg, Co.	Crystal Lake, Ill.
82142	Jeffers Electronics Division of Speer Carbon Co.	DuBois, Pa.
86335	Glenco Corp.	Metuchen, N.J.
91146	Cannon Electric Co., Salem Division	Salem, Mass.
91637	Dale Electronics, Inc.	Columbus, Nebr.
91674	Erie Electric Mfg. Corp.	Erie, Pa.
92054	Radio Cores, Inc.	Oak Lawn, Ill.
92829	Stanley Transformer Co.	Long Island City, N.Y.
95105	Collins Radio Co.	Burbank, Calif.
96095	Hi-Q Division of Aerovox Corp.	Olean, N.Y.
98291	Sealectro Corp.	Mamaroneck, N.Y.
99800	Delevan Electronics Corp.	East Aurora, N.Y.

TABLE 6-2. LIST OF MANUFACTURERS (Continued)

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Receiver LSB AGC circuit
Receiver USB AGC circuit
5 MC oscillator circuit
20-volt regulator circuit
500 CPS oscillator circuit
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Coupler
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test data
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AM operation
component and test point
location
CW operation
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test data
Antenna overload:
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location
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simplified schematic diagram .
test data
Audio amplifier:
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test data

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